

Canada's national laboratory for particle and nuclear physics Laboratoire national canadien pour la recherche en physique nucléaire et en physique des particules

#### Investigations of Background and Compton Suppression Shields for GRIFFIN

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- GRIFFIN : Gamma-Ray Infrastructure For Fundamental Investigations of Nuclei
  - 16 large-volume clover-type High Purity Ge [HPGe] detectors dedicated to decay spectroscopy research with the low-energy radioactive ion beams in ISAC-I at TRIUMF
  - Five sub-systems are combined to create a high-efficiency decay spectrometer for sensitive measurements.







See A.B. Garnsworthy (M2-2)



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In-vacuum moving tape collector system



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- The performance of a γ- ray spectrometer is determined primarily by
  - γ- ray energy resolution
  - total γ- ray photopeak detection efficiency
  - photopeak-to-total ratio, and
  - **suppression** of environmental background signals.



- Solutions for improved performance :
  - Significantly reduce Compton scattering and escape peaks [high rate] by placing HPGe detectors in close proximity and add energy loss in each crystal
  - Shield against the radioactive background [low rate] present in the experimental hall by surrounding HPGe with a high density scintillator.



#### Addback and Escape Suppression

- High probability that an incoming γ- ray Compton scatters, or an annihilation photon, will escape the detector
  - Results in a continuous spectrum of lost energy and escape peaks.



 If energy deposited in two crystals, treat as a single incident γ-ray : add energies.



 If energy measured in a scintillator, veto any HPGe event in coincidence.

G. Hackman



- GRIFFIN clover set up with TIGRESS shields
- 20 optically-isolated scintillators per shield for crystal specific Compton suppression
  - Retractable BGO front shields, BGO side shields and CsI back shields.



TIGRESS array in ISAC-II experimental hall







- Measurements taken with GRIFFIN clover in 2 locations in ISAC-I hall
  - East : closer to sources safe
  - West : closer to yield station.







- Proton beam off, 48h
- East : >124 Hz/crystal, West : 102 Hz/crystal
- >18% difference between both locations.





- <sup>40</sup>K and U/Th series decays and cosmic rays
- Activity generated by high-energy neutrons produced when the 500 MeV proton beam impinges on the high-power ISAC production targets located 2 stories below the ISAC-I experimental hall.





- Proton beam off, 48h
- Down : 102 Hz/crystal, Horizontal : 87 Hz/crystal
- 14% decrease with orientation.





- Proton beam off, 2h
- Passive Shielding : 101 Hz/clover, No Shielding : 321 Hz/clover
- 69% decrease with passive shielding only.





- 737 Hz/clover, ~12 kHz in the full GRIFFIN array without shielding
- Expecting 0.1 mHz for ~0.01 ions/s radioactive beams
- Background exceeding signal of interest by factor 10<sup>8</sup>.





#### **Active Suppression**

- TIGRESS clover in closed array, 24h
- Passive : 50 Hz/clover, local active : 23 Hz/clover
- Reduction of GRIFFIN background by a factor 20.



Background rates will be moderately higher due the closer proximity of GRIFFIN to the ISAC production targets.



- **TIGRESS** clover in closed array, 4h
- Improved ratios from 9.8% to 11% for a <sup>60</sup>Co source.





### Example : Decay of <sup>54</sup>K to <sup>54</sup>Ca

- Simulation for a one week experiment using GRIFFIN at a beam rate of 0.01 ions/s using TIGRESS background measurements
- β-γ coincidence condition already suppresses by a factor 10<sup>6</sup>
- Impossible without the suppression shields !





**Overview** 

- GRIFFIN array (16 clovers) will count ~12 kHz of background triggers without suppression shields, limiting experiments to isotopes with beam intensities ≥ 0.1 ions/s.
- Suppression shields will represent a factor of 20 reduction in environmental background enabling an entire class of sensitive experiments down to beam intensities ~0.01 ions/s, approximately 200 additional exotic isotopes.





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JBC

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## PHYSICS

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# Merci! Thank you!

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