

Charmed baryon spectroscopy experiment at J-PARC high-p beam line

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for the J-PARC P50 collaboration**

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Osaka University**

**The 3rd Korea-Japan Workshop
on Nuclear and Hadron Physics at J-PARC
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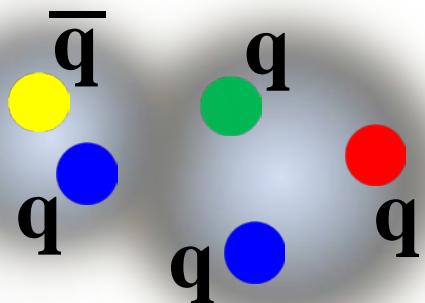
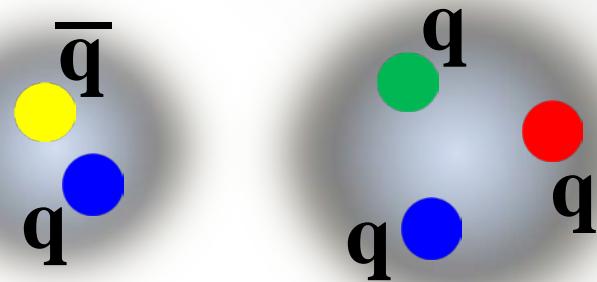
- Physics motivation
- Experiment at J-PARC
 - High-momentum beam line
 - Spectrometer system
 - Simulations
- Systematic study
 - Charm and Strange
- Summary

Physics motivation

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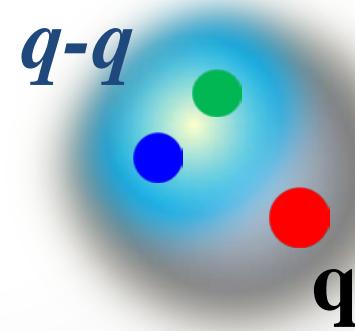
What is a building block of hadrons ?

Constituent Quark



Exotic hadron

*q - q correlation
(diquark)*

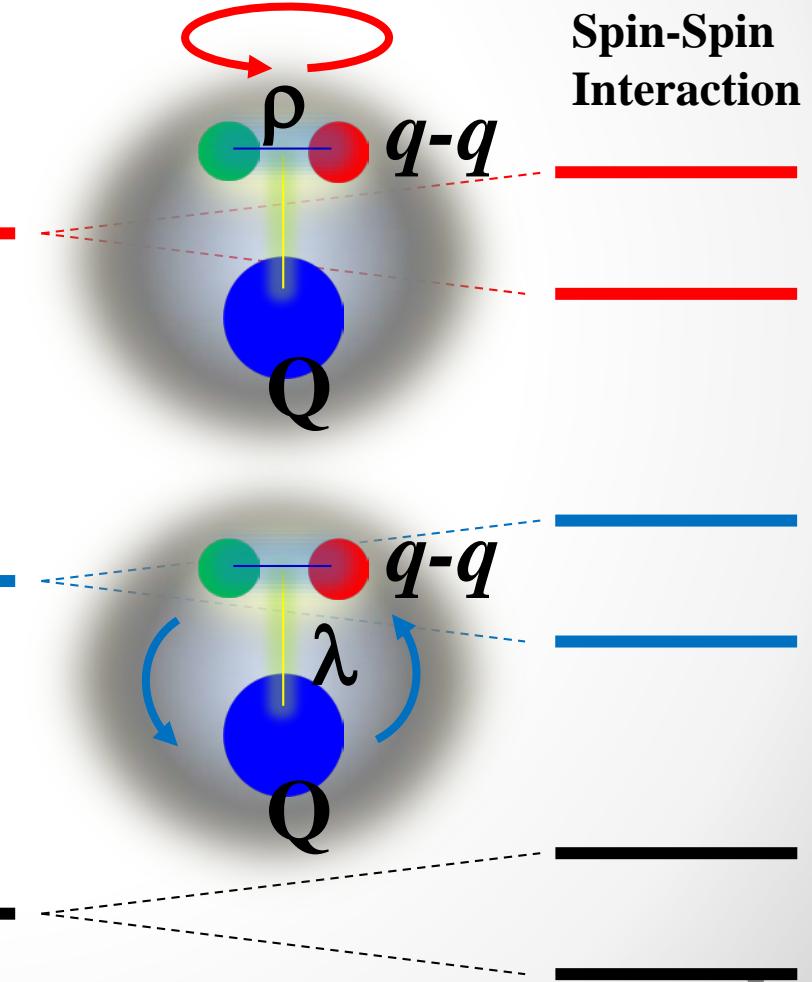
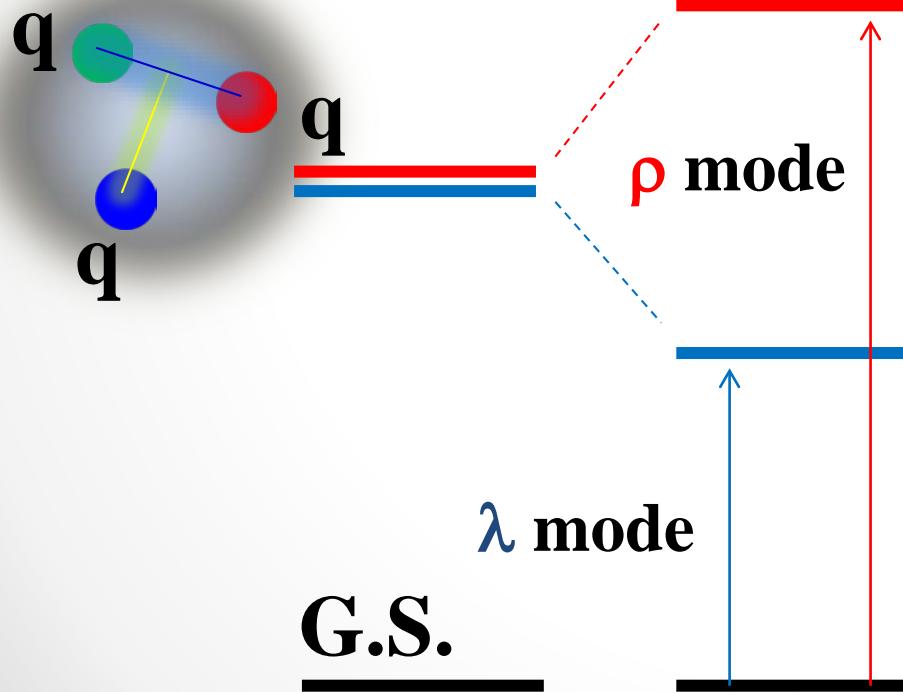


Charmed baryon spectrum

Heavy Quark: Weak color-magnetic interaction

- $V_{CMI} \sim [\alpha_s / (m_i m_j)] \times (\lambda_i, \lambda_j) (\sigma_i, \sigma_j)$

⇒ "q-q" isolated and developed



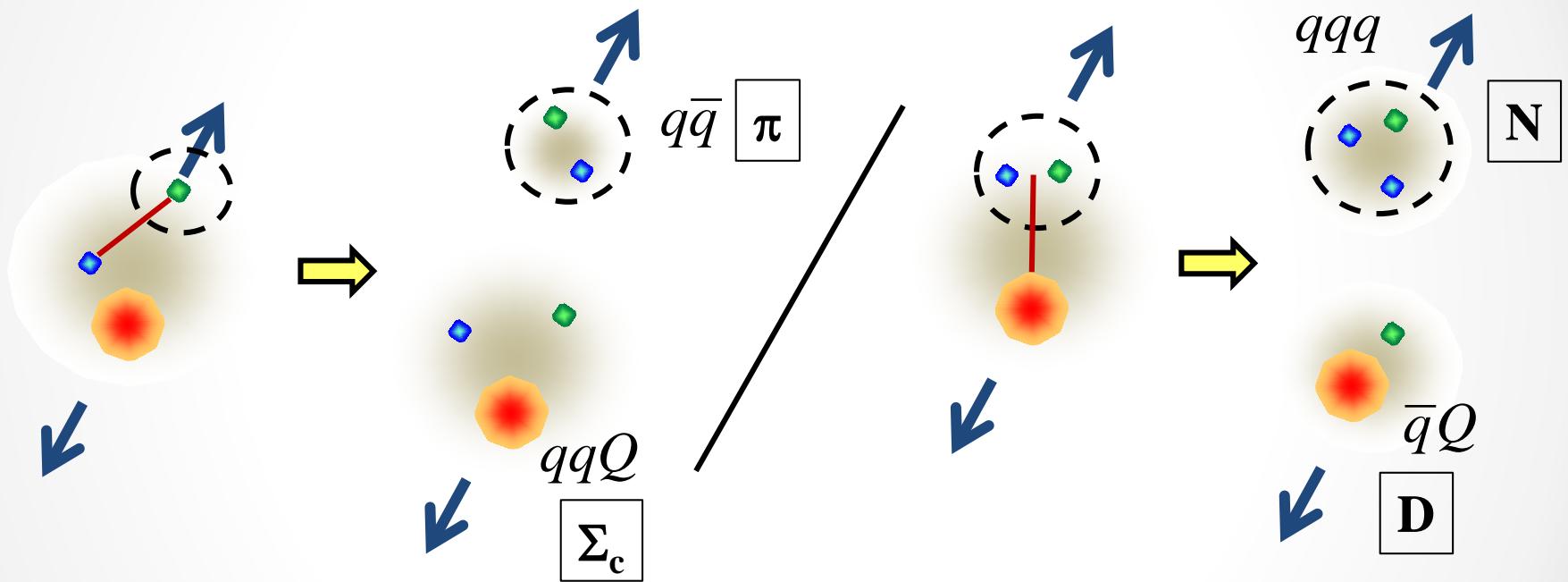
Decay property

p-mode decay

$$\Lambda_c^* \rightarrow \pi + \Sigma_c$$

λ -mode decay

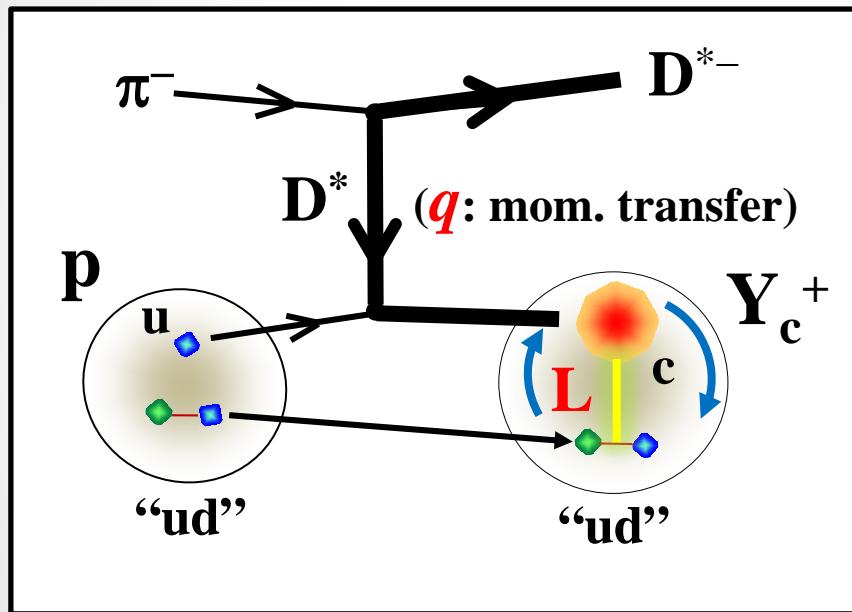
$$\Lambda_c^* \rightarrow N + D$$



- Decay measurement: $\Gamma_{\pi\Sigma_c} \leftrightarrow \Gamma_{ND}$
 - $\pi^- + \Sigma_c^{++}, \pi^+ + \Sigma_c^0$
 - $p + D^0$

