

# TUTORIAL: - DPD MAKING IN ATHENA

Christos Anastopoulos & Nicolas Kerschen  
University of Sheffield

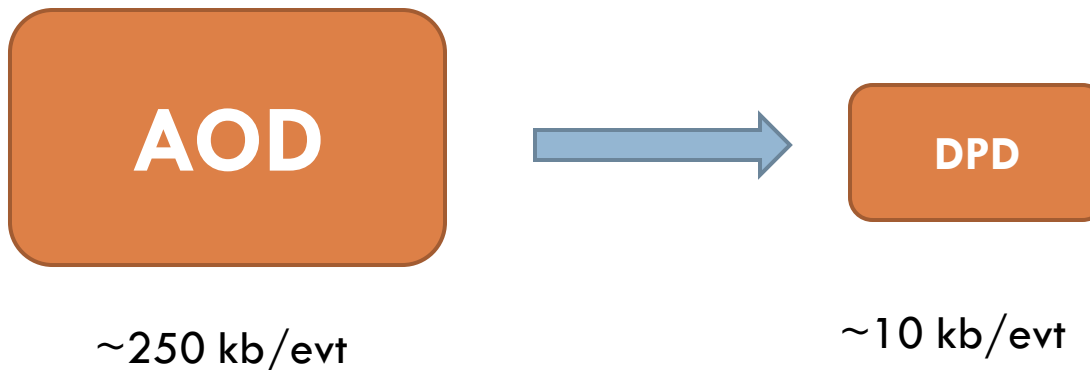
# DPD making

2

## □ Introduction

### □ What is a DPD (Derived Physics Data)?

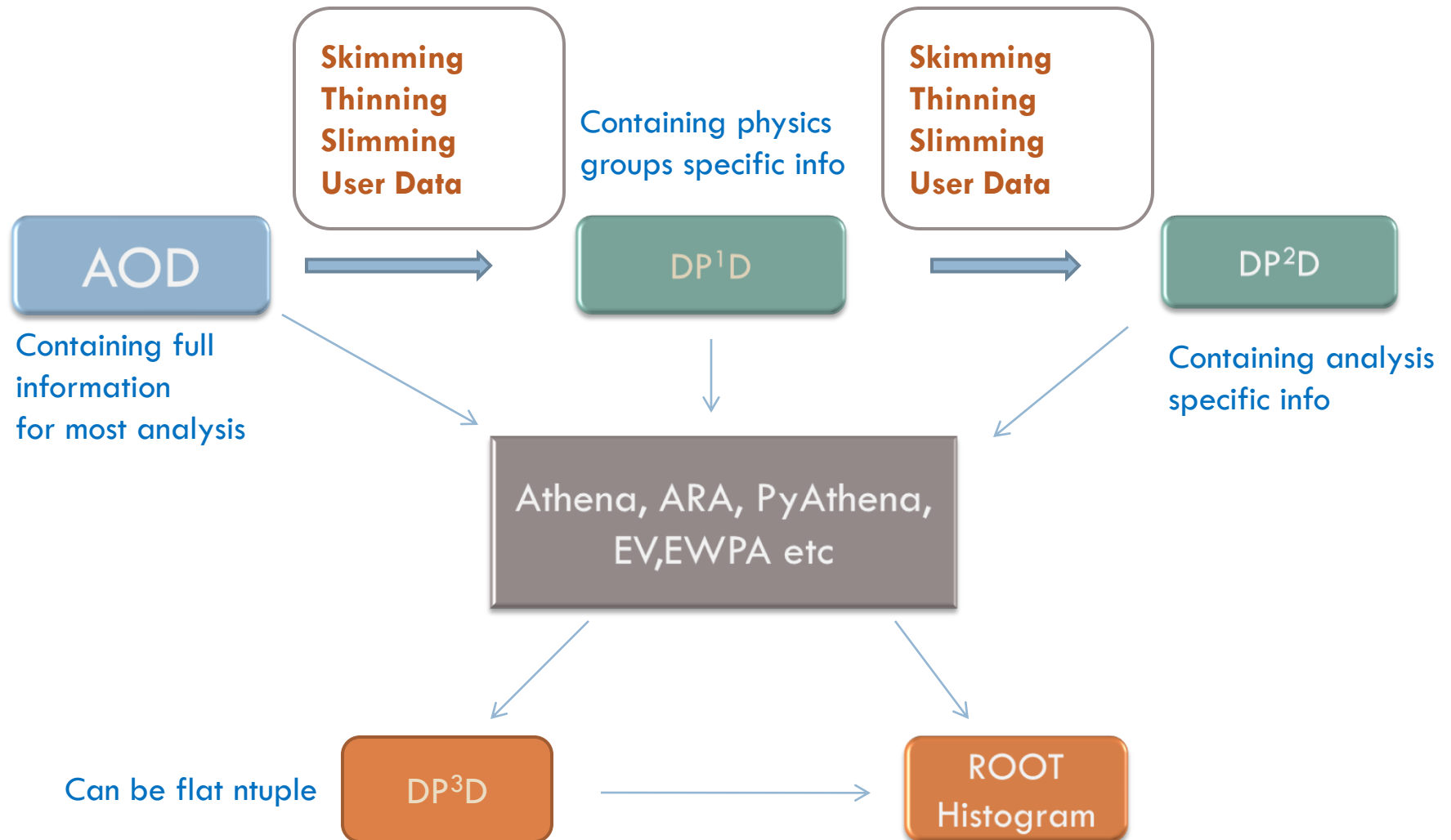
- A DPD (DP<sup>1</sup>D, DP<sup>2</sup>D) is a small AOD in which we have kept only the events we are interested in .



- The DPD has the same format as the AOD. It can be read in Athena. Any analysis running on DPDs also runs on AODs and in Athena.

# DPDs in the Event Data Model (EDM)

3



# How to reduce the size of the AOD

(definition of skimming/thinning/slimming)

4

- Skimming:
  - ▣ Removing uninteresting events (filtering)  
ex: check if the event has objects fulfilling some conditions on  $\eta$  and  $p_T$
- Thinning:
  - ▣ Removing unused objects  
ex: electrons, tracks, jets not fulfilling particular requirements
- Slimming:
  - ▣ Removing properties of objects  
ex: track summary
  
- But the first thing to do is to remove unneeded collections from the AOD (which is a form of thinning)

# Let's make DPDs!

5

- As an example we will make DPDs for a  $Z \rightarrow ee$  analysis we have also a jet example.
- Twiki page :  
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/Atlas/ArtemisParis>  
and  
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/Atlas/ArtemisParisDPD>
- Let's Begin