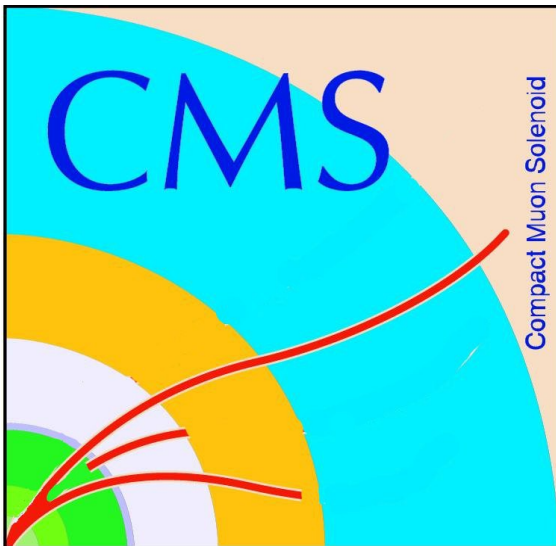




# Jet ID in CMS

Philip Harris (CERN)  
CMS collaboration



# WAT is the Event?

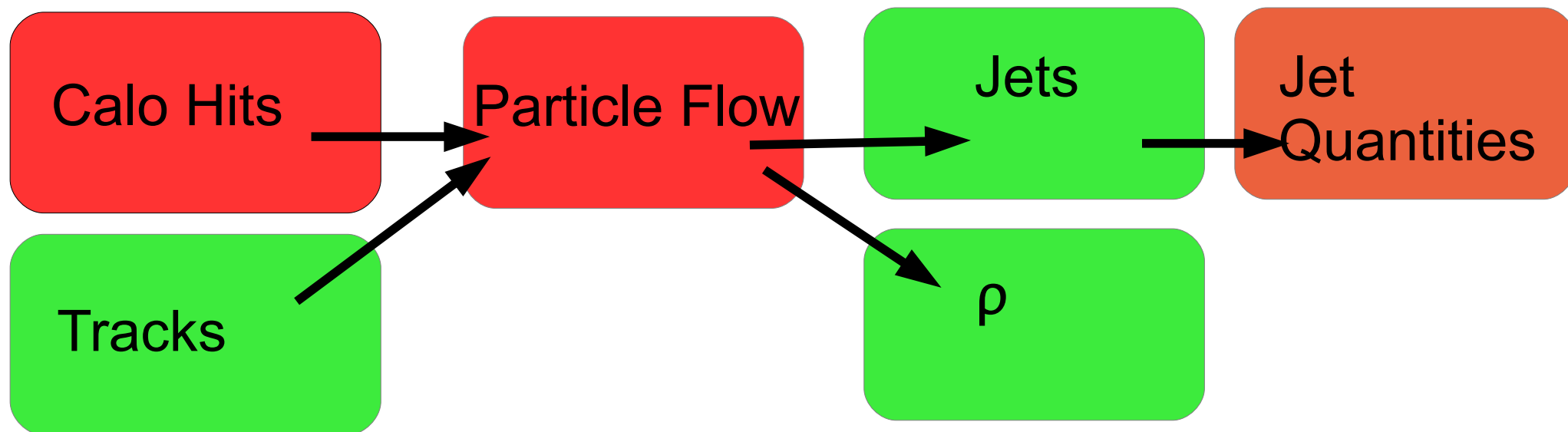
- The event is composed of many jets
  - Correcting jets not necessarily correcting the event



Origins of PU Jet Id in CMS:  
Approach to **remove** PU to  
**the whole event**

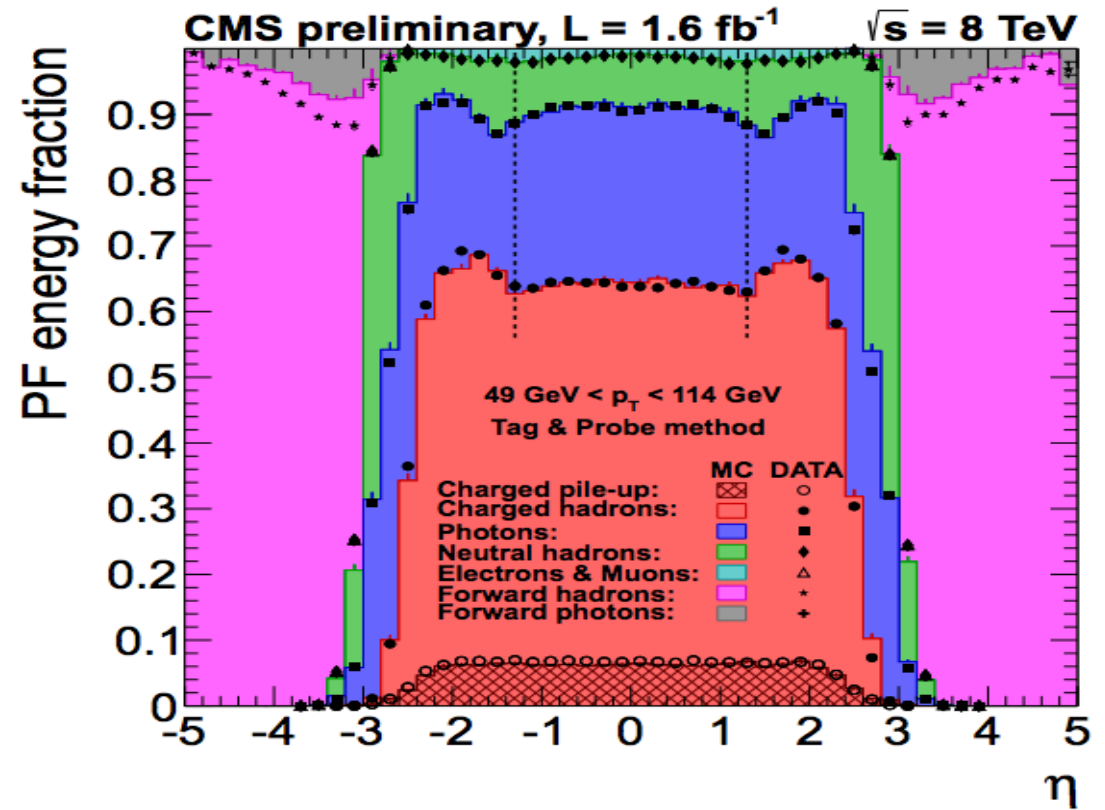
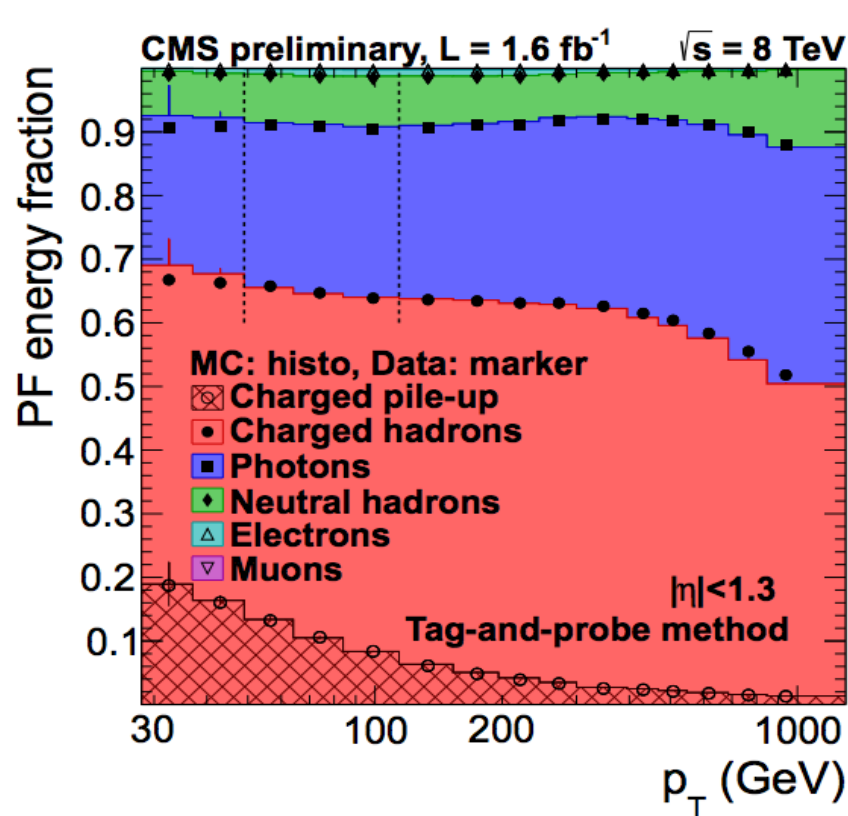
Both *MET* and Jets

# Stages of Jet ID



- At the lowest level perform basic noise cleaning
  - Each of the **red boxes** use noise cleaning
- Calo Hits : Basic cleaning
- PF : Cleaning on track quality + matching
- Jets : See next slide

# Basic Jet ID : Cleaning Noise



Fraction	Loose	Medium	Tight
Neut. Had	< 0.99	< 0.95	< 0.9
Neut. EM	< 0.99	< 0.95	< 0.9
#constitsX	> 0	> 0	> 0
Chrgd. H	> 0	> 0	> 0
Neut. EM	< 0.99	< 0.95	0.9
#constitsX	> 0	> 0	> 0

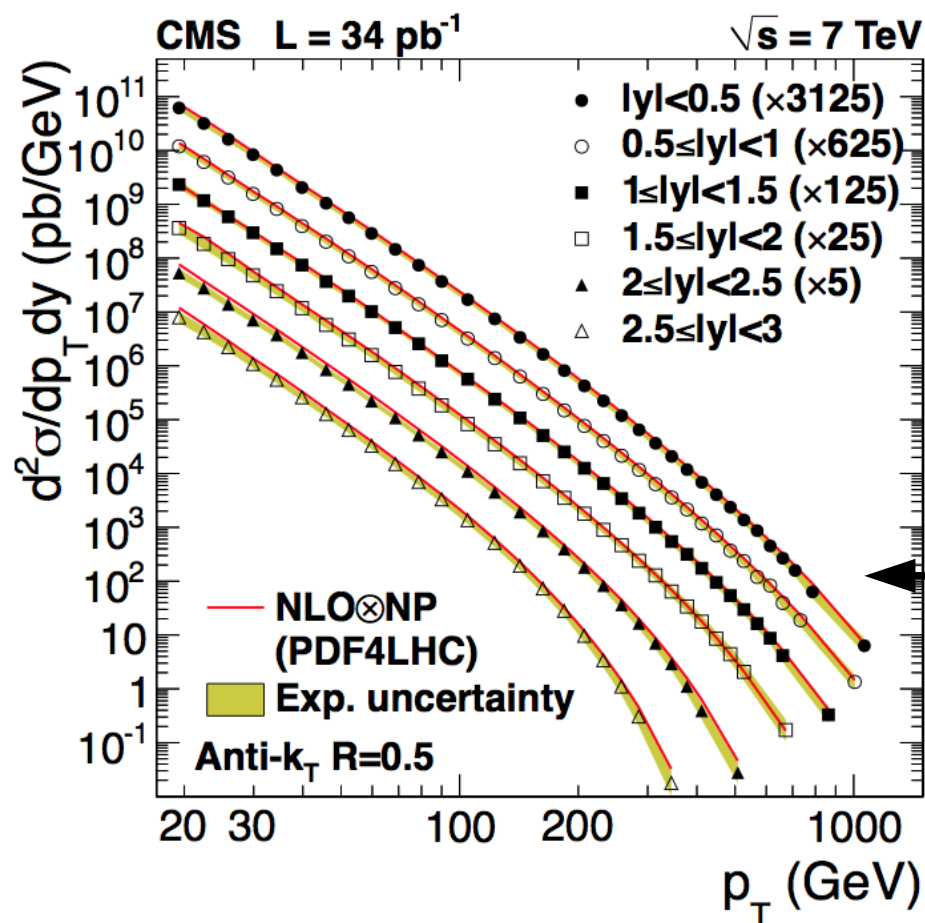
All Jets in CMS start with these cuts

Red : inside tracker

# What is Pileup?

- Any object from another collision
  - Some resulting QCD from UE/jet production
  - Consider instance where **objects are clustered**

