IQUID GON TPC N A ESTBEAM

FNAL-T1034 LARIAT

CERN-LARI_ND Meeting CERN Feb.16-17, 2014

FLAVIO CAVANNA YALE UNIVERSITY AND U.OF L'AQUILA/INFN

Sunday, 16February, 2014

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ORIGIN OF THE LARIAT EFFORT

Integrated Plan for LArTPC neutrino detectors in the US

Prepared for the FNAL Director's Review of LArTPC R&D Planning LArTPC Planning Group, B. Baller and B. Fleming, Editors November 18, 2009

1 LBNE and LAr Science and Project Goals

Experimental results from the last decade have revolutionized nfirst conclusive evidence that neutrinos oscillate and have mass ago. While this seminal discovery has answered many questions even more. Particularly interesting is the question of CP Viol neutrinos and anti-neutrinos oscillate at the same rate? The ans neutrinos are the key to our matter dominated universe.

Long baseline neutrino oscillation searches are proposed ences. Moreover, these experiments are the only ones that can si unknown in the 3x3 neutrino mixing matrix, a CP violating ph the neutrino mass eigenstates.

The US particle physics community is developing idea baseline oscillation experiments beyond NO ν A. To be sensitive to

and discussed again at LBNE Integrated Plan - May 2010 and at LBNE/LAr Working Group mtg June 2/3 2011

Feb. 2012 - formed Collaboration

Financial Support in FY 2013 (DoE/FNAL and Yale) LArR&D items in the list successfully accomplished in the meantime!!

most of the indicated

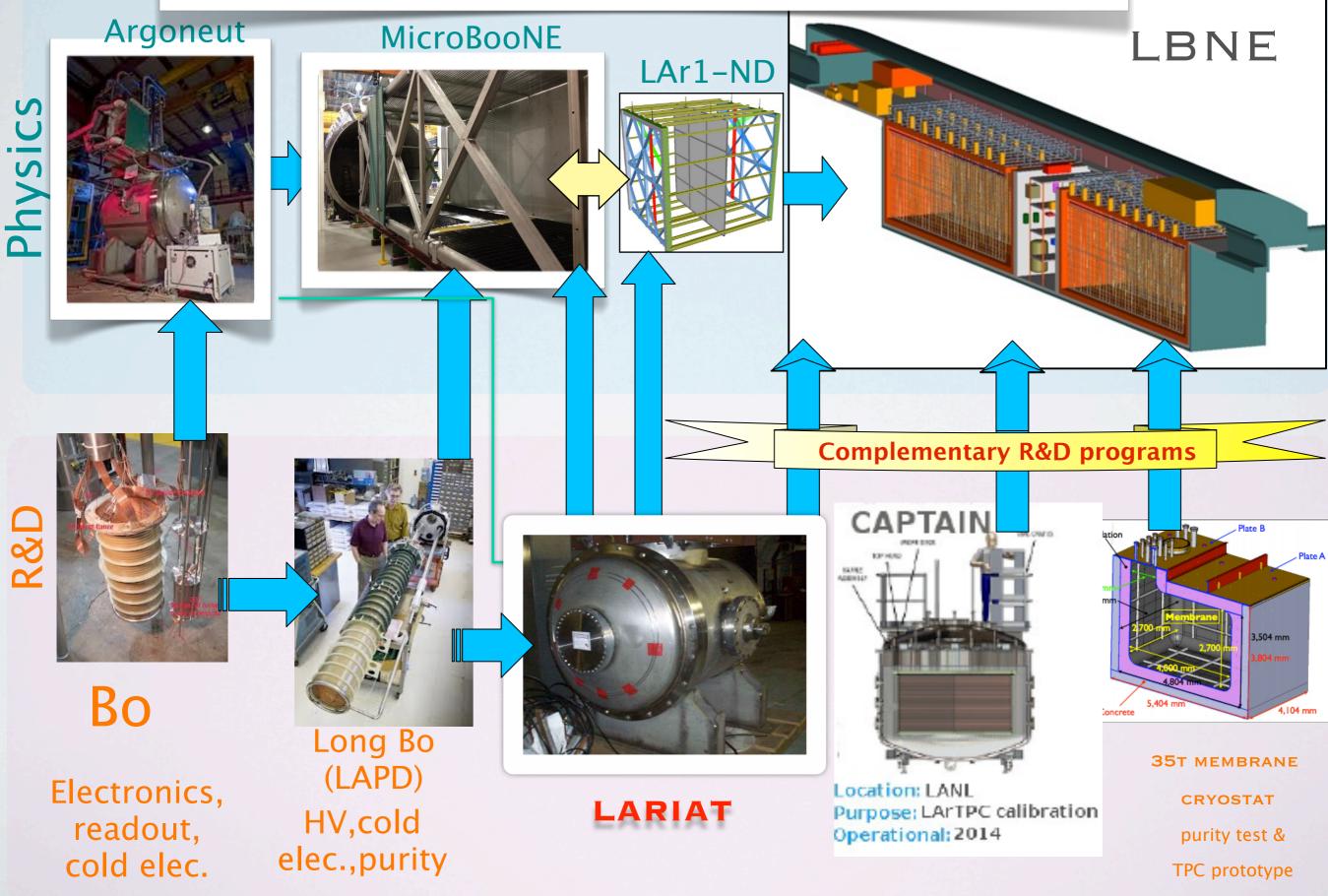
In summary form, the plan consists of the following pre-existing components:

- The Materials Test Stand program, now in operation at Fermilab, addressing questions pertaining to maintenance of argon purity
- Exisiting electronics test stands at FNAL and BNL
- The Liquid Argon Purity Demonstrator (LAPD) now being assembled at Fermilab
- The ArgoNeuT prototype LArTPC, now running in the NuMI beam
- The MicroBooNE experiment, proposed as a physics experiment that will advance our understanding of the LArTPC technology, now completing its conceptual design phase.
- A software development effort that is well integrated across present and planned LArTPC detectors.

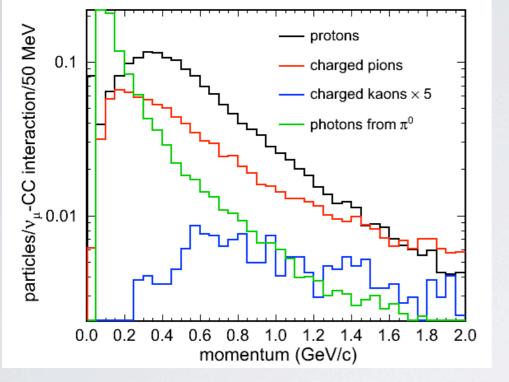
Ve are proposing to add to these efforts the following:

- A membrane cryostat mechanical prototype to evaluate and gain expertise with this technology.
- An installation and integration prototype, to understand issues pertaining to detector assembly, particularly in an underground environment.
- A ~ 5% scale electronics systems test to understand system-wide issues as well as individual component reliability.
- A calibration test stand that would consist of a small TPC to be exposed to a test beam for calibration studies, relevant for evaluation of physics sensitivities.

