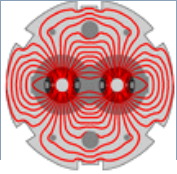


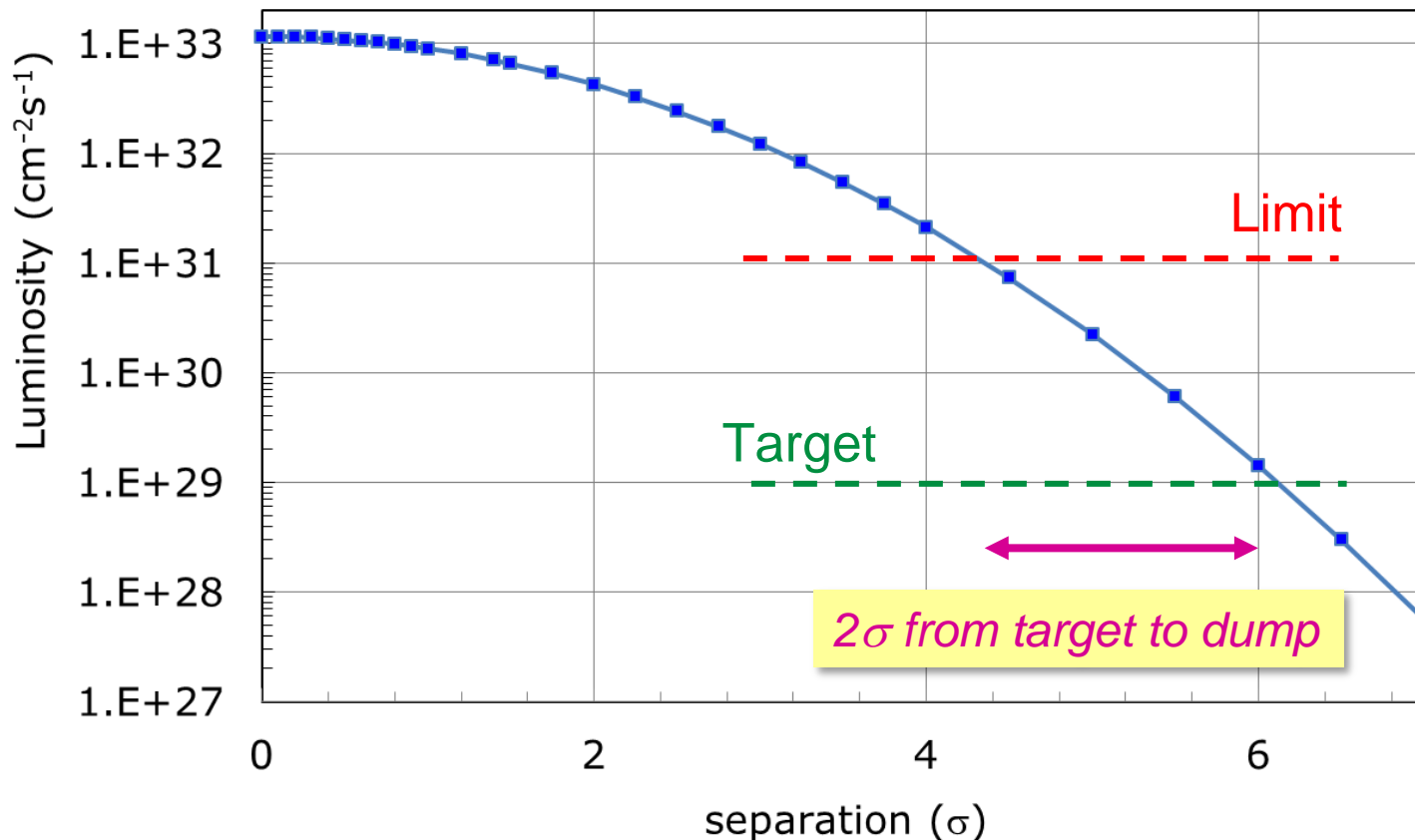
ALICE luminosity range and trims

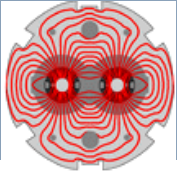
J. Wenninger



- Luminosity in ALICE versus total separation of the 2 beams, 6.5 TeV.
 - *Parameters: $N=1.2 \times 10^{11}$ p, $\varepsilon = 2 \mu\text{m}$, $\beta^* = 10 \text{ m} \Rightarrow \sigma = 54 \mu\text{m}$*

