

# Technical studies for the HIE- ISOLDE Frontend upgrade

Jacobo Montaña

Marie Curie Fellow; CATHI Project

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# Outline

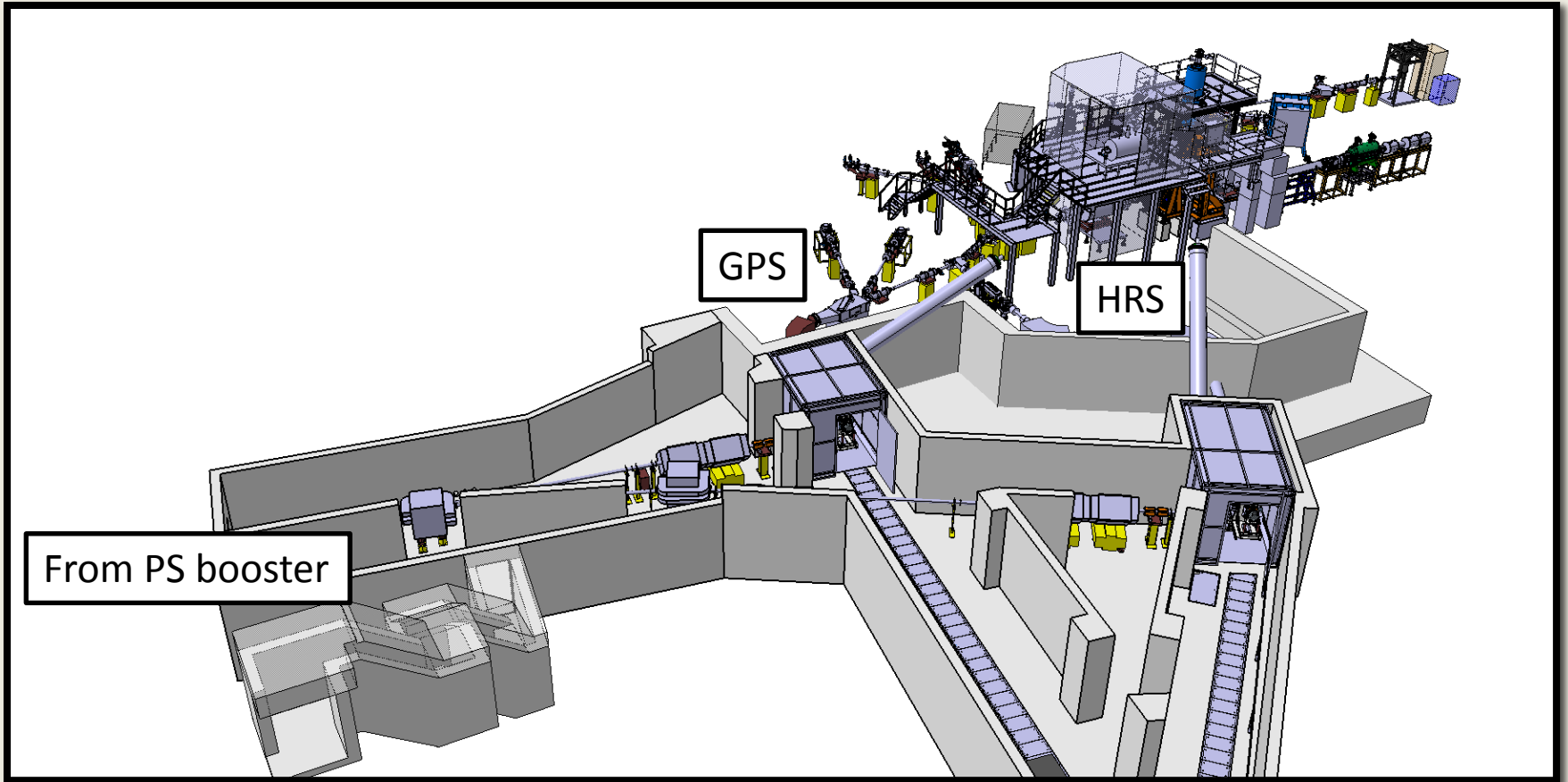
- **ISOLDE Target Area**
- **ISOLDE Frontend**
  - Current extraction system
  - Extraction optics
  - ISOLDE off-line labs
- **Two stage extraction**
  - Prototype
  - Thermal measurements
  - Ionized air conductivity measurements
  - Extraction efficiency measurements



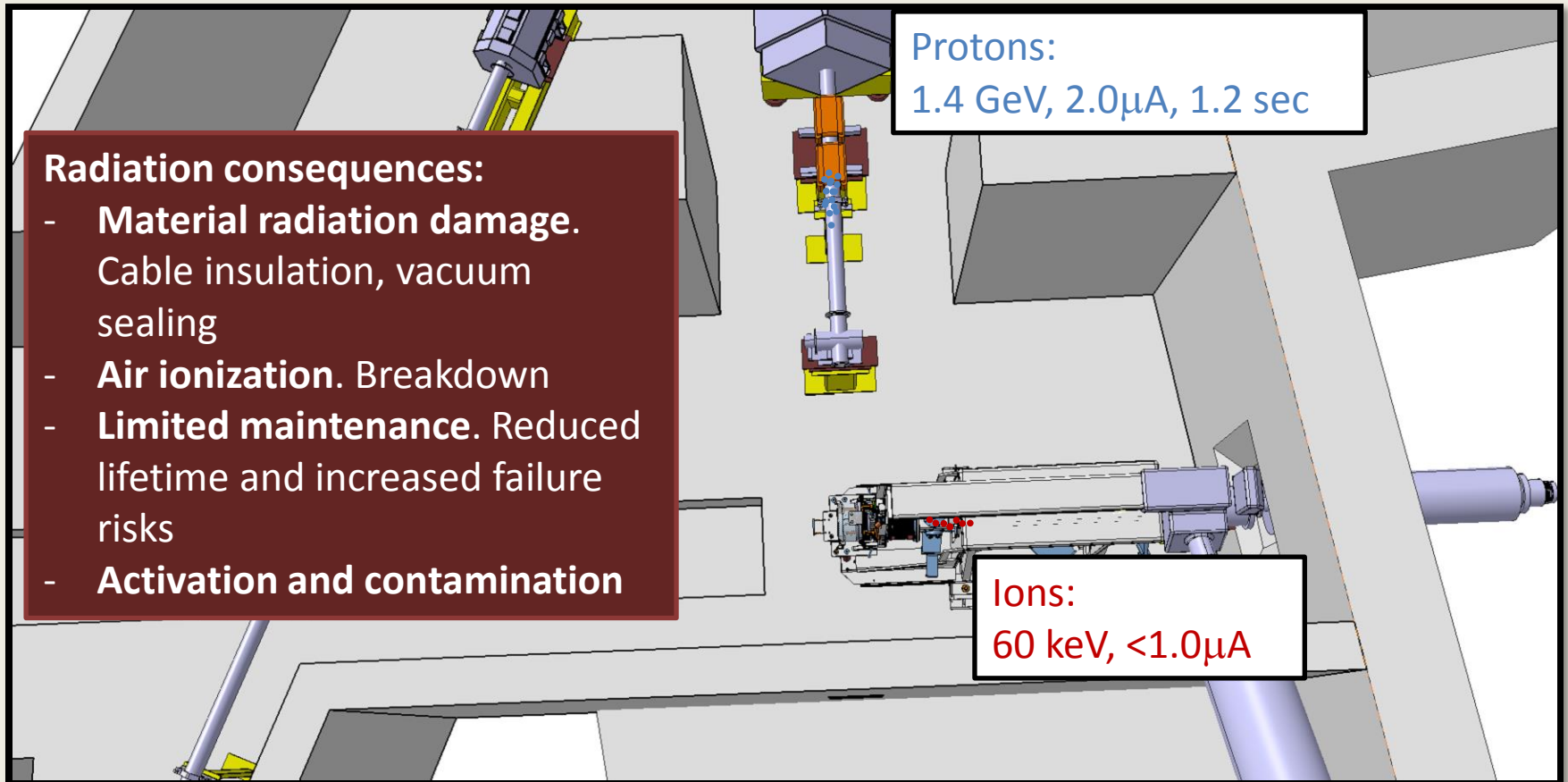
# ISOLDE target area and frontend

- Target area
- ISOLDE Frontend
- Current beam extraction system

# Target Areas and Mass Separators



# Target Areas, Frontend (GPS)

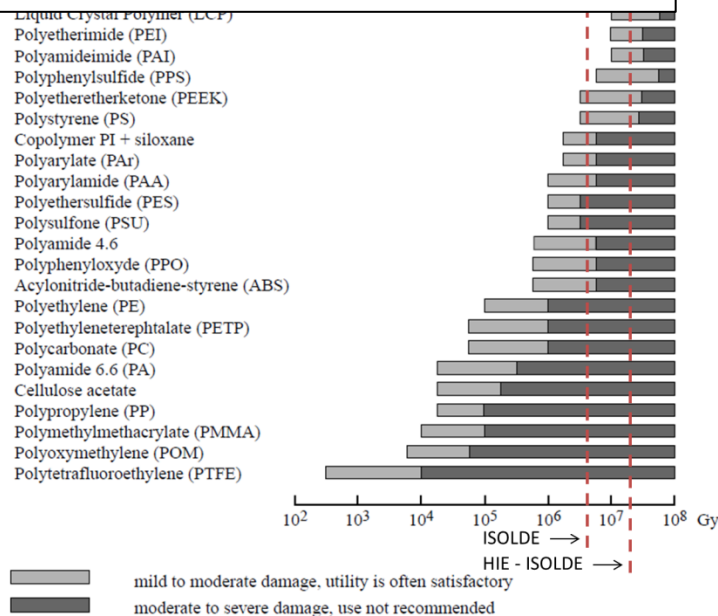


# Requirements for HIE-ISOLDE

HIE-ISOLDE will bring an important increment in the radiation levels at the target area

Dose @0.5m from target:  
6.3 MGy → **31.5 MGy**

H. Schönbacher, A. Stolarz - Iycka. CERN Report: COMPILATION OF RADIATION DAMAGE TEST DATA. PART I: Cable insulating materials.

