

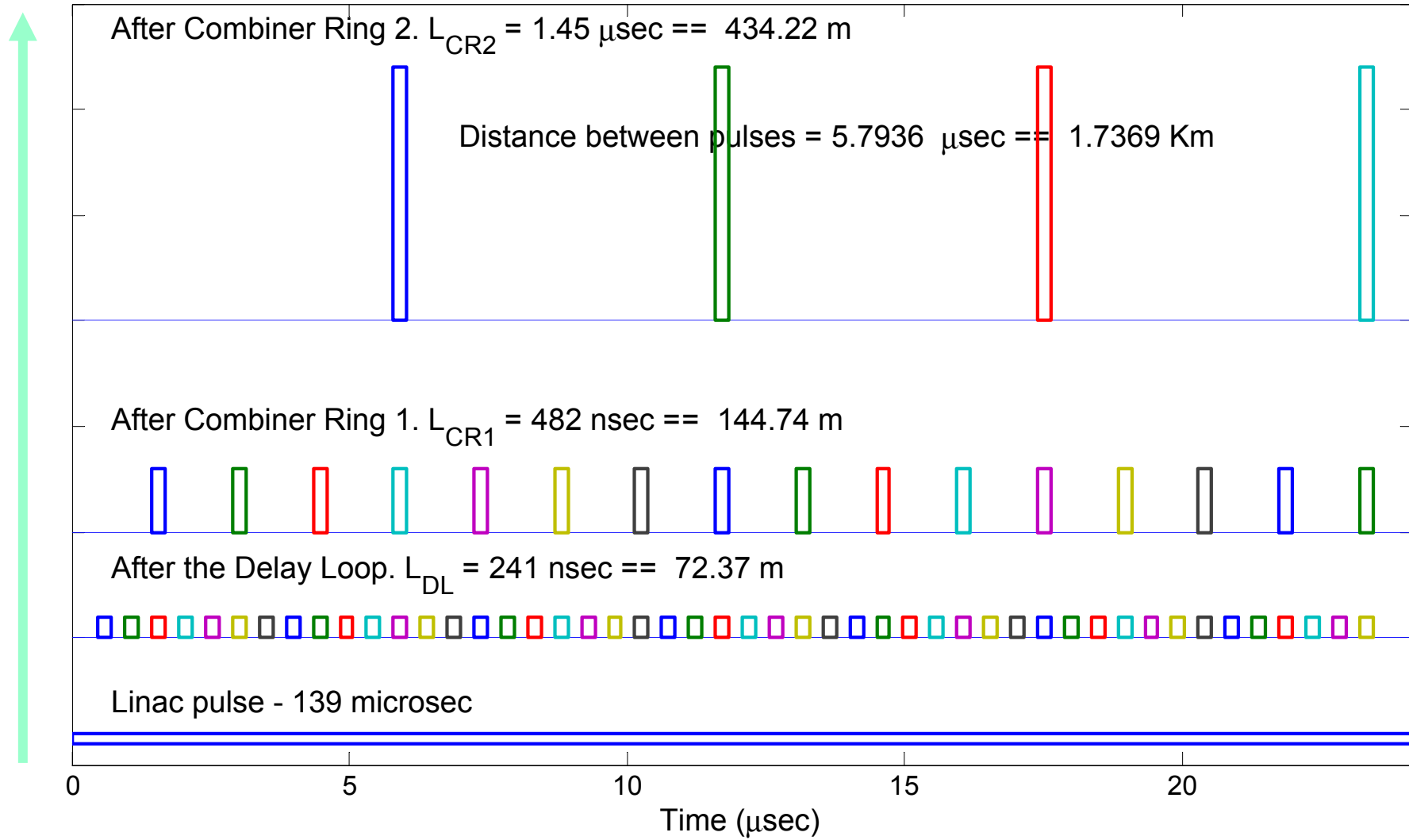
# Drive beam frequency multiplication system

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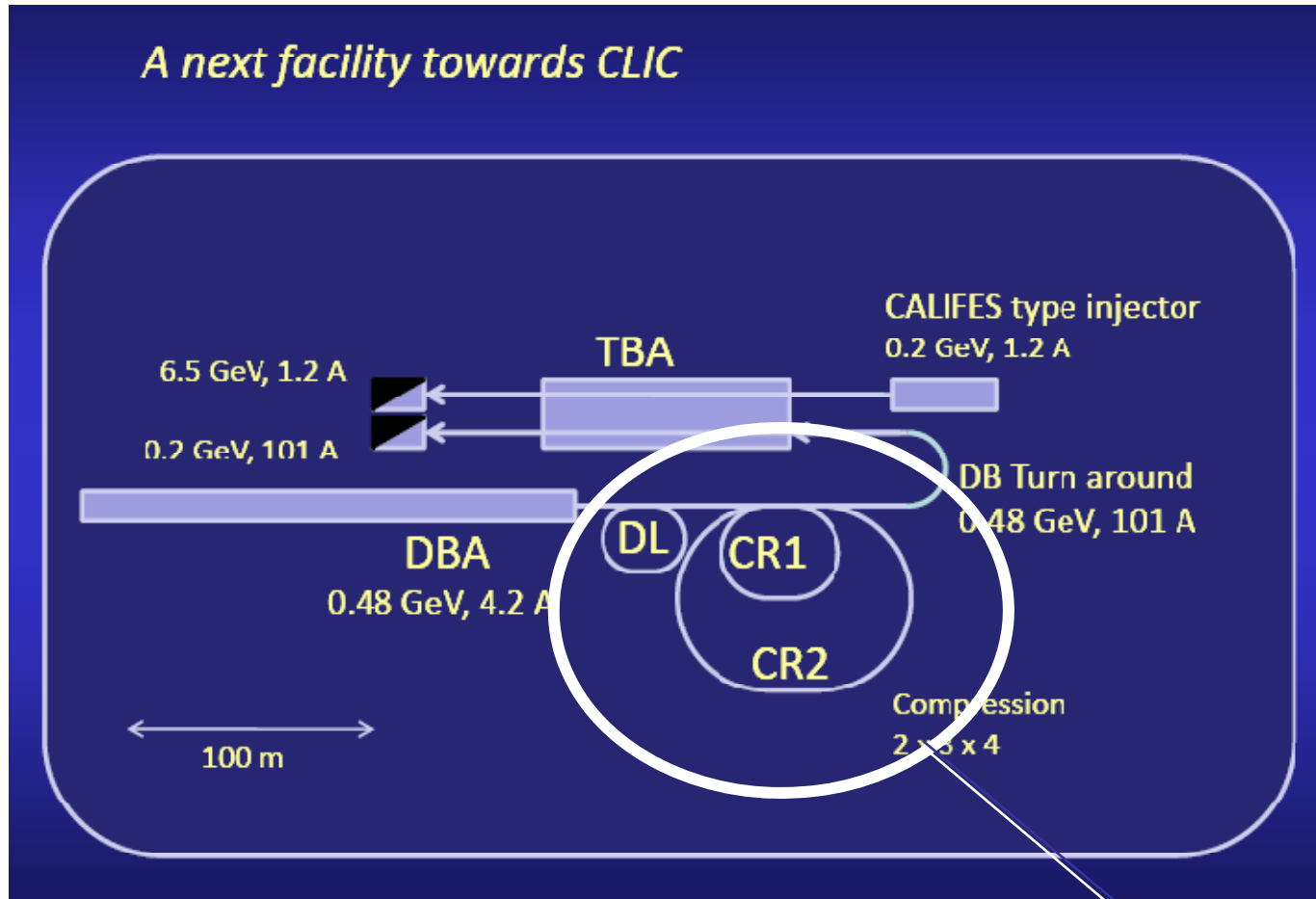
# DRIVE BEAM Basic Parameters

Energy (decelerator injection)	$E_{in,dec}$	2.37	GeV
Energy (final, minimum)	$E_{fin,dec}$	237	MeV
Average current in pulse	$I_{dec}$	101	A
Train duration	$t_{train}$	243.7	ns
No. Bunches / train	$N_{b,dec}$	2922	
Bunch charge	$Q_{b,dec}$	8.4	nC
Bunch separation	$D_{b,dec}$	0.083	ns
Bunch length, rms	$\sigma_{s,dec}$	1	mm
Normalized emittance, rms	$\gamma\epsilon_{dec}$	150	$\mu\text{m rad}$