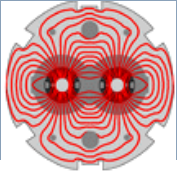
ALICE offset levelling





- ❑ With $\sigma \sim 50 \mu\text{m}$ the 2σ margin between the target and the dump luminosity corresponds to a movement of 1σ for each beam.
 - *Trims are always symmetric (+ most pessimistic for protection).*
 - *A trim of $50 \mu\text{m}$ / beam brings us to the limit !!*
- ❑ Those numbers are based on Gaussian profiles, and we know that 'out there' the tails are overpopulated.
 - *In practice the margin smaller !!*
- ❑ The game is complicated further by the fact that as the lumi decays during a fill, we must move the beams closer (and not dump !).

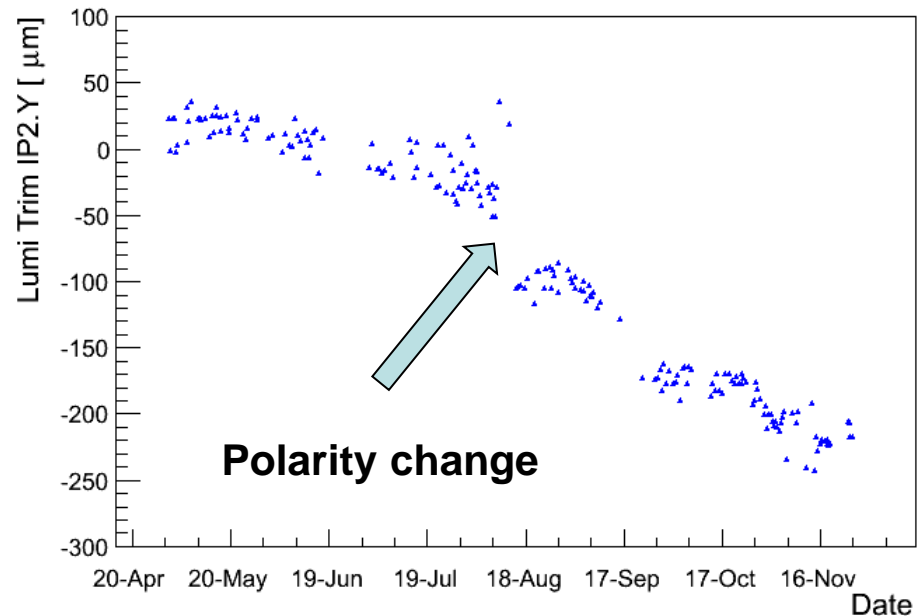
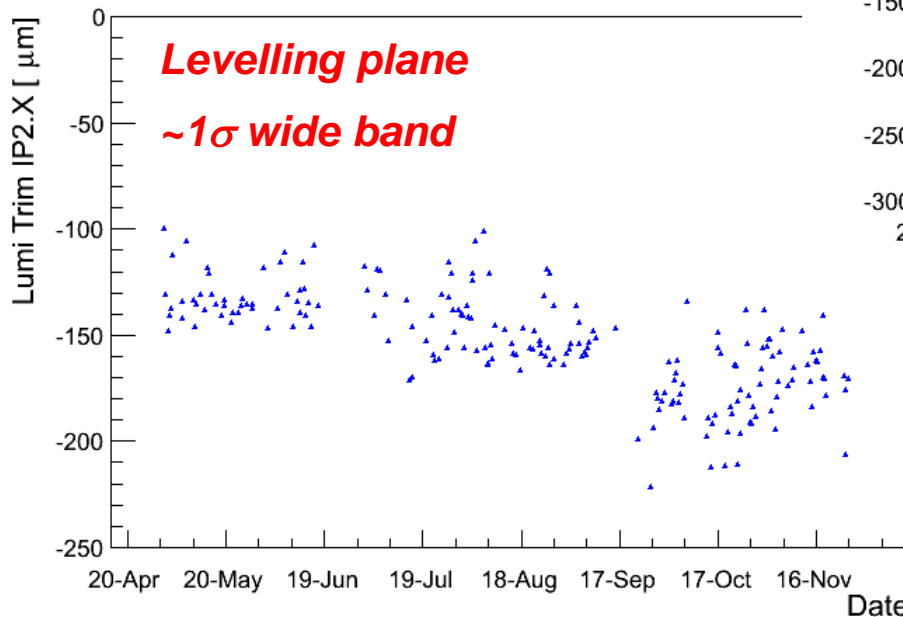
Look back at 2012 settings



