

Survey of (and update on) the Higgs singlet extension

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based on

G.M. Pruna, TR (PRD 88 (2013) 115012)

D. Lopez-Val, TR, arXiv:1406.1043

TR, T. Stefaniak, work in progress

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Higgs Singlet extension (aka The Higgs portal)

The model

- Singlet extension:
 - **simplest extension of the SM Higgs sector**
- add an **additional real scalar**, singlet under SM gauge groups (many people worked on this, standard Ref: Schabinger, Wells, '05)
- here: no hidden sector interactions
- **Singlet acquires VeV** x
- physical states related via **mixing angle** $\sin \alpha$ ($m_h < m_H$):

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{h} \\ \mathbf{H} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{h} \\ h' \end{pmatrix},$$

- 5 parameters

$$m_h, m_H, \sin \alpha, \mathbf{v}, \tan \beta = \frac{\mathbf{v}}{\mathbf{x}}$$

- **2 fixed, 3 free**, $(m_h || m_H) = 125.7 \text{ GeV}$

Potential

$$V = -m^2 \mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H} - \mu^2 \chi^2 + \lambda_1 (\mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H})^2 + \lambda_2 \chi^4 + \lambda_3 \mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H} \chi^2,$$

Phenomenology (in the following: focus on $m_h \sim 126$ GeV)

- SM-like couplings of **light/ heavy** Higgs:
rescaled by $\sin \alpha, \cos \alpha$
- in addition: **new physics channel:** $H \rightarrow hh$

$$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}(H) = \sin^2 \alpha \Gamma_{\text{SM}}(H) + \Gamma_{H \rightarrow hh},$$

- **SM like decays** parametrized by

$$\kappa \equiv \frac{\sigma_{\text{BSM}} \times \text{BR}_{\text{BSM}}}{\sigma_{\text{SM}} \times \text{BR}_{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\sin^4 \alpha \Gamma_{\text{tot,SM}}}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}}$$

- **new physics channel** parametrized by

$$\kappa' \equiv \frac{\sigma_{\text{BSM}} \times \text{BR}_{H \rightarrow hh}}{\sigma_{\text{SM}}} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha \Gamma_{H \rightarrow hh}}{\Gamma_{\text{tot}}}$$

Theoretical and experimental constraints on the model

our studies: $m_{h,H} = 125.7 \text{ GeV}$, $0 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{H,h} \leq 1 \text{ TeV}$

we considered

- ① limits from **perturbative unitarity**
- ② **perturbativity** of the couplings (up to certain scales*)
- ③ **vacuum stability and minimum condition** (up to certain scales*)
- ④ **corrections to m_W at NLO \implies !! NEW !! \longleftarrow**
- ⑤ **collider limits** using HiggsBounds
- ⑥ measurement of **light Higgs signal rates** using HiggsSignals

(*): only for $m_h = 125.7 \text{ GeV}$

Results

- strongest constraints:**

$m_H \gtrsim 800 \text{ GeV}$: **perturbativity of couplings**

$m_H \in [200; 800] \text{ GeV}$: **m_W @ NLO**

$m_H \in [130; 200] \text{ GeV}$: **experimental searches**

$m_h \lesssim 120 \text{ GeV}$: **SM-like Higgs coupling rates (+ LEP)**

$\Rightarrow \kappa \leq 0.25$ for all masses considered here

$$\Gamma_{\text{tot}} \lesssim 0.02 m_H$$

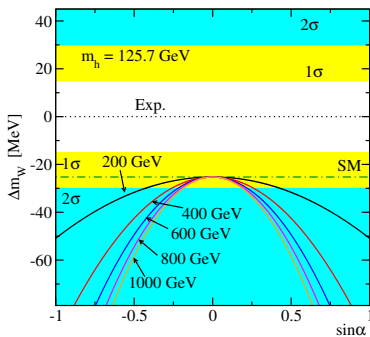
\Rightarrow **Highly (??) suppressed, narrow(er) heavy scalars** \Leftarrow

\Rightarrow **new (easier ?) strategies needed wrt searches for SM-like Higgs bosons in this mass range** \Leftarrow

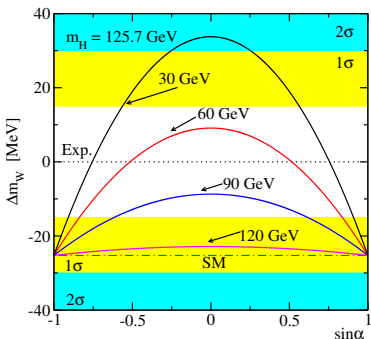
\Rightarrow **(partially) already correctly treated in experimental searches (variation of Γ by hand...)** \Leftarrow

NLO corrections to m_W (D. Lopez-Val, TR, arXiv:1406.1043)