# Beam temporal structure along the frequency multiplication system



From Hans Braun's yesterday presentation



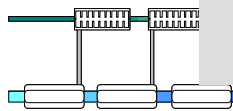
3 isochronous rings

# Delay Loop

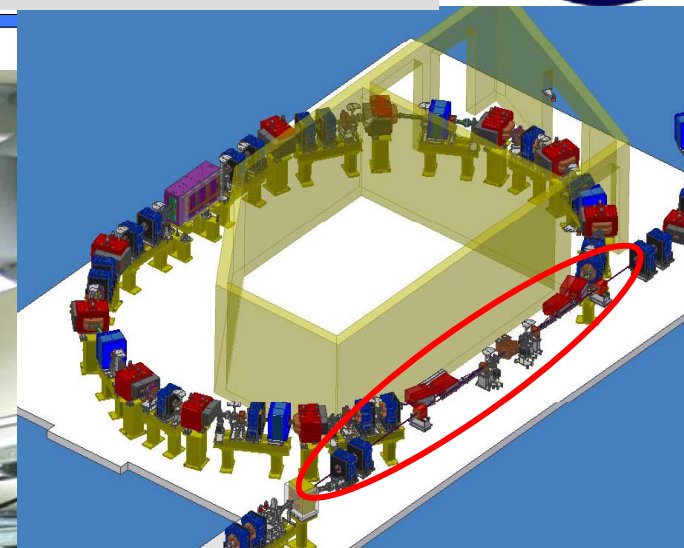
- Total length : 241 nsec = 72.37 m
- Only one passage
- Isochronicity in half Loop
- Trajectory length tunability - wiggler as in CTF3
- Normal conducting technology
  - (Bdipoles = 1.7 T)
  - $B\rho = 8 \text{ Tm} - \rho = 4.7 \text{ m}$
  - Total length of dipoles = 30 m
- Dipoles with field index to eliminate defocusing quads
- Rf deflector 500 MHz



# CTF3 Delay Loop injection/extraction



*CLIC*

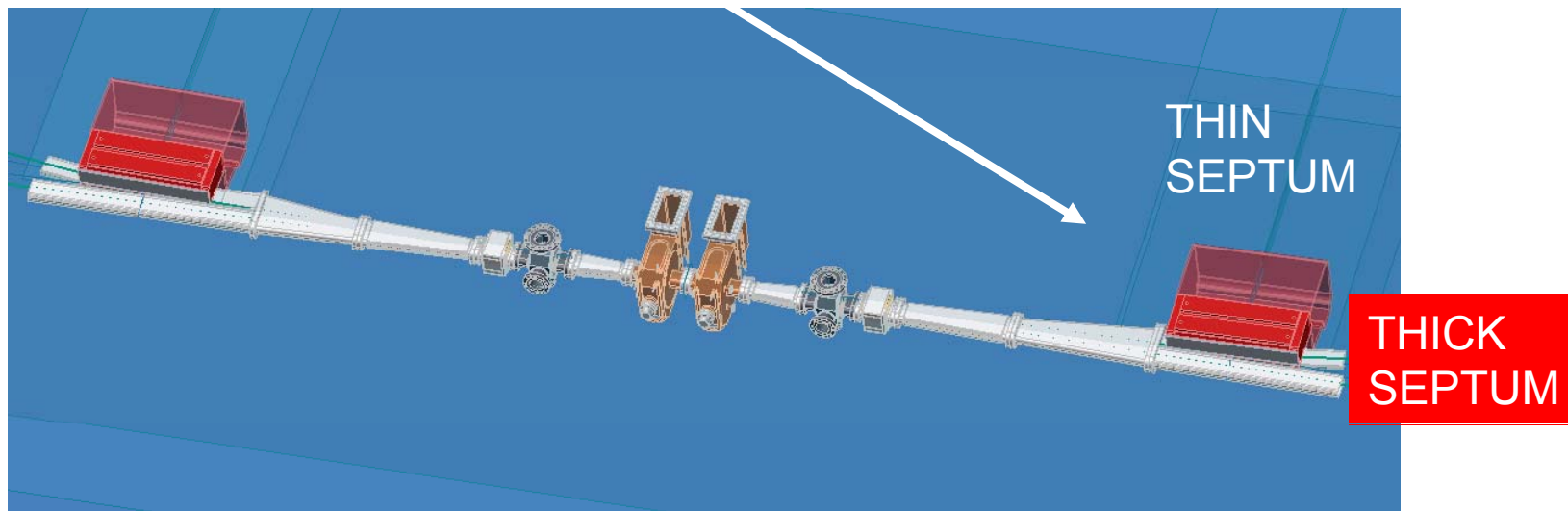


2005



# Injection-extraction DL comparison CTF3 - CLIC

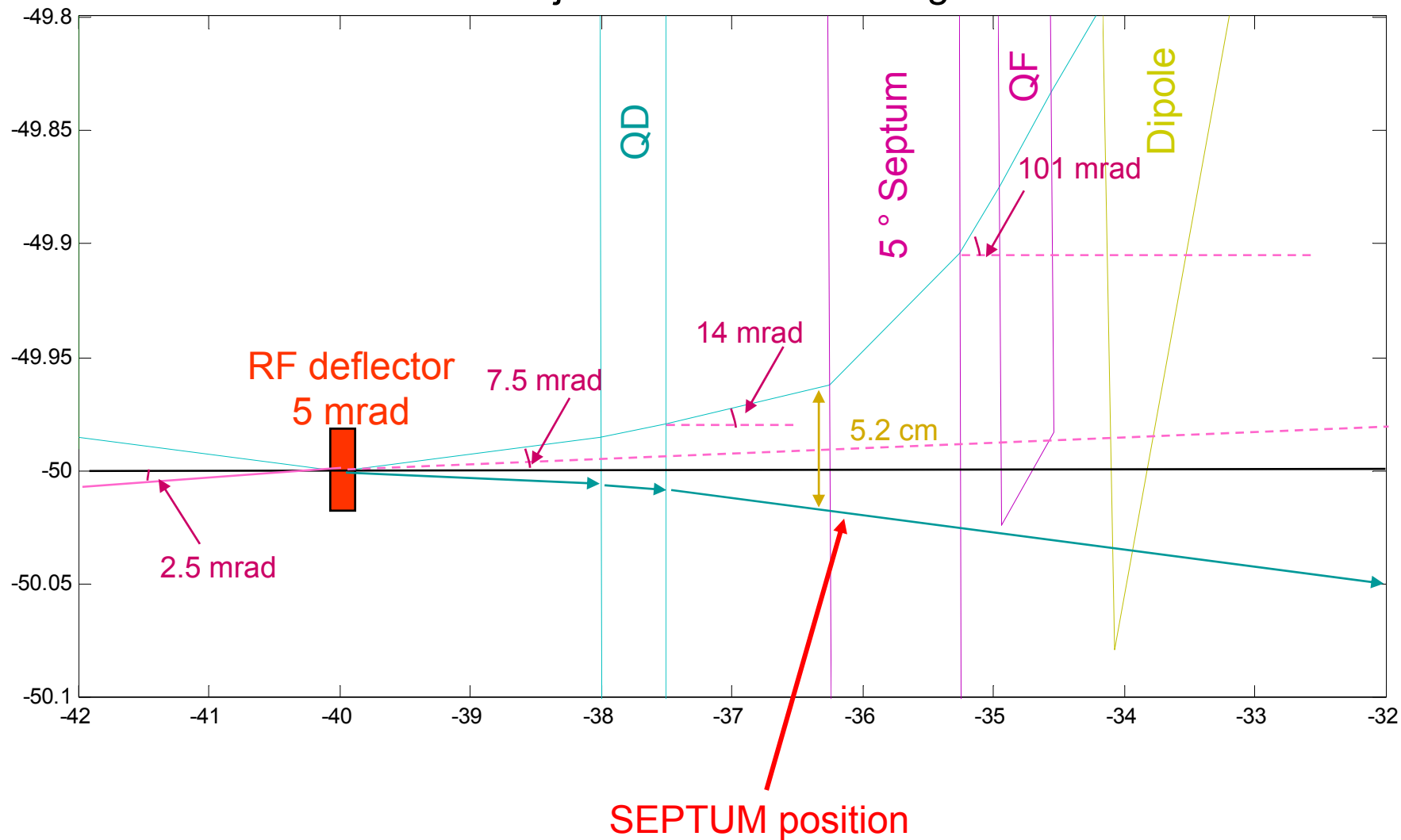
	CTF3	CLIC
Energy	0.3 MeV	2.4 GeV
RF deflector frequency	1.5 GHz	0.5 GHz
Rf deflection angle	15 mrad	5 mrad
Thin Septa angle	6.7°	?
Thick Septa angle	22°	?





