

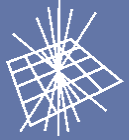
# GridPP

UK Computing for Particle Physics

IPv6

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- Reporting work done by Simon, Chris, Ewan, Raul, Alastair, Sam, Gareth, David and others
- Summary of where we are and where we are going
- What I'm aware of, there maybe other work ongoing
- Aim to raise points for discussion



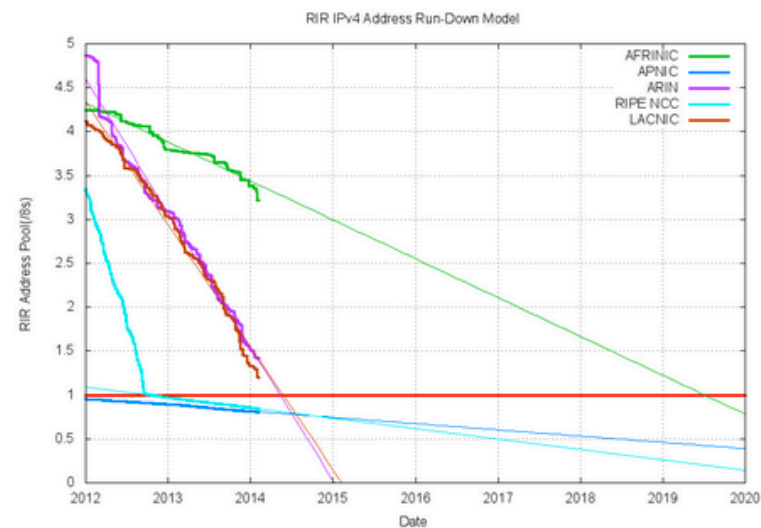
## IPv4 Address Report

This report generated at 07-Feb-2014 08:57 UTC.

IANA Unallocated Address Pool Exhaustion:  
**03-Feb-2011**

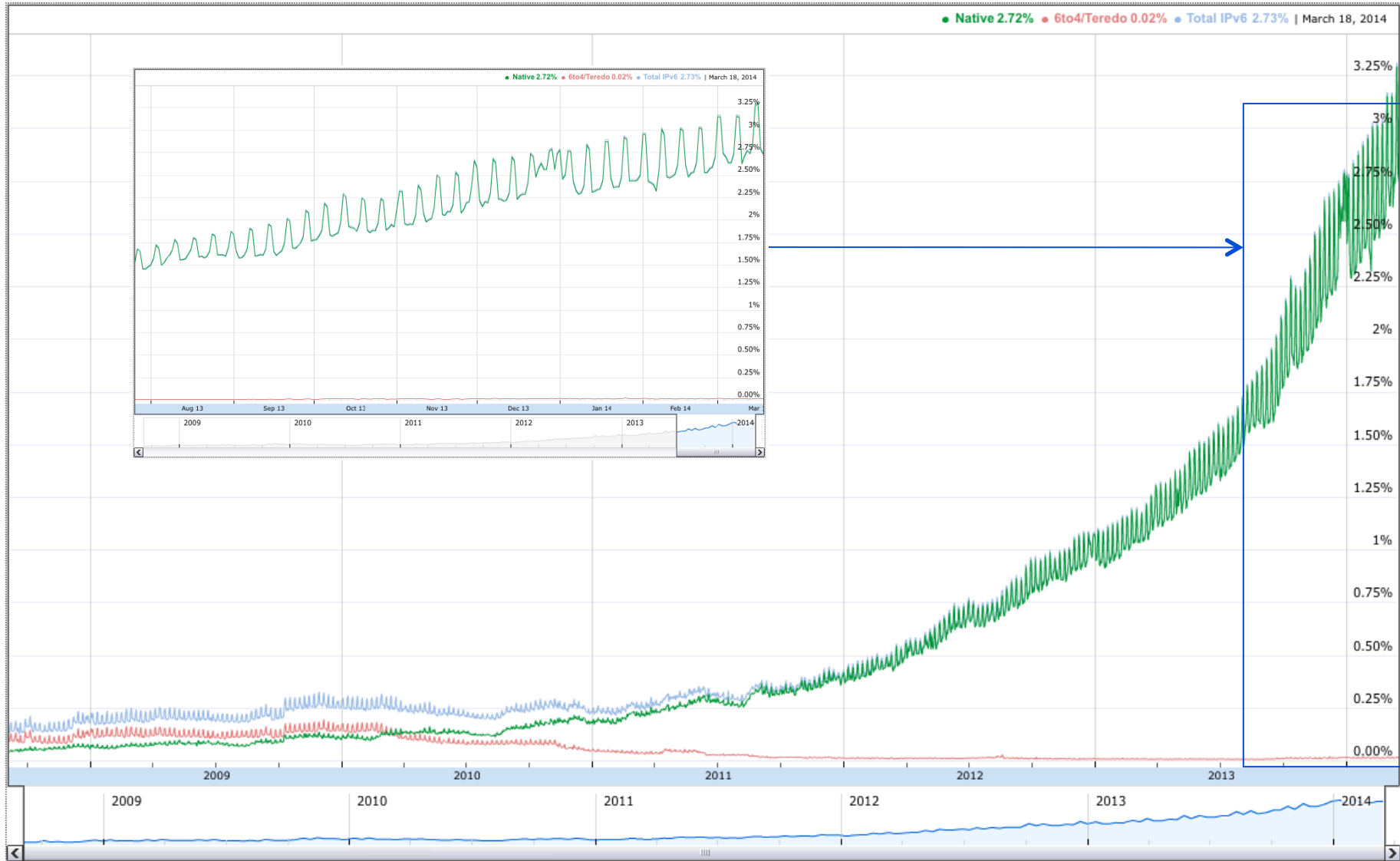
Projected RIR Address Pool Exhaustion Dates:

RIR	Projected Exhaustion Date	Remaining Addresses in RIR Pool (/8s)
APNIC:	<b>19-Apr-2011</b> (actual)	0.8062
RIPE NCC:	<b>14-Sep-2012</b> (actual)	0.8435
LACNIC:	<b>01-Jan-2015</b>	1.2013
ARIN:	<b>18-Mar-2015</b>	1.4164
AFRINIC:	<b>31-Aug-2021</b>	3.2226



**Projection of consumption of Remaining RIR Address Pools**

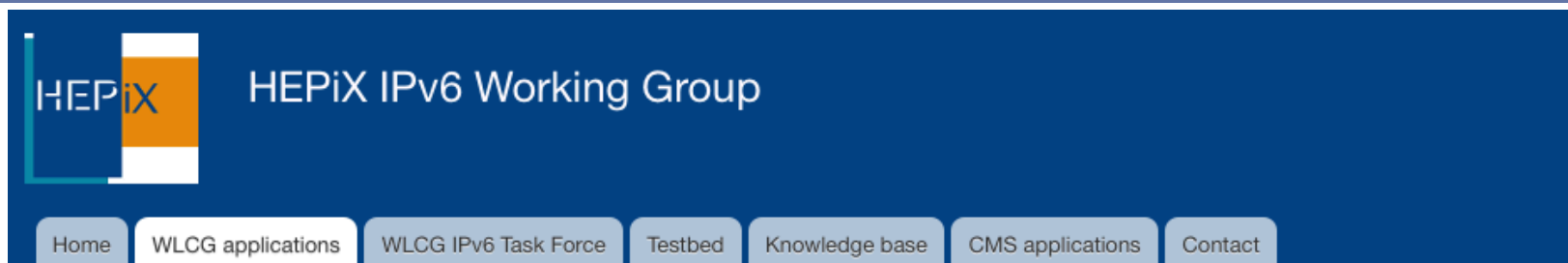
- CERN's Tier-0 needs 150K virtual machines (worker nodes) and there aren't that number of IPv4 addresses available
- Current virtual machine adoption plan will cause IPv4 depletion during 2014-2015
- Considering two options
  - VMs with only public IPv6 addresses
  - VMs with private IPv4 and public IPv6 addresses
- More details from Edoardo's slides:  
<https://indico.cern.ch/getFile.py/access?contribId=2&sessionId=0&resId=1&materialId=0&confId=251056>
- Other IPv6 resources may also become available
  - opportunistic resources or grid sites from areas where IPv4 addresses have run out





- Meets monthly by Vidyo
- Quarterly F2F meetings at CERN
- Next F2F meeting 10/11 April 2014
- Oxford have now joined and we now have a strong UK Tier-2 contribution
- Alastair Dewhurst is the ATLAS representative
- More participants welcome
- Join email list via e-groups or ask Dave Kelsey
- Pre-GDB in June
- <http://hepixonweb.cern.ch/>

