Energy loss distribution in thin Si CMOS sensor

Vladimir Grichine

e-mail: Vladimir.Grichine@cern.ch

Abstract

Recent measurements of the energy loss distribution in thin Si CMOS sensor are compared with the GEANT4 models at different production thresholds.

1 Outline

- 1. Experimental setup [1].
- 2. Comparison of experimental data with the GEANT4 ionisation models.
- 3. Conclusions.

Energy loss distribution in thin Si CMOS sensor



MT9V11 Si CMOS sensor (left) and MT9SH06 readour board (right) [1].

V. Grichine

GEANT4 progress meeting



Test setup at CERN PS T9 beam [1].

GEANT4 progress meeting



Scheme of grazing method (one track in few pixels) [1].



Cut 1 mm.



Cut 5 micron.

7



Cut 1 mm.



Cut 5 micron.

9

2 Conclusions

- 1. The GEANT4 PAI/PAIPhoton ionisation models are in good agreement with the thin Si CMOS sensor data.
- 2. The GEANT4 standard ionisation models is in satisfactory agreement with the thin Si CMOS sensor data. It shows some cut dependence.

Energy loss distribution in thin Si CMOS sensor

References

[1] S. Meroli, D. Passeri, and L. Servoli, JINST 6 (2011) P06013