

## S'Cool LAB

### New School Experiments and CERN's S'Cool LAB

WG6@HST 2014

### AIMS

 To bring physical simulations of aspects of particle physics into the classroom

To be affordable for the majority of schools

 To provide explanations and documentation on the use and limitations of the experimental setups.

# Nechanical Simulation of a

Mode

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LINAC

# Accelerator and Quadrupole Magnet



# Nodel 3 - ATLAS Toroidal Magnets



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### Enjoy playing!

# Nechanical Simulation of a

Mode

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LINAC

## Model 1 – Mechanical Simulation of a LINAC

- Linear accelerators use radiofrequency cavities to accelerate particles.
- The protons pass through the conductors, which are alternately charged positive or negative.
- The conductors behind them push the particles and the conductors ahead of them pull, causing the particles to accelerate.



## Model 1 – Mechanical Simulation of a LINAC

#### **Learning Activity:**

• Simulate a LINAC accelerator





## Model 2-Electron LINAC and Quadrupole Magnet



**Learning Activity:** 

- Constructing an electron accelerator from a old Cathode Ray Tube TV.
- Constructing a quadrupole magnet.
- Checking the focusing effect on an electron beam.

#### How to get an electron accelerator from an old TV

- Get an old TV that works!
- Be sure the TV set in unplugged.

• Take the back case out.



#### How to get an electron ...



#### Focusing the beam...



#### Handmade Quadrupole Magnet





#### How a quadrupole works:

- Quadrupole: 4 magnets in square arrangement.
- A first quadrupole focuses the beam by squeezing it into a smaller elliptical cross-section, similar to the effect of a lens focusing light.
- A second one squeezes the beam in a perpendicular direction related to the first one so the packets become round.



<u>LHC</u> Game





http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quadrupole\_magnet

# Nodel 3 - ATLAS Toroidal Magnets

### Model 3 – ATLAS Toroidal Magnets

#### **Barrel Toroidal Magnet:**

- 8 coils assembled radially every 45 degrees around center.
- The inner detector and muon spectrometer are placed in a magnetic field for the measurement of the momentum of charged particles.
- This magnetic field causes a bending of the particle beam, with a radius of curvature dependent on the momentum value.







### Model 3 – ATLAS Toroidal Magnets

#### **Learning Activity:**

#### Simulate an Toroidal Magnet field









### Model 3 – ATLAS Toroidal Magnets





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- <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Quadrupole\_magnet</u>.
- <u>http://home.web.cern.ch/about/accelerators/linear-accelerator-2</u>.