- GridFTP testbed fell slightly into disrepair, transfers failing for various reasons (now mostly fixed)
- Likely because the hosts are not production hosts
- Led to a discussion on what to do next
- Decided the emphasis should be more on production services with volunteer sites
- Some sites concerned about compensation if their availability suffers whilst testing IPv6
  - Simone Campana preparing a paper for WLCG MB (analogy with middleware testing)



HEPiX IPv6 Working Group

Home | WLCG applications | WLCG IPv6 Task Force | Testbed | Knowledge base | CMS applications | Contact

Home

## IPv6 compliance of WLCG applications

Software Component	Type	Used by Experiment	Version	IPv6 Compliance
AliEN	LHC Experiment Application	ALICE		
ARC CE	Middleware	ATLAS, CMS		<b>YES</b>
ARGUS	Middleware	ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb		<b>Unknown</b>
BDII	Middleware	ATLAS, CMS, LHCb	EMI 2	<b>YES</b>
BestMAN	Middleware	ATLAS, CMS		<b>Unknown</b>
CASTOR	Middleware	ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb		<b>NO</b>
cfengine	Monitoring			<b>Unknown</b>
CMS Tag Collector	LHC Experiment Application	CMS		<b>Unknown</b>
CMSSW	LHC Experiment Application	CMS		<b>Unknown</b>
cmsweb	LHC Experiment Application	CMS		<b>Unknown</b>
CRAB 2	LHC Experiment Application	CMS		<b>Unknown</b>
Cream CE	Middleware	ALICE, ATLAS, CMS, LHCb	1.16.2	<b>YES</b>



- Formed by Andrea Sciaba and Simone Campana, I am on it
- Working closely with HEPix working group
- Developed a set of scenarios and use cases
- Reports to WLCG operations coordination meeting
- Web page: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LCG/WlcgIpv6>

- Alastair Dewhurst has recently joined HEPiX WG/ WLCG TF for ATLAS
- Raising IPv6 awareness within ATLAS Distributed Computing (ADC)
- “We will have to use some IPv6 resources in Run 2”
- Does ATLAS software work with IPv6 machines?
  - Panda client, pilots, squid, storage, FAX
- Aiming to make CERN-based ADC development servers dual-stack so as to start testing compatibility
- 3 IPv6 SEs added to AGIS:
  - UKI-SCOTGRID-GLASGOW\_ATLASIPV6TEST, UKI-SOUTHGRID-OX-HEP\_ATLASIPV6TEST, prague-lcg2\_ATLASIPV6TEST
- 2 IPv6 CEs (with WN behind):
  - Imperial College and Fermilab (CMS sites, but Imperial runs ATLAS MC).
- “Goal: by September 2014 to have run a task at a Grid site using IPv6 WNs”
- Talk: <http://tinyurl.com/nefb79d> (ATLAS restricted)
- Peter Love also involved with his ADC Dev and APF developer hats on

- Most hosts within the group both grid and non-grid are now dual-stack
- Production grid services running dual-stack include
  - Top BDIIs
  - Site BDIIs
  - CEs (CREAM and ARC)
  - WNs
  - Squid for CernVM-FS
  - UIs
  - WMSs
  - etc.
- Considering how we might make a single WN or group of WN IPv6-only within our production cluster...

- dCache
  - partial dual-stack (head node but not disk servers)
  - waiting for the IPv6 patch for 2.6.19 to be released
- EMI-3 DPM: v6se00 - simple IPv6-only DPM host, no pool nodes
- EMI-3 Storm: v6se01 - simple IPv6-only Storm host, no pool nodes
- Might replace the latter with a test dCache node now v2.8.0 has been released



- EMI-3 CREAM CE: v6ce00
  - nominally IPV6-only
  - actually dual-stack but IPv4 access only allowed from WN
  - SGE communicates via (public) IPv4 addresses
  
- EMI-3 WN: v6wn00
  - IPv6 only
  - gridftp now works provided:
    - `gridenv_set "GLOBUS_FTP_CLIENT_IPV6" "TRUE"`
    - `gridenv_set "GLOBUS_IO_IPV6" "TRUE"`
  - needs patched uberftp also
  - CernVM-FS: can list files but not tested more than that

