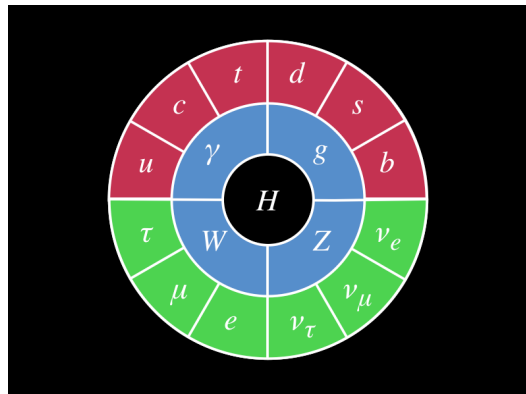


A New Probe for Dark Sector Dynamics at the LHC

Reinard Primulando
with A. Gupta and P. Saraswat

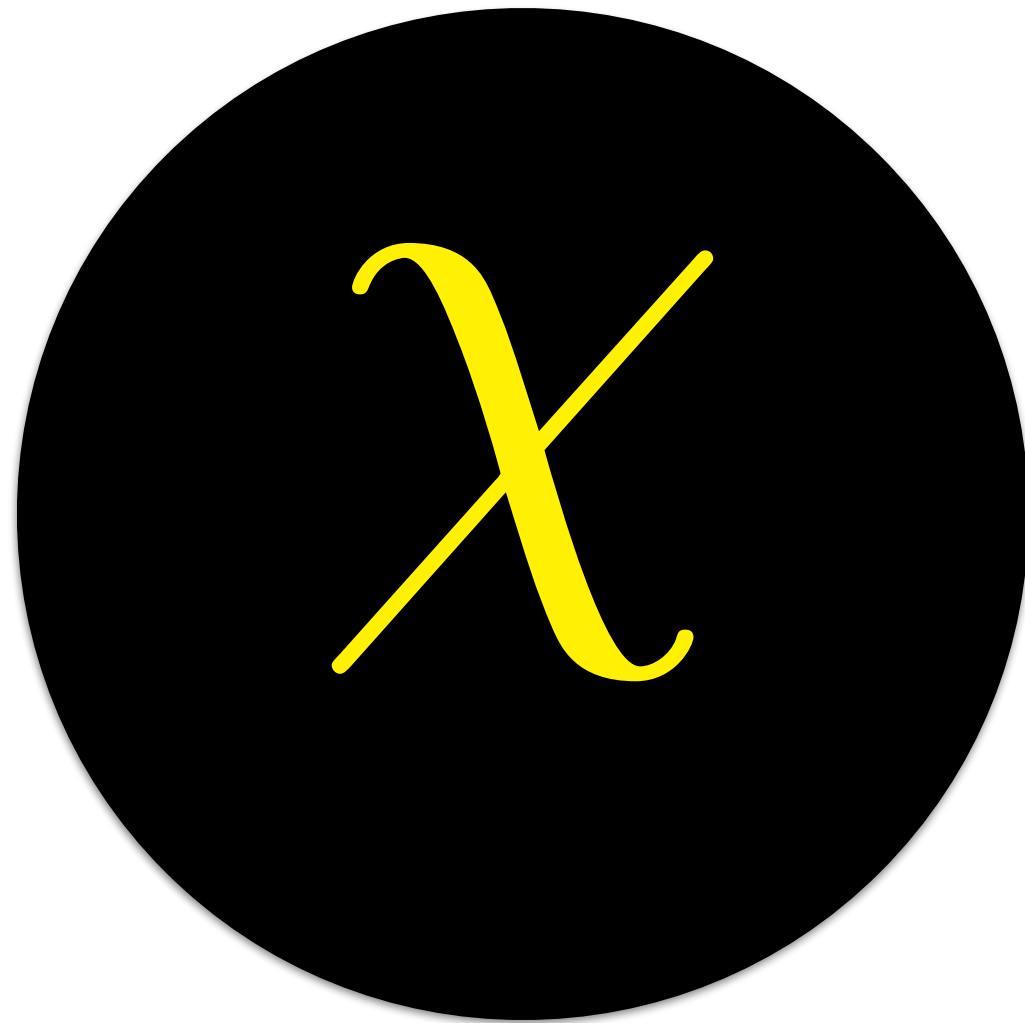


A Tale of Two Sectors



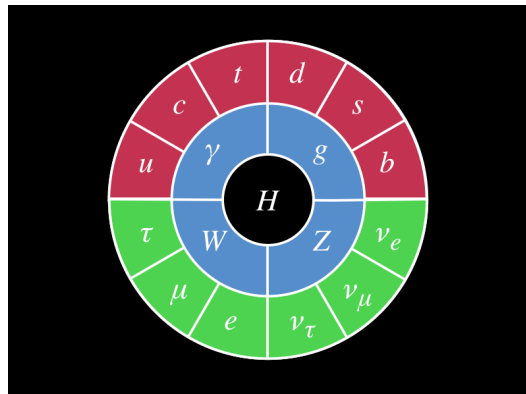
Our sector

Studying minimal dark sector is good for relating different DM search frontiers.

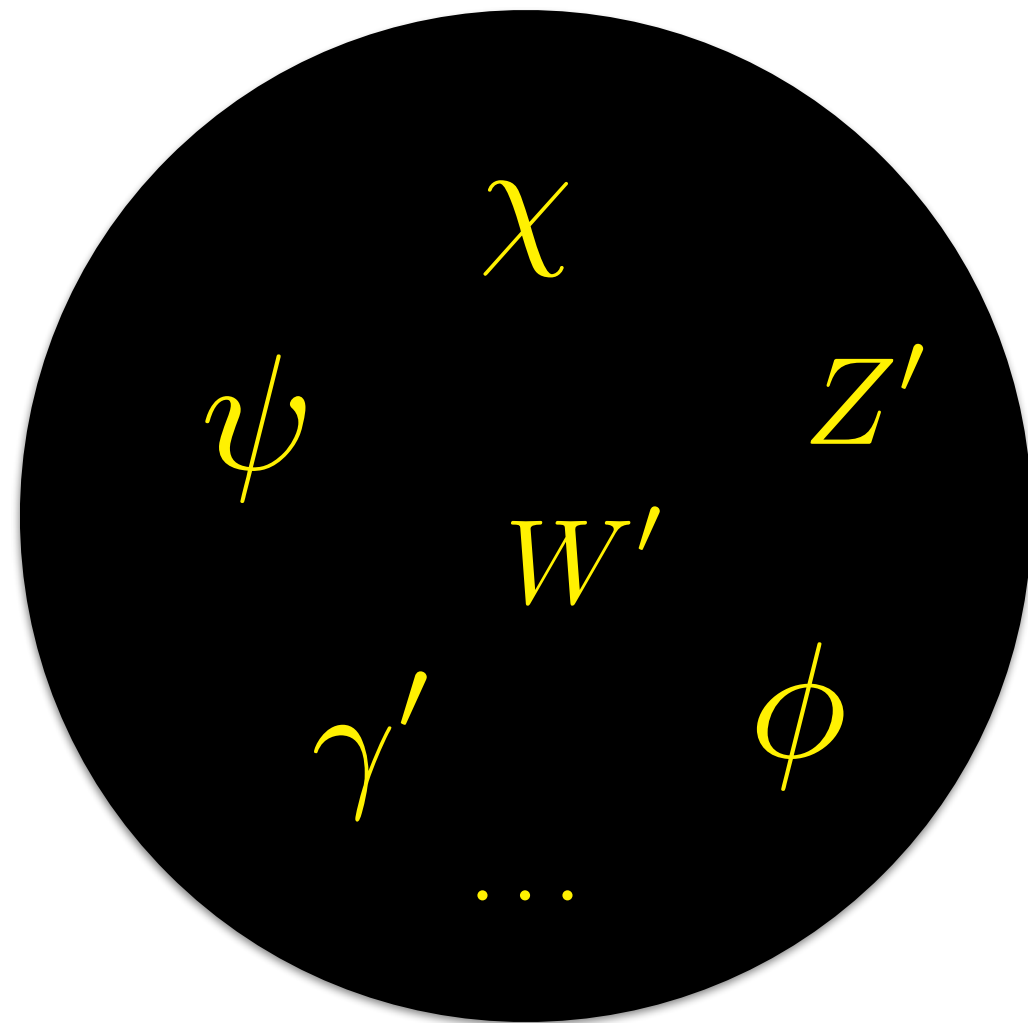


Minimal dark sector

A Tale of Two Sectors



Our sector



Non minimal dark sector

Collider Signatures of a Non-Minimal Dark Sector

- Assume the dark sector particles are neutral under SM charges.
- Lightest dark fermion is stable if B and L are conserved.
- Dark scalar can mix with the Higgs.

