

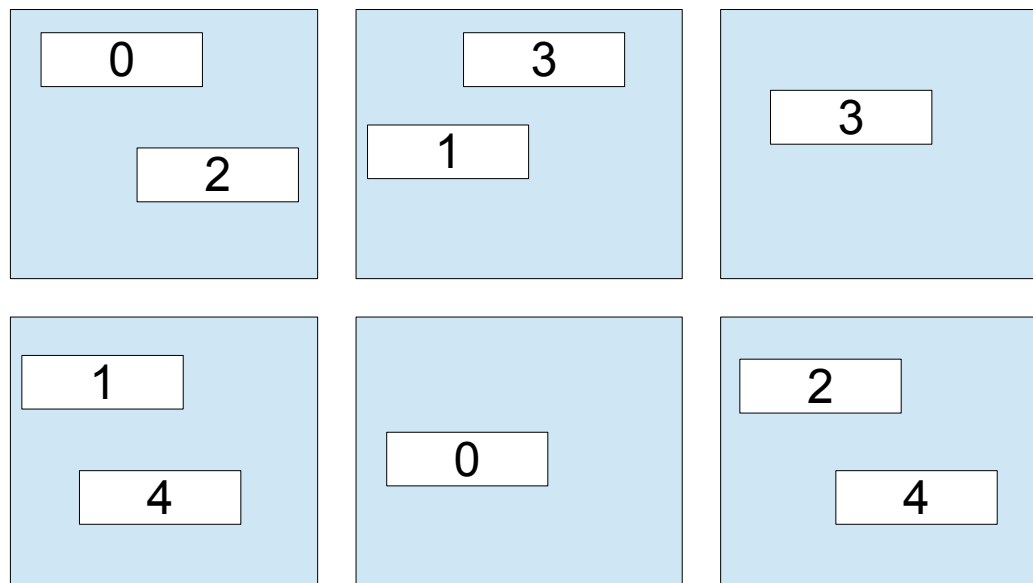
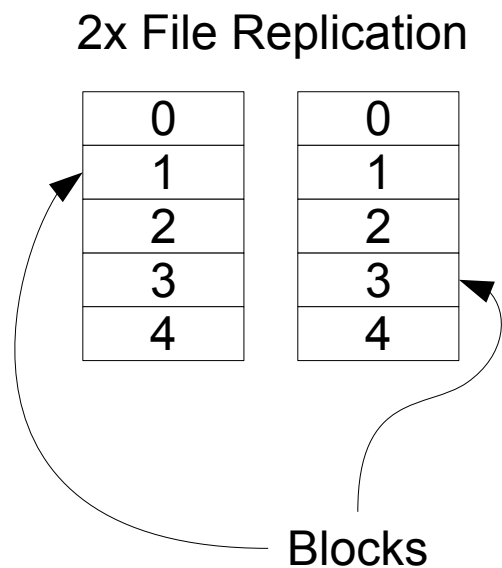
# Operational Experience Running HDFS XRootD Fallback

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# Hadoop XRootD Fallback Project