WORKING TOWARD LBNE



MOTIVATION

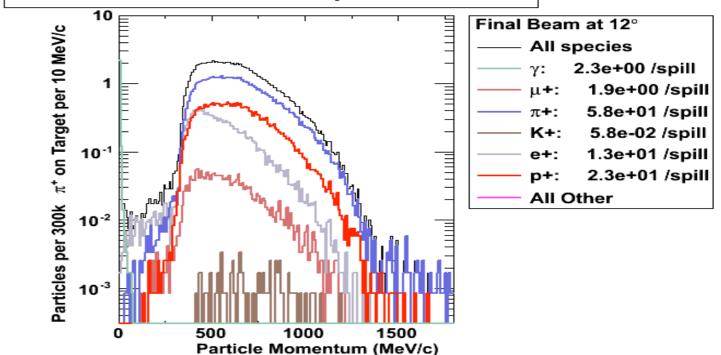


NuMI LE on-axis Beam

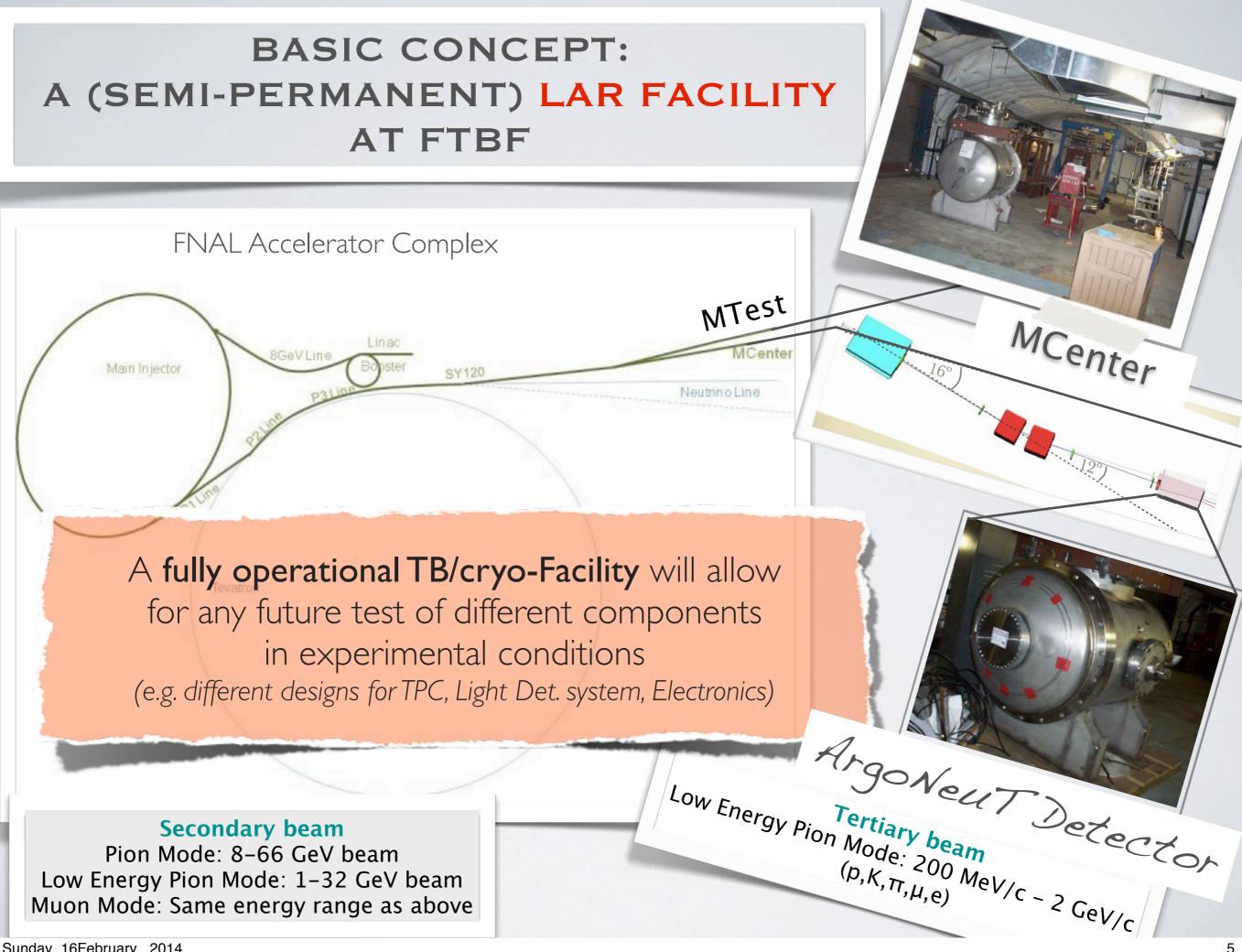
Study in LArTPC Particles emerging from **v** Interactions (in the energy range relevant for uB &LBNE)

LArIAT Test Beam

Study in LArTPC Particles emerging from the LArIAT dedicated Tertiary Beam at FTBF (MCentral)

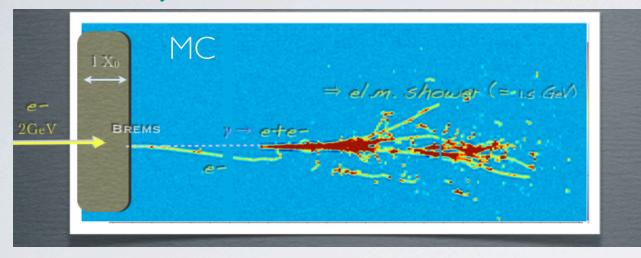


METHOD



PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

$e vs \gamma$ shower discrimination



Bremsstrahlung from upstream radiator plate Tagged with incoming electron PID in beamline + deviated track + gap.

- Experimental confirmation for the separation efficiencies (MC determined) - key feature of LArTPC tech

- Enable ultimate development and most reliable **separation criteria/algorithms** in the LArSoft off-line reconstruction code

- Support measurement of the low-energy elm evt. excess from MiniBooNE - primary goal of MicroBooNE, and of the CP violating phase from oscillation into electron (anti)neutrinos (LBNE goal)

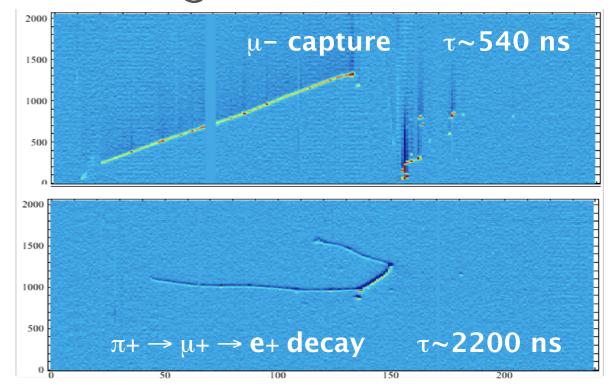
MUON SIGN DETERMINATION (W/OUT MAGNETIC FIELD)

Timing and pattern recognition

- Explore a LArTPC feature never (systematically) considered (decay vs capture in LAr)

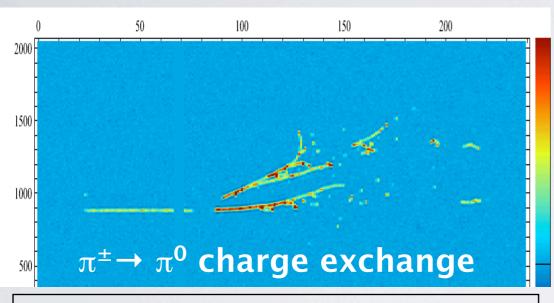
- Constrain the capability to charge-ID the primary lepton in muon neutrino CC interactions of particular interest for CP violation with LBNE

ArgoNeuT Data



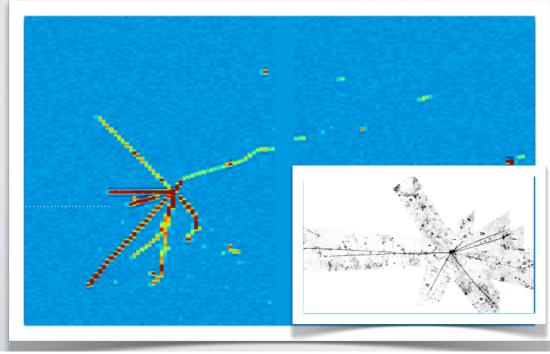
PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

STUDY OF NUCLEAR EFFECTS



- Study/constrain the features of the most dangerous background in v-Oscillation physics

Simulation of Antiproton Star in LAr

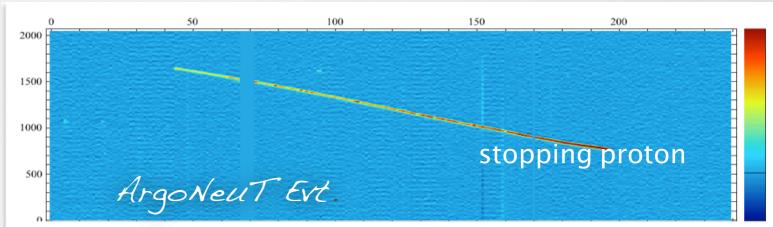


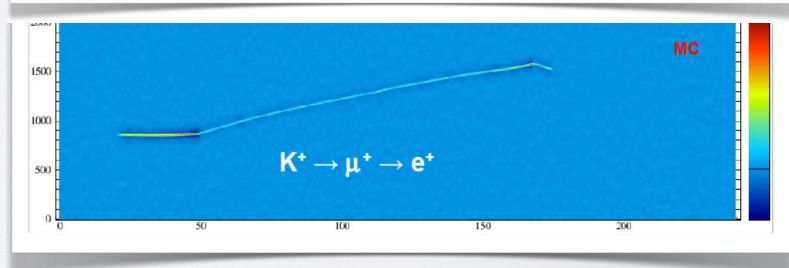
KAON DISCRIMINATION

Study recombination along stopping tracks:

- Kaon to proton separation
- Kaon to pion separation



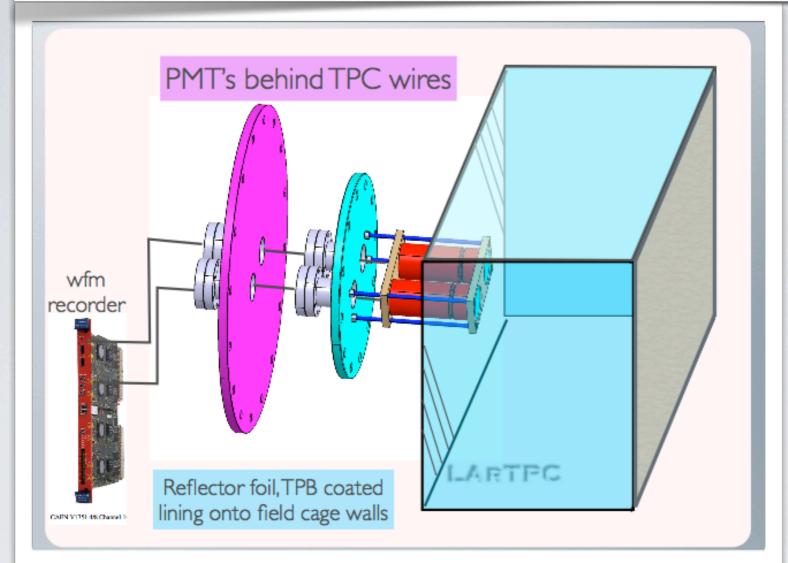




Antiproton annihilation (relevant for n-nbar oscillations)

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DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW CONCEPT IN LAR SCINTILLATION LIGHT COLLECTION

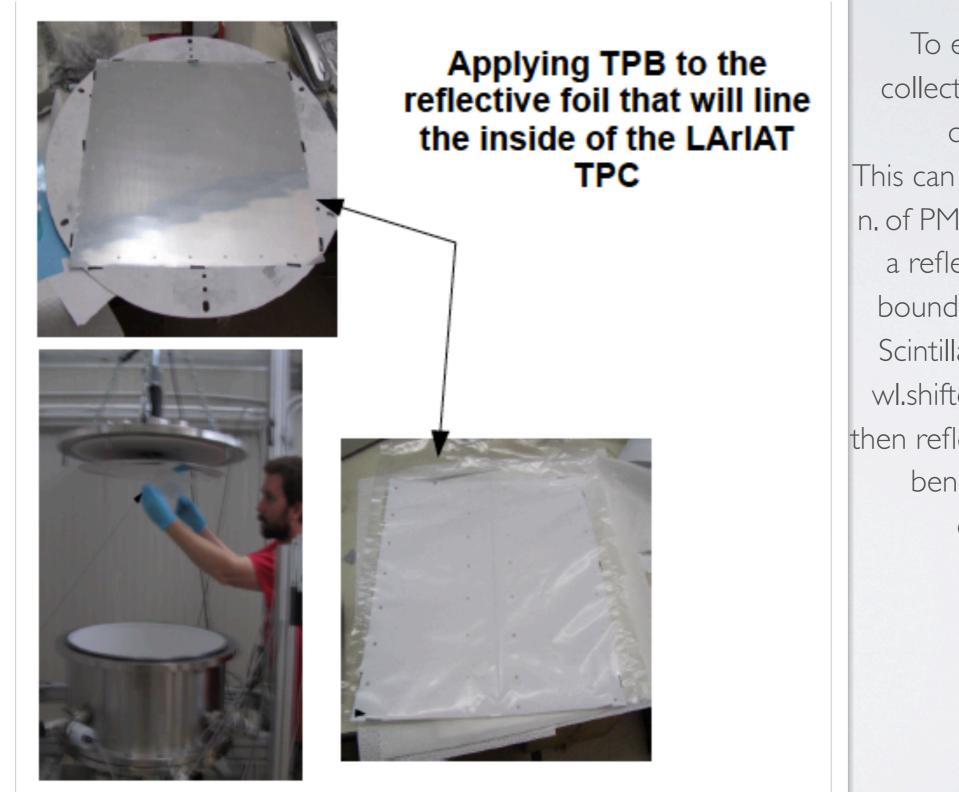


RELATE ENERGY DEPOSITED

INTO CHARGE AND LIGHT FOR AN IMPROVED CALORIMETRIC ENERGY RESOLUTION

To enhance efficiency of light collection one has to increase the detector active surface. This can be achieved by increasing the n. of PMTs (expensive) OR by adding a reflector coated by wl.s. on the boundary of the detector volume. Scintillation VUV photons thus are wl.shifted when hitting the TPB and then reflected from the mirror surface beneath multiple times up to collection at the PMT