Contribution to m_W for different Higgs masses



$m_h = 125.7$ GeV

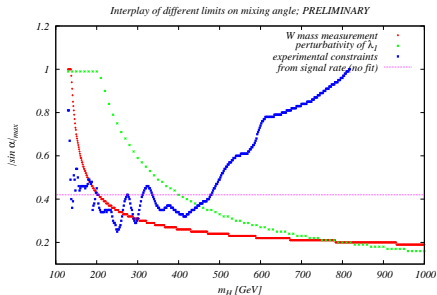


$m_H = 125.7$ GeV

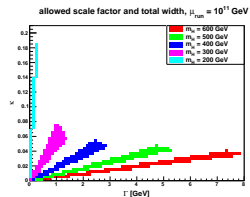
\Rightarrow low m_h bring m_W^{NLO} close to m_W^{exp} \Leftarrow

Combined limits on $|\sin \alpha|$!! PRELIMINARY !!

(D. Lopez-Val, TR, arXiv:1406.1043, and TR, T. Stefaniak, to appear)



several bounds on $|\sin \alpha|$



limits on κ , Γ plane from all constraints

Results from generic scans and predictions for LHC 14

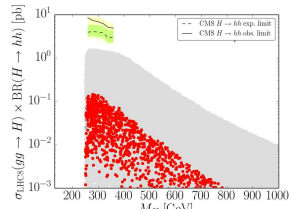
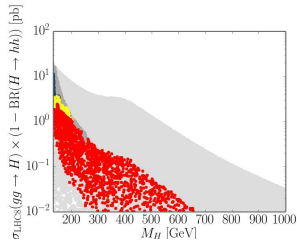
(TR, T. Stefaniak, in preparation)

1 σ , 2 σ , allowed

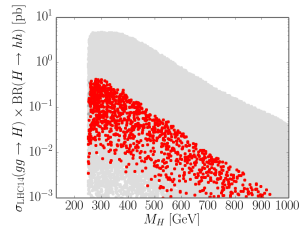
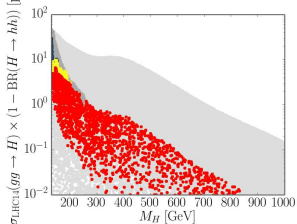
SM like decays

BSM decay to hh

limits



pred.



Summary

- Singlet extension: **simplest extension of the SM Higgs sector** (cf. also YR3, Snowmass report)
- constraints on parameter space: **m_W , experiment, signal strength of light Higgs, perturbativity of the couplings**
- **quite narrow widths wrt SM-like Higgses**
- did **not** talk about $m_h \leq 120 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow$ quite interesting results

\Rightarrow Happy to contribute to WG activities \Leftarrow

\Rightarrow STAY TUNED \Leftarrow

Appendix

Higgs Singlet extension (aka The Higgs portal)

The model

- Singlet extension:
simplest extension of the SM Higgs sector

- add an **additional scalar**, singlet under SM gauge groups
(further reduction of terms: impose additional symmetries)

⇒ potential (H doublet, χ real singlet)

$$\mathbf{V} = -\mathbf{m}^2 \mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H} - \mu^2 \chi^2 + \lambda_1 (\mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H})^2 + \lambda_2 \chi^4 + \lambda_3 \mathbf{H}^\dagger \mathbf{H} \chi^2,$$

- **collider phenomenology studied by many authors:** Schabinger, Wells; Patt, Wilzcek; Barger ea; Bhattacharyya ea; Bock ea; Fox ea; Englert ea; Batell ea; Bertolini/ McCullough; ...
- our approach: **minimal:** no hidden sector interactions
- equally: **Singlet acquires Vev**

Singlet extension: free parameters in the potential

$$\text{VeVs: } H \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{\tilde{h}+v}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \chi \equiv \frac{h'+x}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

- potential: 5 free parameters: 3 couplings, 2 VeVs

$$\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, v, x$$

- rewrite as

$$\mathbf{m}_h, \mathbf{m}_H, \sin \alpha, v, \tan \beta$$

- fixed, free

$$\sin \alpha: \text{ mixing angle, } \tan \beta = \frac{v}{x}$$

- physical states ($m_h < m_H$):

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{h} \\ \mathbf{H} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{h} \\ h' \end{pmatrix},$$

Comments on constraints (1) - Perturbativity issues

Perturbative unitarity:

- tests combined system of all (relevant) $2 \rightarrow 2$ scattering amplitudes for $s \rightarrow \infty$
- makes sure that the largest eigenvalue for the "0"-mode partial wave of the diagonalized system ≤ 0.5
- "crude" check that unitarity is not violated
(in the end: all "beaten" by perturbativity of running couplings)

Perturbativity of couplings

- make sure that no coupling $\geq 4\pi$ ("typical" loop prefactor^{-0.5})
- at ew scale: perturbative unitarity stronger

