

(PRELIMINARY) STUDIES ON TOP QUARK PAIR PRODUCTION IN ASSOCIATION WITH HIGGS AND Z BOSONS

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SELF-INTRODUCTION

- I am coming from China. I received my Ph.D. from Peking University, Beijing, China in June 2014.
- During 2012-2013, I spent one year at CERN as a visitor supported by ERC grant LHCtheory (hosted by Michelangelo, Stefano, Fabio and Roberto) and started to join in MadGraph5_aMC@NLO collaboration.
- My main interests rely on two fields:
 - QCD and heavy quarkonium production (my main field during my Ph.D.). The aim is to understand heavy quarkonium production mechanism and probe the dynamics in the QCD non-perturbative regime.
 - Automatic NLO (e.g. QCD and/or EW corrections) computations in SM and BSM (my main stuff at CERN, one BSM example see Benjamin's talk). The aim is realizing any quantum corrections in any QFT (include EFT).

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Numerical values

The best-fit results for independent signal strengths corresponding to the four main production processes, ggH, VBF, VH, and ttH; the expected sensitivities and observed significances with respect to background-only hypothesis ($\mu = 0$), and the pull of the observation with respect to the SM hypothesis ($\mu = 1$). These results assume that the relative values of the branching fractions are those predicted by the SM.

Parameter	Best fit result (68% CL) for full combination	Observed significance (σ)	Expected sensitivity (σ)	Pull to SM hypothesis (σ)
μ_{ggH}	$0.85^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$	6.5	7.5	-0.8
μ_{VBF}	$1.15^{+0.37}_{-0.35}$	3.6	3.3	0.4
μ_{VH}	$1.00^{+0.40}_{-0.40}$	2.7	2.7	0.0
μ_{ttH}	$2.93^{+1.04}_{-0.97}$	3.5	1.2	2.1

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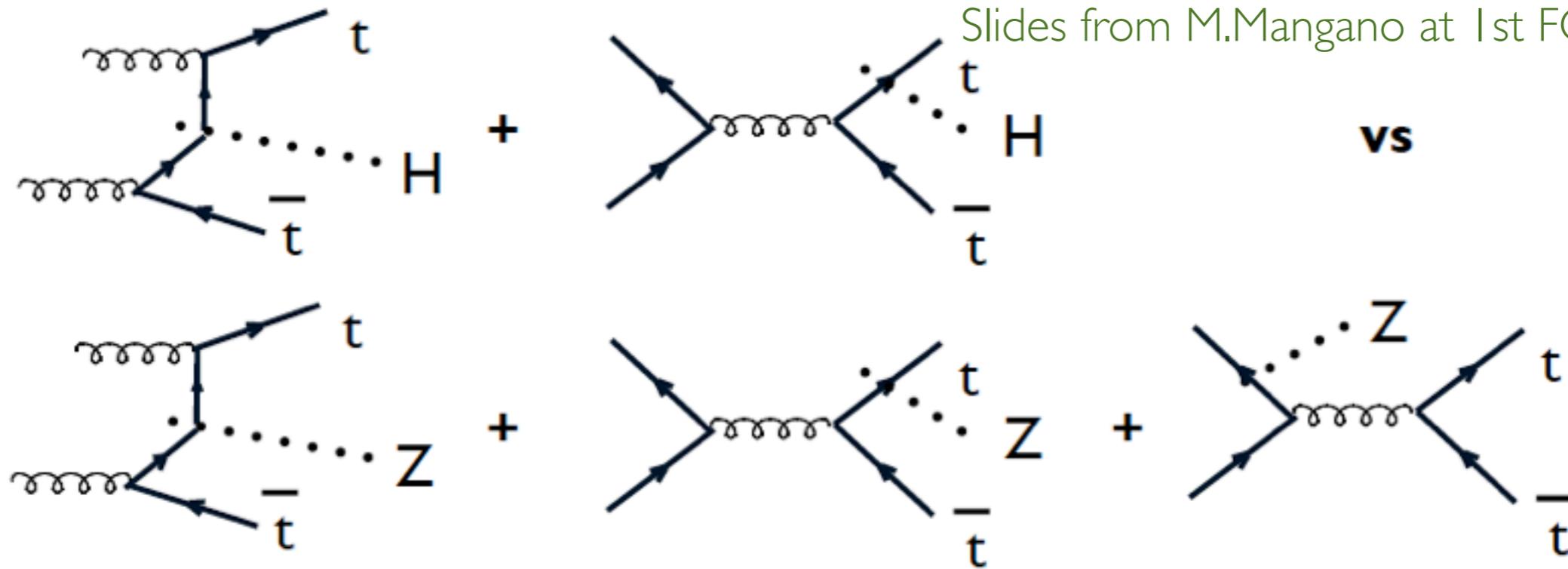
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**It is time to harvest on those 'rare' processes at the
LHC Run II phase**