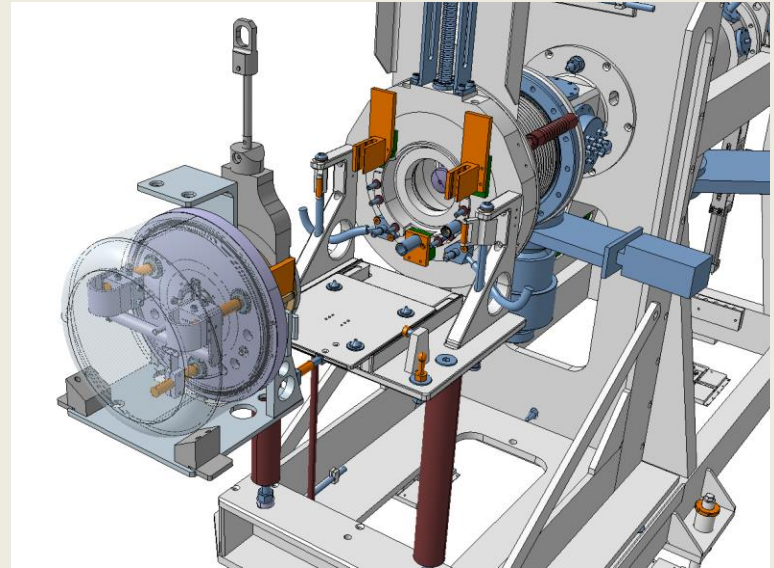


Only few polymers present a radiation hardness high enough to resist the HIE-ISOLDE expected doses

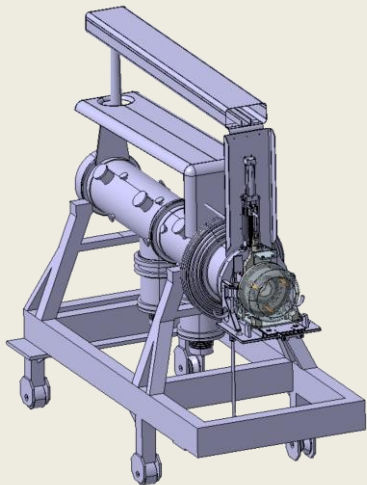
These materials are often essentials for vacuum seals as well as for thermal and electrical insulations

# ISOLDE-Frontend

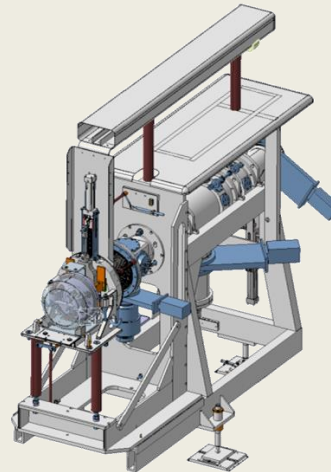
- For ISOLDE, the frontend is the machine that hosts the target unit and delivers the radioactive ion beams (RIB) to the mass separators
- ISOLDE uses two frontends ON-LINE for production



**Frontends (1,2),3,4**

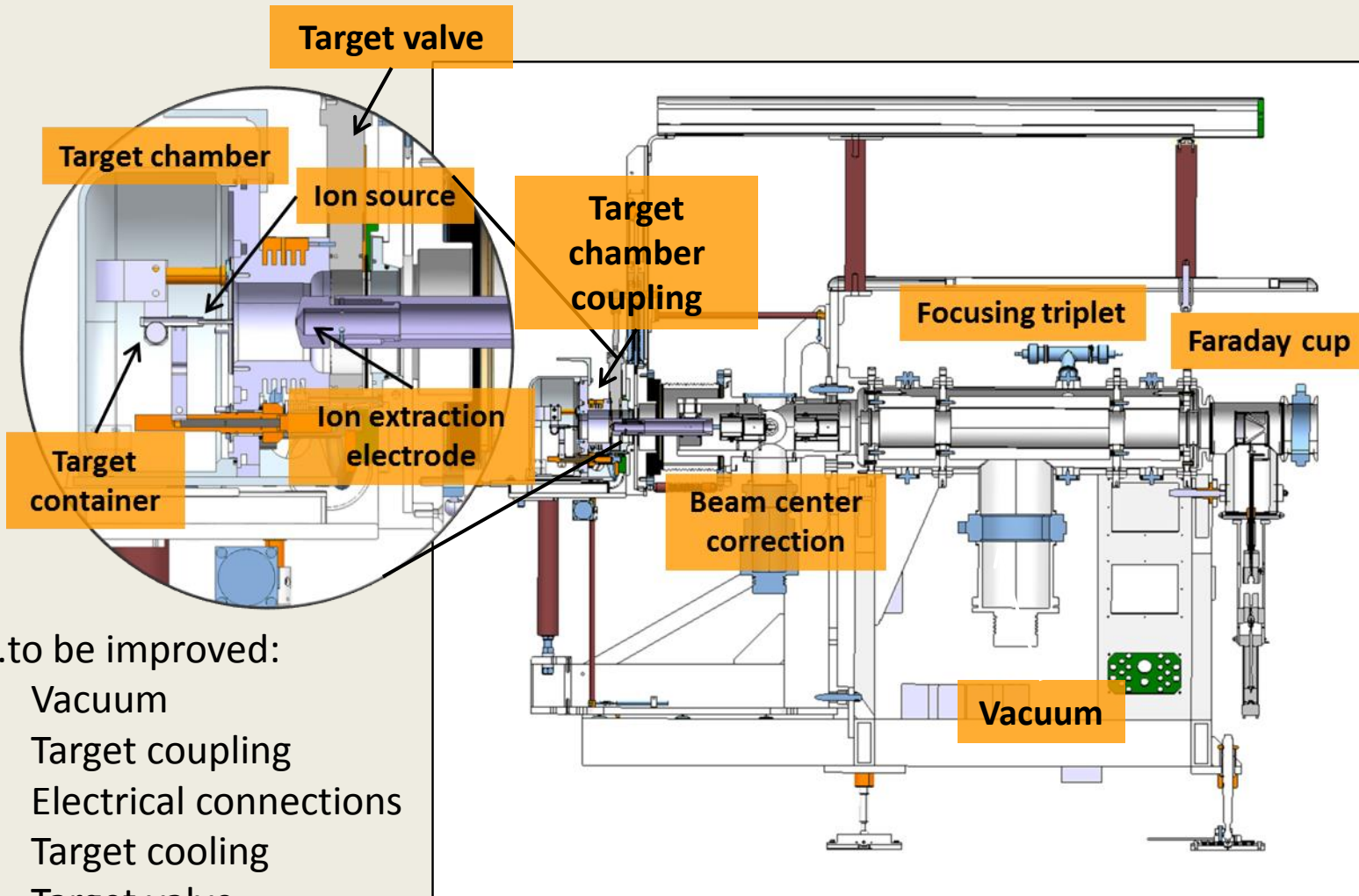


**Frontends (5),6,7,8,9**



**Time for an upgrade!**

# ISOLDE-Frontend



...to be improved:

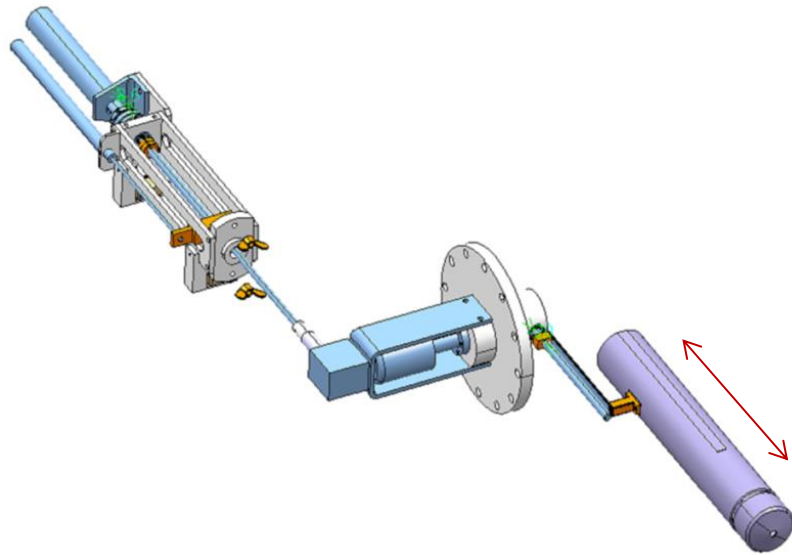
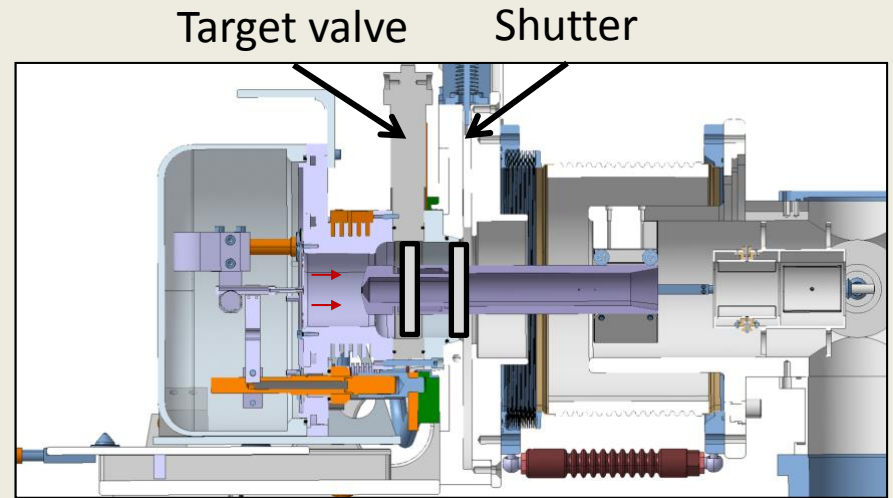
- Vacuum
- Target coupling
- Electrical connections
- Target cooling
- Target valve
- Ion extraction system