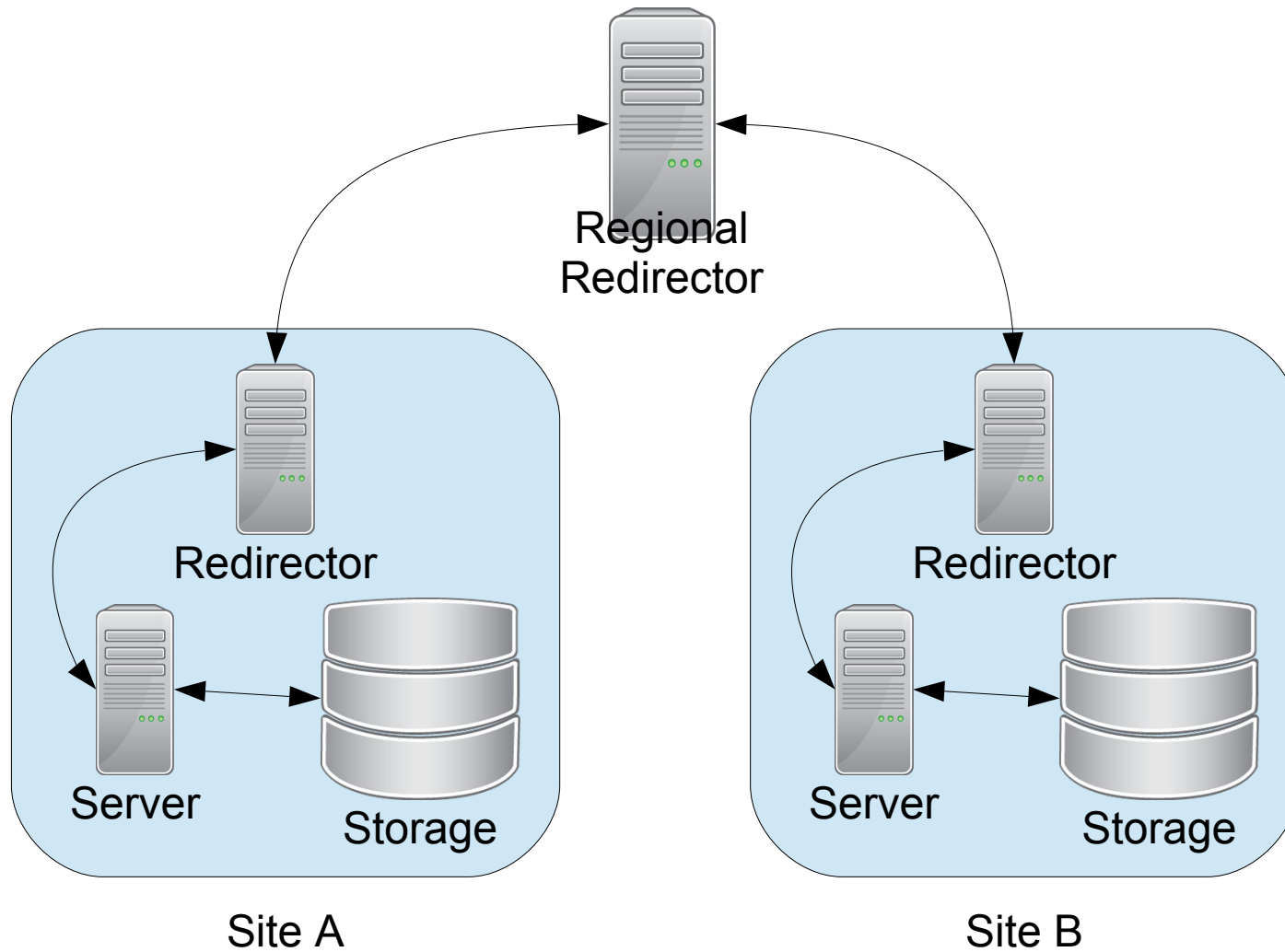
- The Hadoop XRootD Fallback Project allows a site to offload the overhead of storage redundancy from their local system onto the redundancy provided by the XRootD Federation
- The software was developed at UCSD over the course of the past 2 years

