



Contribution ID: 376

Type: **Invited Speaker / Conférencier invité**

## Extreme light in nanostructured targets: shaping fields and managing particle flows

*Tuesday, 17 June 2014 16:30 (30 minutes)*

The more intense that laser pulses can be made, the more surprising and extreme are the interaction effects researchers are seeing – effects that are sometimes hard to control. One way to guide or redirect the physics relationships is to manipulate the composition or shape of targets. Nickel nanowires present >95% optical absorption into an effective skin-depth that is very long, greater than 1  $\mu\text{m}$ . Partly this is due to the strong optical anisotropy of these oriented nanostructures: a dielectric in the transverse direction and a conductor along the optical axis. Under intense irradiation, and especially at relativistic optical intensities, this can lead to transition from dielectric to conductor, strong  $\mathbf{J} \times \mathbf{B}$  effects, nonlinear acceleration of electrons and the generation of high harmonic radiation. One remarkable recent result is that we see energy densities as high as  $2\text{GJ}/\text{cm}^2$ , otherwise only available in NIF-compressed cores, and opening new possibilities for radiation and particle generation from modest-size intense ultrafast lasers. I'll outline our new theoretical and experimental results for intensities from small-signal up to very clean relativistic pulses.

**Primary author:** MARJORIBANKS, Robin (U)

**Co-authors:** Prof. HÉRON, Anne (CPhT, Ecole Polytechnique, France); Mr MOSSBARGER, Benjamin (University of Toronto); Dr ADAM, Jean-Claude (CPhT, Ecole Polytechnique, France); Dr GEINDRE, Jean-Paul (LULI, Ecole Polytechnique, France); SIPE, John (U); Dr AUDEBERT, Patrick (LULI, Ecole Polytechnique, France)

**Presenter:** MARJORIBANKS, Robin (U)

**Session Classification:** (T3-4) Novel Light and Particle Sources - DAMOPC-PPD / Nouvelles sources de lumière et de particules - DPAMPC-PPD

**Track Classification:** Division of Atomic, Molecular and Optical Physics, Canada / Division de la physique atomique, moléculaire et photonique, Canada (DAMOPC-DPAMPC)