# ISOLDE-Frontend

## Ion Extraction System

- **Target valve** are closed during no operation
- On the long term **electrode tip**, neutral material condense

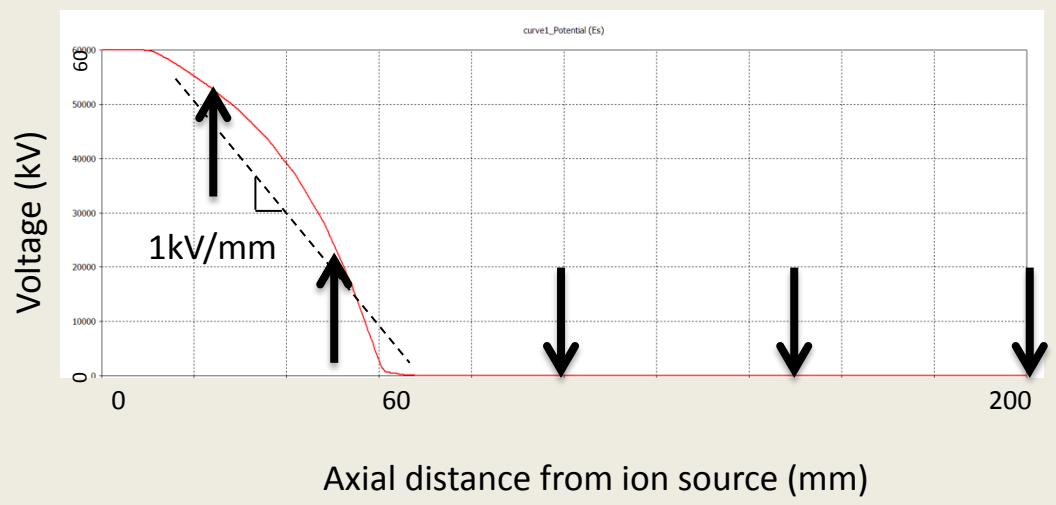
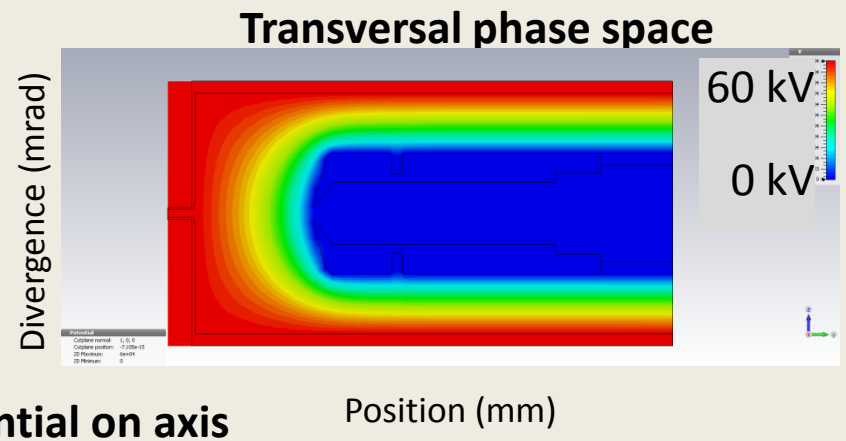
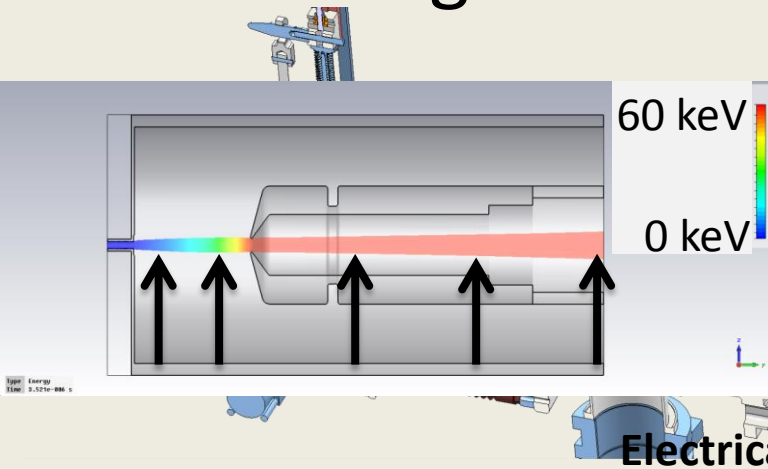


- A **mechanism** for electrode positioning
- **Mechanical failure risk** (possible to happen with a major impact)
- **No fast valve closing is possible** in case of emergency

# ISOLDE-Frontend

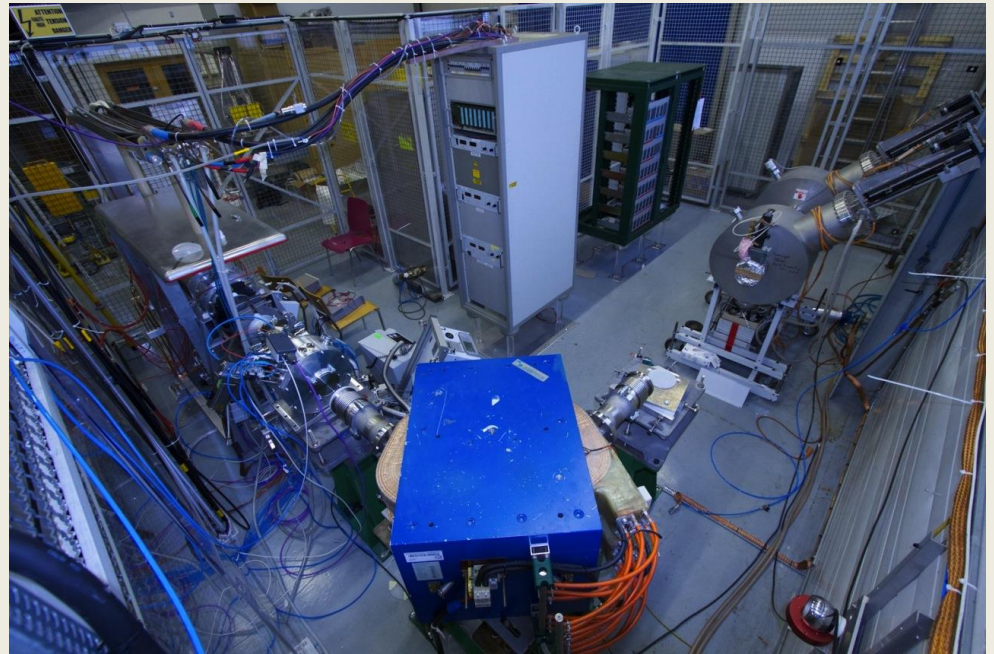
## Extraction optics

For a single electrode:



# ISOLDE off-line Labs

- Extraction tests with different sources
- Mass spectrometer
- Faraday cup, beam monitor and emittance meter
- ISOLDE interlock system
- Test bench for prototypes (two stage extraction, coupling system, RFQCB...)



Courtesy of M. Augustin

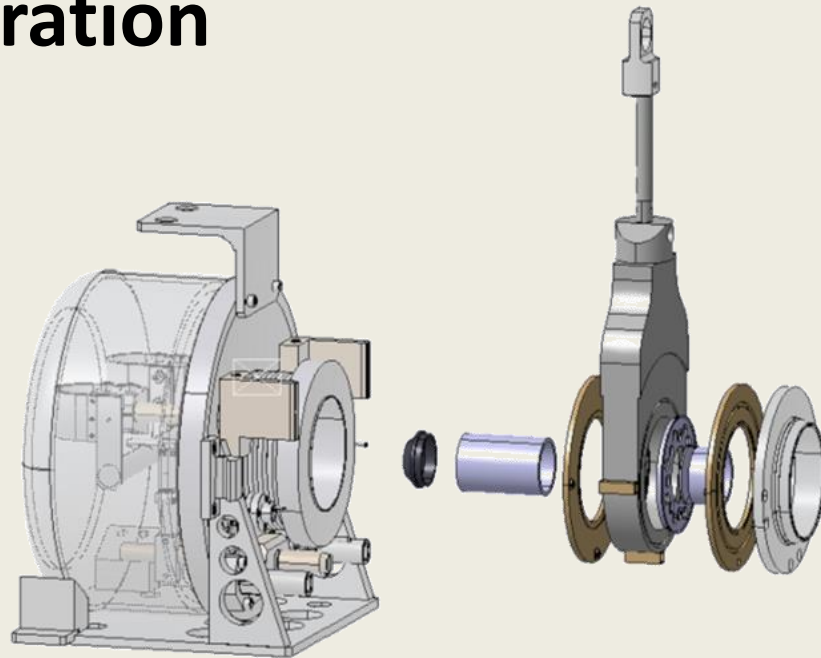
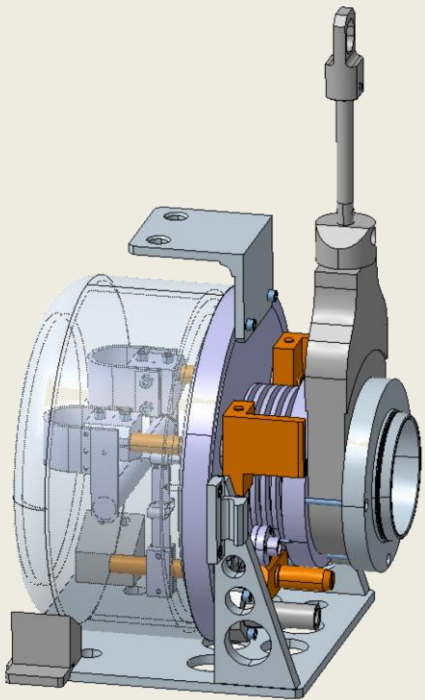


