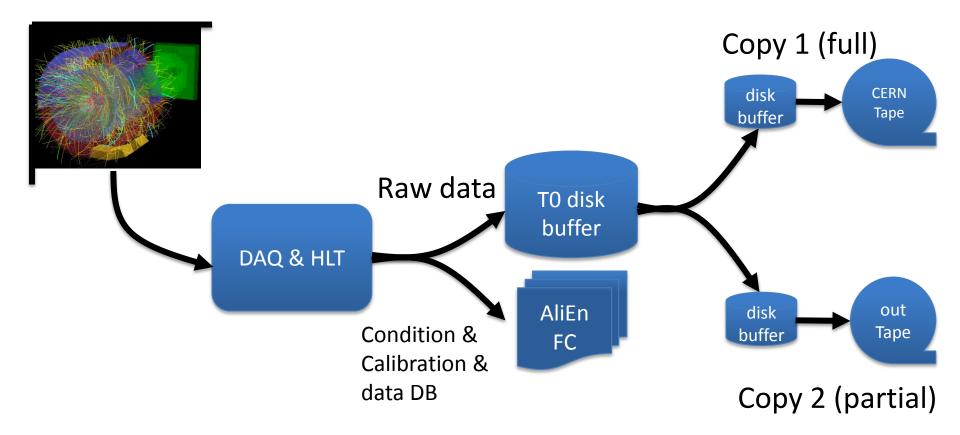


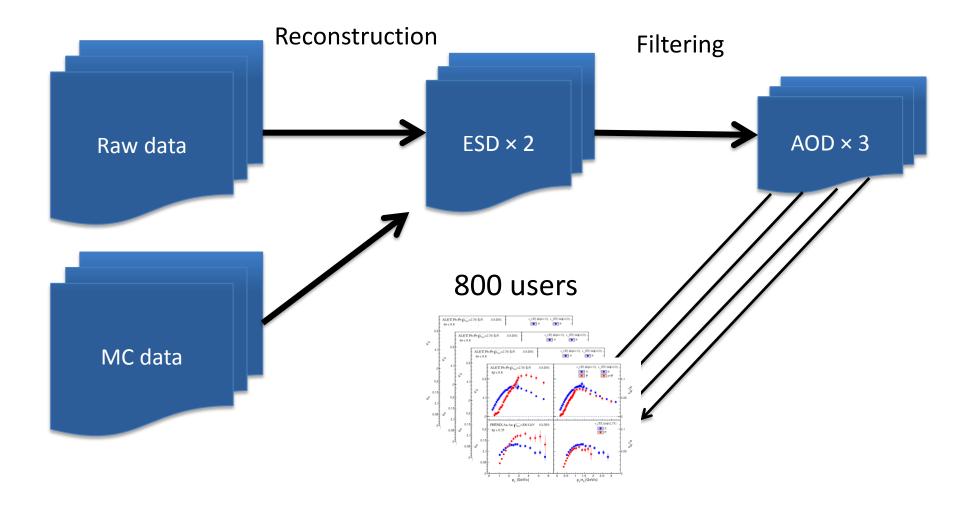
T1 at LBL/NERSC/OAK RIDGE

General principles

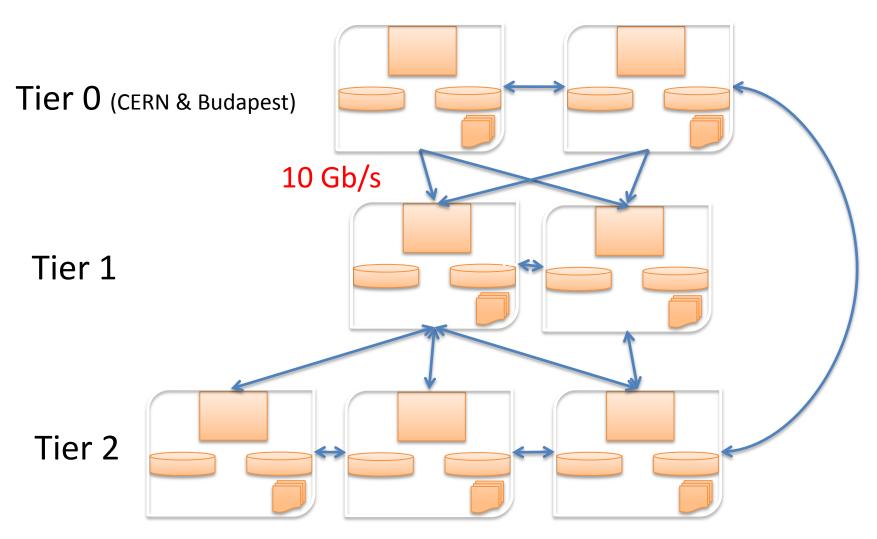
RAW data flow



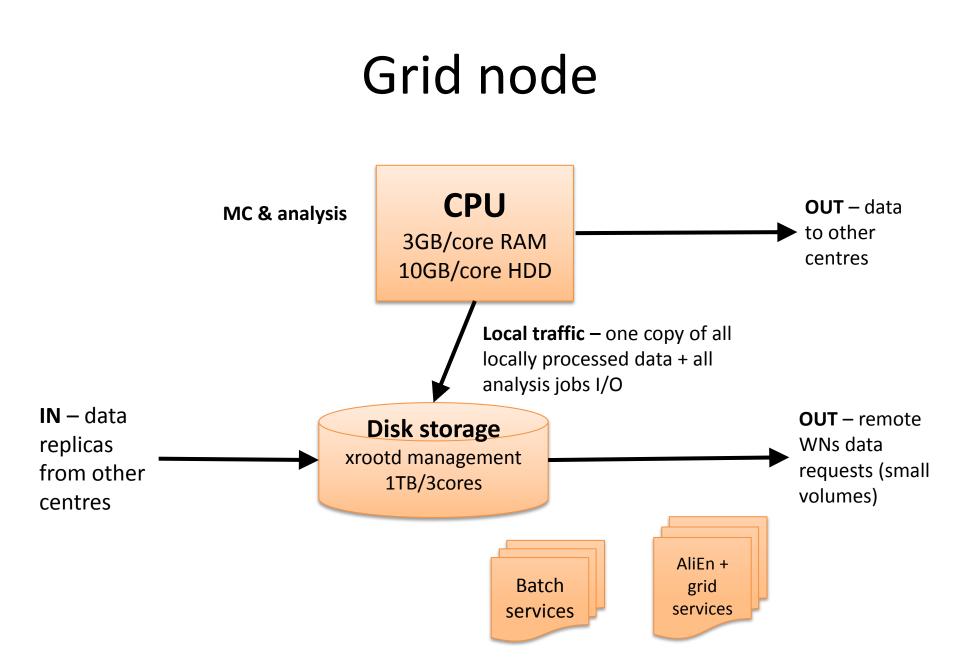
Data processing



Hirearchy



Connectivity – anyone to anyone, TO<->T1 is 10GB/sec (LHCOPN)



Processing principles

