### Introduction

- Can we tell the difference between forward polarized and backward polarized muons by their decay electrons energy spectrum in the EMR?
- Looking at:
  - Depolarization of beam Muon spin changes as it traverses the cooling channel due to presence of electric and magnetic fields and scattering effects
  - Effects of polarization of muon beam on the number of decay electrons seen
- The muon spin vector in the rest frame evolves in electric and magnetic fields according to the Thomas-BMT equation in GEANT 4: G4EqEMFieldWithSpin:

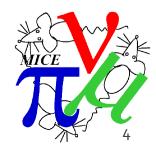
$$\frac{d\vec{s}}{dz} = -\frac{e}{p_z} \vec{\Omega} \times \vec{s}$$

- Each muon in beam needs a normalized spin three vector (sx, sy, sz) in the muon rest frame – these have been added to the primary and virtual hit definitions
- Spin evolution calculated using GEANT4
- Option added in detector construction to allow spin tracking to be turned on in datacards by adding line "StepperType =SpinTrack"
- Integration tests carried out to ensure that spin is correct i.e that there is some difference between initial and final spin in presence of B field
- Changed the MAUS physics list to use G4DecayWithSpin- added option in datacard to turn polarized muon decays on/off

## Initial Simulation

## Simulating in MICE

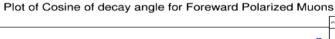
- Initially in very simple geometry but now followed up using EMR geometry file
- Ran MC of beam of muons through SpecialVirtual SensitiveDetector and a simple block of plastic for three cases:
  - "unpolarised beam"
  - "forward polarised beam" (sx, sy, sz) ~ (o, o, +1)
  - "backward polarised beam" (sx, sy, sz) ~ (o, o, -1)

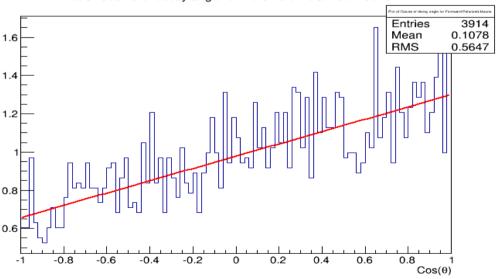


### Decay Angle

Plot of Cosine of decay angle for Backward Polarized Muons Entries 3914 Mean -0.107 RMS 0.5651 0.6 Cos(θ)

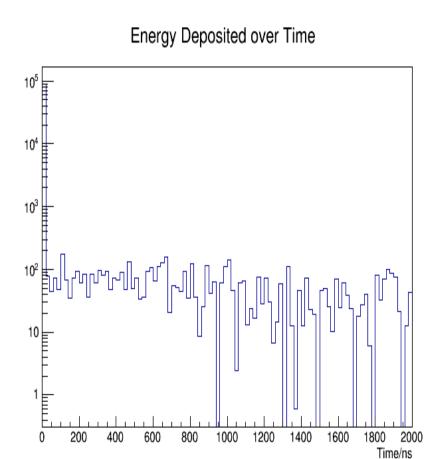
Intercept = 0.976±0.098, Gradient  $=+/-0.31 \pm 0.038$ 



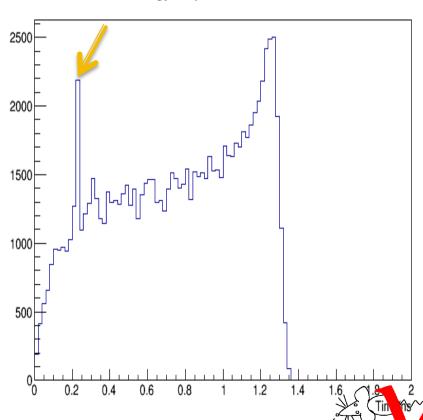


$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta} \sim 1 + \frac{1}{3}P_{\mu}\cos\theta$$

