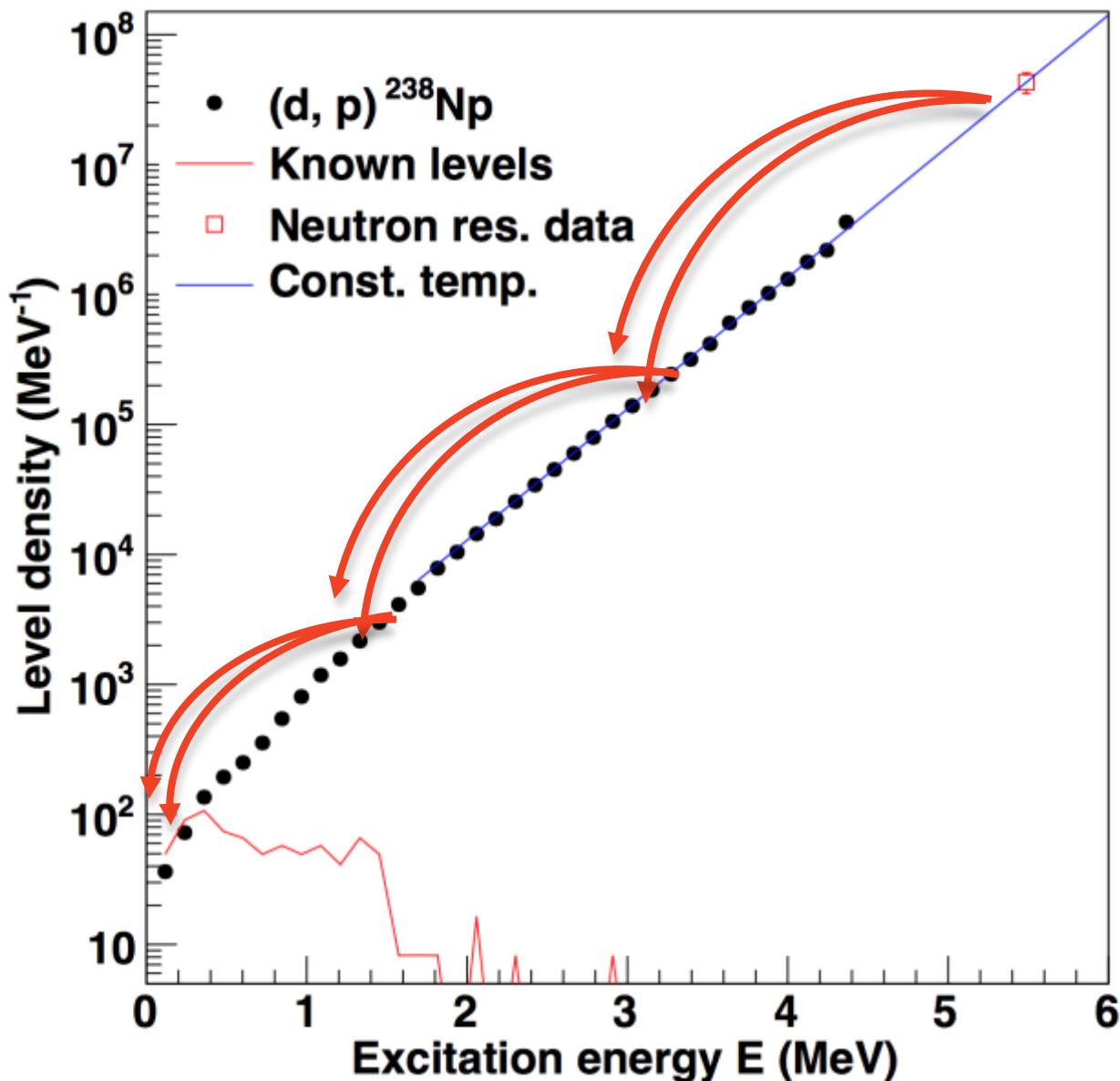
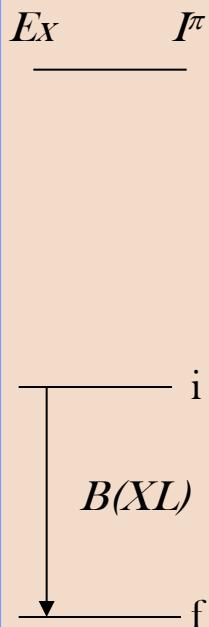


Thermodynamic and electromagnetic properties of nuclei

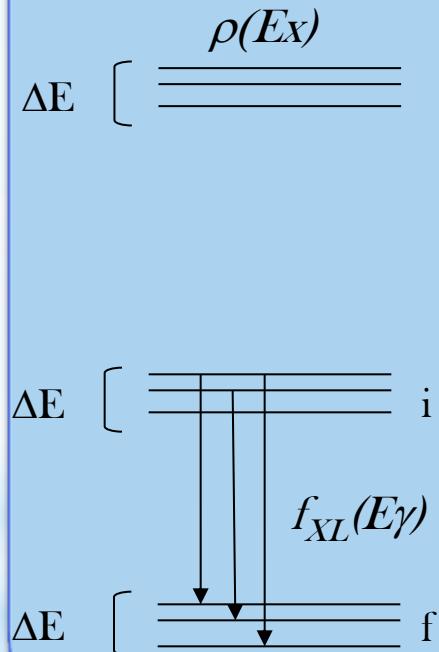
Magne Guttormsen
Department of Physics
University of Oslo, Norway



Discrete



Quasi-continuum



NUCLEAR LEVEL DENSITY (NLD)

Number of levels per MeV

- Nuclear entropy
- Nuclear temperature and heat capacity

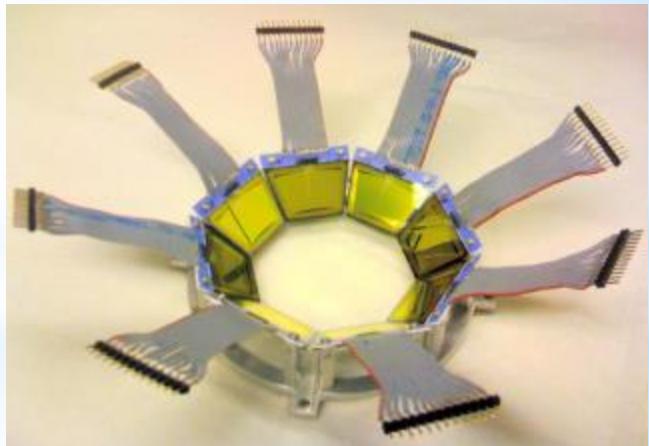
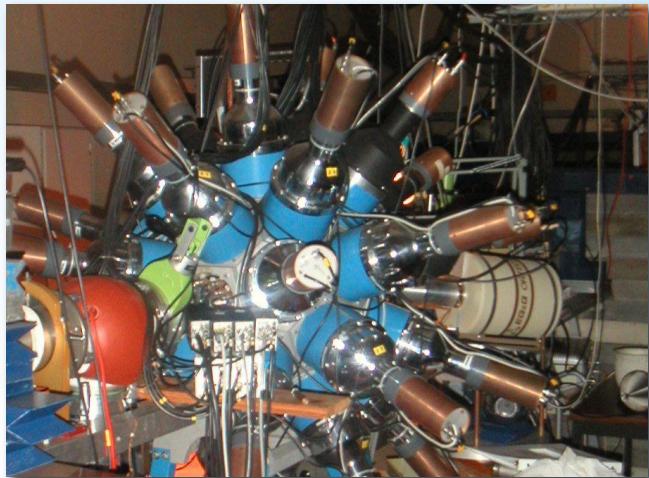
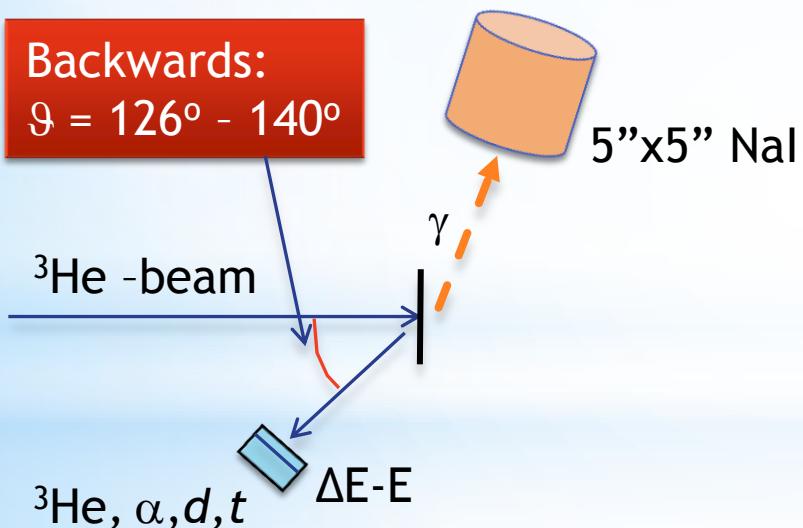
γ -RAY STRENGTH FUNCTION (γ SF)

Average, nuclear electromagnetic response

- Independent on the number of levels
- $f_{XL}(E_g) = E_g^{-(2L+1)} \langle G_{XL}(E_g) \rangle / D$