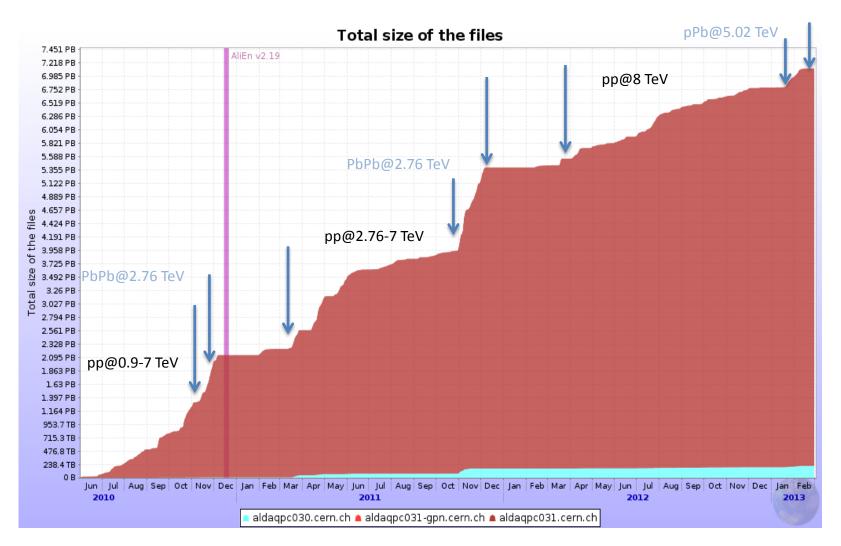
- All resources are pooled together
- Any site performs any kind of tasks (except RAW data access limited to T0 & T1s)
 - Even this is not 'a rule'
- Data placement guided by topological location of sites
 - Storage auto discovery
- Job goes to the data
- Network scales with #users and amount of data