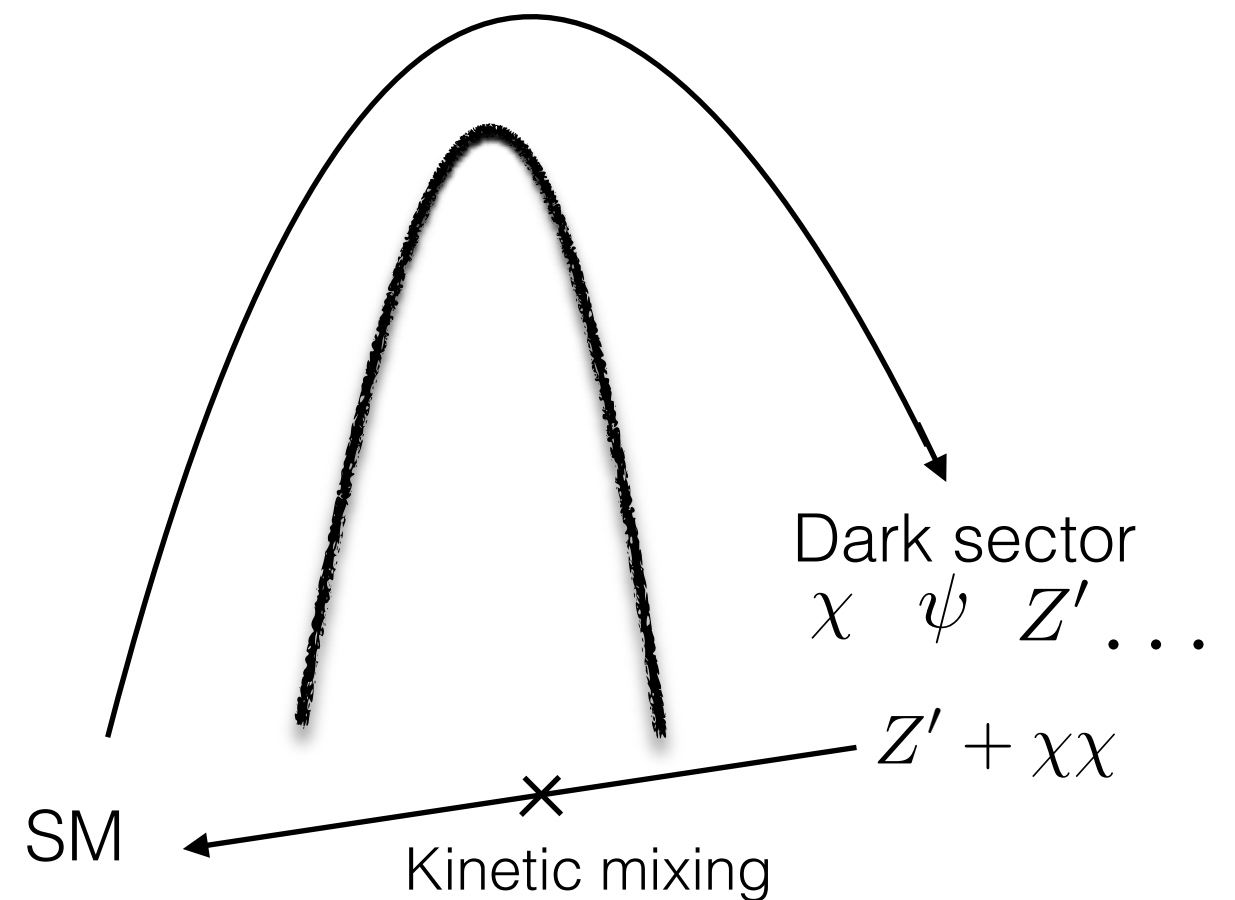
$$\phi^\dagger \phi H^\dagger H$$

- Dark vector boson can mix with the SM vector bosons.

$$\epsilon X_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}$$

A Non-Minimal Dark Sector at the LHC

- The signal we consider is a lepton pair resonance+MET.
- Z' boost determines the MET of the system.
- For highly boosted Z' , the SM background is practically zero.

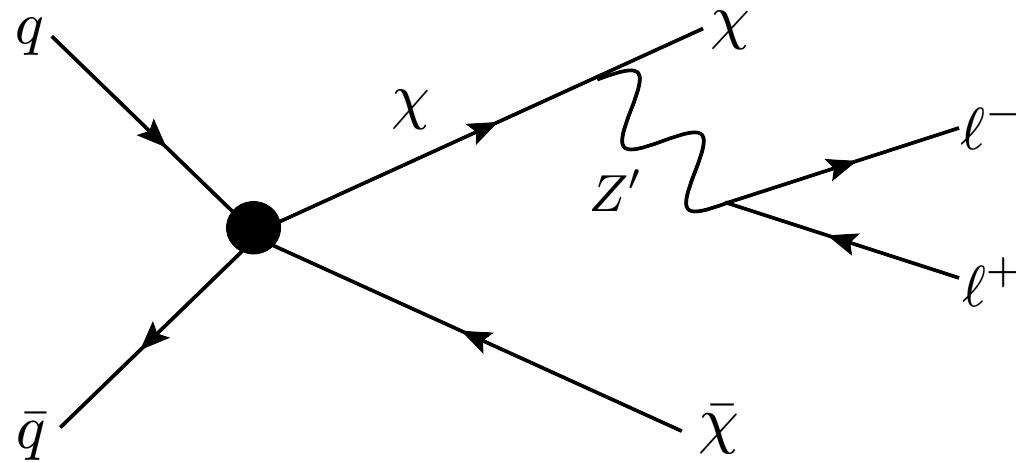


Other Proposed LHC Searches for Kinetically Mixed Z'

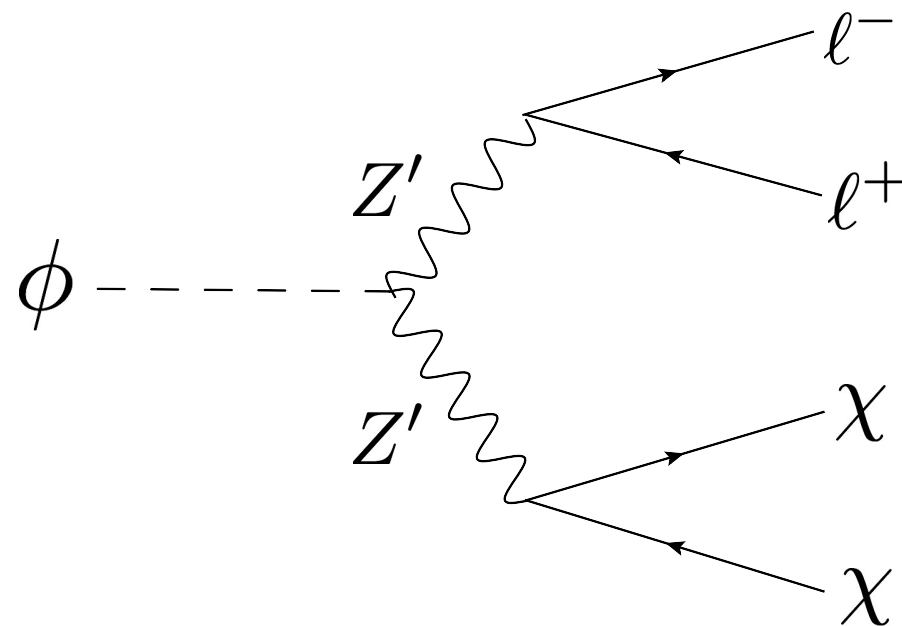
- Drell-Yan productions of Z' .
- Higgs decays to $Z'+X$ (e.g. Davoudiasl,et.al.: 1203.2947, Davoudiasl,et.al.: 1401.2164).
- Top decays to $Z'+bW$ (Kong,et.al: 1401.5020).
- None of these searches involve MET, which is the expected signature for dark sector production.

