

LHC Machine Checkout & Dry Runs Strategy



M. Albert

LHC Beam Operation Workshop

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Acknowledgements: R.Aleman, R.Giachino

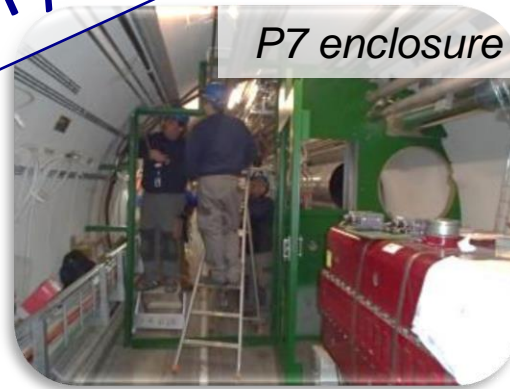
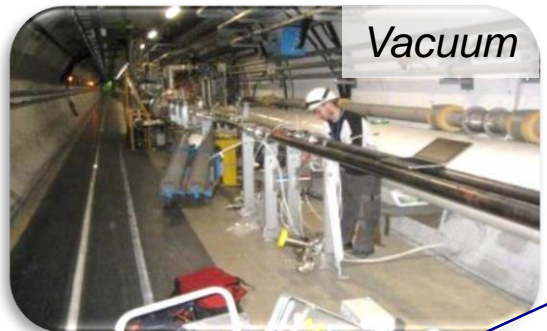
Outline

- Introduction
- Machine Checkout
- Dry Runs
- Conclusions

The main 2013-14 LHC consolidations

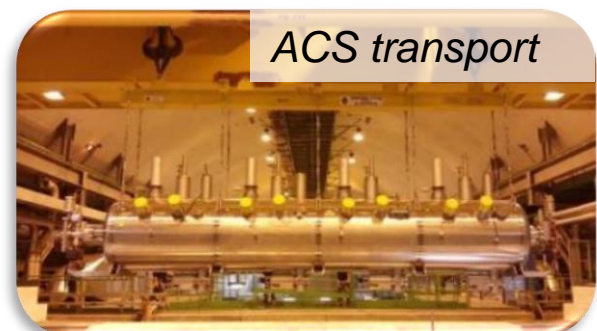
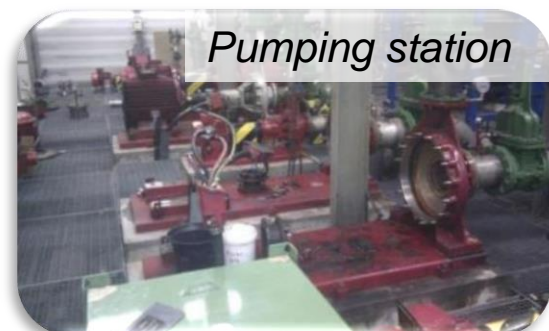
- 1695 Openings and final enclosure of the interconnections
- Complete reconstruction of 1300 of these apertures
- Consolidation of the 10170 lock apertures, installing 27 000 shunts
- Installation of 5000 consolidated electrical insulation systems
- 300 000 electrical resistance measurements
- 10170 initial wetting of stainless steel lines
- 18 000 electrical Quality Assurance tests
- 10170 lock tightness tests to be replaced
- 4 quadrupole magnets to be replaced
- 15 dipole magnets to be replaced
- Installation of 612 precision orbit devices to bring the total to 1544
- Consolidation of the 11 kA circuits in the 16 main electrical feed-lines

LS1 modifications



+ personnel changes, including OP/LHC!

Word cloud containing terms: LBDS Kickers, Vacuum, P7-enclosure, Thermoswitch, Closures, RF, Mappings, Maintenance, Cryogenic AUG, Shielding, Helium, Upgrade, Consolidation, Optical-fibbers, Instrumentation, Dump, Cooling-stations, Water-Cooled Cables, Cooling-towers, Collimators, Tests, Survey, Cavities, QPS, Control, RE, Instrumentation, Dump.