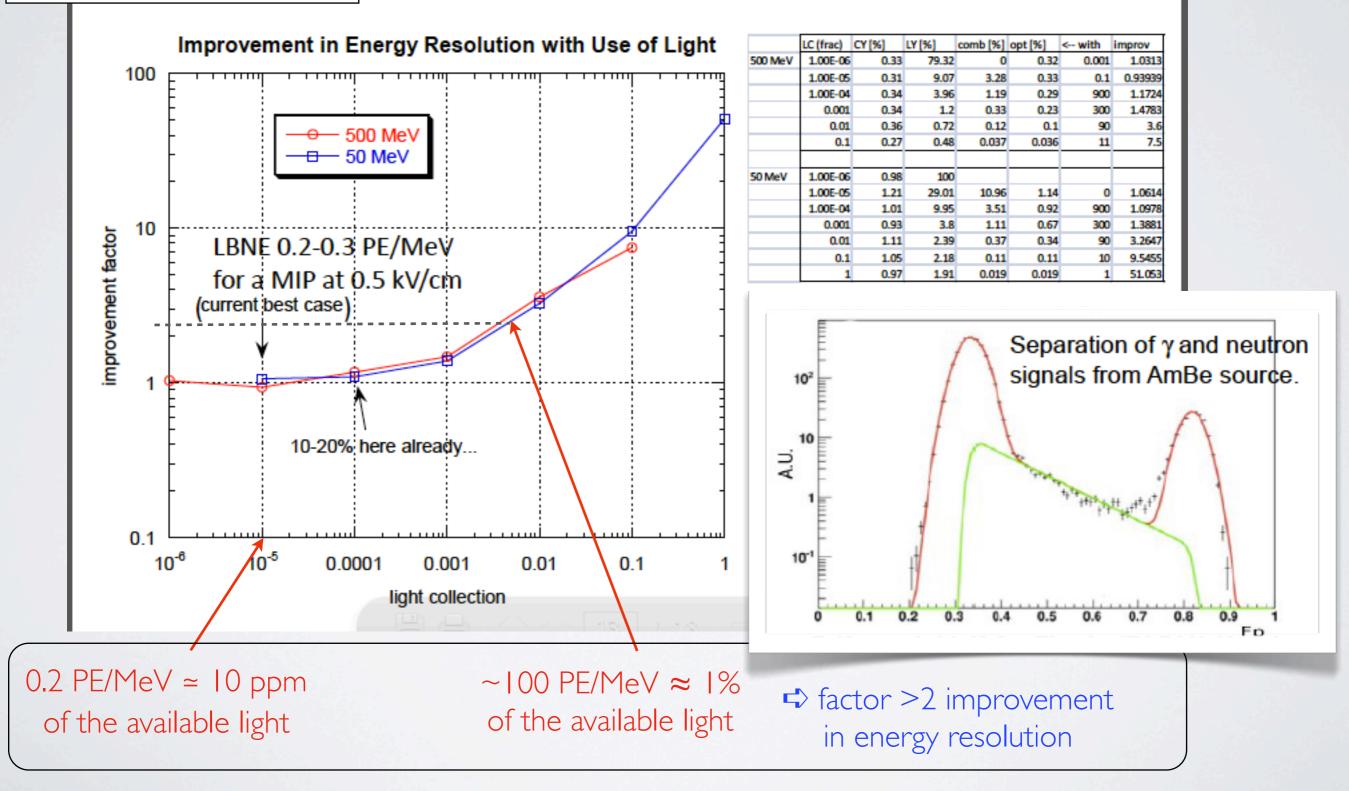
DEVELOPMENT OF A NEW CONCEPT IN LAR SCINTILLATION LIGHT COLLECTION

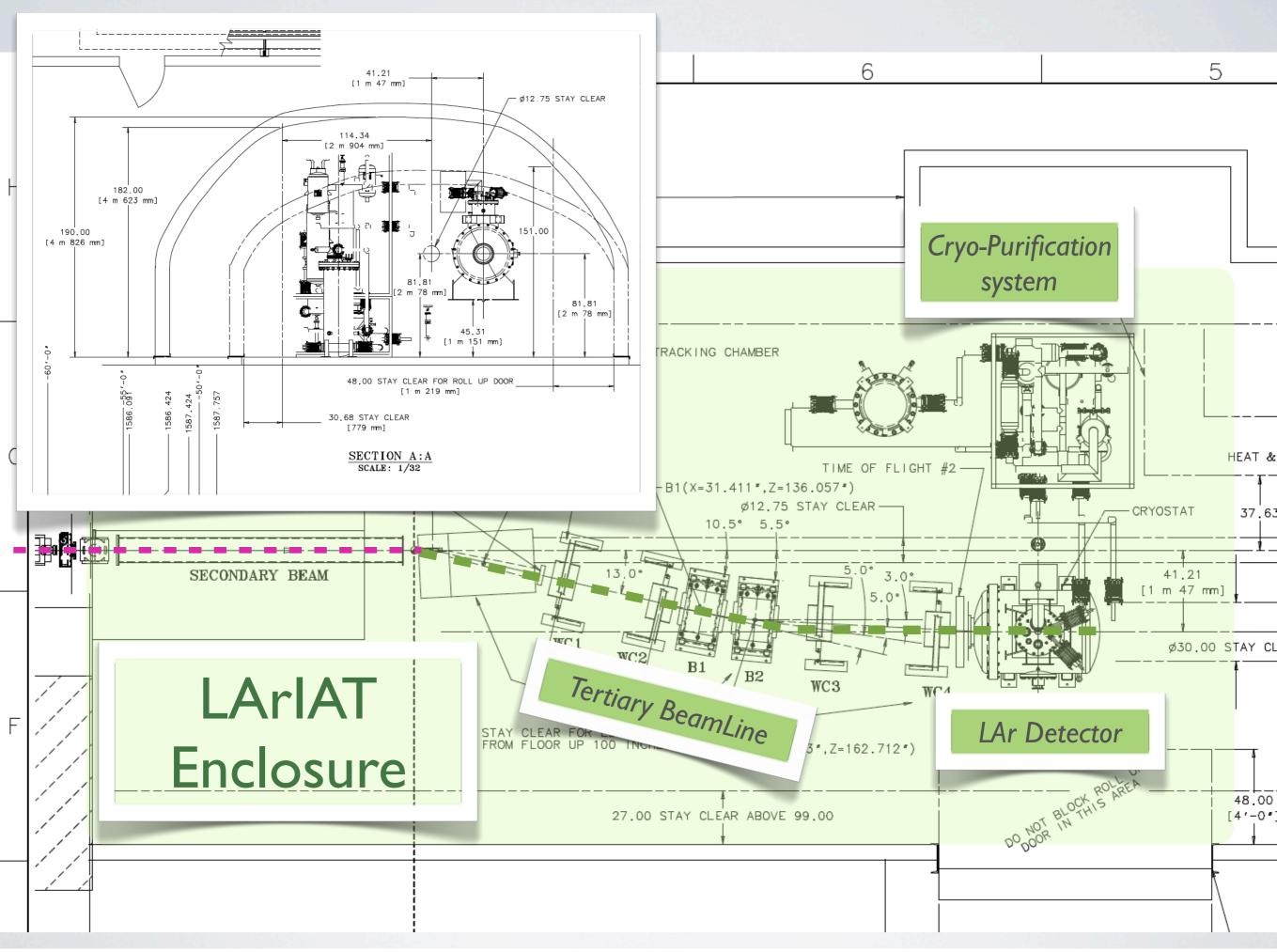


