







The support of the ERDF funds is gratefully acknowledged.

## Free cooling on the Mediterranean shore: Energy efficiency upgrades at PIC

V. Acin<sup>1</sup>, M. Delfino<sup>2</sup>, A. Herbera<sup>2</sup>, J. Hernández<sup>2</sup>

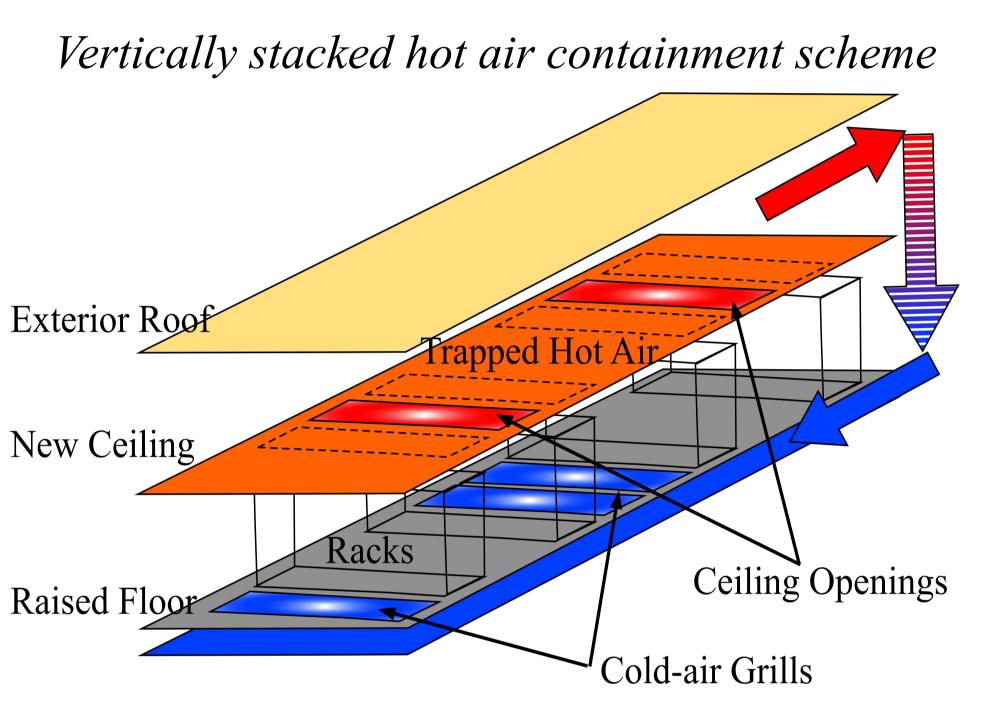
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<u>Starting points</u>: 2010 PUE=2.3→Renew chillers→2012 PUE=1.7 PUE=Power Usage Effectiveness=Total Power/IT Power

Challenge: Separate hot/cold air in a high-ceiling, shared, open-plant room.

Avoid cold-air starvation in closed cold aisles. Careful: Tape robots in same space.

Solution: 400 m<sup>2</sup> modular ceiling with openings above hot aisles. Slat curtains guide hot air through openings, trapping it above ceiling. Few pillars, so ceiling hangs from roof beams.







## Opportunity: Expand cooling capacity and improve efficiency with a free-cooling system

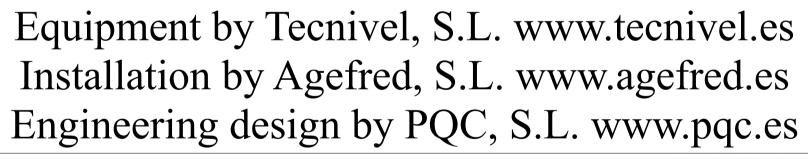
Solution: Indirect free-cooling system based on industrial components.

- •Exterior Air Loop separated from Datacenter Air Loop
- •Air-to-Air Heat Exchanger with Adiabatic and Chilled Water Assist

Cooperative scheme: Each stage lowers air temperature as much as possible

Work done with PIC and UAB data centers running. Downtime: 8 hours.

