# FP420 Low voltage supply

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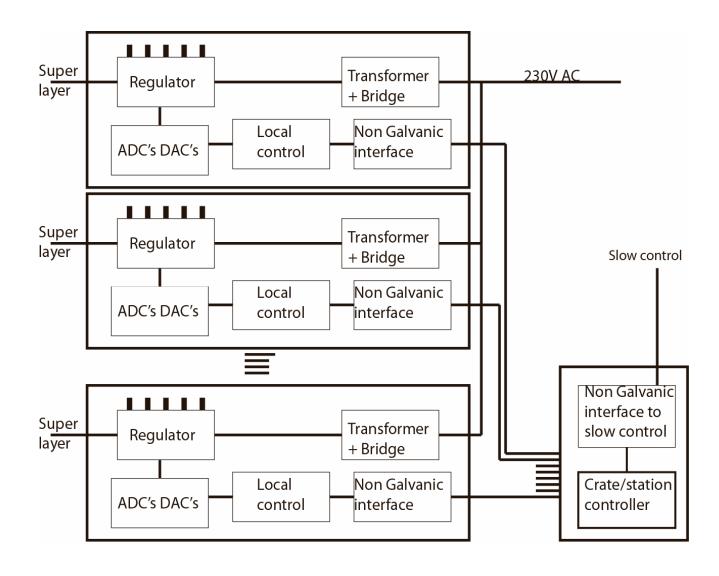
#### Location

- If the LV electronics should stay within some 20m from the detectors, there are only two possible locations (ref Daniela Macina):
  - Below the new cryostat, where the radiation level is estimated at about **700 Gy per year** of running at full luminosity;
  - Below or near the adjacent magnets, where the radiation is much lower and estimated at about 15 Gy per year, but where there are already other things.

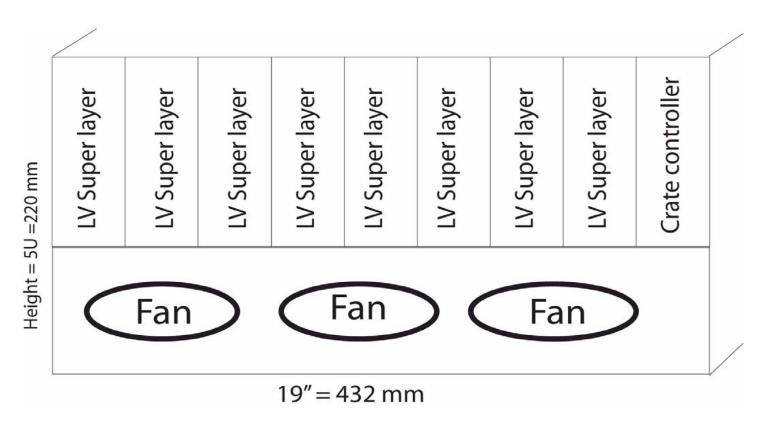
#### Functions for a superlayer supply

- Each superlayer will be LV supplied by a separate unit=> isolation
  - own ac-ac power transformer secondary winding
  - own AC-DC rectifier bridge
  - isolated digital communcation interface
- Linear regulators for radiation hardness (LHC4913 STM tol 5kGy) (2.0V and 1.6V, 5W)
- Remote controlled fine adjustable offset and shutdown.
- Monitoring of the voltage, current and heatsink temperature

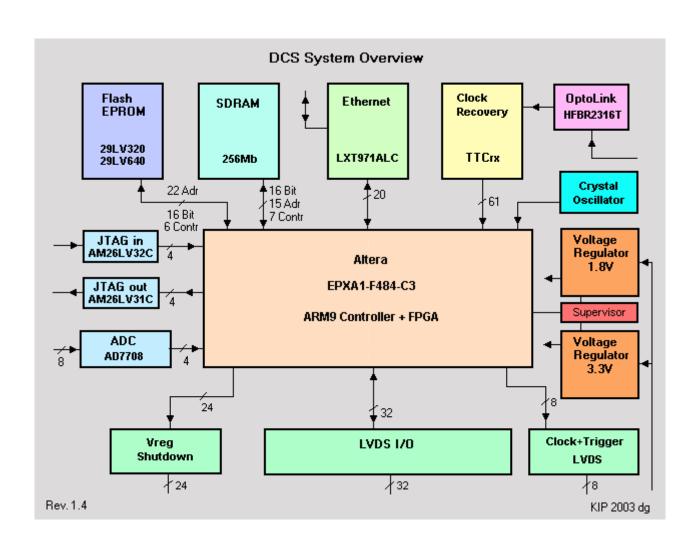
# LV supply blockdiagram



# LV Crate for 1 station, 8 superlayers



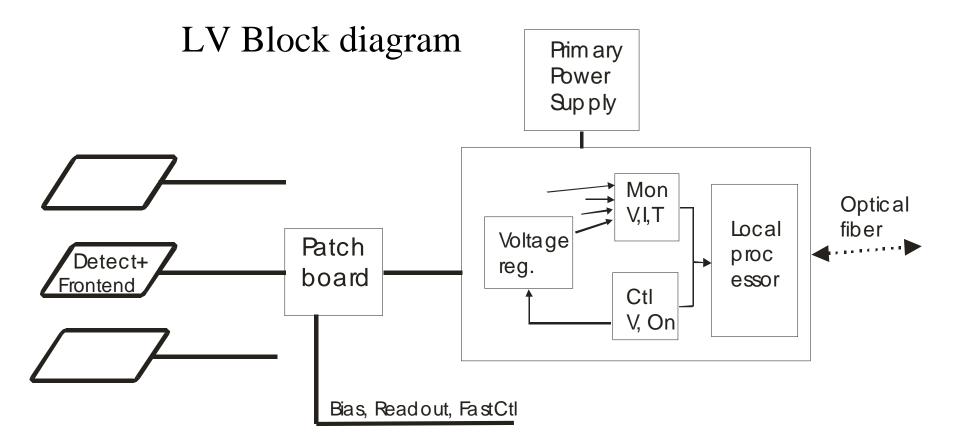
### Alice DCS



## Open issues

- Location of support electronics in tunnel
- Communication interface module in LV supply?
- Communication medium to slow control system: Fiber or cupper?

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- •Located in shielded location some meters (3..20m) from frontend
- •One module per plane for redundancy and noise reasons
- •Remote monitor of V,I and T
- •Remote control of deltaV and power ON/Off
- •Local over-temperture protection

# Critical issues for support electronics

What is the infrastructure and environement in LHC:

- •Location of support electronics in the tunnel
- •Radiation levels at these location
- •Suitable electronics to survive there
- •Temperature range
- •Data communication