Production cross section

Missing mass spectroscopy: $\pi^- + p \rightarrow Y_c^{*+} + D^{*-}$



D^* exchange at a forward angle

Production cross section
 \Rightarrow Overlap of wave function
 * charm and q-q (spectator)

1. Spin/Isospin of Y_c^*
2. Momentum transfer (q_{eff})

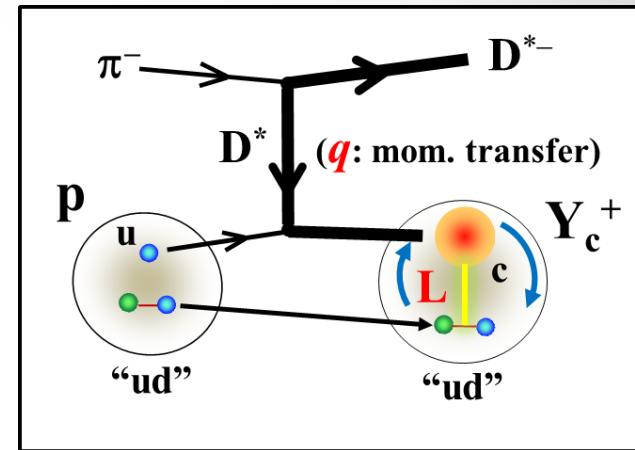
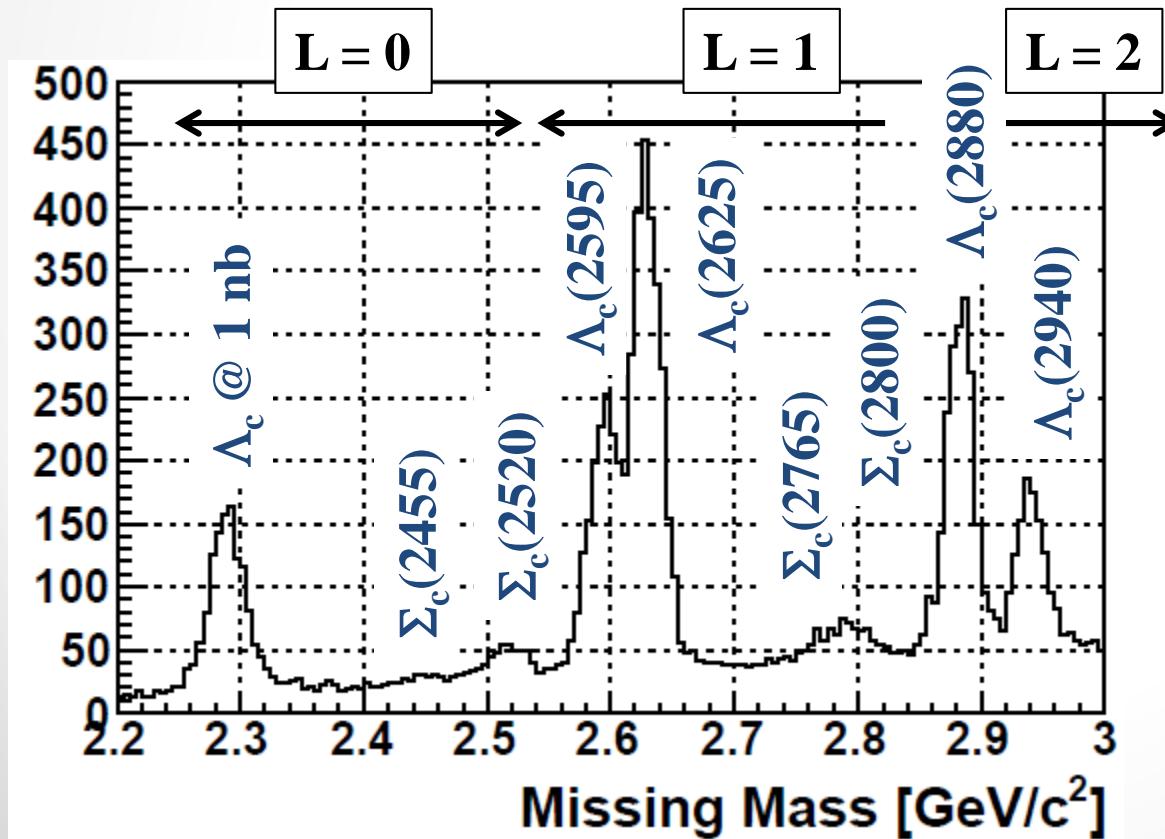
$$I_L \sim (q_{eff}/A)^L \exp(-q_{eff}^2/2A^2)$$

$$A: (\text{baryon size parameter})^{-1}$$

Production cross section

Production rate: Excitation mode

- Forward: λ -mode (Λ^*)
- (Backward: ρ -mode (Σ^*) ?)



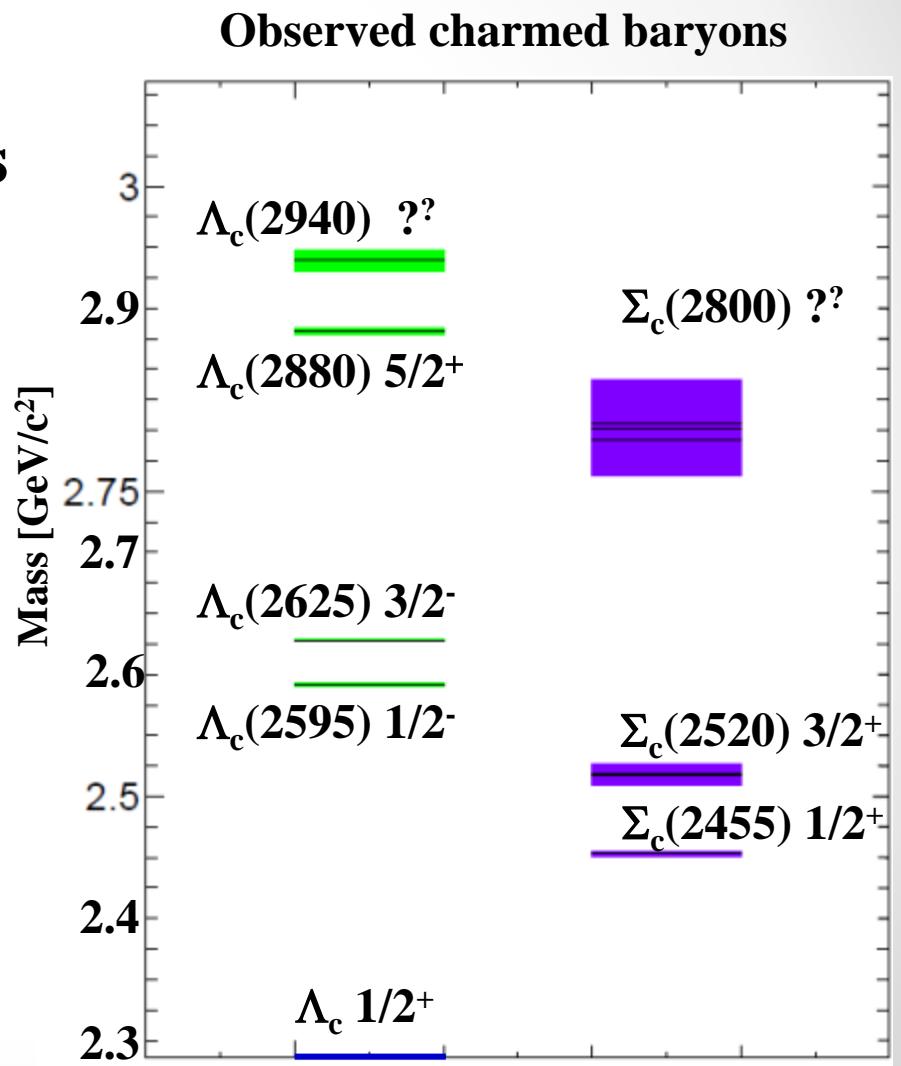
$$I_L / I_{g.s.} \sim (q_{eff}/A)^L$$

q_{eff} : Momentum transfer
 A : (baryon size parameter) $^{-1}$

Charmed baryon spectroscopy

Propose

- Investigate charmed baryons
⇒ Missing mass spectroscopy
 - Systematic measurement
 - Excited states search
 - Excitation energy
 - Decay property
 - Production cross section
- ⇒ Diquark correlation
- Excitation mode