Simplified Models

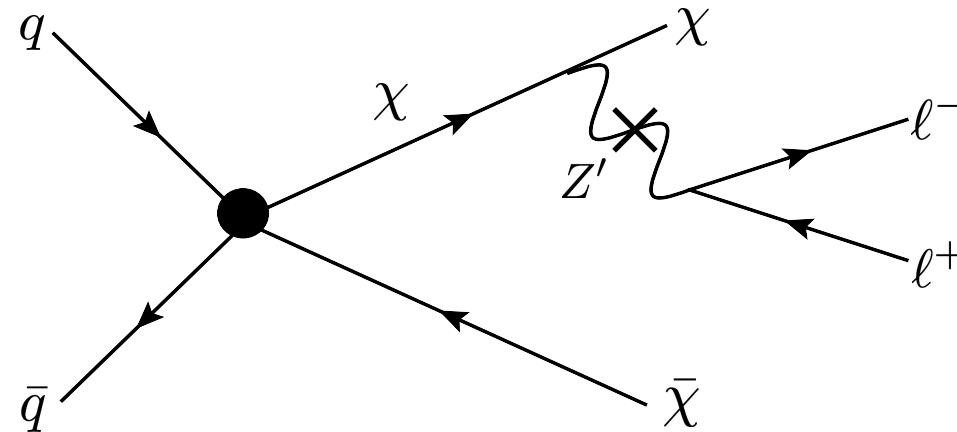
- Darkstrahlung



- Dark Higgs



Darkstrahlung



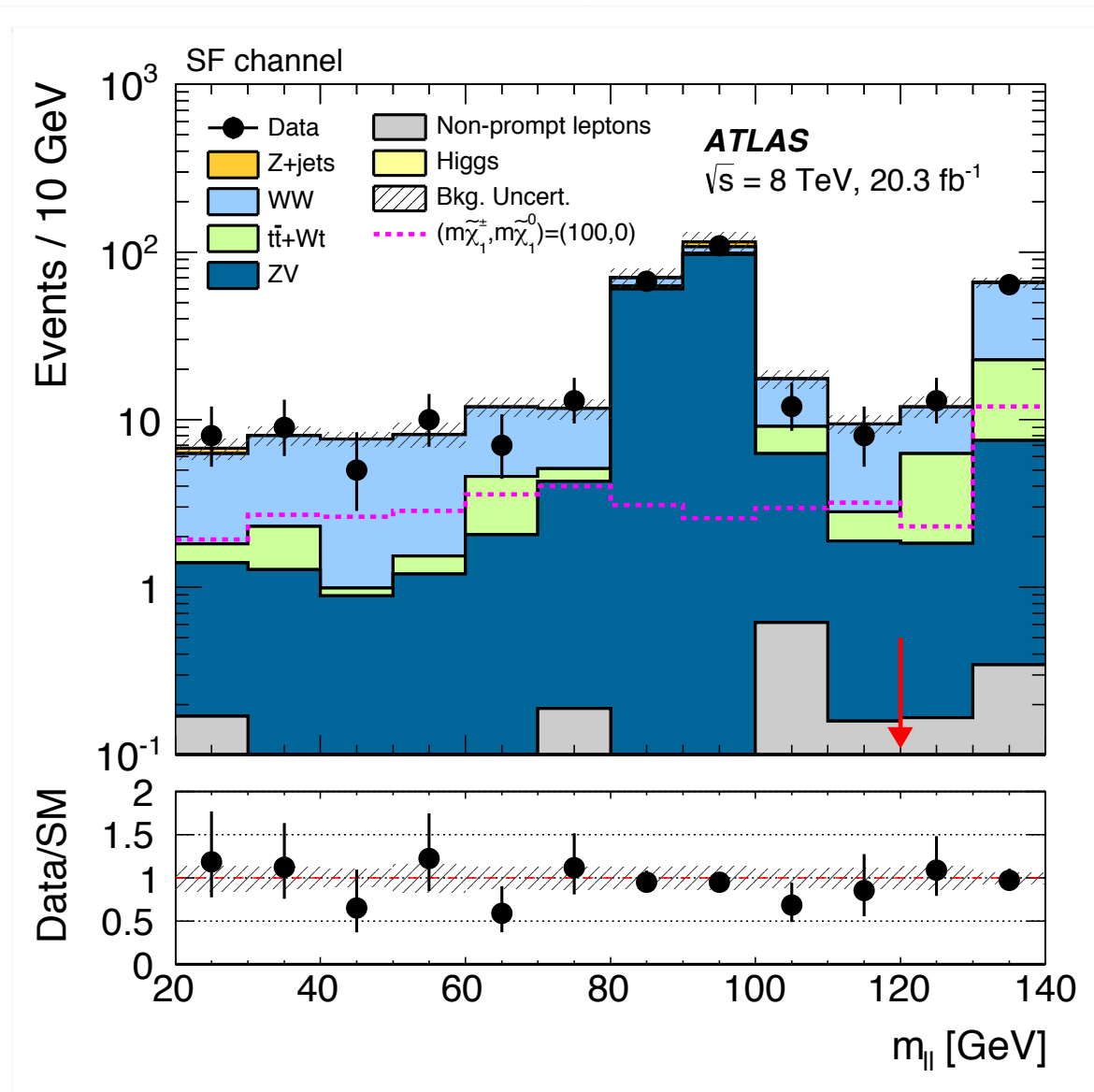
- The dark sector production Lagrangian is assumed to be

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 q \bar{\chi} \gamma_\mu \gamma^5 \chi}{\Lambda^2}$$

- Z' is usually highly boosted.
- We assume that Z' decays only to SM particles.
- The total cross section is independent of the value of ϵ .

Bounds from Released LHC Data

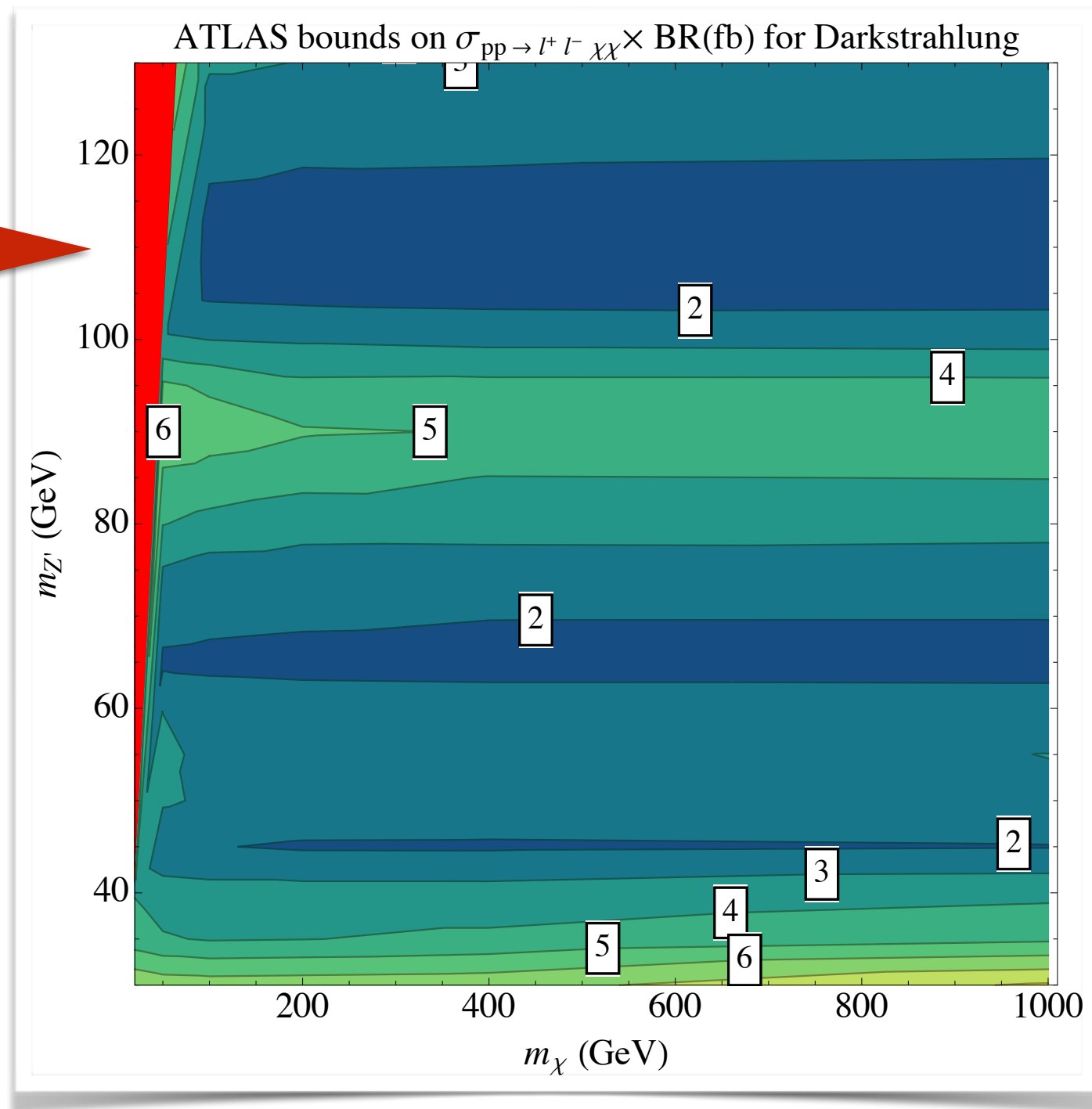
- ATLAS electroweakino search (arXiv:1403.5294).



	ATLAS SR WW_a
$p_{T,e}$	$> 10 \text{ GeV}$
$ \eta_e $	< 2.47
$p_{T,\mu}$	$> 10 \text{ GeV}$
$ \eta_\mu $	< 2.4
$p_{T,\text{leading lepton}}$	$> 35 \text{ GeV}$
$p_{T,\text{second lepton}}$	$> 20 \text{ GeV}$
$m_{\ell\ell'}$	$> 20 \text{ GeV}$
$ m_{\ell\ell'} - m_Z $	$> 10 \text{ GeV}$
$p_{T,\ell\ell'}$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$
$E_{T\text{rel}}$	$> 80 \text{ GeV}$
jet veto	events with $p_j^T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ and $ \eta_j < 2.4$
	events with $p_j^T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ and $2.4 < \eta_j < 4.5$