$pp \rightarrow ttH$ vs $pp \rightarrow ttZ$

Slides from M.Mangano at 1st FCC-hh Workshop



To the extent that the $q\bar{q} \rightarrow ttZ/H$ contributions are subdominant:

- Identical production dynamics:

- o correlated QCD corrections, correlated scale dependence
- o correlated α_s systematics

- $m_Z \sim m_H \Rightarrow$ almost identical kinematic boundaries:

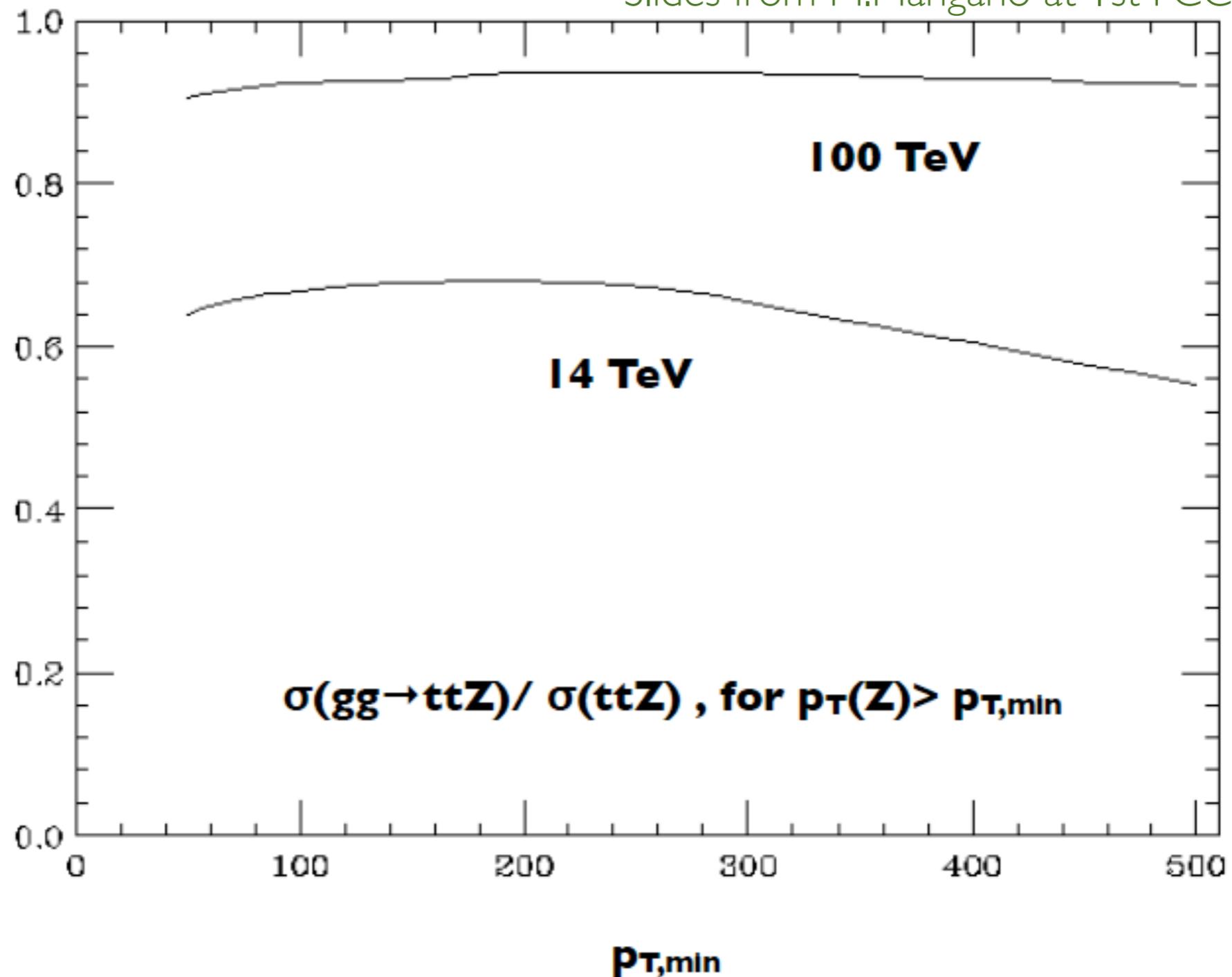
- o correlated PDF systematics
- o correlated m_{top} systematics

