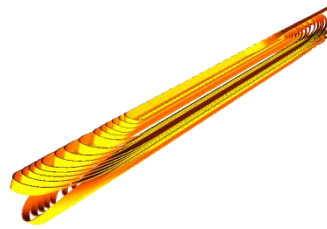


Design of alternative cos- ϑ magnet with Roebel cable



Clément Lorin and WP10.3 members

Second Workshop on Accelerator Magnets in HTS (WAMHTS-2)

13/11/2014

Framework

- **Field target:** Accelerator-type magnet
 - stand-alone mode + yoke: 5 T
 - insert mode: the more the better
- **Constraints:**
 - Magnet dimension: 40 mm aperture and 100 mm outer diameter
 - Roebel cable: stringent easyway radius (10 mm) hardway radius (2 m)

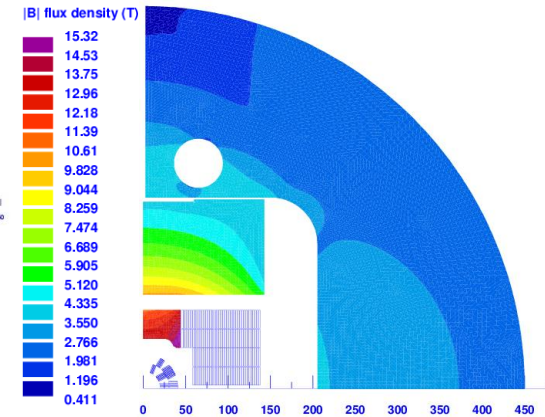
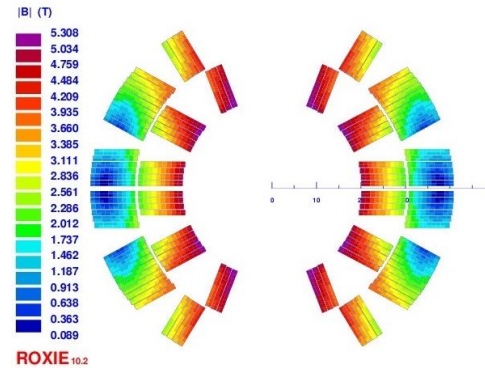
Contents

- **Double layer design:**
 - 10-mm wide Roebel cable
- **Single layer design:**
 - 12-mm wide Roebel cable

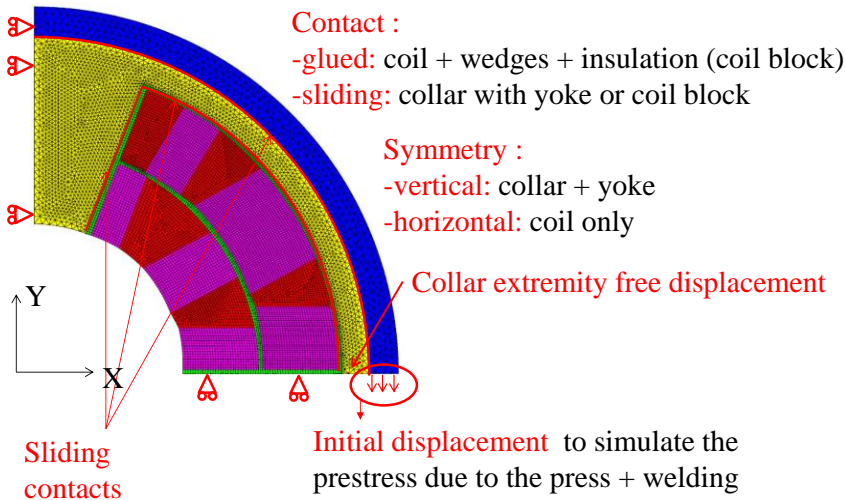
Double layer design (1/2)

- 2D magnetism:

- $J_{e,cable} = 460 \text{ A/mm}^2$ ($J_0 = 386 \text{ A/mm}^2$)
- 5 T standalone + yoke
- 3.75 T standalone
- 13 T + 3.75 T in Fresca2
- Geom. in Fresca2: $b_3=6, b_5=1, b_7=1$



