

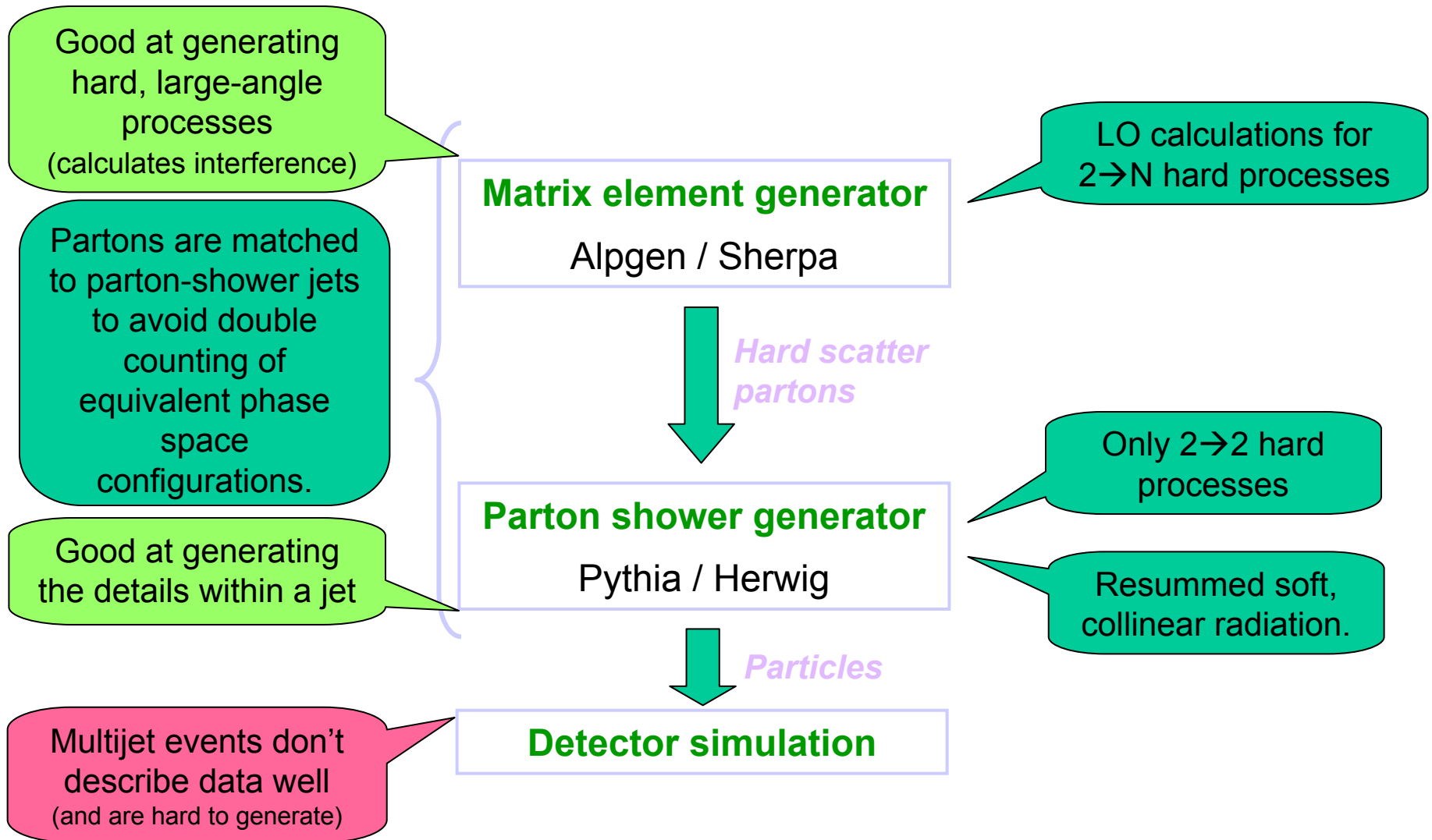
# **Z+jets, Z+b, W+c**

**March 26<sup>th</sup> 2008,**

**Gregorio Bernardi, LPNHE-Paris,  
for the D0 collaboration**

**Special thanks to  
Mahsana Ahsan, Amnon Harel and Gavin Hesketh**

# Matched MC - Introduction

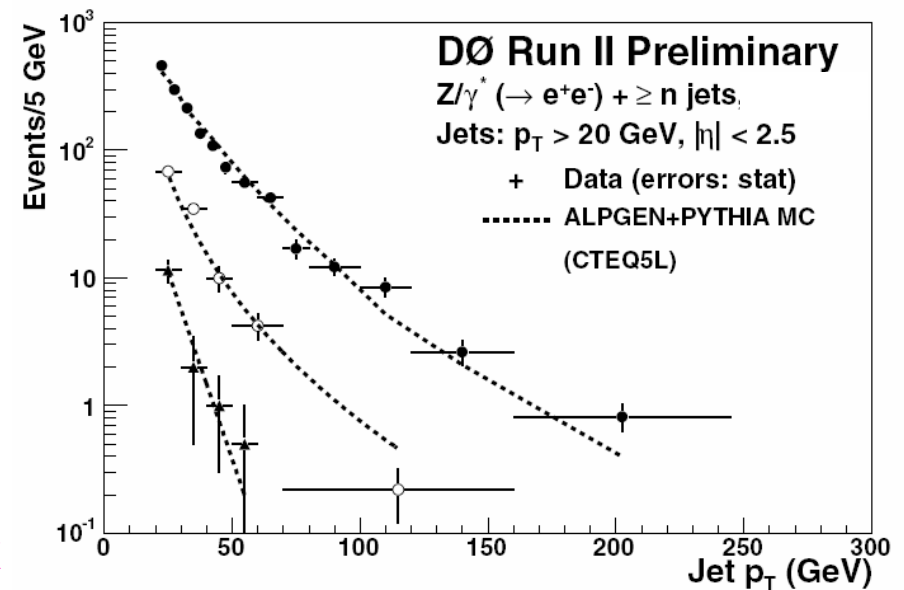


# Z+Jets at D0 (0.4 fb<sup>-1</sup>, "old")



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- Cross section ratio measurement at particle level
  - 0.4 fb<sup>-1</sup>
  - electron channel
- Selection
  - Vertex  $|z| < 60$  cm
  - Electron
    - $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 1.1$
    - Shower development
    - Isolation
    - Two with at least one track matched
    - $75 < M_{ee} < 105$
  - Jets
    - RunII cone  $R=0.5$ ,  $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$
    - JES corrected
  - Electron-jet separation  $\Delta R > 0.4$
- 13,893 inclusive Z candidate events



- Comparison with ALPGEN LO with Pythia showering
  - Generator cuts: parton  $p_T > 8$  GeV,  $\Delta R > 0.4$
  - No matching
  - Full simulation

# Corrections in $Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$



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- **Electron trigger, reconstruction\*id efficiency**
- **Jet reconstruction-id efficiency**
  - In data, look for jets balancing  $Z$ , measure eff as a function of  $Z p_T$
  - Do the same in MC and scale factor derived
  - Reconstruction efficiency measured in MC \* scale factor
  - Mapping to go from  $Z p_T$  to particle jet  $p_T$
  - Closure test done
  - This will be used in unsmearing

# Acceptance



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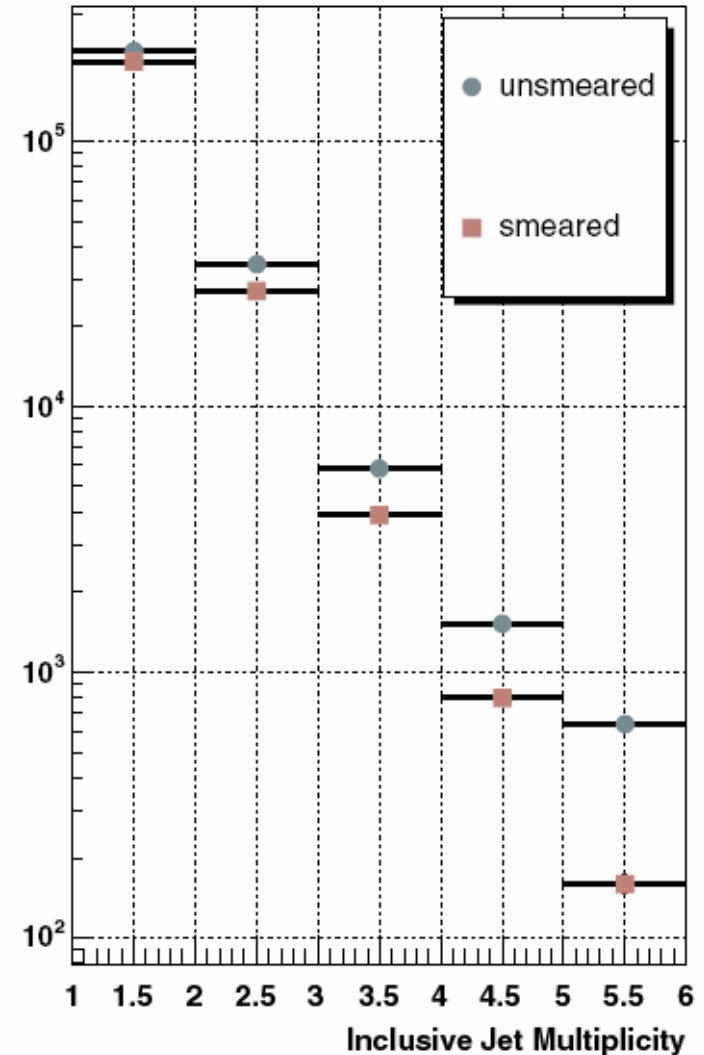
- **Use MC**
  - **$Z/\gamma^* + \geq 0j$** 
    - **Pythia reweighted to reproduce  $Z p_T$  in data**
      - **Deno:  $Z/\gamma^* (75 < M_{ee} < 105)$**
      - **Num: Events with two electrons  $p_T > 25$ ,  $|\eta| < 1.1$ ,  $|pvz| < 60\text{cm}$**
  - **$Z/\gamma^* + \geq nj$** 
    - **Alpgen  $Z+n$  jets sample.**
      - **Deno:  $Z/\gamma^* (75 < M_{ee} < 105) + \geq n$  particle jet ( $p_T > 25$ ,  $|\eta| < 1.1$ )**
      - **Num: Events with two electrons  $p_T > 25$ ,  $|\eta| < 1.1$ ,  $|pvz| < 60\text{cm}$**

# Unsmearing Corrections

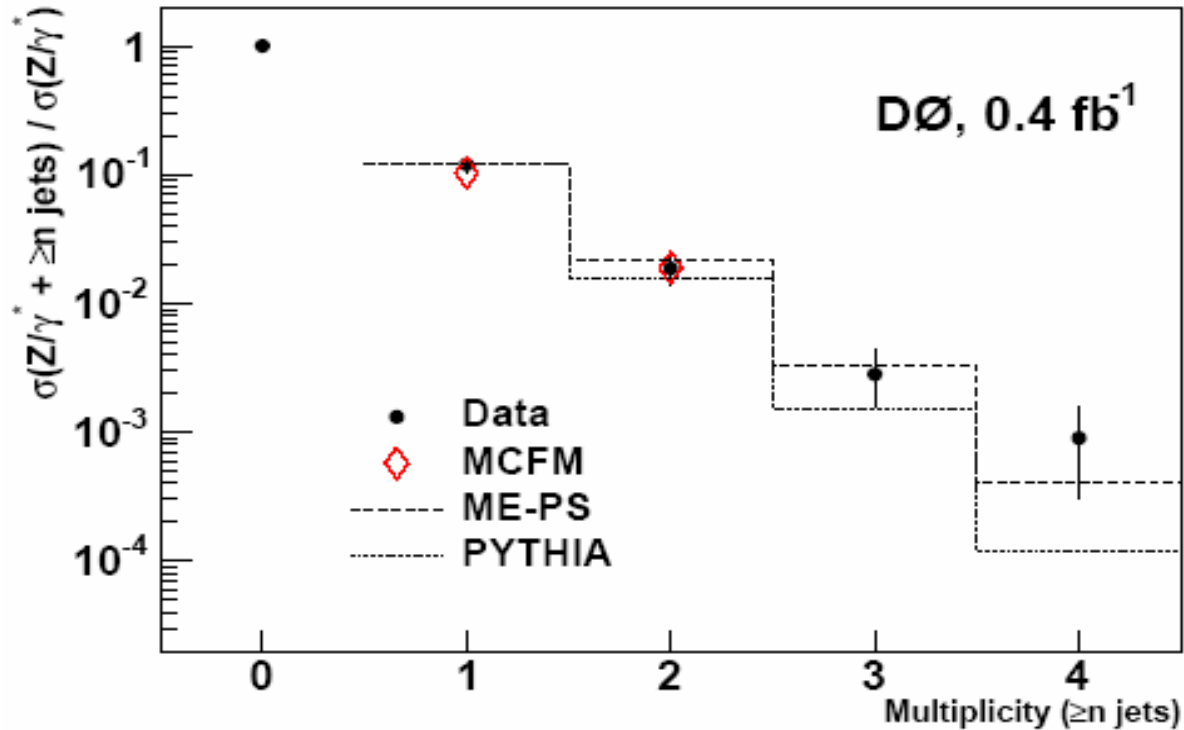


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- Unsmearing to correct for bin migration to due to
  - Jet energy resolution
  - Jet reconstruction efficiency
- Unsmearing correction factor derived using particle level PYTHIA MC
  - First reweight pythia events such that smeared MC distribution agrees with the data
- Electron-Jet overlap correction
  - Accidental overlap between Jet and electron must be accounted for
  - See how many partons fall within cone of  $0.4 \sim 0.7$
  - $(6 \pm 3)\%$  correction at  $\geq 1$  jet,  
 $(10 \pm 8)\%$  at  $> 4$  jet



# $\sigma(\text{Z}/\gamma^* + \geq n \text{ jets}) / \sigma(\text{Z}/\gamma^*)$



ME-PS =smpr

i.e. magraph (up to 3 partons)+ pythia for showering)

