

Measurement of CP Violation in $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ decays

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Theory and Motivation

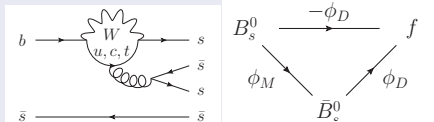


Figure: Left: $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$ via gluonic penguin
Right: Mixing and decay phases

- $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$ FCNC transition
- Sensitive to new physics.
- Measure CPV in interference

$$\phi_s = \phi_{\text{Mix}} - 2\phi_{\text{Decay}}$$

- SM prediction: $|\phi_s| < 0.02$ rad
- Large CPV would suggest new physics
- Also measure direct CPV parameter

$$|\lambda| = \left| \frac{q}{p} \cdot \frac{\bar{A}_f}{A_f} \right|$$

Selection and Mass Fit

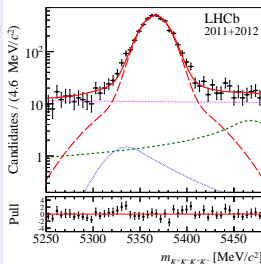
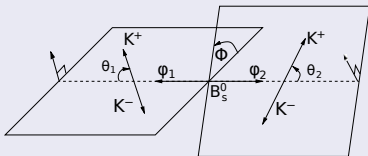


Figure: Fit to $K^+K^-K^+K^-$ invariant mass

- Black points:** event candidates
- Red long-dashed:** $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\phi$
- Purple dotted:** combinatoric
- Green dashed:** $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \phi p K$
- Blue dotted:** $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$

- 3 fb^{-1} of pp collisions in LHCb
- $K^+K^-K^+K^-$ final state
- BDT used to optimise the selection
- Two peaking backgrounds: $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \phi p K$ and $B^0 \rightarrow \phi K^*$
- ~ 3950 signal event candidates selected

Angular Analysis



- Pseudoscalar to two vectors
- Three P-wave amplitudes:
 A_0 & $A_{||}$ (CP-even) A_{\perp} (CP-odd)
- Two S-wave amplitudes:

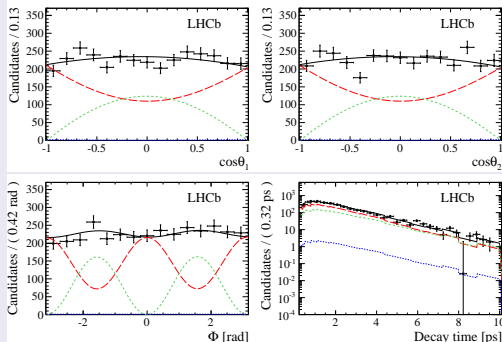
A_S (ϕf_0 CP-odd) A_{SS} ($f_0 f_0$ CP-even)

- Fit full differential decay rate with 15-term PDF of the form:

$$\frac{d^4\Gamma}{dtd\theta_1 d\theta_2 d\Phi} \propto \sum_{i=1}^{15} K_i(t) f_i(\theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi)$$

- CP observables contained in K_i

1D Fit Projections



Black points: background-subtracted data

Black solid: time-dependent angular fit

Red long-dashed: CP-even P-wave

Green short-dashed: CP-odd P-wave

Blue dotted: S-wave

Results and Conclusions



CP Observables

| Parameter | Value \pm Stat \pm Syst |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| ϕ_s (rad) | $-0.17 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.03$ |
| $ \lambda $ | $1.04 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.03$ |
| $ A_0 ^2$ | $0.364 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.009$ |
| $ A_{\perp} ^2$ | $0.305 \pm 0.013 \pm 0.005$ |

- Error on ϕ_s dominated by the statistical uncertainty.
- Main systematics from decay time and angular acceptance.