For a given y_{top} , we expect $\sigma(ttH)/\sigma(ttZ)$ to be predicted with great precision

At 100 TeV, $gg \rightarrow tt X$ is indeed dominant



Slides from M.Mangano at 1st FCC-hh Workshop



NB: At lower p_T values, gg fraction is slightly larger for ttZ than for ttH , since $m_Z < m_H$

	ttH (pb)	ttZ (pb)	ttH/ttZ
LO	0.367 $[+30.0\% -21.5\%]$ Scale $[+1.78\% -2.18\%]$ PDF	0.540 $[+30.5\% -21.8\%]$ Scale $[+1.83\% -2.25\%]$ PDF	0.682 $[+0.361\% -0.446\%]$ Scale +PDF
NLO QCD	0.475 $[+5.79\% -9.04\%]$ Scale $[+2.02\% -2.50\%]$ PDF	0.785 $[+9.81\% -11.2\%]$ Scale $[+1.93\% -2.39\%]$ PDF	0.606 $[+2.46\% -3.66\%]$ Scale +PDF
Weak	-0.00659	-0.0252	0.263

NLO QCD, $\mu_0 = H_T/2$, LHC13

	ttH (pb)	ttZ (pb)	ttH/ttZ
MSTW	0.475 [+5.79% -9.04%]Scale [+2.02% -2.50%]PDF	0.785 [+9.81% -11.2%]Scale [+1.93% -2.39%]PDF	0.606 [+2.45% -3.66%]Scale [+0.216% -0.249%]PDF
CT10	0.450 [+5.70% -8.80%]Scale [+6.00% -5.34%]PDF	0.741 [+9.50% -10.9%]Scale [+5.91% -5.29%]PDF	0.607 [+2.34% -3.47%]Scale [+0.672% -0.675%]PDF
NNPDF	0.470 [+5.26% -8.58%]Scale [+2.22% -2.22%]PDF	0.771 [+8.97% -10.6%]Scale [+2.16% -2.16%]PDF	0.609 [+2.23% -3.41%]Scale [+0.205% -0.205%]PDF