# Energy Deposited



**Energy Deposited over Time** 



In order to cut out the primary muons a time cut of >100 ns is imposed

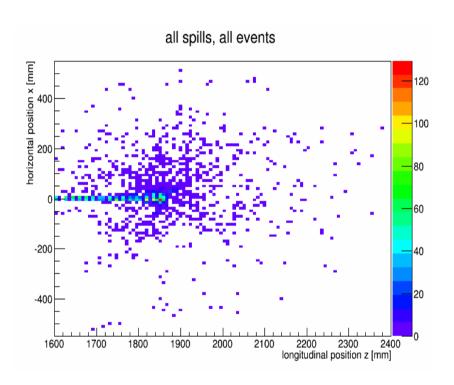
## EMR Simulation

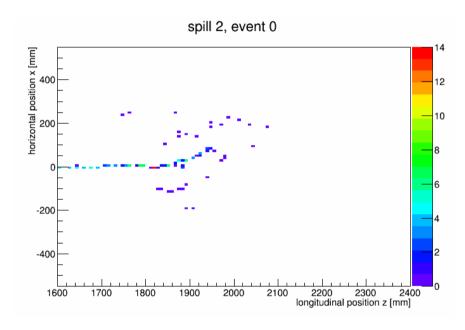
### EMR Monte Carlo

- Monte Carlo made within EMR Working Code
- EMR geometry used
- Passed a forward polarized muon beam through geometry
- Spin Tracking "on"
- Polarized muon decays set to "on"



### EMR Monte Carlo Tracks

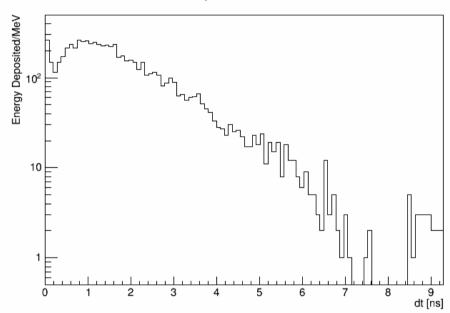




- All tracks weighted by energy deposited in EMR from Monte Carlo
- Single Events can be plotted with muon decay vertex and decay electron track
- 'Noise' also visible

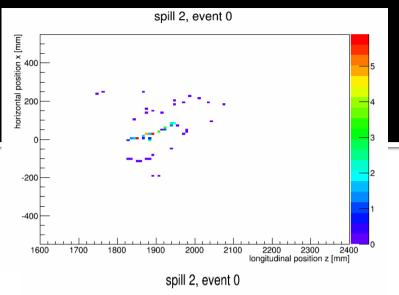
### Noise dt cut

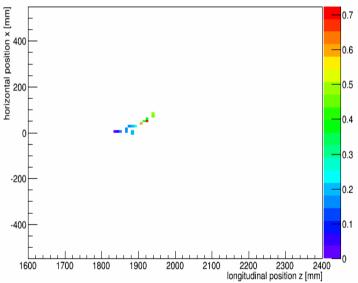
#### all spills, all events

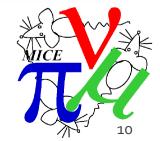


- dt = difference in hit time from the first electron hit observed in that event

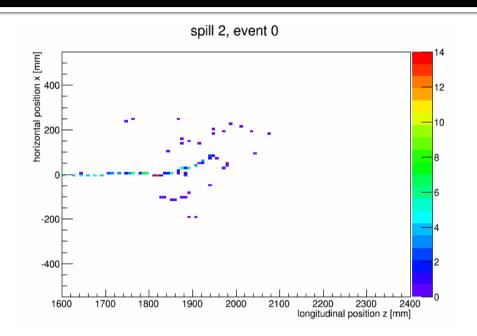
- Set dt < 0.5 ns for each event Top plot weighted by E dep bottum by dt 'Noise' significantly reduced Need to know whether EMR resolution will allow for this cut ????

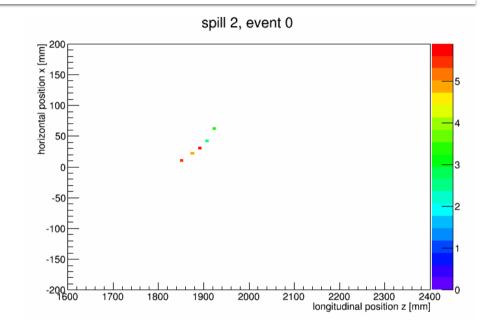






## Energy Cut



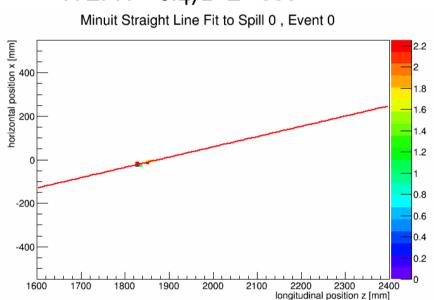


- Look at energy deposited
- Most noise has e\_dep < 2.5MeV</p>
- Fit-> not an exact straight line->some Multiple Scattering?
- Use Minuit to optimise fit