# Hadoop Distributed File System



Data Nodes

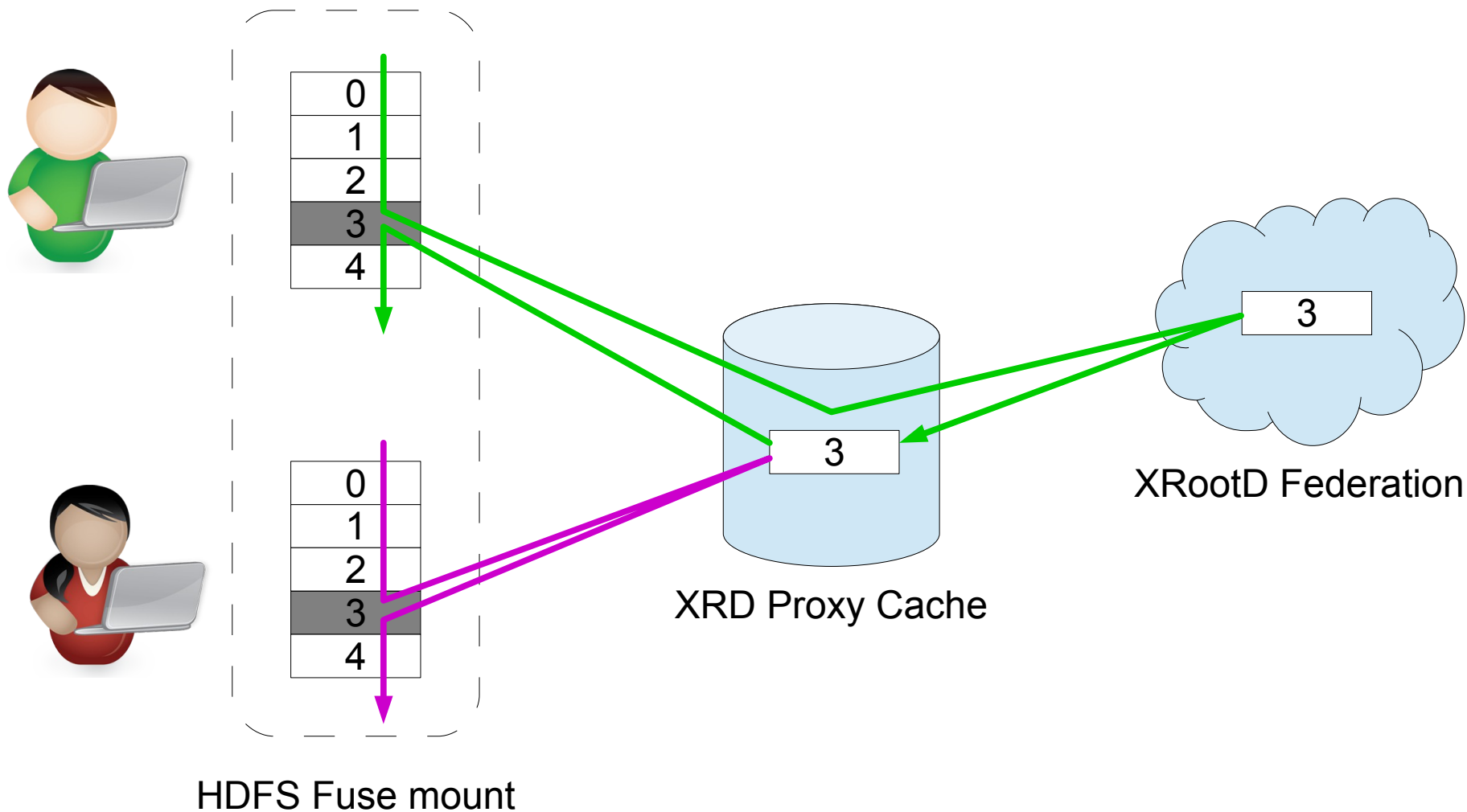
# XRootD Federation



# Prerequisites

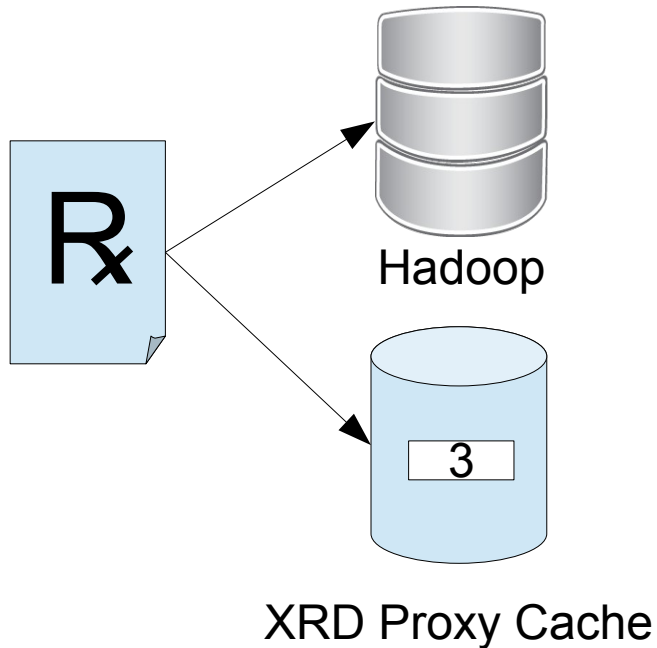
- Site uses Hadoop as its local storage backend
- Site belongs to an XRootD Federation
  - Other sites in participating federation do not need to be running HDFS!
- Data is guaranteed to be replicated on at least one other site in the Federation