# Two stage extraction

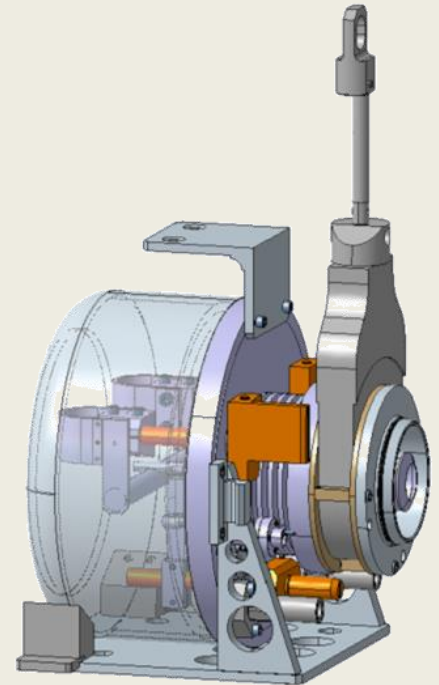
- Prototype
- Thermal characterization
- Beam optics characterization
- Ionized air conductivity

# Two Stage Extraction

A prototype has been designed, constructed and assembled. The main idea: **Electrode – valve integration**



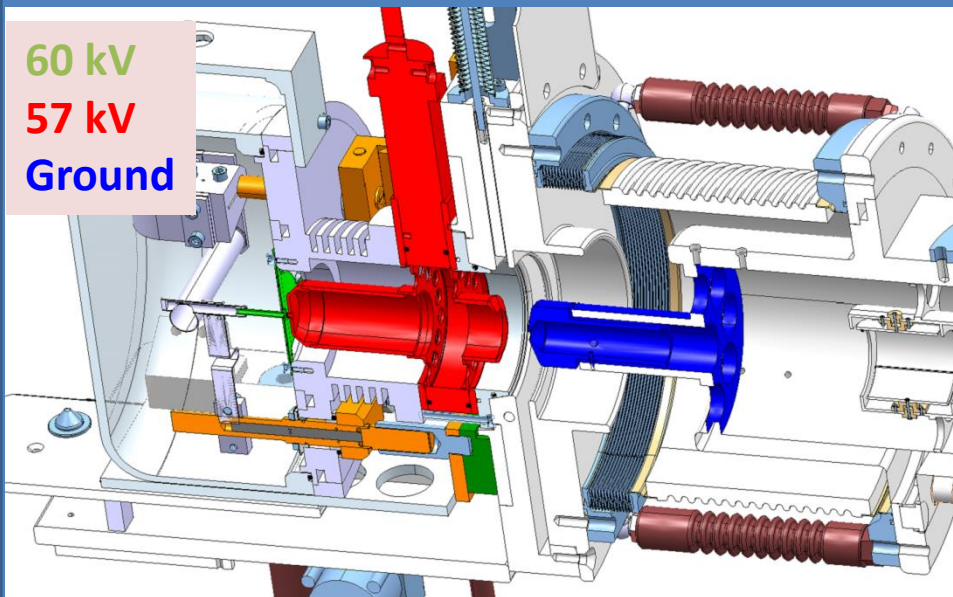
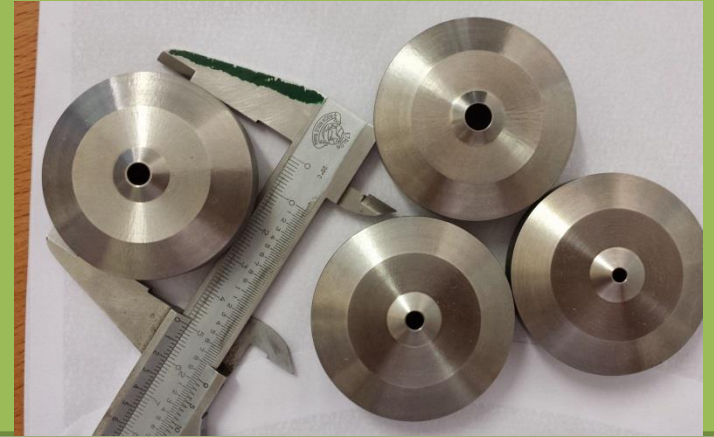
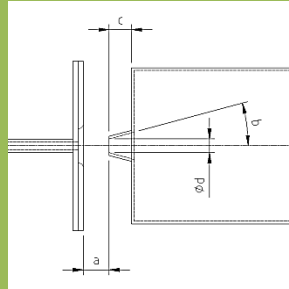
**Isolated valve with  
integrated electrode**



# Two stage extraction

Few geometrical parameters are studied in order to find an optimum electrode design:

- Aperture
- Acceleration gap
- Tip shape



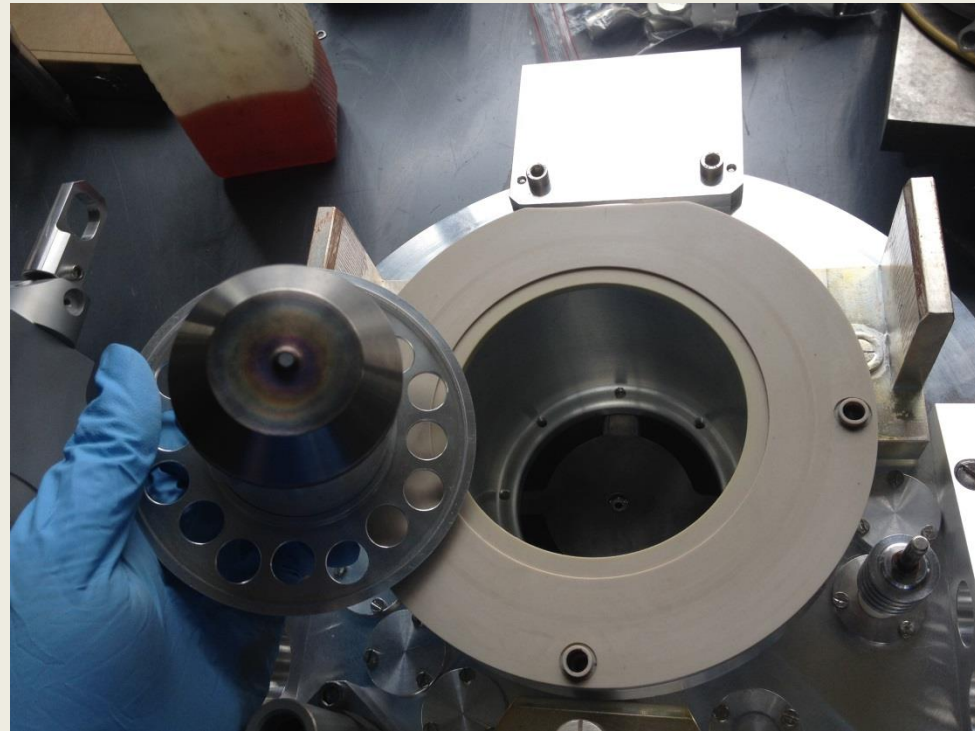
For determining the optimum intermediate electrode configuration:

- Thermal tests and simulations with ion source @2000°C
- HV insulation tests up to 5kV with respect the ion source
- Extraction efficiency measurements
- Ionized air conductivity measurements
- Acceleration gap pressure measurements

# Two stage extraction

## Thermal characterization

- Electrical insulation implies also thermal insulation from cooling
- Intermediate voltage means closer gaps
- Electrons can be emitted at high temperature from the electrode...