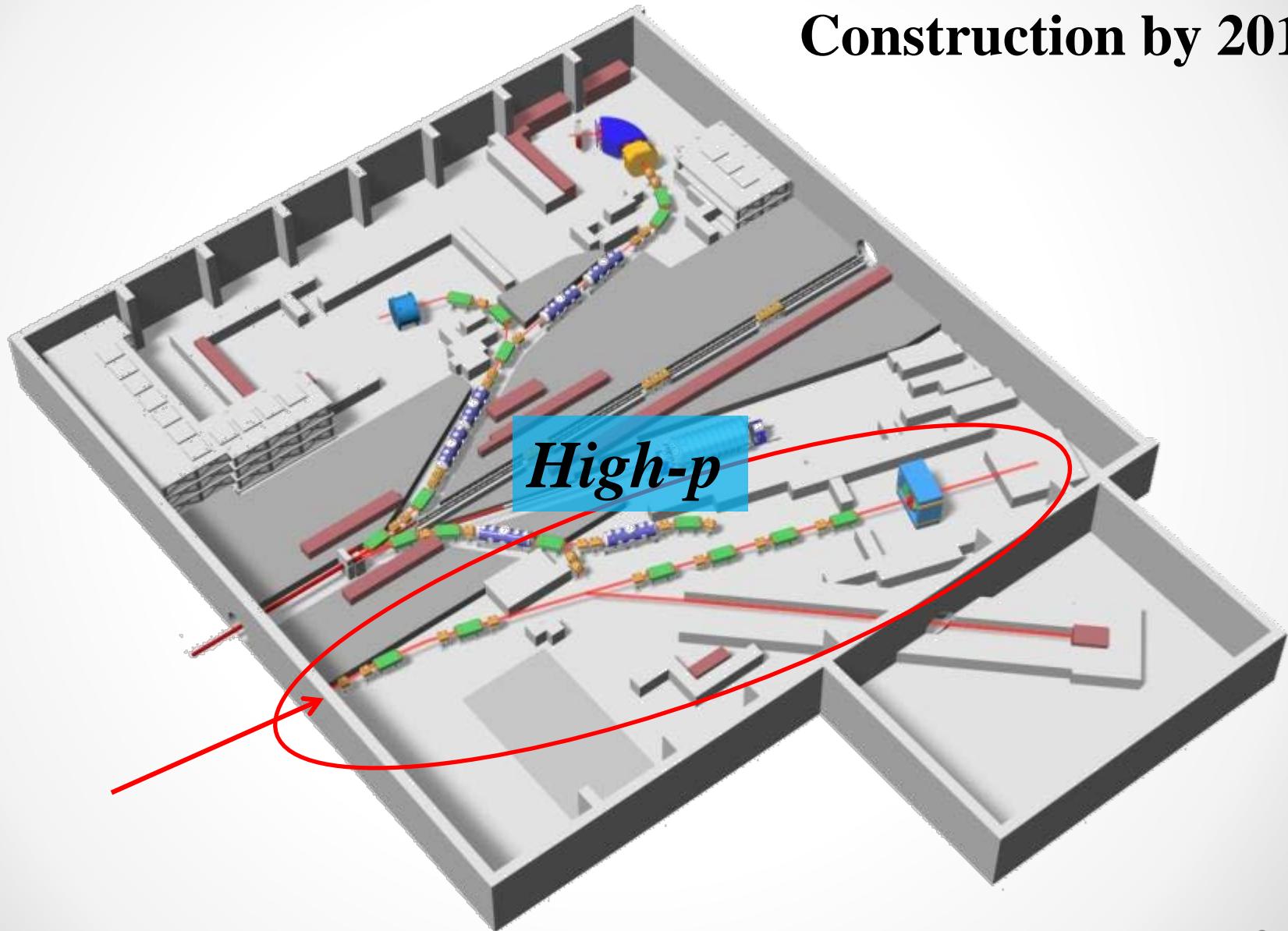
Experiment

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**High-momentum beam line
Spectrometer system
Simulations**

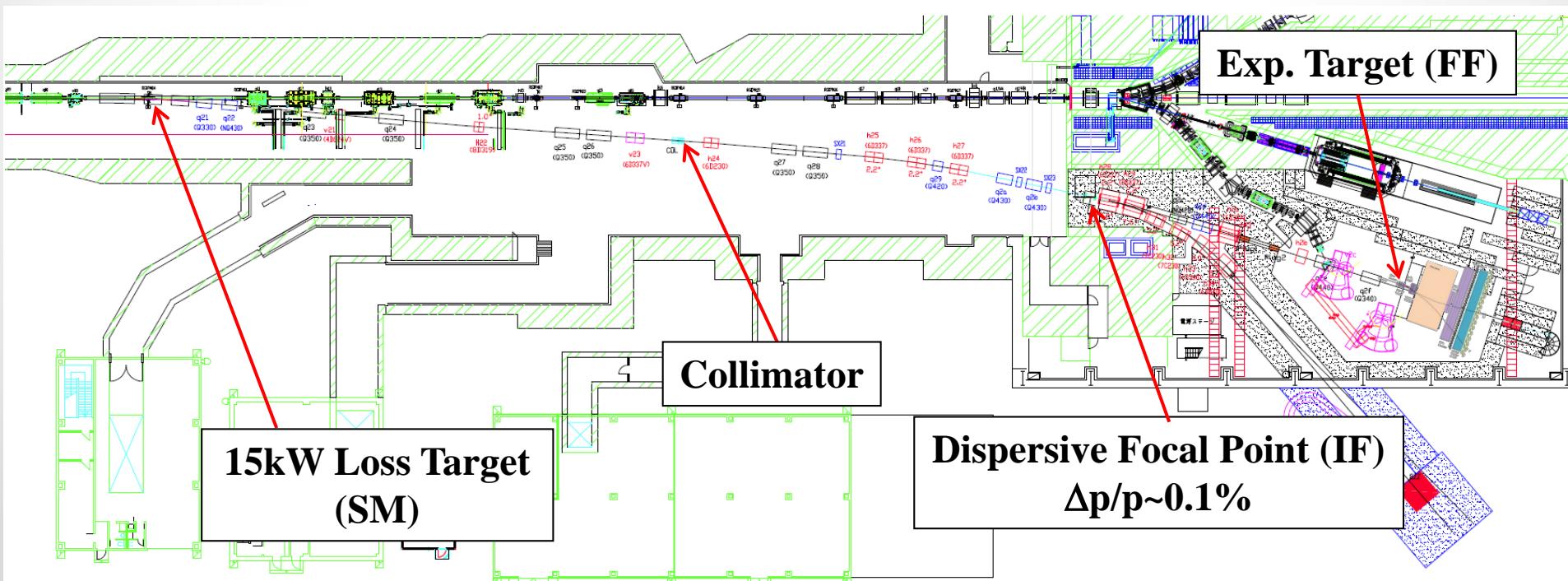
High-momentum beam line

Construction by 2015



High-momentum beam line for 2ndary beam

- **High-intensity beam:** $> 1.0 \times 10^7$ Hz π (< 20 GeV/c)
 - Unseparated beam
- **High-resolution beam:** $\Delta p/p \sim 0.1\%$ (rms)
 - Dispersive optics method



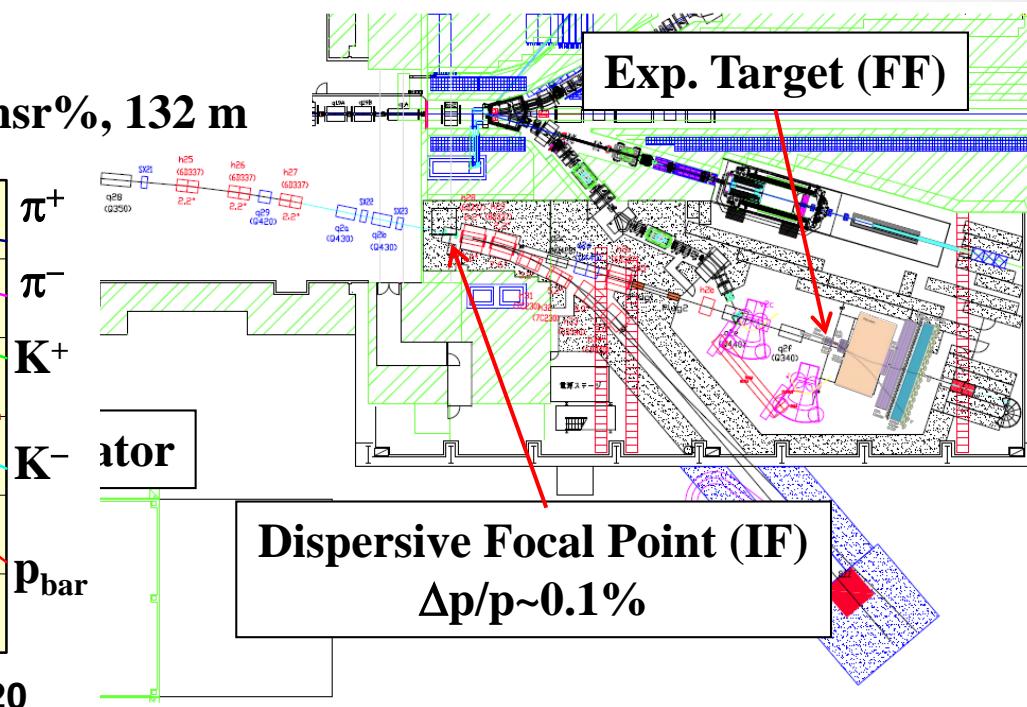
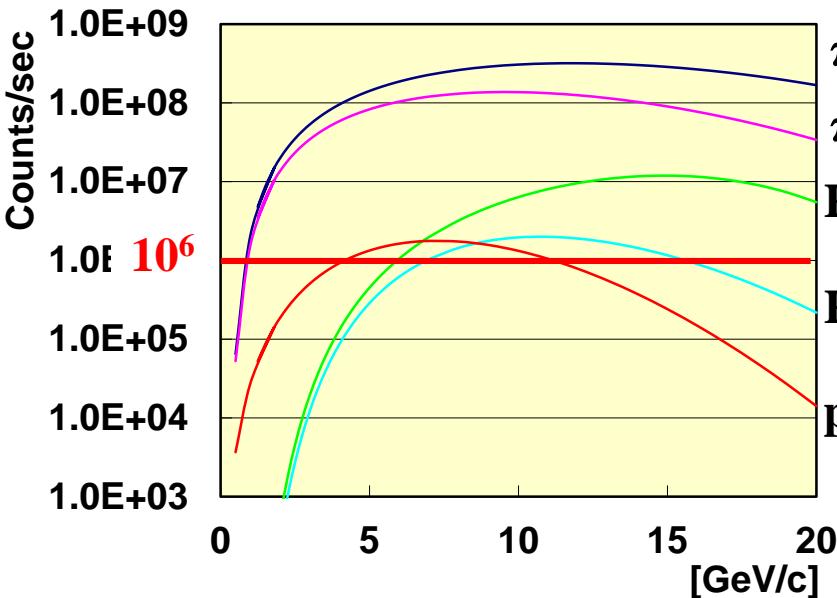
High-momentum beam line for 2ndary beam