# HDFS XRootD Fallback

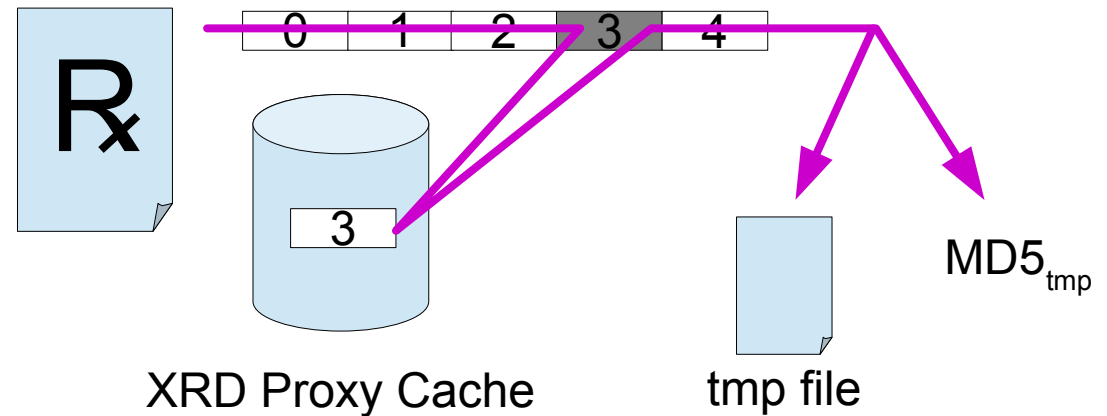


# HDFS XRootD Healer (v2)

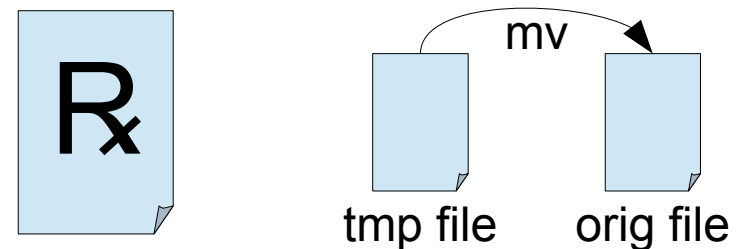
1. Obtain list of broken files that have been accessed:



2. For each broken file:



3. If  $MD5_{tmp} == MD5_{orig}$ :



# UCSDT2 Deployment

- Apr 2014 – hdfs-xrootd-fallback put into production
- Aug 2014 – reduced replication factor to 1 for subset of CMS data:

/cms/phedex/store/data/Run2012A

/cms/phedex/store/data/Summer13

/cms/phedex/store/data/Run2012B

/cms/phedex/store/mc/Summer12\_DR53X

/cms/phedex/store/data/Run2012C

/cms/phedex/store/himc

/cms/phedex/store/data/Run2012D

/cms/phedex/store/relval

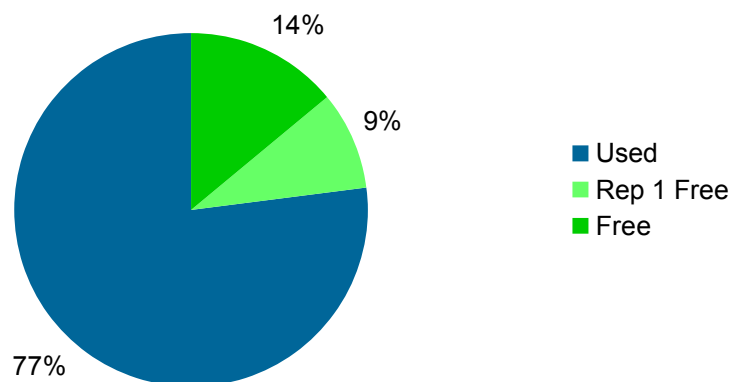
/cms/phedex/store/data/Fall13

- Sep 2014 – hdfs-xrootd-healer (v1) put into production
- Mar 2015 – upgraded hdfs-xrootd-healer to v2

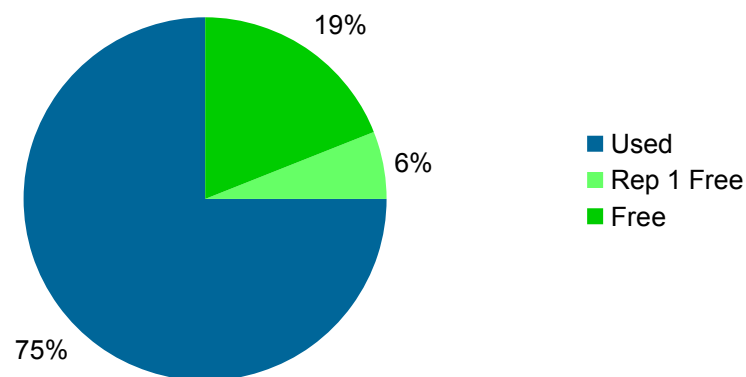


# Oct 2014 vs Apr 2015

- Storage increased due to recovering 11 dead nodes (not fallback related)