Some numbers

ALICE has been collecting data since 2010

- 2010: pp @ 0.9 7 TeV
 Pb-Pb @ 2. 76 TeV (MB); L_{int} = 3 μb⁻¹
- 2011: pp @ 2.76 7 TeV (MB & rare)
 PbPb @ 2.76 TeV (MB & rare); L_{int} = 80 μb⁻¹
- 2012: pp @ 8 TeV (rare)
 p-Pb @ 5.02 TeV (MB & rare); L_{int} = 30 nb⁻¹

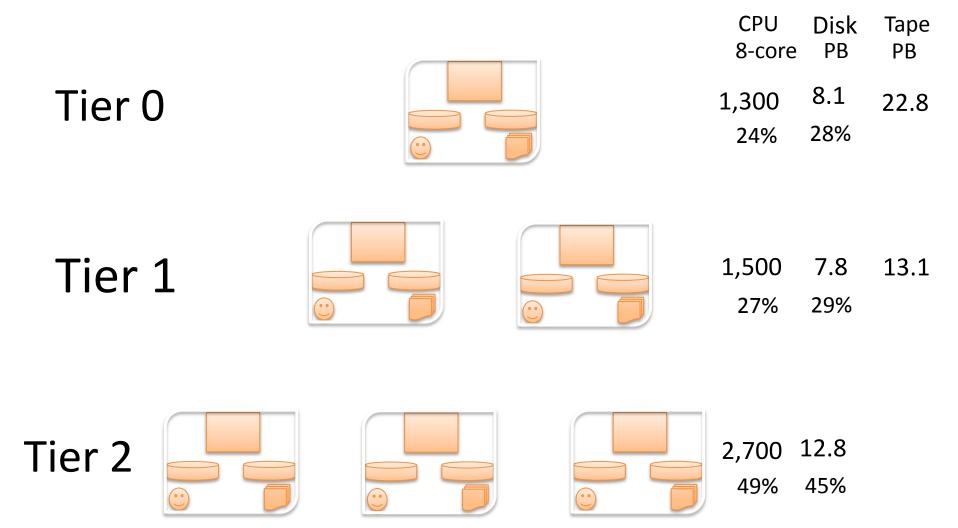
RAW Data collection



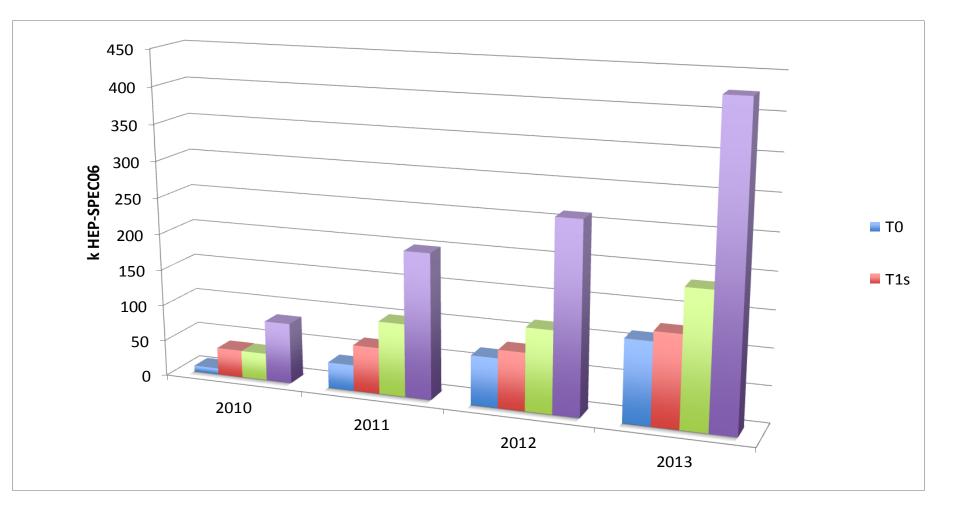
Processing needs

- ~ 10 HEP-Spec06 / core
- ~ 50 HEP-Spec06 × s / PbPb event
- ~ 1 TB / 50,000 PbPb events