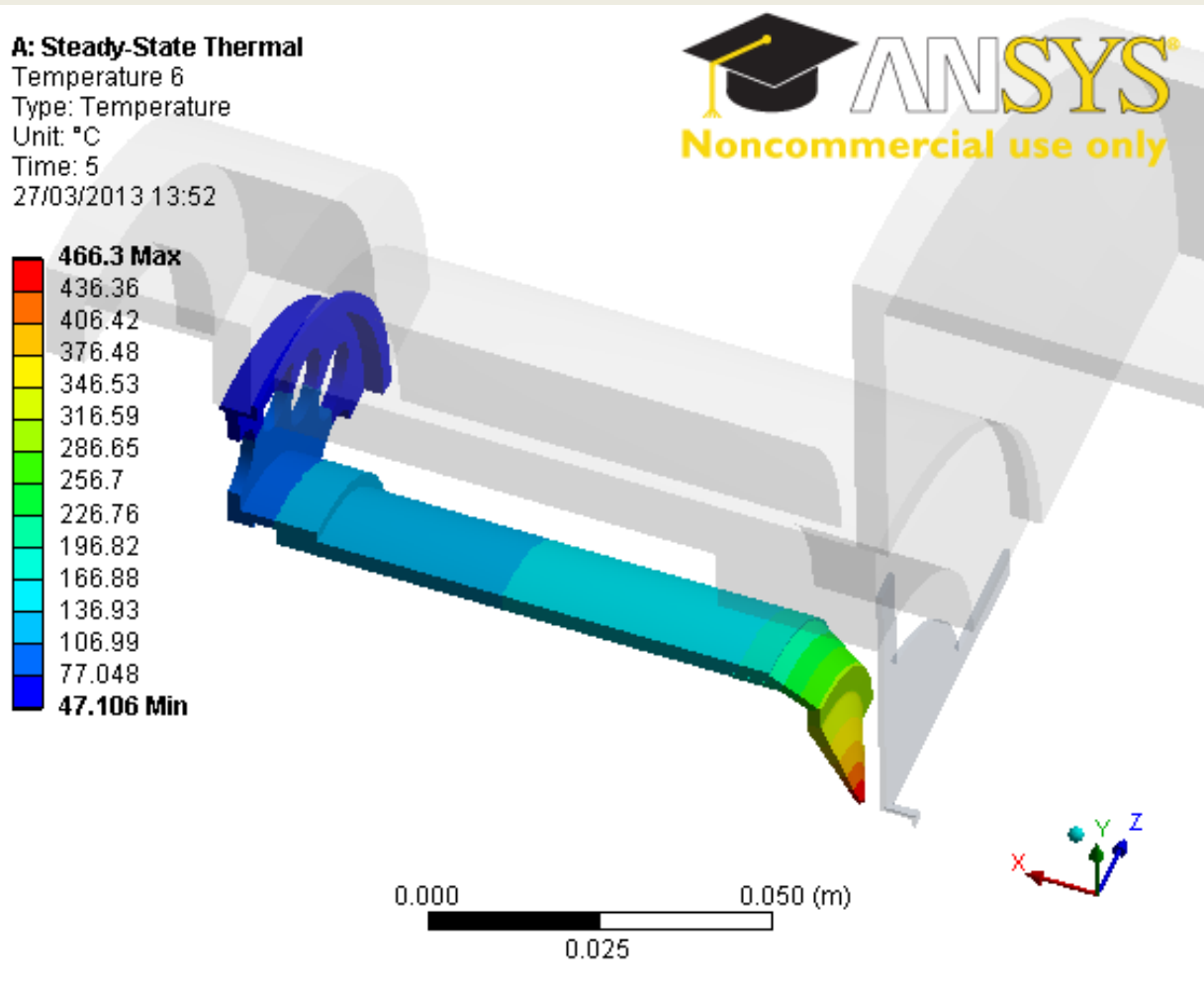


**A THERMAL CHARACTERIZATION IS REQUIRED**

# Two stage extraction

## Thermal characterization

### Thermal simulations



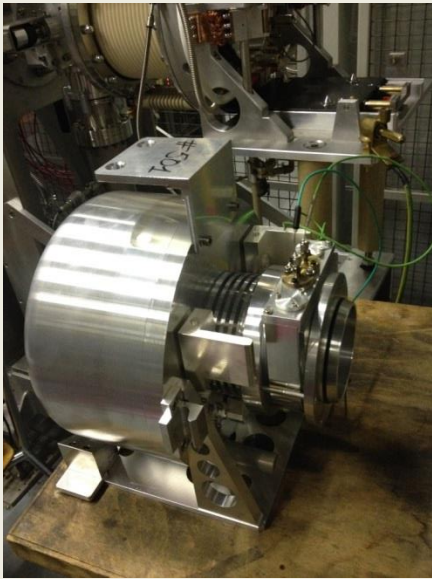
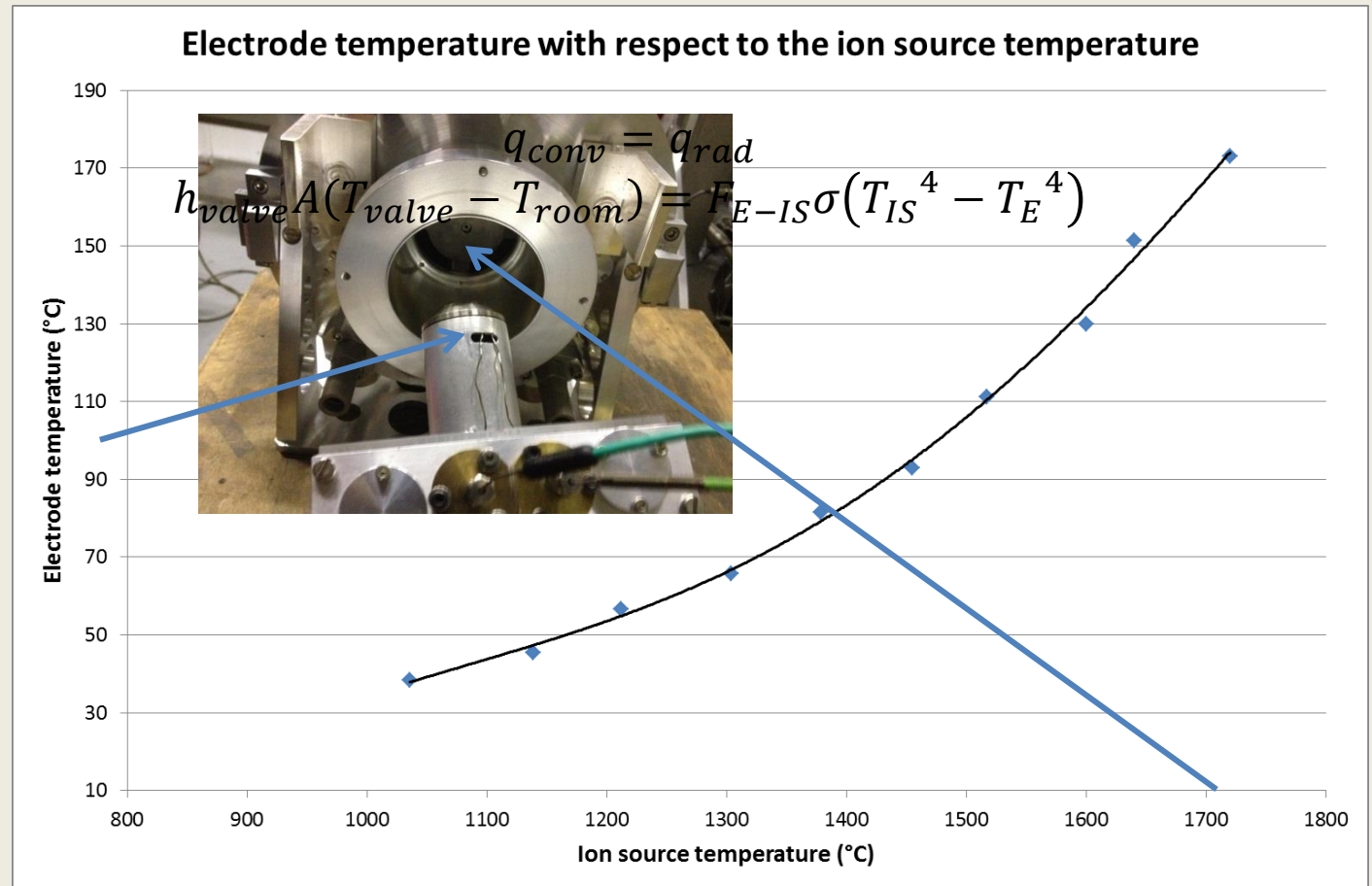
- Ion source simulated at 2000 °C
- Electrode cooled by air convected valve



# Two stage extraction

## Thermal characterization

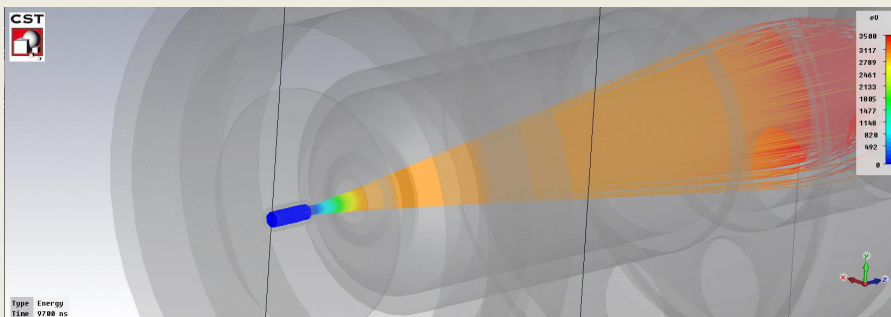
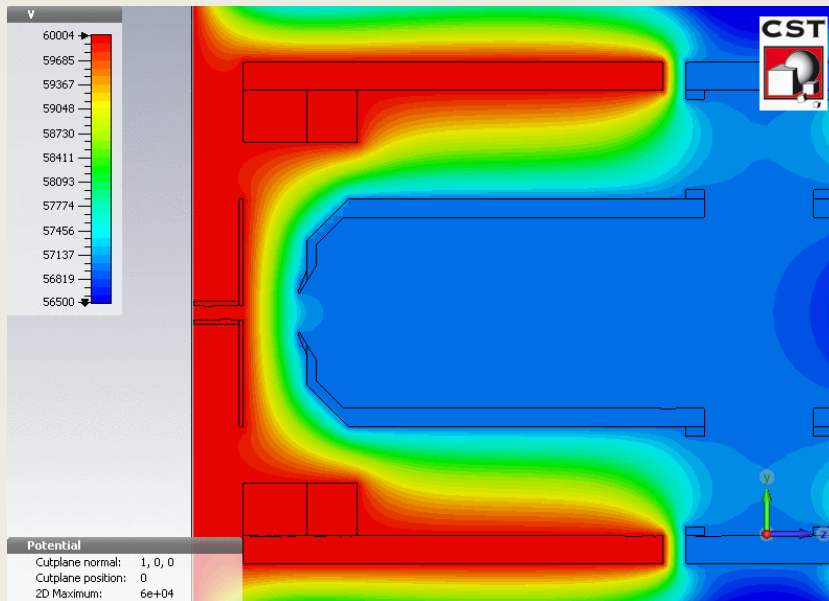
### Thermal measurements