Comments on constraints (2) - running couplings and vacuum

Vacuum stability and perturbativity of couplings at arbitrary scales

- clear: vacuum should be stable for large scales
 - unclear: do we need ew-like breaking everywhere ?
perturbativity ?
- ⇒ check at relative low scale (cf next slide)
- ⇒ bottom line: small mixings excluded from stability for larger scales (for $m_H \leq 1 \text{ TeV}$!! for the model-builders...)
- arbitrary large m_H can cure this !! cf Lebedev; Elias-Miro ea.
Out of collider range though ($\sim 10^8 \text{ GeV}$)
(...like SUSY, this model can never be excluded...)
 - perturbativity of couplings severely restricts parameter space, even for low scales

RGE running in more detail

Question: at which scale did we require perturbativity ?

Answer: "just above" the SM breakdown

(other answers equally valid...)

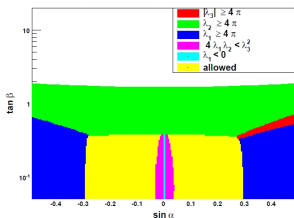
- RGEs for this model **well-known** (cf eg Schabinger, Wells)
- **decoupling** ($\lambda_3 = 0$): **recover SM** case
- in our setup: $\mu_{\text{SM,break}} \sim 6.3 \times 10^{10} \text{ GeV}$
(remark: just simple NLO running)
- **we took:** $\mu_R \sim 1.2 \times 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$
(higher scales \iff stronger constraints)

- **obvious: for $m_H = 125.7 \text{ GeV}$, breakdown "immediate"**
when going to $\mu_{\text{run}} > v$

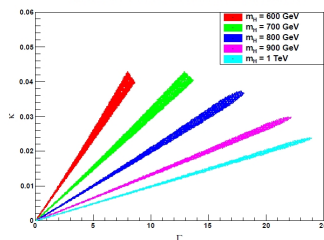
\Rightarrow disregard constraints from running in this case

Limits for $m_H \geq 600$ GeV

Effects of perturbativity and vacuum stability, t=37

Limits in $\sin \alpha$, $\tan \beta$ plane, $m_H = 600$ GeV including all bounds

allowed scale factor and total width, t=37

limits on κ , Γ plane from all constraintsfor $\sin \alpha \leq 0.23$: only λ_2 **running important**(sideremark: here, 1σ constraint on mixing from μ ; relaxed and improved in newer work, just as an example here)

Could we have seen them ?? **YES !!**

(at least they could have been produced...)

all numbers below: $\sqrt{s_{\text{hadr}}} = 7\text{TeV}$, $\int \mathcal{L} = 25\text{fb}^{-1}$

m_H [GeV]	κ_{max}	# $gg \sim$	#VBF \sim
600	0.04	330	60
700	0.04	130	40
800	0.04	60	20
900	0.03	20	12
1000	0.025	8	7

maximal number of events from production \times decay to SM-like final states (running conditions at low scale)

(cross sections from "Handbook of LHC Higgs Cross sections I", Dittmaier ea)

for specific final state, multiply with SM-like BR (LO approx)

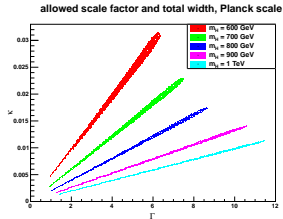
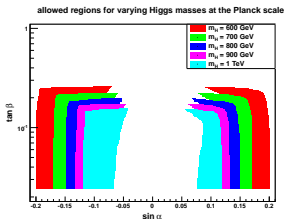
\Rightarrow Model awaits discovery !! (optimist) \Leftarrow

(or at least limits...) (pessimist)

(cf. e.g. CMS-PAS-HIG-13-008, CMS-PAS-HIG-13-014, ...)

Limits at Planck scale

assume that the model is valid up to $\mu_{\text{run}} \sim 10^{19}$ GeV
(not always well motivated)

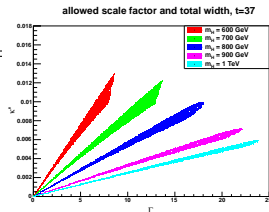


- naturally: **parameter space more restricted**
- translates to $\kappa \lesssim 0.03$ for $m_H = 600$ GeV (25% decrease)
- now: μ no longer relevant, only constraint from perturbativity of λ_1, λ_2

What about $H \rightarrow hh$??

all numbers below: $\sqrt{S_{\text{hadr}}} = 7\text{TeV}$, $\int \mathcal{L} = 25\text{fb}^{-1}$,

m_H [GeV]	κ'_{max}	# $gg \sim$	#VBF \sim
600	0.013	110	20
700	0.012	40	11
800	0.010	14	6
900	0.007	4	3
1000	0.005	2	1



maximal number of events from $H \rightarrow hh$ ($\kappa' = \frac{\sigma_{hh}^{\text{BSM}}}{\sigma_{H,\text{prod}}}$)

(cross sections from "Handbook of LHC Higgs Cross sections I", Dittmaier ea)

for specific final state, multiply with SM-like BR for m_h

"naively": many b-jets with $m_{bb} \sim 125\text{ GeV}$, or $bb\gamma\gamma$, or...