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5% - 6%

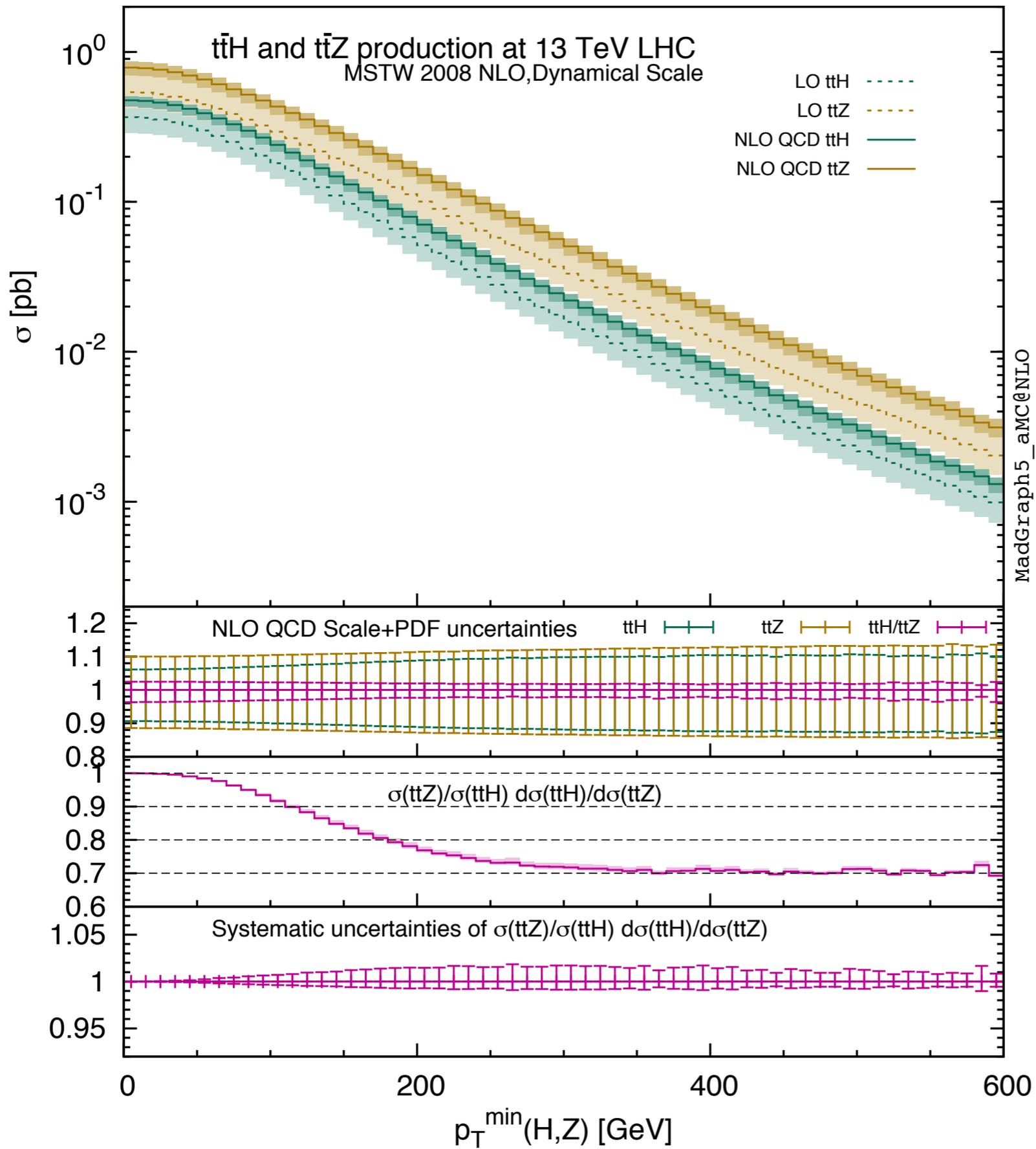