## What is the rate of overlapping pileup?



Phys.Rev.Lett.107:132001,2011

Two jets w/Sum  $pT = pT_1 + pT_2$

Consider a simplified model

$$P(\text{overlap}|pT) \approx N_{pu}^2 a_{jet}^2 \int A$$

$$\int A = \int dpT \frac{d\sigma}{dpT} \frac{d\sigma}{dpT} \delta(pT - pT_1 + pT_2)$$

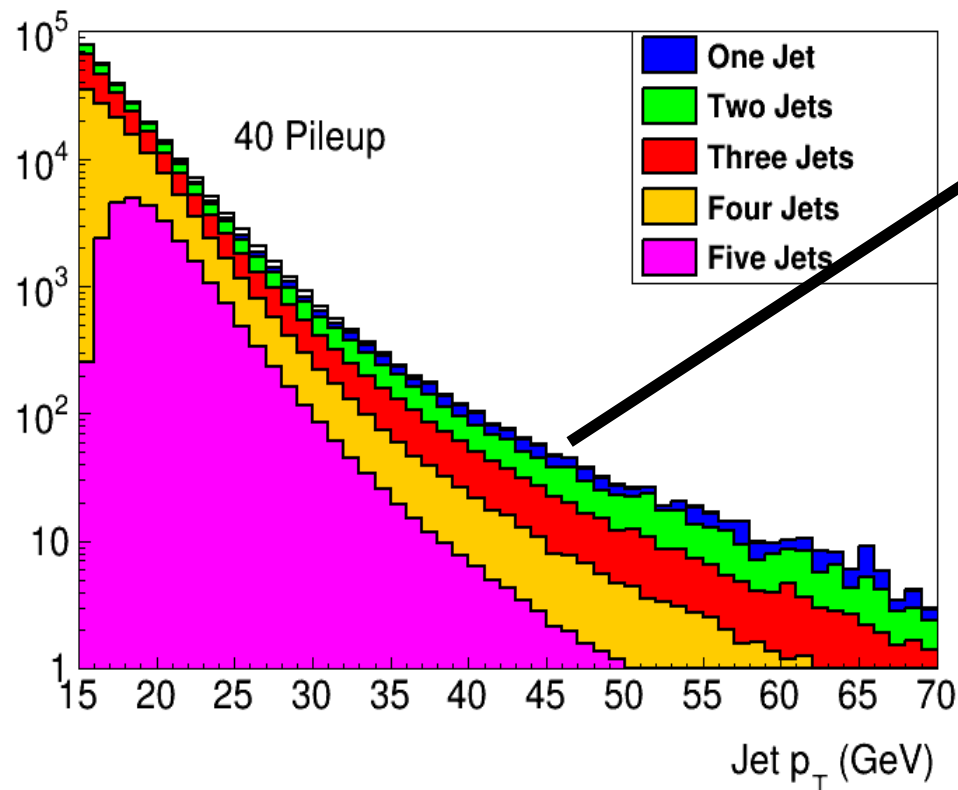
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dpT} = pT^{-5} \text{ (NLO/measurement)}$$

$$\int A = C pT^{-6.2} \text{ (C a constant)}$$

# What is Pileup?

- Any object from another collision
  - Some resulting QCD from UE/jet production
  - Consider instance where **objects are clustered**

What is the rate of overlapping pileup?



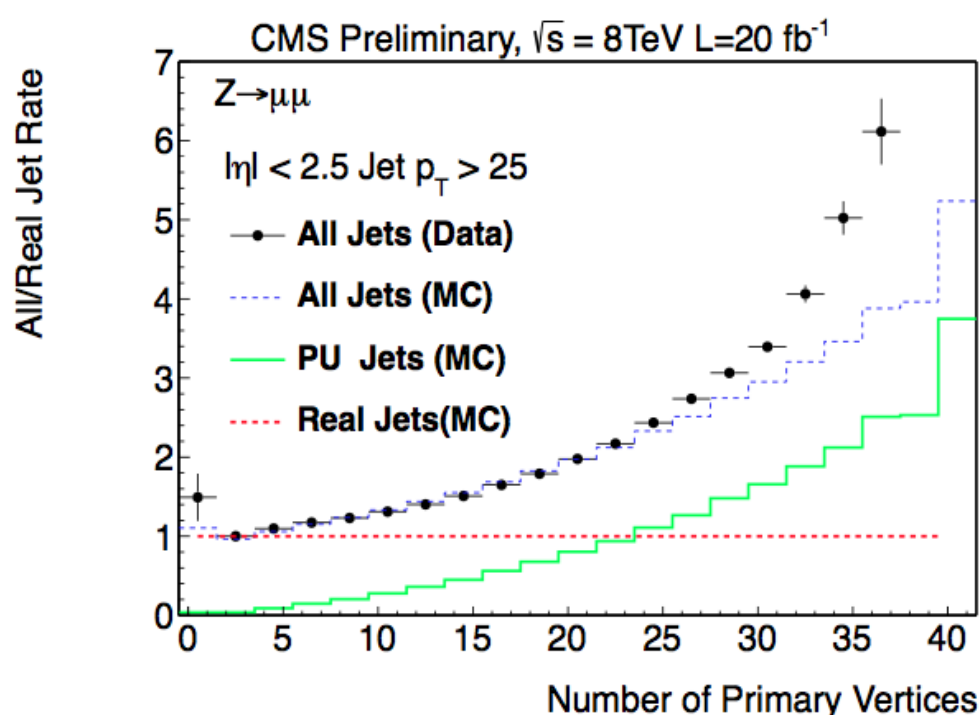
Contribution of overlapping jets  
To pileup jet spectrum

Two jets are dominant  
contribution

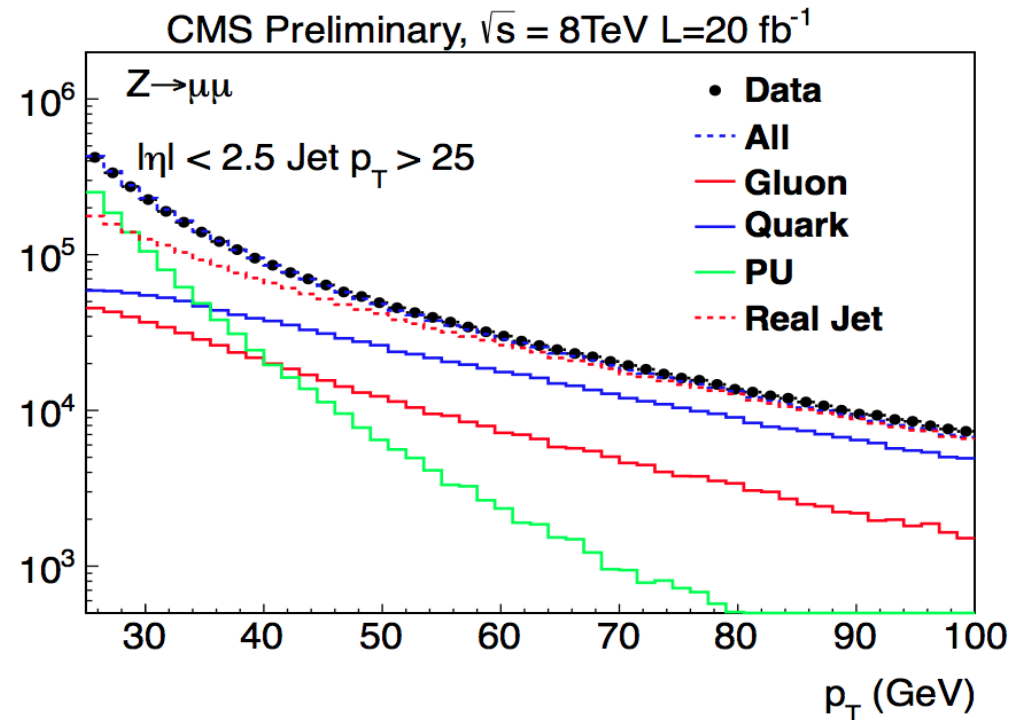
# What does it look like in Data?