(e.g. Cooper ea.: $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ final state @ 8 TeV)

What about the “inverse” scenario, ie. $m_H = 125.7 \text{ GeV}$

mainly ruled out by LEP and/ or χ^2 fit from HiggsSignals

$m_H [\text{GeV}]$	$ \sin \alpha _{\text{min, exp}}$	$ \sin \alpha _{\text{min, } 2\sigma}$	$(\tan \beta)_{\text{max}}$
110	0.82	0.89	9.2
100	0.86	--	10.1
90	0.91	--	11.2
80	0.98	--	12.6
70	0.99	--	14.4
60	0.98	$\gtrsim 0.99$	16.8
50	0.99	$\gtrsim 0.99$	20.2
40	0.99	$\gtrsim 0.99$	25.2

Table: Limits on $\sin \alpha$ and $\tan \beta$ in the low mass scenario. Upper limit on $\tan \beta$ from perturbative unitarity. (-- means no additional constraint)

(side remark: for $m_h \gtrsim 60 \text{ GeV}$, $\tan \beta$ irrelevant for collider observables)

Higher order corrections in the Singlet extension (1) - QCD

Question: What are the changes in higher order corrections wrt the current (SM-like) description ??

Motivation: SM-like searches impossible w/o higher orders
⇒ can this be **transferred to BSM ??**

- remember: every SM-like coupling is **rescaled by $\sin \alpha$**
- ⇒ every (α_s, y_i, \dots) with heavy Higgs ⇒ $(\alpha_s, y_i, \dots) \times \sin^2 \alpha$
- ⇒ **naive approach:**
higher order (differential/ non-differential) **K-factors remain the same**, only tree level production/ decay needs rescaling
- ⇒ would lead to same scaling with κ, \dots as tree level, with (differential) higher order K-factors as in SM

Higher order corrections in the Singlet extension (2b) - EW

Some comments re full NLO treatment...

- SM-sector: contributions from new heavy Higgs to finite part of gauge Boson propagators
- ⇒ influences renormalization of m_W , m_Z
- other (possibly important) effects: **one-loop contribution to**

$$H \rightarrow t \bar{t}$$

- ⇒ could lead to modifications in $t \bar{t}$ production
(remember: production suppressed by $\sin^2 \alpha$,
 $\sigma \lesssim 0.(0)1 \text{ pb}$ for (7) 14 TeV)

Higher order corrections in the Singlet extension (2d) - EW

- $H \rightarrow t \bar{t}$: corrections could be sizeable
- along similar lines: loop contributions to

$$H \rightarrow WW$$

from $H h h$ coupling (for **production in VBF** and **decay**)

⇒ probably not as important as decay to tops, but still large(ish)

- also: $H \rightarrow g g, \dots$
- **probably/ maybe all subdominant** wrt "standard" (QCD) NLO effects...

Coupling and mass relations

$$m_h^2 = \lambda_1 v^2 + \lambda_2 x^2 - \sqrt{(\lambda_1 v^2 - \lambda_2 x^2)^2 + (\lambda_3 x v)^2}, \quad (1)$$

$$m_H^2 = \lambda_1 v^2 + \lambda_2 x^2 + \sqrt{(\lambda_1 v^2 - \lambda_2 x^2)^2 + (\lambda_3 x v)^2}, \quad (2)$$

$$\sin 2\alpha = \frac{\lambda_3 x v}{\sqrt{(\lambda_1 v^2 - \lambda_2 x^2)^2 + (\lambda_3 x v)^2}}, \quad (3)$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \frac{\lambda_2 x^2 - \lambda_1 v^2}{\sqrt{(\lambda_1 v^2 - \lambda_2 x^2)^2 + (\lambda_3 x v)^2}}. \quad (4)$$

Tools which can do it ?? (incomplete list)

("it" = LO, NLO, ...)

- LO: **any tool talking to FeynRules** (in principle)/ **LanHep** (in practice)
- implemented and run: **CompHep** (M. Pruna), **Sherpa** (\pm) (would need some modification, T. Figy), privately modified codes (??)
- NLO: (mb) a modified version of **aMC@NLO** (R. Frederix) ?? (production only; might be important for VBF)
- new tool in the MadGraph environment (Artoisenet ea, 06/13): QCD-part of NLO
- complete higher orders: would need to be implemented in respective tools (I am not aware of any at the moment)