Conclusions and Prospects

- Values of ϕ_s and $|\lambda|$ found to be consistent with hypothesis of CP conservation
- After Run II, expect factor of 2 improvement on precision of ϕ_s
- After upgrade, expect error on ϕ_s to be comparable to theoretical uncertainty
- Paper submitted to Phys. Rev. D. available at arXiv:1407.2222 [hep-ex]

Backup Slides

Time-dependent Angular Fit PDF

| i | K_i | f_i | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| 1 | $ A_0(t) ^2$ | $4 \cos^2 \theta_1 \cos^2 \theta_2$ | |
| 2 | $ A_{\parallel}(t) ^2$ | $\sin^2 \theta_1 \sin^2 \theta_2 (1 + \cos 2\Phi)$ | |
| 3 | $ A_{\perp}(t) ^2$ | $\sin^2 \theta_1 \sin^2 \theta_2 (1 - \cos 2\Phi)$ | |
| 4 | $Im(A_{\parallel}^*(t)A_{\perp}(t))$ | $-2 \sin^2 \theta_1 \sin^2 \theta_2 \sin 2\Phi$ | P-wave ($\phi\phi$) |
| 5 | $Re(A_{\parallel}^*(t)A_0(t))$ | $\sqrt{2} \sin 2\theta_1 \sin 2\theta_2 \cos \Phi$ | |
| 6 | $Im(A_0^*(t)A_{\perp}(t))$ | $-\sqrt{2} \sin 2\theta_1 \sin 2\theta_2 \sin \Phi$ | |
| 7 | $ A_{SS}(t) ^2$ | $\frac{4}{9}$ | CP-even S-wave (f_0f_0) |
| 8 | $ A_S(t) ^2$ | $\frac{4}{3}(\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2)^2$ | CP-odd S-wave (ϕf_0) |
| 9 | $Re(A_S^*(t)A_{SS}(t))$ | $\frac{8}{3\sqrt{3}}(\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2)$ | $f_0f_0 - \phi f_0$ interference |
| 10 | $Re(A_0(t)A_{SS}^*(t))$ | $\frac{8}{3} \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2$ | |
| 11 | $Re(A_{\parallel}(t)A_{SS}^*(t))$ | $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \cos \Phi$ | $\phi\phi - f_0f_0$ interference |
| 12 | $Im(A_{\perp}(t)A_{SS}^*(t))$ | $-\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \sin \Phi$ | |
| 13 | $Re(A_0(t)A_S^*(t))$ | $\frac{8}{\sqrt{3}} \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 (\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2)$ | |
| 14 | $Re(A_{\parallel}(t)A_S^*(t))$ | $\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 (\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2) \cos \Phi$ | $\phi\phi - \phi f_0$ interference |
| 15 | $Im(A_{\perp}(t)A_S^*(t))$ | $-\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 (\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2) \sin \Phi$ | |

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(t, \theta_1, \theta_2, \Phi) = & A_0(t) \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 + \frac{A_{\parallel}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \cos \Phi \\
 & + i \frac{A_{\perp}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \theta_1 \sin \theta_2 \sin \Phi + \frac{A_S(t)}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2) + \frac{A_{SS}(t)}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

Extracting CP observables



$$K_i(t) = N_i e^{-\Gamma_s t} \left[a_i \cosh(\Delta\Gamma_s t/2) + b_i \sinh(\Delta\Gamma_s t/2) + c_i \cos(\Delta m_s t) + d_i \sin(\Delta m_s t) \right]$$

Table: Coefficients of the time dependent terms used in above equation. Amplitudes are defined at $t = 0$.