- Dual-stack EMI-3 UI: v6ui00
- Recently installed HTCondor and APF (auto pilot factory used by ATLAS for pilot job submission)
  - Initially could submit jobs to dual-stack CREAM CE (Imperial) and IPv4 CE (Brunel) but not IPv6-only CREAM CE (v6ce00)
  - the cream grid manager looked old (1.12)
  - built HTCondor with cream\_gahp from source loading existing UI globus libraries dynamically
  - Could submit to the IPv6 CREAM CE
- Fixes due for release in HTCondor v8.1.5, probably in a month or two



- We at IC tried to install Havana Openstack service with dual-stack and IPv6 only VMs
- Difficult, concluded Havana is some way from being IPv6 compatible
- CERN cloud roadmap to IPv6
  - #1. Unblock IPv6 traffic
  - #2. CERN IPv6 integration
  - #3. Neutron deployment
  - Luis Fernandez Alvarez “IPv6, CERN Cloud and OpenStack”  
<http://tinyurl.com/q8v7yd6>

- IPv6 VLAN
  - with /48 allocated
- Dual-stack perfSONAR test node (perfsonar03)
- IPv6 ATLAS RIPE probe
- Plans:
  - Storm SE
  - IPv6-only version of Steve Lloyd's network tests (probably using the [ipv6.hepix.org](http://ipv6.hepix.org) VO)



- Installed a dual-stack perfSONAR host
- Dual-stack DPM/DMLite server with one pool node
  - webdav enabled
- Plans
  - build a dual-stack cluster
  - investigate DPM and xrootd when IPv6 compatible xrootd4 comes out
  - cloud storage and IPv6
  - performance evaluation of IPv6
    - potential gains for data transfers by multicasting?
    - potential gains in parallel computing due to improved MPI performance?
  - IPv6 and security

- A dual stack UI (accounts available to known individuals who want them)
- IPv6 DPM
- Dual-stack StoRM server that's dual stacked on the same basis as the ARGUS
- Dual stack site BDII (mainly so that it can reach the node BDII on the DPM)
- A dual stack Squid 3.x that forwards to our IPv4-only 'Frontier' squid (mostly used at the moment for package updates on the IPv6-only DPM).
- Cream CE/torque server with a couple of worker nodes, all of which are dual stack.

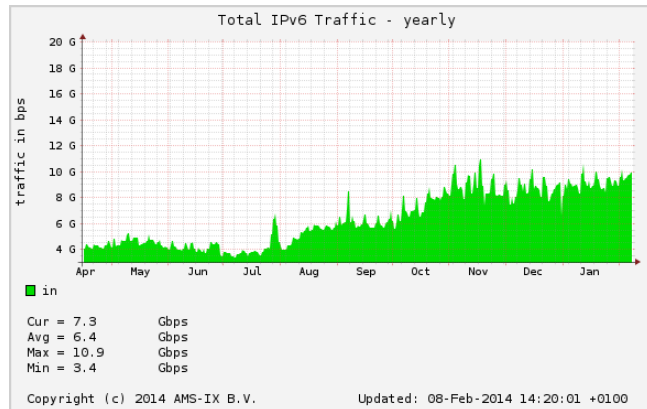


- Dual stack perfSONAR boxes, with protocol specific suffixed DNS entries
  - t2ps-bandwidth.physics.ox.ac.uk
  - t2ps-bandwidth-v4.physics.ox.ac.uk
  - t2ps-bandwidth-v6.physics.ox.ac.uk
- A dual stack DNS resolver so that our v6-only machines can access the University's v4-only DNS servers
  - we can publish AAAA records from the University's servers, but updating them means emailing central IT to hand edit the zone files, so they don't like us doing that too often.
- The site ARGUS server is dual stacked in that it has an IPv6 address
  - no idea yet whether it's meaningfully working over IPv6, I haven't tried it.

- IPv6 DPM taking part in the DPM testing
- Part of the HEPiX GridFTP testbed
- Other miscellaneous machines for internal software testing (Configuration Management/Provisioning/etc..)
- Had some issues with Reverse DNS lookups for IPv6, these need to be discussed with the Central University team
  - Central Team initially only gave us forward lookups (were asked for reverse DNS).
  - Failed reverse DNS Caused both DPM and Gridftp testbed to break periodically.
  - Unsure of production status of IPv6 DNS at present -
- IPv6 plans currently on hiatus with Mark leaving
  - Need to re-align priorities.