Th and U experiment at OCL

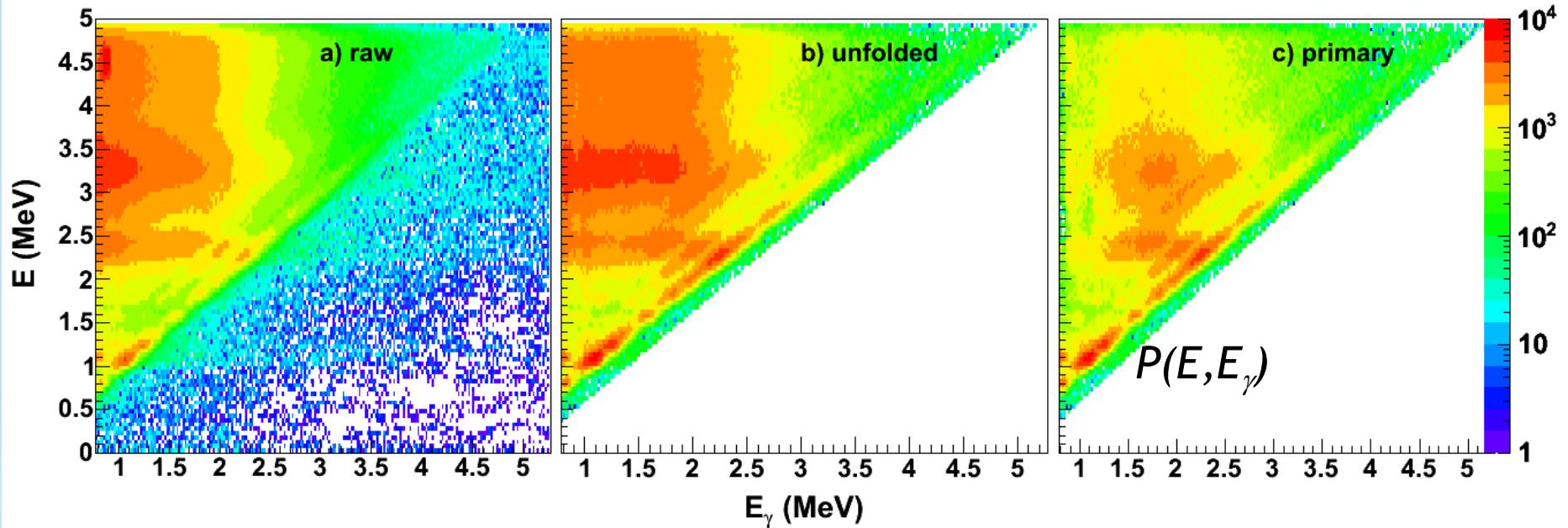
12 MeV d on ^{232}Th
24 MeV ^3He on ^{232}Th
15 MeV d on ^{238}U



M.Guttormsen, A.Bürger, T.E.Hansen, N.Lietaer,
NIM A648(2011)168

The Oslo method

Simultaneous extraction of NLD and γ SF



Oslo method:

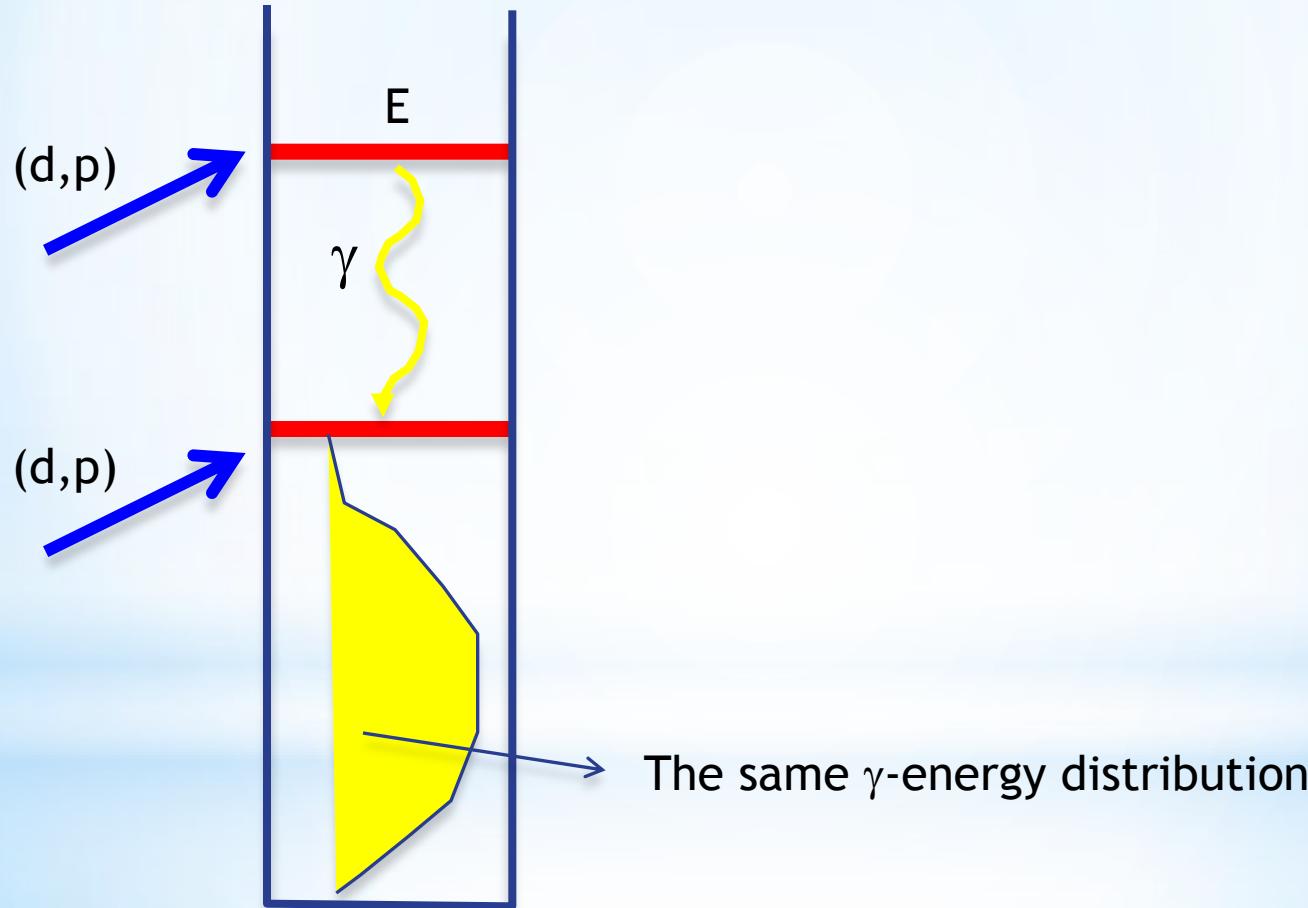
M. Guttormsen et al., NIM A374 (1996) 371

M. Guttormsen et al., NIM A255 (1987) 518

A. Schiller et al., NIM A447 (2000) 498

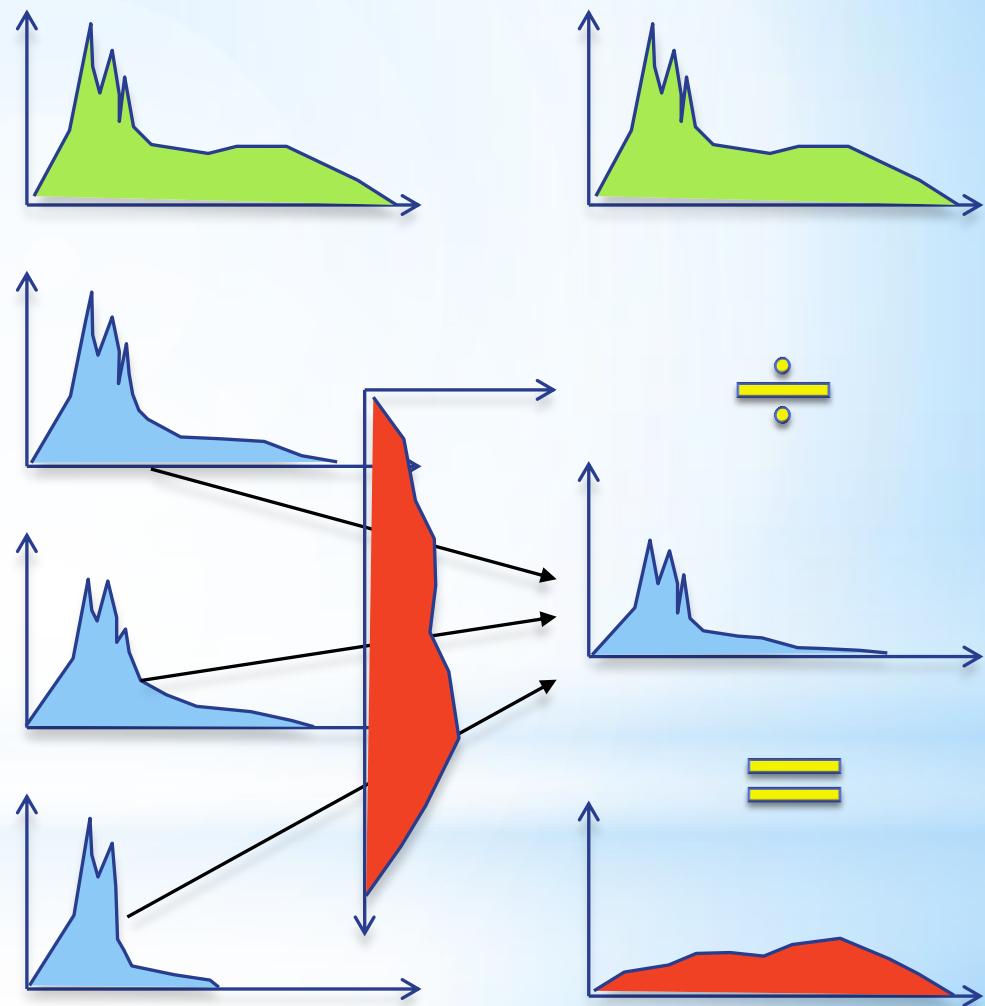
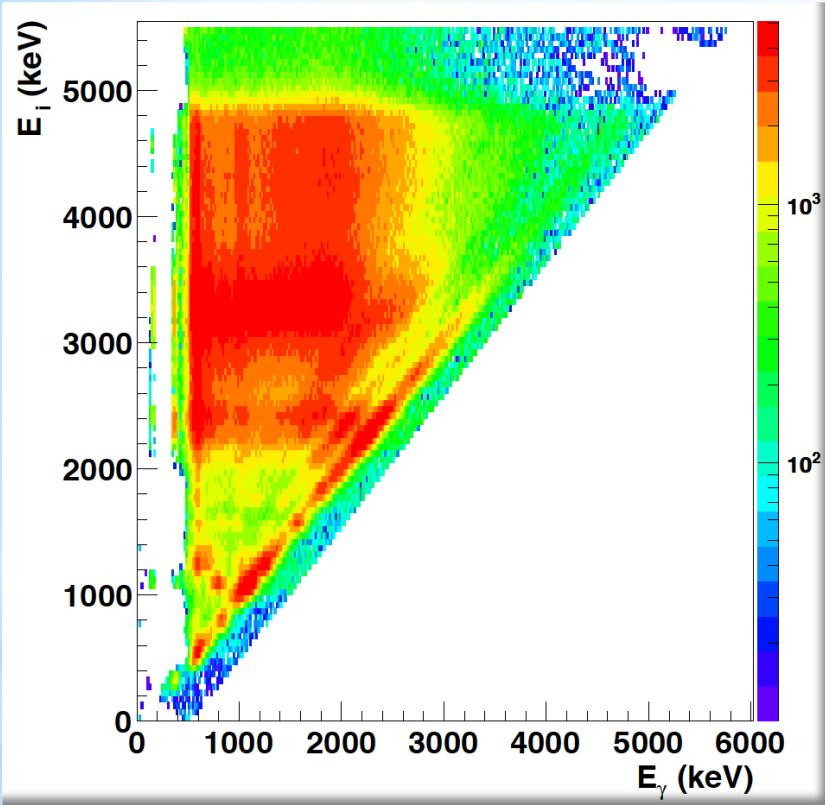
A.C. Larsen et al., Phys. Rev. C 83, 034315 (2011)