Bounds from Released LHC Data

$$m_{Z'} > 2m_\chi$$



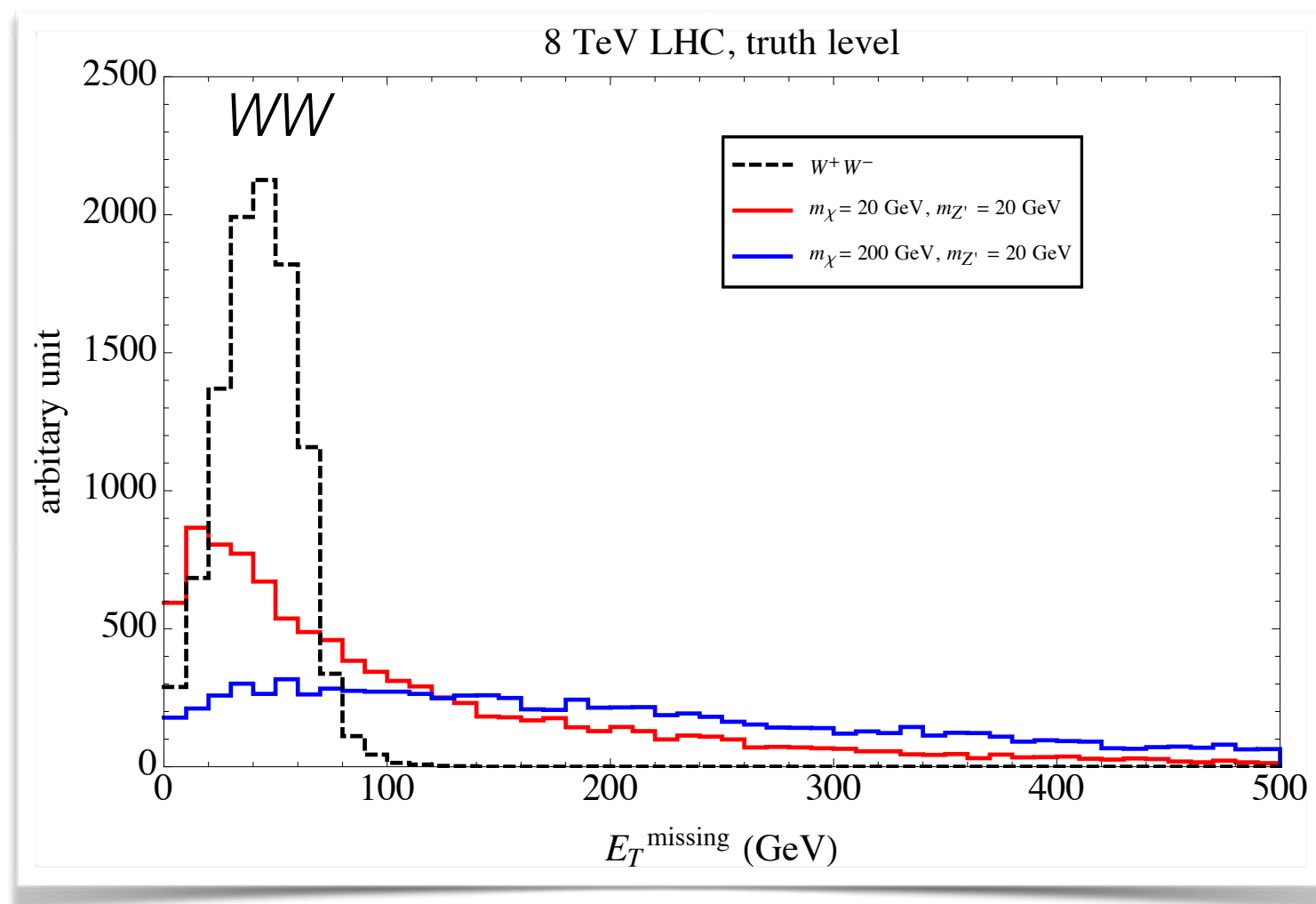
An Optimized Search

An Optimized Search

- Smaller invariant mass window search.

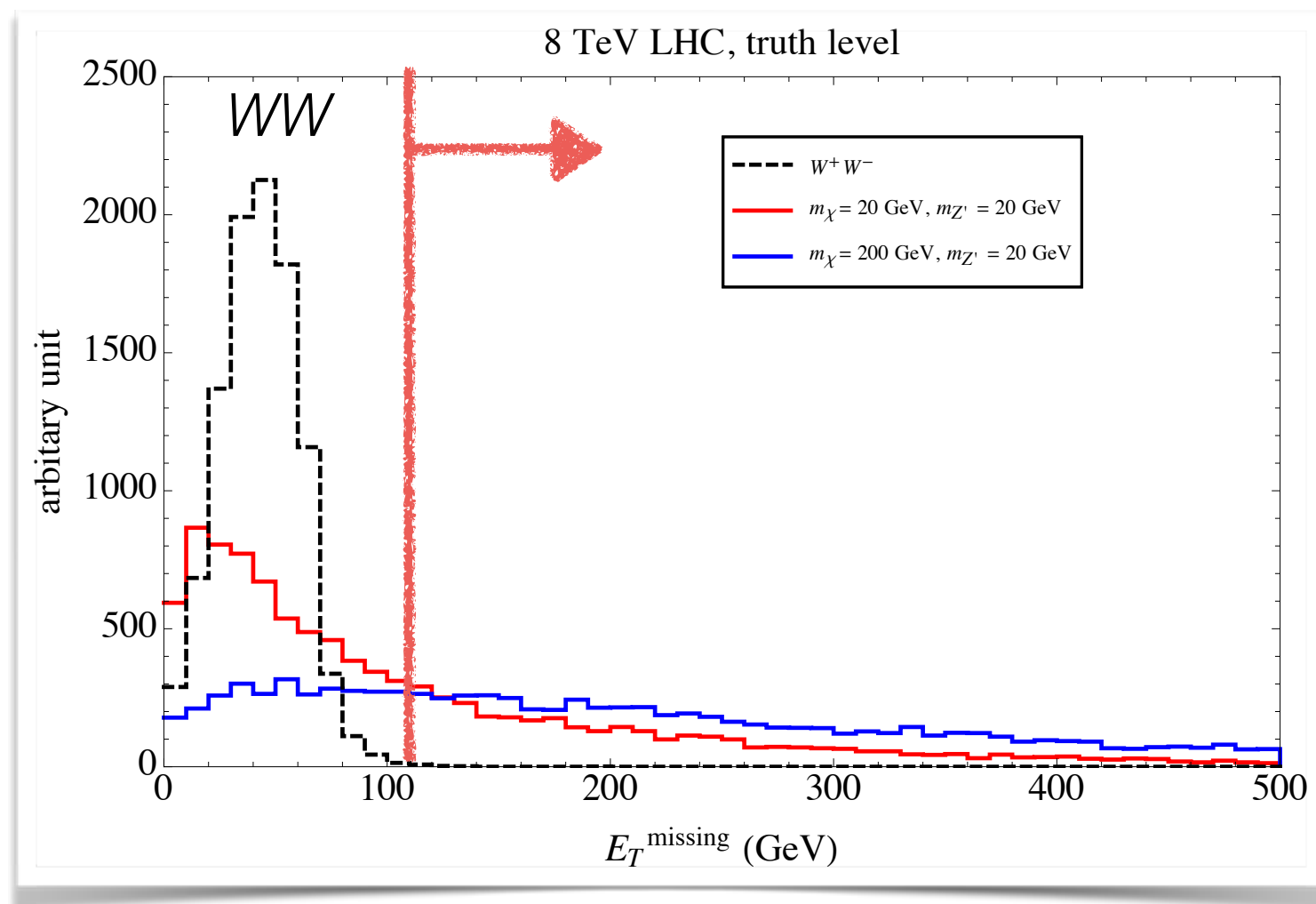
An Optimized Search

- Smaller invariant mass window search.
- Larger MET cut.



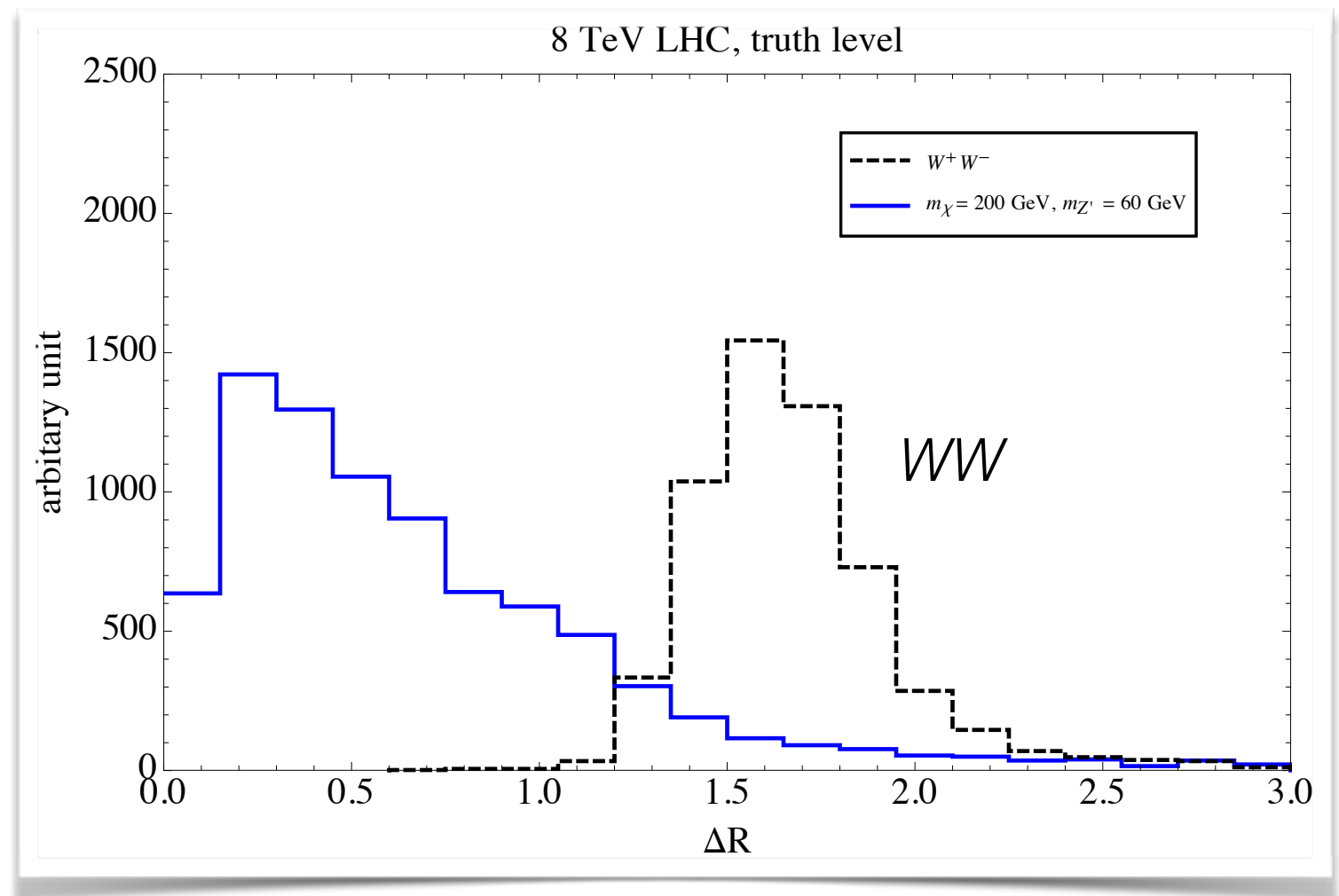
An Optimized Search

- Smaller invariant mass window search.
- Larger MET cut.