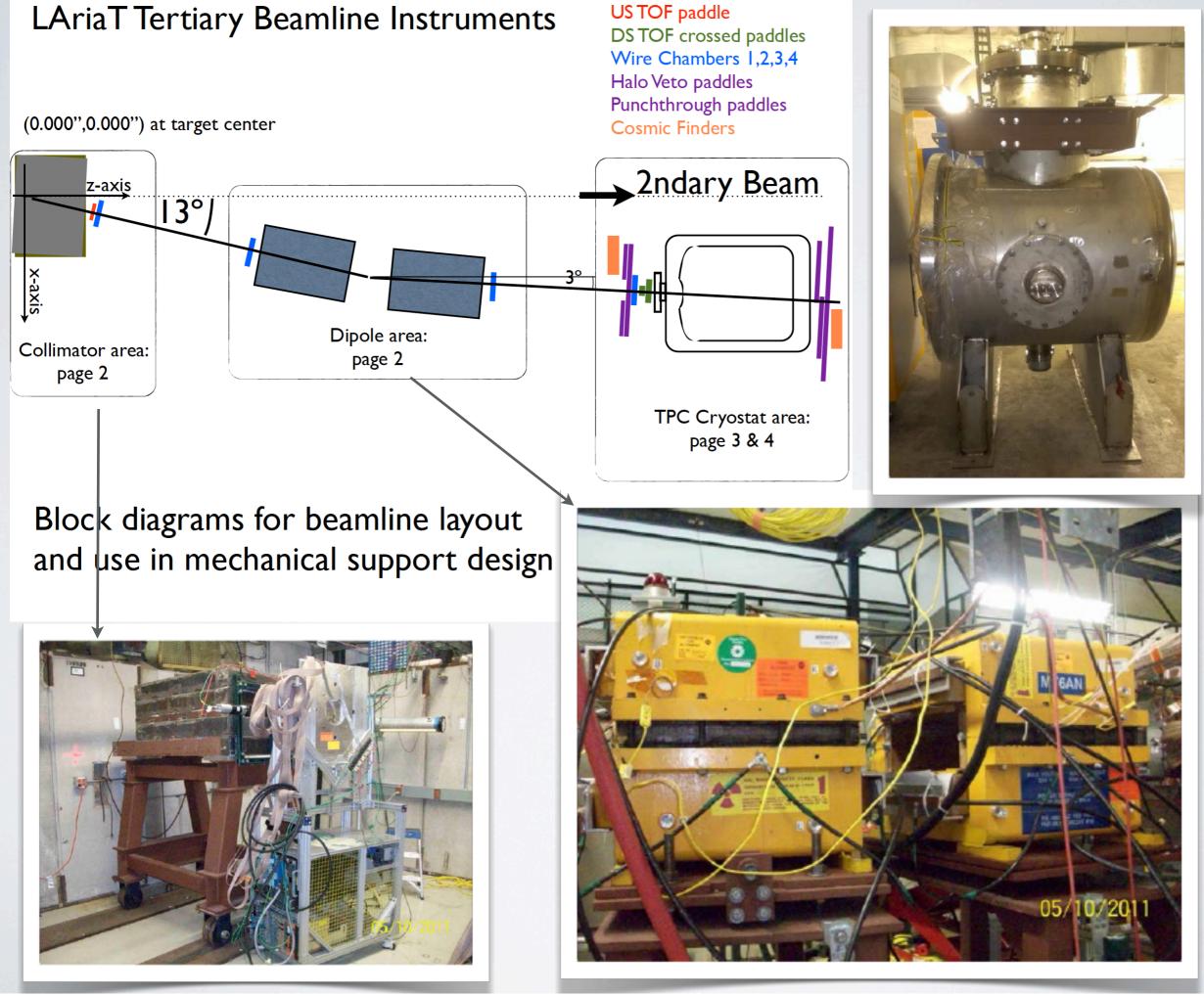
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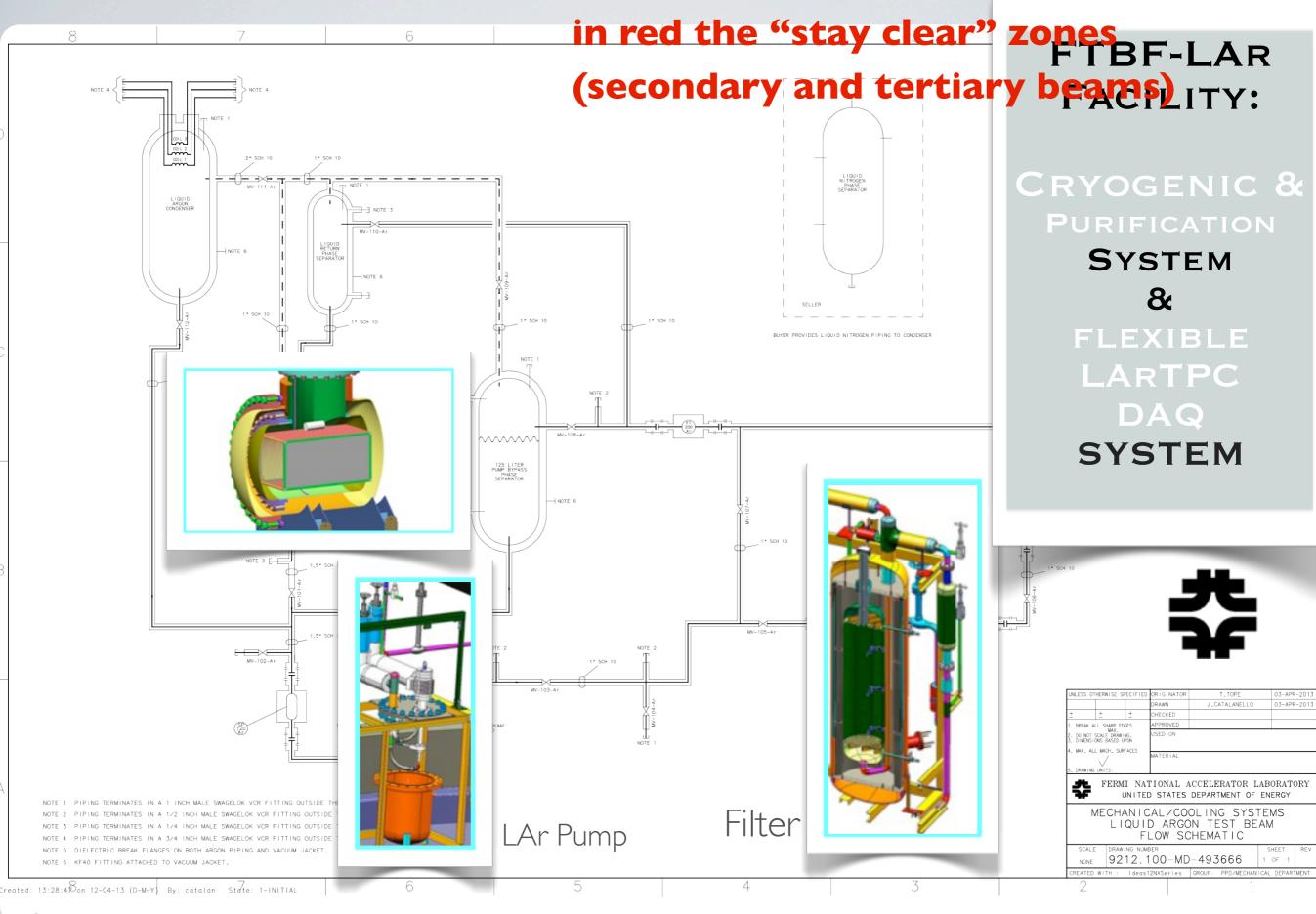
Energy Resolution