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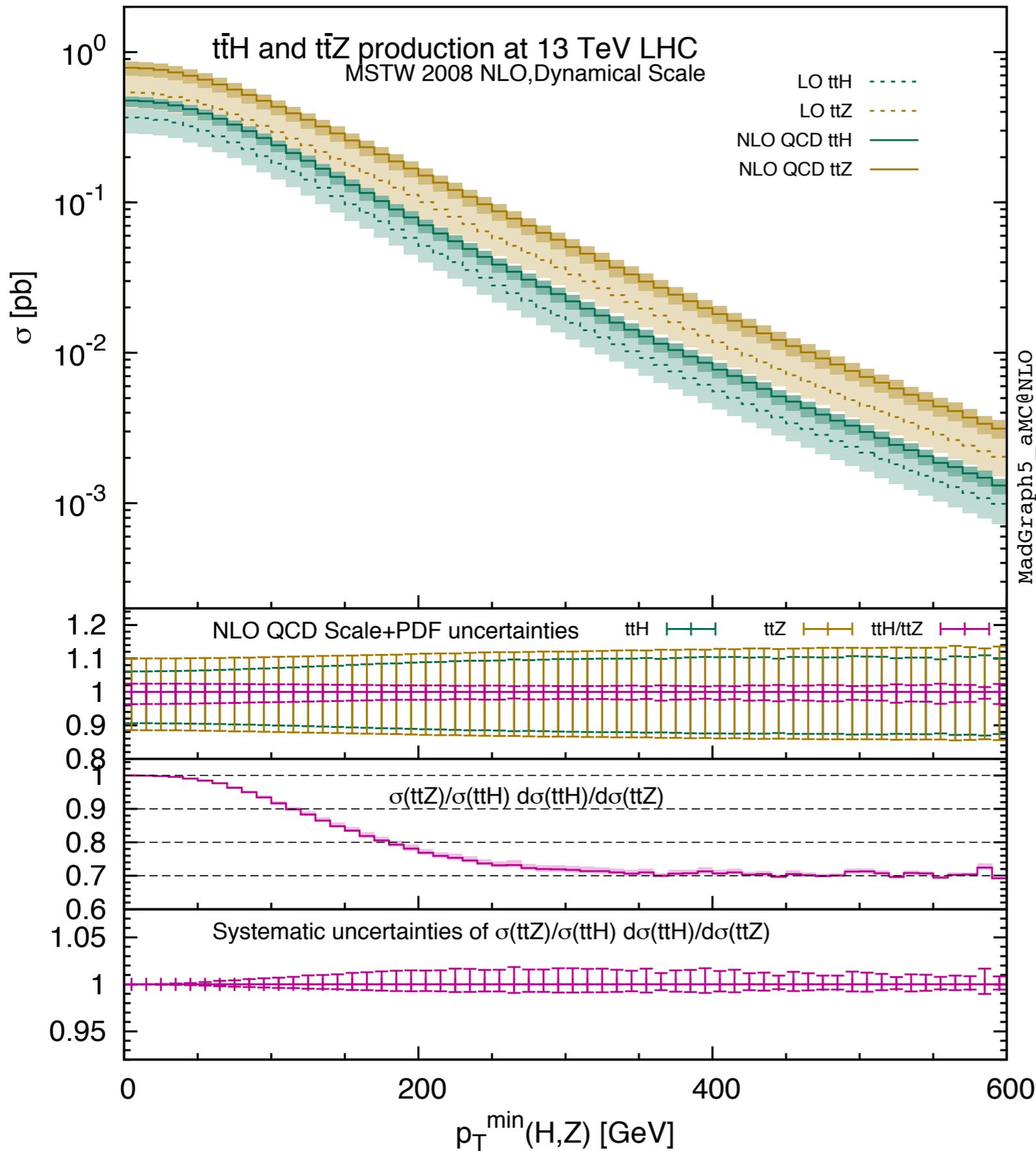
	ttH (pb)	ttZ (pb)	ttH/ttZ