The coordination team

Machine Checkout



Close collaboration
to achieve
common
objectives

Dry Runs
Sector Test Preparation



+ Delphine, Matteo

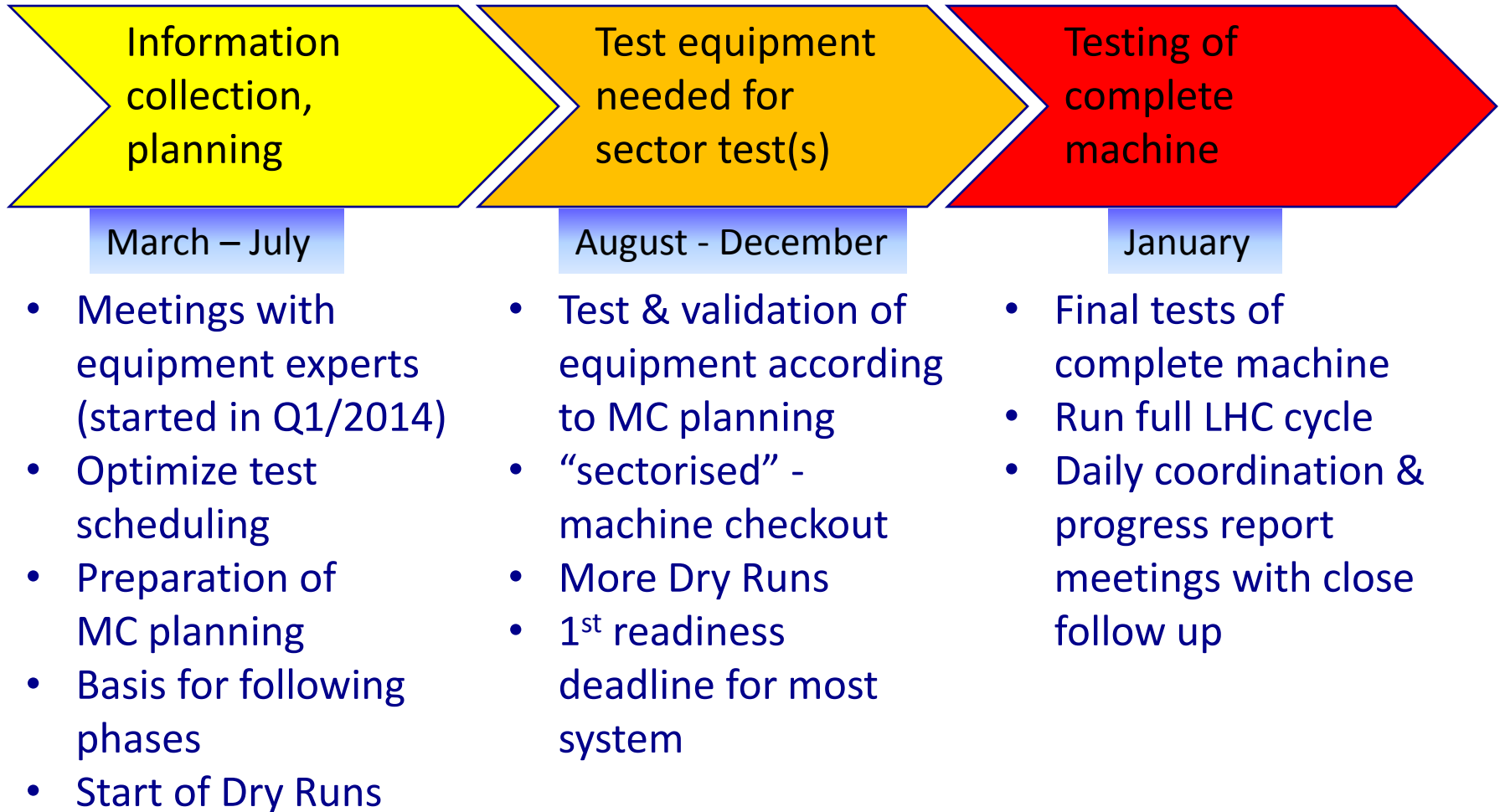
Machine Checkout

Definition:

Period between end of shutdown and start of beam commissioning during which all systems are tested by OP and equipment experts, in order to prepare the LHC for beam operation.