Assumption for the extraction of primary γ -spectra

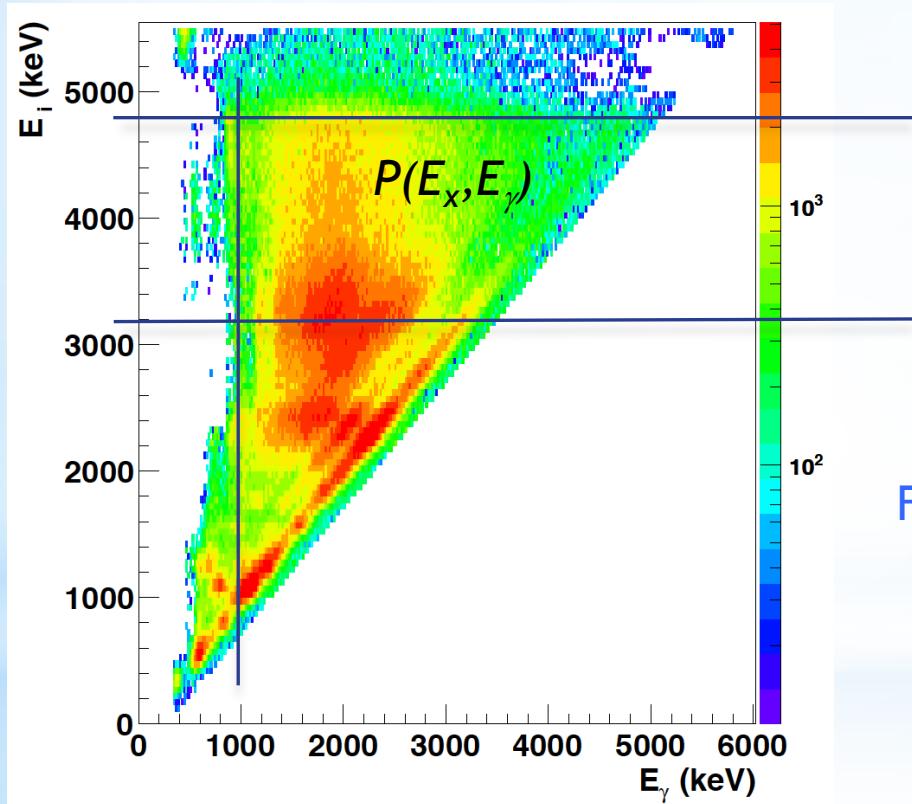


From total to primary γ -ray matrix

$^{232}\text{Th}(d,p) ^{233}\text{Th}$



Primary γ -ray matrix

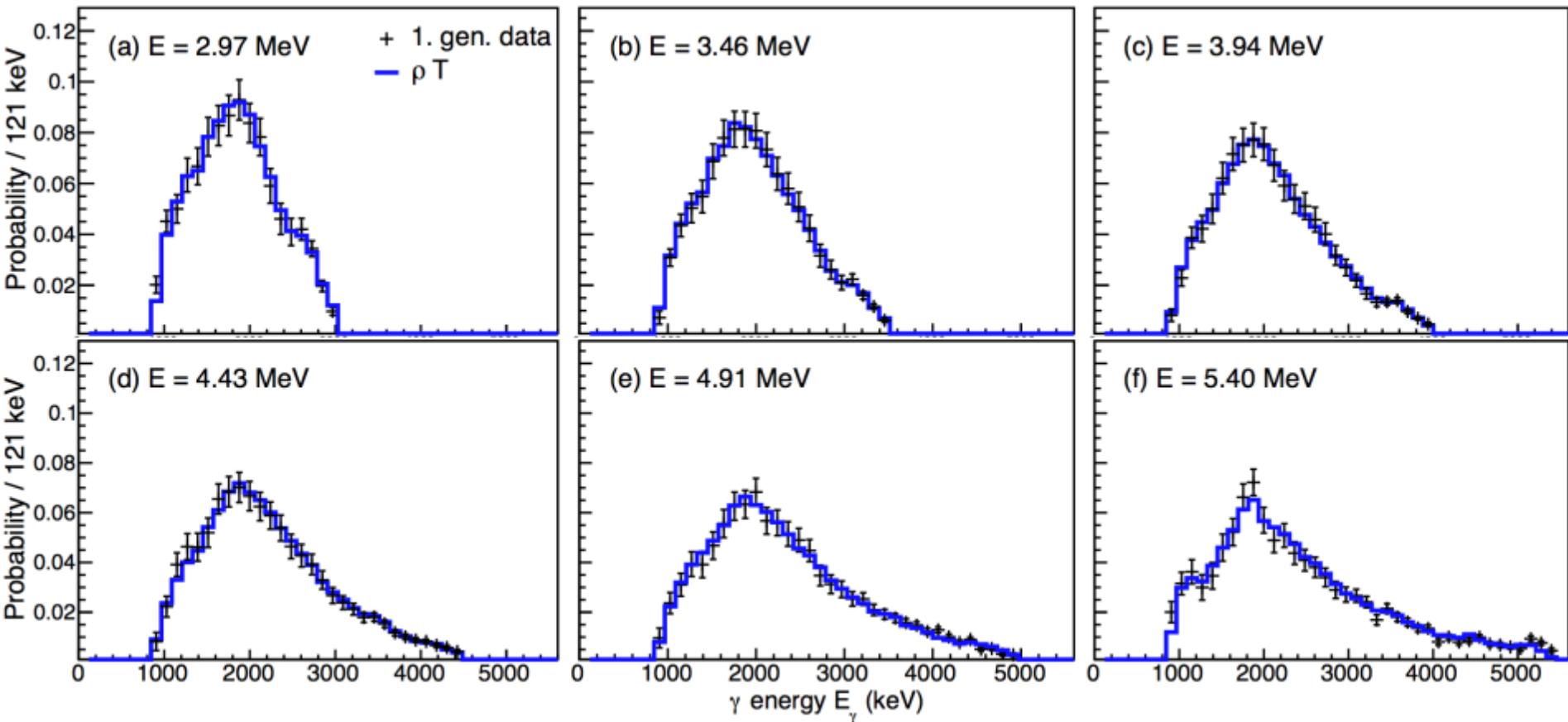


$P(E_x, E_\gamma)$

Level density
 $\rho(E_f)$
Fermi's golden rule

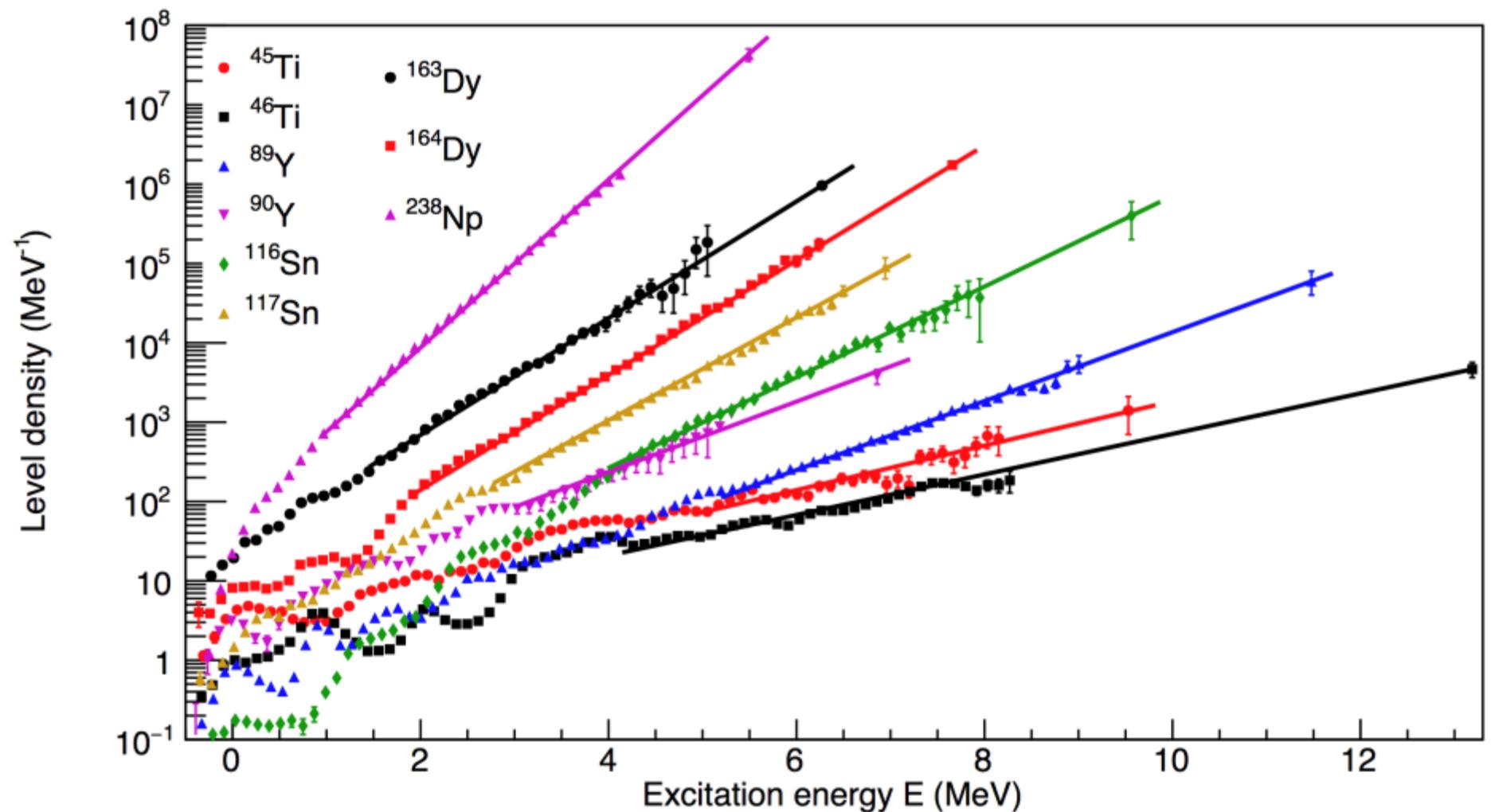
Trans. coeff.
 $T(E_\gamma)$
Brink hypothesis