FNAL, Software Workshop, Thursday 3-21-13



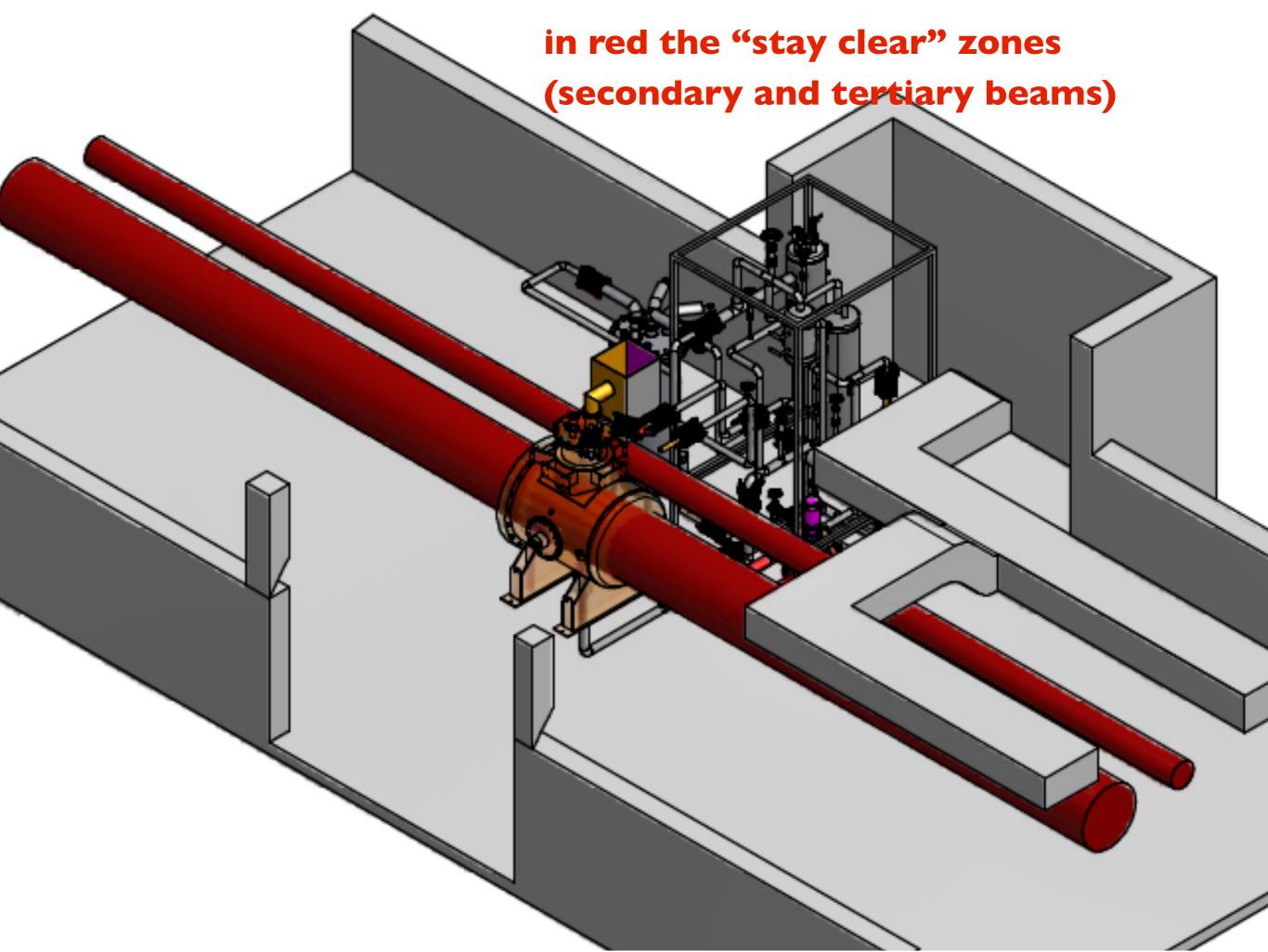




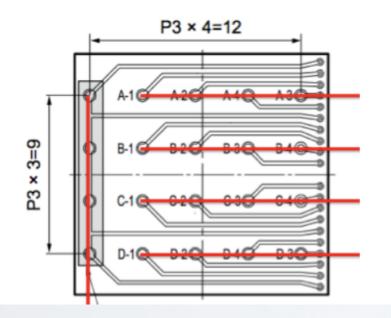


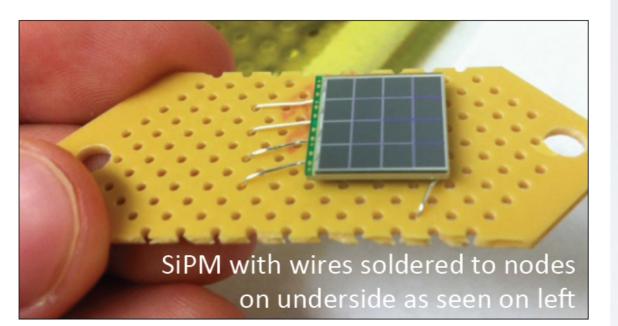
Components

already available



Mounting the SiPM

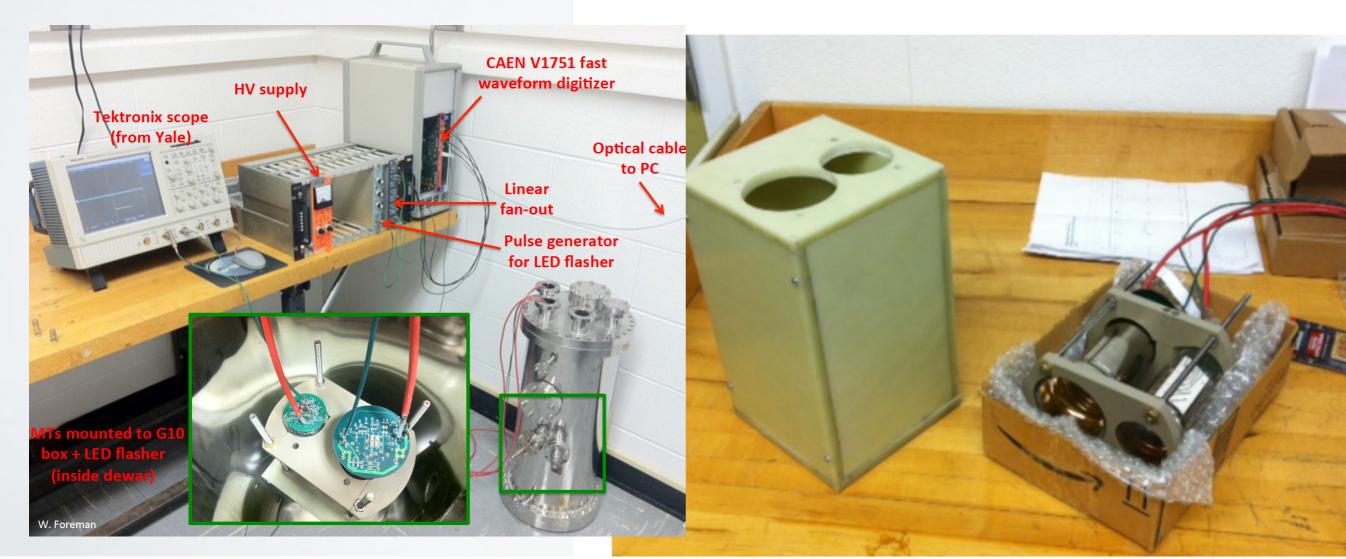




The LArIAT Scintillation Light System

- Yale + UoChicago

(test stand at U. of Chicago)



THE COLLABORATION

| Argonne | J. Paley |
|------------------------|---|
| Boston U. | E. Kearns, D. Gastler and R. Linehan |
| Caltech | R. Patterson |
| Chicago | W. Foreman, J. Ho, D. Schmitz |
| Cincinnati | R. Johnson, J. St John |
| Fermilab | R. Acciarri, P. Adamson, M. Backfish, W. Badg T. Kobilarcizk, P. Kryczynski, H. Lippincot, A. Rebel, M. Stancari, G. Zeller |
| Imperial Col. London | M. Wascko |
| KEK (just joined) | T. Maruyama, E. Iwai, S. Kunori |
| Los Alamos | C. Mauger |
| Louisiana State | F. Blazsczyk, W. Metcalf, A. Olivier, M. Tzanov |
| Manchester | J. Evans, P. Guzowski |
| Michigan State | C. Bromberg, D. Edmunds, D. Shoo |
| Minnesota - Duluth | R. Gran, A. Habig, K. Kaess |
| Syracuse | J. Asaadi, M. Soderberg, J. Esquivel |
| Texas - Arlington | A. Farbin, S. Park, J. Yu |
| Texas – Austin | J. Huang, K. Lang |
| University Col. London | R. Nichol, A. Holin, J. Thomas |
| William and Mary | M. Kordosky, M. Stephens, P. Vahle |
| Yale | F. Cavanna*, E. Church, B. Fleming, E. Grame |

65 Collaborators

3 US national labs

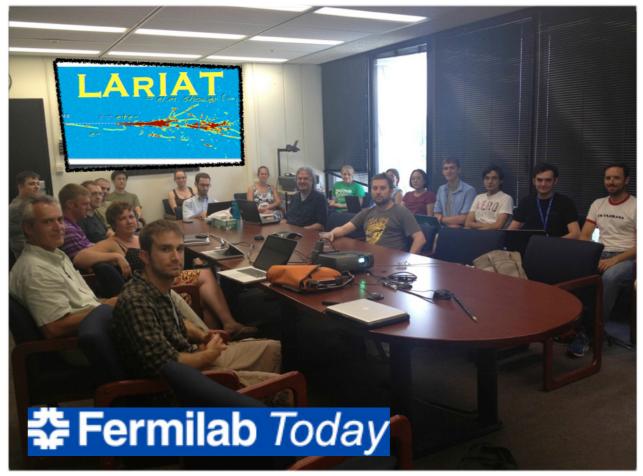
I2 US universities

5 foreign institutions

and 20+ students in summer

new groups are in the process to join

R. Acciarri, P. Adamson, M. Backfish, W. Badgett,B. Baller, A. Hahn, D. Jensen, T. Junk, M. Kirby, T. Kobilarcizk, P. Kryczynski, H. Lippincot, A. Marchionni, K. Nishikawa, J. Raaf*, E. Ramberg, B. Rebel, M. Stancari, G. Zeller



F. Cavanna*, E. Church, B. Fleming, E. Gramellini, O. Palamara, A. Szelc

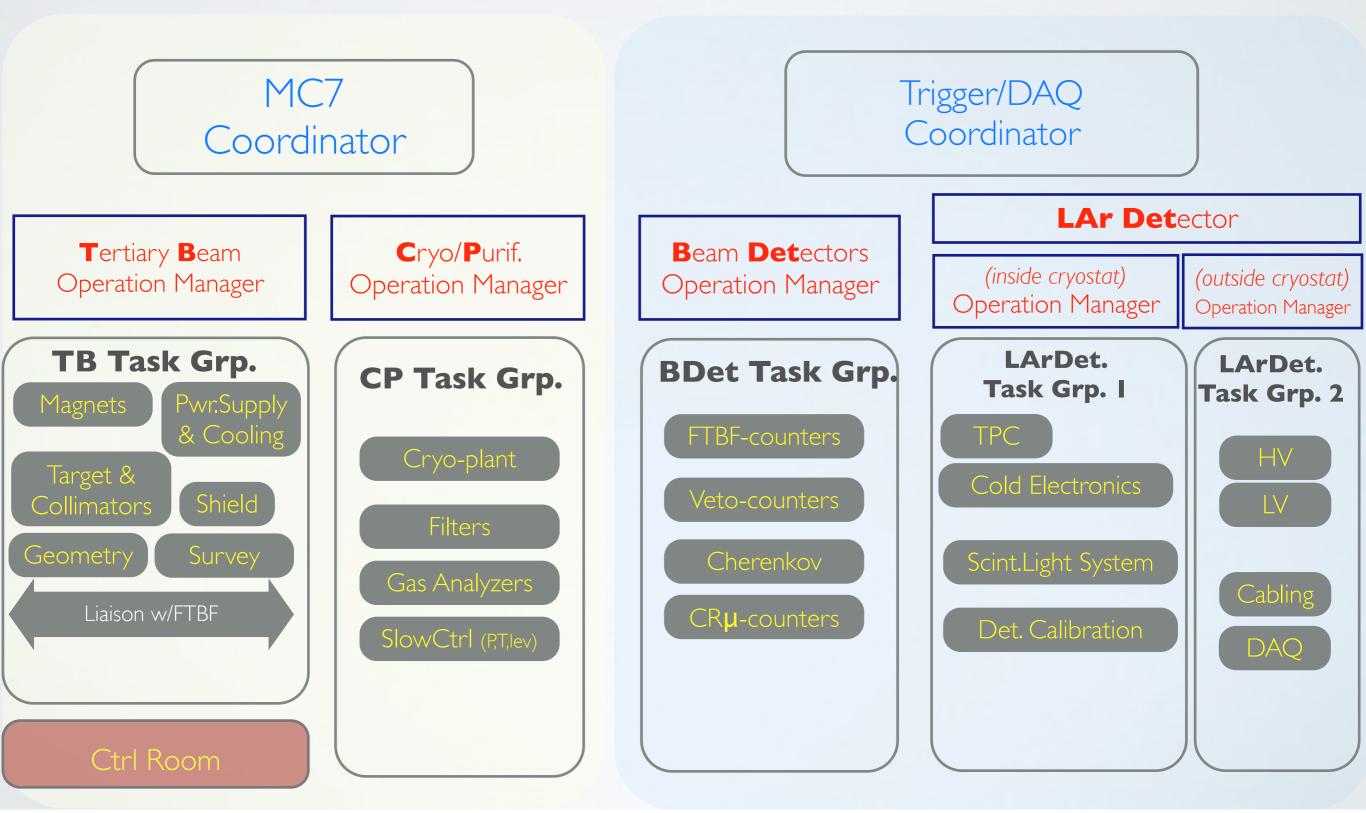
http://intensityfrontier.fnal.gov/lariat.html