JES and jet reco efficiency uncertainty dominates

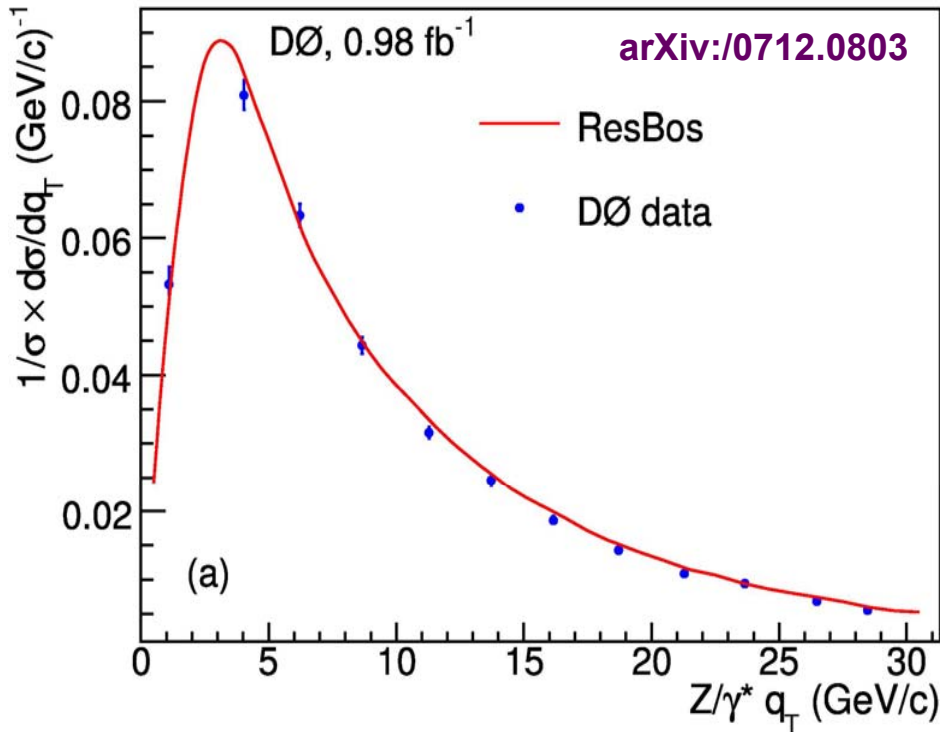
Multiplicity ( $\geq n$ jets)	$R_n = \frac{\sigma_n}{\sigma_0} [\times 10^{-3}]$	Statistical Uncertainty [ $\times 10^{-3}$ ]	Systematic Uncertainty [ $\times 10^{-3}$ ]
1	119.1	$\pm 3.3$	+17.2 / -16.2
2	18.1	$\pm 1.3$	+4.5 / -4.3
3	2.6	$\pm 0.52$	+0.90 / -0.89
4	0.61	$\pm 0.28$	+0.29 / -0.27
5	0.42	$\pm 0.30$	+0.42 / -0.24

**New results ( $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) in collaboration review, to appear soon**

# Z+jets Shape Corrections ( $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )



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## Measured $p_T$ spectrum of Z (inclusive)

→ Starting to use ResBos as a surrogate to our data

- Reweighting Alpgen+Pythia MC to fit the ResBos spectrum
- Applying the lesson from Z+jets to W+jets...

## Other approaches

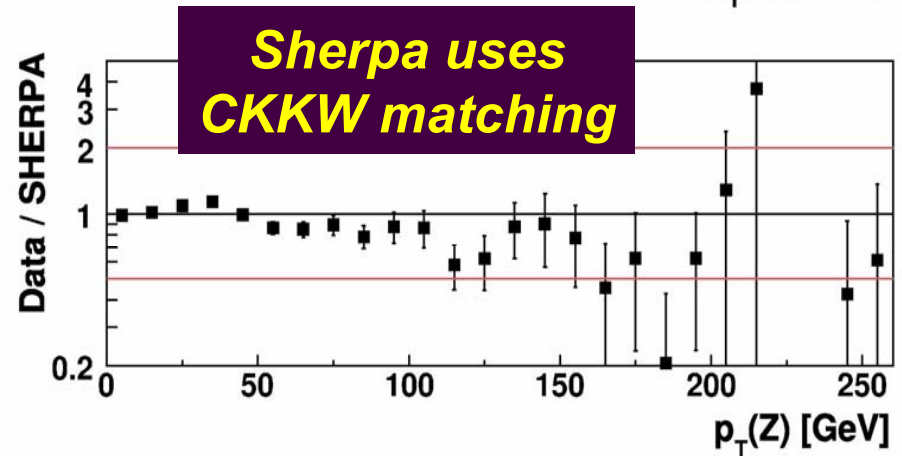
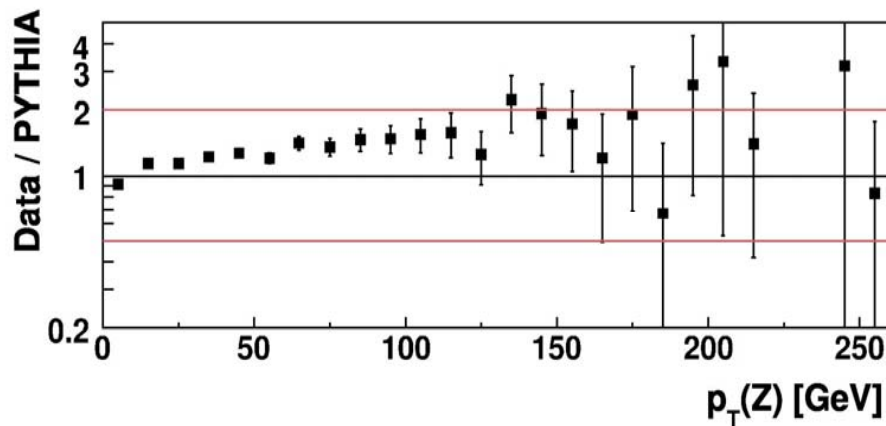
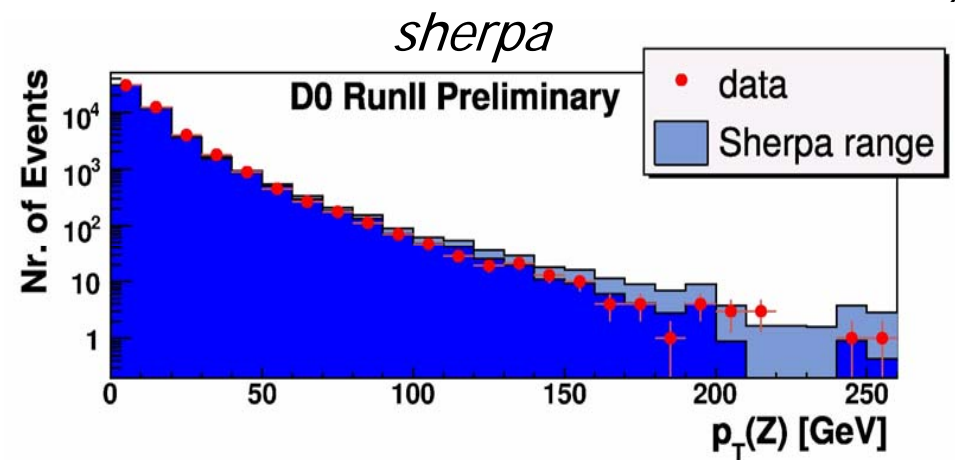
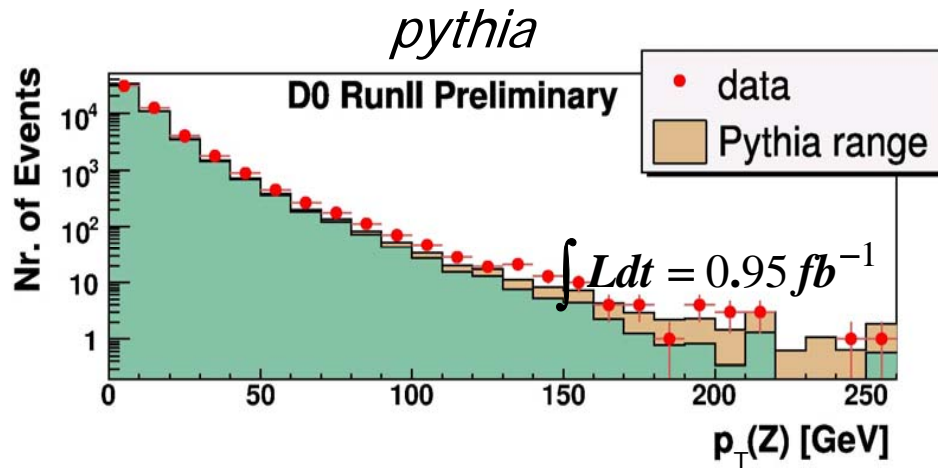
Reweight basic distributions directly to data, after background subtraction (as a function of  $N_{\text{jet}}$ )



# Z+jets Shape Comparison ( $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )



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Normalized to data without parametrizing in  $N_{\text{jet}}$

JES uncertainties dominate systematics (and are a bit conservative)

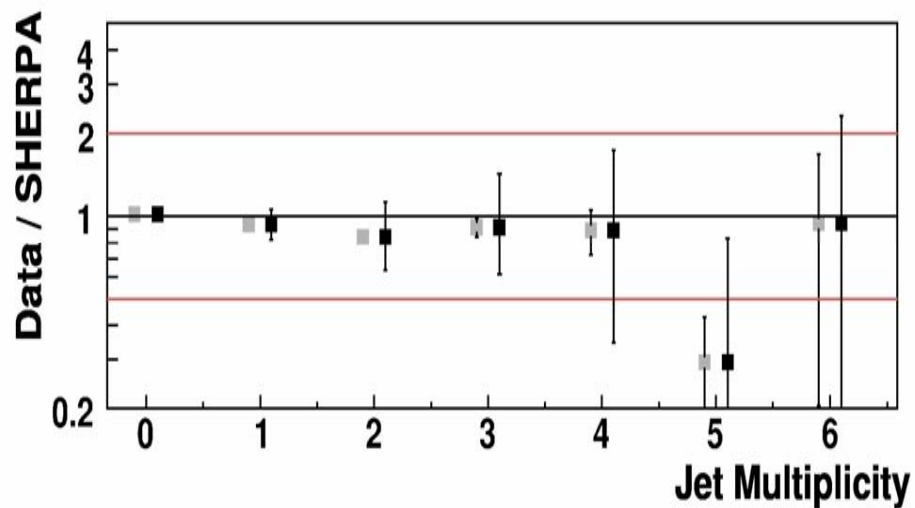
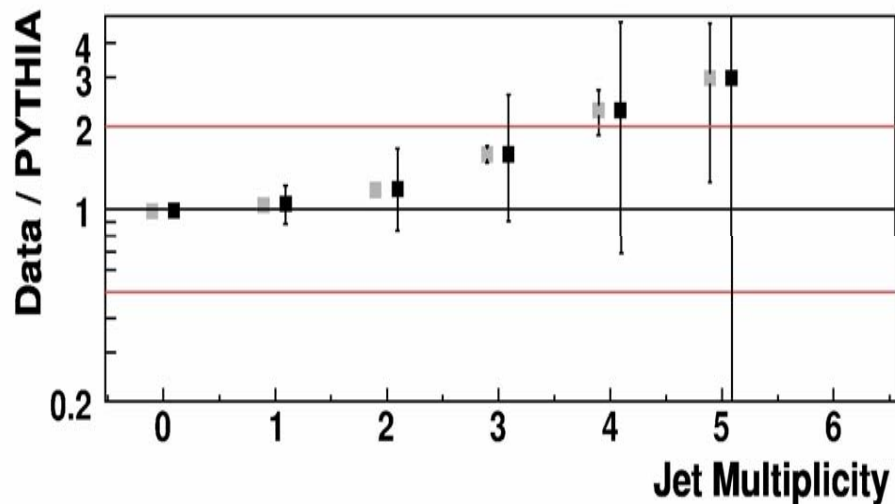
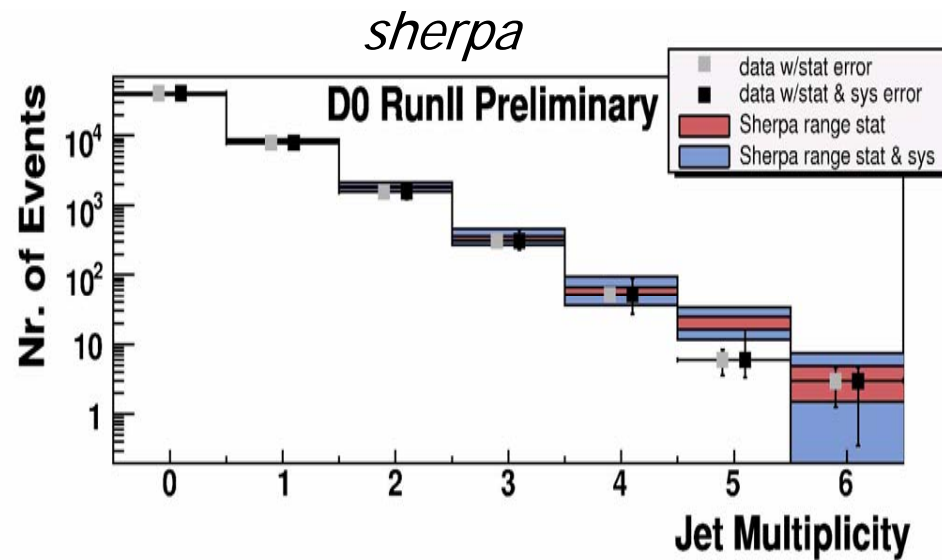
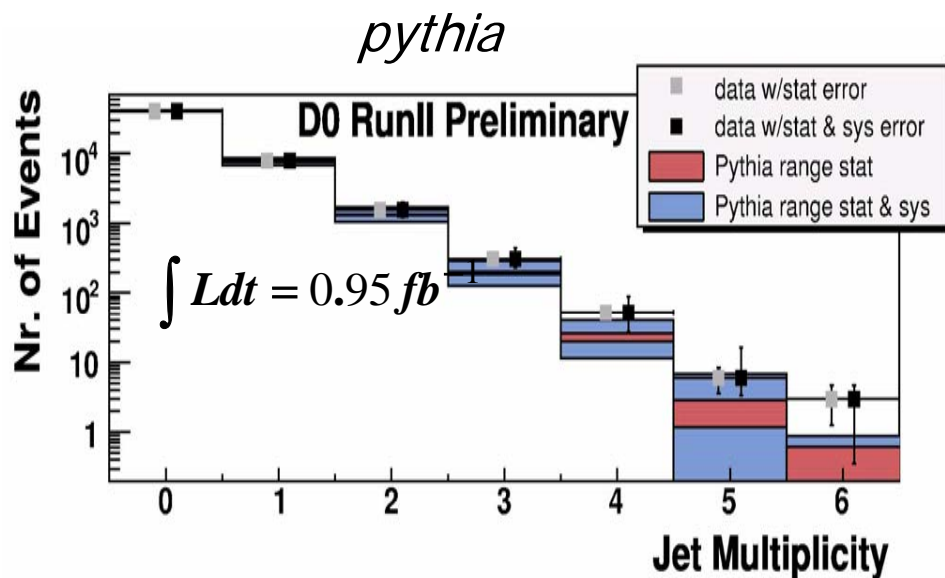
As expected, the Pythia spectrum is too soft (not enough radiation), so let's see this more directly...