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Sanford-Wang

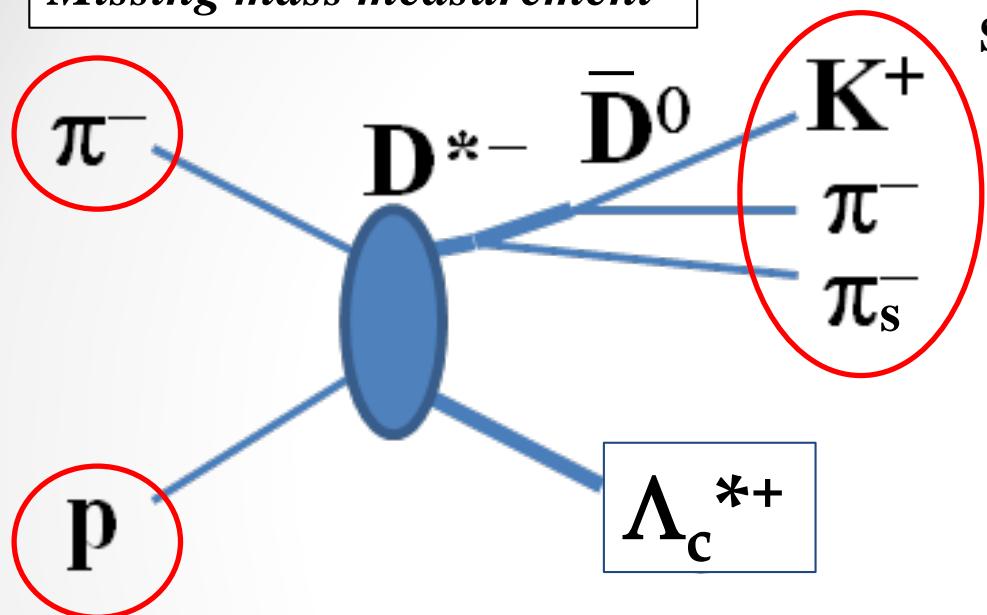
Prod. Angle =**0** degrees

15 kW Loss on Pt, Acceptance :2 msr%, 132 m



Experiment

Missing mass measurement



$K^+ & \pi^-$: 2–16 GeV/c
Slow π_s^- : 0.5–1.7 GeV/c

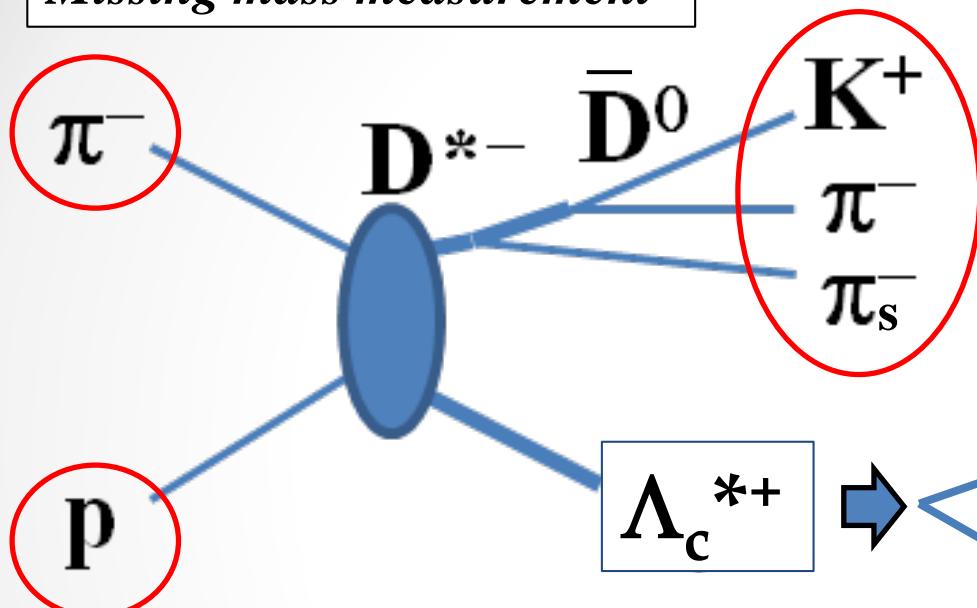
$\pi^- + p \rightarrow Y_c^{*+} + D^{*-}$ reaction @ 20 GeV/c

1) Missing mass spectroscopy

- $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi_s^- \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi_s^-$: $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi_s^-$ (67.7%), $\bar{D}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ (3.88%)

Experiment

Missing mass measurement



$K^+ & \pi^-$: 2–16 GeV/c
Slow π_s^- : 0.5–1.7 GeV/c

Decay measurement

π^\pm & p : 0.2–1.5 GeV/c

$\pi^- + p \rightarrow Y_c^{*+} + D^{*-}$ reaction @ 20 GeV/c

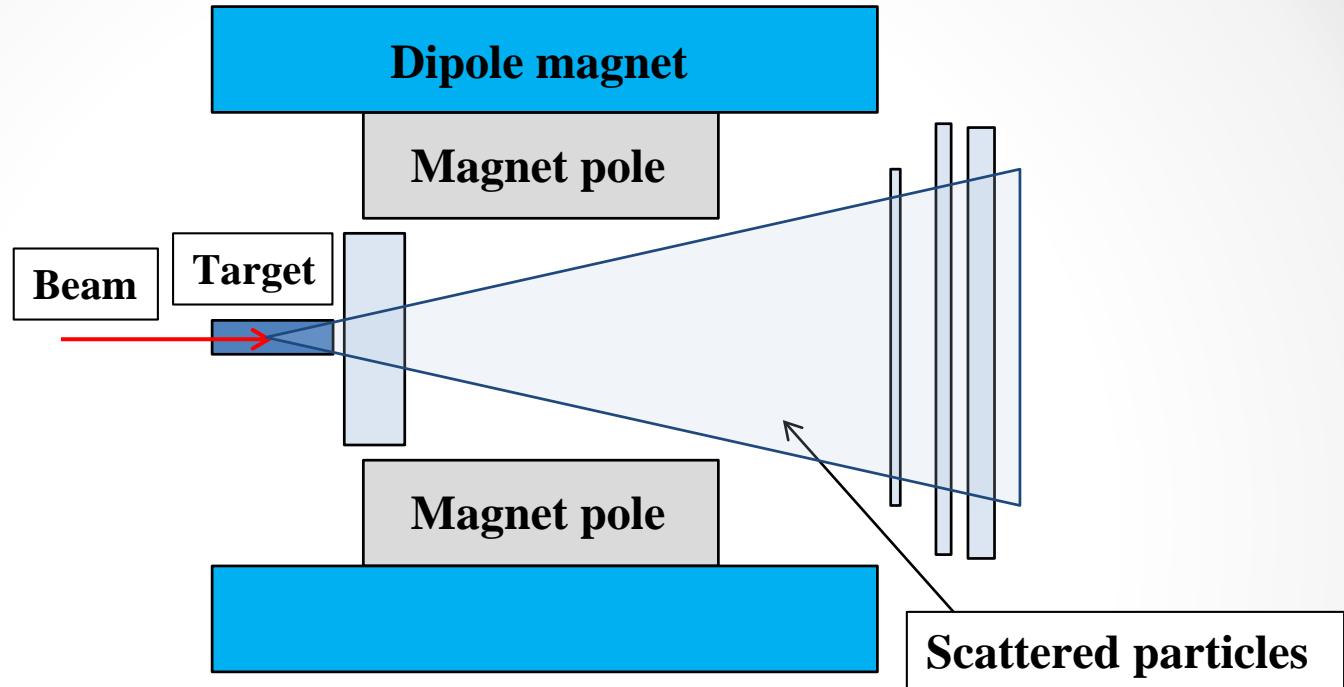
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2) Decay measurement

- Decay particles (π^\pm & proton) from Y_c^*

Experimental design

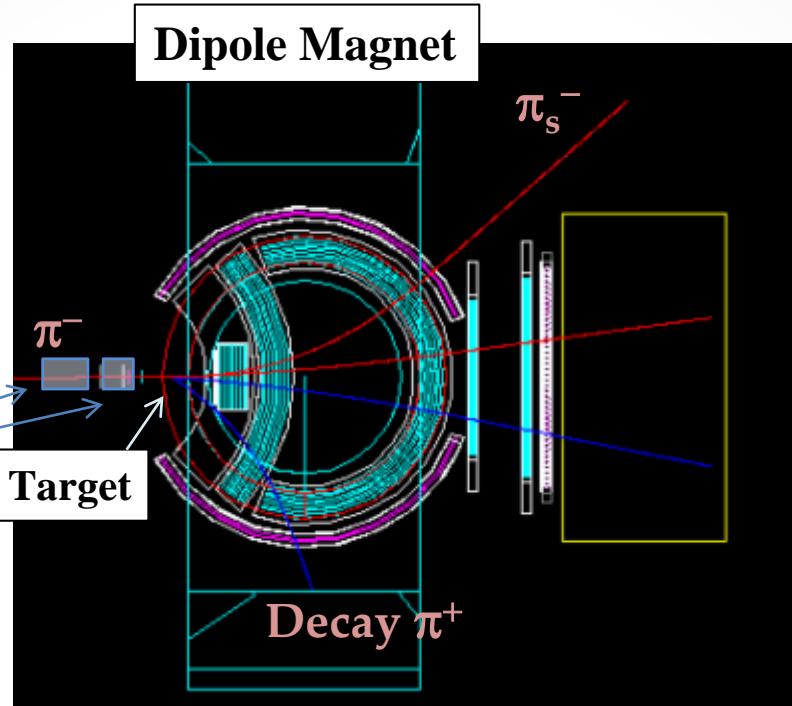


* Assumed production cross section: $\sigma \sim 1 \text{ nb}$

- $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ + D^{*-}$ reaction @ 13 GeV/c: $\sigma < 7 \text{ nb}$ (BNL data)

- Dipole-magnet spectrometer
 - High-resolution: $\Delta p/p < 1\%$
- High-rate beam & High-rate detector system
 - Beam intensity: $6 \times 10^7 / 2.0 \text{ sec spill} (\sim 1 \text{ MHz/mm})$

Experimental design



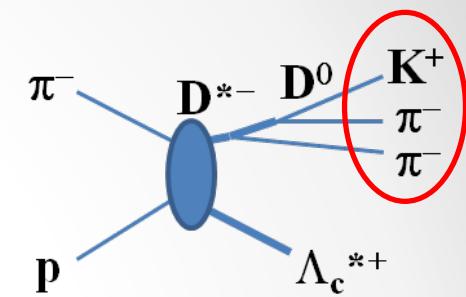
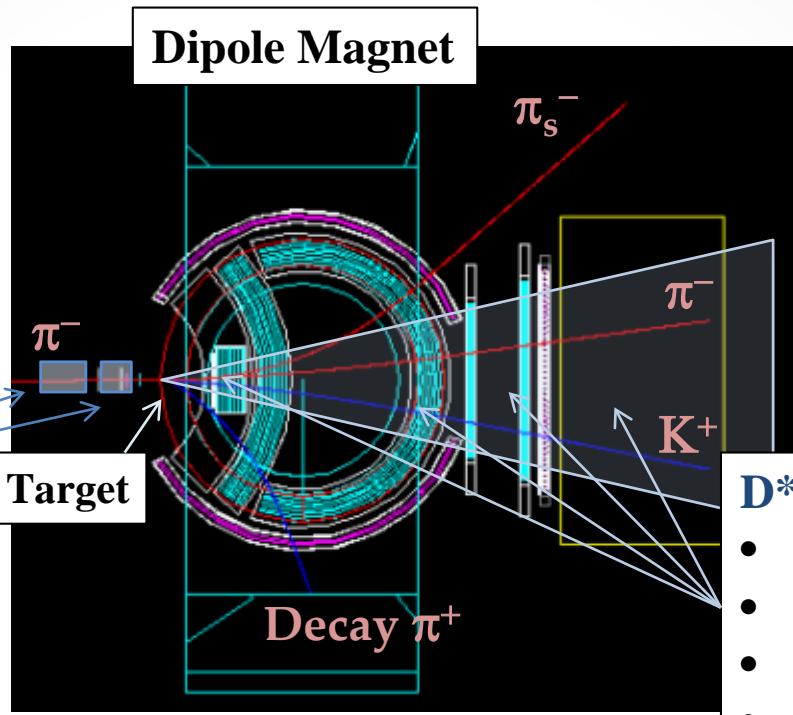
- Beam measurement**
- Fiber trackers
 - Beam Cherenkov