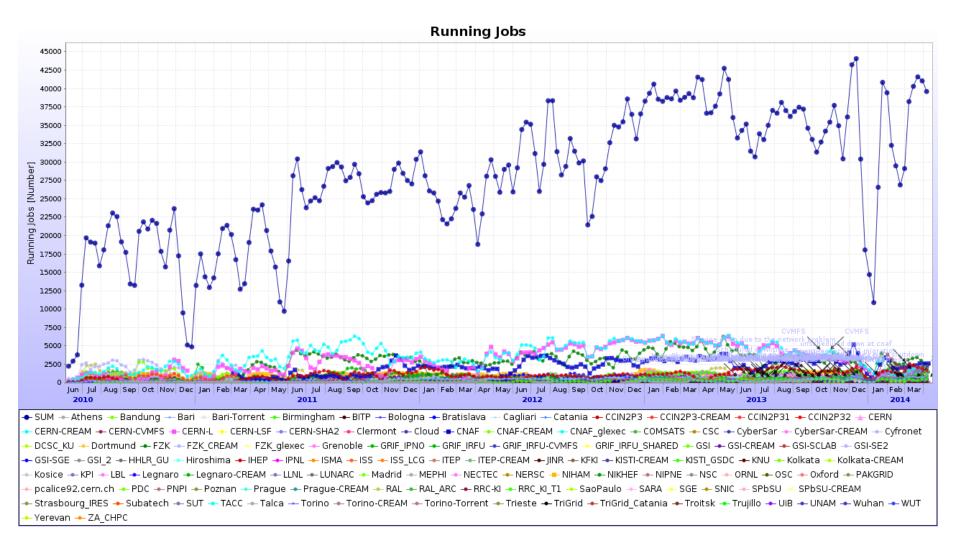
Processing capacities



Capacity evolution



Capacity evolution (2)



T1 definition

From <u>WLCG MoU</u>

- acceptance of an agreed share of raw data from the Tier0 Centre, keeping up with data acquisition;
- acceptance of an agreed share of first-pass reconstructed data from the Tier0 Centre;
- acceptance of processed and simulated data from other centres of the WLCG;
- recording and archival storage of the accepted share of raw data (distributed back-up);
- provision of managed disk storage providing permanent and temporary data storage for files and databases;
- provision of access to the stored data by other centres of the WLCG and by named AF's;
- operation of a data-intensive analysis facility;
- provision of other services according to agreed Experiment requirements;

T1 services

- Ensure high-capacity network bandwidth and services for data exchange with the Tier0 Centre, as part of an overall plan agreed amongst the Experiments, Tier1 and Tier0 Centres;
- Ensure network bandwidth and services for data exchange with Tier1 and Tier2 Centres, as part of an overall plan agreed amongst the Experiments, Tier1 and Tier2 Centres;
- Administration of databases required by Experiments at Tier1 Centres.
- All storage and computational services shall be "grid enabled" according to standards agreed between the LHC Experiments and the regional centres.

Services must be provided on a long-term basis, with excellent reliability, a high level of availability and rapid responsiveness to problems.

QoS

| Service | Maximum delay in responding to operational problems | | | Average availability² measured on an annual basis | |
|---|---|---|---|---|-----------------------|
| | Service interruption | Degradation of the capacity of the service by more than 50% | Degradation of the capacity of the service by more than 20% | During accelerator operation | At all other times |
| Acceptance of data from the Tier-0 Centre during accelerator operation | 12 hours | 12 hours | 24 hours | 99% | ŋ/a |
| Networking service to the Tier-0 Centre during accelerator operation | 12 hours | 24 hours | 48 hours | 98% | ŋ/a |
| Data-intensive analysis services, including networking to Tier-0, Tier-1 Centres outwith accelerator operation | 24 hours | 48 hours | 48 hours | n/a | 98% |
| All other services ³ – prime service hours ⁶ | 2 hour | 2 hour | 4 hours | 98% | 98% |
| All other services ³ – outwith prime service hours ⁶ | 24 hours | 48 hours | 48 hours | 97% | 97% |

Approval process (KISTI T1)

- Preparation/running of CPU, disk storage, local networking – existing
 - Setting up tape copy through xrootd – 3 months
 - RAW data replication/reconstruction tests – 2 months

Summary

- Being T1 is the only reasonable choice for a large computing centre
- Most of the components are already in place, additional elements add expertise
 - Important for the progress of the centre itself
 - Can be a source of substantial R&D programme
- The 'prestige' factor should not be ignored – there are 150+ T2 and only 8 T1s