- Succeeds individual system test (IST) period
- Driven from the CCC (remote equipment control)
- Vital for a smooth transition from shutdown to beam commissioning
- 2014/2015 exercise:
similar to start-up 2008 & restart 2009
→ early start & long preparation

Machine checkout - timeline



Machine checkout – current status

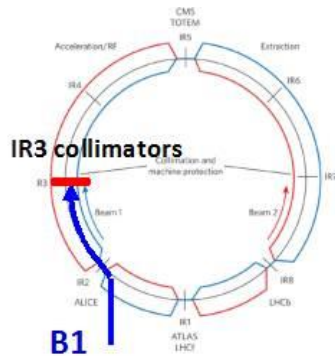
Information
collection,
planning



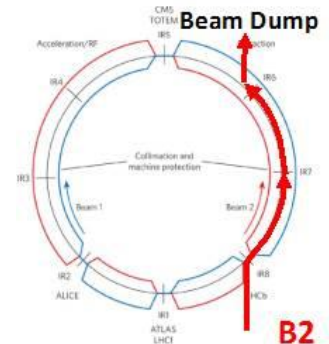
- Meetings with equipment group representatives to discuss:
 - Readiness
 - Test schedules
- Already covered:
 - Access system, BIS, Collimators, Cryogenics, General Services (EL, CV), LBDS, MKI, PC, PIC, RF, Vacuum, WIC
- Minutes:
<https://espace.cern.ch/LHCMachineCheckout>
- **Result:** Machine Checkout test planning
 - Ready by end of July



Machine checkout – sector test



Test equipment
needed for
sector test(s)

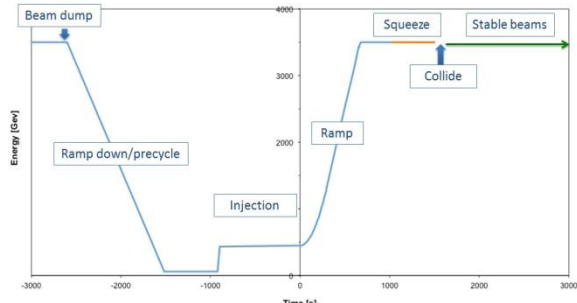
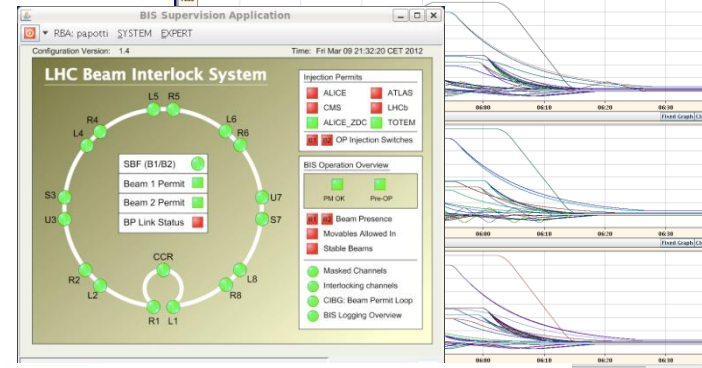
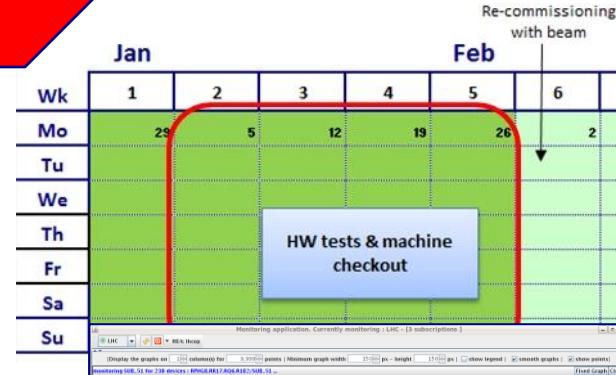
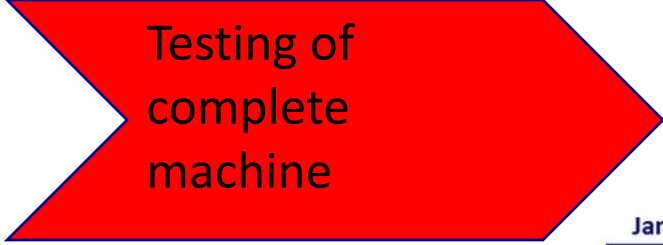