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Experimental design



D* measurement

- Fiber trackers
- Downstream DC, TOF
- Ring Image Cherenkov
- Internal DCs

* Assumed production cross section: $\sigma \sim 1 \text{ nb}$

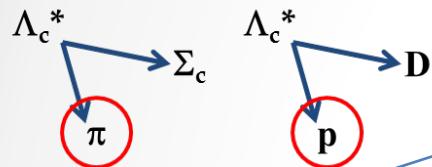
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Experimental design

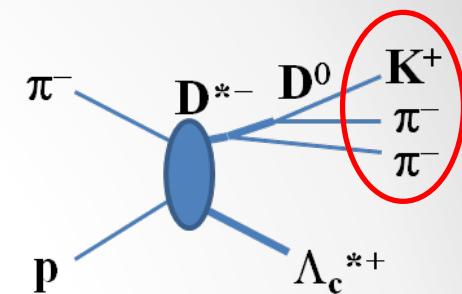
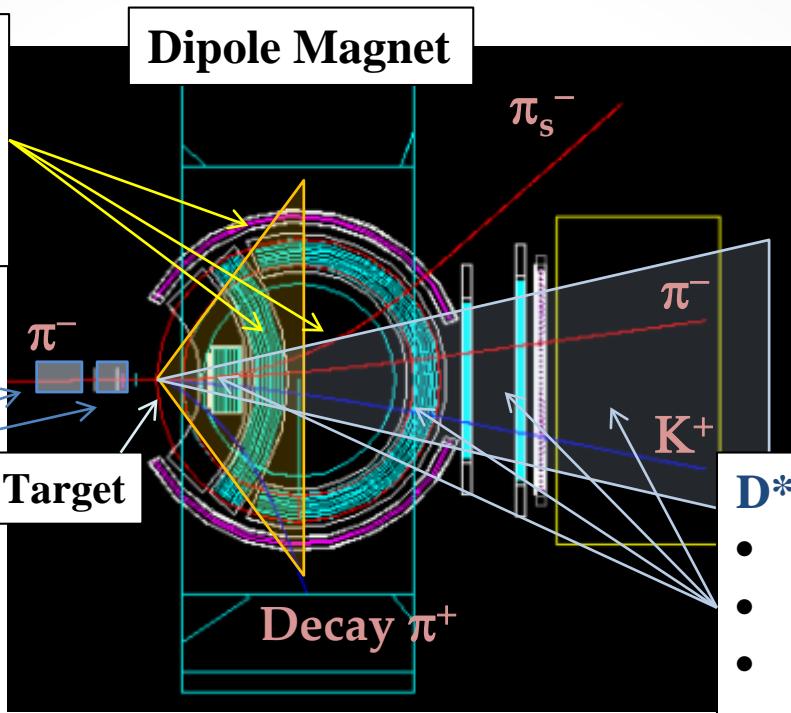
Λ_c^* decay measurement

- Internal DCs
- Internal TOF
- Pole face TOF detector



Beam measurement

- Fiber trackers
- Beam Cherenkov



D^* measurement

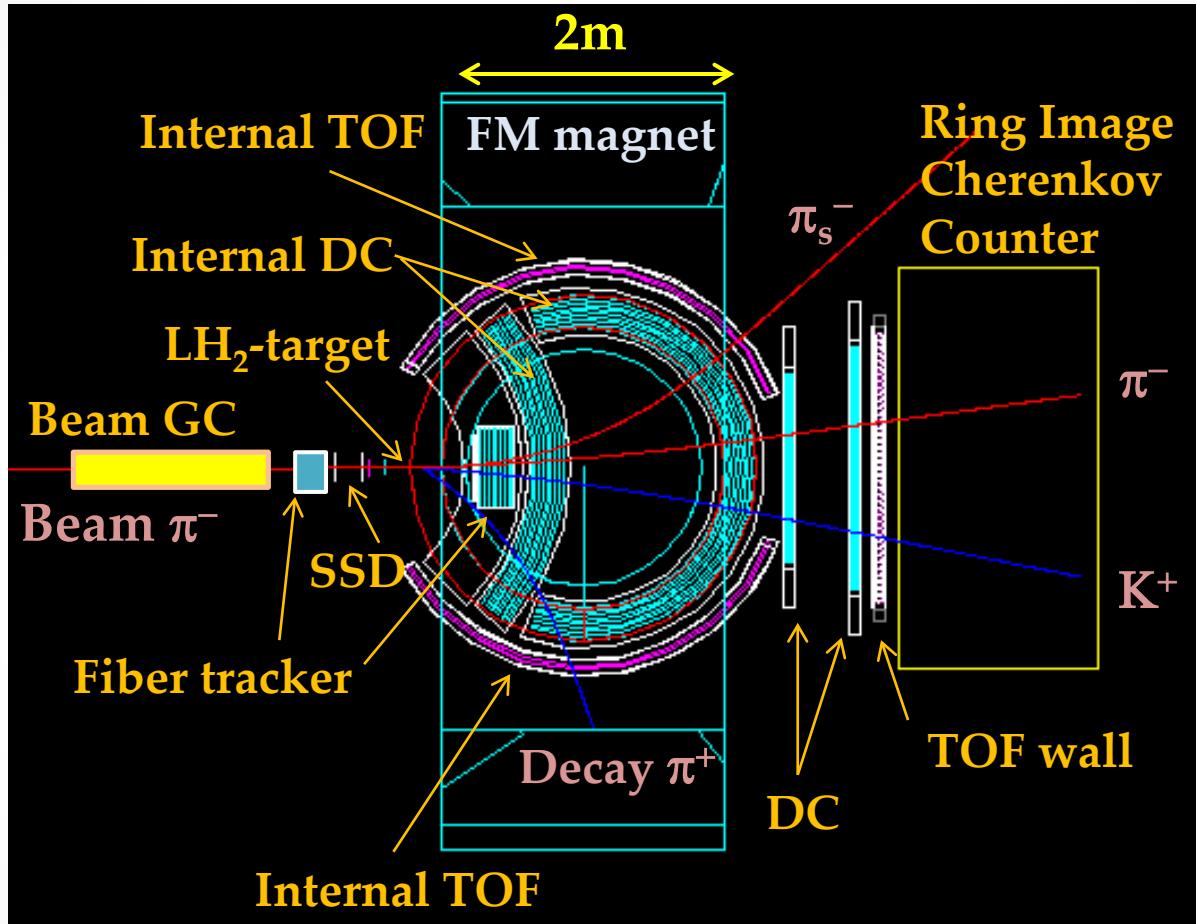
- Fiber trackers
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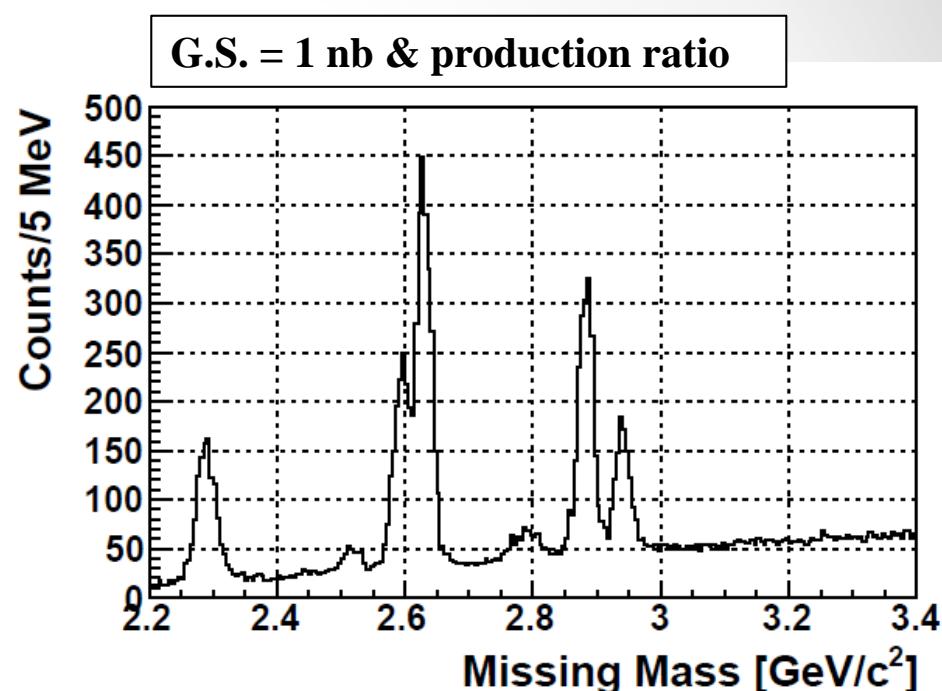
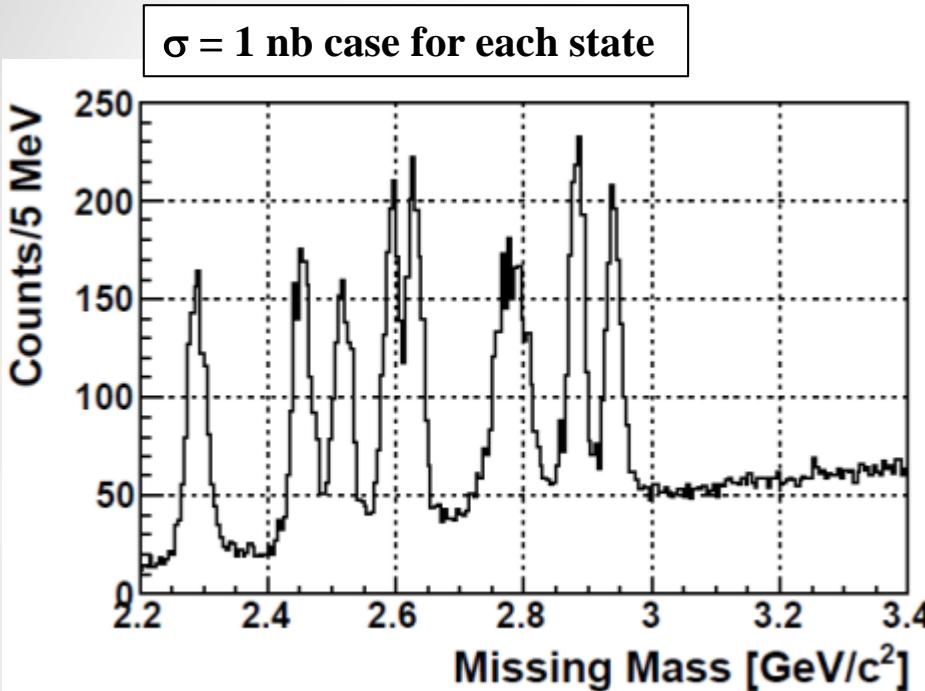
Charmed baryon spectrometer