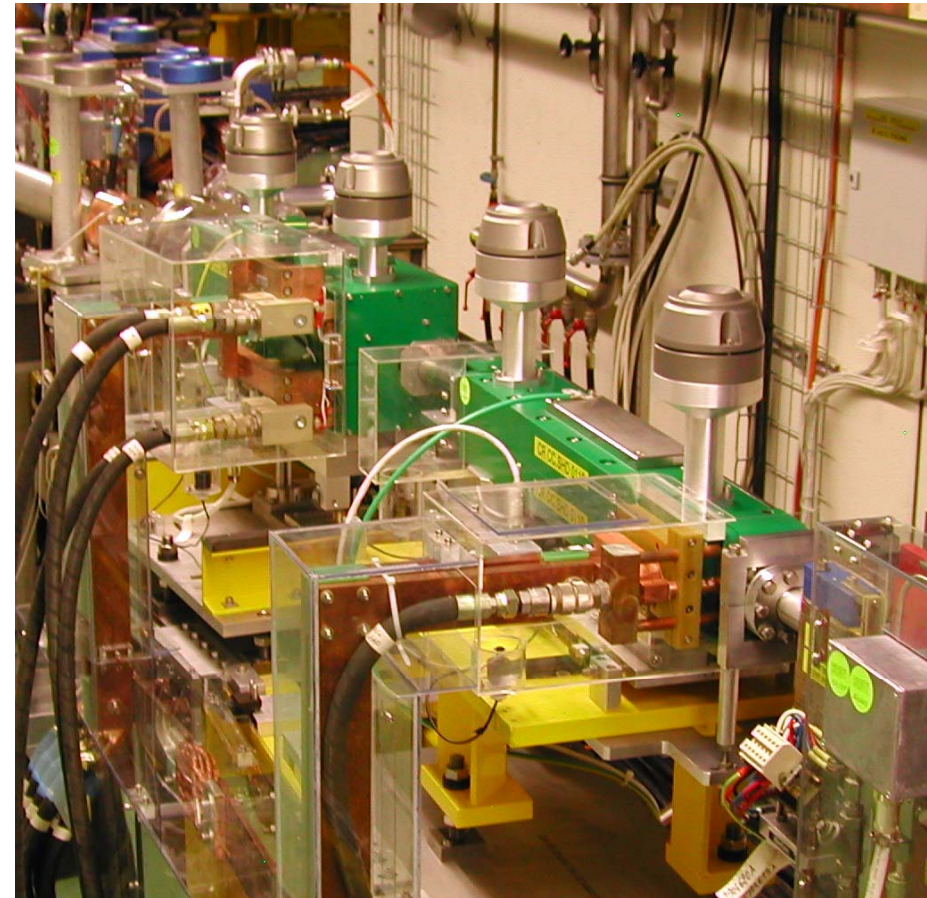
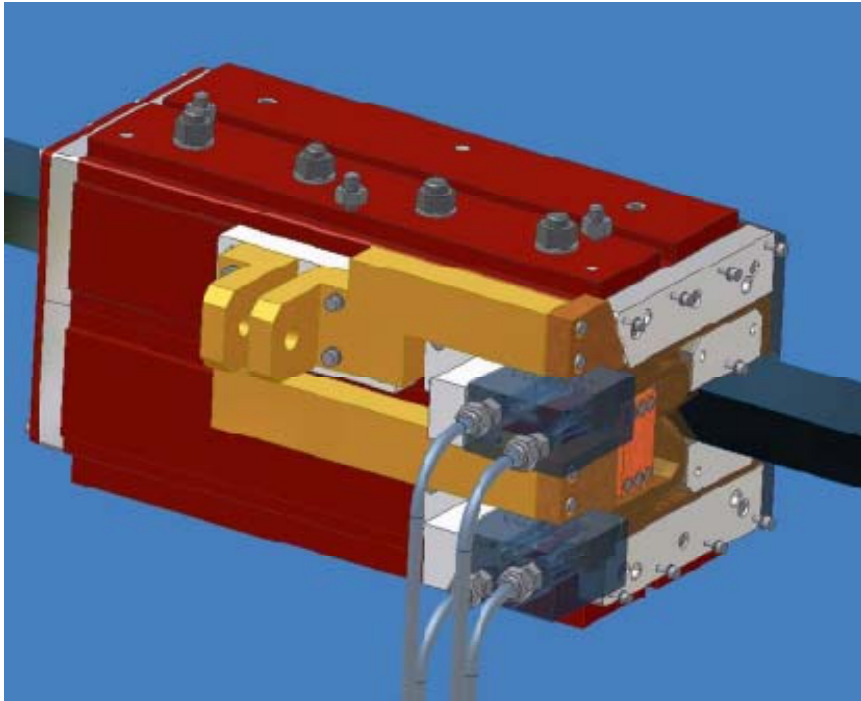
ADDING a Dquad between the rf deflector and the septum  
The odd and even bunches are separated and vertically focused on the septum position

### DL injection - extraction region





## CTF3 Combiner Ring Thick Septum



Design based on TERA septa  
evolution from EPA design.  
Built by CIEMAT (Spain)  
200 mrad @ 300 MeV

# CTF3 Combiner Ring Thick Septum Parameters

CLIC DL

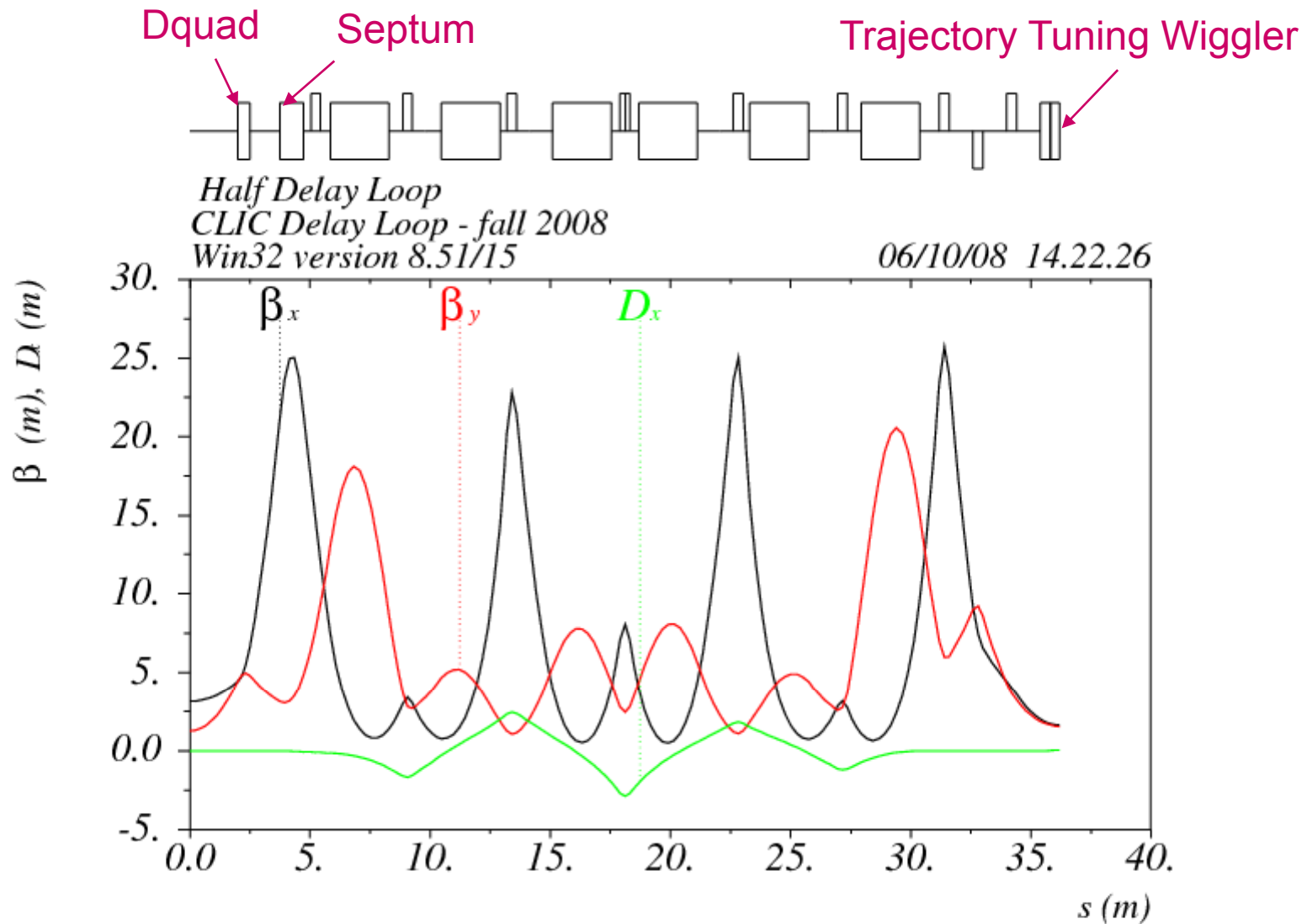
	thin	thick
Integrated field [mT.m]	48	161
Gap field [T]	62	248
Septum thickness [mm]	2	11.4
Septum conductor thickness [mm]	1.7	9.5
Gap h × w [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	40 × 70	40 × 80
Physical length [mm]	900	692
Magnetic length [mm]	782	650
Current [A]	1974	1974
Number of turns	1	4
Magnet inductance [ μH]	2	29.6
Electrical resistance [mΩ]	0.3	0.9

