b and c hadron spectroscopy at LHCb Results and prospects

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- The LHCb detector
- 2 $X(3872) \rightarrow \gamma \psi(2S)$
- 3 $Z(4430)^+$ confirmation
- ()Evidence of ${\rm B}_{\rm c}^+ \to J\!/\!\psi\, 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$
- Onclusions

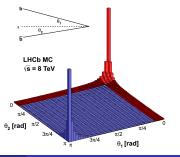
The LHC environment

During most of 2012 run, LHC collided protons at 8 $\rm TeV$ with an average instantaneous luminosity of $4\times 10^{32} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$ and 20 $\rm MHz$ of bunch crossing.

- $\bullet\,$ Inelastic cross section $\,\sim 60\,{\rm mb}$
- $\sigma(\mathrm{pp}
 ightarrow \mathrm{b}\overline{\mathrm{b}}X) = (284 \pm 20(\mathrm{stat}) \pm 49(\mathrm{syst})) \; \mu\mathrm{b}$ [plb 694, 209]
- ullet \Longrightarrow $\sim 10^{6}~{
 m B}{
 m ar{B}}$ produced per second
- $\sigma(\mathrm{pp} \to \mathrm{c}\overline{\mathrm{c}}X)$ is about 20 times higher. [Nucl.Phys. B871 (2013) 1-20]

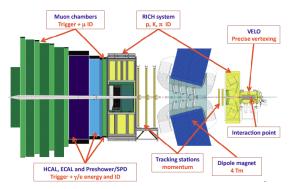
At the LHC energy, the $b\overline{b}$ pairs are produced preferentially at forward (backward) directions.

• Optimal solution is a forward detector: LHCb



The LHCb detector

LHCb experiment was designed to perform high precision flavor physics measurements at the LHC.



- Single-arm design. Covering the range 2 < η < 5, LHCb can exploit the dominant heavy flavour production mechanism at the LHC
- Good particle identification. Excellent muon identification and good separation of π, K and p over (2 - 100) GeV.

★ 3 → < 3</p>

Image: Image:

- **Good vertexing and tracking.** Precise primary and secondary vertex reconstruction. Excellent momentum, IP and proper time resolution.
- **Dataset.** 1 + 2 fb⁻¹ aquired in 2011 + 2012 runs

X(3872)

The X(3872) exotic-meson was discovered in 2003 by the Belle collaboration in $B\to KX(3872)$ with $X(3872)\to J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$.

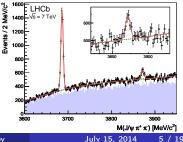
- Its existence was immediately confirmed by BaBar,CDF, DØ collaborations.
- \bullet Quantum numbers previously constrained to 1^{++} or $2^{-+},$ were measured by LHCb as $1^{++}.$
- Clear signature on the X(3872) \rightarrow J/ $\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ mode. $\pi^+\pi^-$ mass spectrum well studied.
- Mass known to 0.2 MeV and width < 1.2 MeV.

[Eur. Phys. J. C 72 (2012) 1972]

 $J/\psi \pi^+\pi^-$ inclusive reconstruction.

The nature of the X(3872) remains uncertain:

- Conventional charmonium $\chi_{c1}(2^3P_1)$.(very unlikely)
- Mesonic molecular state: $D^{*0}\bar{D}^0$ bound state.
- Tetraquark (diquark-anti-diquark).



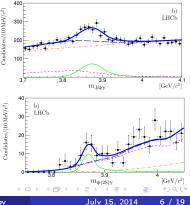
Evidence of X(3872) $\rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ at LHCb arXiv:1404.0275

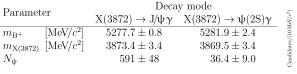
Radiative decays of the X(3872) provide a valuable opportunity to understand its nature.

• The X(3872) C-parity has been determined studying the X(3872) $\rightarrow \gamma J/\psi$ decay.

• $R_{\psi\gamma} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \to \psi(2S)\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \to J/\psi\gamma)}$ can give information about the internal structure of X(3872).

- Analysis performed using 3 $\rm fb^{-1}$ collected in 2011 and 2012.
- Observed 4.4 σ evidence of X(3872) $\rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ in $B^+ \rightarrow K^+X(3872)$ decays.