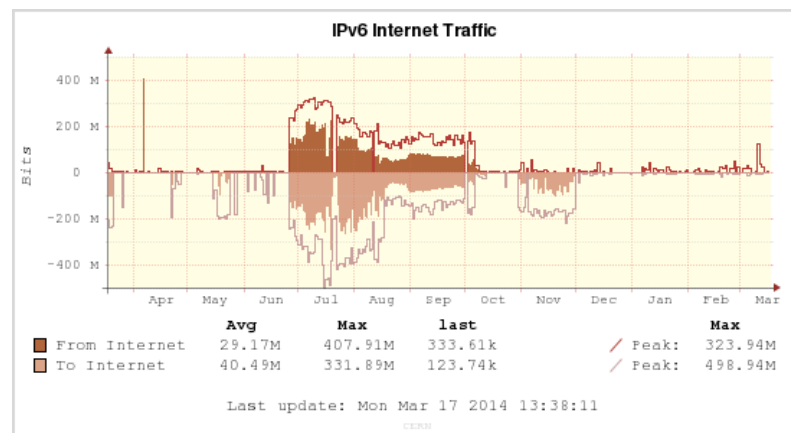


- Some sites e.g. CERN, google etc have monitoring
- It would be nice to have monitoring of the level of IPv6 traffic within the UK or within our individual sites



Amsterdam Internet Exchange

<https://www.ams-ix.net/technical/statistics/sflow-stats/ipv6-traffic>



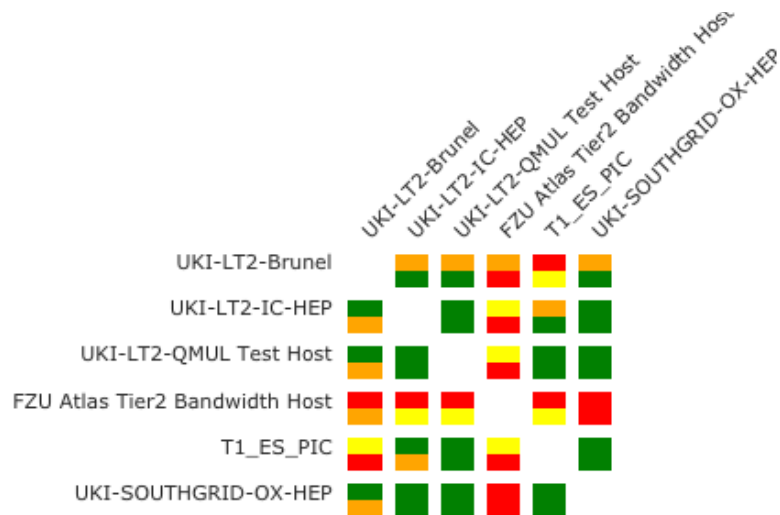
CERN IPv6 traffic

<http://tinyurl.com/ok773t2>



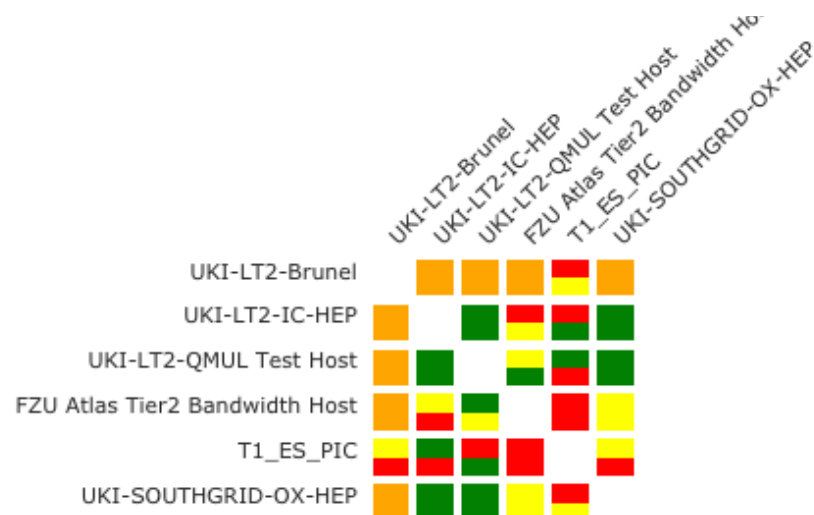
## HEPiX IPv6 sites - IPv4 throughput test

