

# Quasielastic neutrino-nucleus scattering in a continuum random phase approximation approach

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We present a detailed description of a continuum random phase approximation approach to inclusive quasielastic electron and neutrino-nucleus scattering. The description of the nucleus starts from a mean field (MF) potential, where long-range correlations are added by means of a continuum random phase approximation (CRPA) based on a Green's function approach using an effective Skyrme interaction as residual interaction. The formalism is validated

by confronting our cross-section predictions with inclusive electron-scattering data for a variety of nuclear targets ( $^{12}\text{C}$ ,  $^{16}\text{O}$ ,  $^{40}\text{Ca}$ ), in the kinematic region where quasi-elastic scattering is expected to be the dominant process. We report on cross sections calculations for charged-current quasielastic (anti)neutrino scattering off  $^{12}\text{C}$  in the energy range of interest for the MiniBooNE experiment and compare our results with the MiniBooNE (anti)neutrino cross-section measurements. The CRPA predictions reproduce the gross features of the measured double-differential cross sections. We pay special attention to the low-energy excitations which can account for non-negligible contributions in the MiniBooNE, T2K and other similar experiments, and require a microscopic nuclear investigation beyond the Fermi gas model.

## **WG3: Accelerator Physics (Yes/No)**

No

## **WG2: Neutrino Scattering Physics (Yes/No)**

Yes

## **WG4: Muon Physics (Yes/No)**

No

## **WG1: Neutrino Oscillation Physics (Yes/No)**

Yes

## **Type of presentation**

Oral presentation

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