Large Acceptance Multi-Particle Spectrometer

- Acceptance: ~50% for D^*
- Mass resolution: $M_{\Lambda c^*} = 10 \text{ MeV(rms)} @ 2.7 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

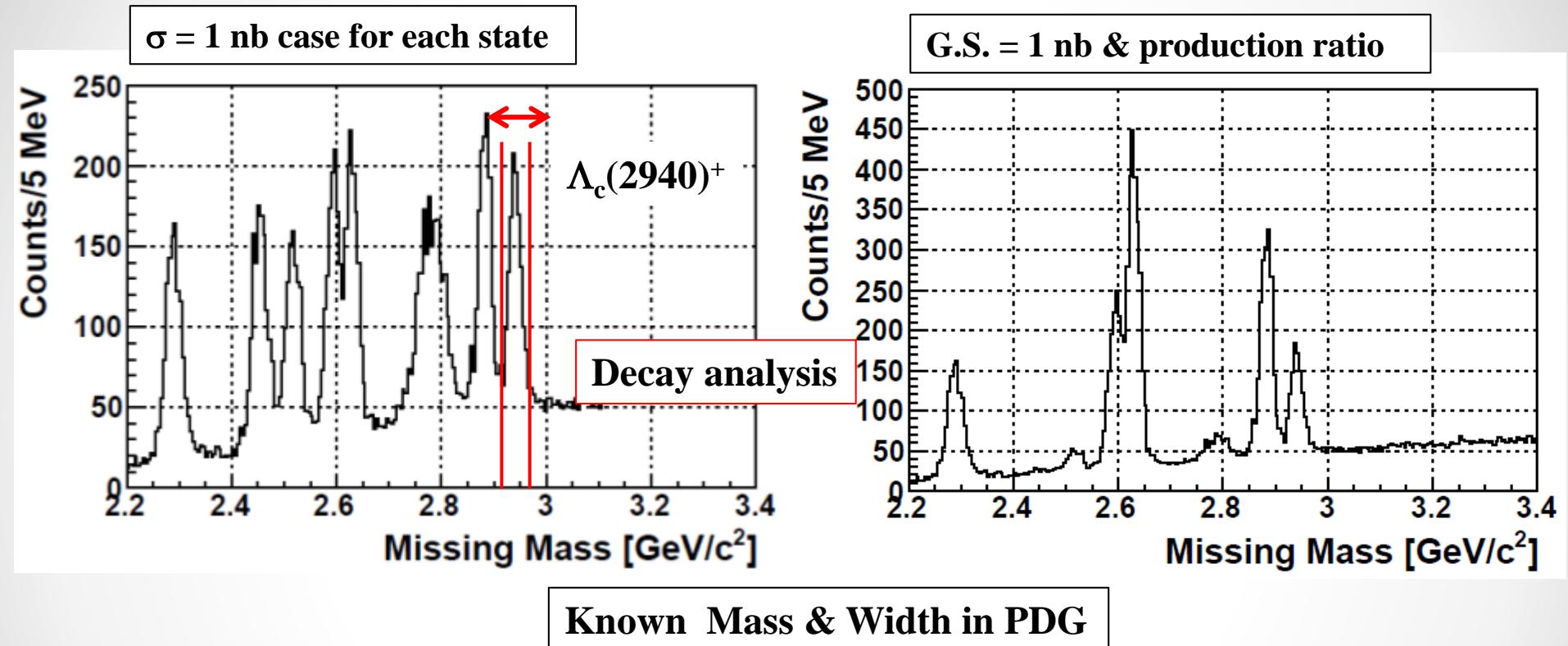
Expected spectra: $\sigma = 1 \text{ nb}$



Known Mass & Width in PDG

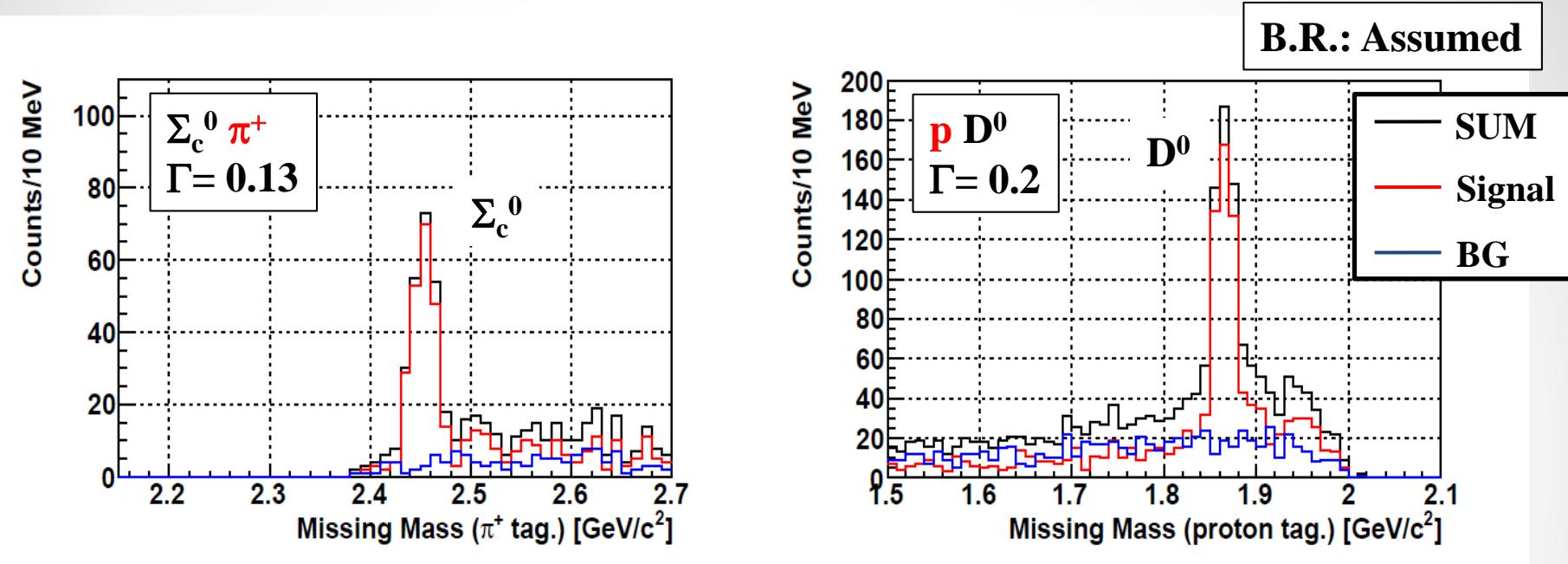
- Background study by the JAM code
- ⇒ Reduction by D^* tagging + Event selections
 - $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ decay angle cut, production angle cut
- * Achievable sensitivity of 0.1–0.2 nb: (3 σ level, $\Gamma < 100 \text{ MeV}$)

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Decay measurement



Decay measurement

- Branching ratios: $\Gamma(\Lambda_c^* \rightarrow p D)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^* \rightarrow \Sigma_c \pi)$
- Angular distribution
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$ (3.88%): Main mode
 - + $D^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ (8.07%), $D^0 \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ (2.82%) modes
 - ~4 time more statistics

Systematic study

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Charm and Strange

Strangeness sector: Production

Yield: 10^5 – 10^6 /day @ 1 μb

- π beam of a few 10 M/spill
- Mass resolution: 10–20 MeV @ 5–10 GeV/c beam
- \mathbf{K} beam = 10^6 : $\sim 10^4$ /day @ 1 μb
- * Missing mass & decay analysis

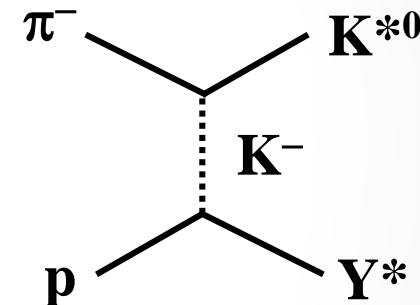
- Λ^* , Σ^* states
 - $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \Lambda^*(\Sigma^*) + K^{*0}$: $\sigma \sim 1$ – $10 \mu\text{b}$

- Ξ^* and Ω^* search
 - $K^- + p \rightarrow \Xi^* + K$ (K^*) : $\sigma \sim 1$ – $10 \mu\text{b}$
 - $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \Xi^* + K + K$: $\sigma \sim 0.1$ – $1 \mu\text{b}$
 - Both K and π beam

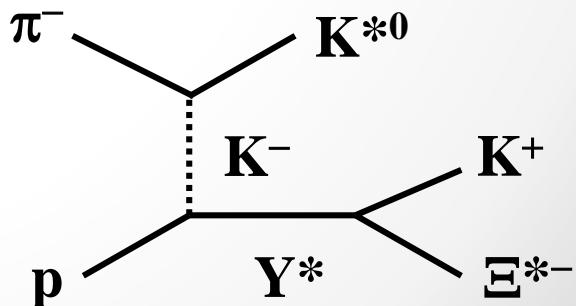
- $K^- + p \rightarrow \Omega^* + K + K$: $\sigma \sim 0.1$ – $1 \mu\text{b}$

* K^+ or K^{*0} detections are important for strangeness tagging.