800

< 25

30x80

1000



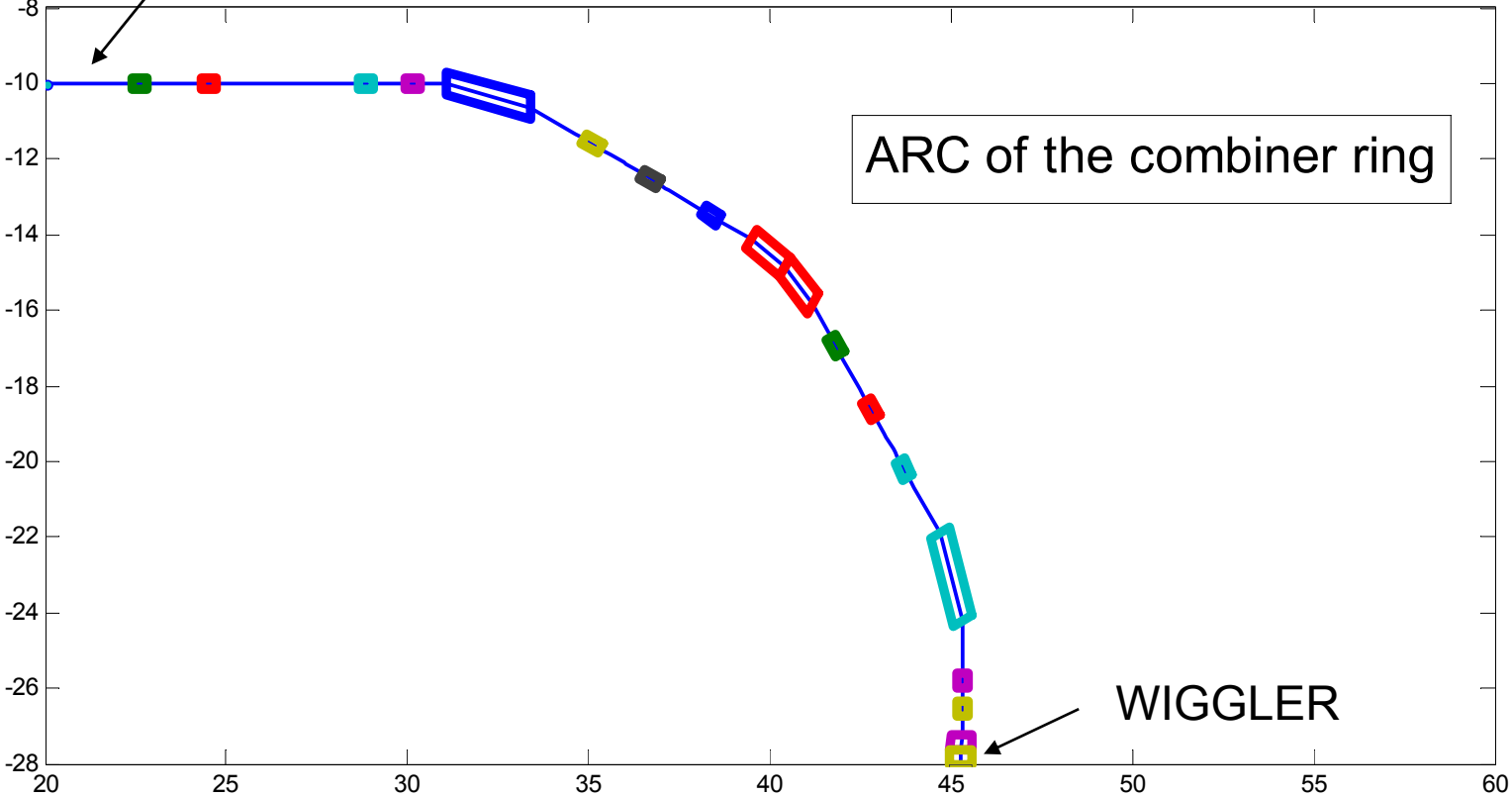
Optical functions in half Delay Loop  
 $Q_x = 5.1$   $Q_y = 3.04$

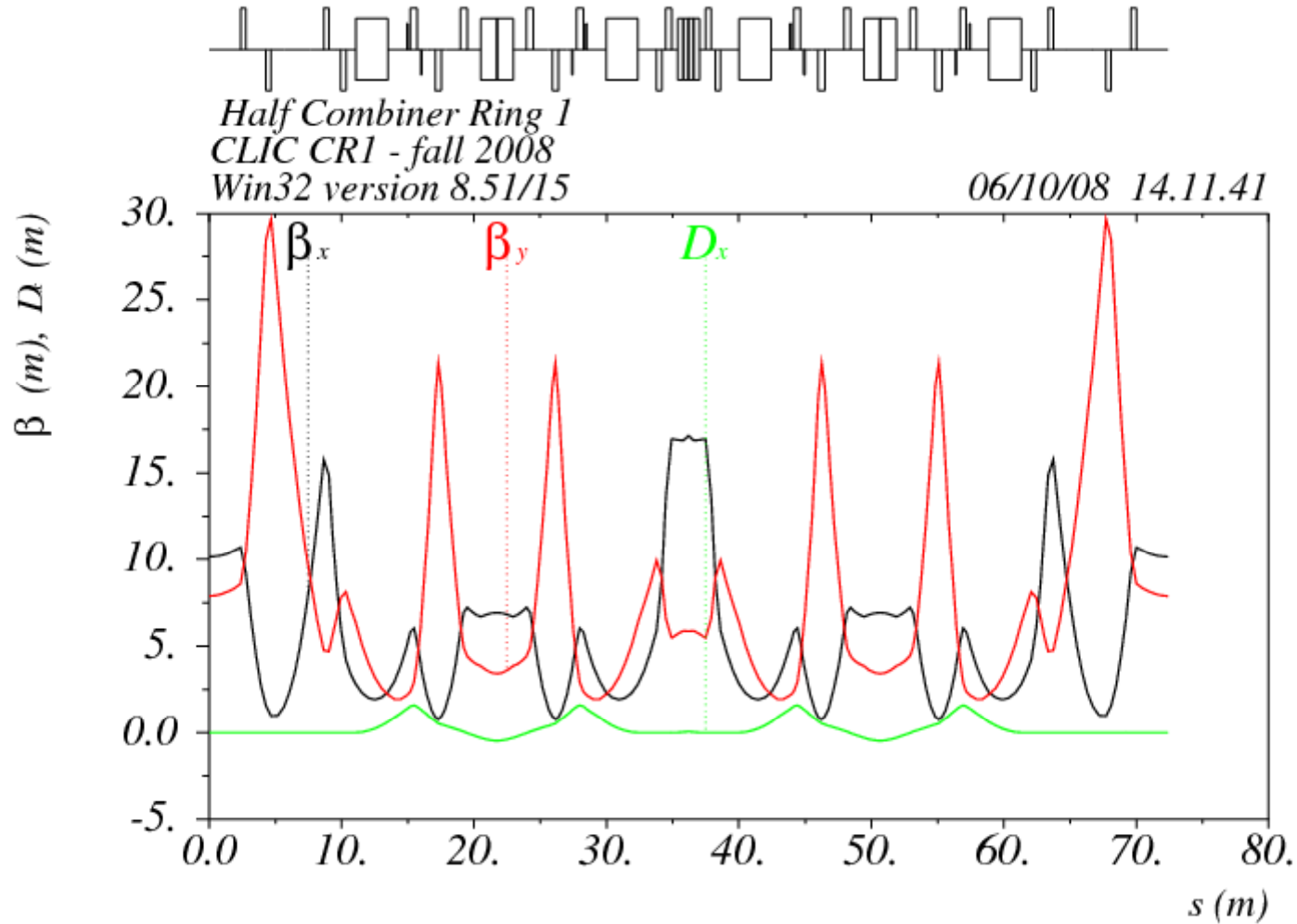
# Combiner Ring 1

- Total length : 482 nsec = 146 m
- Up to three passages
- Trajectory length tunability - 2 wigglers
- Normal conducting technology
  - (Bdipoles = 1.7 T)
  - $B\rho = 8 \text{ Tm} - \rho = 4.7 \text{ m}$
  - Total length of dipoles = 30 m (as in Delay Loop)
- Parallel poles Dipoles
- Rf deflector 1 GHz
- Design based on CTF3 Combiner Ring:
- Isochronous arc with three dipoles