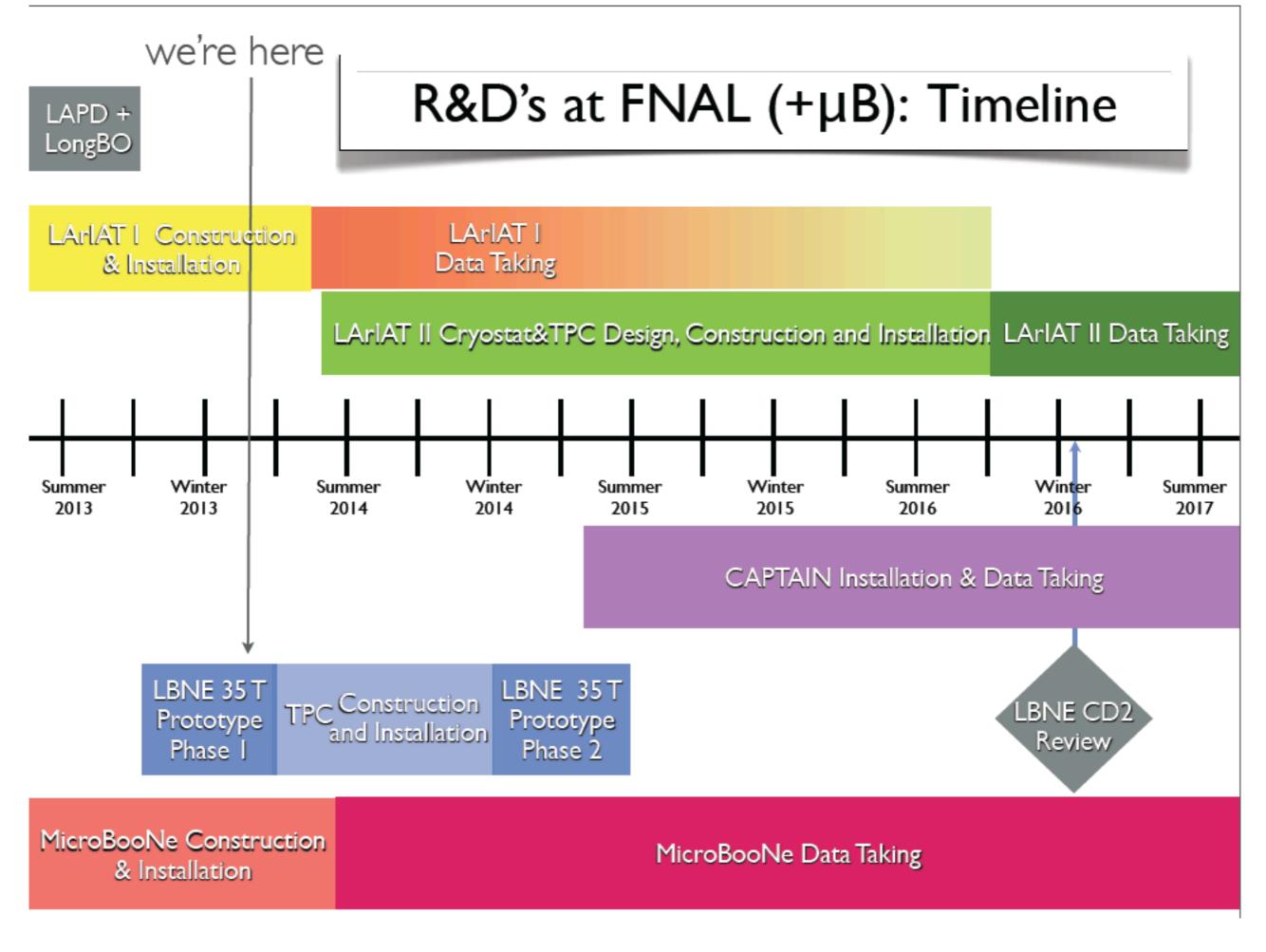
* elected spokespersons

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Structure of the Collaboration

RUN COORDINATOR





SUMMARY

- FNAL review (Dec. 12-Jan. 13) concluded: "a very worthwhile investment"
- LARIAT is a well established, major component of the LAr R&D program in US
- Wide support in the LAr community
- Well aligned with MicroBooNE and LBNE
- Strong support from FNAL permitted the realization of the LAr Facility at FTBF (ready for Phase-1 and Phase-2)
 - LAr Cryogenic/Purification System
 - New flexible DAQ system for LArTPC
- DOE/Yale funding & Significant in-kind contributions from Labs and University Groups permitted detector realization (Phase-I)

CONCLUSIONS

- LARIAT will create a new cadre of experimenters with deep experience in LArTPC technology: Training of (young) physicists during extended beam operation and real data analysis is an invaluable add-on in view of future Short & Long Baseline/Underground LArTPC experiments
- Short Term: Augments investment in MicroBooNE
 - Controlled testbeam conditions buttress MicroBooNE findings
- Longer Term: LBNE will profit from higher confidence in the estimate of signal to background separation from MC simulations, and later on from data analysis
- Data and conclusions available to global LArTPC community
- International worldwide collaboration (few new grp.s are welcome..)

Long history of test beam exposures prior to major experiments

shows this is the right thing to do.