- 2D mechanics:

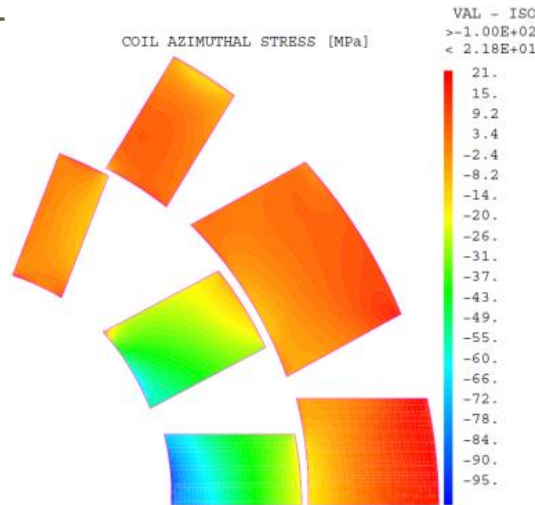


- Prestress + cool-down + Lorentz forces
- 8.6 mm** left for mechanical structure

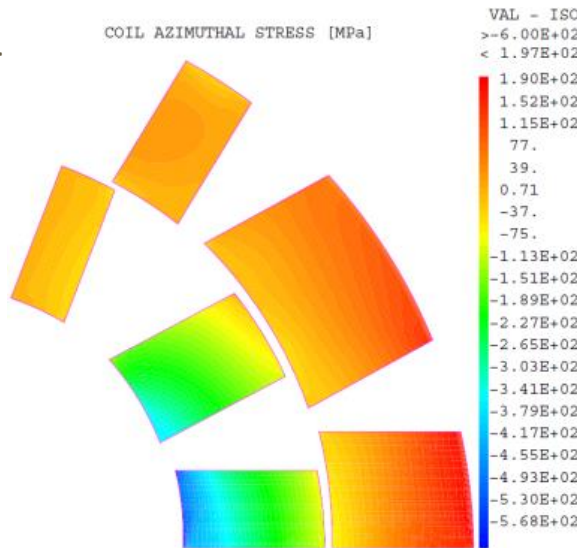
Double layer design (2/2)

- Azimuthal stress (no prestress)

- Stand-alone: 5 T



- Insert: 16.78 T



Field [T]	ET thickness [mm]	Peak stress [MPa]
5.00	8.0	100
16.78	8.0	600
5.00	20.0	30
16.78	20.0	250

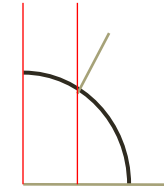
Show stopper: Mechanical structure for double layer cosine-theta too weak.

What can be done with a single layer design?

Single layer design (1/5)

- End coil design + Roebel cable
 - Easyway bending radius (10 mm)
 - > R = 22 mm and field degradation in stand-alone

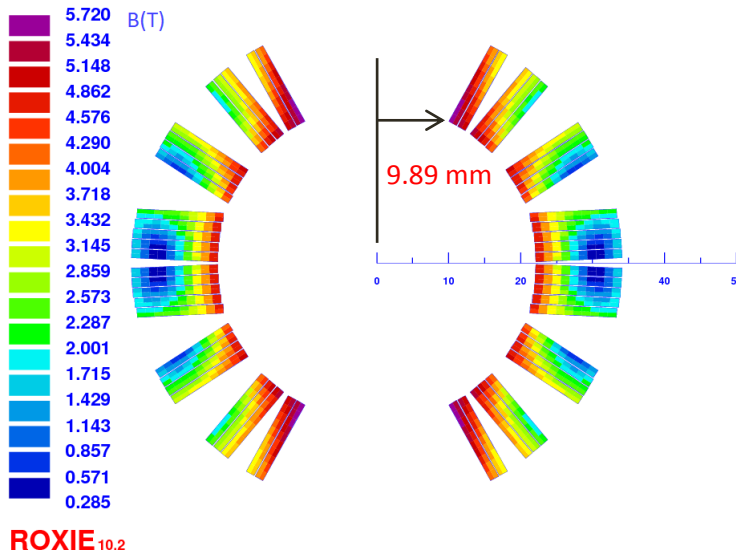
Rossi-Todesco
PhysRevSTAB.10.112401



Block angles
[0° - 60°]
[0° - 48°, 60° - 72°]
[0° - 43.2°, 53.2° - 67.3°]
[0° - 33.3°, 37.1° - 53.1°, 63.4° - 71.8°]