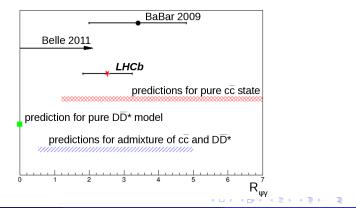




Evidence of X(3872) $\rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ at LHCb arXiv:1404.0275

$$R_{\psi\gamma} = rac{\mathcal{B}(\mathrm{X}(3872)
ightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(\mathrm{X}(3872)
ightarrow \mathrm{J}/\psi\,\gamma)} = 2.46 \pm 0.64 \pm 0.29$$

• These results disfavours $D^{*0}\overline{D}^0$ molecule hypothesis



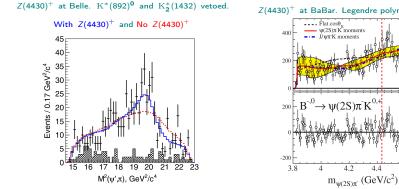
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$Z(4430)^{+}$

- Charged charmonium like state reported by Belle in $B^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S)K^+\pi^-$ decays [Phys.Rev.D88:074026]
- Searched and not confirmed or excluded by BaBar [Phys.Rev.D79:112001]
- Can not be understood as conventional meson ($q\overline{q}$). ۲
- Minimum quark content: ccud ٥
- No corresponding structure observed in $B^0 \to J/\psi \, K^+ \pi^-$ ۲





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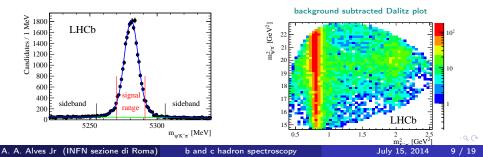
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Confirmation of $Z(4430)^+$ at LHCb Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 222002 (2014)

- \bullet Sample with >25.000 ${\rm B^0} \to {\rm K^+}\pi^-\psi(2{\it S})$ signal candidates,
- Analysis performed using two different approaches:
 - Model dependent. Four-dimensional amplitude fit (alla Belle).
 - Model independent. An analysis based on the Legendre polynomial moments extracted from the $K\pi$ system (alla BaBar)
- Background from sidebands. Estimated 4% of combinatorial background in the signal region.
- Four-dimensional efficiency calculated using complete simulation of the detector



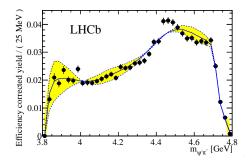
$Z(4430)^+$ at LHCb: model independent analysis Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 222002 (2014)

The main goal is to check if the structures in the $m_{\psi(2S)\pi}$ spectrum can be explained as reflections of the resonance activity in the $K\pi$ system.

- $\bullet\,$ No assumptions on the K^* resonances. Only its maximum J is restricted.
- $\bullet\,$ Angular structure of the ${\rm K}\pi$ system is extracted using Legendre polynomial moments.
- $\bullet\,$ The moments are used in toy Monte Carlo simulation to predict the expected $\,m_{\psi(2S)\pi}\,$ spectrum.
- $m_{\psi(2S)\pi}$ spectrum can not be explained in terms of moments corresponding to resonances with J <= 2.

Amplitude fit is necessary for:

- Determine the K^{\ast} resonant structure of the $K\pi$ system.
- Determine the Z(4430)⁺ parameters (mass, width, spin etc).



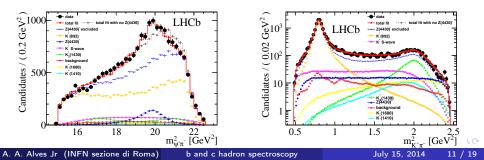
$Z(4430)^+$ at LHCb: amplitude fit Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 222002 (2014)

• Fitted parameters:

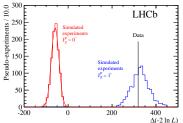
 $M_{Z(4430)^+} = 4475 \pm 7^{+15}_{-25} \,\mathrm{MeV}/c^2, \Gamma_{Z(4430)^+} = 172 \pm 13^{+37}_{-34} \,\mathrm{MeV}/c^2$

$$f_{Z(4430)^+} = (5.9 \pm 0.9^{+1.5}_{-3.3})\%$$

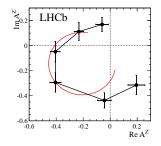
• Significance: $\Delta(-2lnL) > 13.9\sigma$