# Z+jets Shape Comparison / jet multiplicity



Cone jets,  $p_T > 15$  GeV,  $\eta < 2.5$

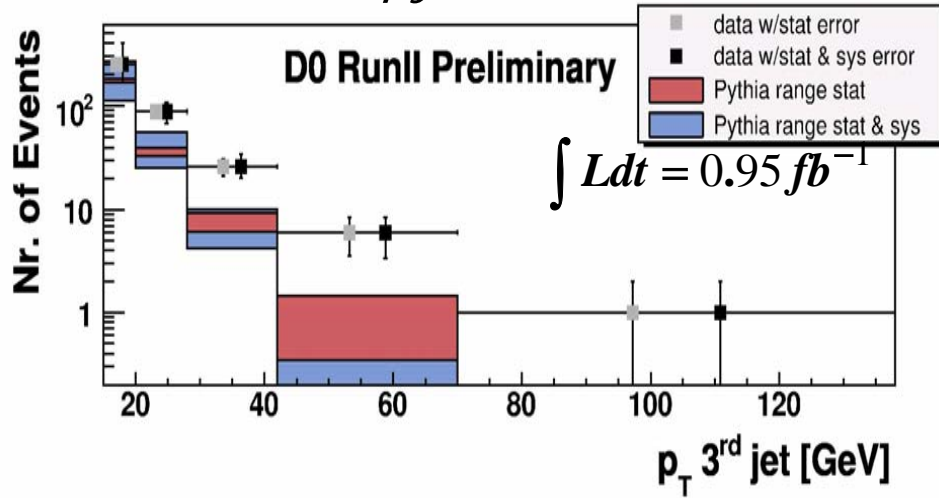
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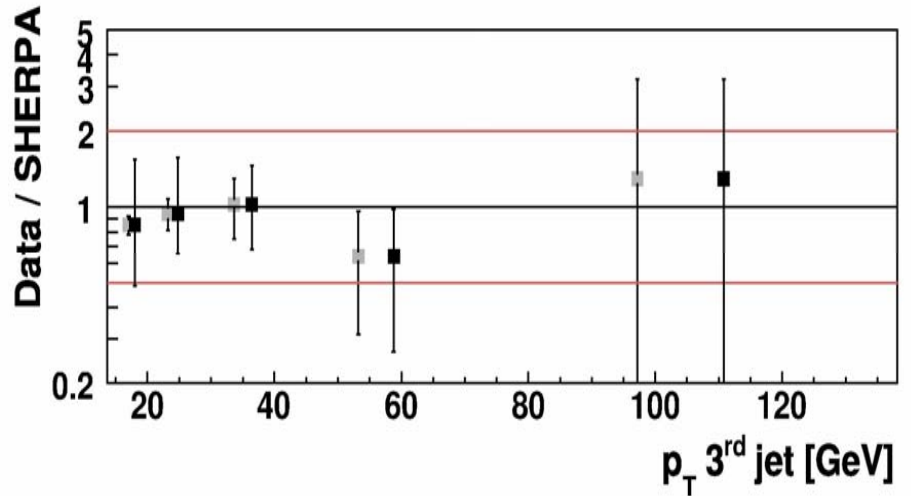
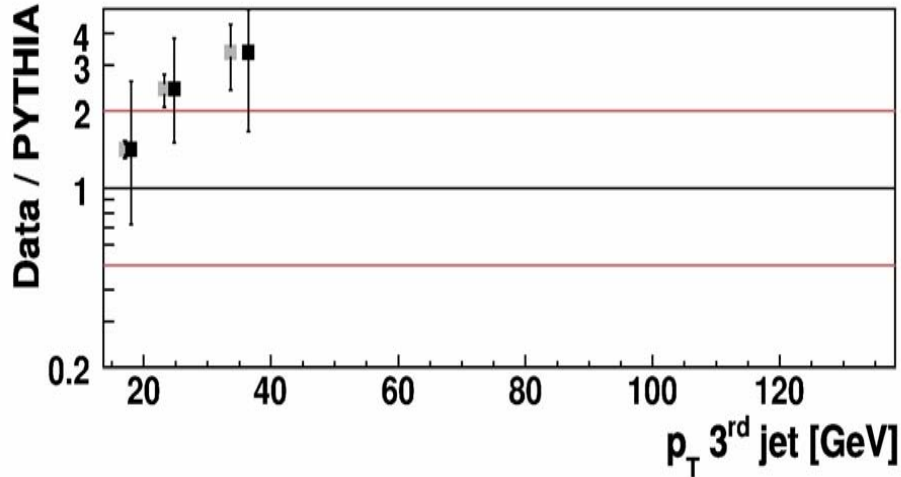
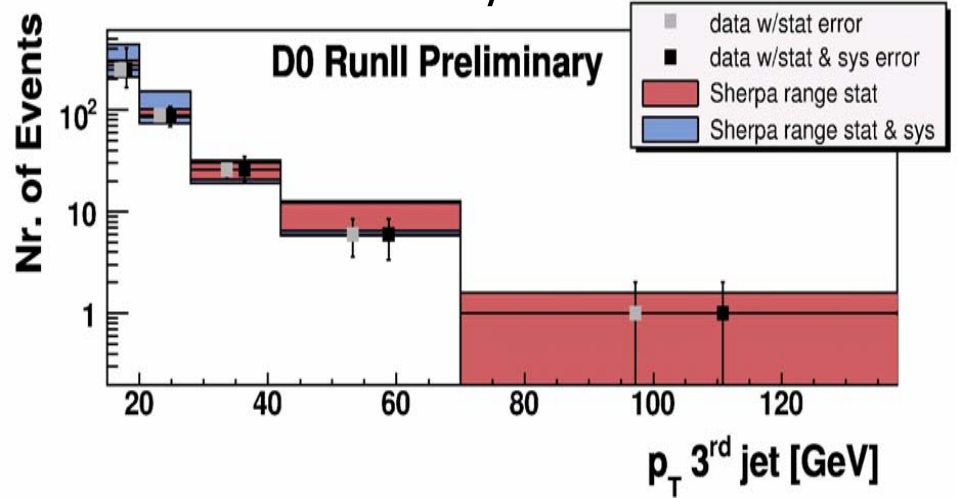
# Z+jets Shape Comparison / $p_T$ 3<sup>rd</sup> jet



*pythia*



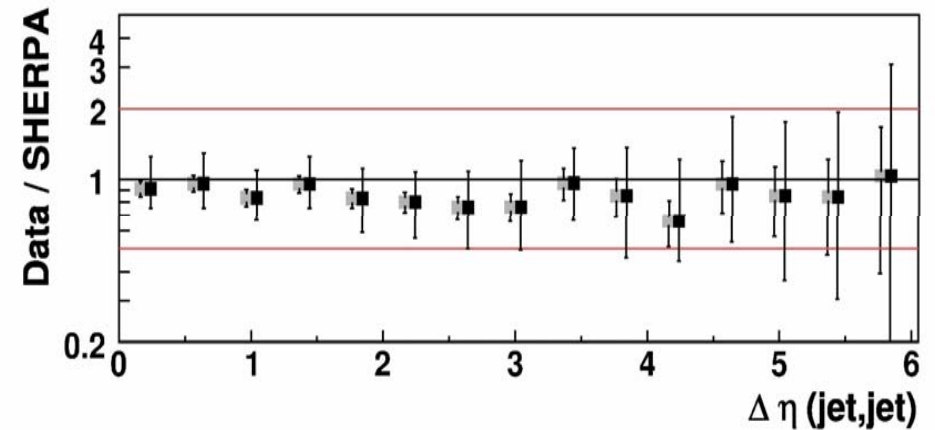
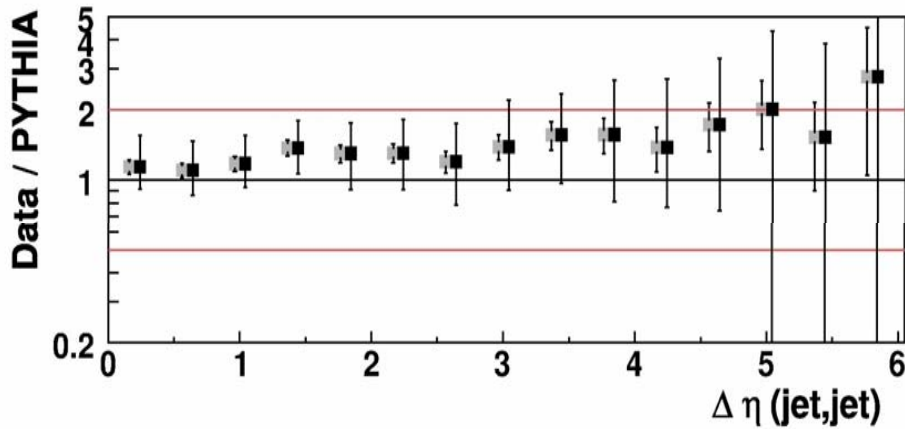
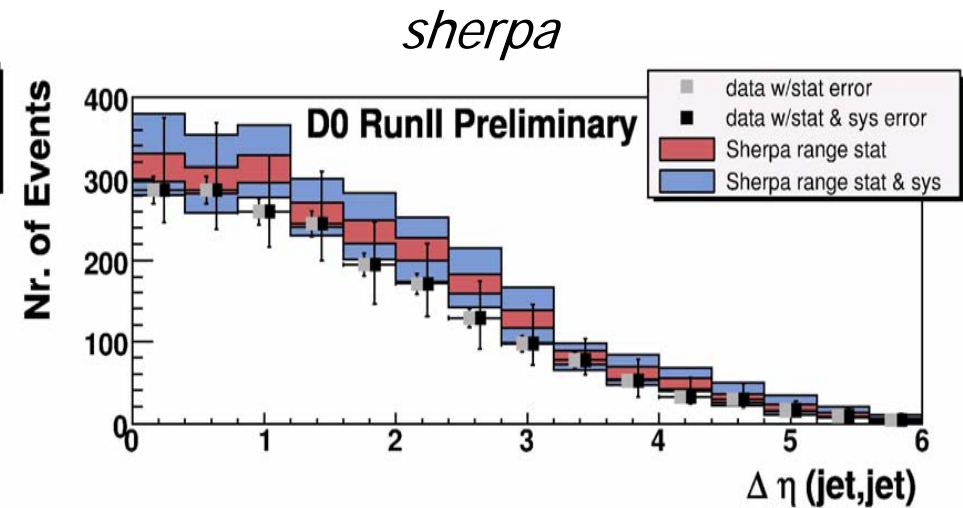
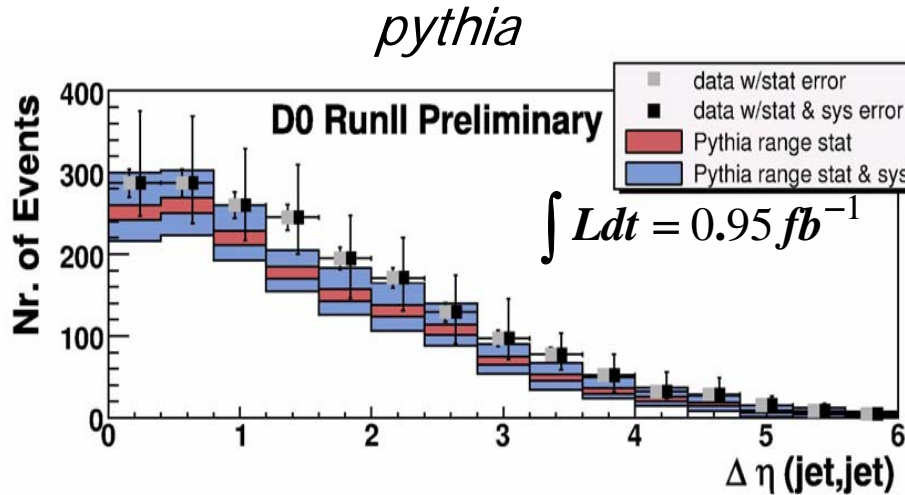
*sherpa*



# Z+jets Shape Comparison / $\Delta\eta$



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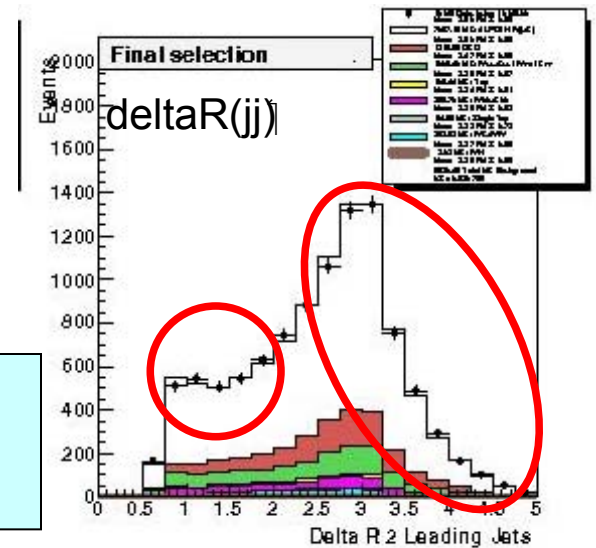
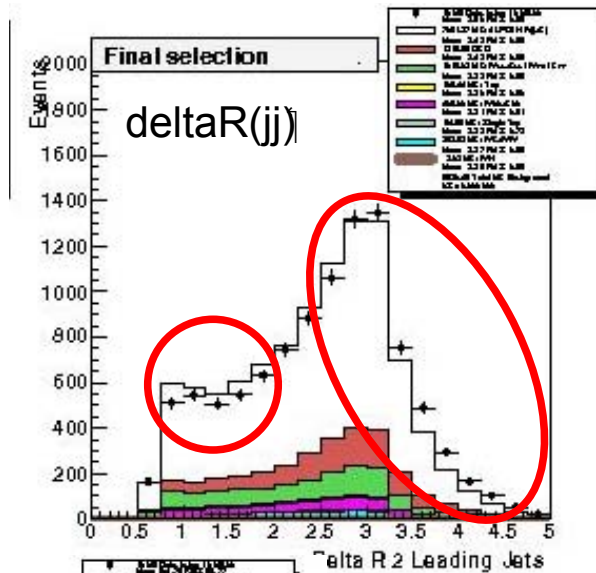
# Reweighting $\Delta\text{Eta}(jj)$ , $\Delta\text{Phi}(jj)$ in WH analysis (MC to data)