$$R \cdot \sin(\text{angle}) = 6.84 \text{ mm}$$

$$R = 20 \text{ mm} ; \text{angle} = 70^\circ$$



Standalone, **5 T** if:

$$I = 11635 \text{ A (15x5.5x0.15 \& 80 \% margin)}$$

$$J_{e,\text{cable}} = 811 \text{ A/mm}^2$$

$$J_o = 684 \text{ A/mm}^2$$

$$Jc_{e,\text{tape}} = 1200 \text{ A/mm}^2 \text{ (6 T@4.2 K)}$$

Insert, **2 T** if:

$$I = 6210 \text{ A (15x5.5x0.15 \& 80 \% margin)}$$

$$J_{e,\text{cable}} = 431 \text{ A/mm}^2$$

$$J_o = 363 \text{ A/mm}^2$$

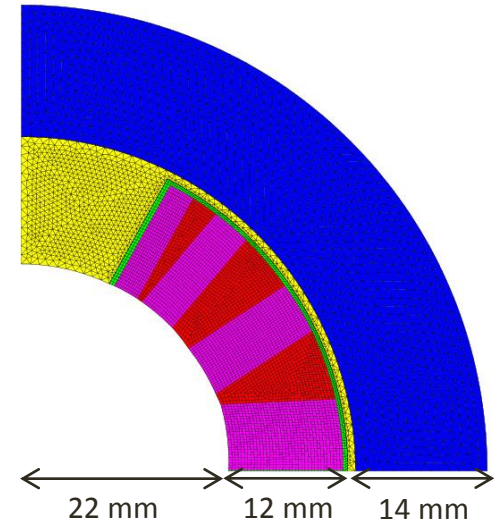
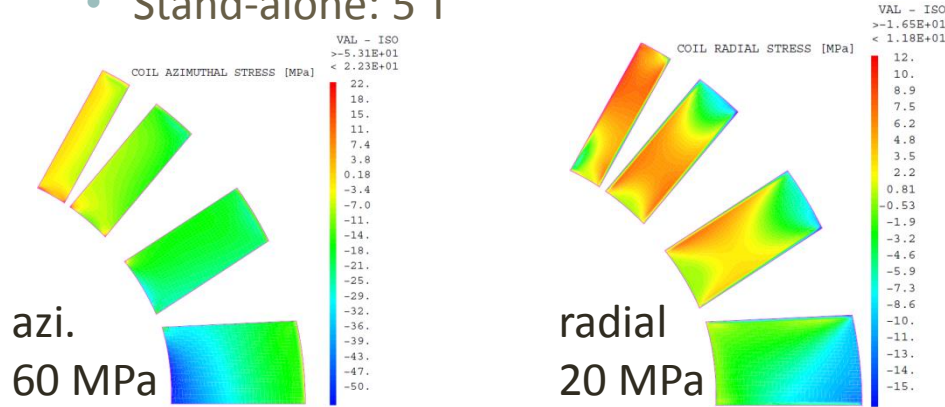
$$Jc_{e,\text{tape}} = 630 \text{ A/mm}^2 \text{ (18 T@4.2 K)}$$