$$P(E, E_\gamma) = \rho(E_f) \cdot T(E_\gamma) ?$$

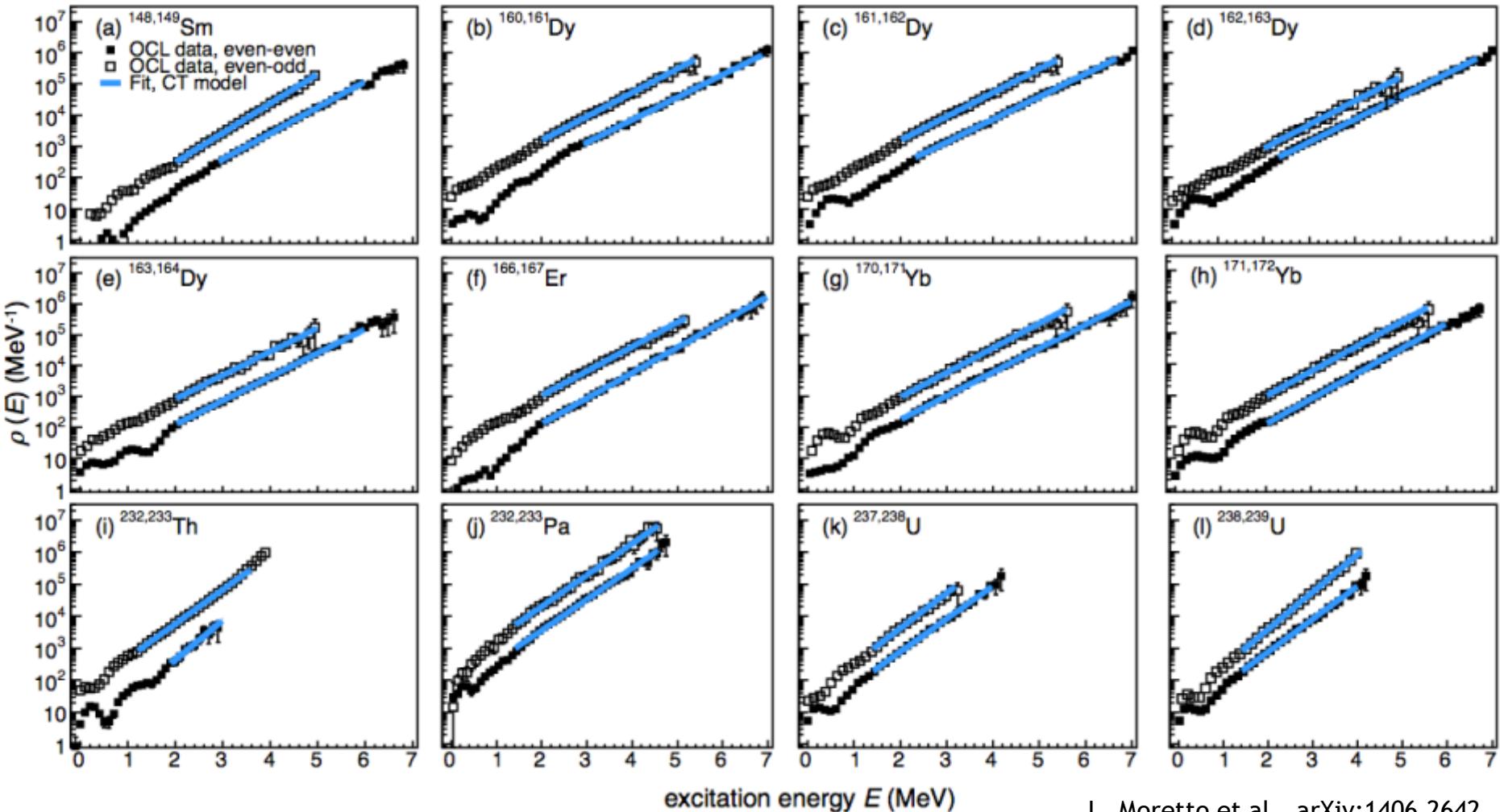


Thermodynamics

Constant-temperature level densities



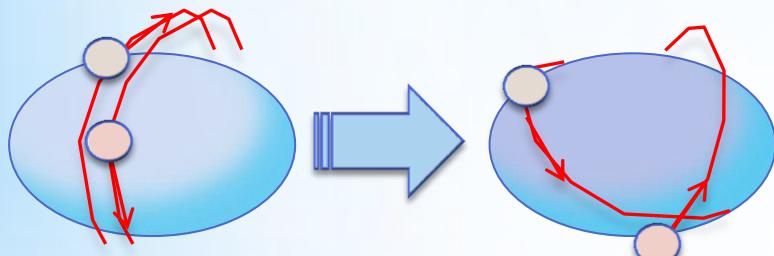
Constant-temperature level densities



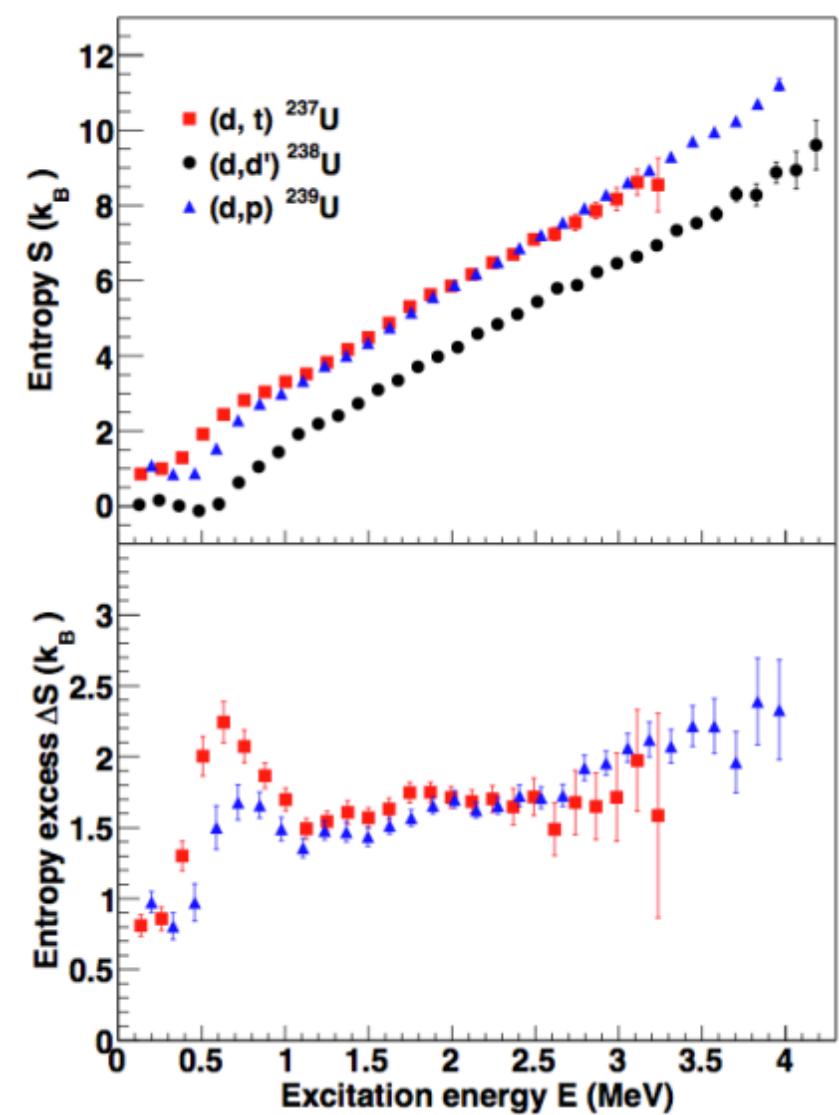
L. Moretto et al., arXiv:1406.2642

Level density and entropy

$$S(E) = k_B \ln \mathbb{W}(E) \propto \ln r(E)$$



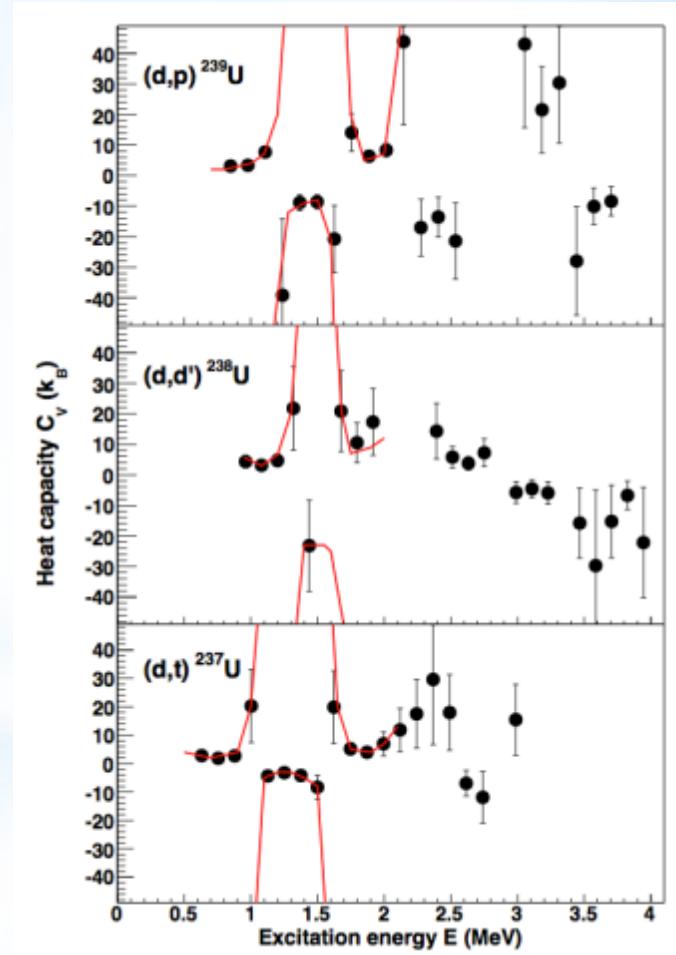
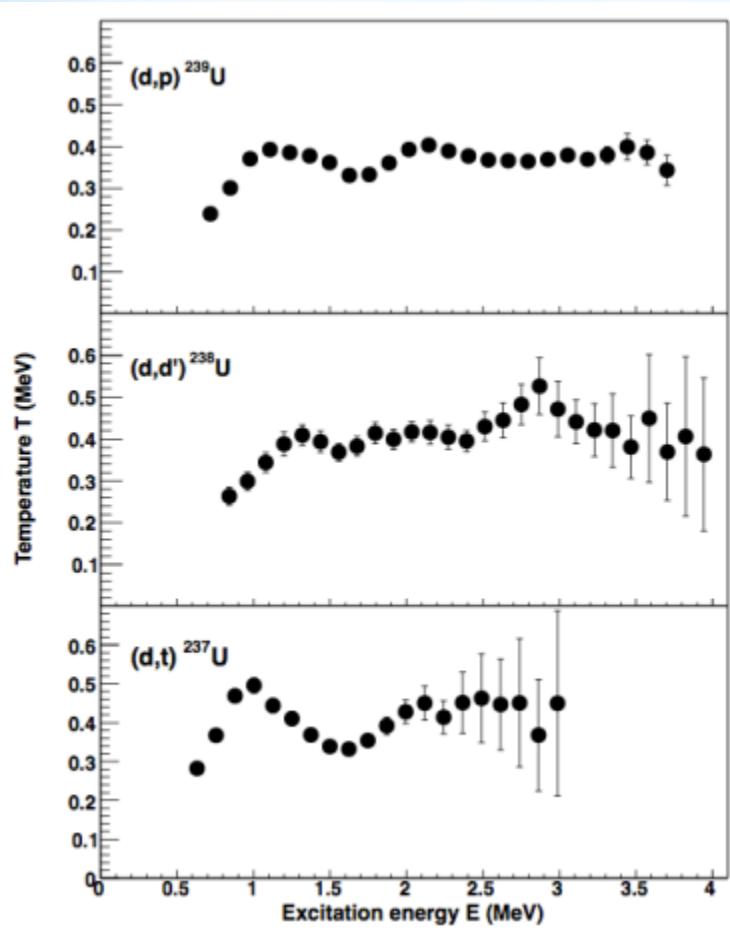