$$P(\text{overlap}|pT) \approx C N_{\text{pu}}^2 a_{\text{jet}}^2 pT^{-6.2}$$

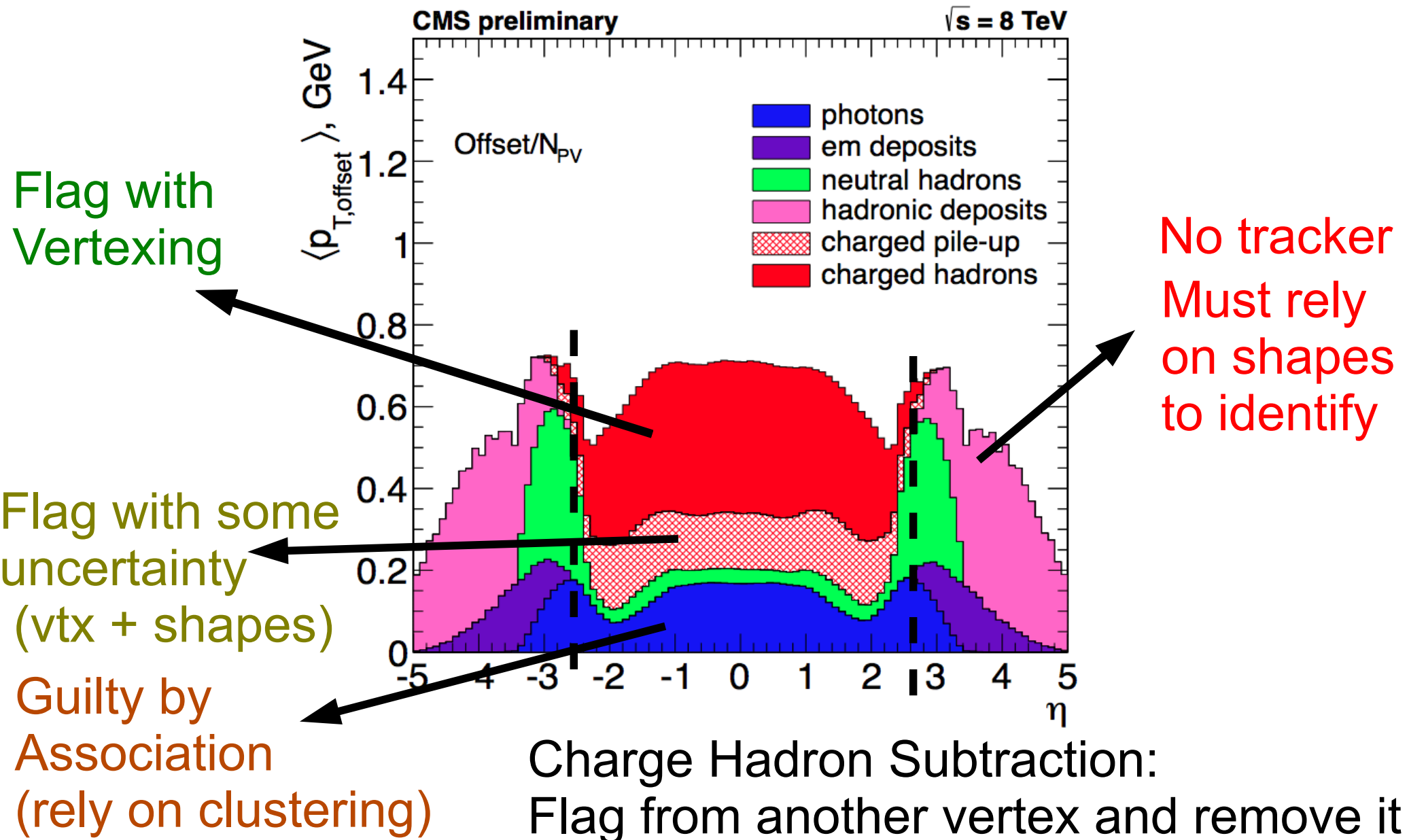
- Expect pileup to grow quadratically
- Expect pileup jets to fall off more rapidly
  - Pileup jets remain a few% level problem up to 70 GeV



$$\text{Number of PV} = 0.7 \times N_{\text{pu}}$$



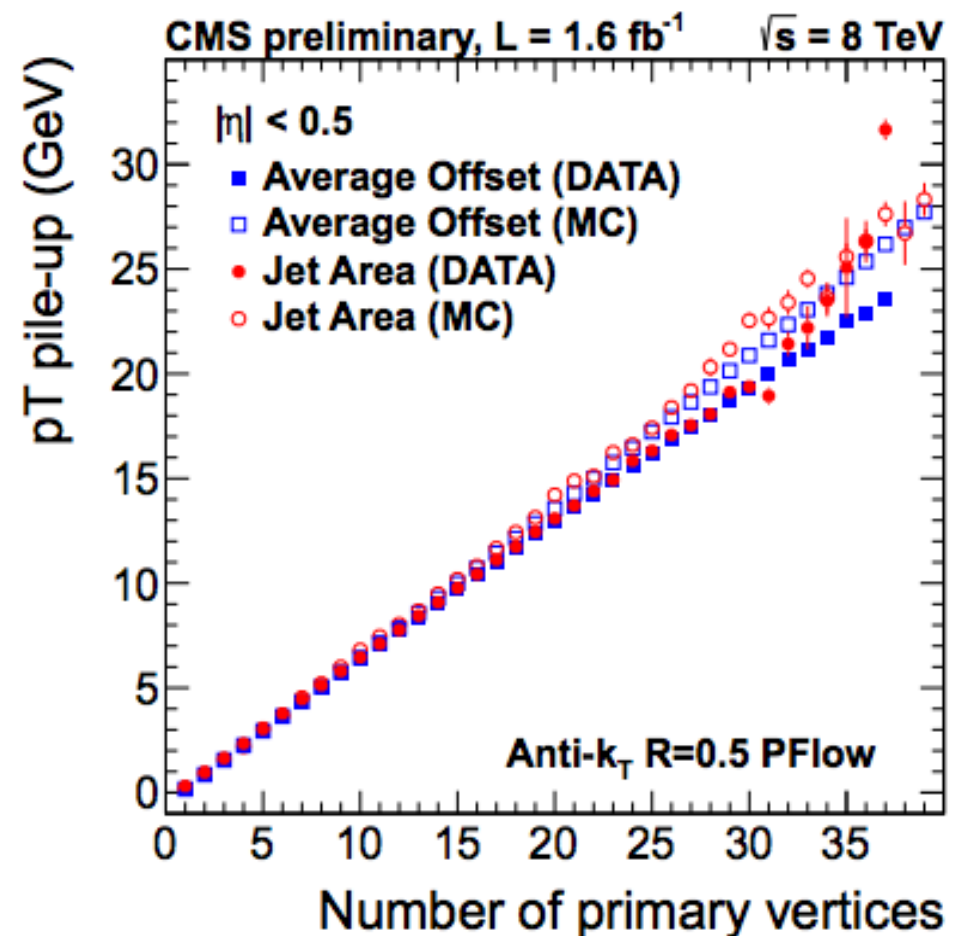
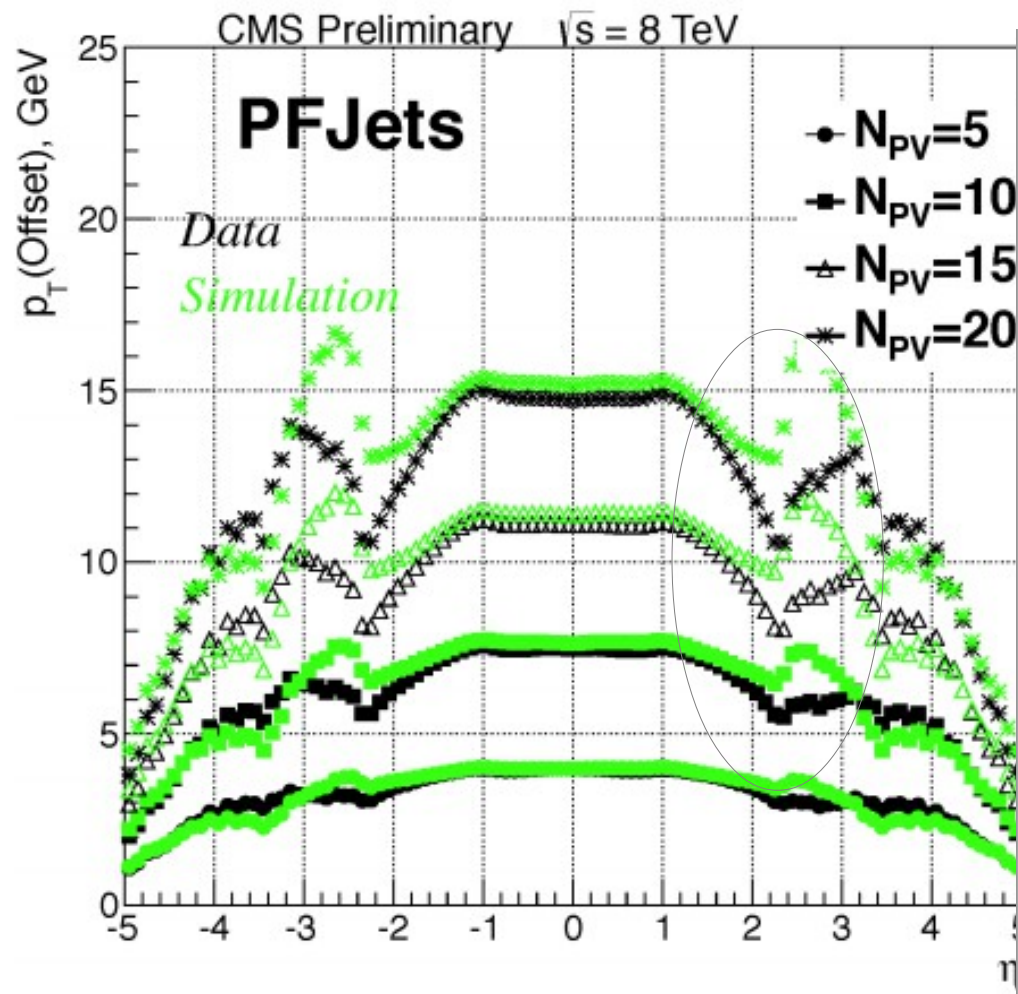
# Pileup Composition in CMS





# Cleaning up the Pielup

- Pileup Subtraction
  - Pileup measured in zero bias events : effectively is 1 2D Plot



# Pileup Removal in CMS

- PF Jet reconstruction
  - Take all particle flow (PF) candidates
  - Cluster
  - Apply  $\rho$  correction
- Charged Hadron Subtraction(CHS) Jet reconstruction
  - Remove PF candidates assigned to another vertex
  - Cluster
  - Apply modified  $\rho$  correction (modified in TK volume)
  - Baseline for substructure and shape variables

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Apply Pileup jet Id on either (separate for each algo)