Geom. in Fresca2: $b_3 = 9$; $b_5 = 1$; $b_7 = 5$

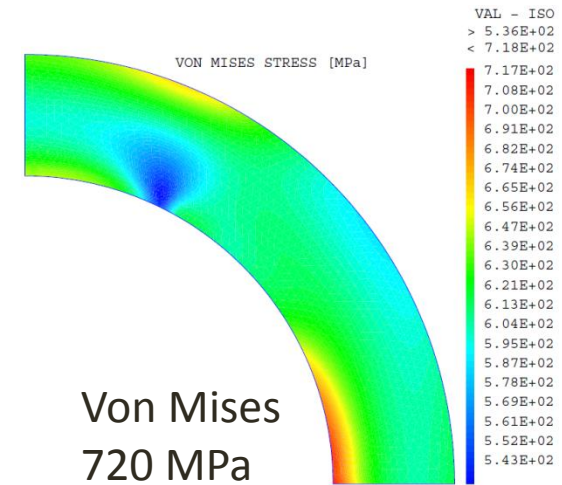
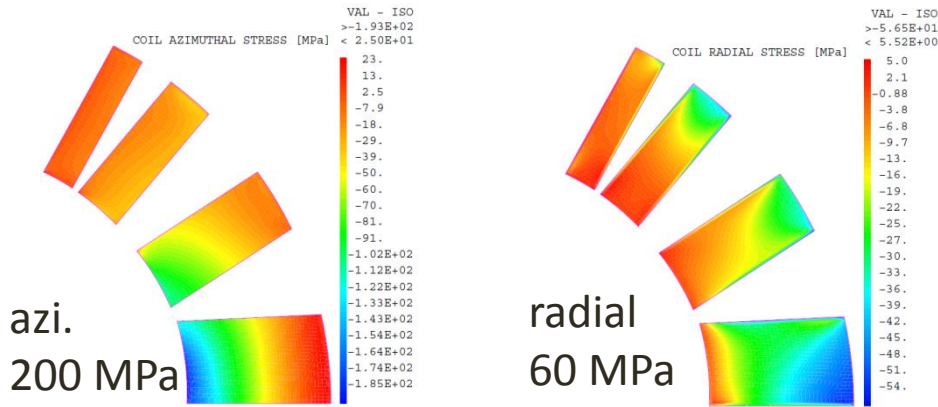
Single layer design (2/5)

- 2D mechanics: (peak values)

- Stand-alone: 5 T



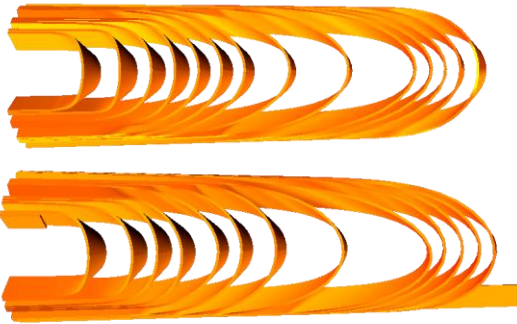
- Fresca2 (@1.9 K) + insert = 15 T + 2 T



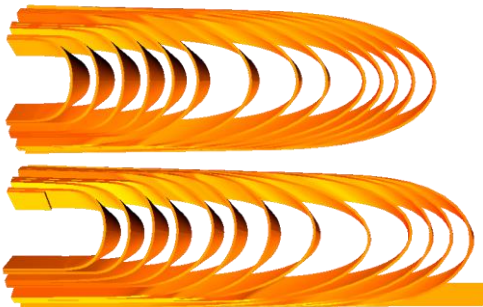
Single layer design (3/5)

- Coil end design:

- First try:



- Upper cable less square + shorter lower cable:



cable	ew (mm)	hw (m)	L (mm)
14	8.73	2.71	20
13	9.43	3.75	29

12	9.44	2.30	57
11	10.61	6.32	36
10	9.80	3.03	44

9	10.11	4.21	74
8	9.91	7.92	70
7	9.55	4.10	106
6	10.03	2.57	111

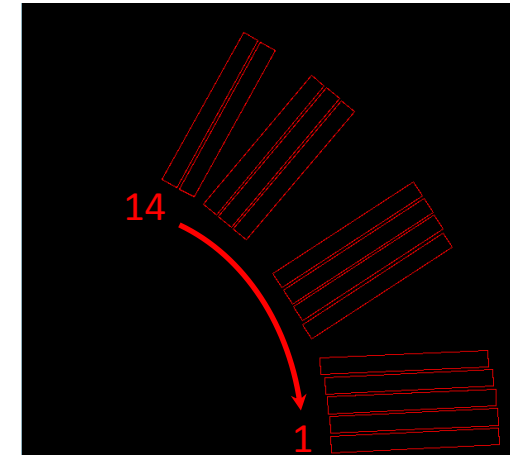
5	10.24	2.06	176
4	10.81	2.88	176
3	12.10	3.82	176
2	13.98	5.37	160
1	16.72	11.04	130