# Two stage extraction

## Extraction optics

### Electrostatic and beam simulations (first gap)

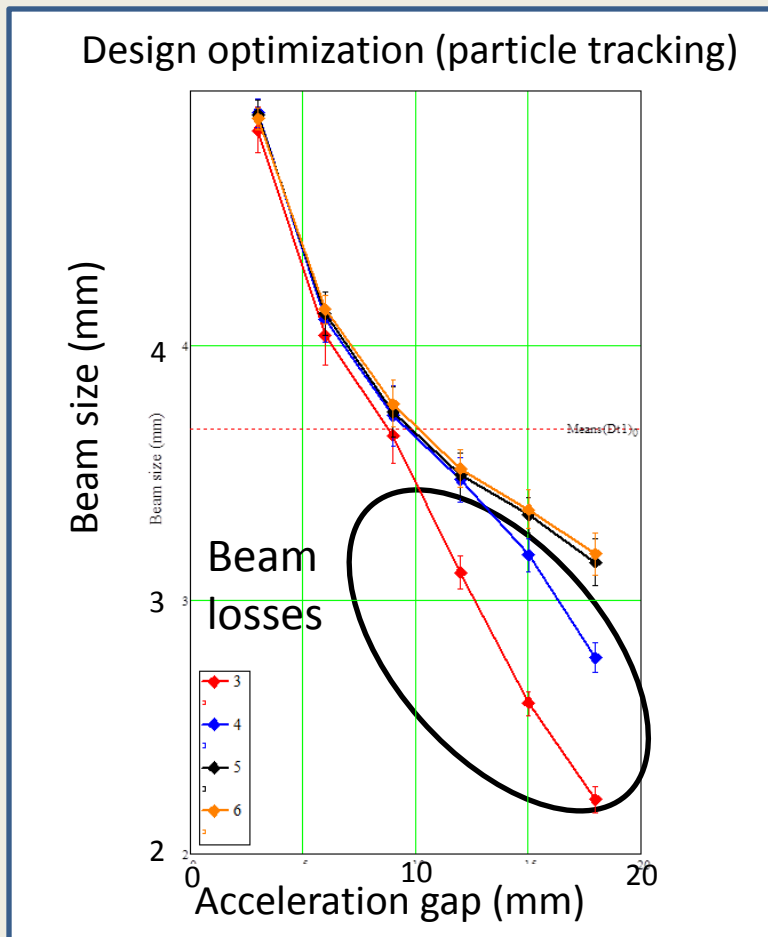


- The particle tracking shows the primary effect of the geometrical parameters over the beam
- Complex phenomena like electron emission, breakdown, realistic particle distribution or scatter due to neutral particles requires experimental measurements

# Two stage extraction

## Extraction optics

### Particle tracking, parameter optimization (first gap)

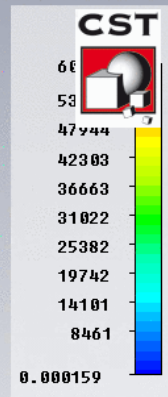
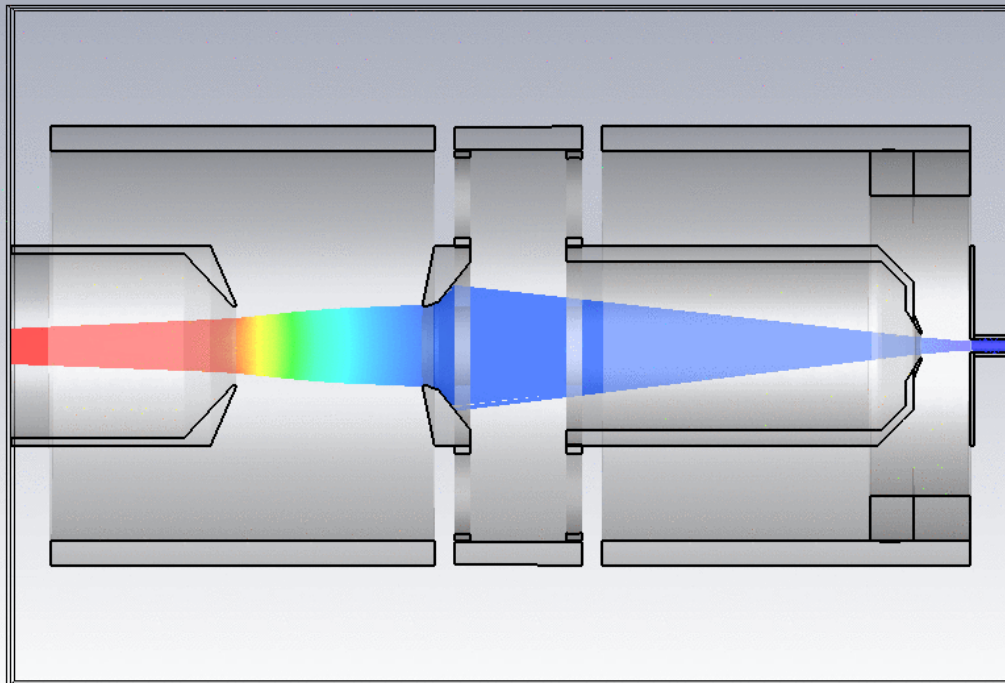


With numerical simulations, some geometrical configurations can be **discarded** for the experimental measurements

# Two stage extraction

## Extraction optics

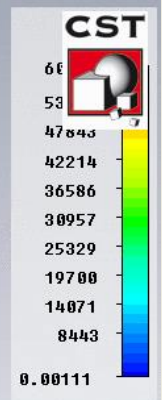
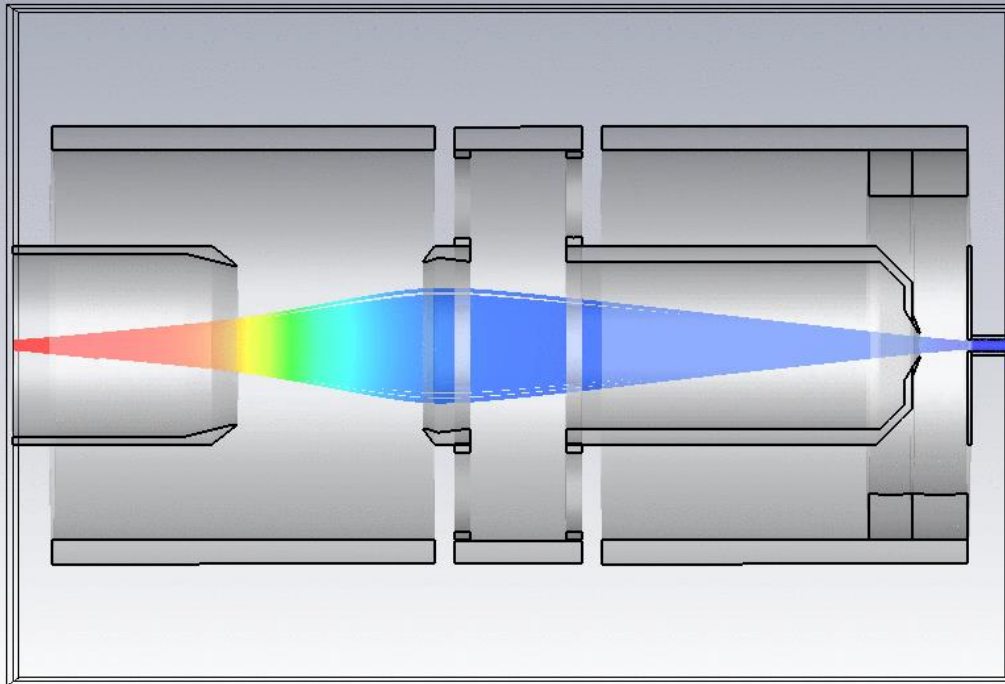
### Particle tracking (second gap)



# Two stage extraction

## Extraction optics

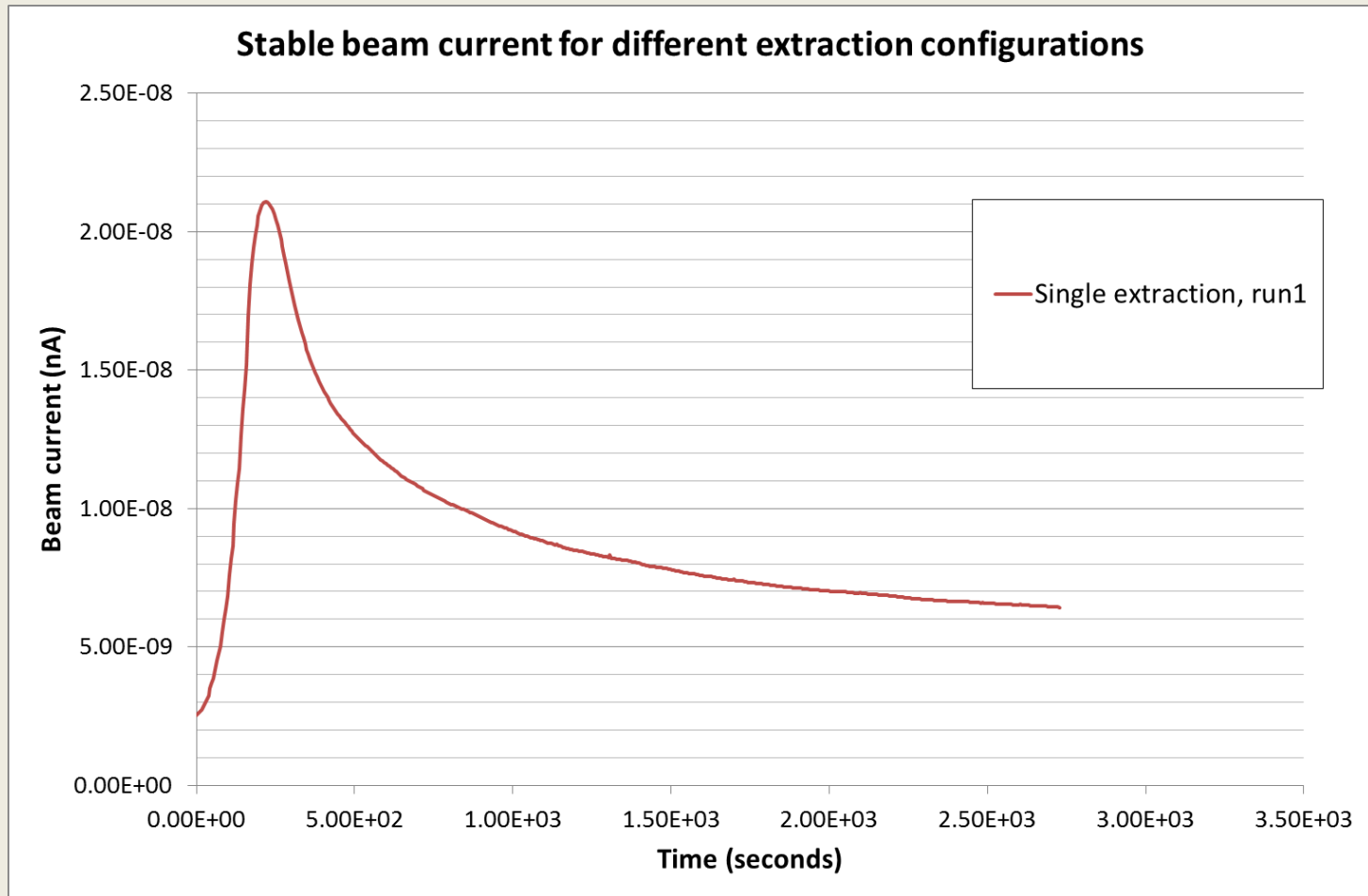
### Particle tracking (second gap)