π -induced \mathbf{Y}^* production



π -induced Ξ^* production

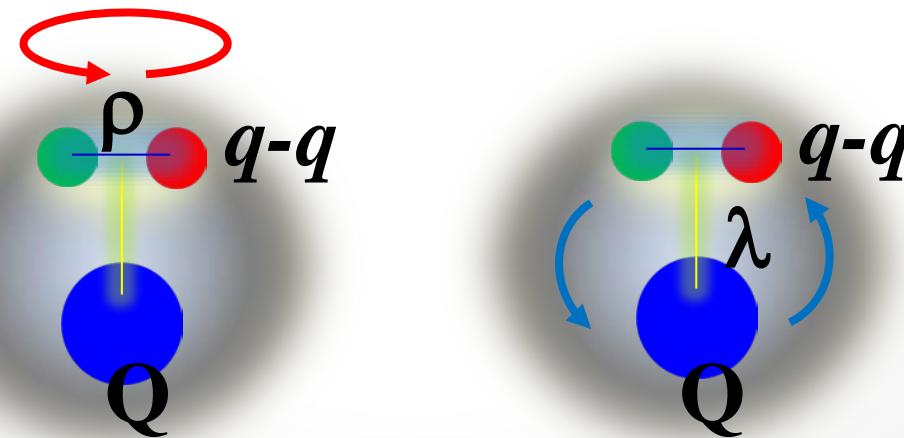


Excitation mode

- Heavy Q: λ and ρ -mode
 $\Rightarrow \mathbf{M}_Q$ dependence of excitation spectrum
 - Charmed baryons: Y_c^*
 - Hyperons: Y^*

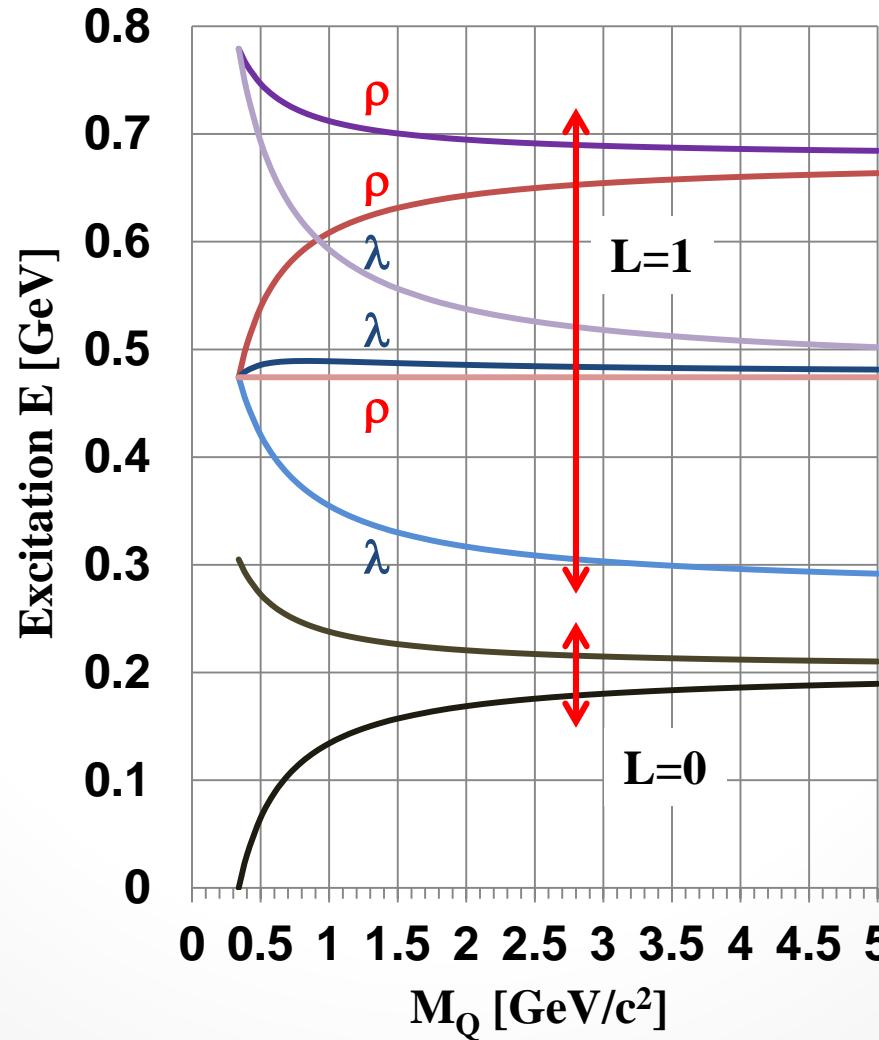
* spin-spin: $H = H_0 + V_c + V_{ss}$

- $V_c = k/2 \sum r_i^2$
- $V_{ss} = c_s \sum \frac{\sigma_i \cdot \sigma_j}{m_i m_j} \delta(r_{ij})$



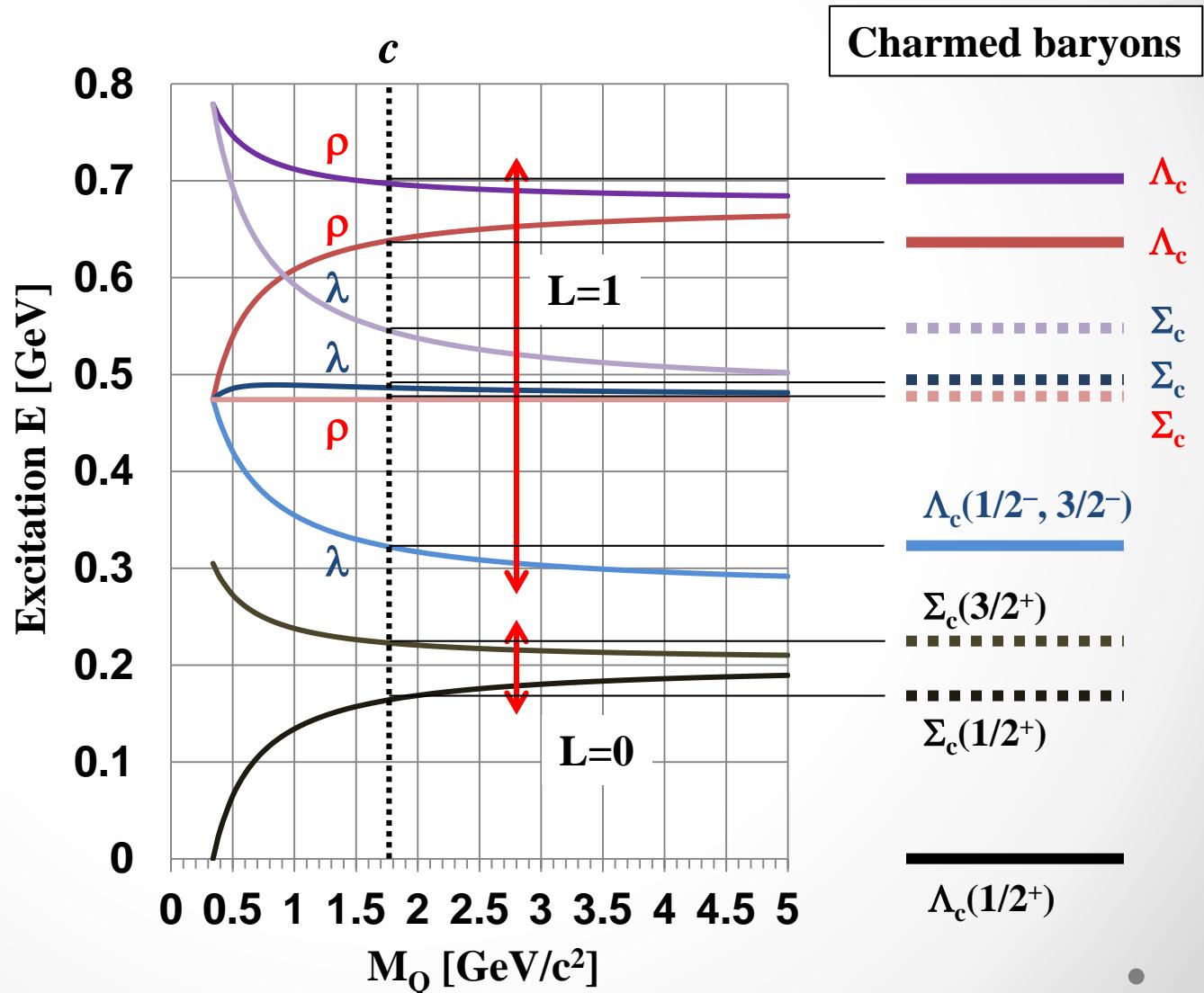
Excitation spectrum

- L=1 excited states: spin-spin interaction



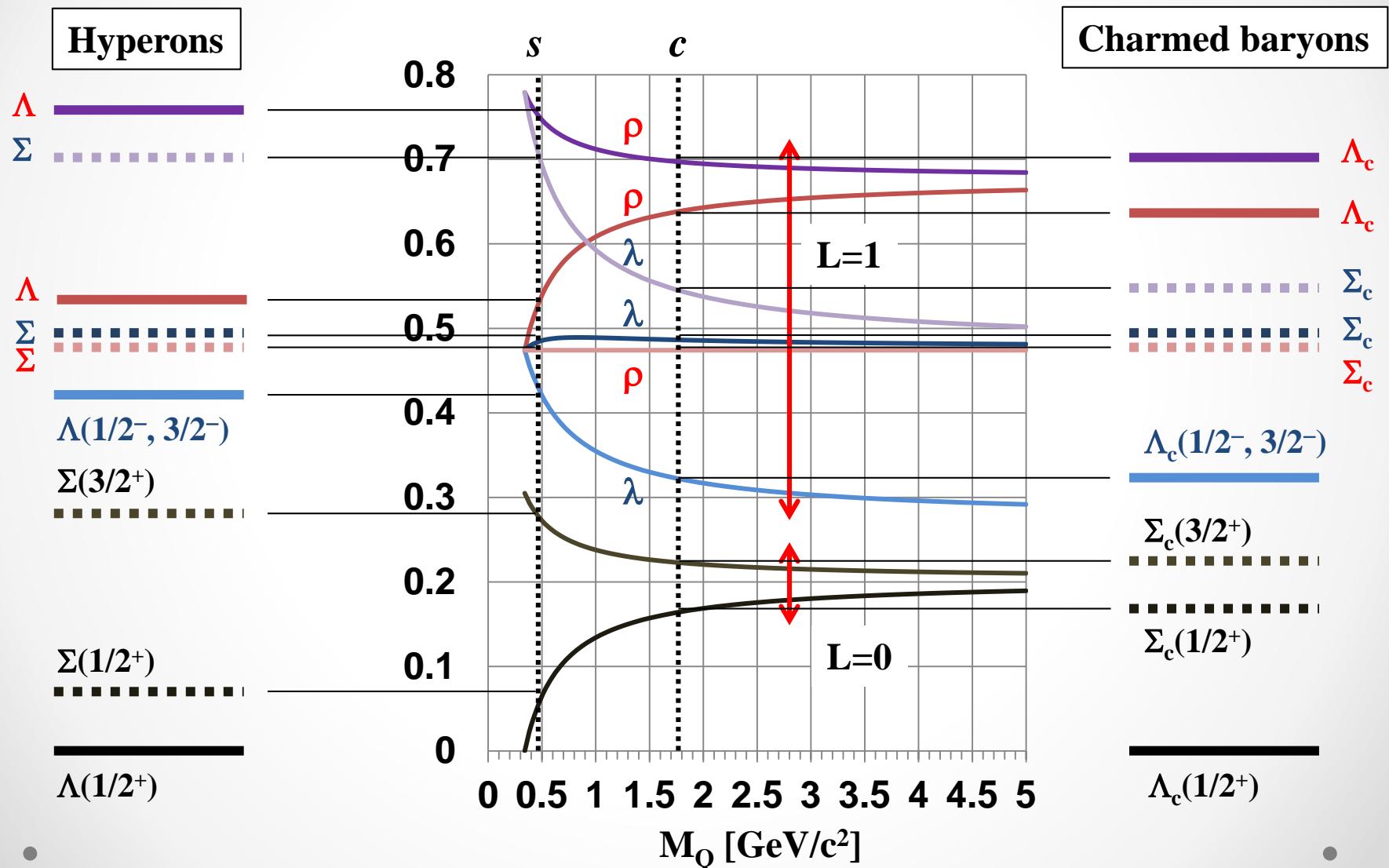
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Excitation spectrum