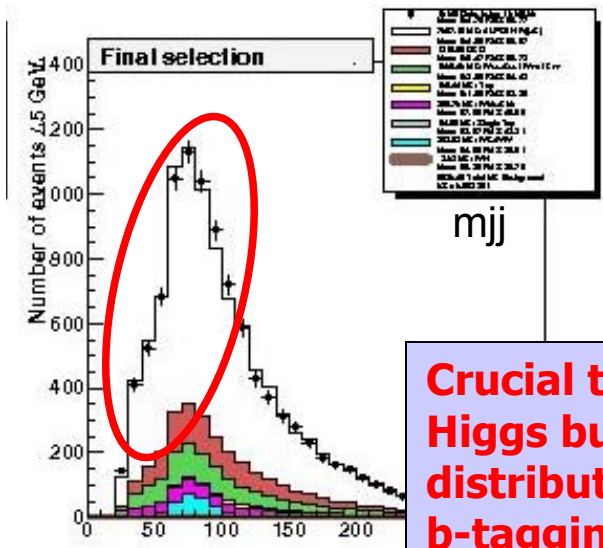
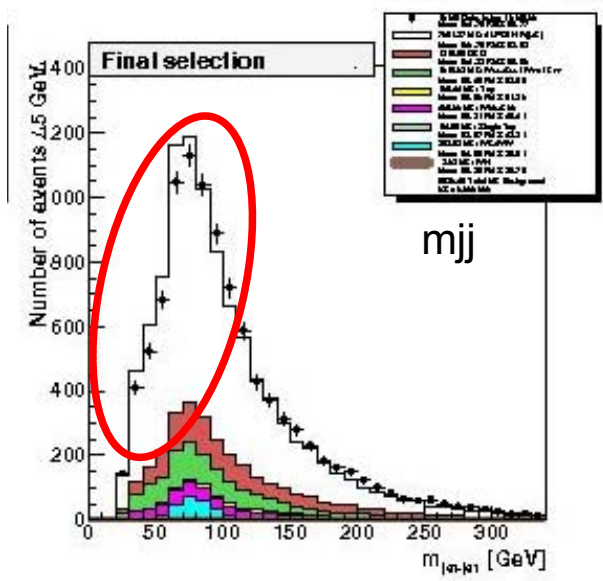
Reweight both  $\Delta\text{Eta}(jj)$  and  $\Delta\text{Phi}(jj)$ , *no other reweightings*

*No reweighting at all*

*After reweighting ( $d\text{Eta}$ ,  $d\text{Phi}$ )*



**Work in progress  
not for outside  
this workshop**

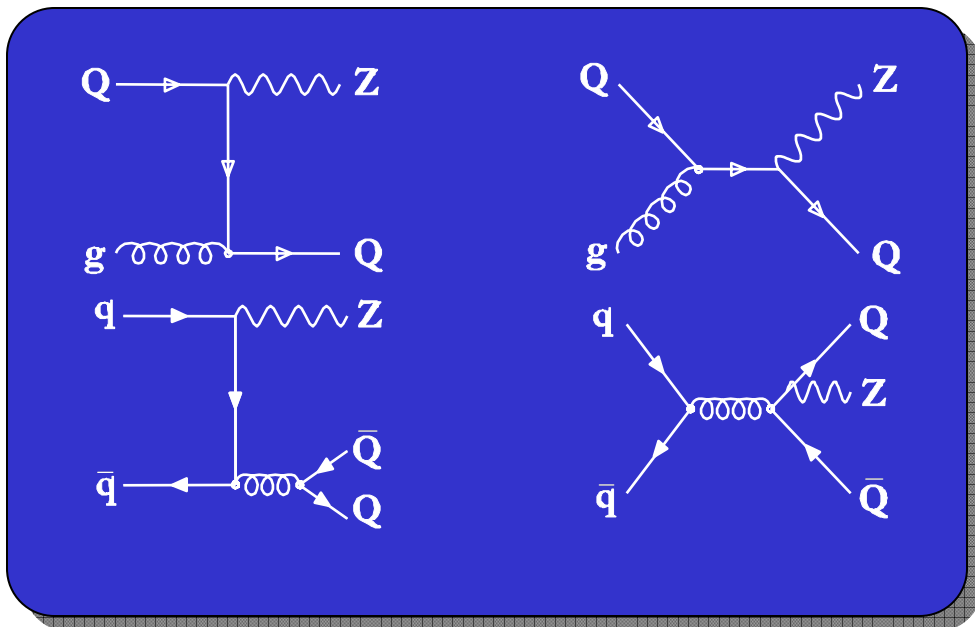


**Crucial to see a small  
Higgs bump in this  
distribution (after  
b-tagging)**

# Z+Heavy Flavor (0.3 fb<sup>-1</sup>, "old")



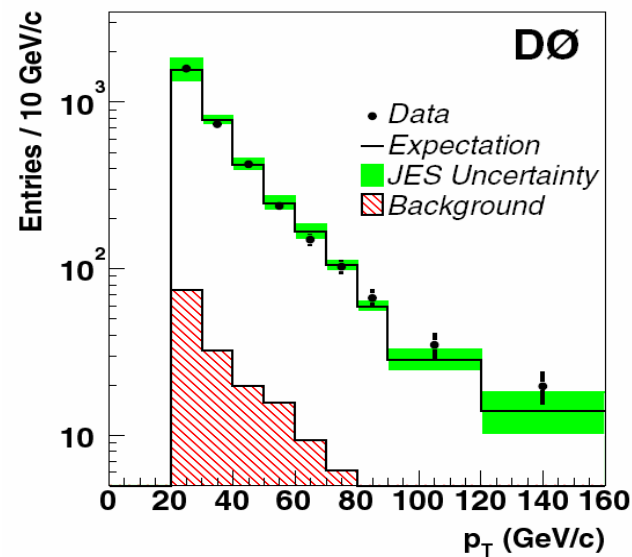
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## Selection

- Z in ee and  $\mu\mu$  channels (cut on mass window)
- $\geq 1$  Jet  $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- 3458 Z+jet events

- Z + single b-tag
  - Probe of b-quark PDF
  - b PDF is important for *hb* and *single-top* production
- Measure inclusive  $\sigma(Z+b)/\sigma(Z+j)$ 
  - Many systematics cancel



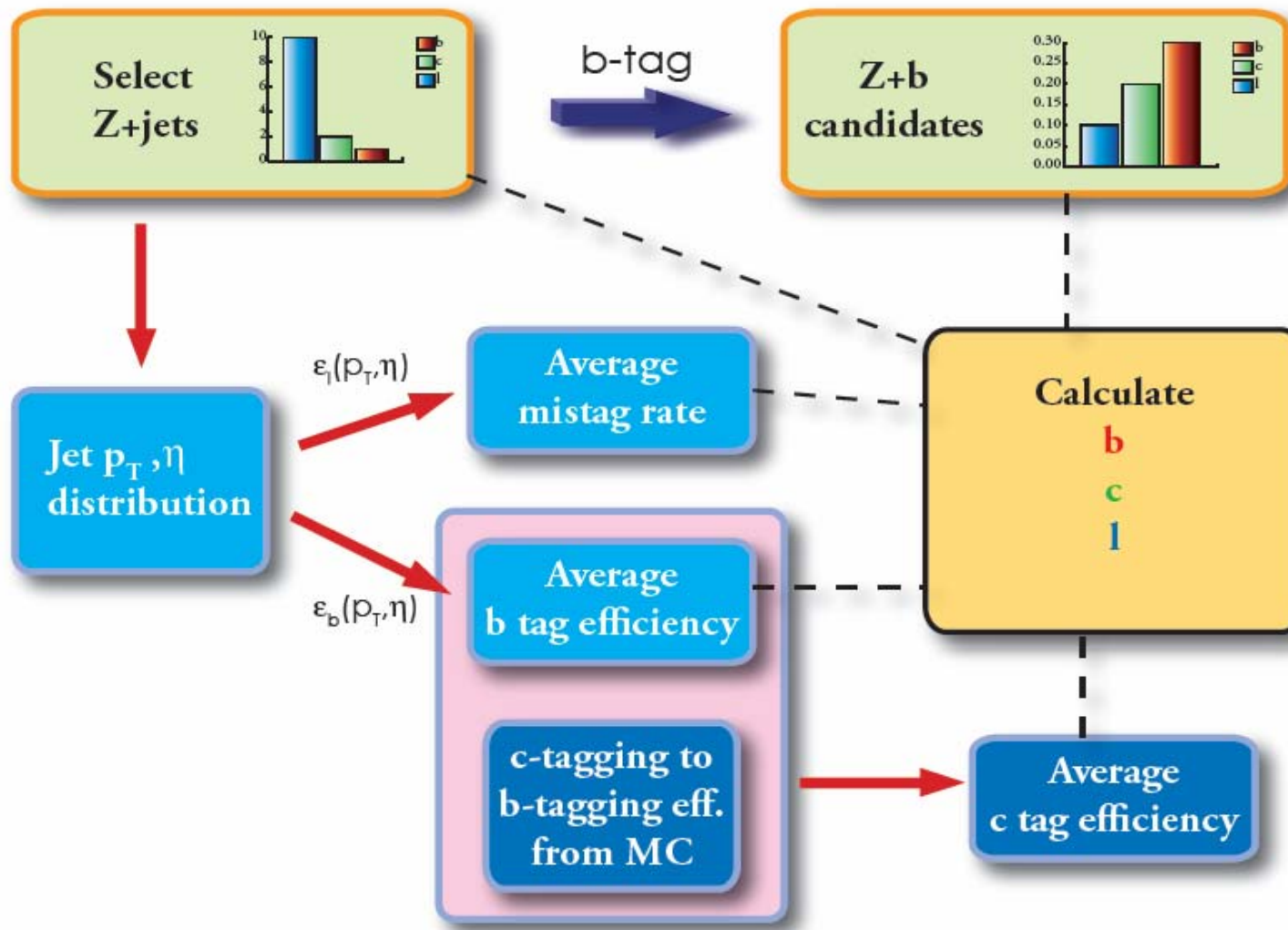
# Method



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$$N_{\text{before b-tag}} = t'_b N_b + t'_c N_c + t'_l N_l$$

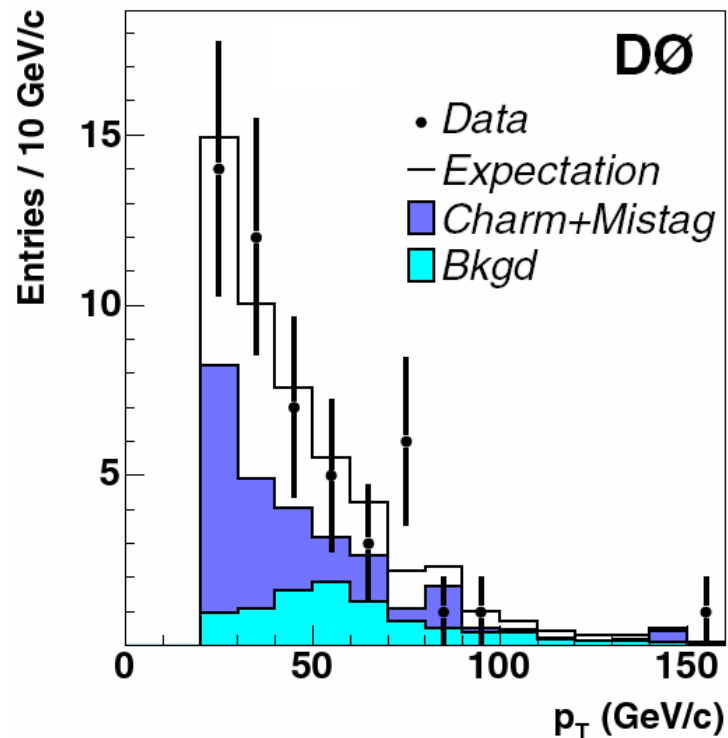
$$N_{\text{b-tagged}} = \bar{\epsilon}_b t'_b N_b + \bar{\epsilon}_c t'_c N_c + \bar{\epsilon}_l t'_l N_l$$



# $\sigma(Z+b)/\sigma(Z+j)$



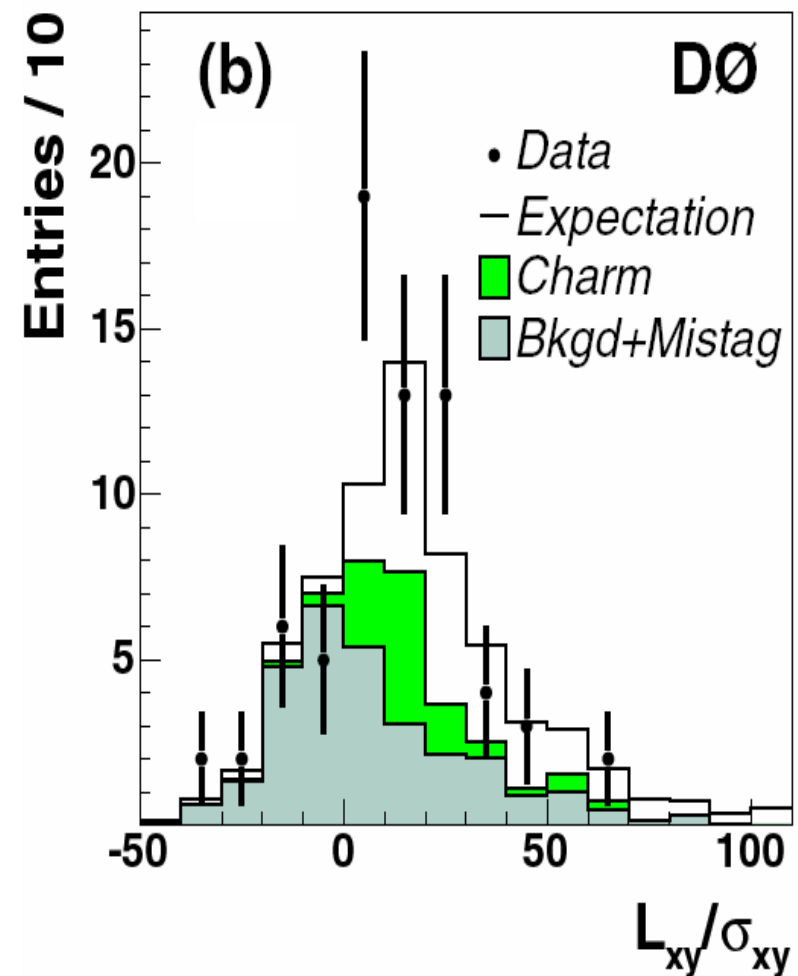
- **Apply sec. vertex b-tag**  
42 events with  $\geq 1$  tag  
8.3 from QCD background (sideband)