cable	ew (mm)	hw (m)	L (mm)
14	7.60	2.05	22
13	8.33	3.46	28

12	9.81	2.03	33
11	10.61	6.32	36
10	9.80	3.03	44

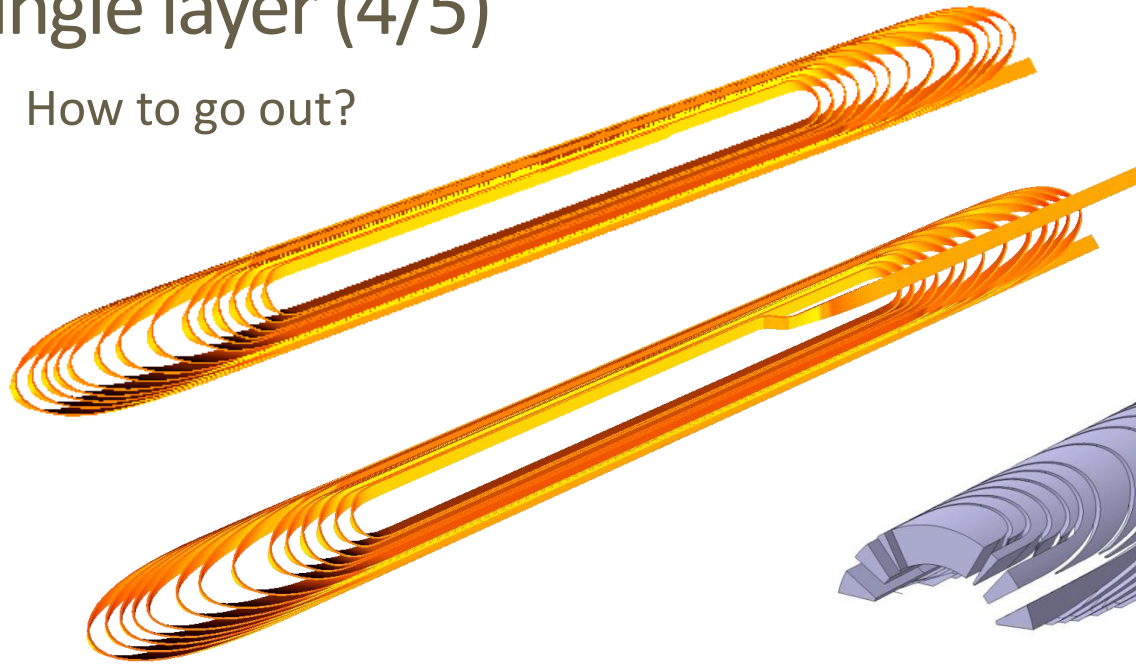
9	10.11	4.21	74
8	9.91	7.92	70
7	9.55	4.10	106
6	10.03	2.57	111

5	9.29	2.48	144
4	10.05	3.26	145
3	11.03	4.87	145
2	11.48	3.00	142
1	12.24	7.80	138



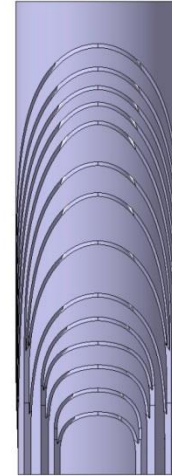
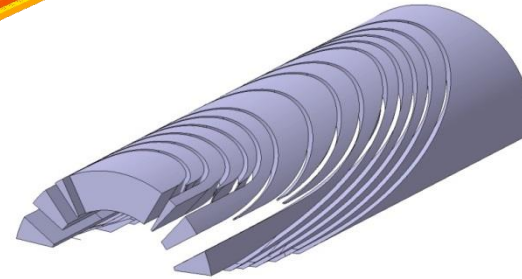
Single layer (4/5)

- How to go out?