CLIC

INJECTION or EXTRACTION



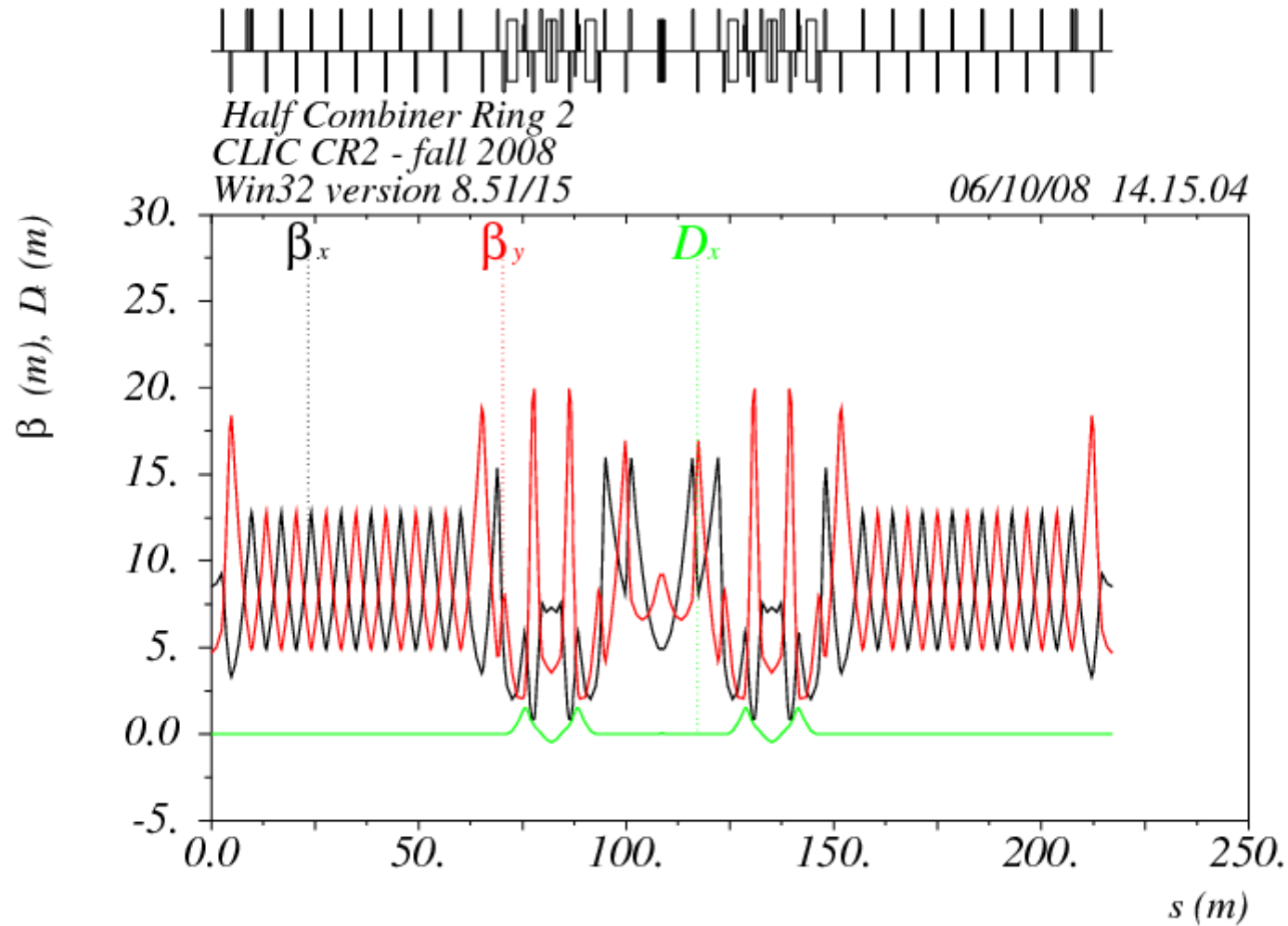


Optical functions in half COMBINER RING 1  
 $Q_x = 22.2$   $Q_y = 13.6$

# Combiner Ring 2

- Total length : 1450 nsec = 434 m
- Up to four passages
- Trajectory length tunability
- Normal conducting technology  
(Bdipoles = 1.7 T)  
 $B\rho = 8 \text{ Tm} - \rho = 4.7 \text{ m}$   
Total length of dipoles = 30 m
- Parallel poles Dipoles
- Rf deflector 3 GHz
- Same arc of COMBINER RING 1
- Length filled with FODO cells





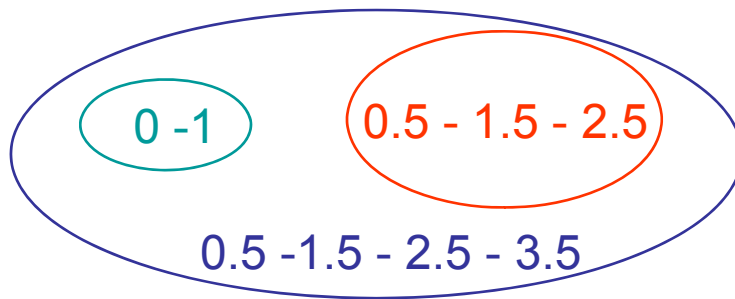
Optical functions in half COMBINER RING 2  
 $Q_x = 38.1$   $Q_y = 32.2$

# Main parameters of the 3 rings

Parameter		DL	CR1	CR2
Energy	GeV	<b>2.37</b>	<b>2.37</b>	<b>2.37</b>
Emittance	$\mu\text{m rad}$	<b>&lt; 100</b>	<b>&lt; 100</b>	<b>&lt; 100</b>
Energy spread		<b>&lt; 1 %</b>	<b>&lt; 1 %</b>	<b>&lt; 1 %</b>
L	m	<b>73.05</b>	<b>146.09</b>	<b>438.28</b>
Combination factor		<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>
RF deflector frequency	MHz	<b>499.8</b>	<b>999.5</b>	<b>2998.6</b>
Bunch length (rms)	mm	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
N of dipoles		<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>
$\rho$	m	<b>4.7</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>4.7</b>
B	T	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>1.7</b>
N of quadrupoles / families		<b>18 / 9</b>	<b>48 / 9</b>	<b>64 + fodo quads</b>
$I_q * \text{dB/dx max}$	T		<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>

## Energy loss per turn (Synchrotron radiation)

$$U_0(\text{keV}) = 88.46 \frac{E(\text{GeV})^4}{\rho(\text{m})} = 0.6 \text{ MeV} \quad \rho = 4.7\text{m}$$



From 1 turn to 7 turns: energy loss from 0.6 to 4.2 MeV

↓

$$\Delta E/E < 0.2 \%$$

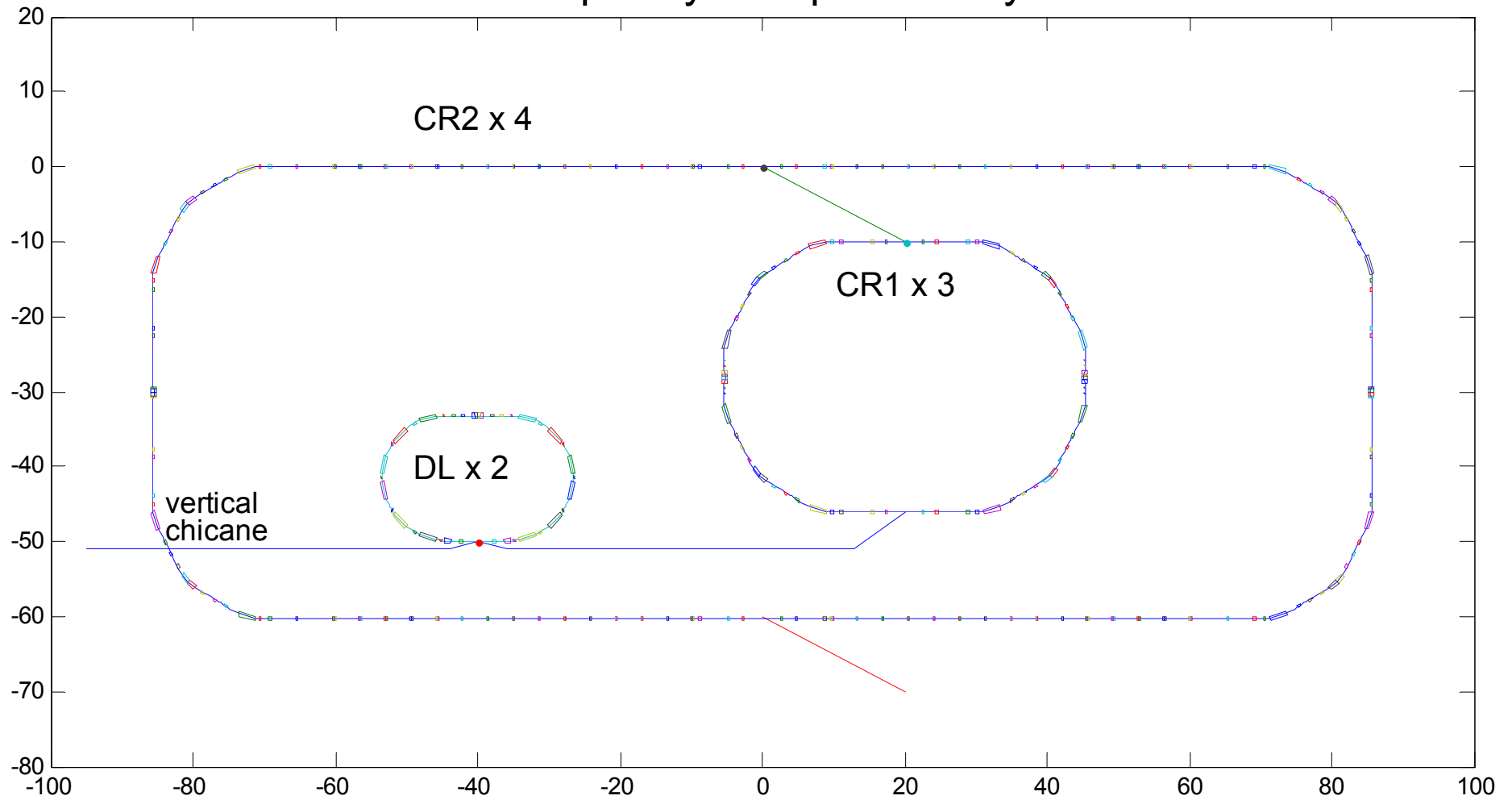
Correction of 2° order momentum compaction terms  
correcting chromaticity to almost zero