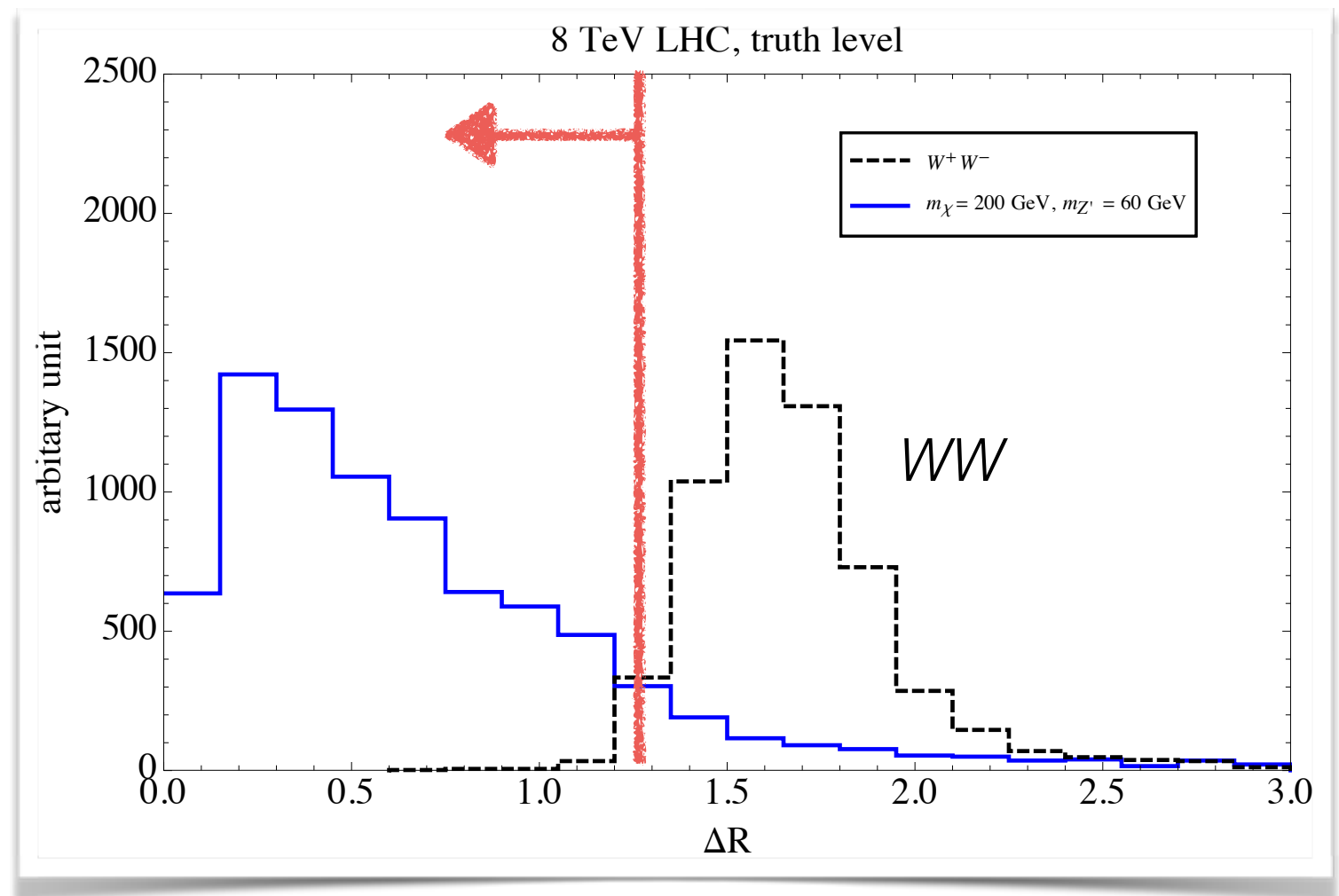
An Optimized Search

- Smaller invariant mass window search.
- Larger MET cut.
- Cut on ΔR .

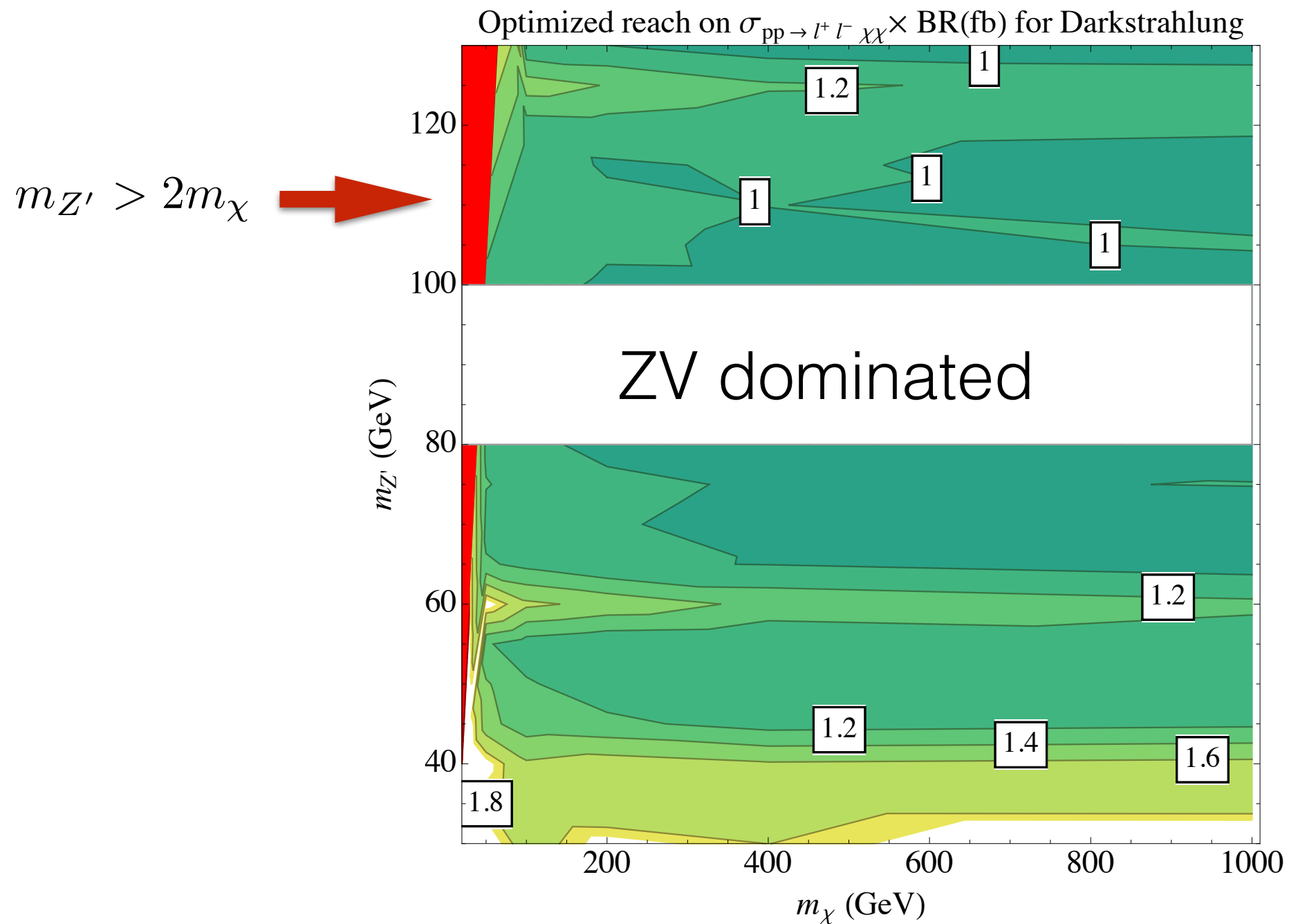


An Optimized Search

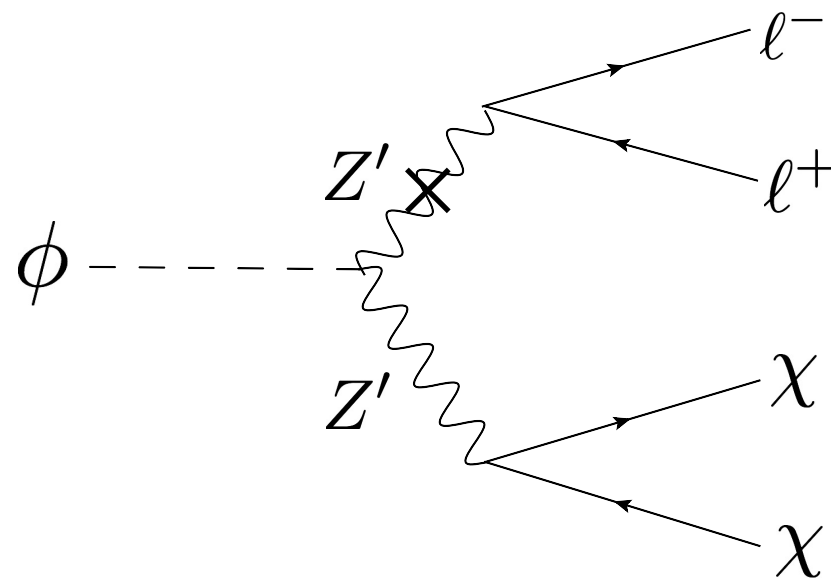
- Smaller invariant mass window search.
- Larger MET cut.
- Cut on ΔR .