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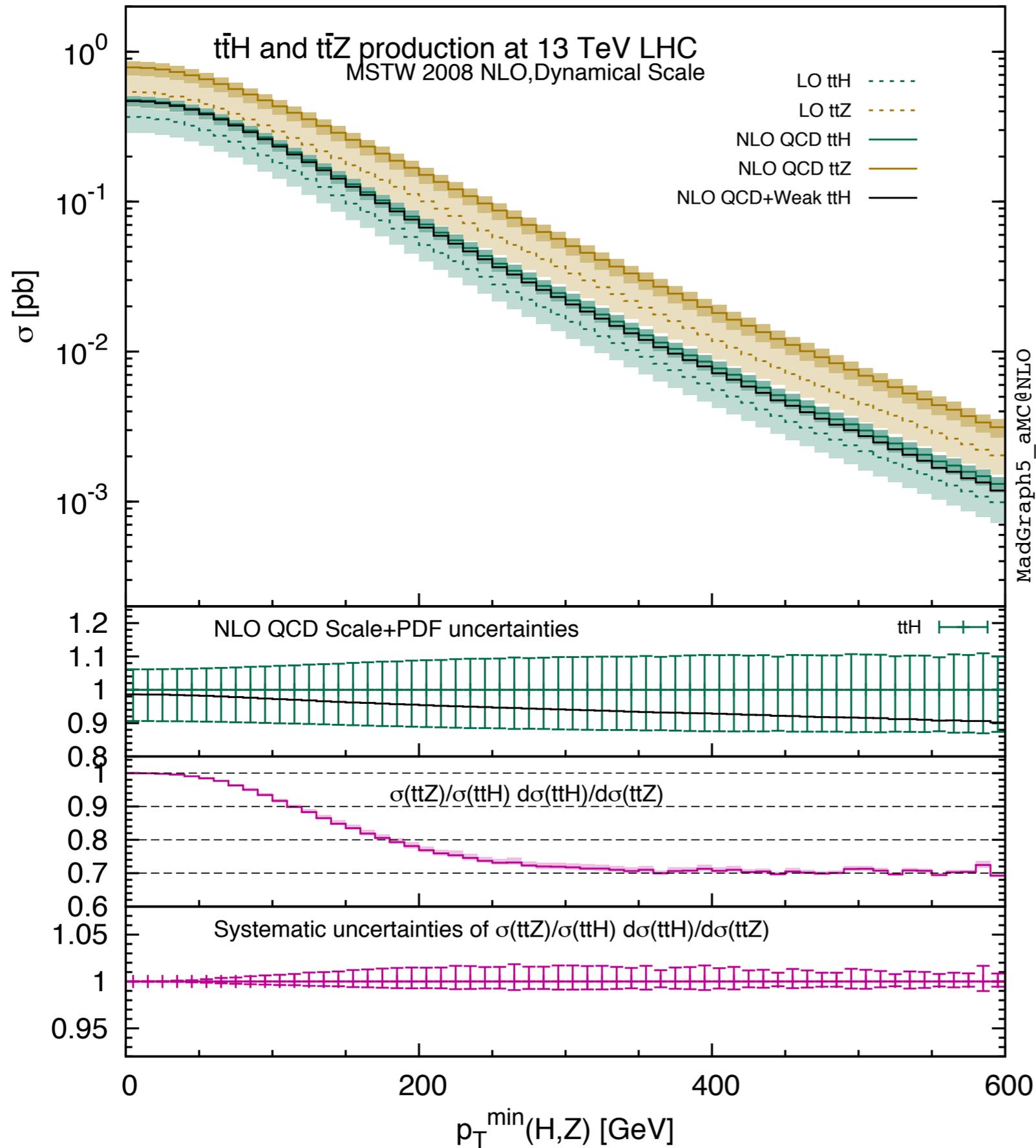
0.5%