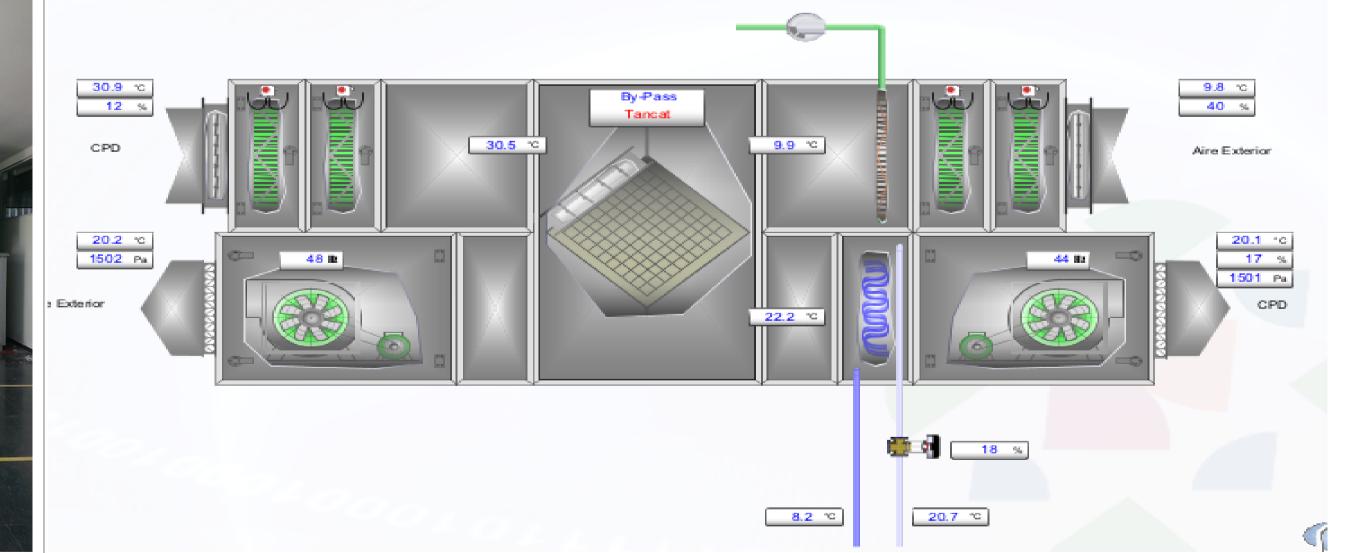




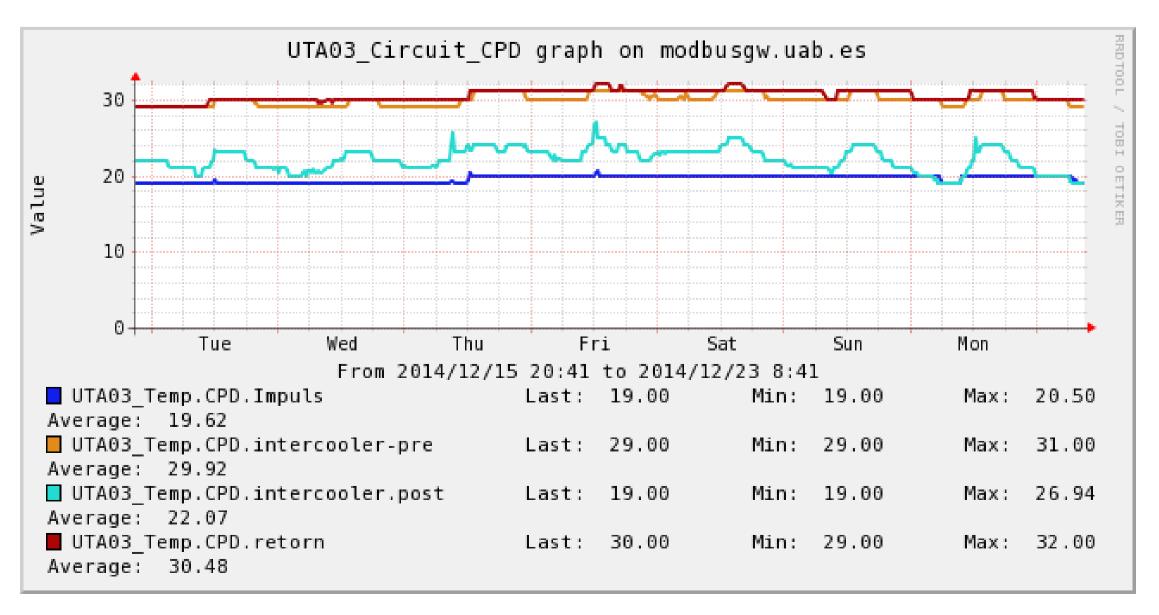








Integration: ModBus gateway to Nagios/Ganglia



Results: (steady operation since Dec. 2014)

- Seasonal PUE:  $1.3 \rightarrow \text{Yearly Avg.} \sim 1.4-1.5$
- Investment will be recovered in < 4 years
- Non-constrained cold aisle air flow allows increase of cold air delivery temperature from 13°C to 21°C
  - Better compatibility with free-cooling scheme
  - Additional savings by raising chilled water temp.

Note: Additional efficiency has been achieved by introduction of an Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor UPS in April 2015.