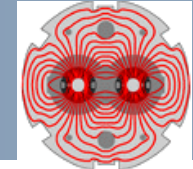
- Evolution of the luminosity knob settings in 2012, $\sigma \sim 40$ mm, $\beta^* 3$ m.
 - *In some periods L was leveled (H plane !).*
 - *Target L was not always the same.*

In both plots → B1 trims

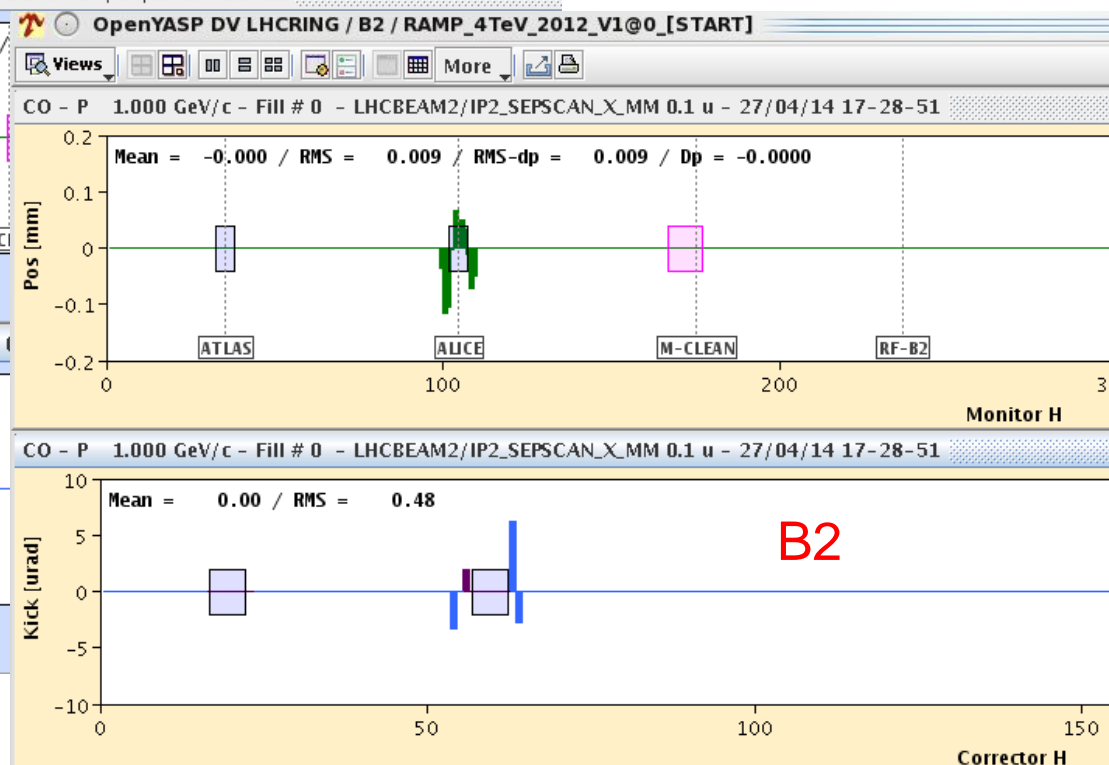
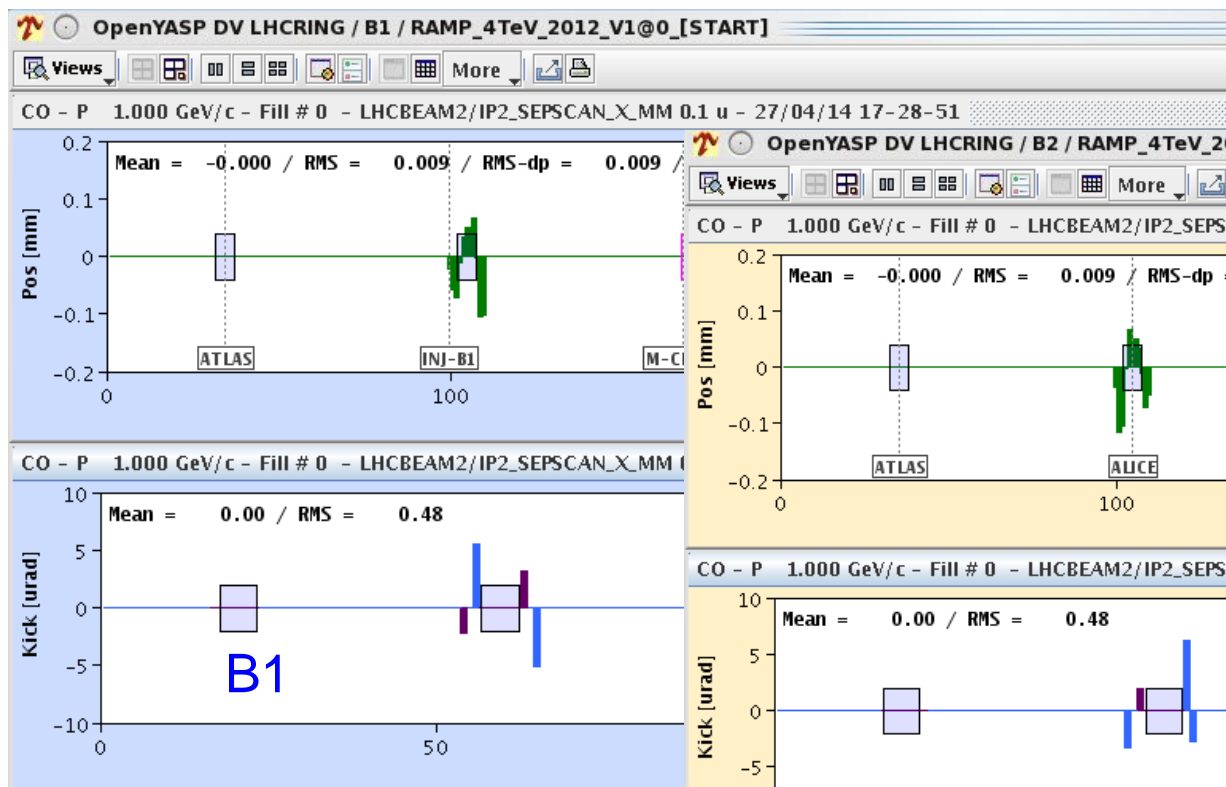
B2 trim = - B1 trim