Configured Capacity	2.55 PB
DFS Used	1.96 PB
DFS Used%	77 %
Live Nodes	101
Rep 1 Namespace	236 TB

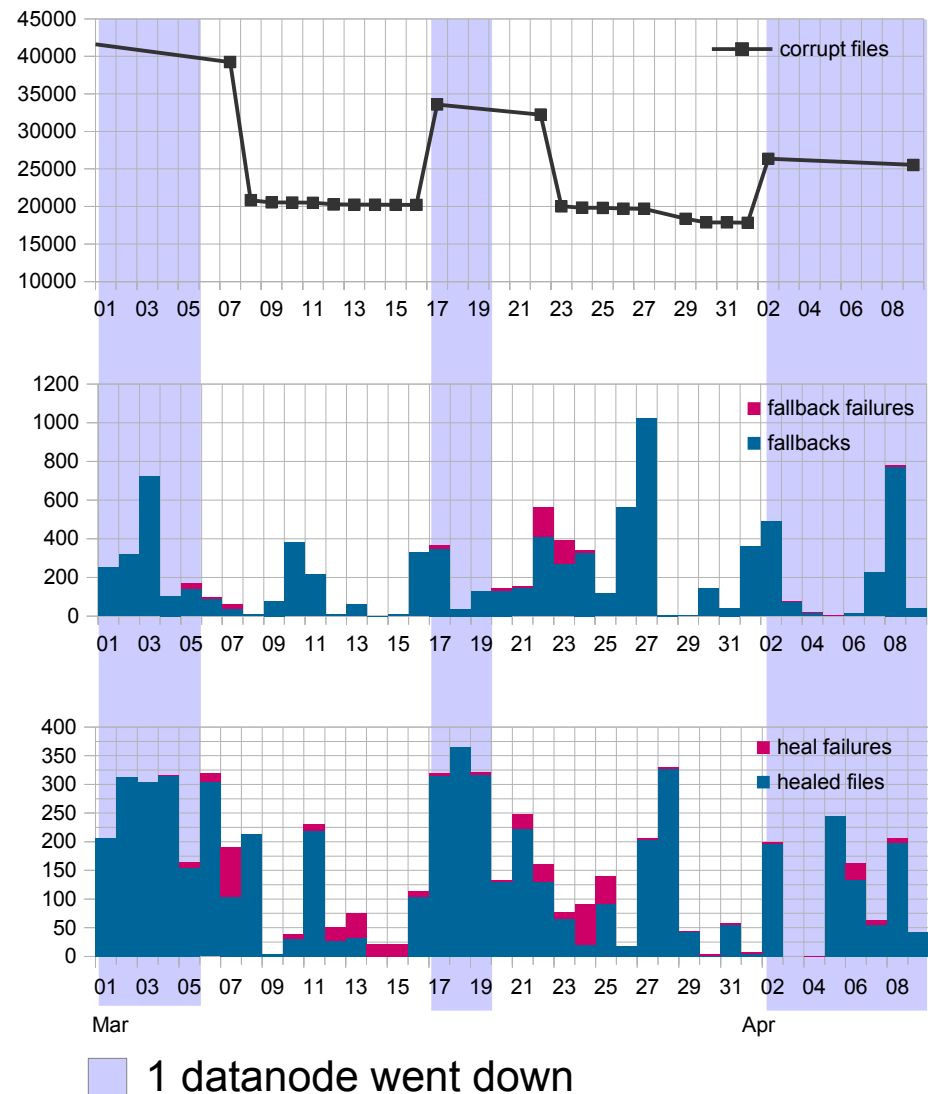


Configured Capacity	3.1 PB
DFS Used	2.32 PB
DFS Used%	75 %
Live Nodes	112
Rep 1 Namespace	190 TB

- DN recovery did reduce the impact of fallback, but it still is contributing a significant amount of space saved
- Unclear why replica 1 namespace shrunk by 46 TB, perhaps due to changes in CMS data popularity?