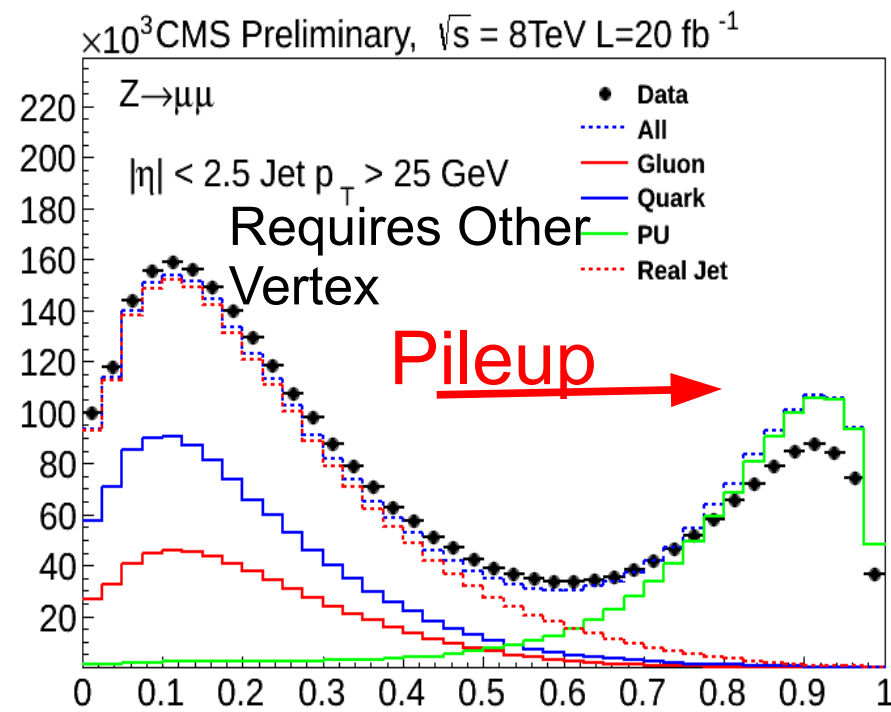
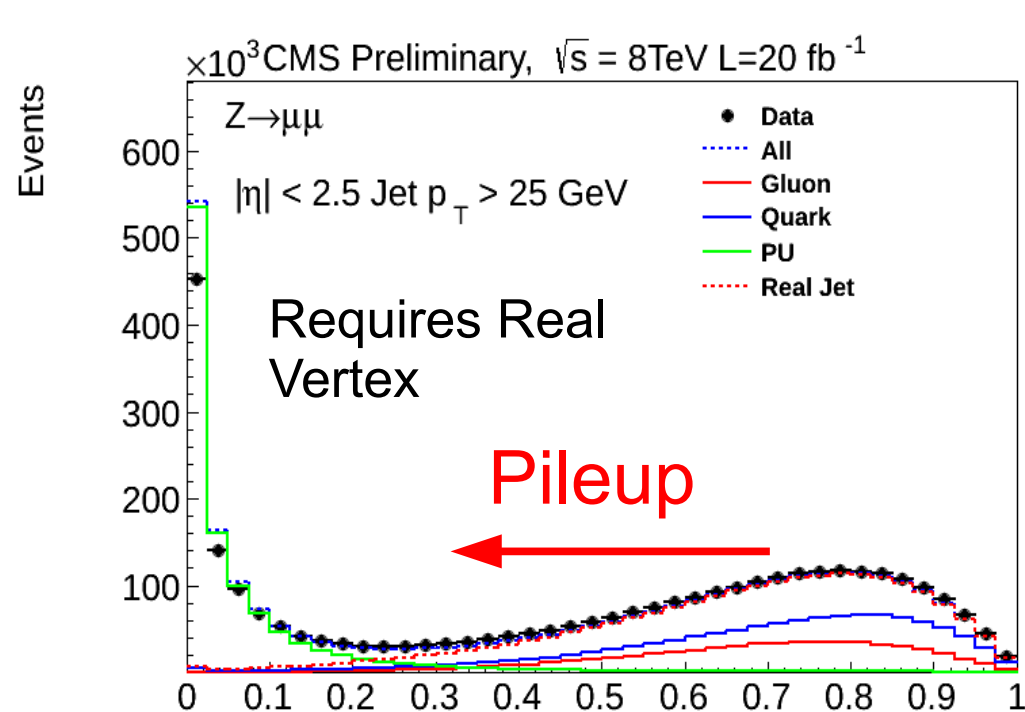
# Pileup Jet Id Algorithm: Tracking

- 13 variables for the full discrimination
  - 4 Vertexing related variables (2 most impnt shown):

#vertices, dZ of leading track in jet +

$$\beta = \frac{\sum_{i \in PV} p_{Ti}}{\sum_i p_{Ti}}$$

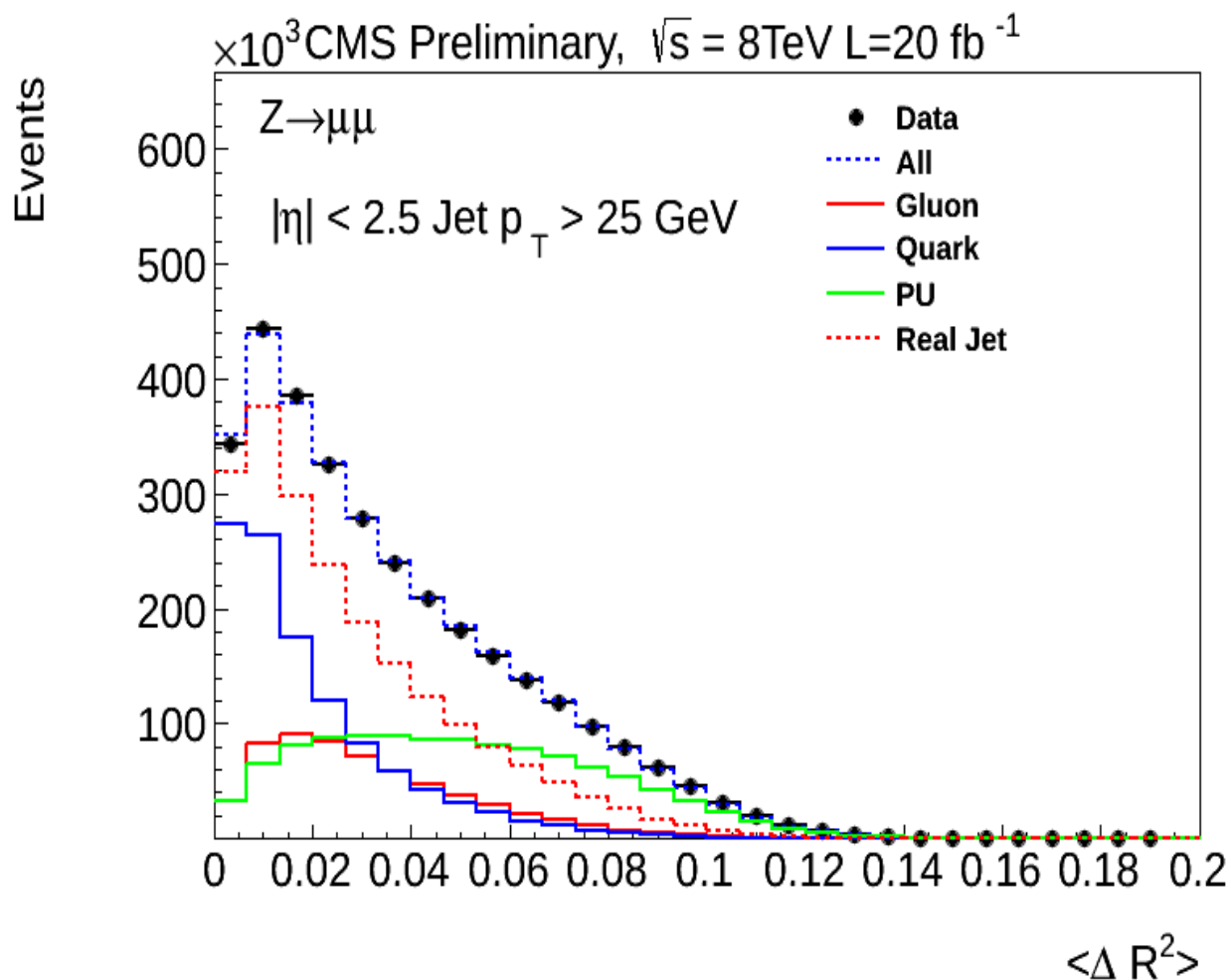
$$\beta^* = \frac{\sum_{i \in otherPV} p_{Ti}}{\sum_i p_{Ti}}$$



Pileup tends to degrade performance of these variables  $\beta$   $\beta^*$

# Pileup Jet Id Algorithm: Shapes

- 13 variables for the full discrimination
  - QG disc:  $p_{TD}$ , #Charged particles, #Neutral particles
  - 6 Shape variables

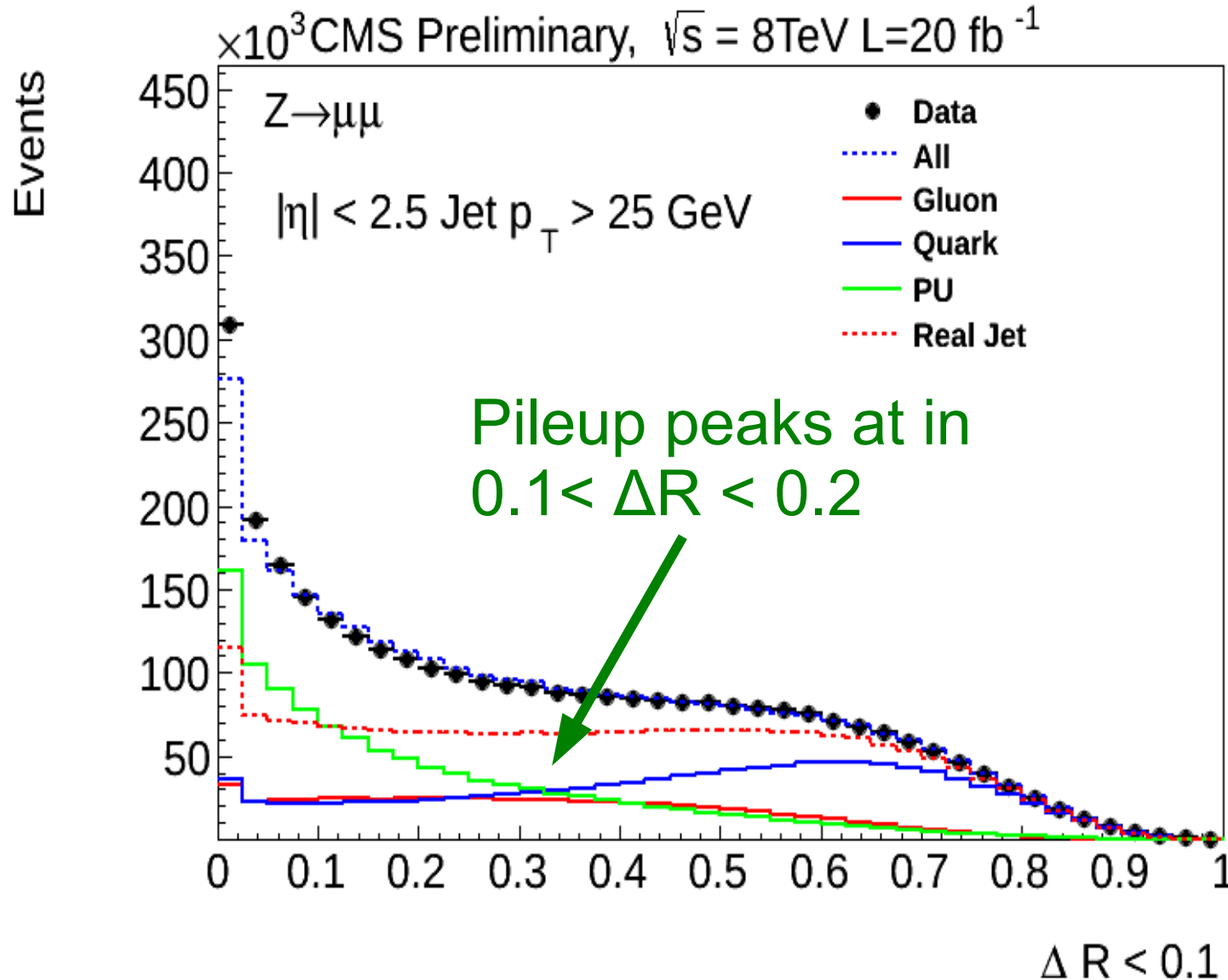


Most Effective  
Jet shape variable

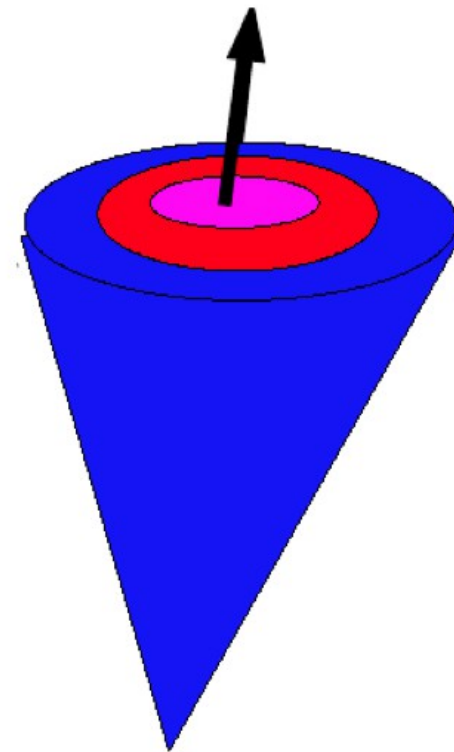
$$\langle \Delta R^2 \rangle = \frac{\sum_i \Delta R_i^2 p_{Ti}^2}{\sum_i p_{Ti}^2}$$