Reach for the Optimized Search

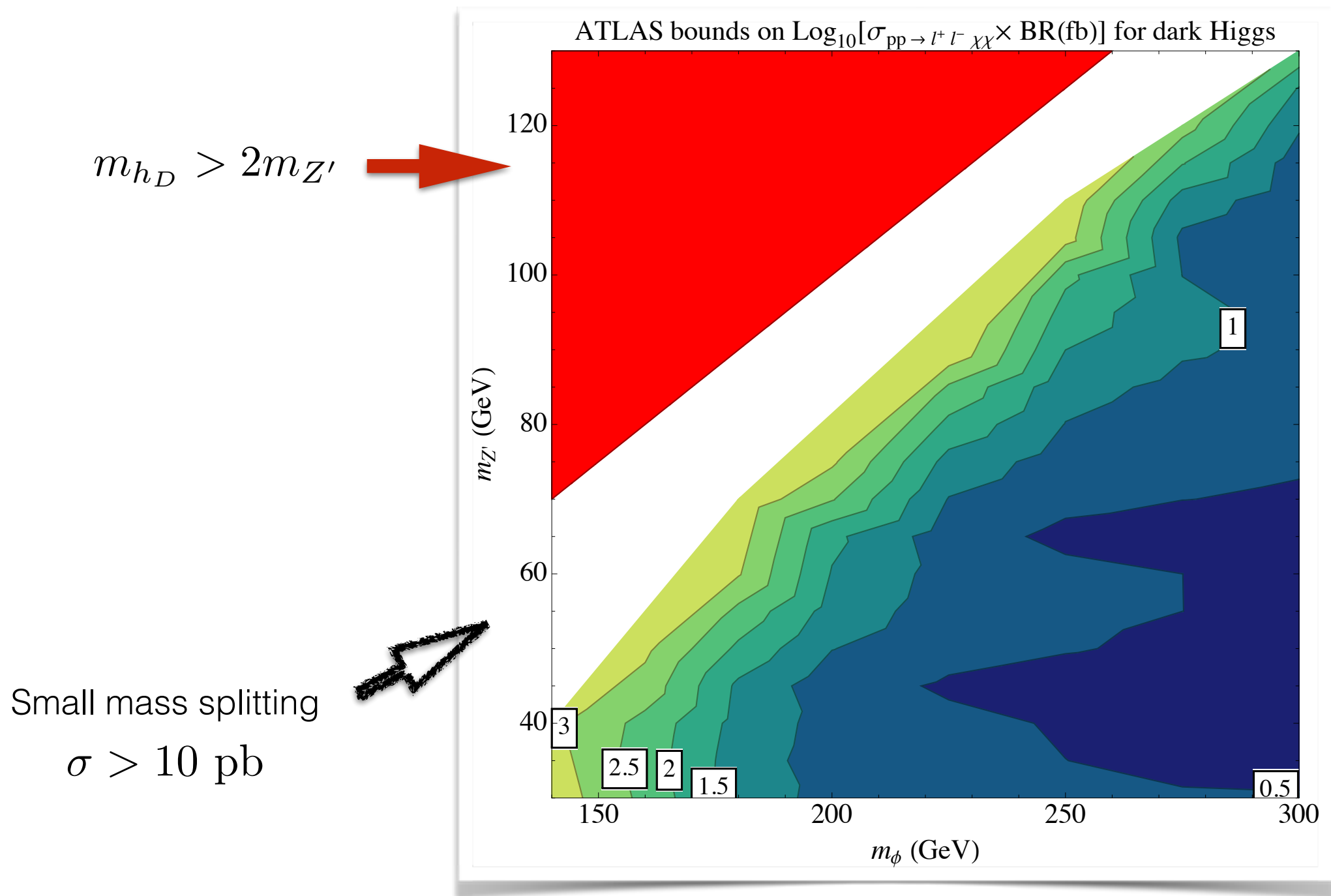


Discovering the Dark Higgs



- The dark Higgs mixes with the SM Higgs; It is produced via standard Higgs production channels.
- Small $m_\phi - 2m_{Z'}$ captures the case which Z' is less boosted.
- In this model we assume that Z' can also decay to dark sector particles.
- A possible signature of the Twin Higgs model.