	ttH (pb)	ttZ (pb)	ttH/ttZ
13 TeV	0.475 [+5.79% -9.04%]Scale [+2.02% -2.50%]PDF	0.785 [+9.81% -11.2%]Scale [+1.93% -2.39%]PDF	0.606 [+2.45% -3.66%]Scale [+0.216% -0.249%]PDF
100 TeV	33.9 [+7.06% -8.29%]Scale [+0.941% -1.26%]PDF	57.9 [+8.93% -9.46%]Scale [+0.901% -1.20%]PDF	0.585 [+1.29% -2.02%]Scale [+0.0526% -0.0758%]PDF

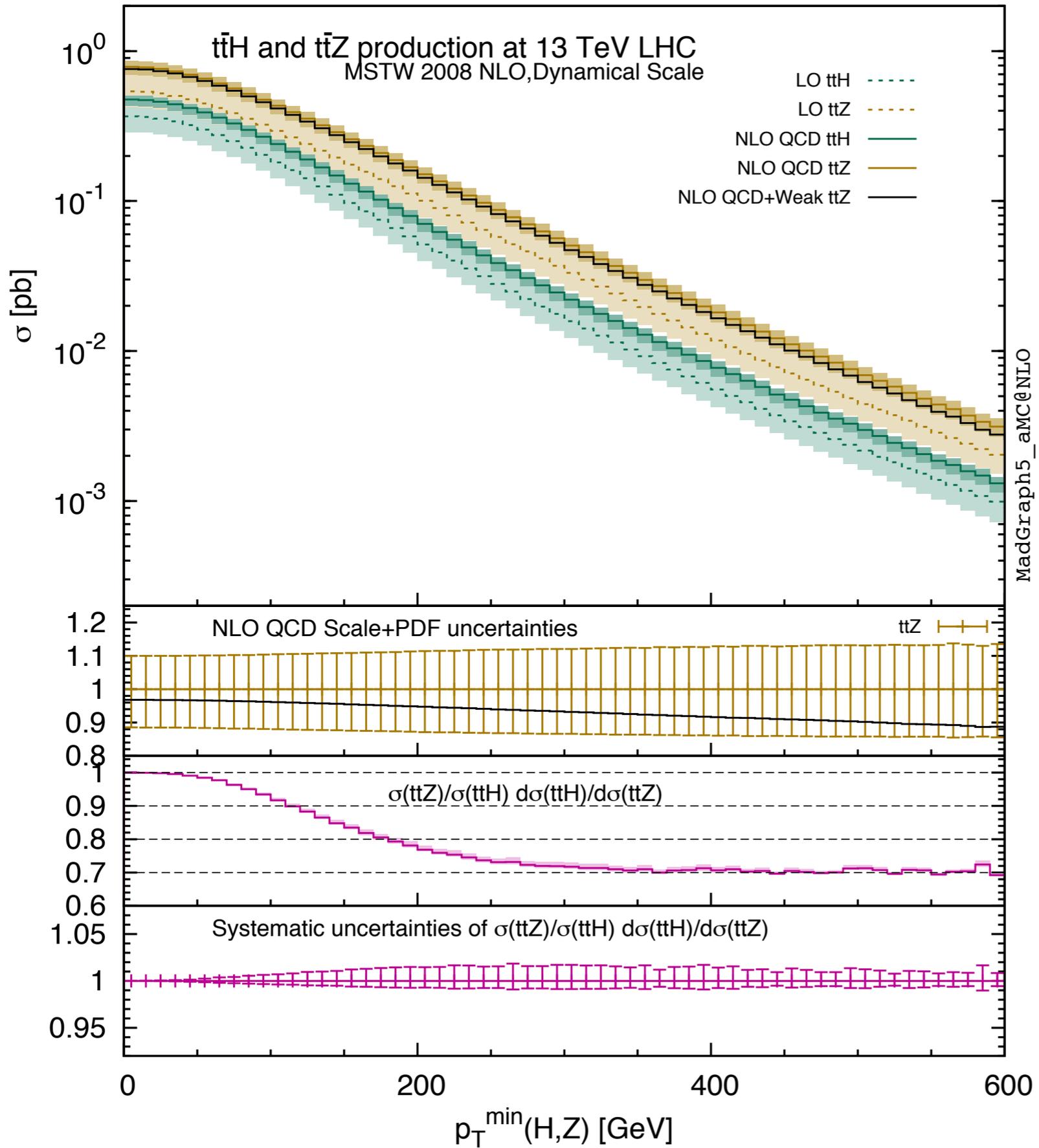




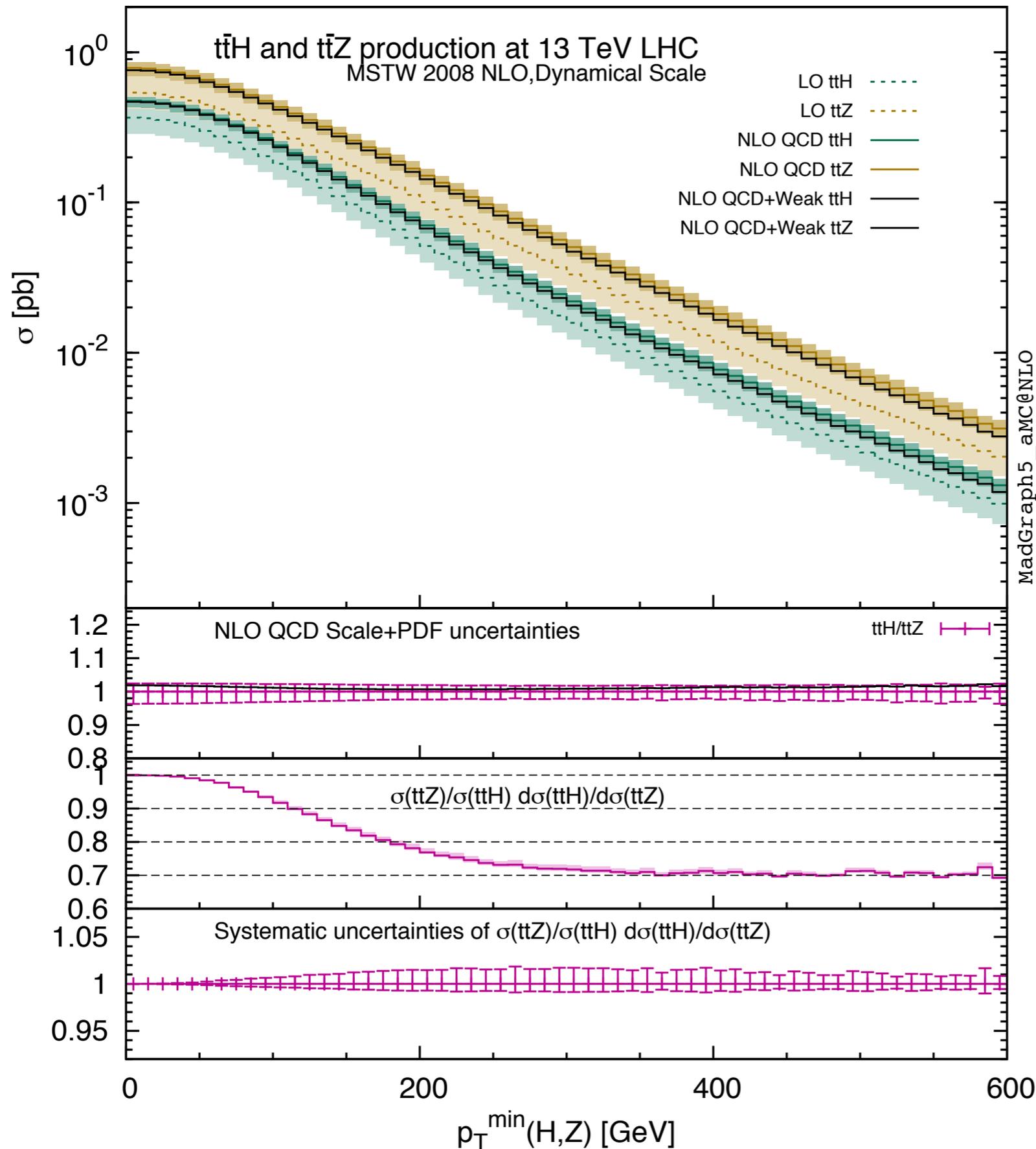
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- Weak corrections are only important (\sim system. uncer.) in the boost region for $t\bar{t}H$ as well as $t\bar{t}Z$.
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TO DO ...

- Two EW schemes: $\alpha(M_Z)$, G_{μ}
- Other scale choice: e.g. fixed scale $m(t) + m(H, Z)/2$ (in Higgs XS WG arXiv: 1101.0593)
- Systematic dependence on parameters: $m(H)$, $m(t)$, $\alpha(M_Z)$...
- Repeat for 100 TeV, where the systematics should be smaller
- Introduce some BR's, some reasonable cuts, and estimate event rates and statistical precision vs luminosity
- In the future: parton shower ?