Single-Cell Standing Wave Structures: Design

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Outline

- Introduction
- Strategy
- Structures

Single Cell Accelerator Structures

Goals

• Study rf breakdown in practical accelerating structures: dependence on circuit parameters, materials, cell shapes and surface processing techniques

Difficulties

• Full scale structures are long, complex, and expensive

Solution

- Single cell Traveling wave (TW) and single cell standing wave (SW) structures with properties close to that of full scale structures
- Reusable couplers

We want to predict breakdown behavior for practical structures

Reusable coupler: TM₀₁ Mode Launcher

Pearson's RF flange



Cutaway view of the mode launcher



Two mode launchers

Surface electric fields in the mode launcher E_{max} = 49 MV/m for 100 MW

S. Tantawi, C. Nantista



Strategy

Geometry

- Stored energy
- Electric field for same magnetic field
- Choke
- Choke WR90 coupler
- Shunt impedance, iris size, etc.
- ...

Materials

- CuZr
- Molybdenum

Coatings

- TiN
- ...

. . .

Some samples tested

- 1-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu
- 1-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-TiN
- 3-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu
- 1-C-SW-A3.75-T2.6-Cu
- 1-C-SW-A3.75-T1.66-Cu

To be tested

- 1-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-Choke
- 1-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-PBG
- 1-C-SW-A2.75-T2.0-Cu
- 3-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-WR90
- One-C-SW-A3.75-T2.6-CuZr
- One-C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-CuZr
- ...

Parameters of periodic structures

		A3.75-	A3.75-	A5.65- T4.6-	A5.65-	
Name	A2.75-T2.0- Cu	T1.66- Cu	T1.66- Cu	Choke -Cu	T4.6- Cu	T53VG3
Stored Energy [J]	0.153	0.189	0.189	0.333	0.298	0.09
Q-value	8.59E+03	8.82E+03	8.56E+03	7.53E+03	8.38E+03	6.77E+03
Shunt Impedance [MOhm/m]	102.891	85.189	82.598	41.34	51.359	91.772
Max. Mag. Field [A/m]	2.90E+05	3.14E+05	3.25E+05	4.20E+05	4.18E+05	2.75E+05
Max. Electric Field [MV/m]	203.1	268.3	202.9	212	211.4	217.5
Losses in a cell [MW]	1.275	1.54	1.588	3.173	2.554	0.953
a [mm]	2.75	3.75	3.75	5.65	5.65	3.885
a/lambda	0.105	0.143	0.143	0.215	0.215	0.148
Hmax*Z0/Eacc	1.093	1.181	1.224	1.581	1.575	1.035
t [mm]	2	1.664	2.6	4.6	4.6	1.66
Iris ellipticity	1.385	0.998	1.692	1.478	1.478	1

Low shunt impedance structures



1C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu

3C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu

Single-Cell-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu



Three-Cell-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu, 10 MW input







Resonance at 11.4249 GHz

(SLANS 11.424 GHz)

(SLANS 1.075)

 $\beta = 1.083$

(SLANS 230 MV/m)







Manufacturing of 3-cell SW structure (3C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-KEK#1) at KEK,



Yasuo Higashi, KEK

1C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-Choke 10 MW input



Maximum magnetic field 628.5 kA/m (SLANS 627.5 kA/m)



Plot 3 : S Matrix Data





Resonance at 11.42053 GHz $\beta = 1.03832$

(SLANS 11.424 GHz)

(SLANS 1.045)

Over-coupled loaded Q Unloaded Q=7,933 (SLANS 7,933.5)

5.1:Sportipl.c



Wakefield damping "ready" structures





Electrical design: Roark Marsh, MIT

1C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-Choke

1C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-PBG

1C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-Choke-SLAC-#1 after bead-pull measurement





Surface electric fields

Surface magnetic fields

Electrical design: Z. Li, 8 November 2007

3-Cell structure with choke coupler and WR90 inputs 3C-SW-A5.65-T4.6-Cu-WR90



1C-SW-A3.75-T1.66-Cu

10 MW input



V.A. Dolgashev, 12 November 2007

1C-SW-A3.75-T2.6-Cu

10 MW input



Maximum magnetic field 672 kA/m (SLANS 668.0 kA/m)

Maximum electric field 390 MV/m (SLANS 398.9 MV/m)



1C-SW-A2.75-T2.0-Cu 10 MW input



Maximum magnetic field 667.5 kA/m (SLANS 666.8 kA/m) Maximum electric field 457 MV/m (SLANS 456.3 MV/m)





Resonance at 11.42542 GHz $\beta = 1.131$

(SLANS 11.42398 GHz)

(SLANS 1.164)



Over-coupled loaded Q Unloaded Q=8,919 (SLANS 8,9594)



 $\frac{11.425423 \text{Hz}}{2.73 \text{ MHz}} = 4.185 \times 10^{3}$

 $\frac{11.42542\text{GHz}}{2.73\text{ MHz}}(1+1.131) = 8.919 \times 10^3$

V.A. Dolgashev, 6 May 2008

High shunt impedance structures





1C-SW-A3.75-T2.6-Cu

1C-SW-A3.75-T1.66-Cu

Summary

We designed a set of single cell standing wave structures. We attempted to cover range parameters need for high-gradient, heavy wake-field loaded accelerator. These structures being built at KEK, SLAC and Frascati and high-power tested at SLAC. As we learn results of the high power tests, we design new structures.