$Z(4430)^+$: resonance character and spin determination Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 222002 (2014)



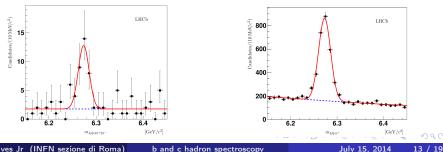
- $J^P = 1^+$ assignment favoured.
- Other J^P assignments are rulled out with large significance: $> 9\sigma$
- Z(4430)⁺ amplitude is described by 6 independent complex numbers instead of a Breit-Wigner
- Observe a fast change of phase crossing maximum of magnitude.
- Expected behaviour for a resonance.



Evidence of $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \, 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$ JHEP 1405 (2014) 148

- The first evidence for the decay ${\rm B_c^+}
 ightarrow {\rm J}/\psi \, 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$ is found using pp collisions.
- 32 ± 8 signal events. Significance of 4.5σ
- $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+$ used as normalisation mode. 2271 ± 63 signal events

$$\frac{\mathcal{B} \left({\rm B_c^ + \to J/\psi \, 3\pi^ + 2\pi^ - } \right)}{\mathcal{B} \left({\rm B_c^ + \to J/\psi \, \pi^ + } \right)} = 1.74 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.24$$



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Many other results in b and c spectroscopy

Access:

http://lhcbproject.web.cern.ch/lhcbproject/CDS/cgi-bin/index.php

LHCb Papers

185Measurement of the Ξ_{b} and Ω_{b} baryon lifetimes()LHCB-PAPER- 2014-01007 May B2CC184 $B^{b} \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^{+}\pi^{-}$ decays()LHCB-PAPER- 2014-01205 May 2014-012B2CC183Observation of the resonant and CP components in $B^{+} \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^{+}\pi^{-}$ decays()LHCB-PAPER- 	N°	Title	Journal	Code	Submit Date	Lead Group
184 $\overline{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ decays()12014-0122014B2CC183Observation of the resonant character of the Z(4430) ()LHCE-PAPER- 2014-01407 Apr 2014B8Q182Evidence for the decay $B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi3\pi^+2\pi^-$ ()LHCE-PAPER- 2014-0091 Apr 2014B8Q181Evidence for the decay $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ ()LHCE-PAPER- 2014-0081 Apr 2014B8Q180decaysAngular analysis of charged and neutral $B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$ ()LHCE-PAPER- 2014-0081 Apr 2014B8Q180decaysStudy of charged and neutral $B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$ ()LHCE-PAPER- 2014-0072014RD179Differential branching fractions and isospin asymmetries of 	185	Measurement of the Ξ_b^- and Ω_b^- baryon lifetimes	0			B2CC
183 state () 2014-014 2014 BaQ 182 Evidence for the decay $B^+_e \rightarrow J/\psi 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$ () $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-009}$ 1 Apr 2014 BaQ 181 Evidence for the decay $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ () $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-008}$ 1 Apr 2014 BaQ 180 decays analysis of charged and neutral $B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$ () $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-007}$ 2014 RD 179 Differential branching fractions and isospin asymmetries of $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^+$ decays () $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-006}$ 31 Mar 2014 RD 178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-006}$ 14 Mar 2014 B20C 120 measurement of polarization amplitudes and CP 0 $L^{+}CC-PAPER^{2014-006}$ 12 Mar 2014 RD	184		0			B2CC
182 Evidence for the decay $B_e \rightarrow J/\psi 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$ () $\frac{1}{2014-009}$ 1 Apr 2014 B8Q 181 Evidence for the decay $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ () $\frac{U1CB-PAPER-}{2014-008}$ 1 Apr 2014 B8Q 180 Angular analysis of charged and neutral $B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$ () $\frac{U1CB-PAPER-}{2014-007}$ 31 Mar RD 179 Differential branching fractions and isospin asymmetries of $B \rightarrow K^{(+)}\mu^+\mu^+$ decays () $\frac{U1CB-PAPER-}{2014-007}$ 31 Mar RD 178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () $\frac{U1CB-PAPER-}{2014-002}$ 2014 B2OC 120 Measurement of polarization amplitudes and <i>CP</i> n $\frac{U1CB-PAPER-}{2014-002}$ 12 Mar m	183		0			B&Q
181 Evidence for the decay $A(35/2) \rightarrow \psi(25)\gamma$ () 2014-008 1 Apr 2014 B&Q 180 Angular analysis of charged and neutral $B \rightarrow K\mu^+\mu^-$ () LHCB-PAPER- 2014-007 31 Mar 2014 RD 179 Differential branching fractions and isospin asymmetries of $B \rightarrow K^{(*)}\mu^+\mu^+$ decays () LHCB-PAPER- 2014-002 31 Mar 2014 RD 178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () LHCB-PAPER- 2014 2014 B2OC 100 Measurement of polarization amplitudes and CP 0 LHCB-PAPER- 12 Mar 12 Mar RU	182	Evidence for the decay $B_c^+ o J/\psi 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	0		1 Apr 2014	B&Q
180 decays () 2014-007 2014 RD 179 Differential branching fractions and isospin asymmetries of $B \rightarrow K^{(v)} \mu^+ \mu^+$ decays () LHCB-PAPER- 2014-006 31 Mar 2014 RD 178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () LHCB-PAPER- 2014 2014 B2OC Measurement of polarization amplitudes and <i>CP</i> 0 LHCB-PAPER- 12 Mar 12 Mar august	181	Evidence for the decay $X(3872) o \psi(2S) \gamma$	0		1 Apr 2014	B&Q
179 $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^+$ decays () 2014-006 2014 RD 178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () LHCB-PAPER- 2014-002 14 Mar 2014 B2OC Measurement of polarization amplitudes and <i>CP</i> 0 LHCB-PAPER- 2014 12 Mar Hadron decays	180		0			RD
178 Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons () 2014-002 2014 B20C	179		0			RD
	178	Study of beauty hadron decays into pairs of charm hadrons	0			B2OC
	177		0			BNoC