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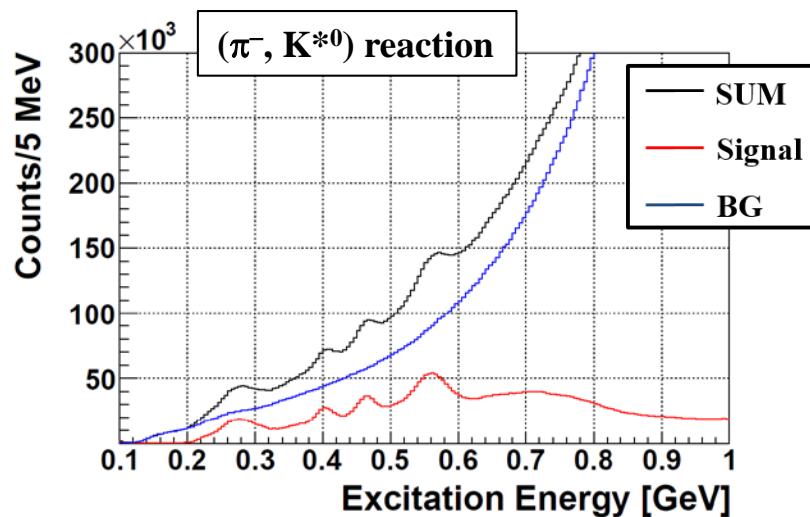
Systematic study

- Excited state measurements

Hyperons

- Decay property: $\pi\Sigma/\bar{K}_\text{bar}N$
- Production angle/rate

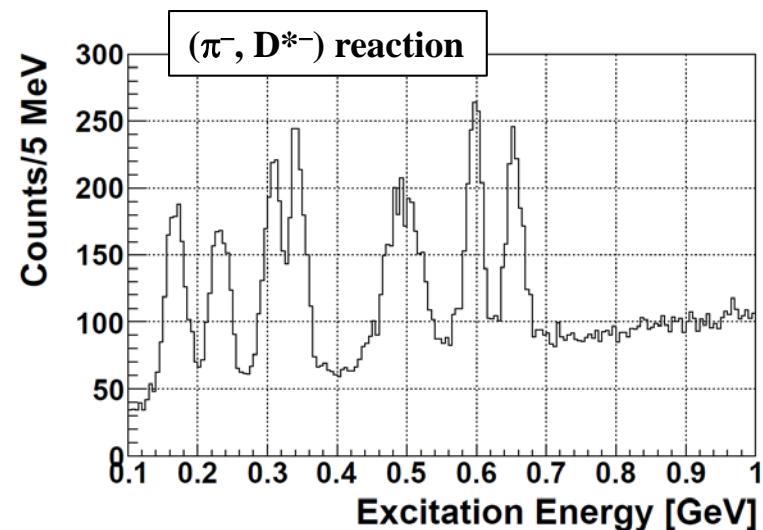
Wider width states: ~100 MeV
 \Rightarrow Decomposition needed
Huge statistics: $\sim 10^6$ /day



Charmed baryons

- Decay property: $\pi\Sigma_c/DN$
- Production angle/rate

Narrower width states
 \Rightarrow Clear separation
 Better S/N (1 nb case)



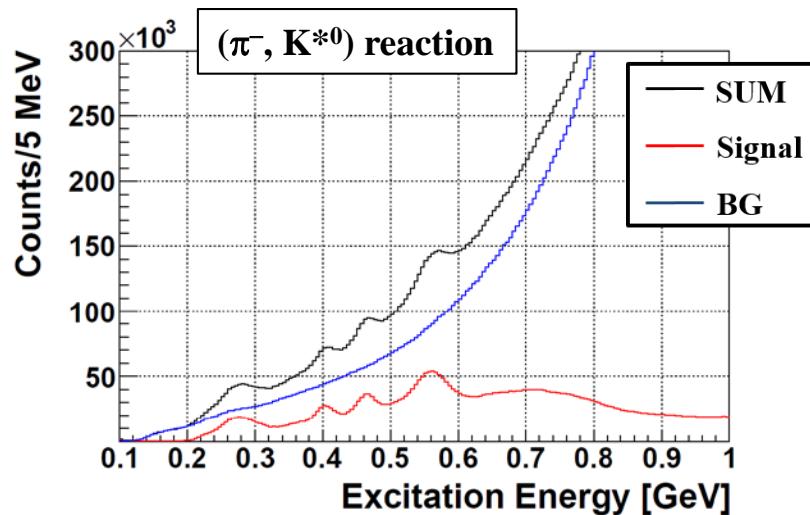
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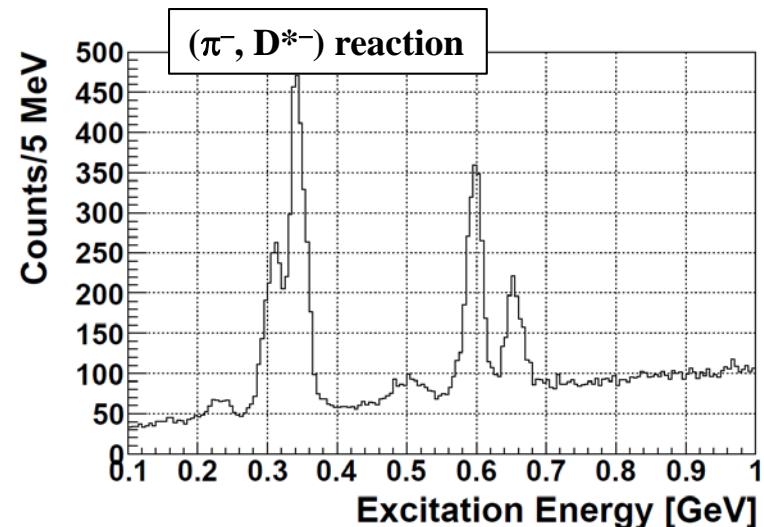
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Charmed baryons

- Decay property: $\pi\Sigma_c/DN$
- Production angle/rate

Narrower width states

⇒ Clear separation

Better S/N (1 nb case)

Proper degree of freedom = Rule to understand structure

- Connection to QCD

⇒ How to describe differences (corrections) ?

e.g. Diquark: Just correlation between two constituent quarks ?
or Quasi-particle object of two quarks ?

* Essential step to understand low energy QCD nature

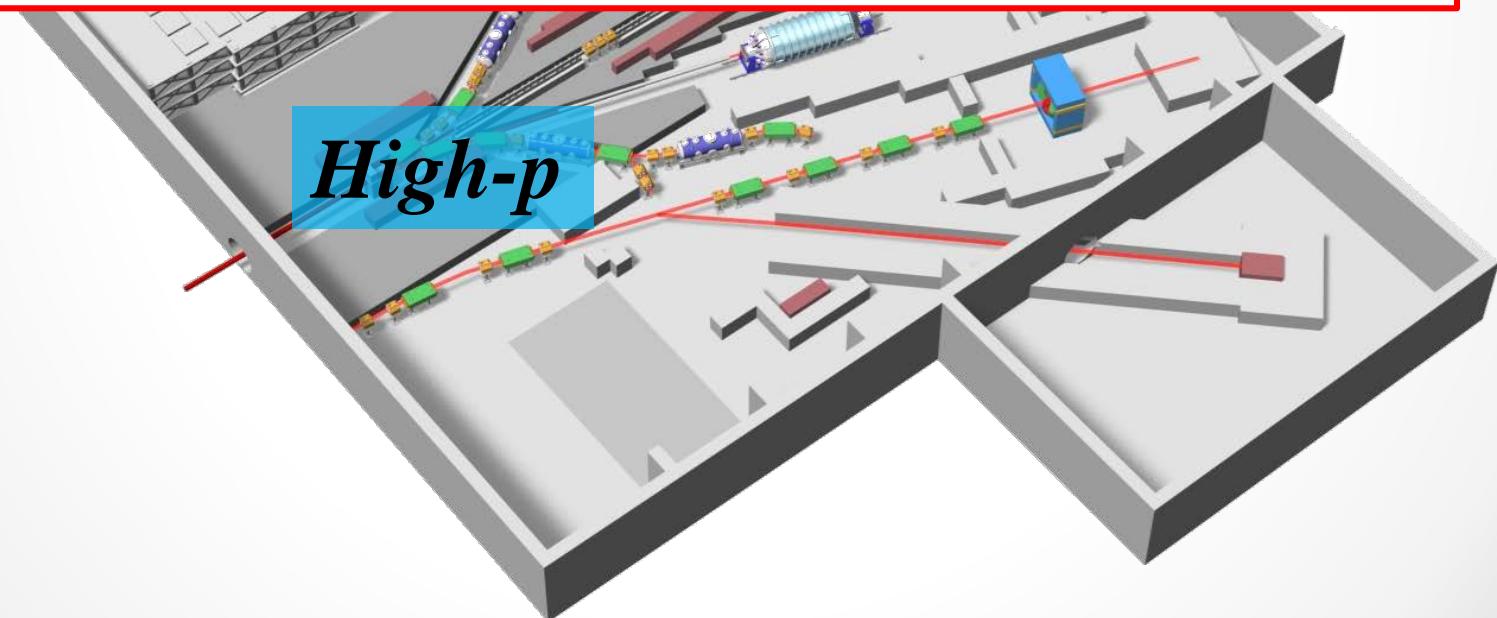
Summary

- **Charmed baryon spectroscopy**
 - Diquark correlation: λ and ρ excitation mode
 - Inclusive measurements by missing mass spectroscopy
- **Experiment at the J-PARC high-p beam line**
 - Spectrometer
 - High resolution & Large acceptance spectrometer
 - Experimental feasibility being checked by simulation
 - Mass resolution
 - Background study
 - Decay measurement to help missing mass measurement
- **Systematic study of charmed baryons at J-PARC**
 - Excitation energy, production, decay
 - With strange sector

New project at J-PARC

*New Hadron Experiment
at the J-PARC High- p beam line*

Let's join us !



Thank you for your attention