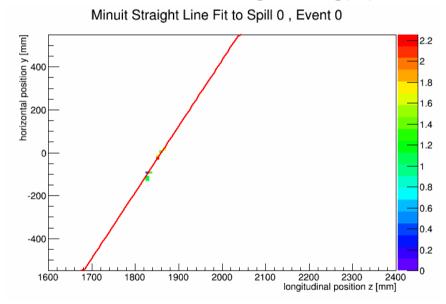
## Fitting

#### TMinuit Cartesian Coord Fit:

X-Z: X = 0.472\*Z - 886

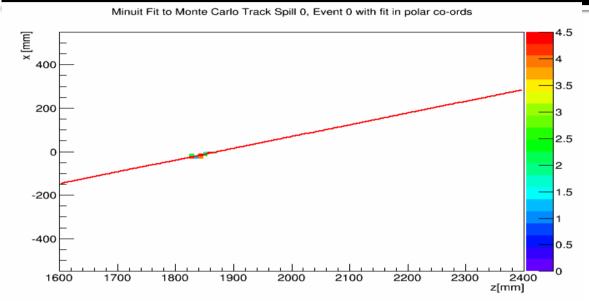


Y-Z:Y=0.308\*Z-5727

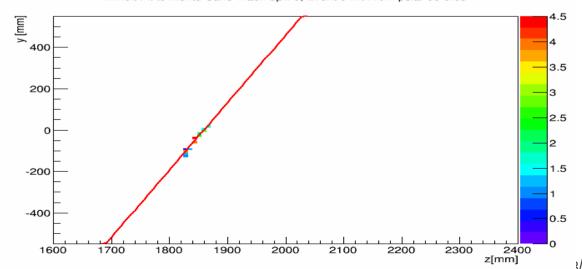


- Need to optimise using MINUIT
- Used Tminuit case in ROOT
- Try to minimise sum of squared distances from the line Gradient = tan(decay angle) however errors when vertical track-> NEED TO PLOT IN POLAR **COORDS**

## Fitting in Polar Coordinates



Minuit Fit to Monte Carlo Track Spill 0, Event 0 with fit in polar co-ords



- Cartesian fit just a test
- Better optimization done by minimizing:

$$\sum \theta_0 - \theta_i$$

- 3 parameters: x\_o, y\_o and theta\_o
- Where:

$$\theta_0 = arctan2(y(x) - y_0, x)$$

$$\theta_i = arctan2(y_i - y_0, x_i - x_0)$$

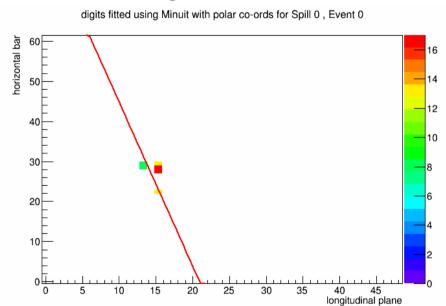
Equation of line :

$$y = tan(\theta_0)(x - x_0) + y_0$$

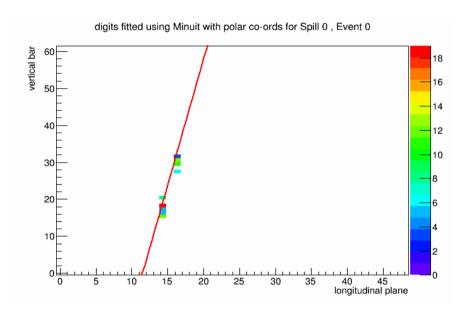
3/14 'Spin Tracking in MAUS'

## Digitization

### X-Z with weight =Time Over Threshold



### Y-Z with weight =Time Over Threshold

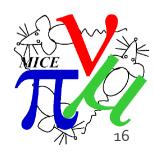


- Process of converting the energy deposited to ADC counts (colours proportional to ADC charge)
- Use bar and plane number instead of distance from start
- Fit parameters limited by efficiency->Needs consideration

What's Next?

### Future Work

- Carry out reconstruction and analysis on EMR Data from 2013
- Look at geometrical effects e.g. how is resolution effected by where muon is in detector and what direction it is travelling in when it decays
- Look at sources of errors e.g. Look at readout effects e.g. cross talk (signal from different bar detected) and mis-cabling
- PID
  - Reject Pions and electrons via TOF2 TOFo time cut
  - Look at mis-ID esp. for pions
- MC of real beamline
- Plan to finish work by end Oct. 2014



Thank You for Listening!

# Any Questions?