# Pileup Jet Id Algorithm: Cones

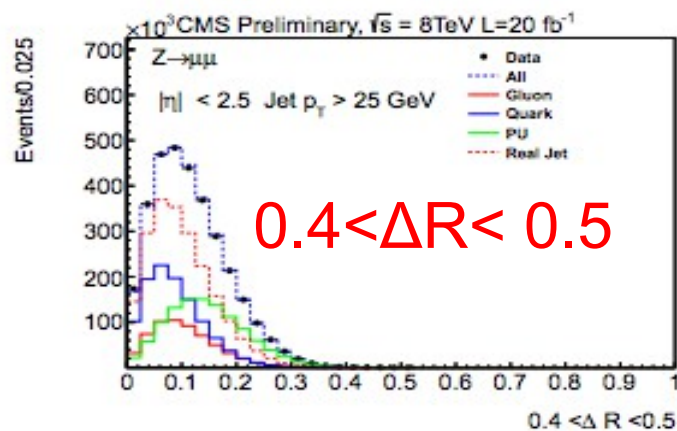
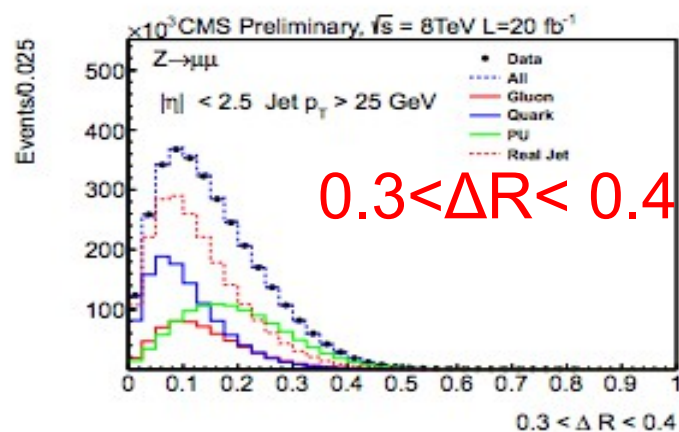
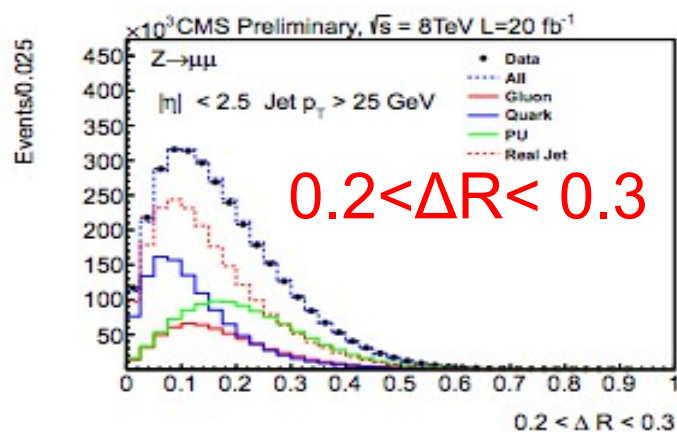
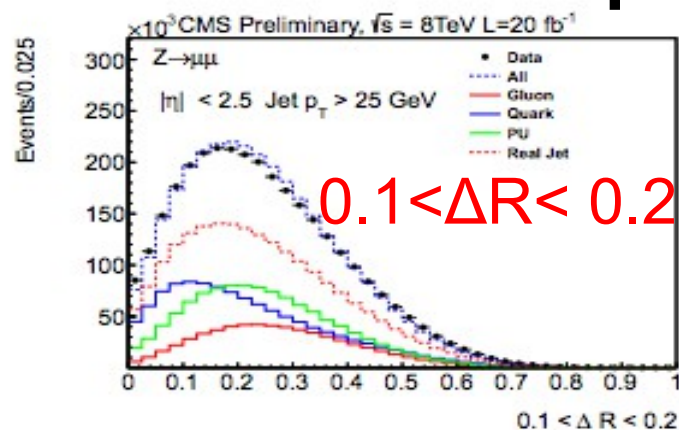
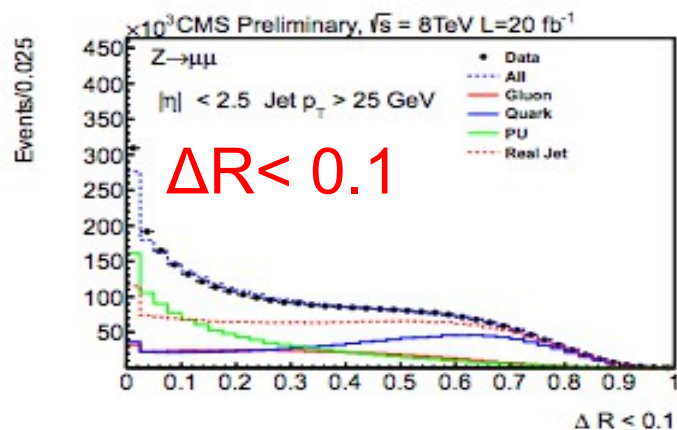
- Additional shape variables :  $\Delta R$  annuli



$\Delta R 0.1 \Rightarrow 0.5$



# Evolution of the Jet Shape



Separation of PU  
 clear when looking  
 at the rings

# Algorithm Construction

- Construct a Boosted decision tree real vs PU Jets
  - Train in four separate regions of  $\eta$

$|\eta| < 2.5$   
tracking

Shape variables

$2.5 < |\eta| < 2.75$   
Weak tracking

(tracking ends at 2.5)

Shape variables

$2.75 < |\eta| < 3.0$   
Shape variables

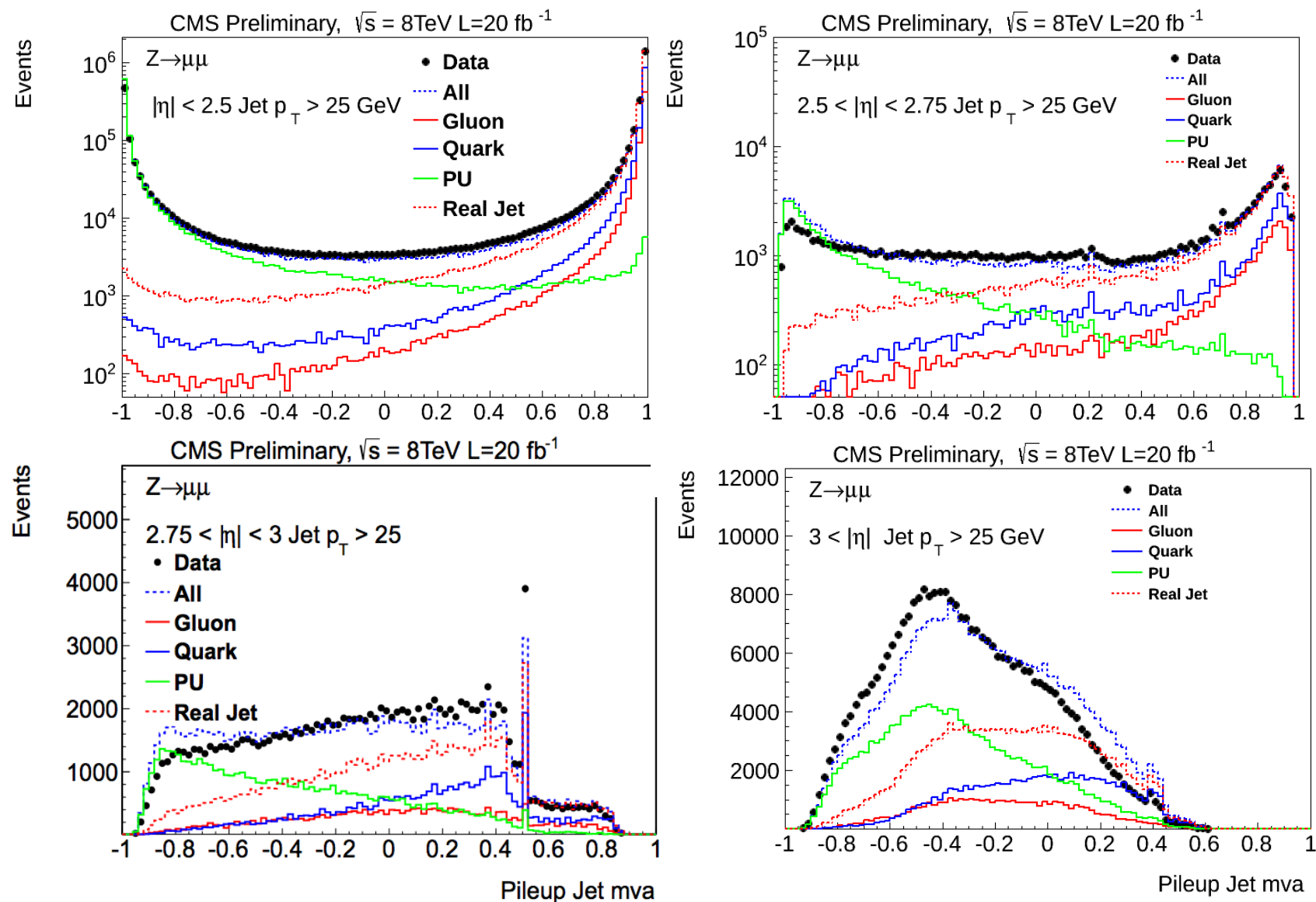
$3.0 < |\eta| < 5.0$   
Forward HCAL  
Shape variables

Construct a Boosted decision tree (trained on Z+jets for each)