- **Disentangle light, c, b contributions**
  - Use light and b-tagging efficiency from data
  - c-tagging efficiency from MC and scaled for data/MC difference in b-tagging
  - $N_c = 1.69N_b$  from theory
- **Cross checks with**
  - Soft lepton tagging
  - Impact parameter tagging



- $0.021 \pm 0.004(\text{stat}) \pm 0.002(\text{syst})$ 
  - Theory predicts 0.018
  - Large part of systematic error from tagging efficiency and background estimation
- Disentangling scale from b-PDF needs more measurements
  - $W+(bb)$ ,  $W+bb$
  - $Z+c$ ,  $W+c$



# Measurement of $W+c\text{-jet}$ / $W+\text{jet}$



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**$W + c\text{-jet}$  production**

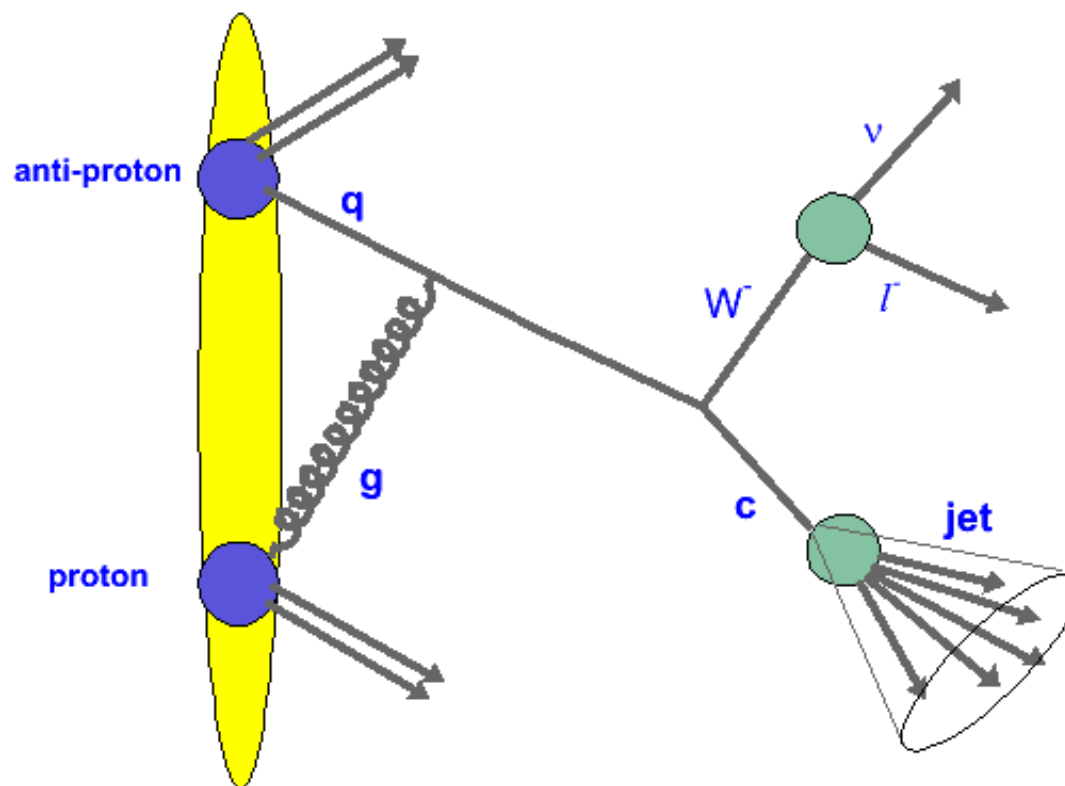
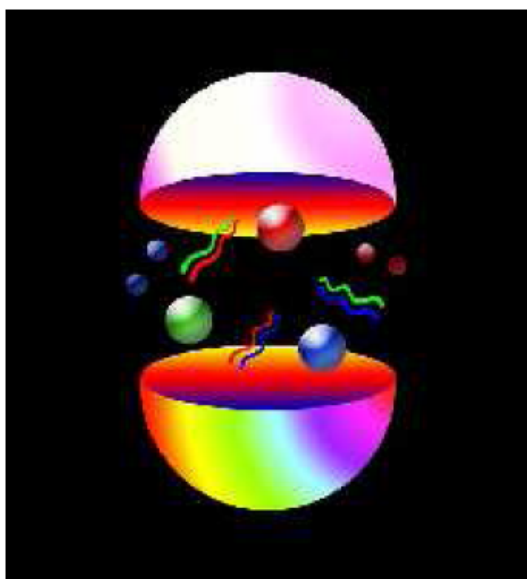
**$\sigma(W + c\text{-jet}) / \sigma(W + \text{jets})$  ratio method**

**Background processes**

**$c\text{-jet}$  tagging**

**Result**

**Summary & Outlook**

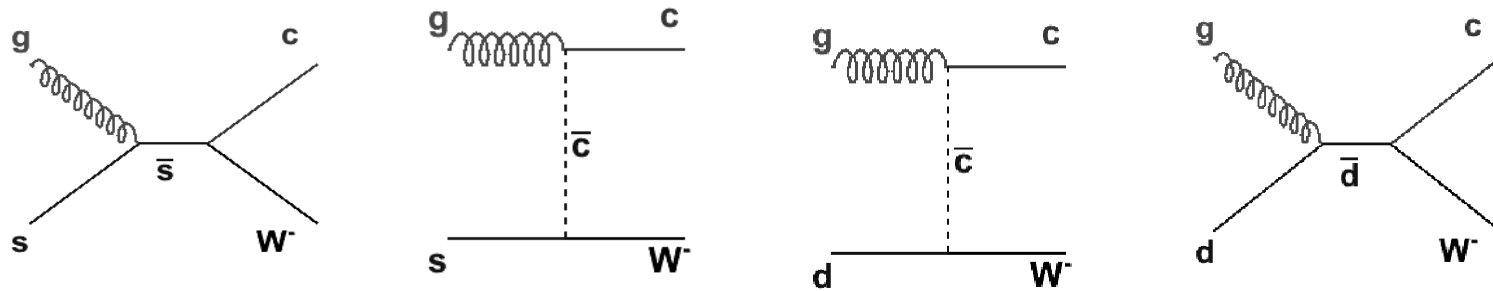


- insight into the  $s$  quark content of the proton
  - important for reliable calculation of SM and new physics processes
- $W+c$ -jet is a signature of many SM and new physics processes
  - Higgs boson production, top quark production, SUSY scalar top quark production, SUSY charged Higgs production etc...
- test of Quantum chromodynamics and electroweak physics

# W+c-jet production at leading order



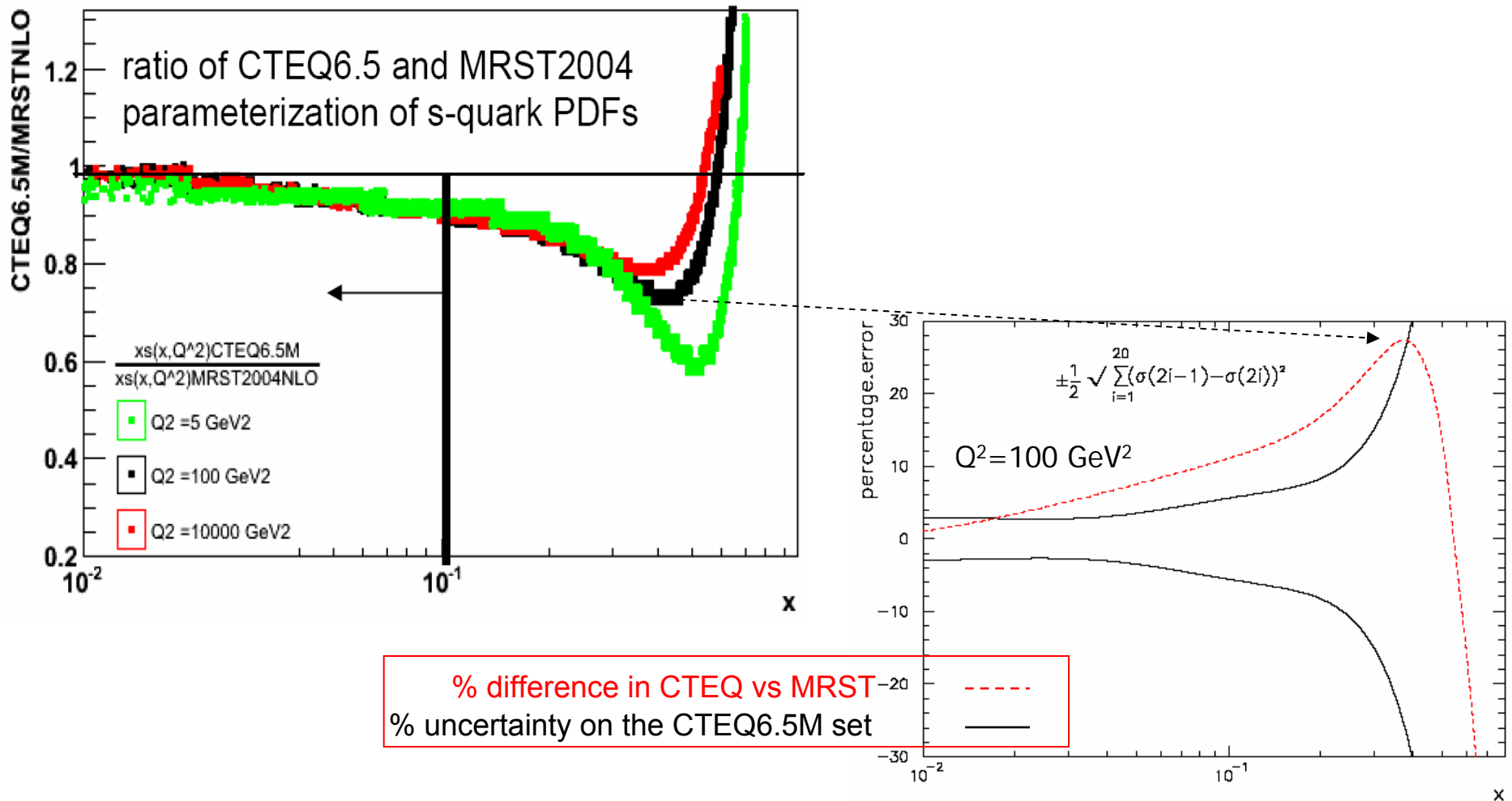
20



$$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow W^- c) = \iint dx_p dx_{\bar{p}} s(x_p, Q^2) g(x_{\bar{p}}, Q^2) \hat{\sigma}(sg \rightarrow W^- c) + s(x_{\bar{p}}, Q^2) g(x_p, Q^2) \hat{\sigma}(gs \rightarrow W^- c) + s \leftrightarrow d$$

- $d(x, Q^2) > s(x, Q^2)$
- $V_{cs} > V_{cd} \rightarrow \sigma(sg \rightarrow W^- c) > \sigma(dg \rightarrow W^- c)$
- **Contribution to W+c production from s-quark ~85%, from d-quark ~15%**

# Comparison of CTEQ6.5M and MRSTNLO2004 parameterizations of the strange quark PDFs



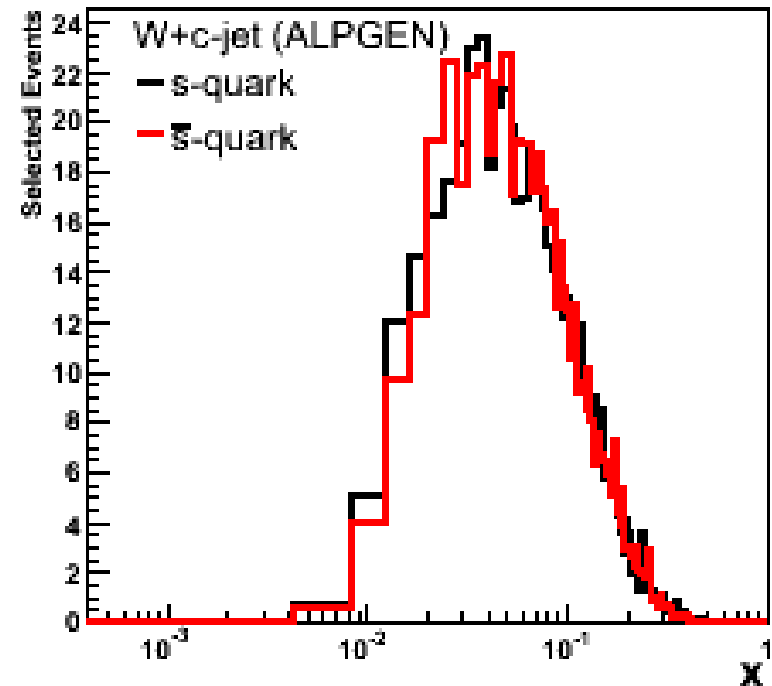
- not well constrained in the  $x$  region [0.01,1]
- still does not reflect a true uncertainty
- no direct measurement at the hadron collider until this year

# Constraining the s-quark at the Tevatron



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- **fixed target ( $\nu$ -N) experiments have measured the s-quark PDFs at low momentum scales**
  - **most recent publication:**  
Phys. Rev. Lett. 99, 192001 (2007)
- **constraining region at the Tevatron**
  - $x \in [0.01, 0.1]$
  - $Q$  scale of the order of  $M_W$



$$x_s x_g \geq \frac{M_W^2}{S} \approx 0.0017$$

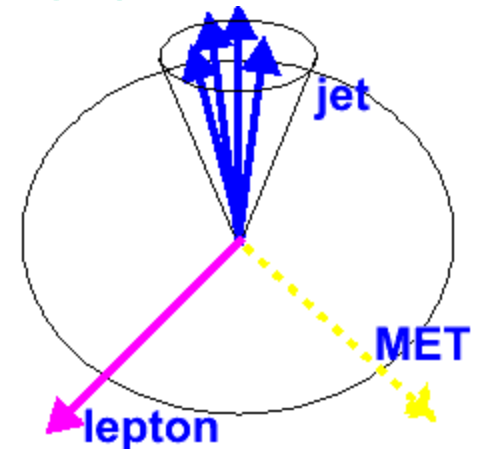
## $\sigma(W+c\text{-jet})/\sigma(W+\text{jets})$ ratio