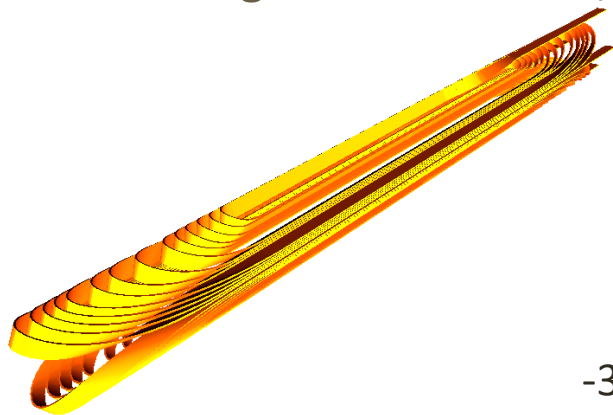


Easyway: 20 mm radius

Twist: 60° over 100 mm

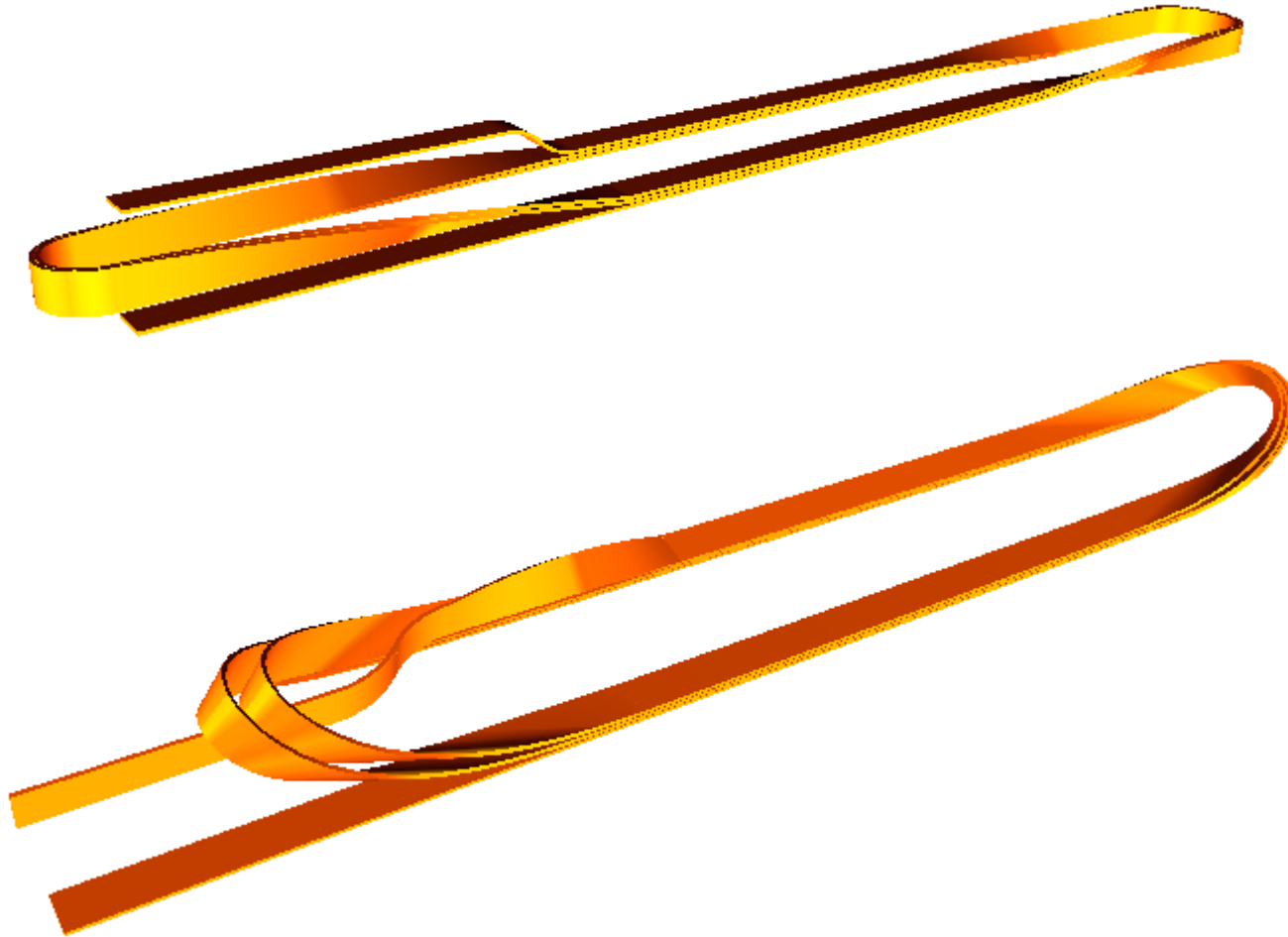


- Full design: SS \approx 230 mm; heads \approx 2x180 mm, cable length \approx 2 x 17 m



Single layer design (5/5)

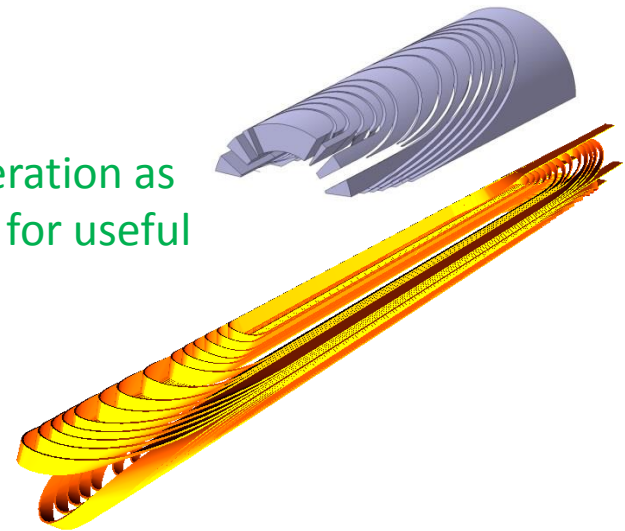