	T566 Sext off	T566 Sext on	SEXT STRENGTH
CR1	-19.0	0.12	K <sub>sx</sub> =46,-34 (L = 0.1 m)
CR2	-19.0	0.3	K <sub>sx</sub> =62,-53 (L = 0.1 m)

(To be tested with tracking- in progress)

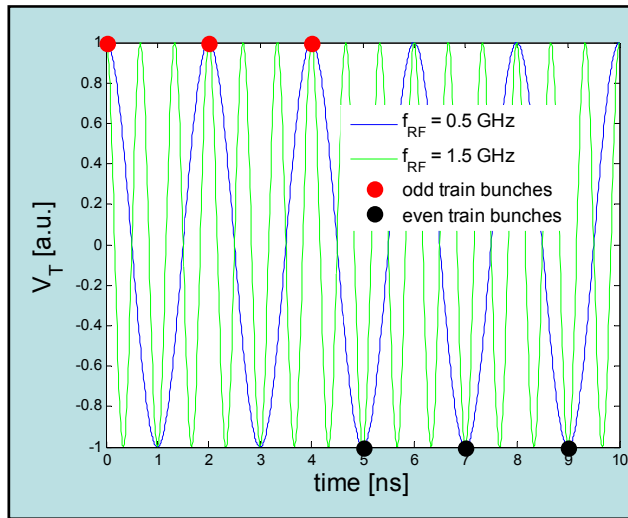
# LAYOUT of the three RINGS

## CLIC frequency multiplication system



# RF deflectors

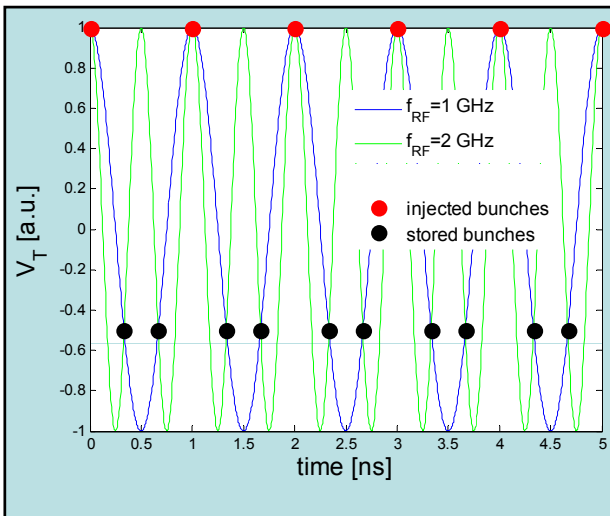
# Deflector Frequencies



## Delay Loop:

$$f = f_{\text{linac}}/2 (2n+1), \quad n=0,1,2,\dots$$

$$f = 0.5 \text{ GHz}, 1.5 \text{ GHz}, 2.5 \text{ GHz}, \dots$$



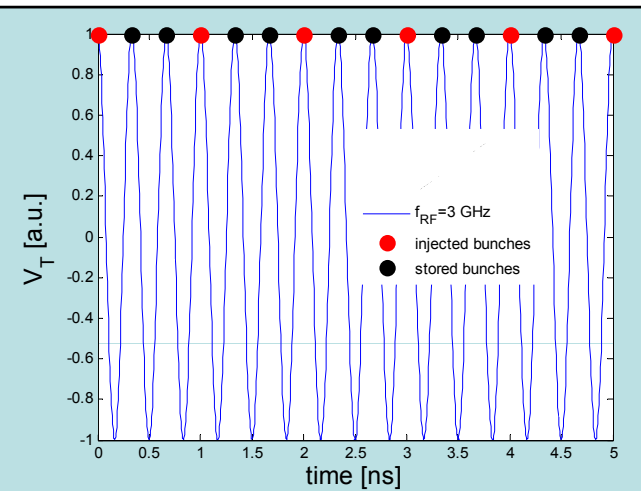
## Combiner Ring 1:

(recombination factor  $m = 3$ )

$$f = n f_{\text{bunch}}, \quad n=1,2,4,5,\dots$$

(but  $n \neq m$  and its multiple integers)

$$f = 1 \text{ GHz}, 2 \text{ GHz}, 4 \text{ GHz}, \dots$$



Same rule for CR2 (recombination factor  $m = 4$ ):

$$f = 3 \text{ GHz}, 6 \text{ GHz}, \dots$$



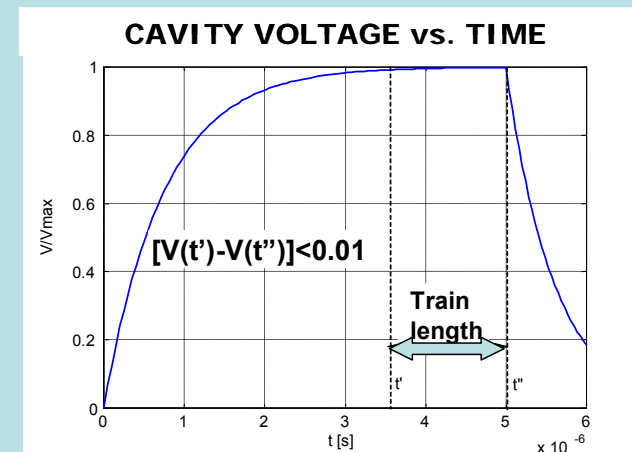
# Standing Wave Deflectors

A SW structure is already used for the **CTF3 Delay Loop**

## CTF3 DL DEFLECTOR DESIGN PARAMETER

Frequency [GHz]	1.4995
angle of deflection [mrad]	15
Max. Beam energy [MeV]	300
Klystron output Power [MW]	20
Pulse length [ $\mu$ s]	5
Cavity unloaded/loaded Q (*)	23000/ 3200
# of cells	2

(\*)  $\beta \sim 6$  to reduce  $Q_L$   
and filling time



In **CLIC** the linac pulse ( $\sim 140 \mu$ s) is generally much longer than the cavity filling time even in case of cavity with high loaded Q (that means higher efficiency structures).

Only input coupling coefficient  $\beta=1$  are considered  $\rightarrow$  no reflected power from the cavity  
(excepted the RF pulse transients)

$\rightarrow$  minimization of the klystron power

# Delay Loop Standing Wave RF deflector

beam energy: 2.38MeV

deflection: 5mrads

freq [GHz]	# of cells	cell radius [mm]	total length [mm]	$Q_0$ [x 1000]	$\beta$	$Q_L$ [x 1000]	filling time [ $\mu$ s]	single cell dissipated $PWR_{av}$ [kW]	Klystron $PWR_{peak}$ [MW]	$R_{shunt}$ [ $M\Omega$ ]
0.5	1	365	300	50	1	25	16	360	48	1.5
0.5	2	365	600	50	1	25	16	90	24	3.0
1.5	1	122	100	29	1	14.5	3.1	620	83	0.86
1.5	2	122	200	29	1	14.5	3.1	155	42	1.72
1.5	4	122	400	29	1	14.5	3.1	39	21	3.43
2.5	1	73	60	22	1	11	1.4	800	106	0.66
2.5	4	73	240	22	1	11	1.4	50	27	2.66

# Combiner Ring 1 Standing Wave RF deflector

beam energy: 2.38MeV

deflection: 5mrads

freq [GHz]	# of cells	cell radius [mm]	total length [mm]	$Q_0$ [x 1000]	$\beta$	$Q_L$ [x 1000]	filling time [ $\mu$ s]	single cell dissipated $PWR_{av}$ [kW]	Klystron $PWR_{peak}$ [MW]	$R_{shunt}$ [ $M\Omega$ ]
1	1	183	150	35	1	17.5	5.6	506	67	1.05
1	4	183	600	35	1	17.5	5.6	32	17	4.2
2	1	91	75	25	1	12.5	2.0	715	95	0.74
2	4	91	300	25	1	12.5	2.0	45	24	2.96
4	1	46	38	17	1	8.5	0.7	1012	135	0.52
4	4	46	150	17	1	8.5	0.7	63	34	2.1