The low energy first extraction produces large beams. The second gap focalizes the beam

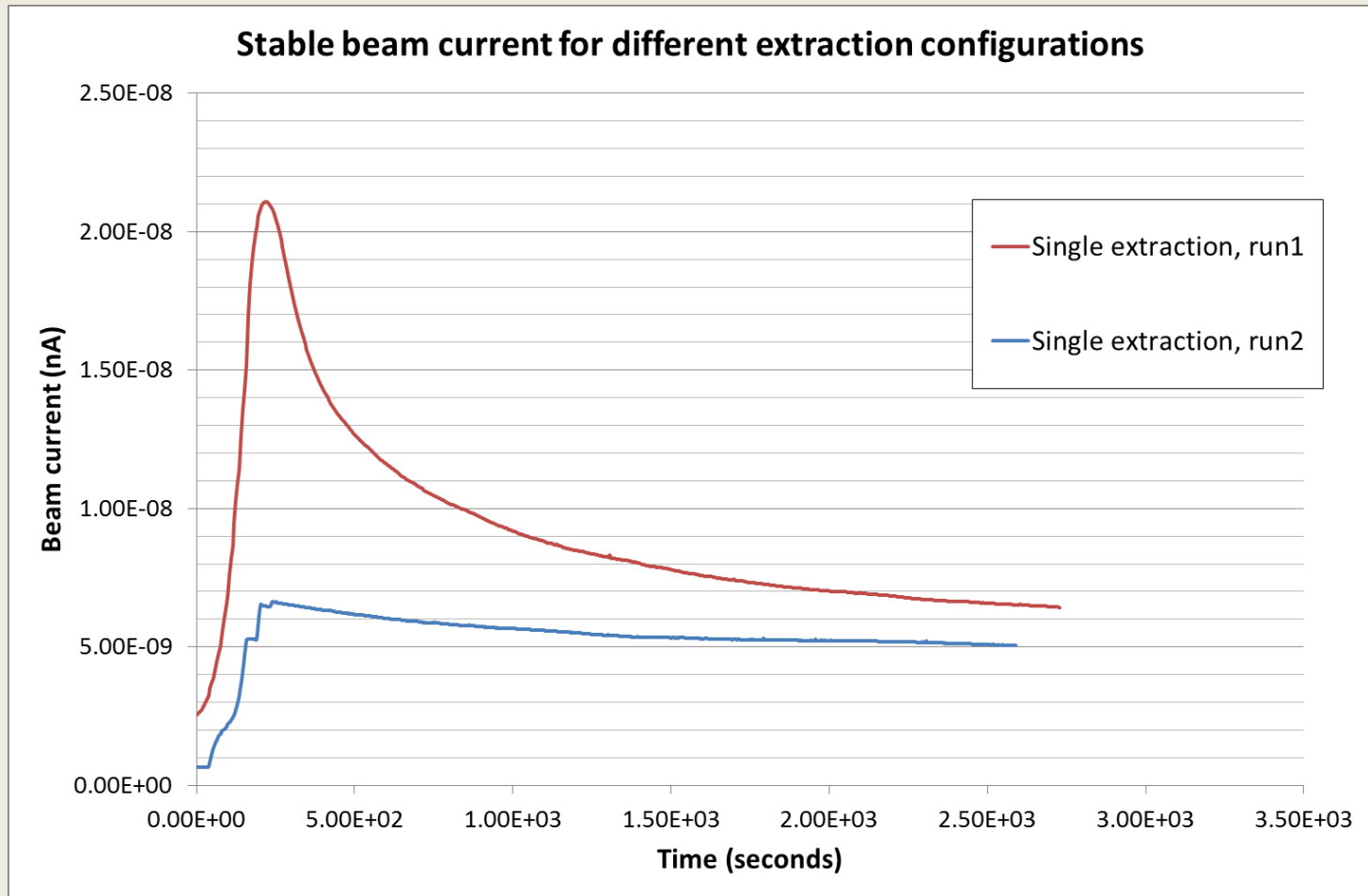
# Two stage extraction

## Extraction performance measurements



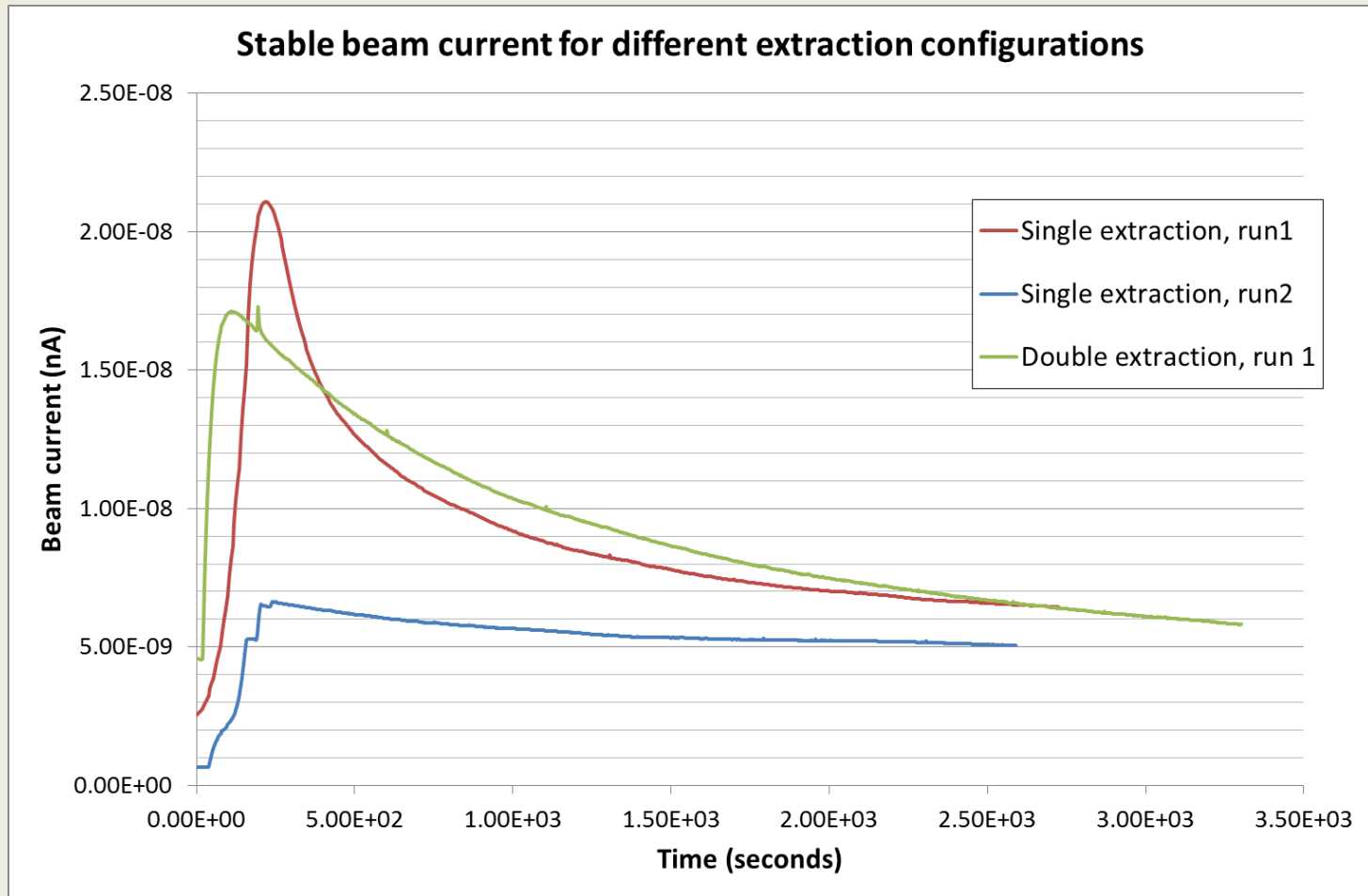
# Two stage extraction

## Extraction performance measurements



# Two stage extraction

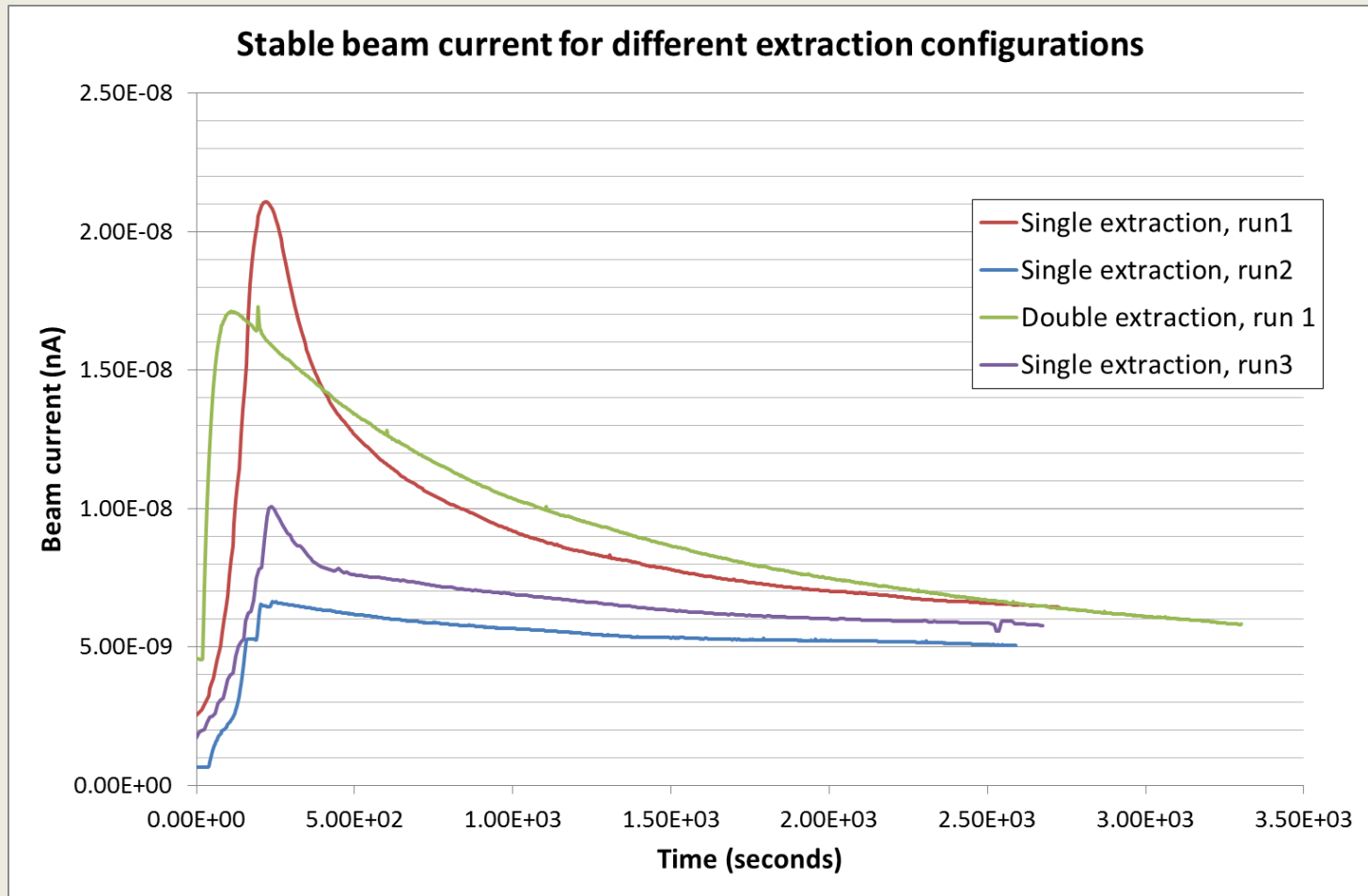
## Extraction performace measurements





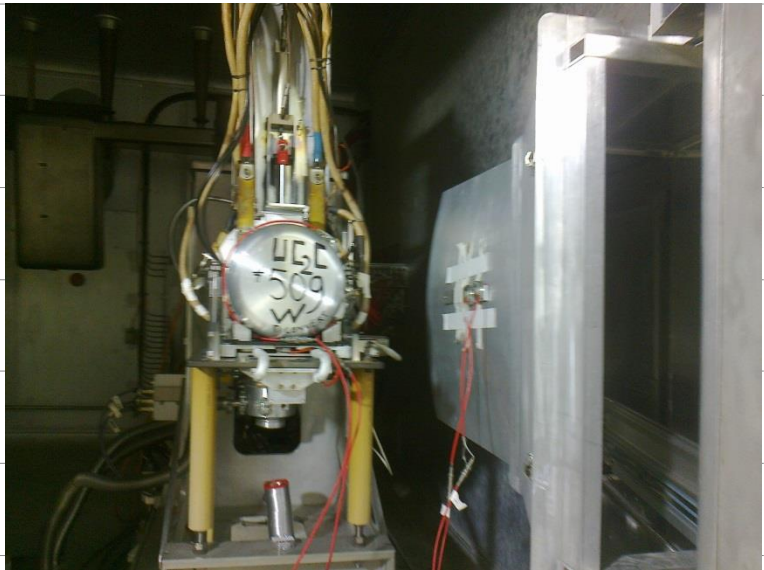
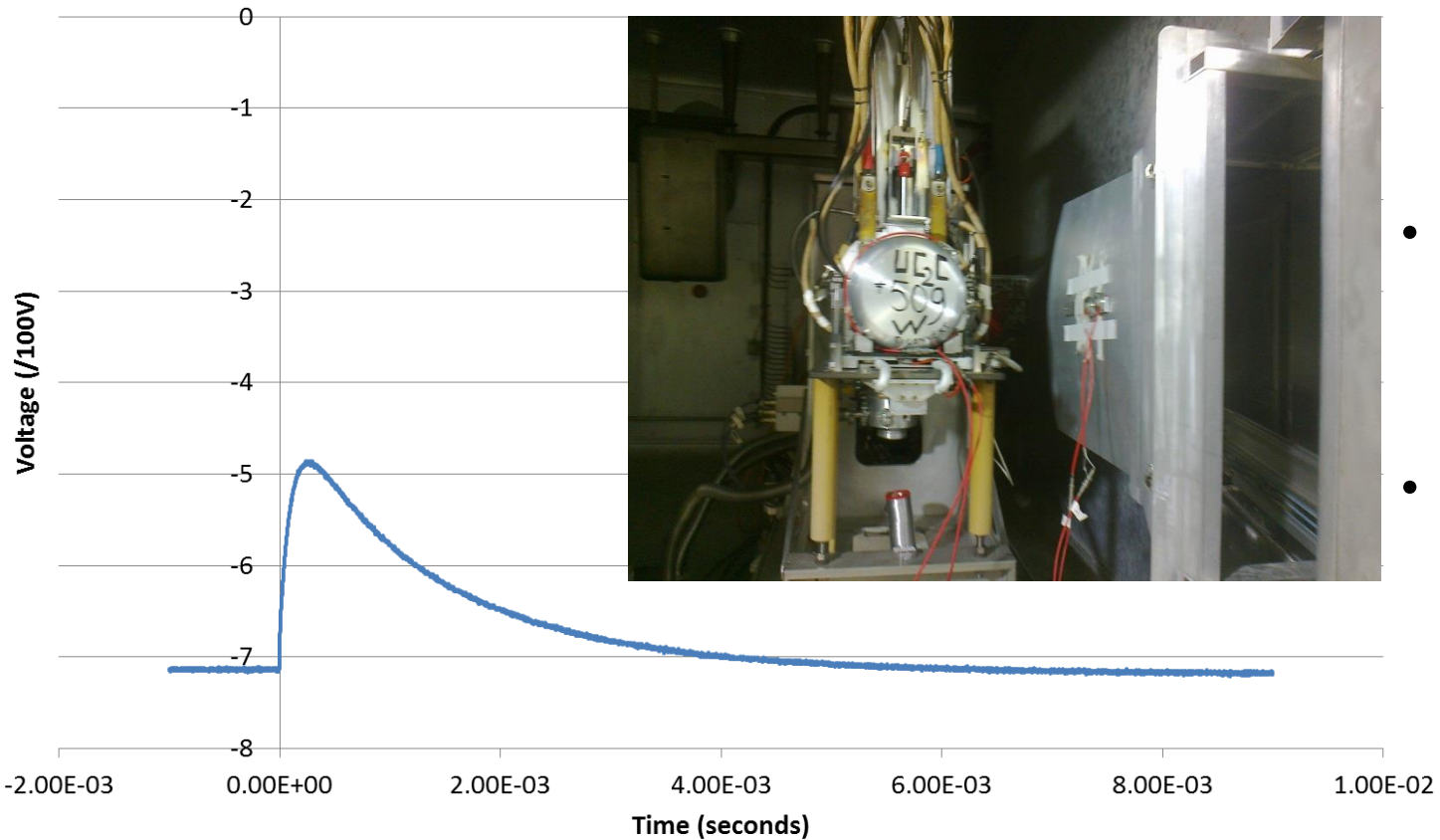
# Two stage extraction

## Extraction performance measurements



# Ionized air conductivity measurement

## HV recovery after proton beam



- Breakdown induced between 0.5 mm gaps
- Electric field threshold measured  $< 800V \times mm$

# Summary

- For HIE-ISOLDE, a frontend upgrade is required
- A new two stage extraction system has been prototyped and characterized
- A model adapted to be tested online should be produced

Many thanks!

Questions?