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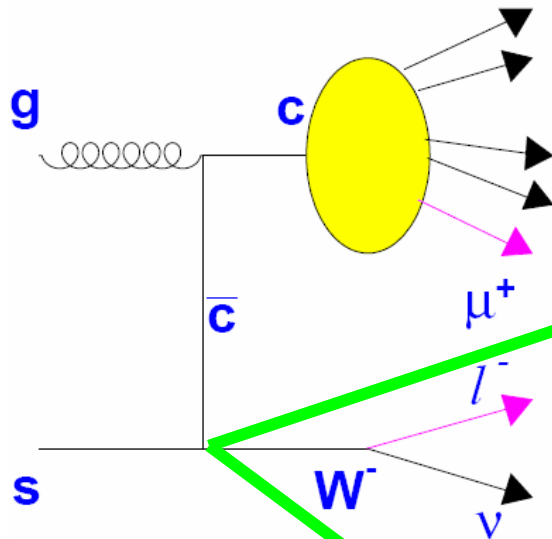
- event signature for an inclusive  $W+\text{jets}$  selection
  - isolated lepton +  $E\text{T}_{\text{miss}}$  + jet
  - $W \rightarrow e \nu$  and  $W \rightarrow \mu \nu$  modes
- $W+c\text{-jet}$  signature:
  - isolated lepton +  $E\text{T}_{\text{miss}}$  +  $c$ -tagged jet
  - net charm quantum number in the final state is  $\pm 1$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \frac{\sigma(W (\rightarrow l \nu) + c\text{-jet})}{\sigma(W (\rightarrow l \nu) + \text{jets})} \\ &= \frac{N(W (\rightarrow l \nu) + c\text{-jet})}{N(W (\rightarrow l \nu) + \text{jets})} \end{aligned}$$



- many experimental (e.g. jet energy scale, efficiencies and luminosity) and theoretical uncertainties (PDF and scale uncertainties) cancel in ratio

# Event selection



- at least one jet  $p_T > 20$  GeV, others with  $p_T > 15$  GeV
  - jet  $p_T$  is calibrated for the jet energy scale (JES)
- Jet pseudorapidity  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- muon-tagged jet contains a muon with  $p_T > 4$  GeV
  - $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \text{muon}) < 0.5$

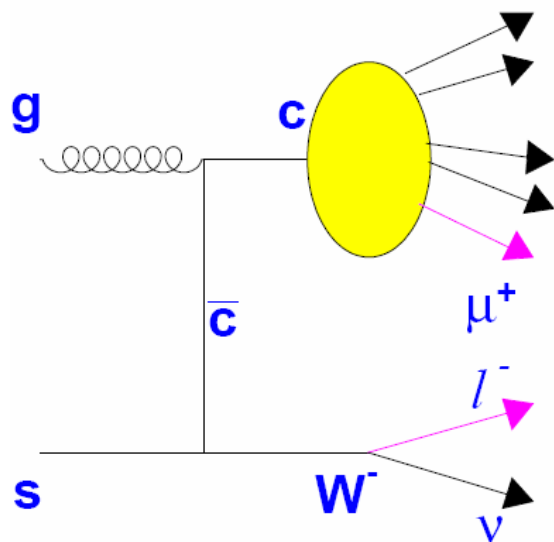
- pass single muon trigger
- One isolated muon  $p_T > 20$  GeV

- pass single electron trigger
- One isolated electron  $p_T > 20$  GeV

- $ET_{\text{miss}} > 20$  GeV
- W boson transverse mass  $[40, 120]$  GeV
- $|\Delta\phi(\text{lepton}, ET_{\text{miss}})| > 0.4$



# $\sigma(W+c\text{-jet})/\sigma(W+\text{jets})$ ratio measurement strategy



**W charge is opposite to the muon charge from recoiling charm**

**A simple counting measurement**

$$R = \frac{N(W(\rightarrow l\nu) + c\text{-jet})}{N(W(\rightarrow l\nu + \text{jets}))}$$

$$= \frac{N_{OS}^l - f_c^l (N_{SS}^l - N_{SS}^{l,nonWj}) - N_{OS}^{l,nonWj}}{(1 - f_Z^l - f_{QCD}^l) \times N_{Wj}^l \times \epsilon_c}$$

$N_{OS}^l$  = number of OS events

$N_{SS}^l$  = number of SS events

$N_{Wj}^l$  = number of observed W + jets candidates

$f_c^l$  = correction to the BKD to W + c

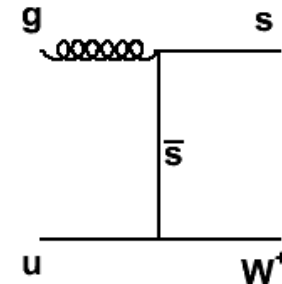
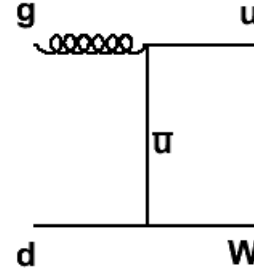
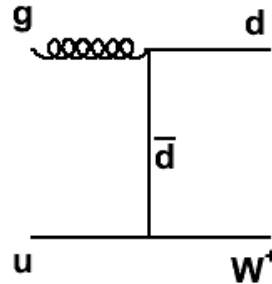
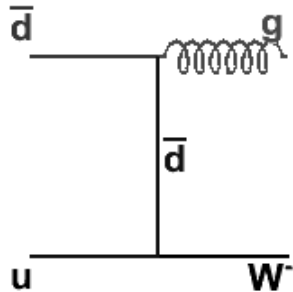
$f_Z^l, f_{QCD}^l$  = fractions of Z + jets and multi-jet background to W + jets

$\epsilon_c$  = acceptance  $\times$  efficiency of W + c relative to W + jets

# Major physics backgrounds to $W+c$ -jet process

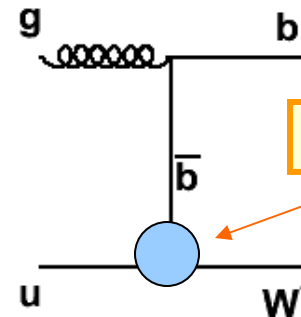
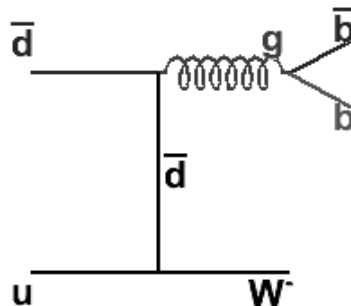
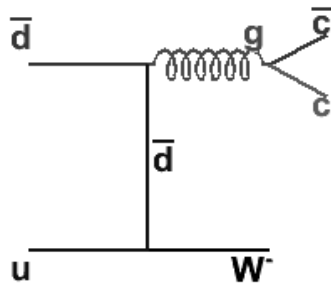


## W+light jets



Contribute to signal due to "leading particle effect"  
e.g. described in Phys. Rev. Lett. 78, 3442 (1997)

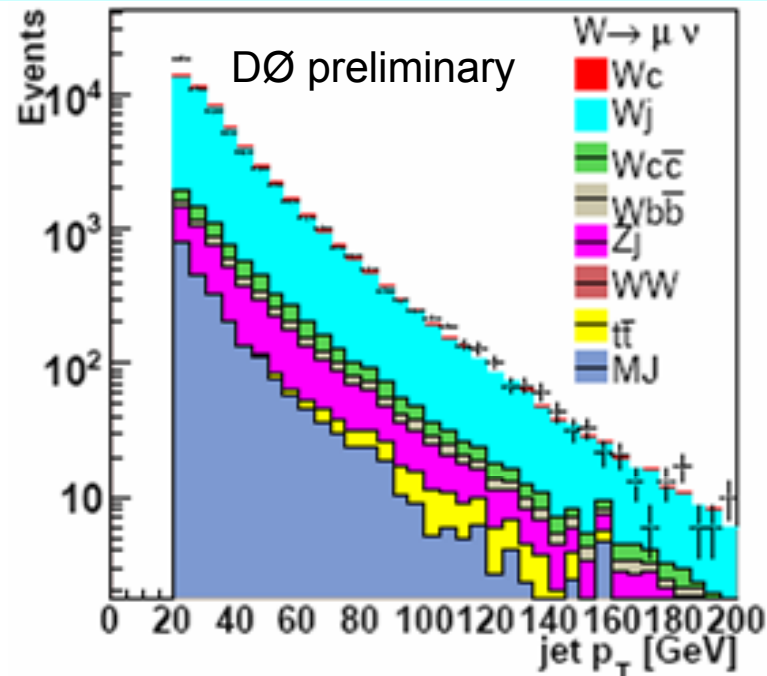
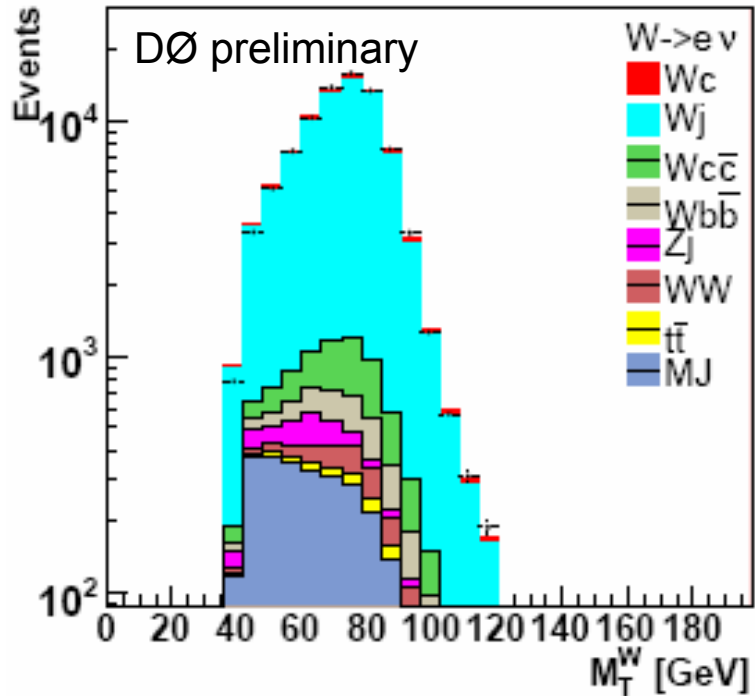
## W+heavy flavor jets



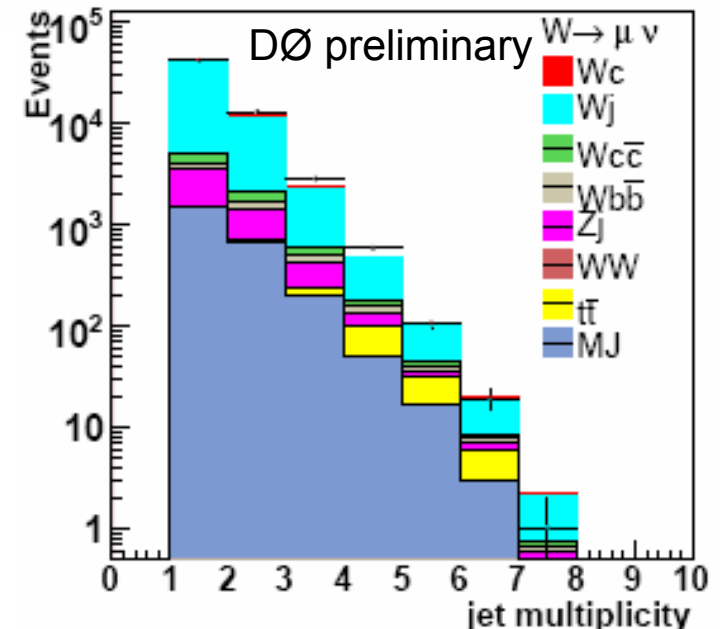
W+b is CKM suppressed

Other relatively small background processes are di-boson and top quark productions

# Control plots



- sample composition:  $Wc$ ,  $Wcc$ ,  $Wbb$ ,  $Wj$ ,  $WW$ ,  $Zj$ ,  $t\bar{t}$ , multijets
- Data in agreement with the theoretical prediction
- theory: ALPGEN + PYTHIA
  - ALPGEN: tree level matrix element generator
  - PYTHIA: leading order + parton shower generator

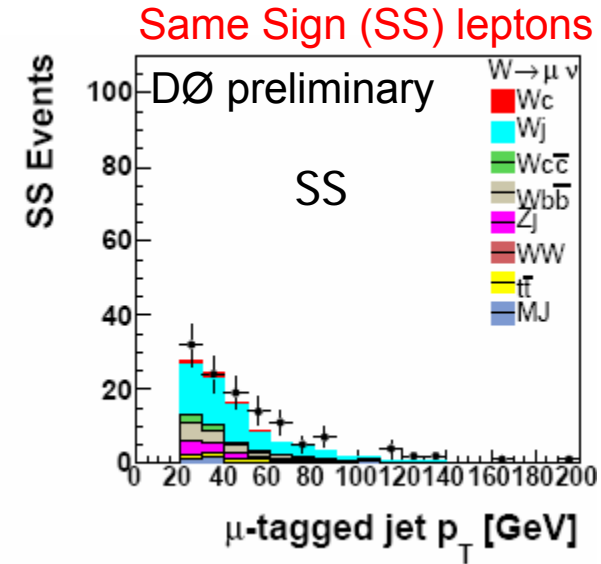
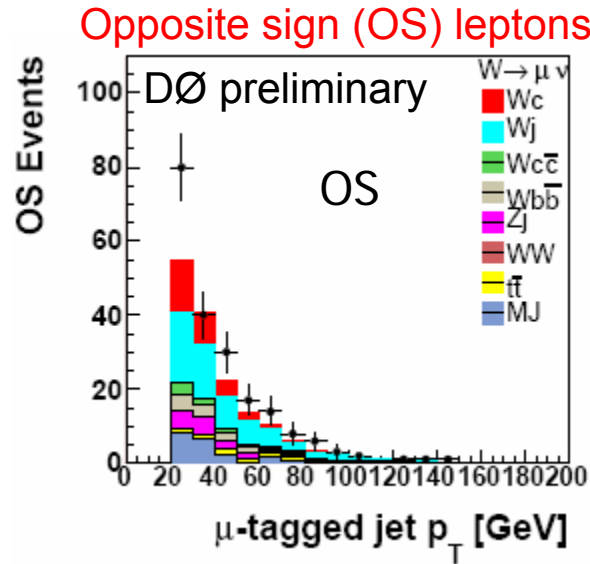