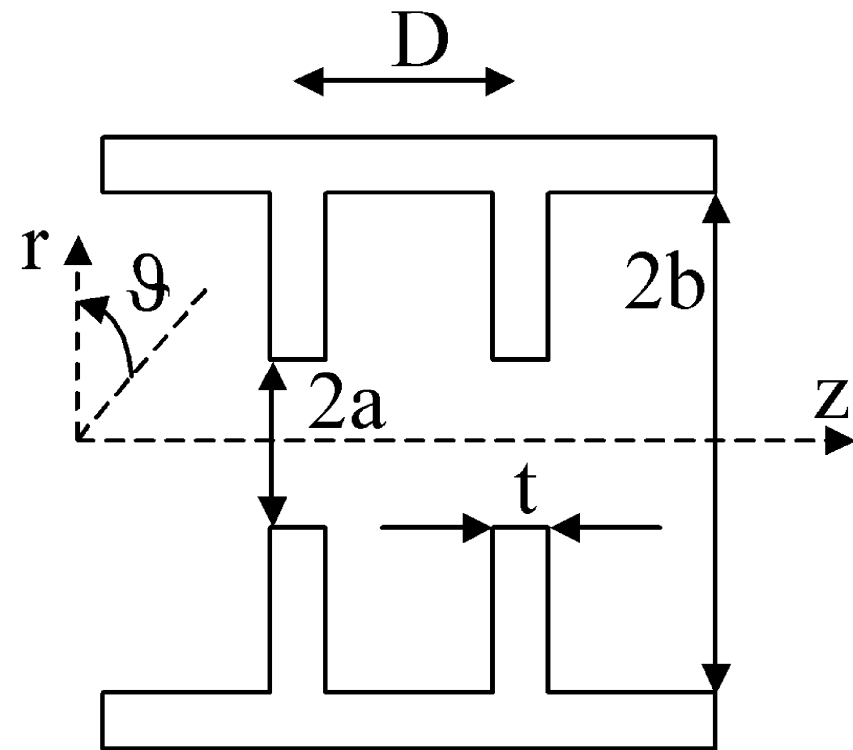
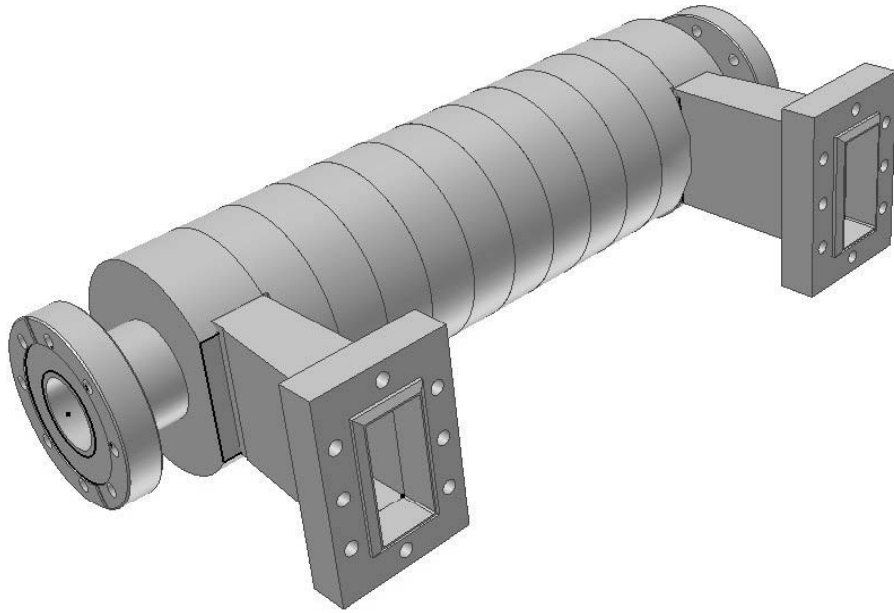
## Combiner Ring 2 Standing Wave RF deflector

beam energy: 2.38MeV

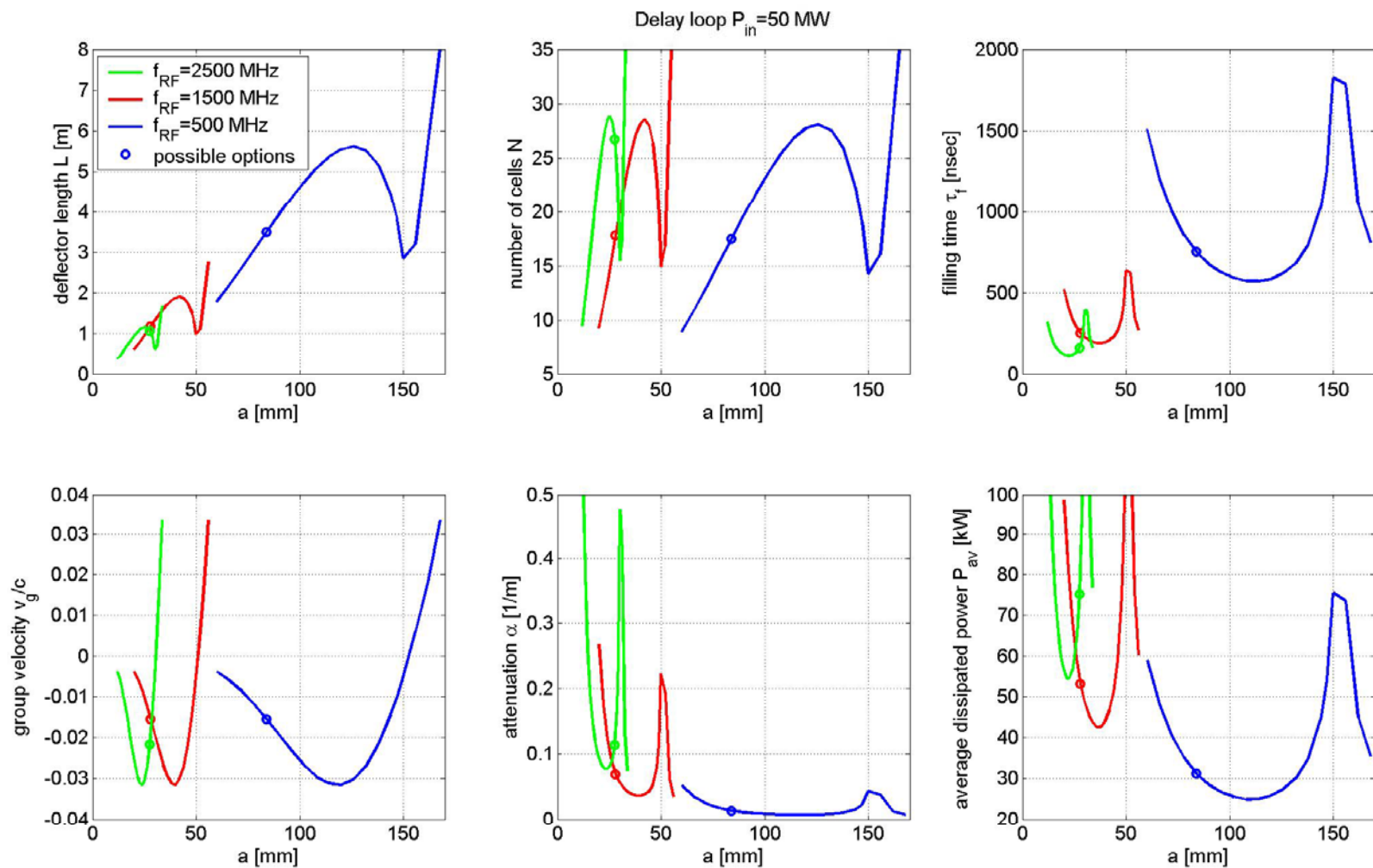
deflection: 5mrads

freq [GHz]	# of cells	cell radius [mm]	total length [mm]	$Q_0$ [x 1000]	$\beta$	$Q_L$ [x 1000]	filling time [ $\mu$ s]	single cell dissipated $PWR_{av}$ [kW]	Klystron $PWR_{peak}$ [MW]	$R_{shunt}$ [M $\Omega$ ]
3	1	61	50	20	1	10	1.1	876	117	0.6
3	4	61	200	20	1	10	1.1	55	29	2.4
3	6	61	300	20	1	10	1.1	24	20	3.6
6	4	30	100	14	1	7	0.4	77	41	1.7
6	6	30	150	14	1	7	0.4	34	28	2.6