- **1st milestone** with beam before full LHC commissioning
- **Pre-conditions:**
 - Full readiness of access system (4th/5th Oct)
 - Global DSO test: 11th/12th Oct
- **Objective:**
 - Test substantial subset of LHC equipment
 - Check-out all other systems as they become available
- **Dry runs** continue in parallel to HWC
- **Reduced BIS** configuration
- Powering group of circuits (**PGC**) of available sectors
- Software testing & debugging

Machine checkout – the final

Testing of complete machine

- **Pre-condition:**
 - Machine closed
 - All SC magnet circuits ready
 - PIC & QPS operational
 - Beam vacuum system operational
 - BIS operational
- **Objectives:**
 - Heat runs (warm magnets)
 - Test of **full LHC cycle** (injection, pre-cycle, ramp up/down)
 - **Close beam permit loop** with all BIS users connected
 - Final LBDS checks, energy tracking tests
 - MKI tests
 - Interlock tests without beam
 - Final machine protection tests (**all BIS inputs**)



Daily 8:30 - meetings (access requests, test plan)

A typical MC test

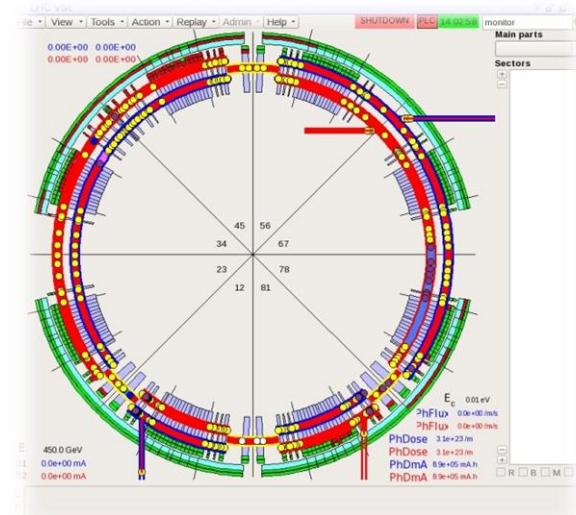
vacuum valve interlock verification

- Pre-conditions:

- IST on vacuum system done, valves in remote control
- Straight section and adjacent sectors $< 10^{-11}$ bar, $T_{\text{cold mass}} < 5\text{K}$
- BIC and supervision available
- Logging of vacuum valve status
- Valve alarms operational
- NO powering tests in affected area

- Test sequence:

- Simulation of vacuum problem to check correct valve behavior
- Systematic individual valve closure/opening
- With LHC ready to take beam: full verification of interlock logic



Dry Runs

Definition:

A **dry run** (or a **practice run**) is a testing process where the effects of a possible failure are intentionally mitigated. (wikipedia.org)