# Muon-tagged jet $p_T$ spectra

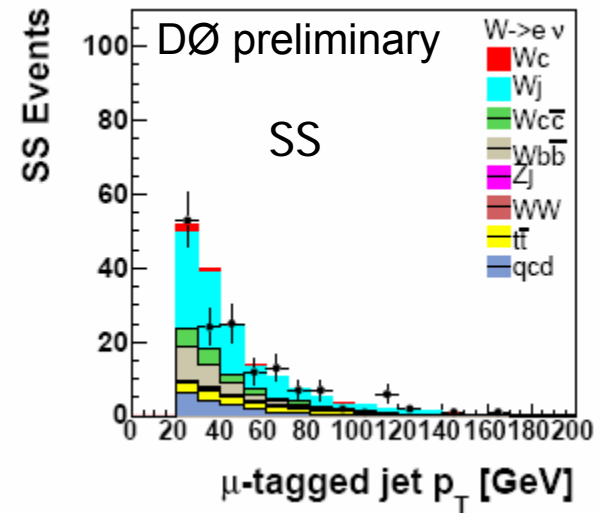
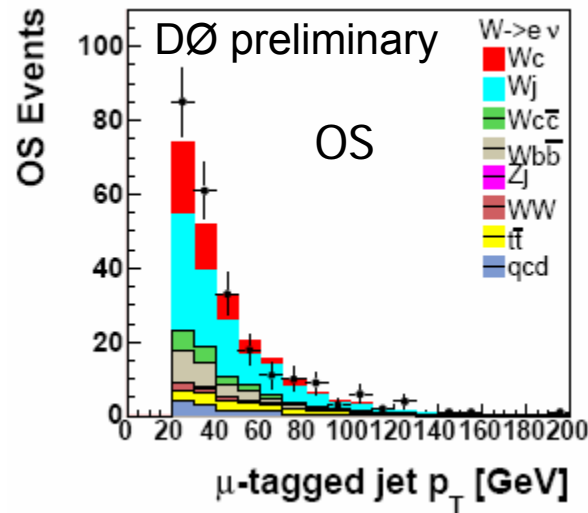


muon  $p_T > 4$  GeV

Electron Channel



Muon Channel



**excess of OS events is the signature of  $W+c$  !**

# Background estimations

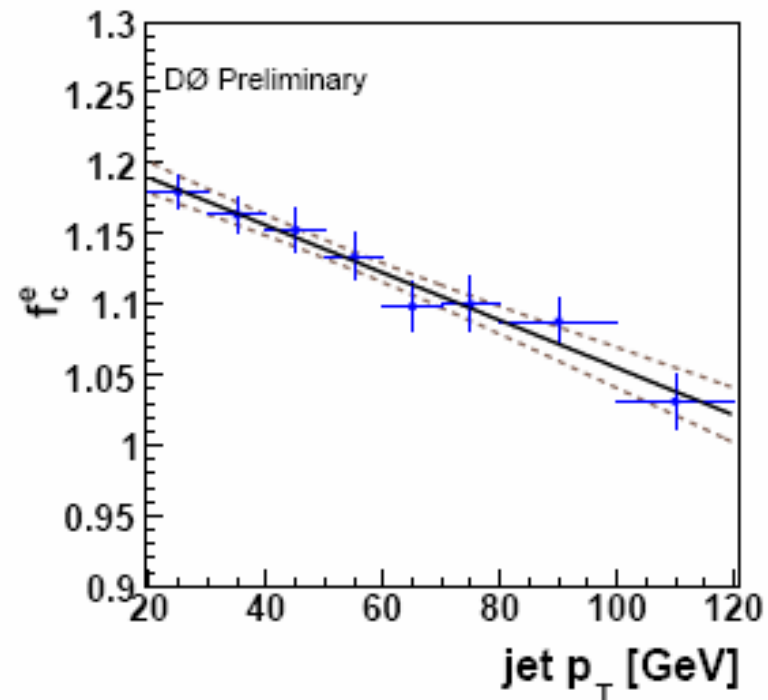


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events containing a soft muon-tagged jet enrich a sample with b/c or pion/kaon semileptonic decays

- irreducible  $W_{bb}$ ,  $W_{cc}$  backgrounds are SS events observed in data
- $W$ +light quark jet background estimation needs a weak model dependent small correction to SS events
- multijet background is estimated from data
- other relatively small background estimated from  $M_C^\ell$  simulation

$W+g$  dominates over  $W+q$  at high  $p_T$



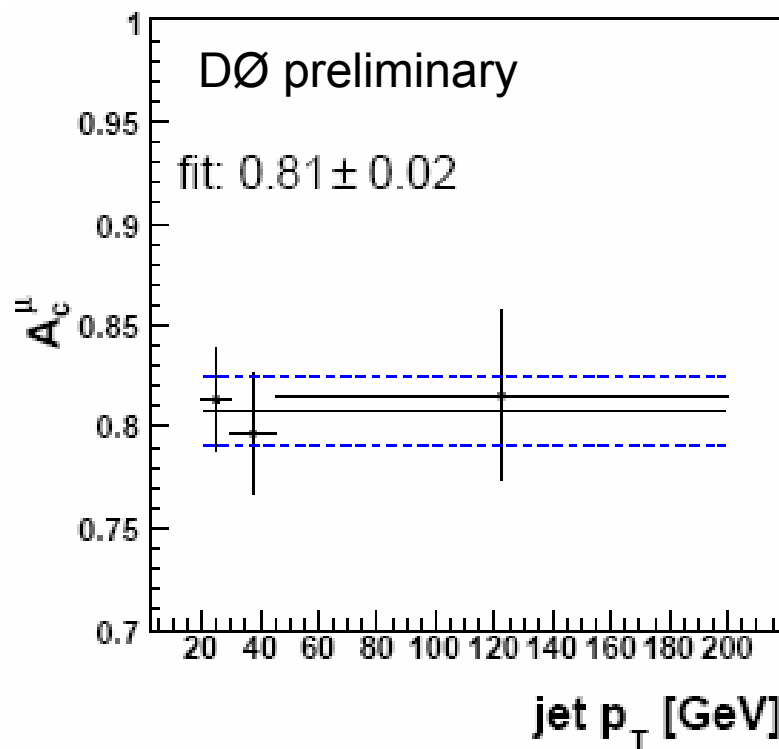
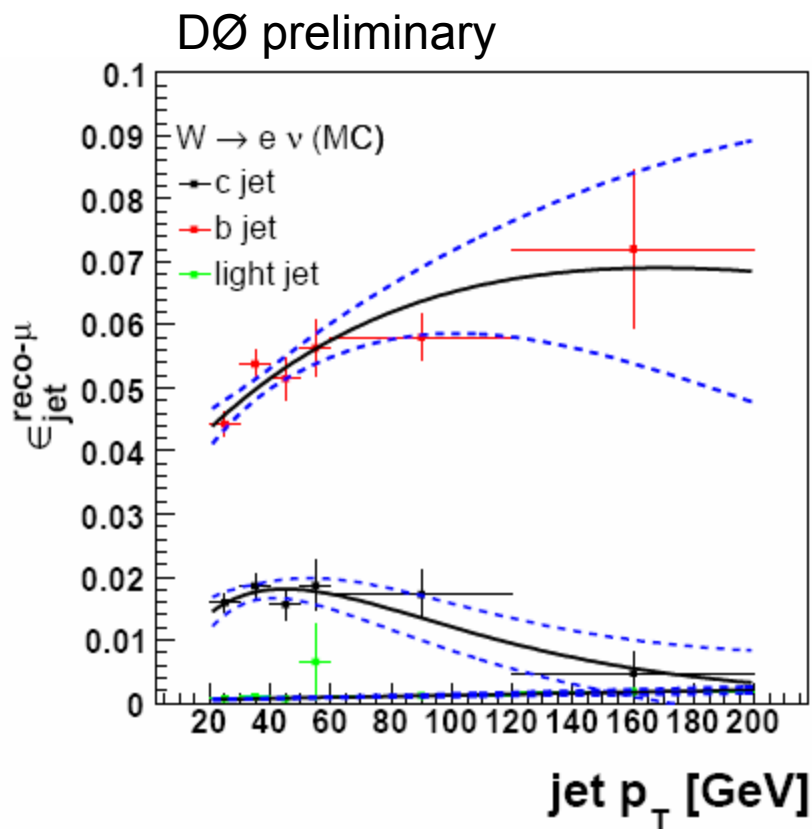
$$f_c^\ell = \frac{\int w_\pi(p_T) N_\pi^{\text{OS}}(p_T) dp_T + \int w_K(p_T) N_K^{\text{OS}}(p_T) dp_T}{\int w_\pi(p_T) N_\pi^{\text{SS}}(p_T) dp_T + \int w_K(p_T) N_K^{\text{SS}}(p_T) dp_T}$$

# Relative efficiency of W + c-jet selection



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- includes  $\text{BF}(c \rightarrow \mu)$ , muon identification and reconstruction, kinematical selection, jet momentum corrections for muon and neutrino energy losses in the jet, and efficiency for charge correlation
  - presence of muon from pion/kaon decays in c-jet in the  $W+c$ -jet sample degrades the correlation in final state leptons from 100%  $\rightarrow$  80%



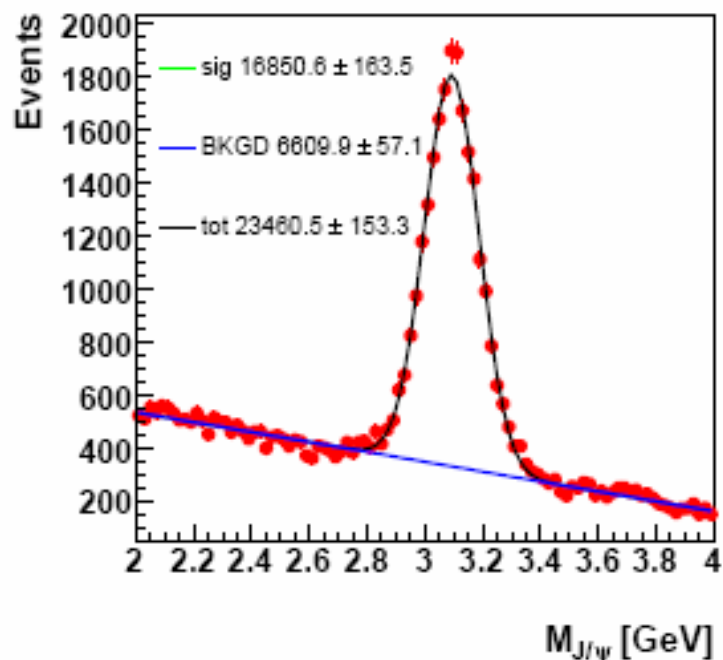
# Scale factor for efficiency correction



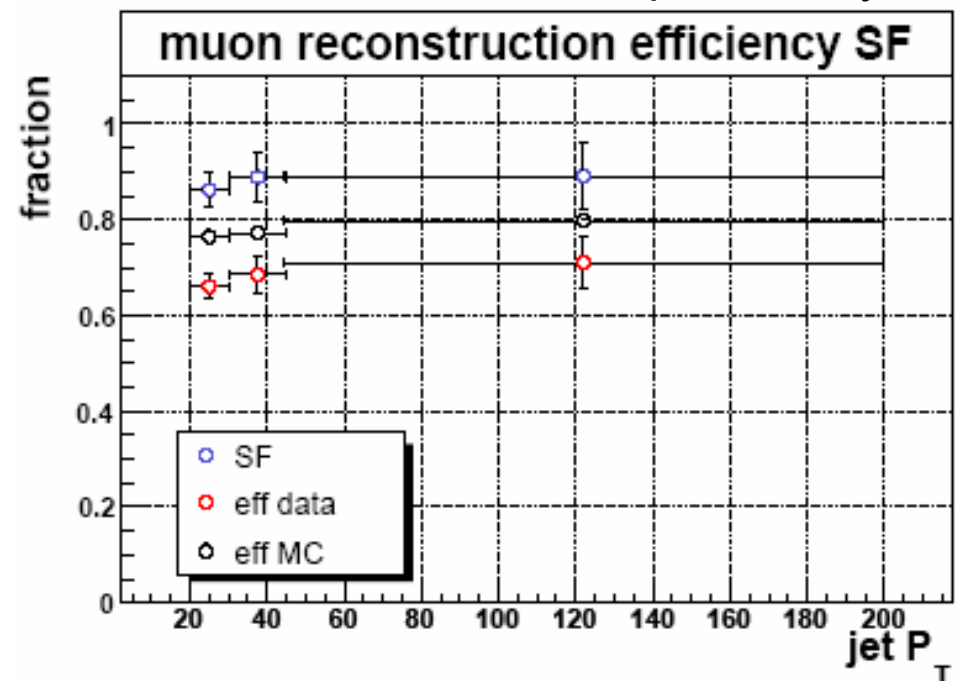
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- muon tagging efficiency estimated from models needs corrections to account for the residual detector effects
- use a large data sample of  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  to estimate the muon reconstruction efficiencies at low  $p_T$ 
  - use tag and probe method to determine the efficiencies
  - $\sim 10\%$  correction is required to recover the data-MC discrepancies