# TW RF DEFLECTORS

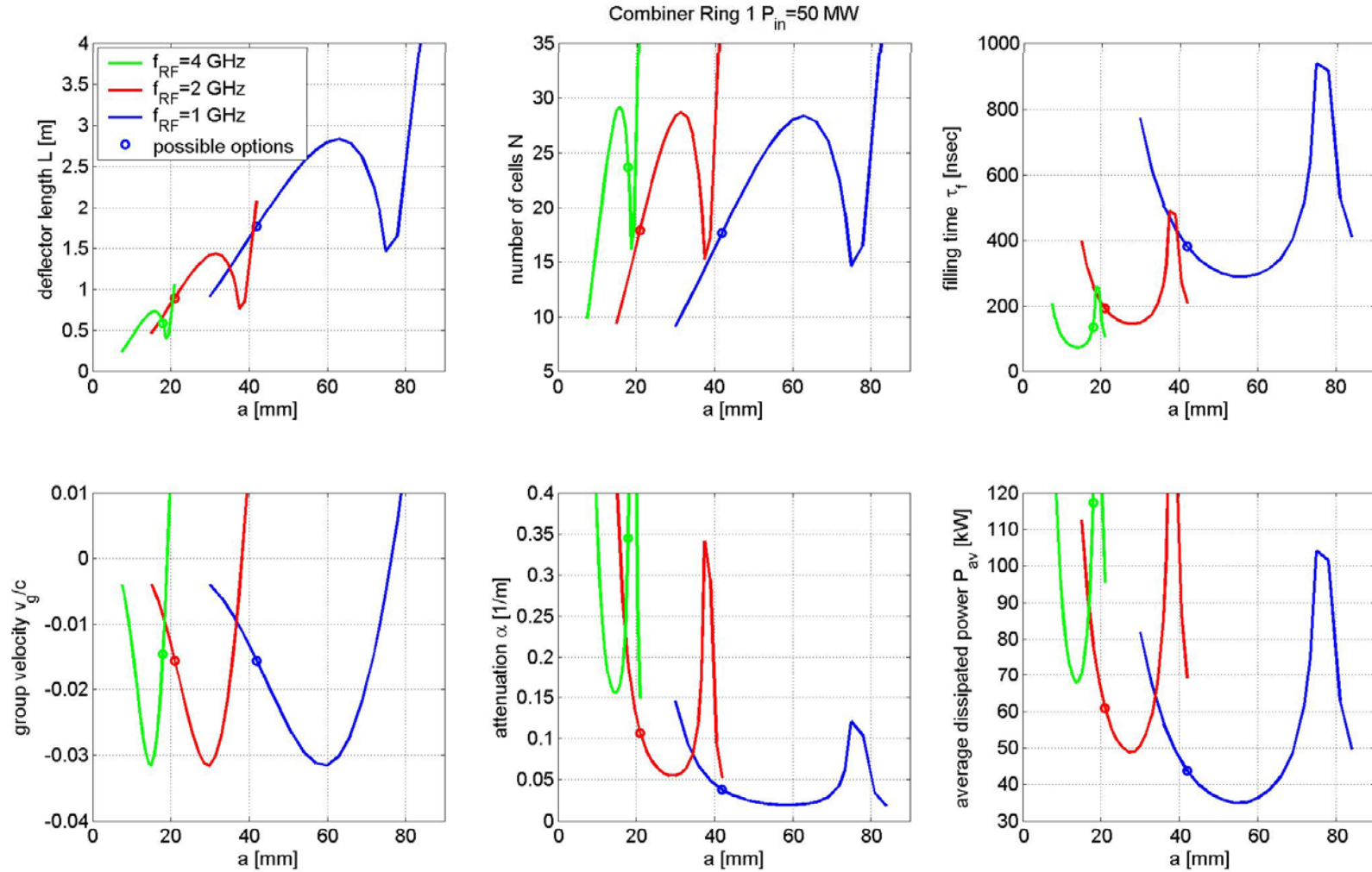


# DELAY LOOP



f [GHz]	a (mm)	L (m)	N	$\tau_f$ [ns]	$v_g/c$	$\alpha$ [1/m]	$P_{av}$ [kW]	Z [ $V^2/m^2/W$ ]
0.5	83	3.5	17	752	-0.016	0.013	31	2.5e5
1	28	1.2	18	255	-0.016	0.07	53	2.1e6
2	27	1.1	27	164	-0.02	0.1	75	2.8e6

# COMB RING 1

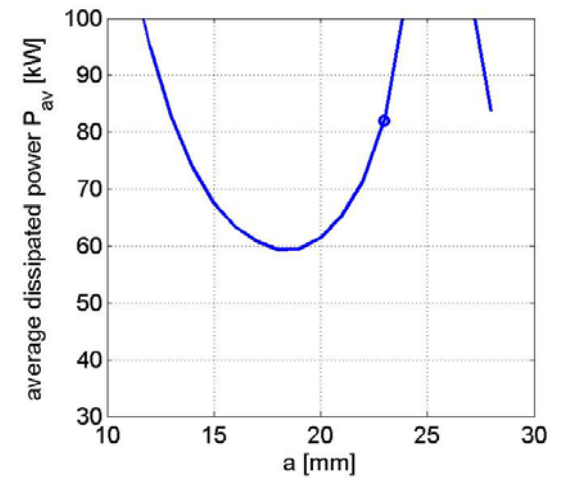
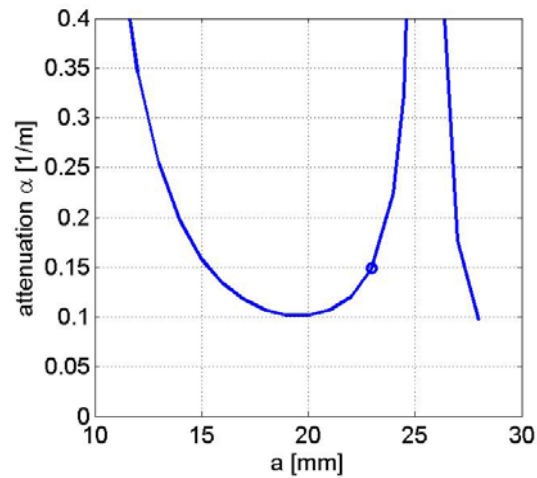
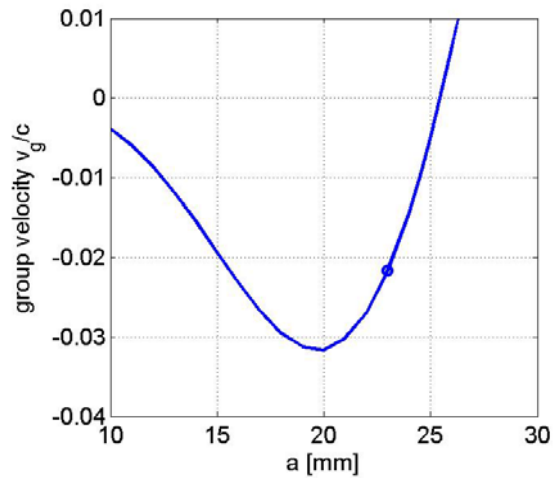
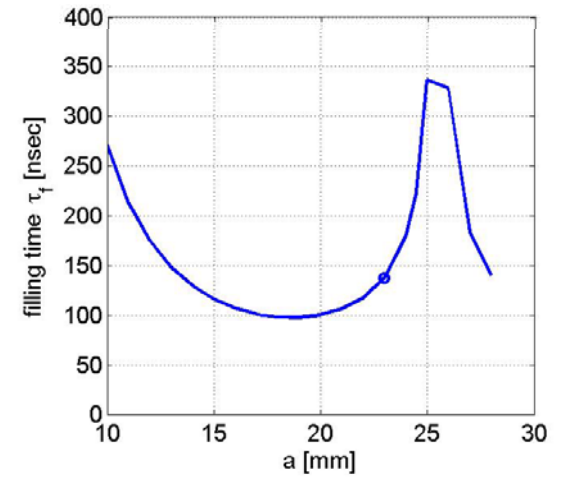
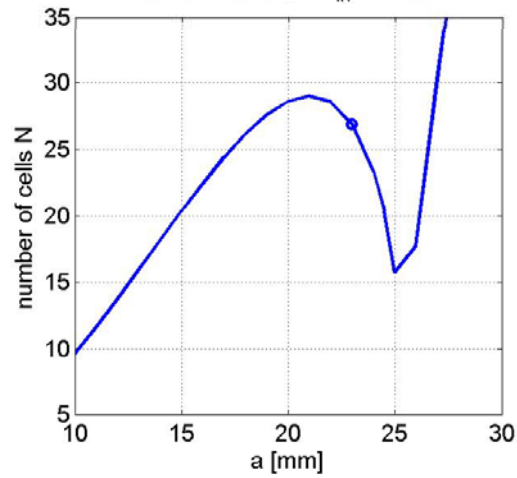
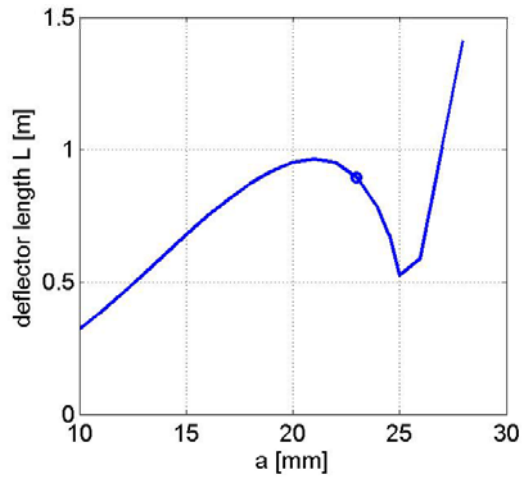


f [GHz]	a (mm)	L (m)	N	$\tau_f$ [ns]	$v_g/c$	$\alpha$ [1/m]	$P_{av}$ [kW]	Z [ $V^2/m^2/W$ ]
1	42	1.7	17	379	-0.016	0.04	44	9.6e5
2	21	0.9	18	192	-0.016	0.1	60	3.7e6
4	18	0.6	24	136	-0.014	0.34	117	9.8e6



# COMB RING 2

Combiner Ring 2  $P_{in} = 50$  MW



f [GHz]	a (mm)	L (m)	N	$\tau_f$ [ns]	$v_g/c$	$\alpha$ [1/m]	$P_{av}$ [kW]	Z [ $V^2/m^2/W$ ]
3	23	0.9	27	137	-0.022	0.15	82	4e6