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Summary and perspectives

- X(3872)
 - 4.4 σ evidence for $X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ in B decays.
 - $R_{\psi\gamma} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow \psi(25)\gamma)}{\mathcal{B}(X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma)} = 2.46 \pm 0.64(\text{stat}) \pm 0.29(\text{syst})$ disfavours the molecular hypothesis.
- Z(4430)⁺
 - Existence confirmation with $> 13.0\sigma$
 - Quantum numbers determination $J^P = 1^+$
 - Resonance behaviour observed.
- Evidence of ${\rm B_c^+} \to J\!/\!\psi\, 3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$.

The high-performance, efficiency and flexibility of the trigger associated to the high quality of the event reconstruction, puts the LHCb experiment in very advantageous position to analyse the copious statistics provided by the LHC and perform competitive measurements in heavy flavor physics.

Thanks!

Backup

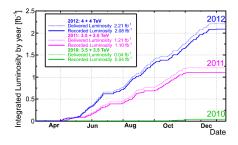
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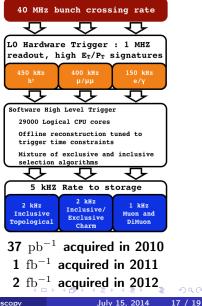
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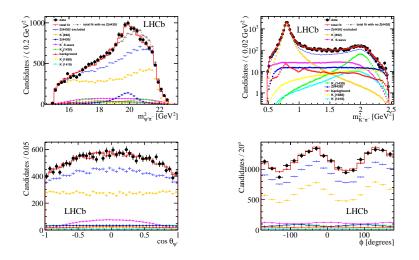
The LHCb trigger and dataset

Running conditions in most of 2012

- $\bullet~$ LHC: 20 $\rm MHz~$ bunch crossing
- Luminosity: $4.0 \times 10^{32} cm^{-2} s^{-1}$, using luminosity leveling
- $\bullet~$ Visible interactions rate: 12.0 14.0 $\rm MHz$
- L0 output rate: 950 kHz
- HLT output rate:4.5 kHz
- Event size: 60 kB







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