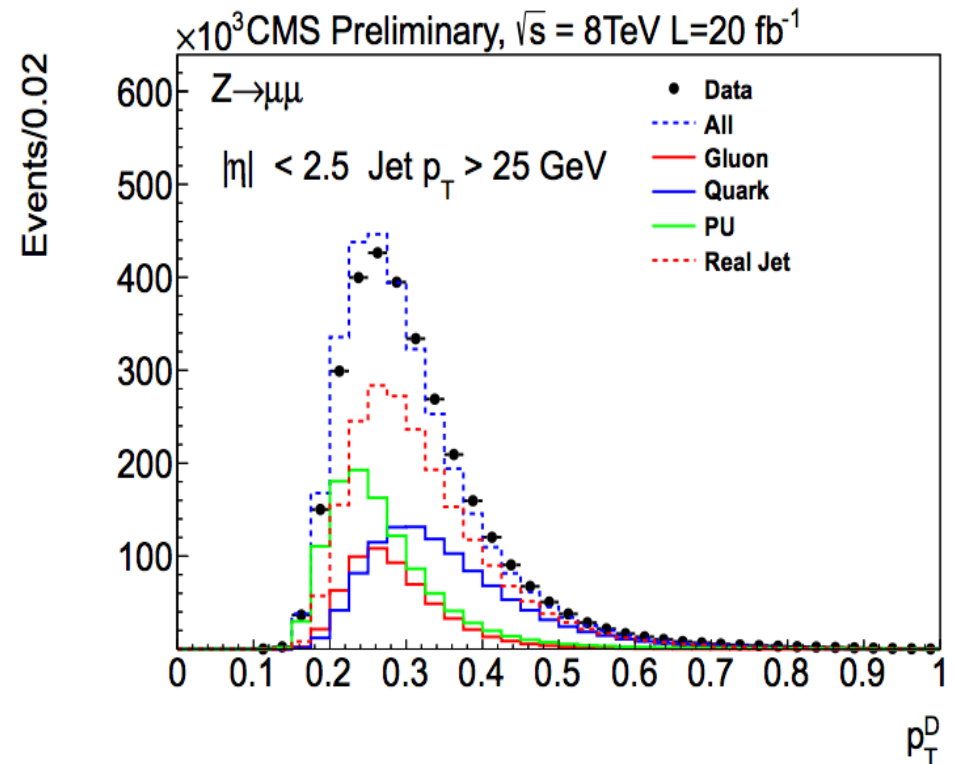
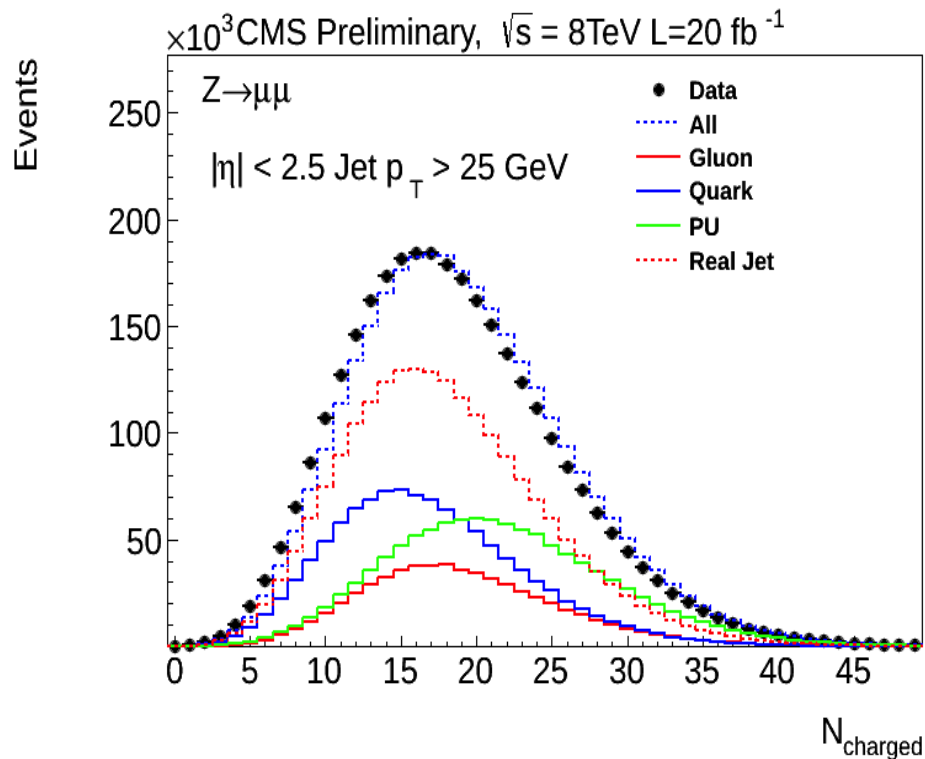
# Pileup Jet Id in Data

- Fraction of pileup grows with higher  $|\eta|$



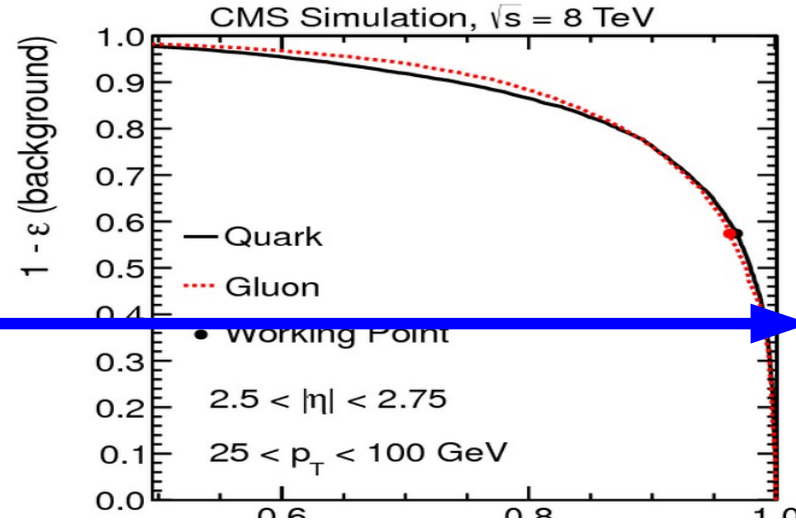
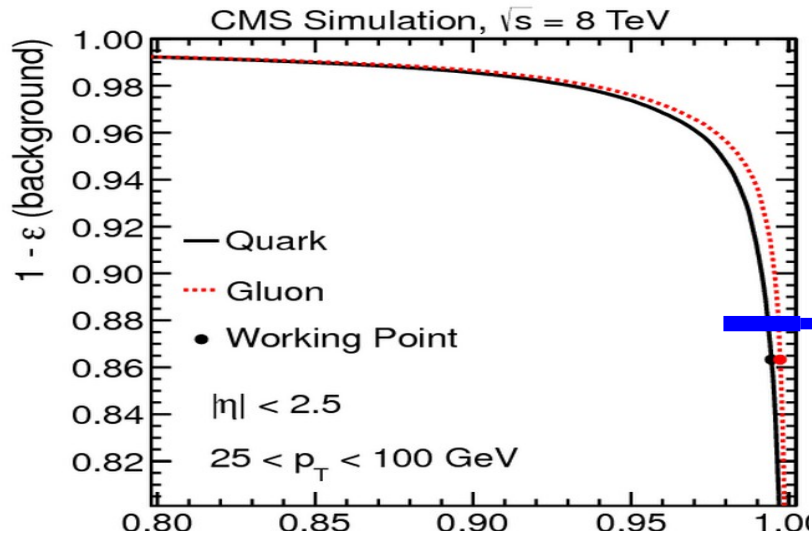
# Quark/Gluon Discrimination in PU

- Using jet shapes gives added advantage to PU
  - However: gives differences between Quarks/Gluons
- To improve Q vs PU and G vs PU
  - We add the quark gluon discrimination variables in

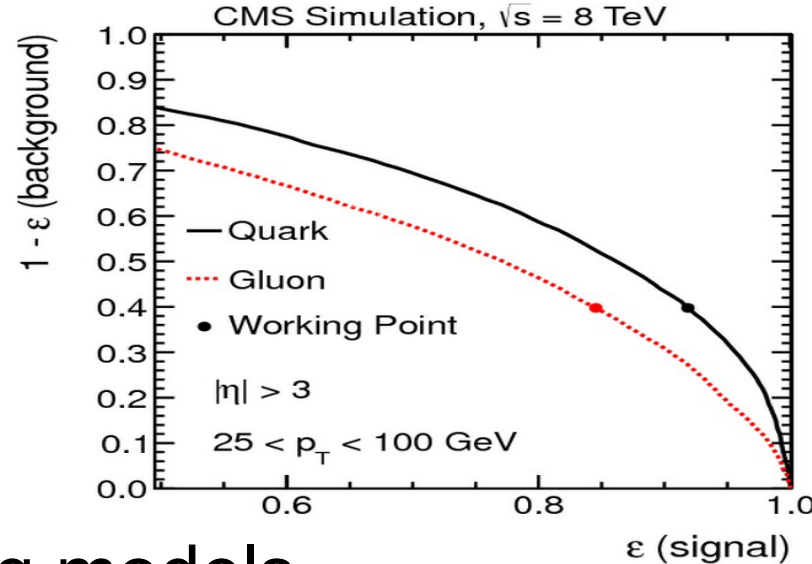
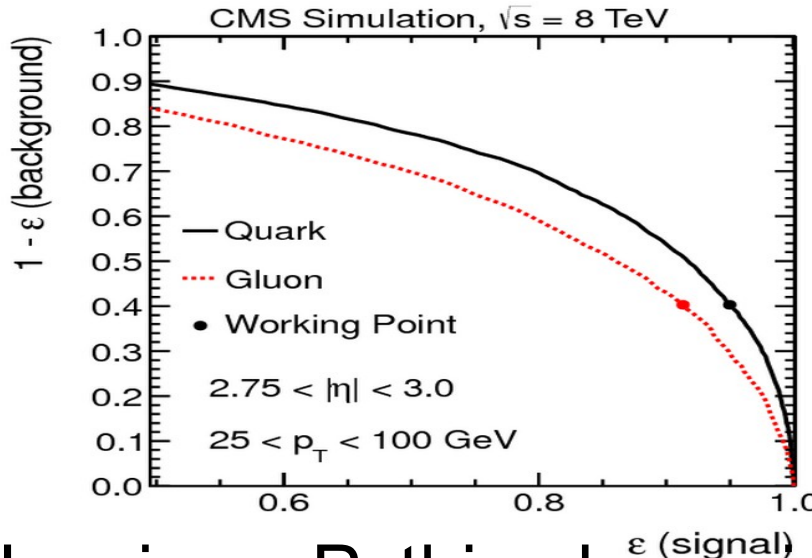