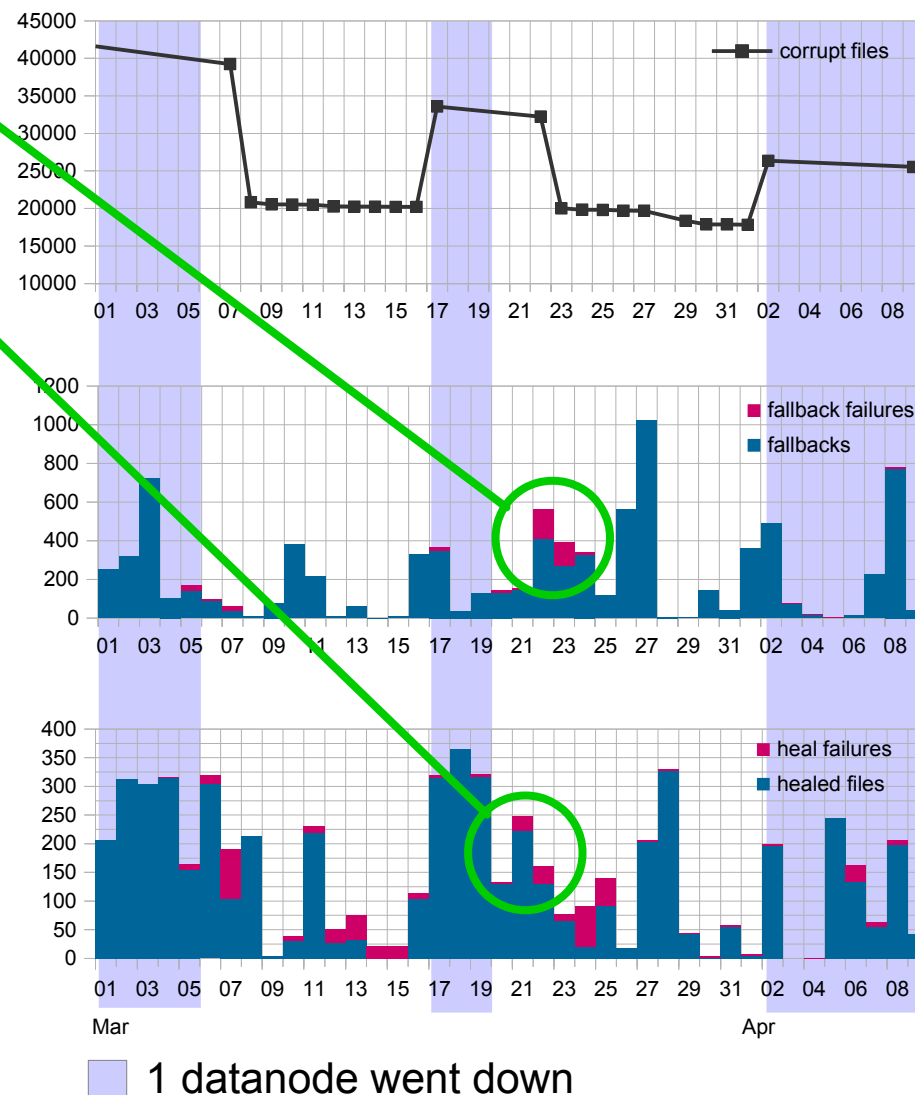
# Fallback / Healer in Action

- Expected observations:
  - Total number of corrupt files decreases over time
  - File healing tends to increase after increased fallback triggers
- Surprising observation:
  - Healing does not significantly increase on downed datanode
  - Healing maxes out at 350 files a day; lack of data points in top plot is due to healer running over multiple days



# Understanding Failures

- Fallback failures mean user jobs are failing on read, we take these seriously!
  - We want to understand why healer fails, but it is not as critical
- Investigating high number of fallback failures in March revealed some XRootD redirectors are ignoring our flag to avoid fetching from UCSD, even though we know the file is broken here
- We put in a software patch on March 25<sup>th</sup> to handle this, and the errors cleared up



# What's Next?

- First order of business is get a proper fix into XRootD to deal with the self redirection problem
  - This must be fixed on the server side, and meta-managers will need to upgrade once fix is put into XRootD (4.2 release)
- hdfs-xrootd-fallback project is already hosted in the development OSG RPM repo, although shouldn't be marked as production ready until the above is solved
- Lower prio action items:
  - Investigate why healer bottlenecks at fixing 350 files / day
  - Increase replica 1 namespace to save even more space

# Summary

- The Hadoop XRootD Fallback system gives sites a way to potentially obtain big savings on storage
- However this does not come 100% cost free
- The site must consider that by using it, their local storage becomes much more dependent on the stability of the XRootD Federation, in order to function optimally
- However if more sites participate, it will help us provide feedback to XRootD team to continue to make Federated storage even more stable and robust