- Subscales:



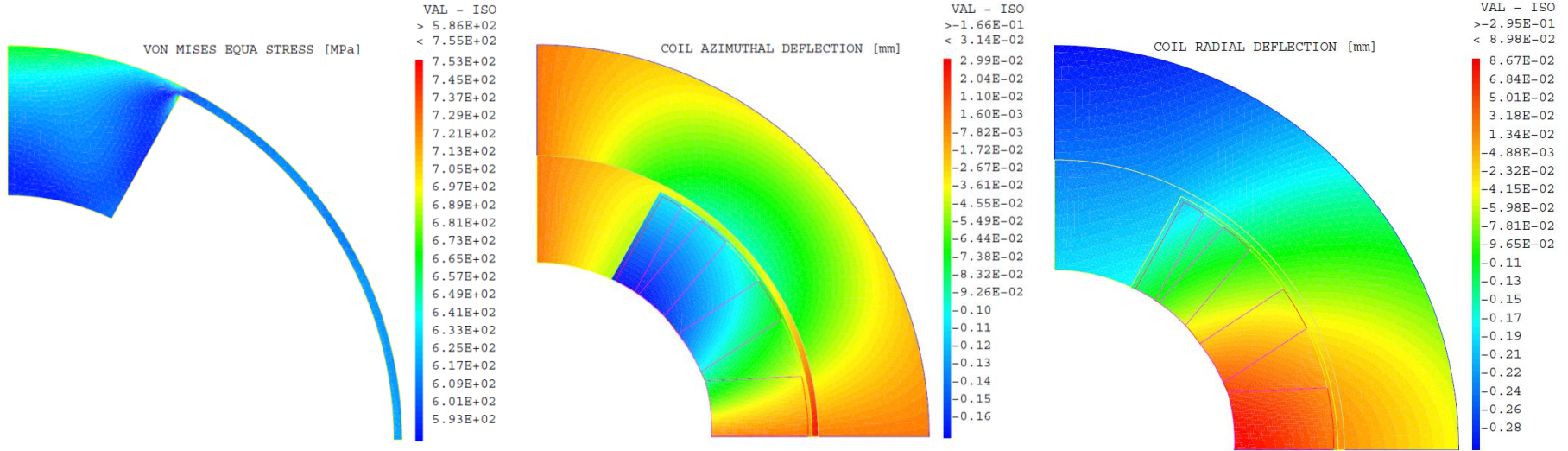
Conclusion

- Double layer design does not fit into Fresca2
- Single layer if $\cos\vartheta$ configuration must be investigated (200 MPa, still challenging)
- Between 4 - 5 T in stand-alone and 2 T as insert
- One dedicated spacer for each turn