■ Throughput  $\geq$  400Mbps 
 ■ Throughput  $<$  400Mbps 
 ■ Throughput  $\leq$  100Mbps 
 ■ Unable to retrieve data



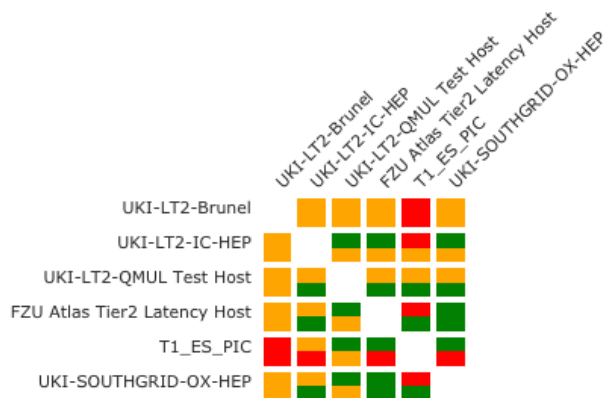
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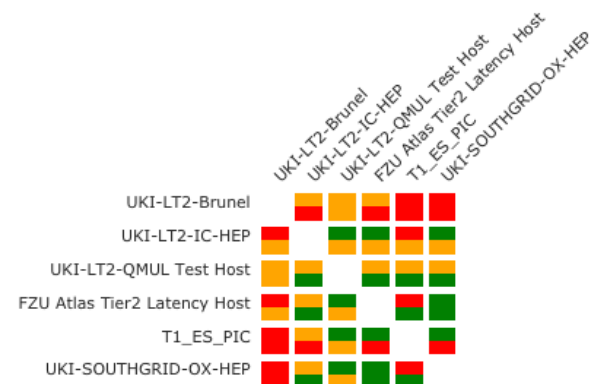
## HEPiX IPv6 sites - IPv4 latency test

■ Loss rate is  $\leq$  0 
 ■ Loss rate is  $\geq$  0 
 ■ Loss rate is  $\geq$  0.01 
 ■ Unable to retrieve data 
 ■ Check has not yet run

