

New Setup Beam Flag definition in the view of Run1 operational experience and the results of material damage experiments

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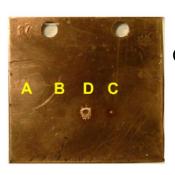
Contents

- Definition of SBF
- Background of SBF
- SBF levels during Run 1
- SBF mission
- Users
- Run 1 Experience
- Proposal to ensure adequate protection and an efficient setup @ 6.5TeV
- Discussion



Definition of SBF

- The intensity limit as a function of energy at which damage* of Cu occurs in case of transient beam loss
 - "SET-UP BEAM FLAG = .TRUE." : beam intensity and energy
 below the Cu transient damage limit.
 - "SET-UP BEAM FLAG = .FALSE." : beam intensity and energy above the Cu transient damage limit.
 - * Damage = "clear sign of melting".



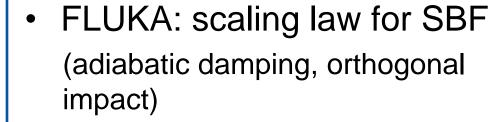
One of the Cu plates of the TT40 Material Damage Test target after the irradiation.

[V.Kain "Machine Protection and Beam Quality during the LHC Injection Process" CERN-THESIS-2005-047 Vienna Tech. U., 2005].



Background of SBF

 TT40 material damage test (2005): 1e12 lost protons having 450 GeV do not produce any damage.



$$\left(\frac{E[GeV]}{450[GeV]}\right)^{1.7} \times I[p] \le 1 \times 10^{12}$$



Intensity	# protons	Comments
Α	1.3e12	No effect
В	2.6e12	Decolouration
С	5.3e12	Melting
D	7.9e12	Fragment ejection

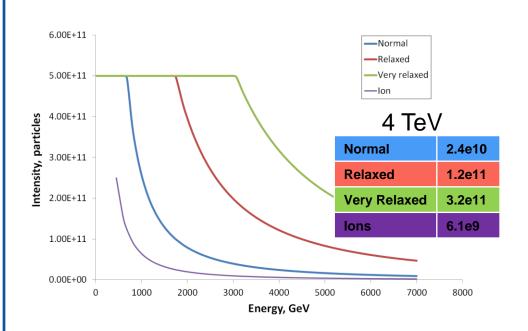


SBF levels during Run 1

- Probability of orthogonal impact in the machine is low.
- Losses are mostly not instantaneous.
- Damage limit for Cu is lower than for stainless steel.



Three different SBFs were defined.



The intensity of ~1e12 p was considered safe; factor 2 was applied to this intensity value, due to lower emittance used during operation => 5e11 p

NORMAL: Considered to be safe.

RELAXED: was established to allow 1 nominal bunch at 4 TeV.

VERY RELAXED: was established to allow 3 nominal bunches at 4 TeV.

5



SBF mission

- Interlocks in the LHC to ensure protection:
 - RF; BLM; BPM; Vacuum; FMCM; Collimation; SIS; PIC; WIC;
 QPS; etc.
- SBF allows masking some of the BIS channels to allow for efficient beam setups:
 - BLMs on collimators
 - Collimation interlocks
 - RF interlock
 - BPM IP6 orbit excursion
 - Etc.
- Masking is not possible above the intensity as function of the beam energy defined in the SBF.



Users

• During Run 1:

- Beam setup (orbit, collision, ...).
- Collimation setup and qualification.
- MDs.
- Optics measurements.
 Normal SBF: 2.4e10 @ 4 TeV
- etc.

Very Relaxed SBF: 3.2e11p @ 4TeV

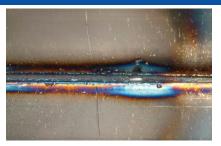


Run 1 Experience

- TT40 Damage during HI SPS Extraction
 - Cutting the vacuum chamber open by 3.4e13 p
 @ 450 GeV



Safe beam intensity at 450 GeV: 1x10¹² p





- TCT Damage Tests (HRMT09, HRMT14):
 - Onset of plastic damage : 5x10⁹ p
 - Limit for fragment ejection: 2x10¹⁰ p

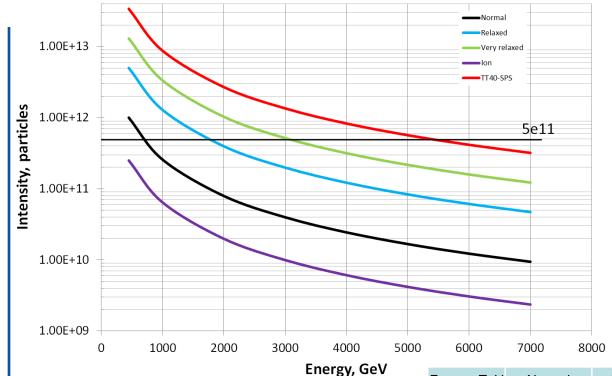
 Limit requiring replacement of device (with fragment ejection): 1x10¹¹ p
 Not acceptable?

Smaller beams during Run1. Emittance
 ~2 um instead of 3.75 um





Experience of TT40 Damage during 2004 High Intensity SPS Extraction



Number of protons that will melt stainless steel at 7 TeV (calculated using TT40 experience and scaling law): 3.2e11 p

Energy, TeV	Normal	Relaxed	Very relaxed	lon	TT40-SPS
0.45	1.00E+12	5.00E+12	1.30E+13	2.50E+11	3.4E+13
1	2.57E+11	1.29E+12	3.35E+12	6.43E+10	8.75E+12
2	7.92E+10	3.96E+11	1.03E+12	1.98E+10	2.69E+12
3	3.98E+10	1.99E+11	5.17E+11	9.94E+09	1.35E+12
4	2.44E+10	1.22E+11	3.17E+11	6.09E+09	8.29E+11
5	1.67E+10	8.34E+10	2.17E+11	4.17E+09	5.67E+11
- 6	1.22E+10	6.12E+10	1.59E+11	3.06E+09	4.16E+11
7	9.41E+09	4.71E+10	1.22E+11	2.35E+09	3.2E+11

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Proposal to ensure adequate protection and an efficient setup

1) Normal SBF: 1.1e10

Restricted SBF: 1.4e11 x 1 bunch

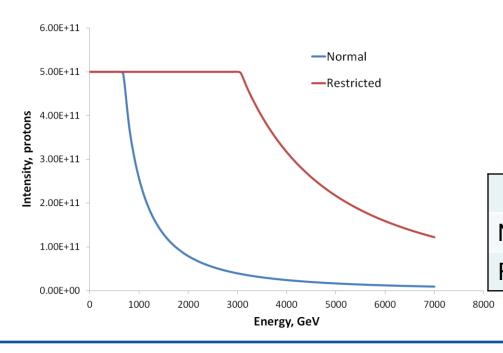
3) Restricted SBF: 1.1e10 x 12 bunches

SIS interlock on bunch intensity

[ALL]

[Only Special Users]

[MDs with MP doc.]



Limiting intensities for differentlevel SBFs at 6.5 TeV and 7 TeV

	6.5 TeV	7 TeV
Normal	1.1e10	9.4e9
Restricted	1.4e11	1.2e11



Discussion

Is it feasible with these limits to

- Set up collisions.
- Set up collimation system (assuming the "golden" orbit can also be achieved for pilot bunches).
- Perform loss maps.
- Perform Asynchronous Beam Dump tests.

– ...

lons: to be continued...