Thank you to William Gamache from CEA for end spacer generation as well as Susana Izquierdo-Bermudez and Bernhard Auchmann for useful discussion about Roxie and coil end design.



Extra data 1/2



SI Frettage;

MCOIL = MATE OCOIL YOUN 30000. NU 0.3 ALPH 3.9E-3;

SINON;

MCOIL = MATE OCOIL YOUN 42000. NU 0.3 ALPH 3.9E-3;

FINSI;

MWEDGE = MATE OWEDGE YOUN 110000. NU 0.3 ALPH 3.6E-3;

MINPO = MATE OINPO YOUN 4000. NU 0.3 ALPH 6.0E-3;

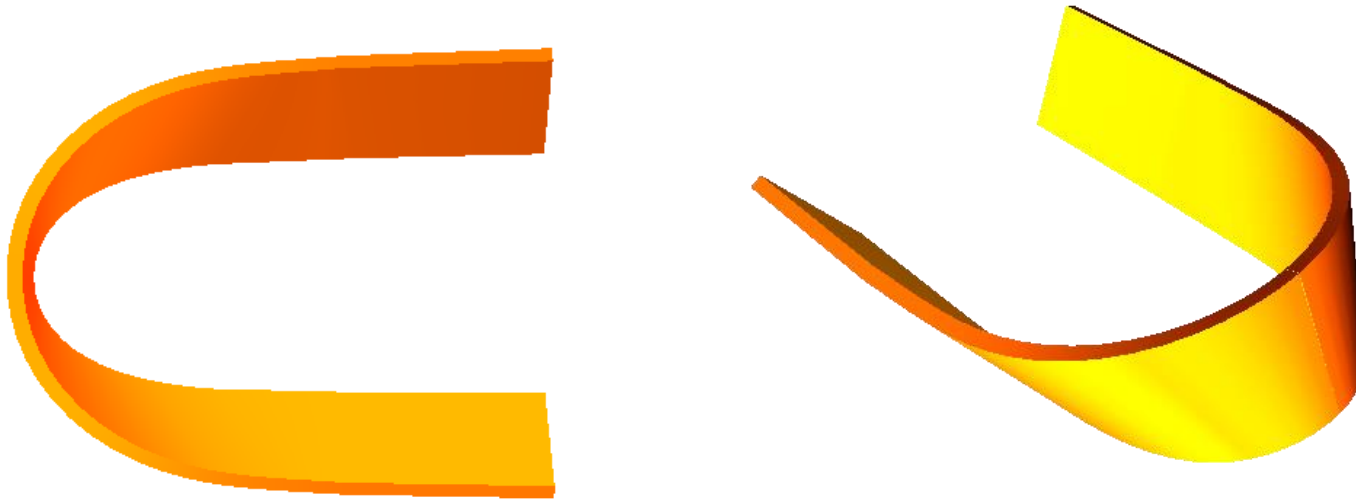
MIMAS = MATE OIMAS YOUN 4000. NU 0.3 ALPH 6.0E-3;

MCOLL = MATE OCOLL YOUN 210000. NU 0.3 ALPH 2.9E-3;

MFRETTE = MATE OFRETTE YOUN 210000. NU 0.3 ALPH 2.9E-3;

Extra data 2/2

- $ew = 6.6 \text{ mm}$; $hw = 2.65 \text{ m}$



It is certainly very hard to make good dipole ends with basically no hard-way bend AND little easy-way bend, and 2 meters seems to me to be a very ambitious goal. Personally I think it's almost impossible, unless you implement one dedicated spacer for each turn [...]

But I think it's the boundary conditions imposed by mathematics you're fighting with more than ROXIE