$J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  DØ preliminary



DØ preliminary



# Event yields



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Samples	$W \rightarrow e\nu + \text{jets}$			$W \rightarrow \mu\nu + \text{jets}$		
	before $\mu$ tag	OS	SS	before $\mu$ tag	OS	SS
W+c	$4301.4 \pm 27.3$	$58.7 \pm 3.2$	$5.6 \pm 0.9$	$2576.1 \pm 18.9$	$32.3 \pm 2.2$	$4.6 \pm 0.8$
W+cc	$2683.6 \pm 13.4$	$15.8 \pm 1.1$	$14.6 \pm 1.1$	$1623.4 \pm 9.3$	$8.2 \pm 0.7$	$6.2 \pm 0.6$
W+bb	$1229.5 \pm 5.7$	$24.5 \pm 0.8$	$23.6 \pm 0.8$	$728.2 \pm 3.9$	$12.3 \pm 0.5$	$12.6 \pm 0.5$
W+j(udsg)	$71561.6 \pm 112.2$	$97.4 \pm 3.8$	$84.4 \pm 3.4$	$45204.7 \pm 79.8$	$60.8 \pm 2.7$	$51.2 \pm 2.5$
Z+j	$711.7 \pm 12.1$	$0.9 \pm 0.3$	$1.6 \pm 0.5$	$2649.1 \pm 21.1$	$12.2 \pm 1.4$	$9.3 \pm 1.2$
WW	$539.0 \pm 3.7$	$6.2 \pm 0.4$	$1.9 \pm 0.2$	$417.7 \pm 3.3$	$4.1 \pm 0.3$	$1.2 \pm 0.2$
ttbar	$213.5 \pm 1.0$	$18.3 \pm 0.3$	$15.9 \pm 0.3$	$119.7 \pm 0.7$	$9.2 \pm 0.2$	$8.1 \pm 0.2$
single-top	$111.9 \pm 0.3$	$6.3 \pm 0.1$	$4.6 \pm 0.1$	$75.7 \pm 0.3$	$4.2 \pm 0.1$	$3.0 \pm 0.1$
Multi-jet	$2650 \pm 64$	$13.3 \pm 2.3$	$19.3 \pm 2.9$	$2360 \pm 178$	$12.2 \pm 4.6$	$8.8 \pm 5.4$
Background	$79588.9 \pm 130.6$	$176.3 \pm 5.2$	$161.4 \pm 4.7$	$53102.8 \pm 196.5$	$118.9 \pm 5.6$	$97.4 \pm 6.1$
Sig+BKD	$83890.3 \pm 124.7$	$235.0 \pm 6.1$	$167.0 \pm 4.8$	$55678.9 \pm 197.4$	$198.5 \pm 6.0$	$102.0 \pm 6.2$
Data	<b>82747</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>57944</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>122</b>

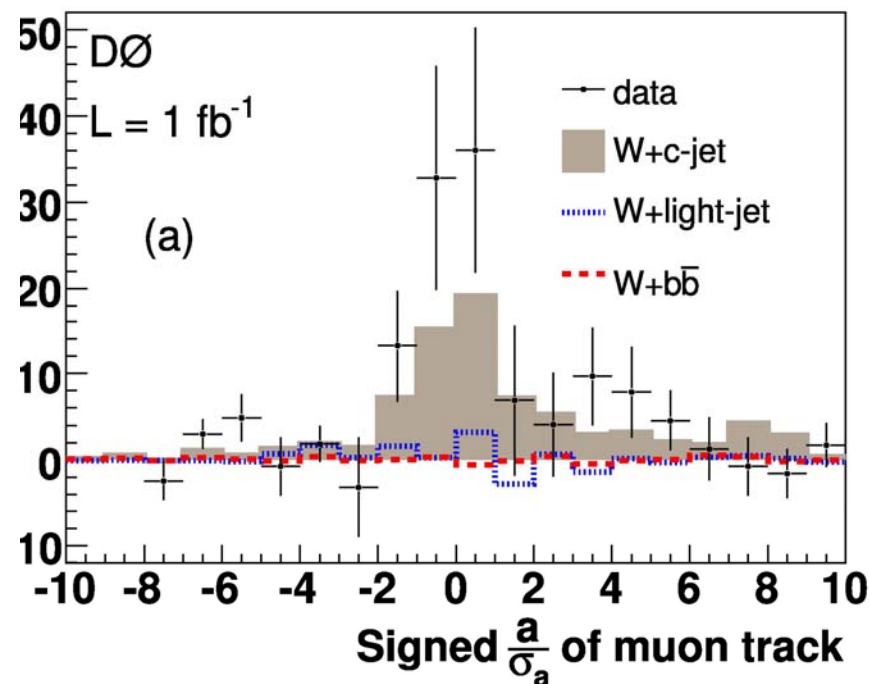
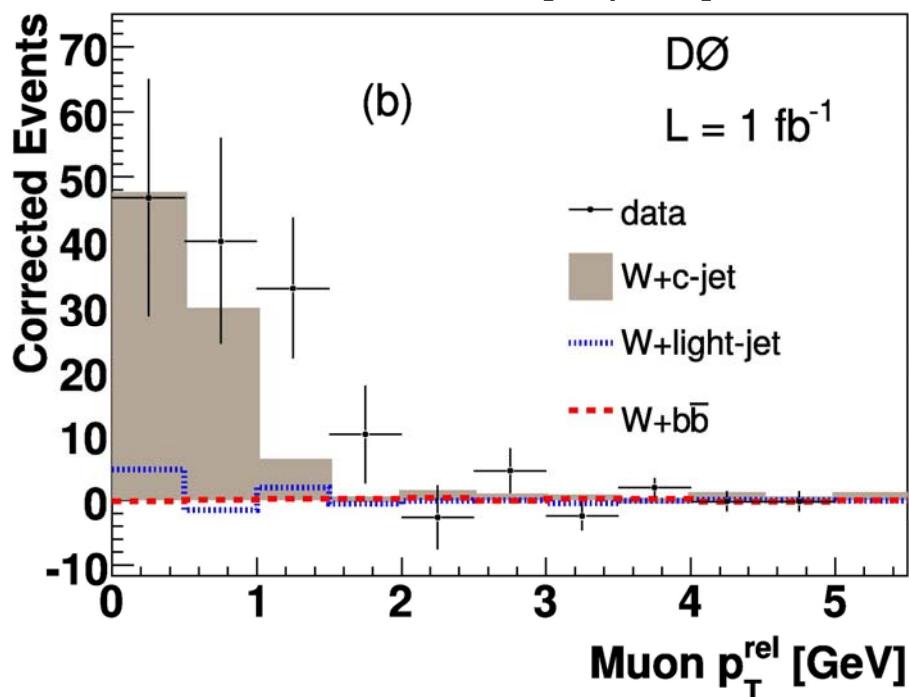


# Consistency for the $c$ -jet

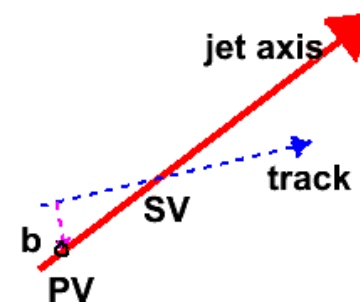


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[arXiv:0803.2259v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/0803.2259v1) [hep-ex]



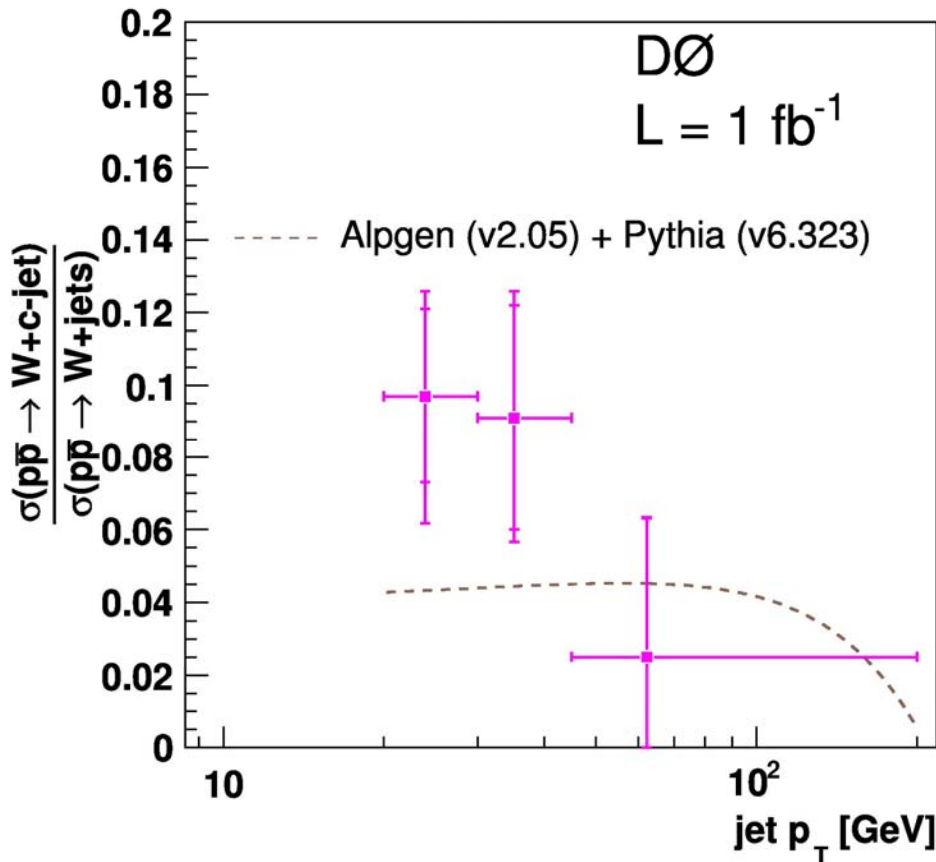
- background-subtracted data favors the shape for the charm jet variables
- b-jet contamination is small
- light-jet contribution is indeed subtracted out



# Results



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- jet  $p_T$  is corrected to the particle level
- measurement compared with the theory
  - ALPGEN: for tree level matrix element calculation
  - PYTHIA: for parton shower
  - uncertainty due to CTEQ 6.5M PDFs is 6.6%

integrated over all  $p_T$  / all bins with  $|\eta| < 2.5$

**$0.074 \pm 0.019$  (stat.) +  $0.012 - 0.014$  (syst.)**

no significant deviation from the LO theoretical prediction

- recently submitted to
  - Physics Letters B
  - [arXiv:0803.2259v1 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/0803.2259v1)
  - Fermilab-Pub-08/062-E
- CDF's recently published result:
  - Phys. Rev. Lett. 100, 091803, 2008

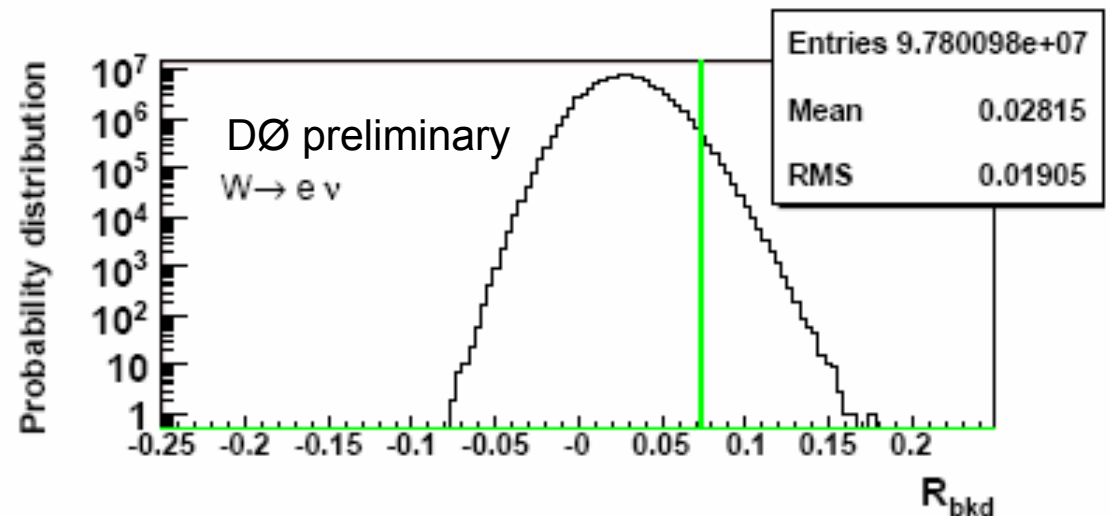
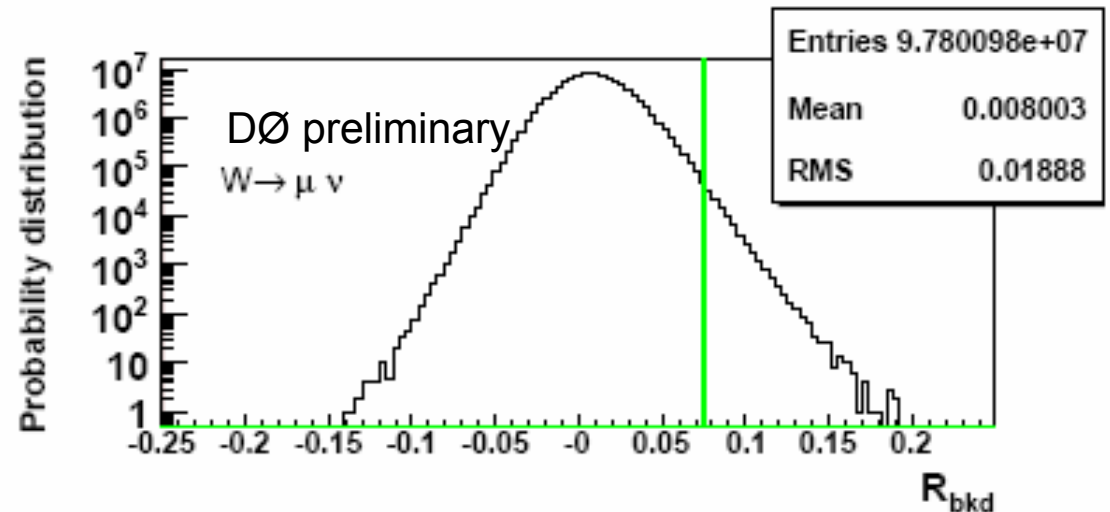
Ratio of data to MC prediction (LO)  
– "K" =  $1.68 \pm 0.54$

# Significance of the result



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- follow Bayesian approach
- include all systematic uncertainties and their correlations
- ensemble test for null hypothesis
  - probability that background fluctuations could produce equal to greater than the observed signal rate
- $2.5 \times 10^{-4} \rightarrow 3.5\sigma$  significance



# Summary & Outlook



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- **Measurements of Z+jets and W+jets are being updated, from the first low statistics measurements.**
- **The measurement of  $\sigma(W+c\text{-jet})/\sigma(W\text{+jets})$  ratio provides a probe of the strange quark inside proton and is a test of perturbative QCD and electroweak predictions**
- **We find agreement within uncertainties with**
  - **the LO perturbative QCD predictions**
  - **the s quark evolved from the  $Q^2$  scale that is two orders of magnitude below that of this measurement**
- **Direct evidence for the quark-gluon interactions that will be more important at the CERN LHC collider**
- **The DØ detector is operating well, already have  $\sim 3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data on tape, expected to reach 6 – 9  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  by the end of 2009.**
- **The precision of the measurement can be improved to less than 10% with 6  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  of data**