- Complementary preparation for sector tests and beam commissioning
- proven to be very efficient and useful tools in successfully qualifying the LHC for beam operation (start-up 2008, re-start 2009)
- 3 phases: **preparation** – **execution** – **follow up**
- Tight collaboration with equipment experts
- Involve complete controls chain (software debugging)

Dry Runs

- **Beam Dump:** local BIS loop + application, arming sequence, BETS simulator
- **Timing:** stress test
- **Beam Instrumentation + AC Dipole+ Tune/Aperture kicker + feedbacks:** sequencer tasks, applications, logging, concentrators
- **Injection:** timing, sequencer, MKI, applications, IQC (BI), synchronization/re-phasing
- **Hardware & Software Interlock System + Safe Machine Parameters (SMP):** sequences, flag generation SPS, forcing,...
- **Collimators + TCDQ + roman pots:** applications, settings, MPS tests, sequencer tasks, logging, roman pots (simulated energy and b^*)
- **Damper + RF + Damper pickups:** sequencer tasks, settings, MCS checks
- **Experiments:** handshakes, beam modes, injection inhibits, interlocks,...
- **Power converters:** test “prepare circuits” sequence tasks,...
- **Postmortem (PM), Beam Dump External Post-Operational Checks (XPOC)**

Details & schedule: <https://wikis.cern.ch/display/LHCOP/Dry+Runs+2014>

2 Dry Duns so far ...

Program	Comments/Issues
<p>Dry run 1 (7-8 May)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Timing 2. TI 2 upstream BI 3. All BPM concentrators 4. Experiments beam modes and handshakes 5. Experiments frequency ramp 6. LHC RF re-synchronization (with experiment clocks) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test - hypercycle (2012 optics) • Old timing system (upgrade in autumn, but no change of interface nor functionality) • Mastership couldn't be taken (prevented some tests) • TI2 upstream BI not received at IQC (dynamic destination not available) • Some issues with re-synchronisation • SPS part wasn't ready • frequency ramp without ALICE • no TI2 SETUP handshake with ALICE • no EXP data on DIP browser
<p>Dry run 2 (21-22 May)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. BIS-beam dump arming for B2 (local permit loop + two B2 BICs @ P6) 2. Revised arming sequence 3. Include arming of CIBDS (new BIS board) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only B2 tested (B1 at next occasion) • Some sequence modifications • Communication with XPOC and "Inject & Dump" not yet tested • Trigger from CIBDS not arriving on IPOC

No serious problems – very successful

Next Dry Runs

Date	Program
W24 - W29	LBDS reliability run B1 & B2, from CCC for several weeks
W25 / 18-19 th Jun	LHC re-synchronisation (Linux FECs), LHC mastership (dynamic destination in test mode), TI2 – BI with IQC (possibly also TI8), SDDS, AC dipole, tune & aperture kicker, MCS checks, SMP for beta* and energy
W29 / 16-18 th Jul	PM and XPOC
Parallel to HWC	Sequence to reset circuits, arm switches, LSA (trim, incorporation,...)
W33 / 12-14 th Aug	Collimators (+ similar devices), RF beam control, ADT settings, injection cleaning, abort gap cleaning,...
W38 / 17-19 th Sep	“old” implementation of feedbacks , BLM continuous, global permit loop + LBDS arming + XPOC, experiment interlocks & injection permits, BI sequencer tasks, ALICE frequency ramp, BQM, LHC BTVs, BRANs Start checking EVERY task in nominal sequence
W42, W44 Oct	Vacuum, BIS checks, BCTs, MKI, BLM triggered buffers, new timing system, sector test preparation (injection requests, inject & dump, set machine to injection...)
Until end of 2014	profile measurement systems (BSRT, WS), RF cavity control, ADT, new feedbacks

Conclusions

- LS1 = huge quantity of changes (LHC 2.0)
- Preparation for beam commissioning similar to start-up 2008/2009
- Sector tests as 1st major beam deadline to checkout most equipment
- General MC + DRs constitute a proven recipe to prepare the machine for beam commissioning