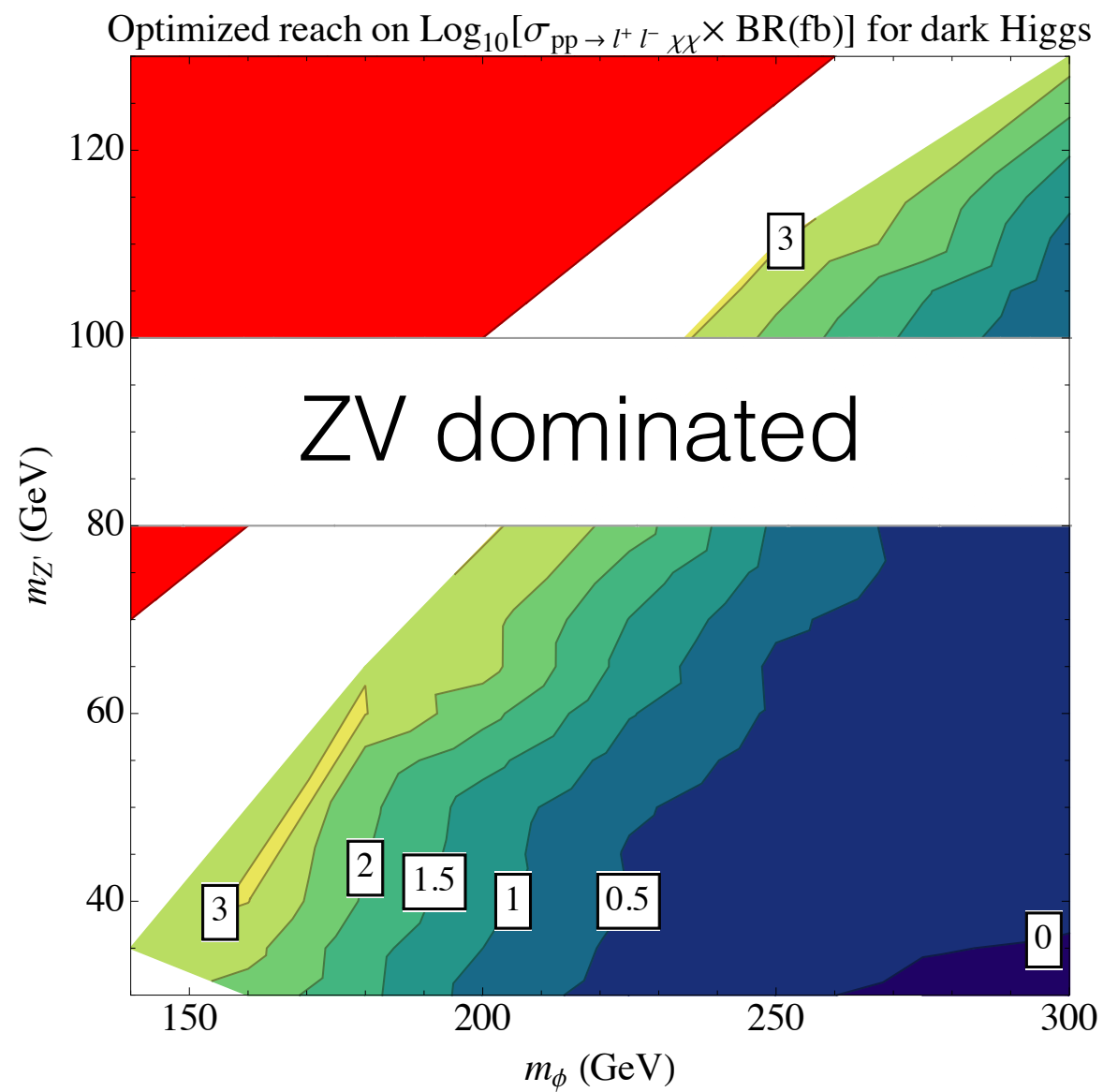
Current Bounds on Dark Higgs



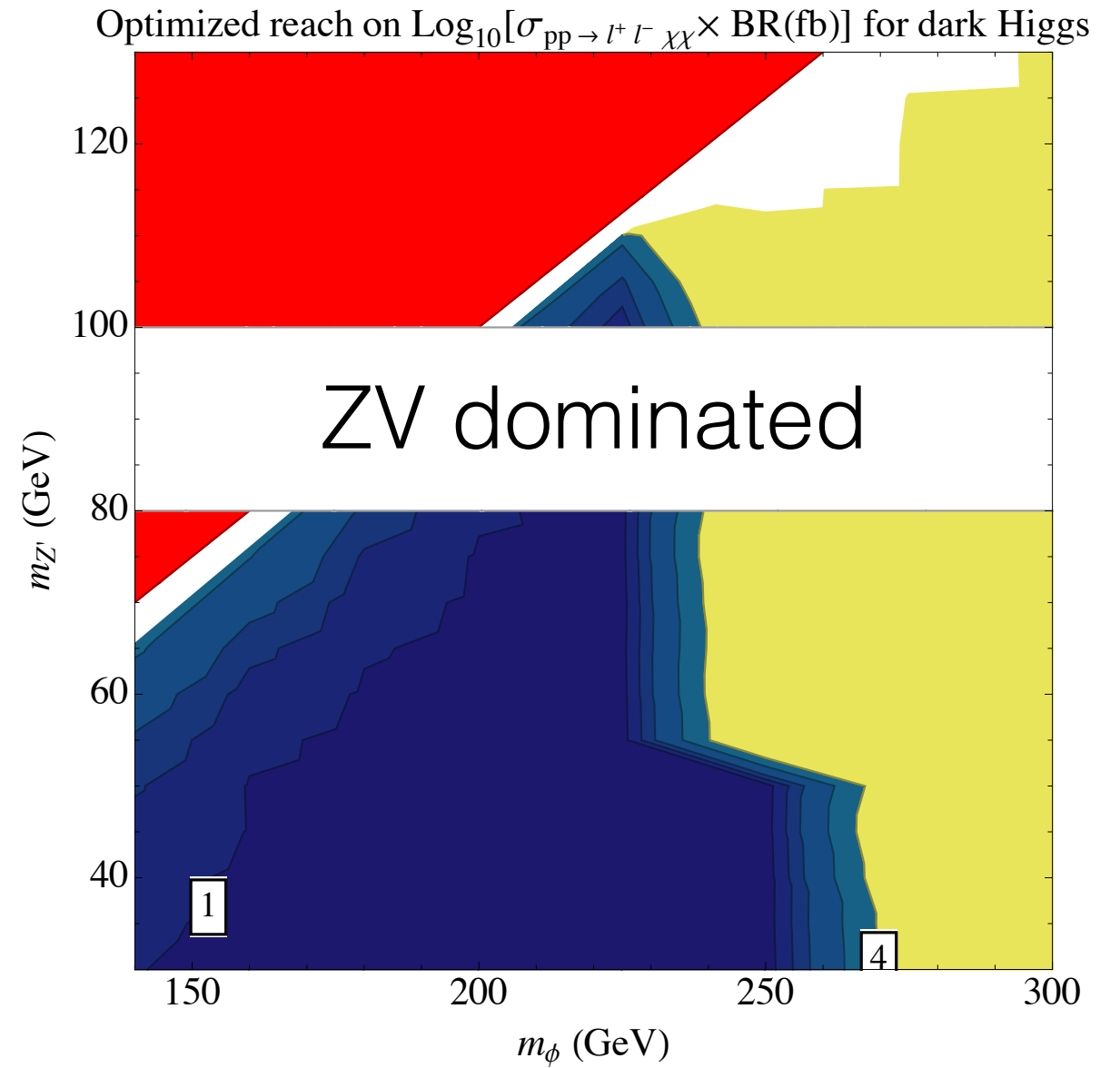
Optimized Search for Dark Higgs

- Search with a smaller mass window can still be applied.
- For a large mass splitting, a high MET cut is more desirable.
- In the case of small mass splitting, the MET cut has to be lowered to probe the less boosted Z' .
- Solution: define two search regions. One with high MET cut (zero background), other with low MET cut $p_T > 50$ GeV.

Reach for Dark Higgs Search



High MET cut search



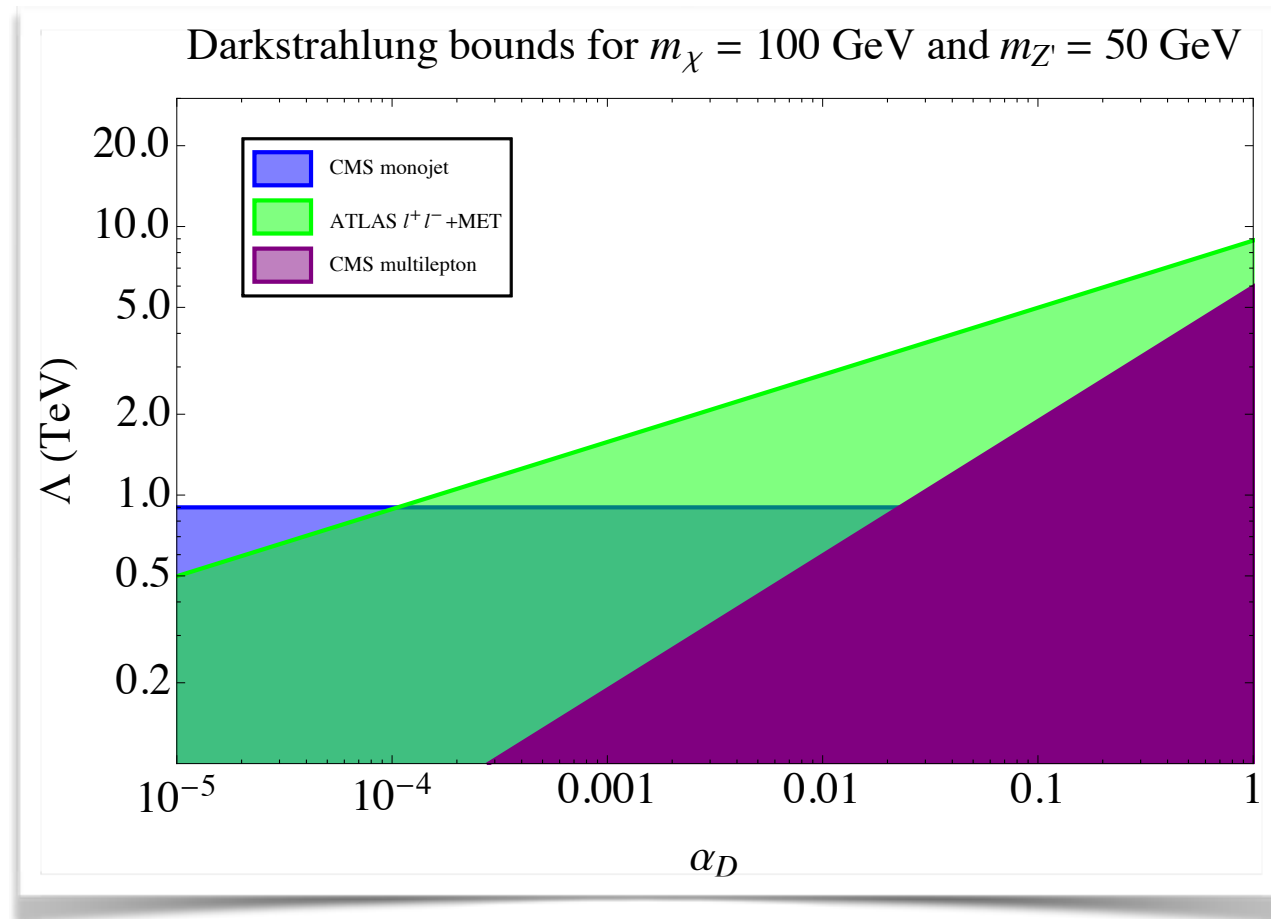
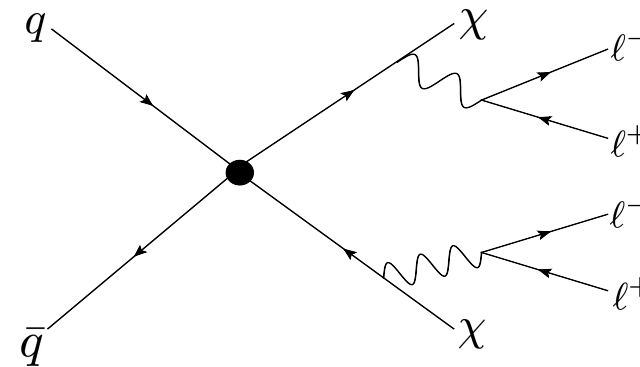
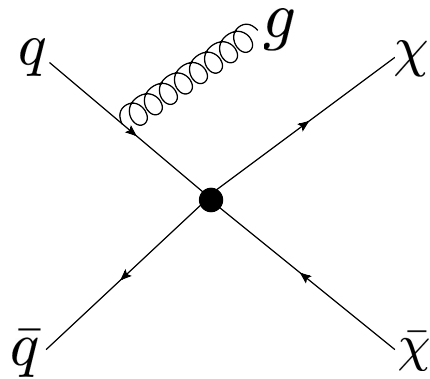
Low MET cut search

Conclusion

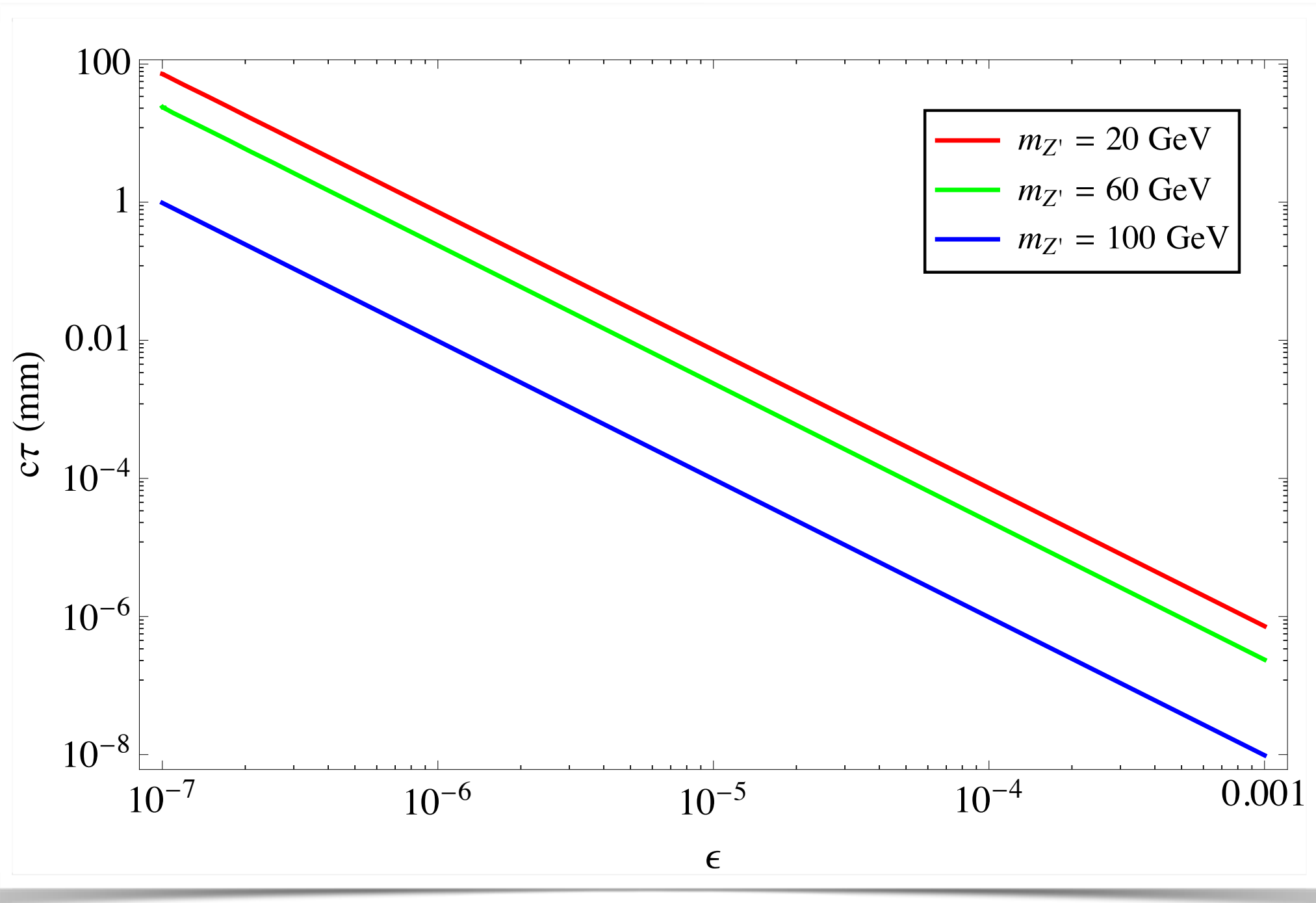
- Dilepton resonance + MET is a generic and powerful signature to probe a non minimal dark sector.
- Using the data from the current ATLAS electroweakino search we can place a bound as tight as few fb.
- An optimized search can improve the bounds by a factor of 3-4 times better in the case of Darkstrahlung, and some orders of magnitude better in the case of a dark Higgs.