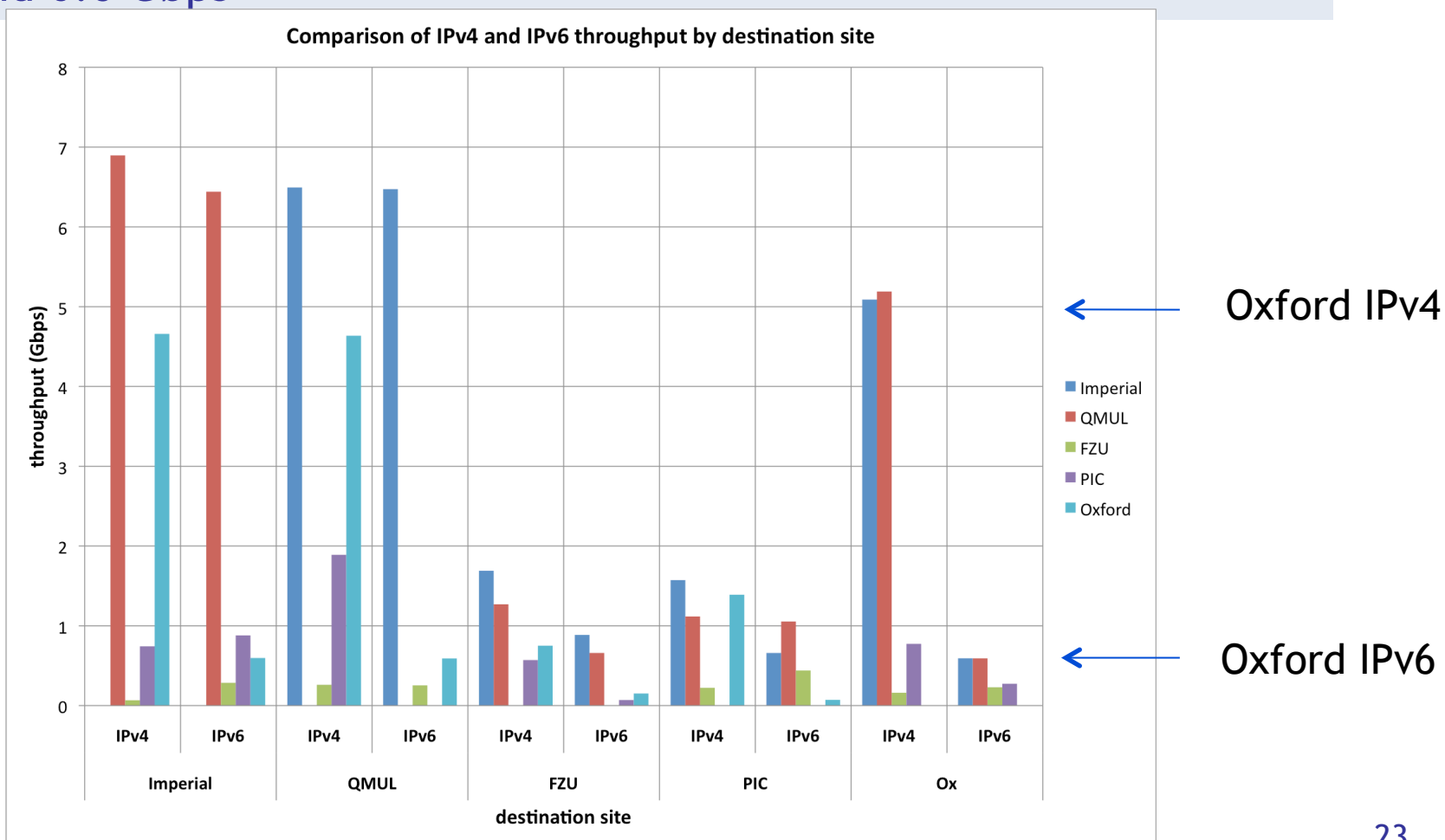


## HEPiX IPv6 sites - IPv6 latency test

■ Loss rate is  $\leq$  0 
 ■ Loss rate is  $\geq$  0 
 ■ Loss rate is  $\geq$  0.01

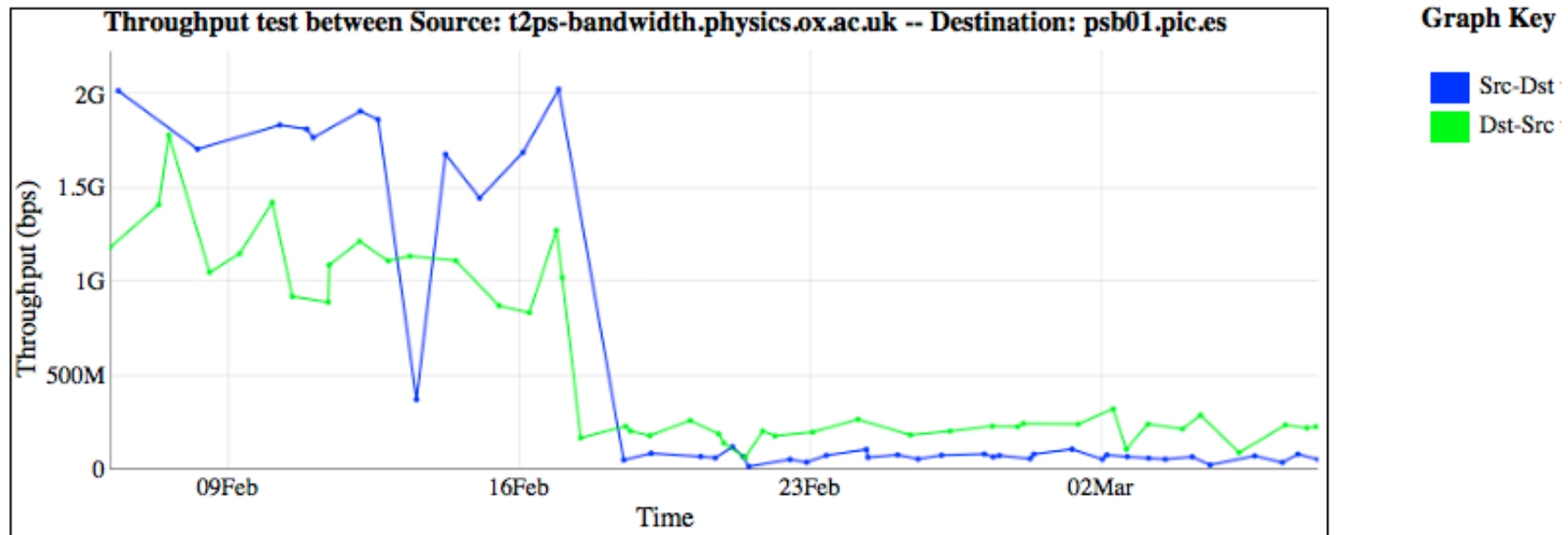


- Most sites have similar performance with IPv4 and IPv6
- Oxford is a notable but not unexpected exception: IPv6 rates around 0.6 Gbps