| i | N_i | a_i | b_i | c_i | d_i |
|-----|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | $ A_0 ^2$ | 1 | D | C | $-S$ |
| 2 | $ A_{\parallel} ^2$ | 1 | D | C | $-S$ |
| 3 | $ A_{\perp} ^2$ | 1 | $-D$ | C | S |
| 4 | $ A_{\parallel} A_{\perp} $ | $C \sin \delta_1$ | $S \cos \delta_1$ | $\sin \delta_1$ | $D \cos \delta_1$ |
| 5 | $ A_{\parallel} A_0 $ | $\cos(\delta_{2,1})$ | $D \cos(\delta_{2,1})$ | $C \cos \delta_{2,1}$ | $-S \cos(\delta_{2,1})$ |
| 6 | $ A_0 A_{\perp} $ | $C \sin \delta_2$ | $S \cos \delta_2$ | $\sin \delta_2$ | $D \cos \delta_2$ |
| 7 | $ A_{SS} ^2$ | 1 | D | C | $-S$ |
| 8 | $ A_S ^2$ | 1 | $-D$ | C | S |
| 9 | $ A_S A_{SS} $ | $C \cos(\delta_S - \delta_{SS})$ | $S \sin(\delta_S - \delta_{SS})$ | $\cos(\delta_{SS} - \delta_S)$ | $D \sin(\delta_{SS} - \delta_S)$ |
| 10 | $ A_0 A_{SS} $ | $\cos \delta_{SS}$ | $D \cos \delta_{SS}$ | $C \cos \delta_{SS}$ | $-S \cos \delta_{SS}$ |
| 11 | $ A_{\parallel} A_{SS} $ | $\cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_{SS})$ | $D \cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_{SS})$ | $C \cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_{SS})$ | $-S \cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_{SS})$ |
| 12 | $ A_{\perp} A_{SS} $ | $C \sin(\delta_2 - \delta_{SS})$ | $S \cos(\delta_2 - \delta_{SS})$ | $\sin(\delta_2 - \delta_{SS})$ | $D \cos(\delta_2 - \delta_{SS})$ |
| 13 | $ A_0 A_S $ | $C \cos \delta_S$ | $-S \sin \delta_S$ | $\cos \delta_S$ | $-D \sin \delta_S$ |
| 14 | $ A_{\parallel} A_S $ | $C \cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_S)$ | $S \sin(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_S)$ | $\cos(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_S)$ | $D \sin(\delta_{2,1} - \delta_S)$ |
| 15 | $ A_{\perp} A_S $ | $\sin(\delta_2 - \delta_S)$ | $-D \sin(\delta_2 - \delta_S)$ | $C \sin(\delta_2 - \delta_S)$ | $S \sin(\delta_2 - \delta_S)$ |

$$C \equiv \frac{1 - |\lambda|^2}{1 + |\lambda|^2} \quad S \equiv -\frac{2|\lambda| \sin \phi_S}{1 + |\lambda|^2} \quad D \equiv -\frac{2|\lambda| \cos \phi_S}{1 + |\lambda|^2} \quad \delta_1 \equiv \delta_{\perp} - \delta_{\parallel} \quad \delta_2 \equiv \delta_{\perp} - \delta_0 \quad \delta_{2,1} \equiv \delta_2 - \delta_1$$

Time-dependent Angular Fit Results

| Parameter | Best fit value |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| ϕ_s (rad) | -0.17 ± 0.15 |
| $ \lambda $ | 1.04 ± 0.07 |
| $ A_{\perp} ^2$ | 0.305 ± 0.013 |
| $ A_0 ^2$ | 0.364 ± 0.012 |
| δ_1 (rad) | 0.13 ± 0.23 |
| δ_2 (rad) | 2.67 ± 0.23 |
| Γ_s (ps^{-1}) | 0.662 ± 0.006 |
| $\Delta\Gamma_s$ (ps^{-1}) | 0.102 ± 0.012 |
| Δm_s (ps^{-1}) | 17.774 ± 0.024 |

Table: Results of the decay time dependent fit.

| Parameter | $ A_0 ^2$ | $ A_{\perp} ^2$ | δ_1 (rad) | δ_2 (rad) | (rad) | $ \lambda $ |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------|-------------|
| Mass model | – | – | 0.03 | 0.04 | – | 0.02 |
| AA (statistical) | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| AA (tagging) | 0.006 | 0.002 | – | 0.01 | – | 0.01 |
| Fit bias | – | – | 0.02 | – | – | – |
| Time acceptance | 0.005 | 0.003 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.02 | – |
| Peaking background | – | – | 0.01 | 0.01 | – | 0.01 |
| Total | 0.009 | 0.005 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.03 | 0.03 |

Table: Summary of systematic uncertainties for physics parameters in the decay time dependent measurement, where AA denotes angular acceptance.