Backup Slides

Other Final States for Darkstrahlung

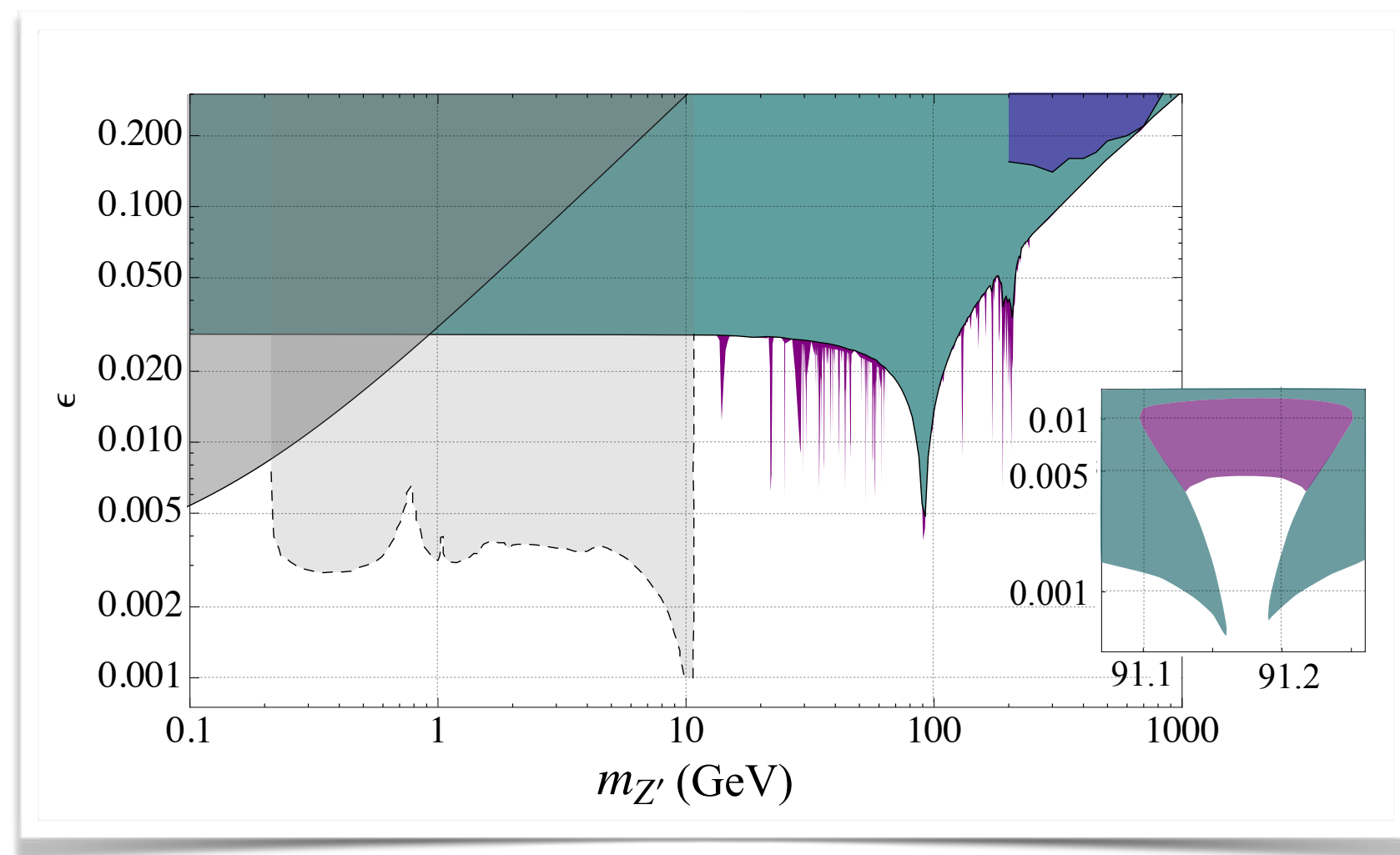


Decay Length



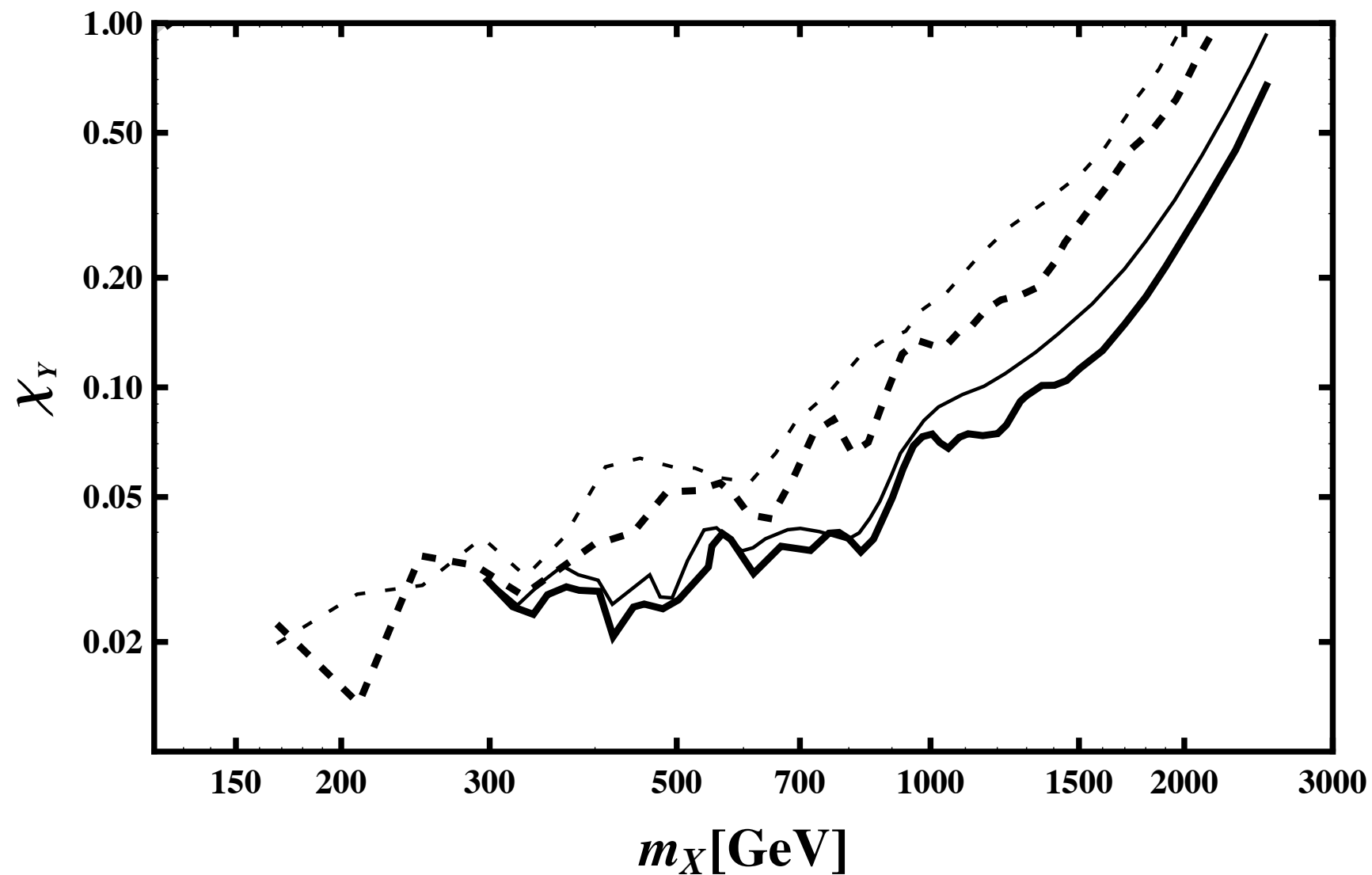
Bounds on Kinetic Mixing

Precision EW Bounds



A. Hook, E. Izaguirre, J.G. Wacker: arXiv:1006.0973

LHC Bounds on Z'



J. Jaeckel, M. Jankowiak, M. Spannowsky: arXiv:1212.3620

Assume no Z' decay to dark sector