M. Guttormsen et al., PRC 88, 024307 (2013)



Temperature and heat capacity

$$T(E) = (\nabla S / \nabla E)^{-1}$$

$$C_V(E) = (\nabla T / \nabla E)^{-1}$$



γ -ray strength functions

$$f(E_g) = \frac{1}{2\rho} \frac{T(E_g)}{E_g^3}$$

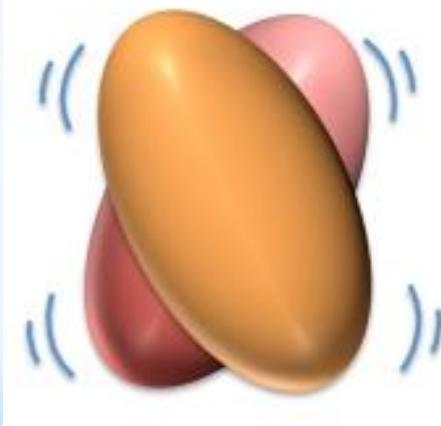
The scissors resonance

M1 scissors resonance mode

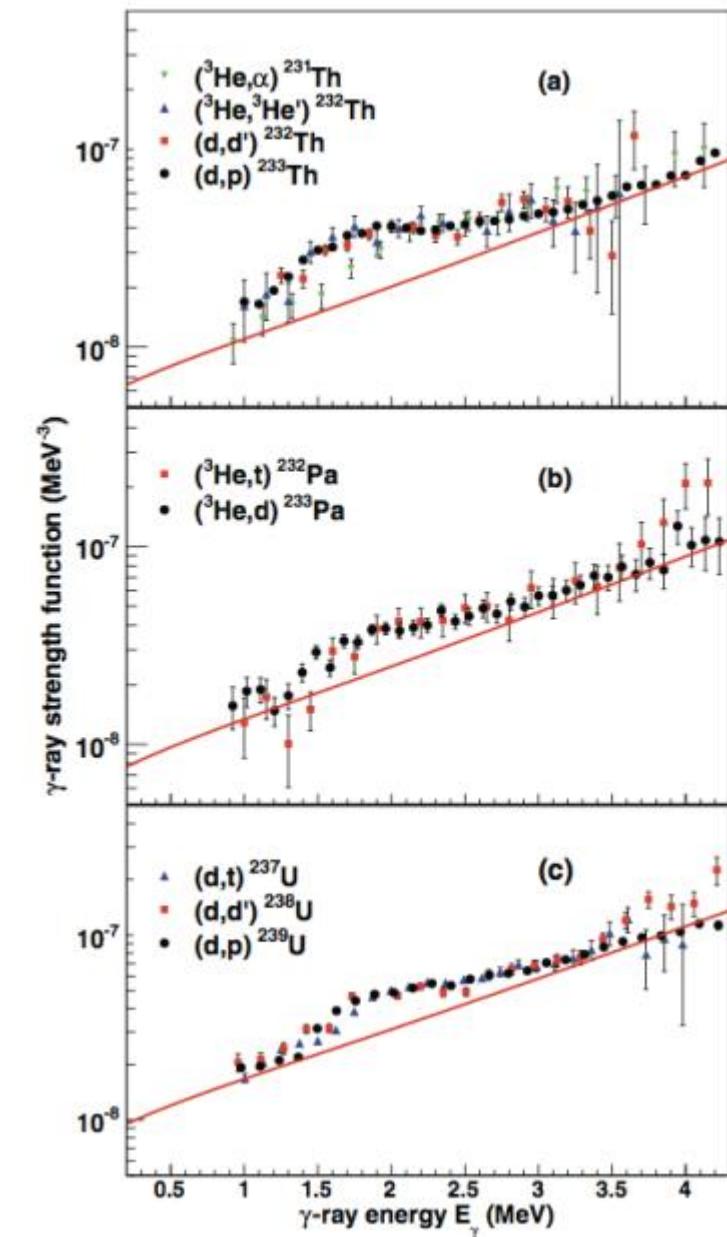
K. Heyde et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. **82**, 2365 (2010)

Sum rules: Enders et al., PRC **71**, 014316 (2005)