BACKUP SLIDES

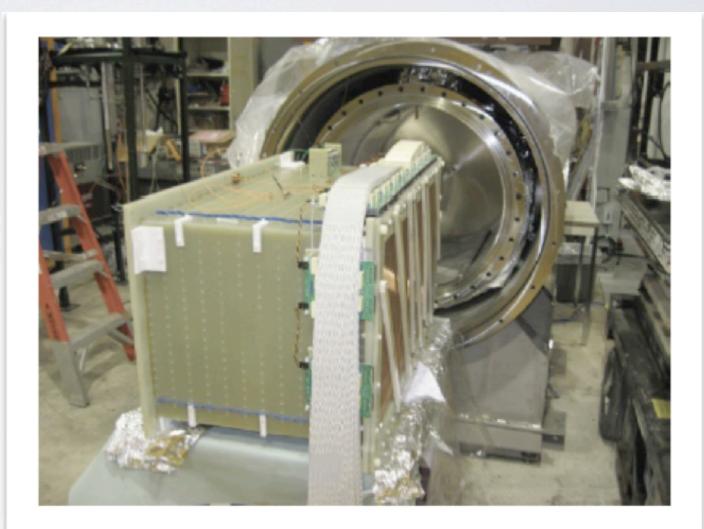
LAR TPC





Capitalize on ArgoNeuT effort and infrastructure

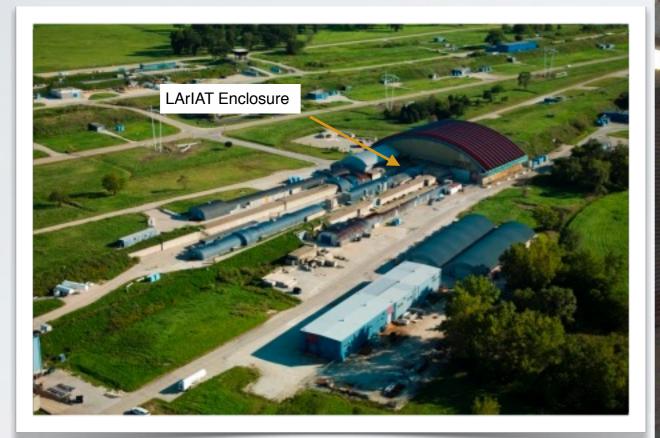
Leverages initial investment

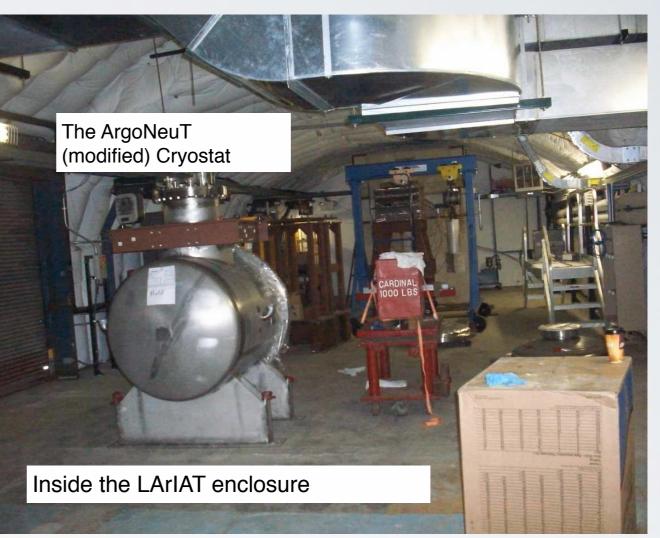


CRYOSTAT MODIFICATIONS



FTBF (Meson Hall at FNAL)



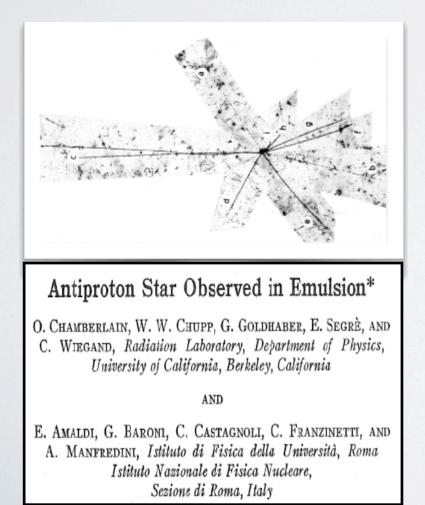




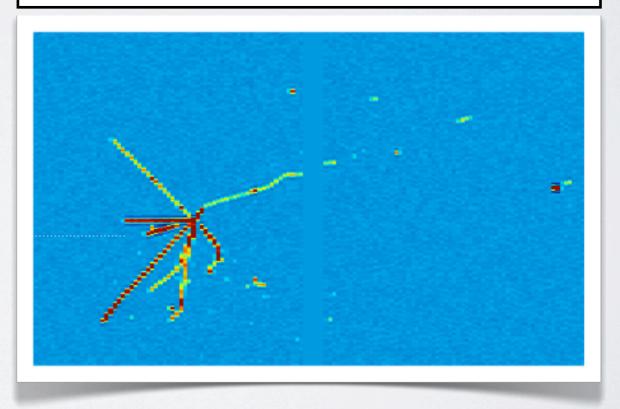


STUDY NUCLEAR EFFECTS

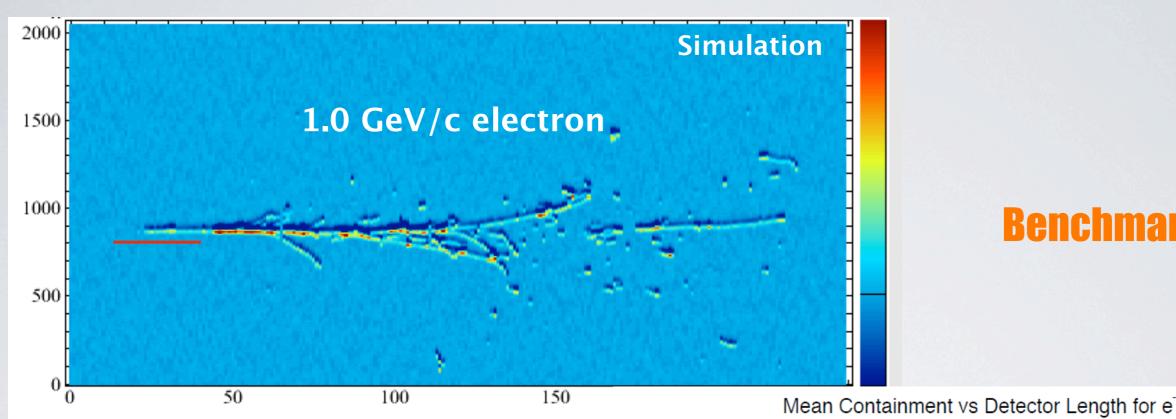
- Nuclear effects are always an unknown for neutrino experiments
- Study fixed q² (t) transfer to nucleus by:
 - Elastic scattering
 - Quasielastic scattering
 - Antiproton annihilation (n-nbar oscillation LBNE UnderGround)



Simulation of Antiproton Star in LAr

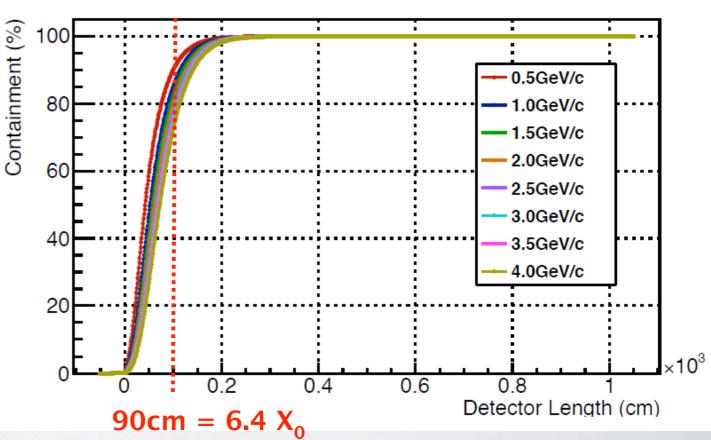


ENERGY MEASUREMENTS

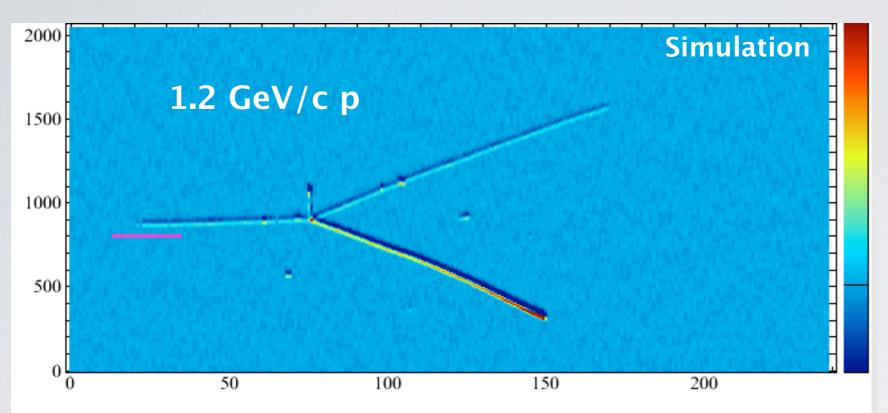


Benchmark MC

Electrons ~85% containment for p < 1 GeV/cStopping range protons p<1 GeV/c



HADRONIC INTERACTIONS



- σ_{REACTION} seems doable.
- Motivation: FSI, reco. syst., calorimetry (study shower beginning)
- Naively, poor containment. Can one do better by incorporating topology? EM fraction?