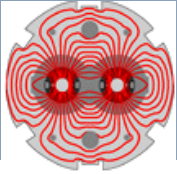
A 50 μm trim...



- A 50 μm trim of the lumi-scan knobs at $\beta^* 10\text{ m}$ corresponds to:
 - Max orbit excursion $\sim 0.12\text{ mm}$. 2012 interlock at $\pm 0.6\text{ mm}$
 - Max deflection $\sim 6\text{ }\mu\text{rad}$. 2012 interlock at $\pm 15\text{ }\mu\text{rad}$

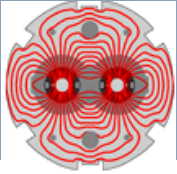


Interlock settings (1)

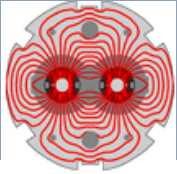


- ❑ The fill-2-fill fluctuations of the orbit corrector settings (OFB corrections) require a margin of $\sim 6\text{-}10\ \mu\text{rad}$.
 - *→ defines the $\sim \pm 15\ \mu\text{rad}$ corrector margins used in 2012.*
 - *Margin depends in practice on the location in the ring, more stable in non-squeezed and arc regions → could be good for ALICE.*
- ❑ With an interlock set to $12\ \mu\text{rad}$ one can **protect against L values larger than $\sim 10^{32}\ \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$** .
 - *Maybe a bit high, but better than nothing – for L scan knobs.*
 - *With some (good) experience one could possibly tighten...*
 - *Cannot protect against all global orbit corrections.*
 - *Cannot protect against features appearing on the orbit when going into collision as pattern of corrector changes may not hit the limit.*
- ❑ Going into collision could be ‘protected’ by applying a large initial offset (to 6-8 sigma) and then moving back gently until some L found.
 - *Will cost ALICE some time in a fill.*

Interlock settings (2)



- ❑ Once the typical range is known, one can also set limits within LSA on the trim range of the lumi scan knobs.
 - *But this is a soft protection.*
 - *This will also prevent VdM scans and special fills etc → expert intervention is required before and after!*
 - *I do not really recommend this.*
- ❑ Once the leveling has started on a given fill it is of course possible to set a limit on trims.
 - *Does not cover going into collisions.*



- ❑ Some protection possible (but not for all cases) with limits on the leveling, large offsets when colliding at the start of the fill and interlocks on correctors.
- ❑ An interlock on the BCMs should nevertheless be in place to cover more thoroughly the phase space.