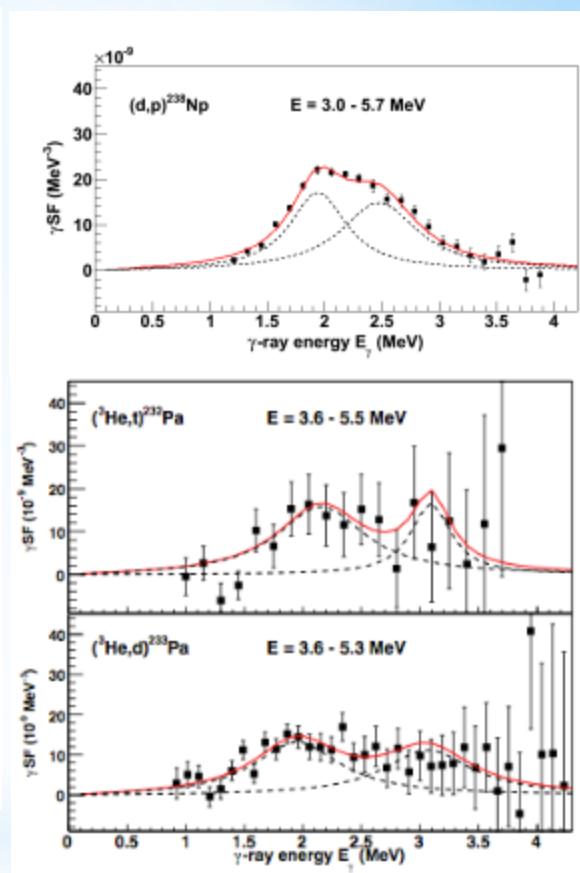
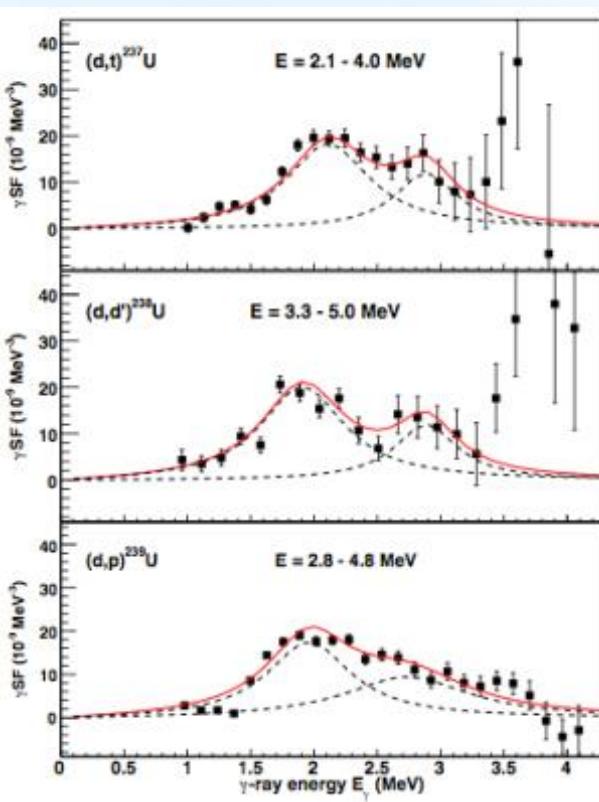
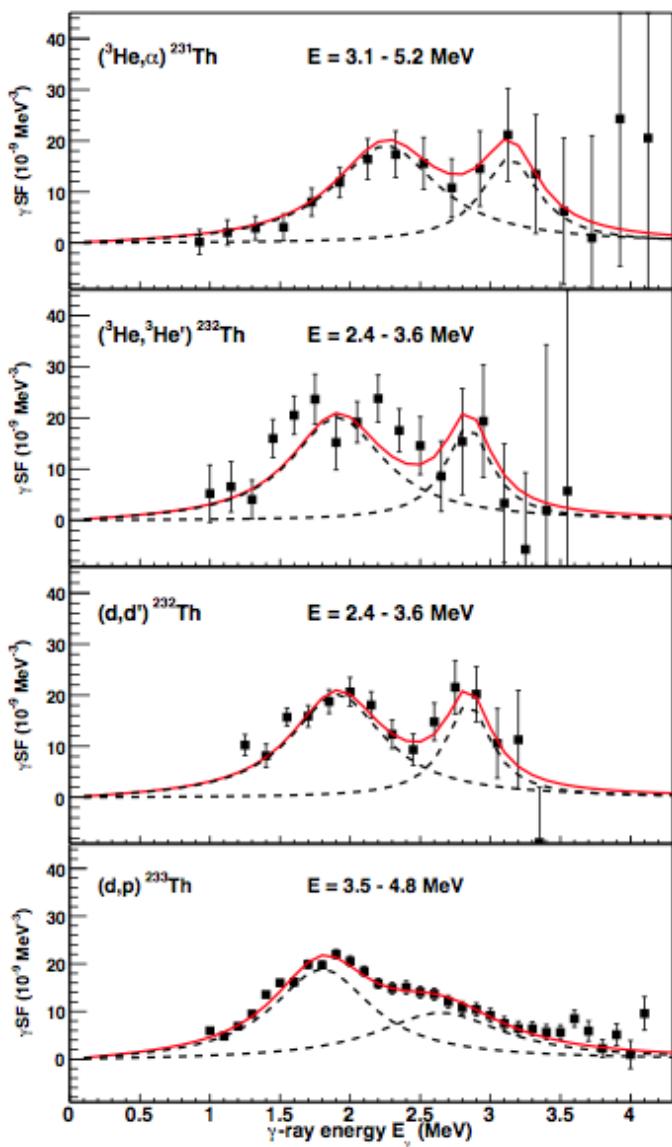
Strength and centroid depend on deformation



Guttormsen et al., PRC **89**, 014302 (2014)
Guttormsen et al., PRL 109, 162503 (2012)



Scissors resonance, $B(M1) = 8\text{-}11 \mu_N^2$

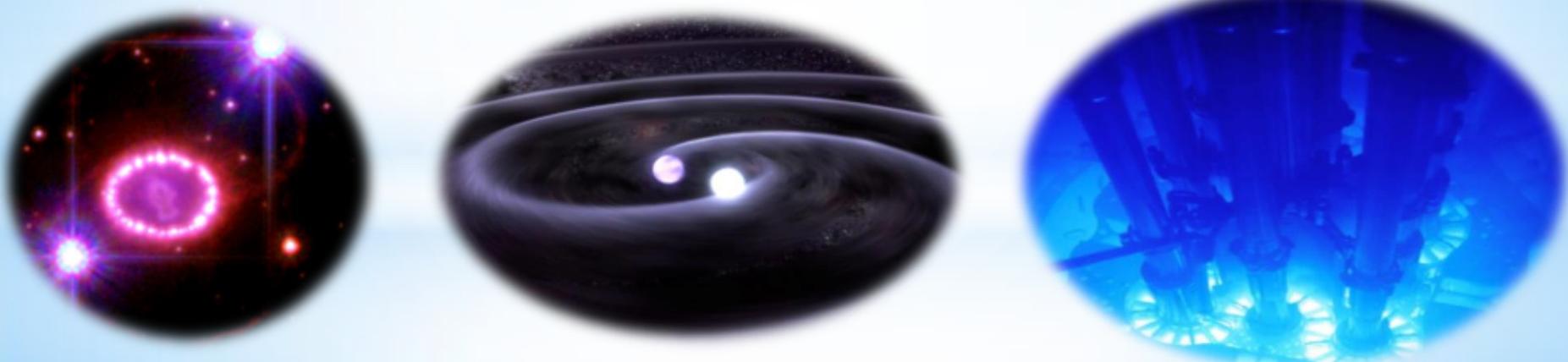
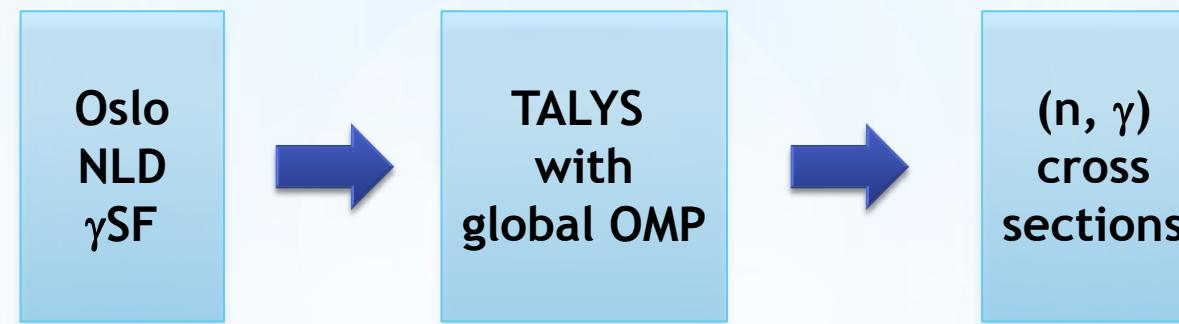


Theory: Orbital and spin scissors
E. B. Balbutsev, I. V. Molodtsova,
and P. Schuck,

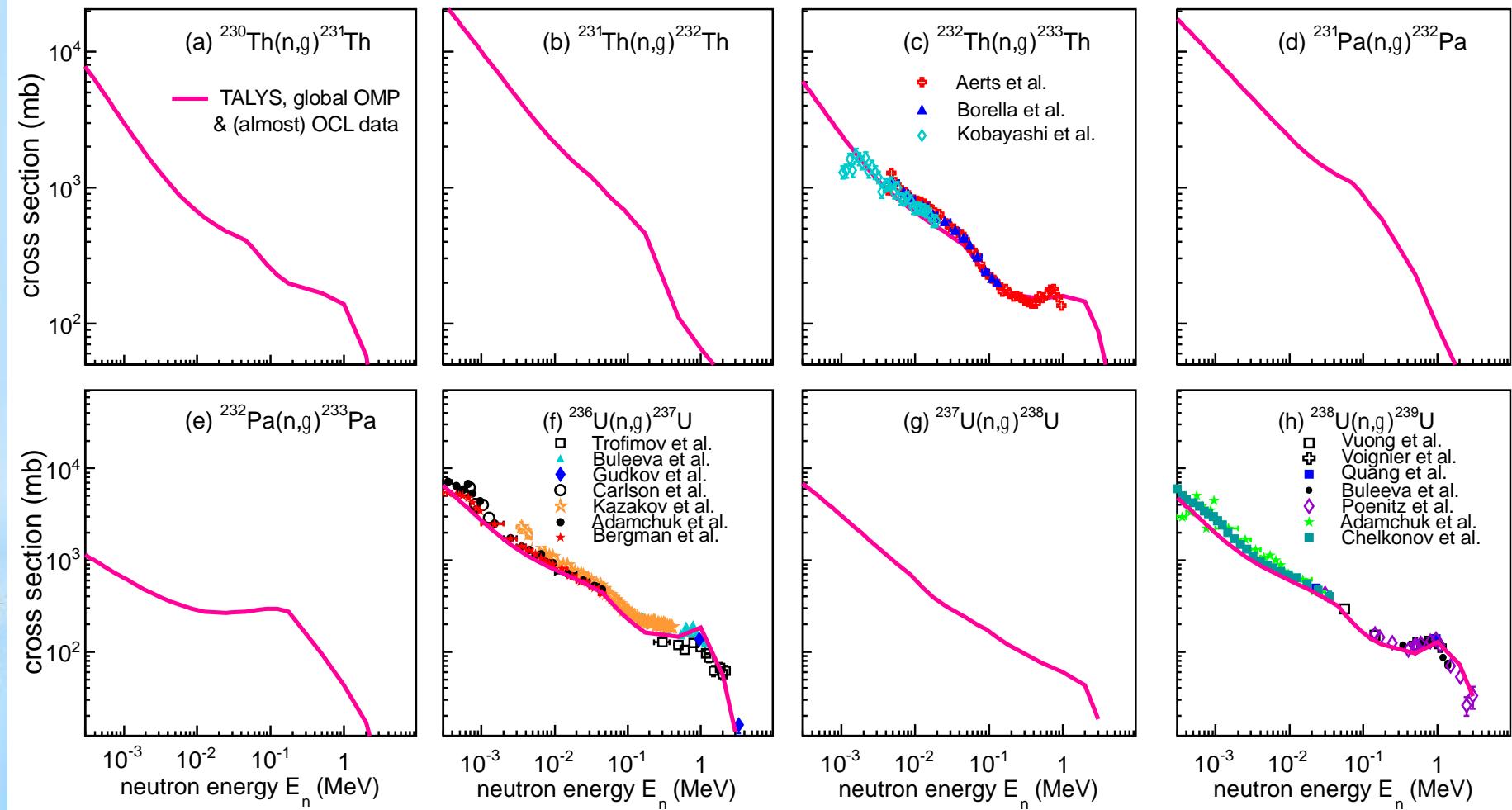
Phys. Rev. C 91, 064312 (2015)