# Pileup Jet Id Performance

- Largest systematic : from quark/gluon variation



CHS results consistent w/specific working point



Herwig vs Pythia showering models bounded by quark/gluon variation

# Full Summary of Variables

$$\langle \Delta R^2 \rangle$$

Shape

$$\longrightarrow \frac{1}{p_T^{\text{jet}}} \sum_{i \in A < \Delta R < A + 0.1} p_{Ti}$$

$$A < (\Delta R) < A + 0.1$$

$$N_{\text{charged}}$$

Q/G

$$N_{\text{neutrals}}$$

$$p_T^D$$

$$\longrightarrow p_T^D = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_i p_{Ti}^2}}{\sum_i p_{Ti}}$$

$$\beta = \frac{\sum_{i \in PV} p_{Ti}}{\sum_i p_{Ti}}$$

Tracking

We rely on tracks  
associate to vertices

$$\beta^* = \frac{\sum_{i \in \text{other PV}} p_{Ti}}{\sum_i p_{Ti}}$$

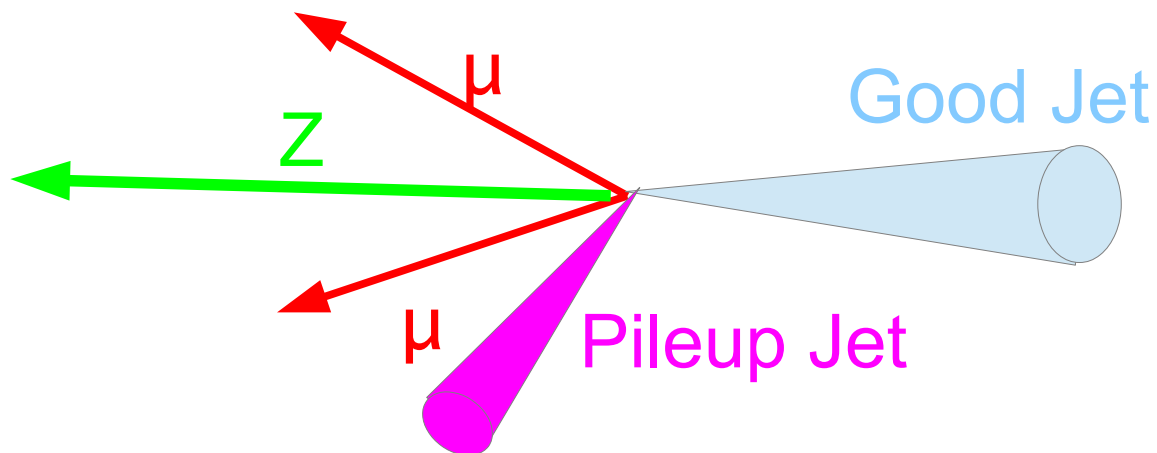
$$d_z$$

Event  $\longrightarrow$  Measure of the event scale

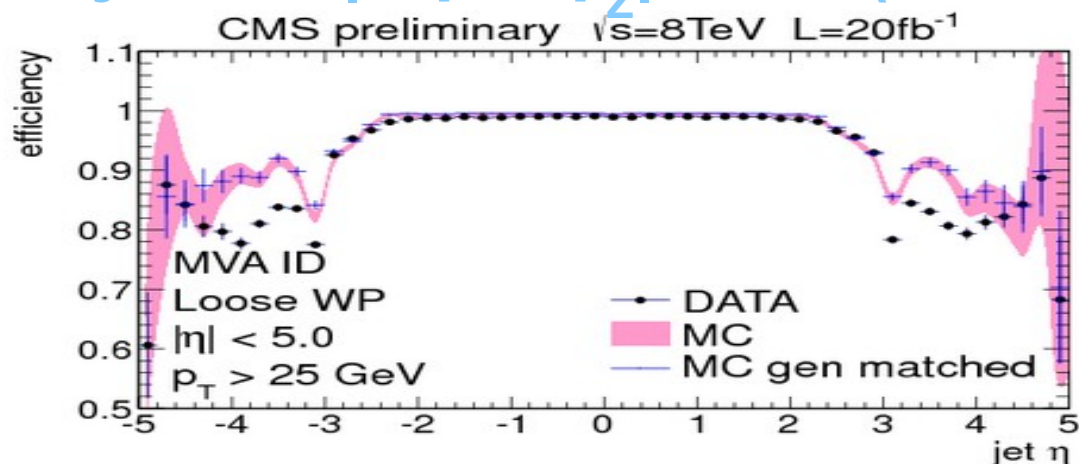
$$n_{\text{vertices}}$$

# Pileup Jet Id: Efficiency in Data

- Use Z+Jet balance to measure efficiency in data



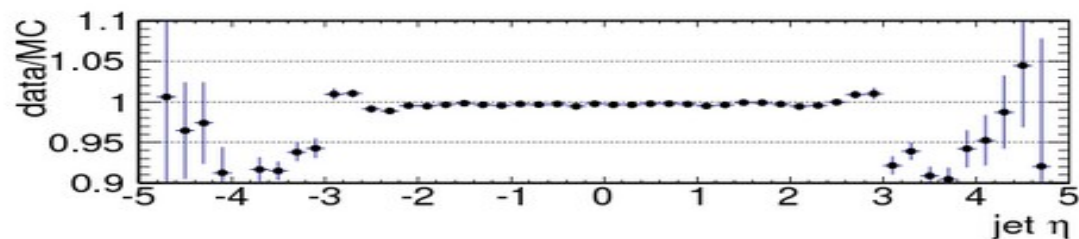
Good jet eff:  $|\Delta\phi - \phi_z| > 3.0$  (subtract scaled PU)



Example VBF:

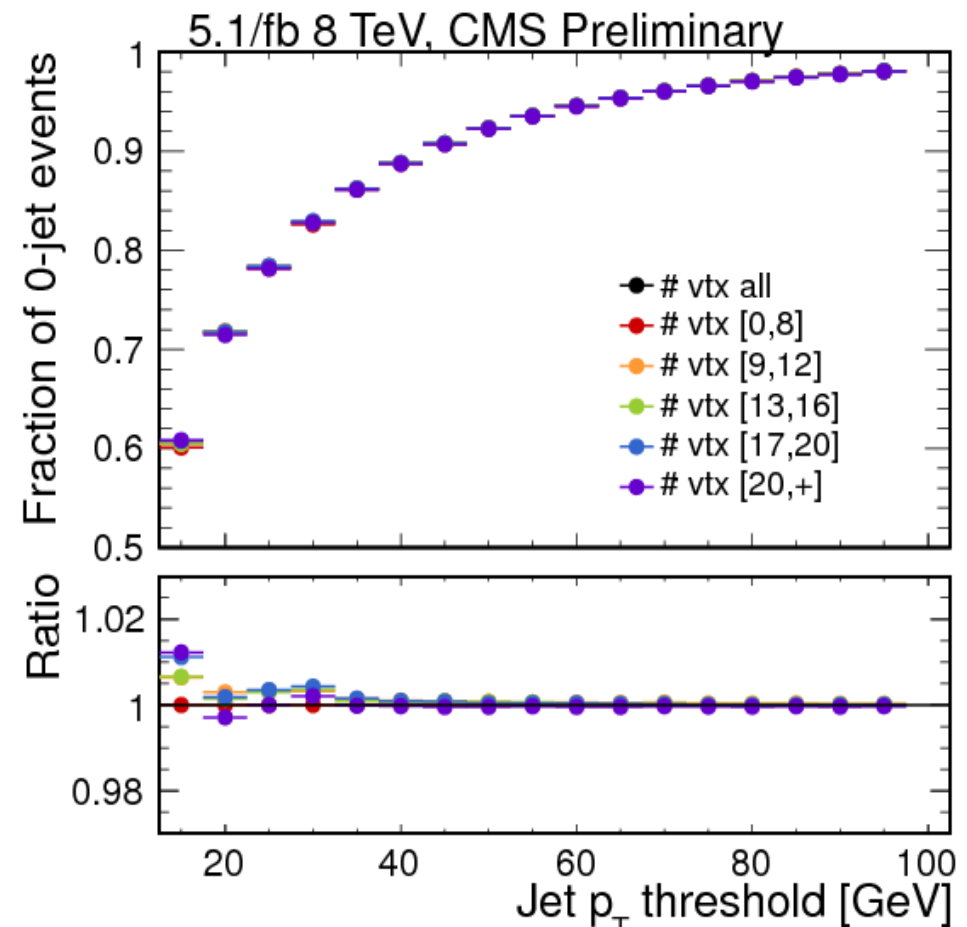
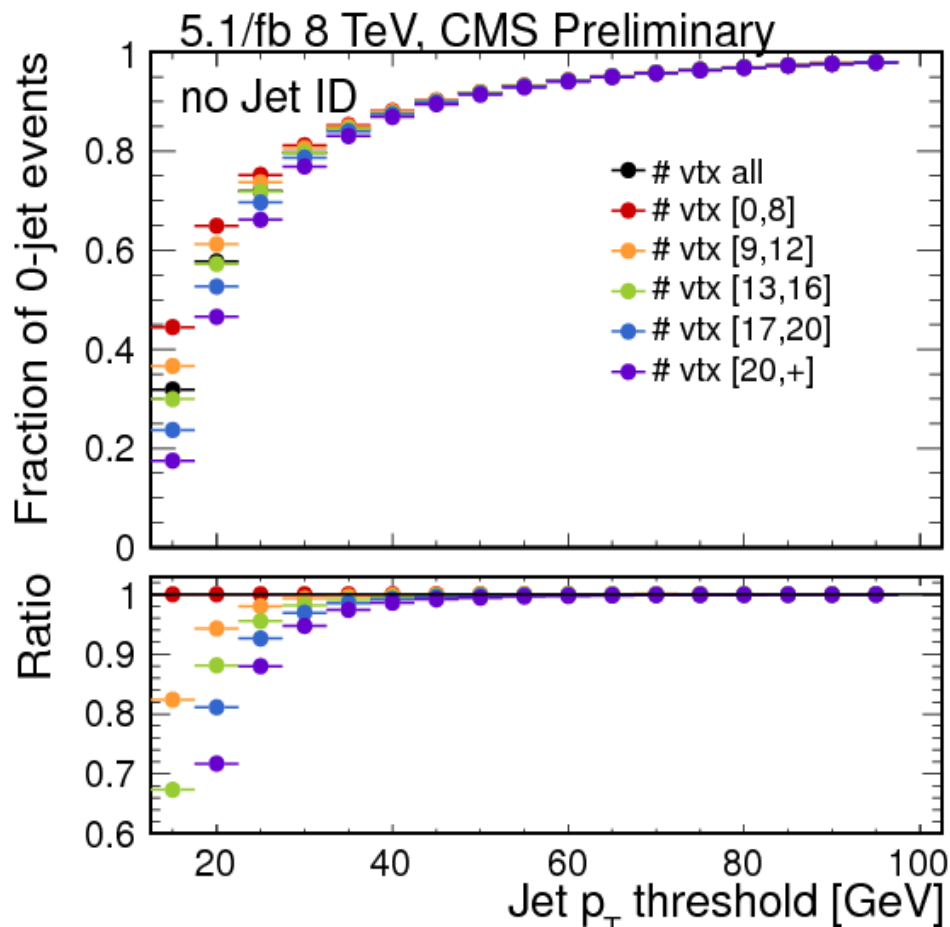
VBF Eff: 90%