- Dual-stack perfSONAR hosts favour IPv6 by default
- Oxford to PIC suffered an artificial drop in rate measured as PIC switched their perfSONAR host from IPv4-only to dual-stack

**perfSONAR BWCTL Graph**



[<- 1 month](#)

[1 month ->](#)

**Timezone: GMT+0000 (GMT)**

## Estimating IPv6 & DNSSEC External Service Deployment Status

[NIST IPv6 and DNSSEC Deployment Monitor](#)

- Detailed IPv6 & DNSSEC Service Interface Statistics for 20140207 -

Domain	Organization	DNS	Mail	Web
uk.ac.stfc.	<a href="#">RAL</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[4] 0/0/0 [O]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.brunel.	<a href="#">Brunel University</a>	[5] 2/1/2 [M]	[4] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.imperial.	<a href="#">Imperial College London</a>	[4] 3/3/3 [P]	[4] 4/4/0 [P]	[1] 1/1/1 [I]
uk.ac.qmul.	<a href="#">Queen Mary University of London</a>	[4] 0/0/0 [P]	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.rhul.	<a href="#">Royal Holloway University of London</a>	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[3] 0/0/0 [O]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.udl.	<a href="#">University College London</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[6] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.lancs.	<a href="#">University of Lancaster</a>	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[5] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.liv.	<a href="#">University of Liverpool</a>	[4] 0/0/0 [M]	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.manchester.	<a href="#">University of Manchester</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [P]
uk.ac.shef.	<a href="#">University of Sheffield</a>	[3] 2/2/2 [M]	[5] 4/4/0 [O]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.dur.	<a href="#">University of Durham</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[4] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.ed.	<a href="#">University of Edinburgh</a>	[6] 0/0/0 [I]	[3] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.gla.	<a href="#">University of Glasgow</a>	[3] 0/0/0 [I]	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.bham.	<a href="#">University of Birmingham</a>	[2] 0/0/0 [I]	[6] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.bris.	<a href="#">University of Bristol</a>	[3] 1/1/1 [M]	[4] 0/0/0 [O]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.cam.	<a href="#">University of Cambridge</a>	[6] 4/4/4 [M]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.ed.	<a href="#">University of Edinburgh</a>	[6] 0/0/0 [I]	[3] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.ox.	<a href="#">University of Oxford</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]
uk.ac.stfc.	<a href="#">RAL PPD</a>	[4] 1/1/1 [M]	[4] 0/0/0 [O]	[0] 0/0/0 [-]
uk.ac.susx.	<a href="#">University of Sussex</a>	[4] 0/0/0 [M]	[5] 0/0/0 [I]	[1] 0/0/0 [I]

For each domain and service, report:

1. number of IPv4 interfaces
2. number with IPv6 assigned
3. number of IPv6 addresses pingable
4. number of interfaces actually running over IPv6

A number of GridPP institutes apparently have some IPv6 ready DNS servers...

- Openstack: we would like to make the GridPP Cloud able to run dual-stack or IPv6 only VMs
  - monitoring CERN's activities in this area
- Security: do we want to get involved in this somehow?
- For sites interested in IPv6 the general consensus from sites with experience is that installing a dual-stack perfSONAR host might make a good starting point...
- Then consider making a few services such as site BDII, CE and a few WN dual-stack, as Imperial and Oxford have
- The WLCG VOs are starting to show more interest
- At the start of Run2 we will have less time for this than we do now

- The UK is playing a significant role within the HEPiX working group
- Imperial, Oxford, QMUL, Brunel and Glasgow have an IPv6 presence
- Critical mass of experience building up
- Alastair and Pete raising awareness of IPv6 within ATLAS Distributed Computing
- Prototype perfSONAR dashboard allows differences between IPv4 and IPv6 throughput to be identified
- For sites, perfSONAR hosts are a good place to start