Applications

Astrophysics, nuclear energy and radioactive waste

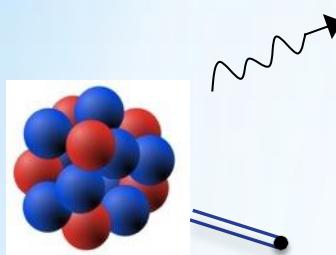


(n, γ) cross sections



Recent achievement and outlook

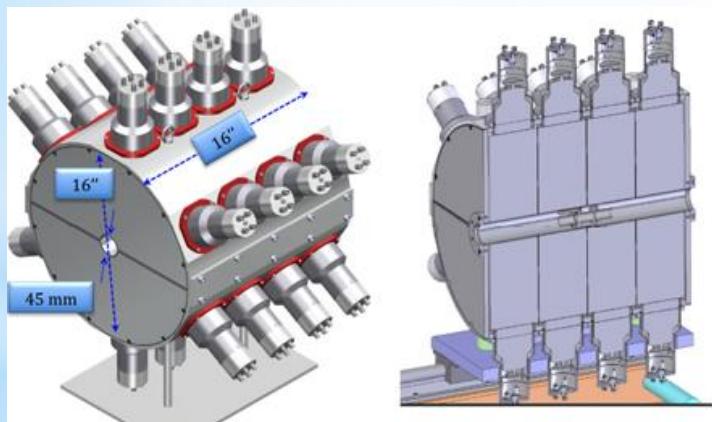
The new β -Oslo method @ NSCL/MSU



- Implant a neutron-rich nucleus in a total-absorption spectrometer
- Measure β in coincidence with γ 's from the daughter nucleus

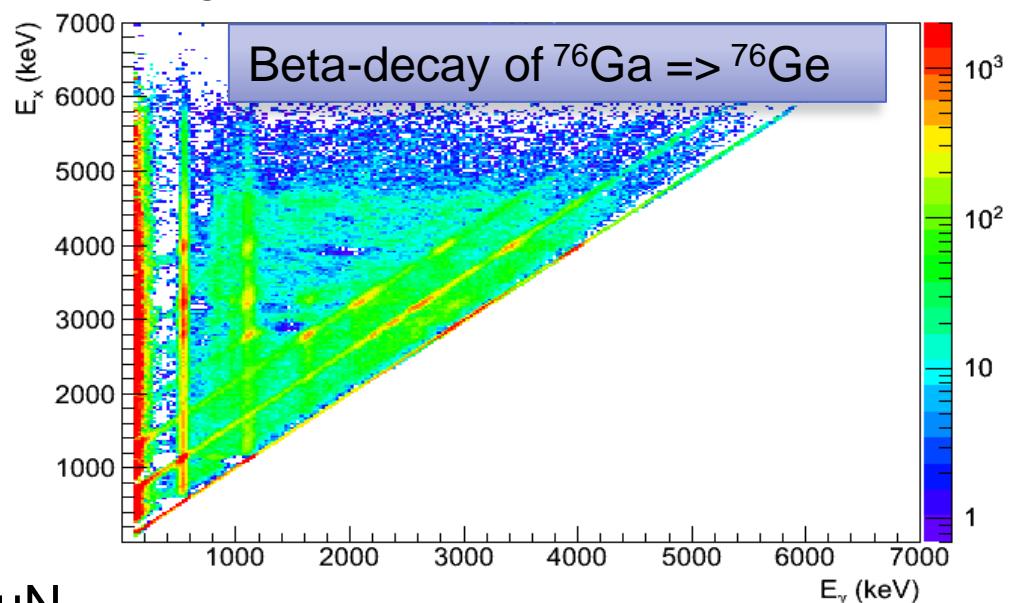
^{76}Ge primary beam, 130 MeV/nucleon on Be target

^{76}Ga : $T_{1/2} = 32.6\text{s}$; $Q_\beta = 6.916 \text{ MeV}$



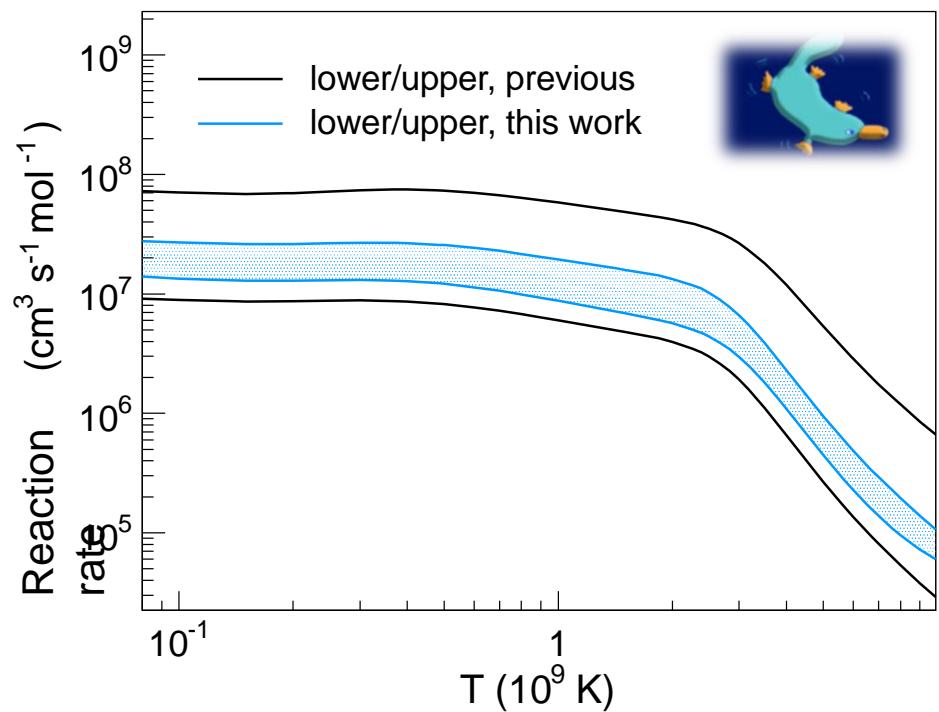
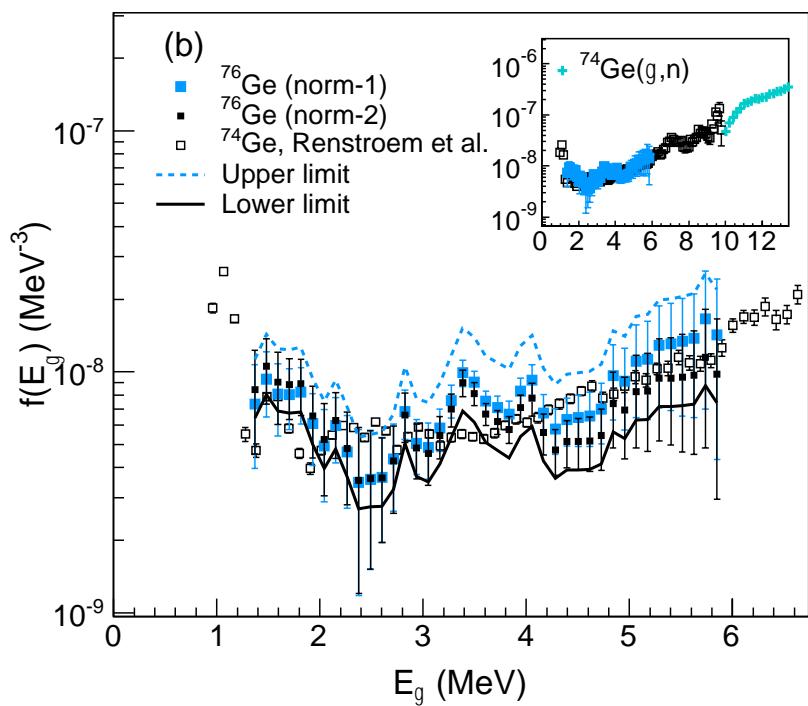
Total absorption spectrometer SuN