VBF Fake rate 15%



# Usage Examples: Jet Vetos

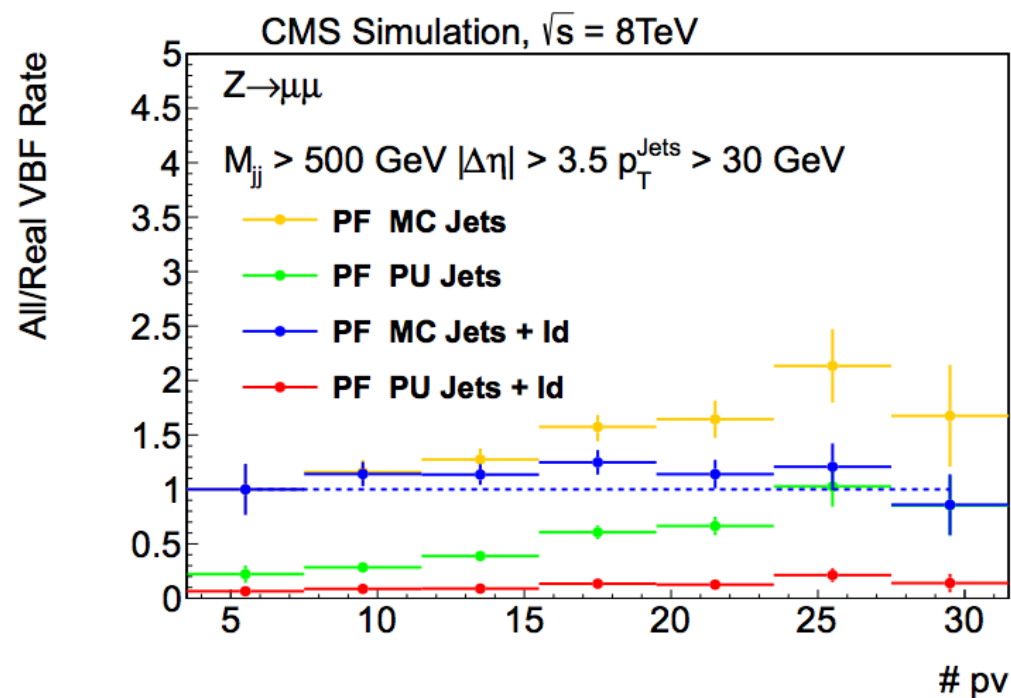
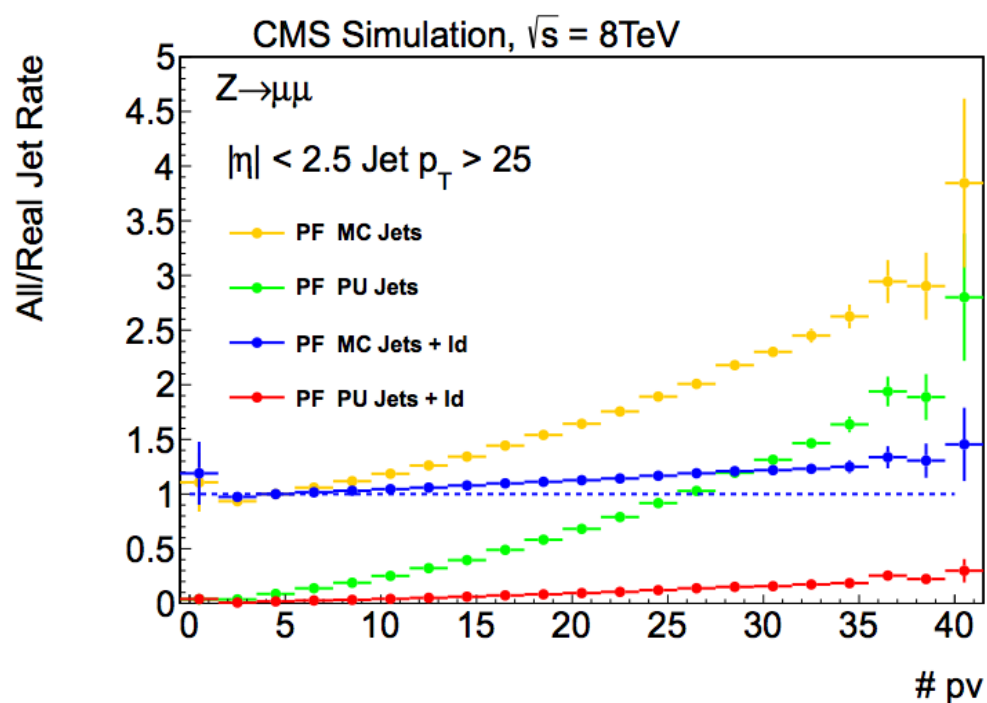
- Pileup jet id allows extension of jet vetos to low  $p_T$ 
  - Critical for b-tag veto (requires jets with  $p_T > 10$  GeV)



Vector boson fusion background reduced by a factor of 2  
(90% good jet eff)

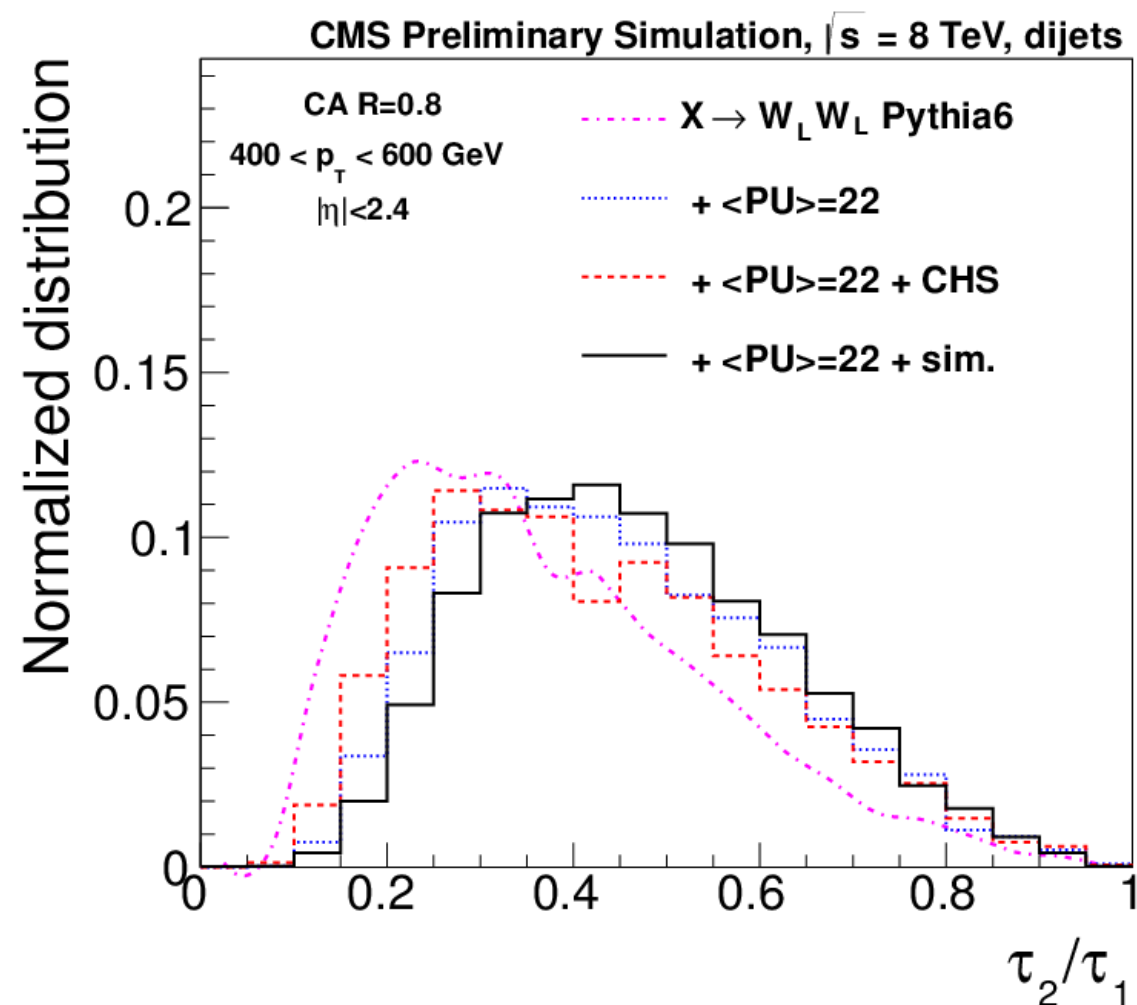
# Reducing VBF backgrounds

- Critical area for the PU Jet Id
  - Rely on both tracking and non-tracking pu rejection
  - PU Jet id was used in every VBF analysis
- Forward jets play an important role in *MET*
  - big advantage of using PU Jet Id over CHS



# W Substructure : CHS

- Charge hadron subtraction clustering default
  - Jet shape effects minimized with the CHS



Charged hadron subtraction reduces the Pileup effect by 2



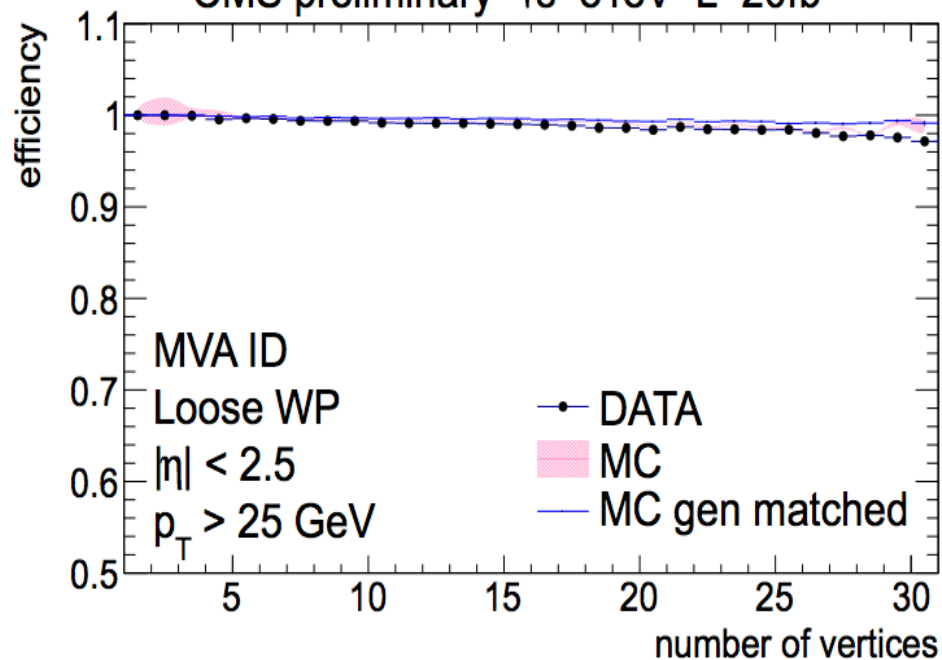
# Conclusions

- Pileup Jet Id has been a success
  - **However it is just one approach to pileup rejection**
  - Discrimination in both forward/central region
  - **Critical element for reducing  $MET$  resolution**
    - See Mathieu's talk on  $MET$  performance
- CHS has also worked well
  - **A complementary approach to PU Jet Id**
  - Pileup Jet Id can be run on CHS jets
  - Used in about 60% of jets in CMS
  - CHS gives an improvement in the jet shapes
- **Look forward to extending with new approaches**

# Backup

# Efficiency vs Kinematics

CMS preliminary  $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$   $L=20\text{fb}^{-1}$



CMS preliminary  $\sqrt{s}=8\text{TeV}$   $L=20\text{fb}^{-1}$