A. Simon et al, NIM A 703, 16 (2013)



A. Spyrou, et al.,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **113**, 232502 (2014)

(n, γ) reaction rates with β -Oslo method

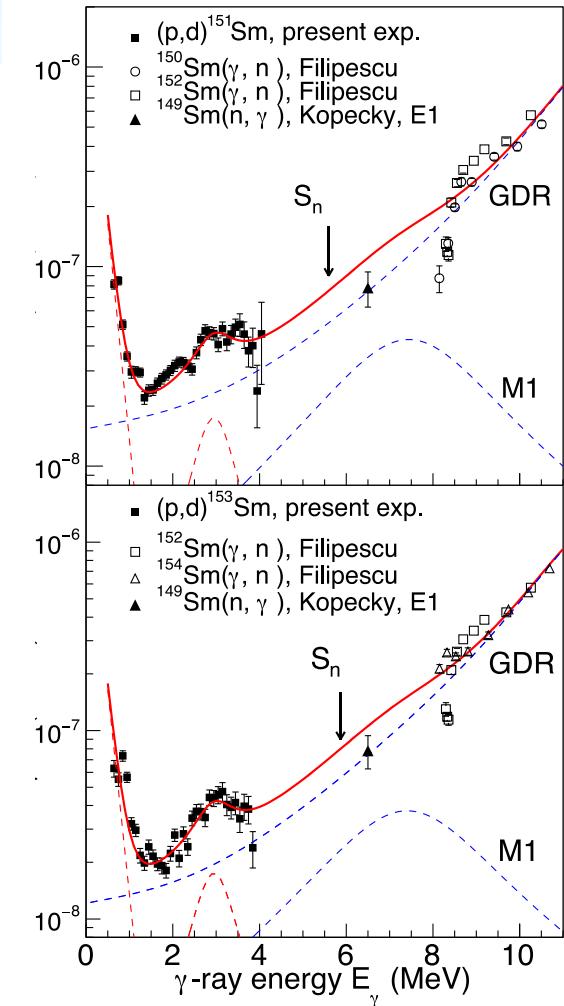
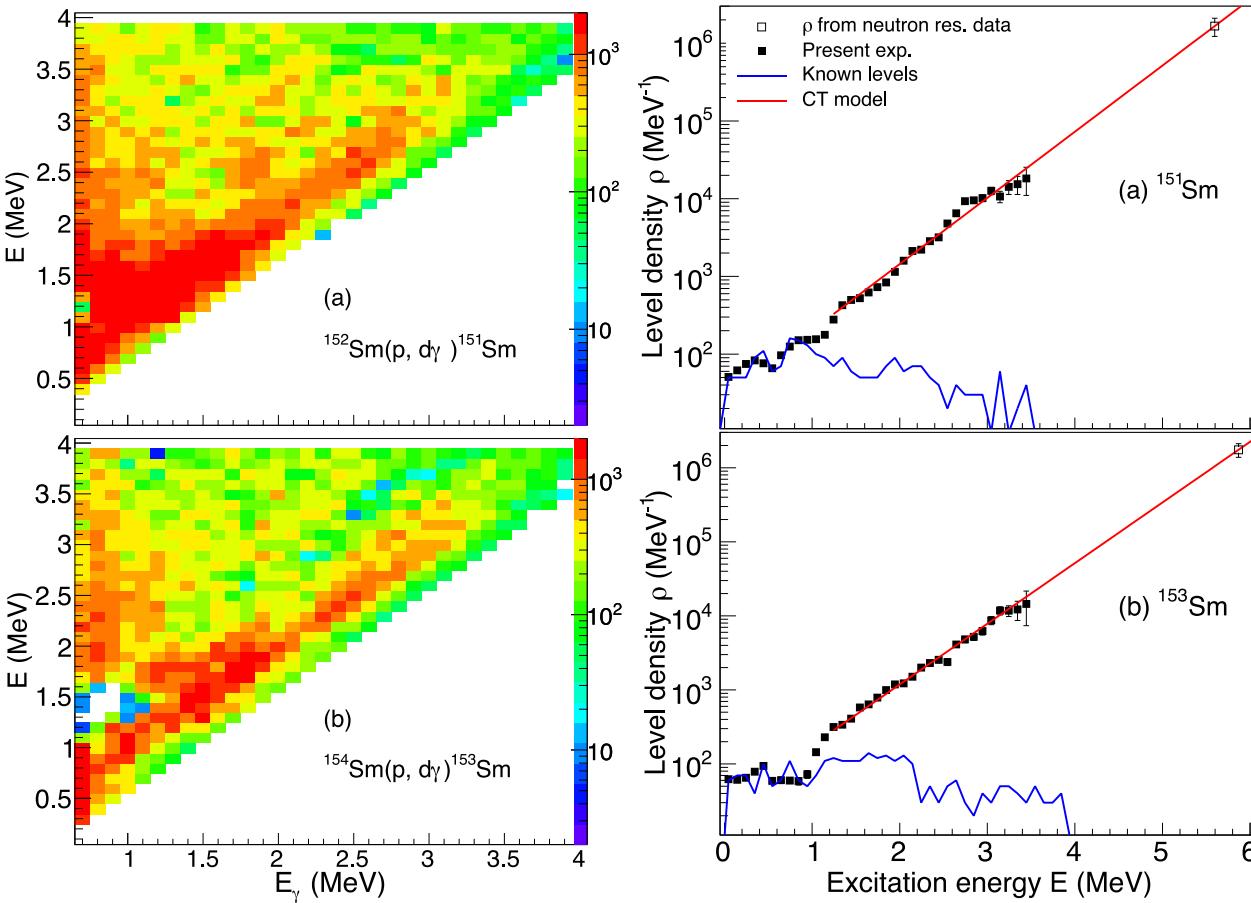


A. Spyrou et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **113**, 232502 (2014)

Low-energy γ -enhancement in rare-earth nuclei

A. Simon et al.,
 STARLiTER Clover detectors,
 25 MeV (p, d) reaction, Cyclotron Institute of Texas A&M University

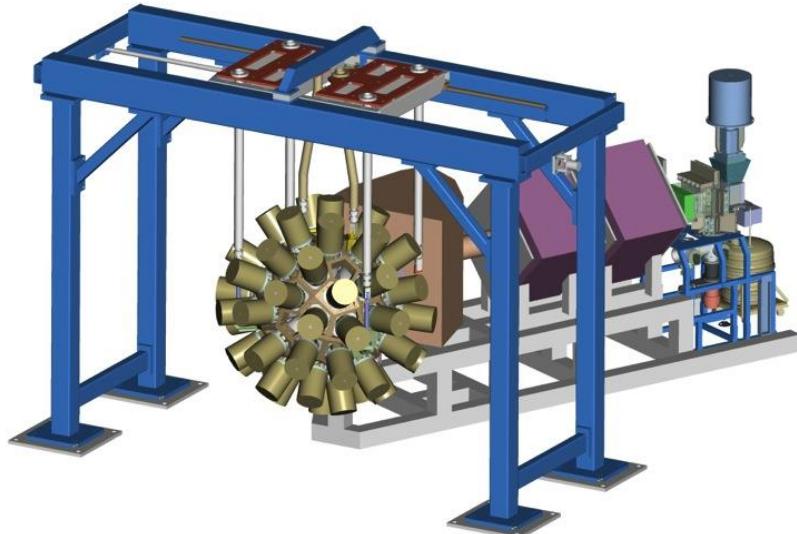
PRELIMINARY!!!



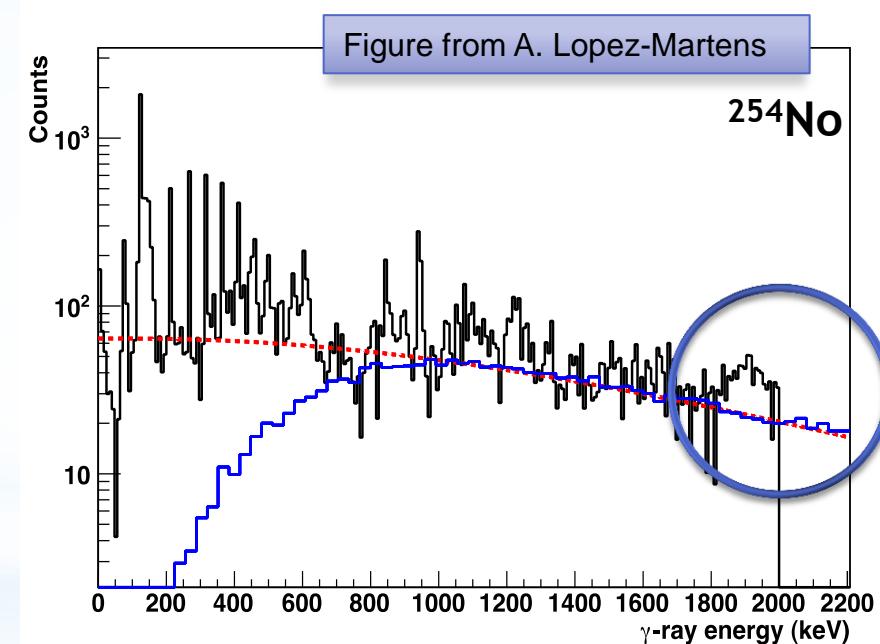
Scissors resonance in superheavy nuclei?

Proposal approved @ JYFL – JR137:
“Search for the M1 Scissors Mode in ^{254}No ”

Fusion-evaporation reaction



JUROGAM2-RITU-GREAT
spectrometers @ JYFL



Blue: statistical E1, simulations [T. Lauritsen, private comm.]
Red: statistical E1, fit [S. Leoni et al., PLB **409**, 71 (1997)]

Summary

NLD

- Constant-temperature level densities
- Total entropy S and single-particle entropy ΔS
- Nuclear temperature T and heat capacity C_V

γ SF

- Scissors strength of $B(M1) \approx 8 - 11 \mu_N^{-2}$ at $E_\gamma \approx 2$ MeV
- Splits into two components

Applications

- γ SF + NLD predict accurate (n,γ) cross sections

Outlook

- Far from stability, new detectors and methods
- Funding for 30 3.5x8" LaBr₃ in CACTUS

A great working team!

M. Aiche, F.L. Bello Garrote, L.A. Bernstein, D. Bleuel, Y. Byun, Q. Ducasse, T.K. Eriksen, F. Giacoppo, A. Görgen, F. Gunsing, T.W. Hagen, B. Jurado, S.N. Liddick, M. Klintefjord, A.C. Larsen, L. Lebois, F. Naqvi, H.T. Nyhus, G. Perdikakis, T. Renstrøm, S.J. Rose, E. Sahin, A. Simon, A. Spyrou, S. Siem, T.G. Tornyi, G.M. Tveten, A. Voinov, M. Wiedeking and J.N. Wilson

University of Oslo, CENBG Gradignan, LLNL, Ohio University, IPN Orsay, CEA Saclay,
iThemba LABS, NSCL/MSU, University of Notre Dame

