



Beam-beam effects for round and flat optics: DA simulations

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Acknowledgement: R.DeMaria, M.Giovannozzi, lhc@home team



High
Luminosity
LHC



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SixTrack

Possible Scenarios :

Baseline1 : Luminosity of $5e34$

- Round optics: 70cm \rightarrow to 10cm β^*
- Full crab crossing in IP1 and IP5
- Leveling luminosity with β^* in IP1, IP5.
- Adding contribution of IP8 and IP2
- Minimum crossing angle/Maximum Intensity

Flat Optics

- From round to flat optics (40/40 down to 30/7.5 cm)
 - No crab crossing
- Leveling luminosity with β^* in IP1, IP5.

Baseline2 : Luminosity of $7.5e34$

- Round optics: 33cm \rightarrow to 10cm β^*
- Full crab crossing in IP1 and IP5
- Leveling luminosity with β^* in IP1 & IP5
- Adding contribution of IP8 and IP2

Extreme Case: no β^* leveling

- 15cm β^* Round optics
 - No β^* leveling
- Nominal crossing angle 590 μ rad IP1&5

BB expected Effects for Possible Scenarios

Baseline1 : Luminosity of $5e34$

Head-on strong $\Delta Q = \max 0.033$ to $\rightarrow 0.01$
Long Range:
IP1&5 From $26\sigma \rightarrow 12.5\sigma$ (Int $2.2e11 \rightarrow 1.1e11$)
IP8 2 LR at 5s (others $> 20\sigma$)
IP2 all $> 30\sigma$

Baseline2: Luminosity of $7.5e34$

Head-on strong $\Delta Q = \max 0.033$ to $\rightarrow 0.01$
Long Range:
IP1&5 From $18\sigma \rightarrow 12.5\sigma$ (Int $2.2e11 \rightarrow 1.5e11$)
IP8 2 LR at 5s (others $> 20\sigma$)
IP2 all $> 30\sigma$

Flat Optics

Moderate HO

From round \rightarrow flat ($40/40 \rightarrow 30/7.5$ cm β^*)

Leveling luminosity with β^* in IP1, IP5.
 \rightarrow R. Tomas talk "Alternative scenarios"

Extreme Case: no β^* leveling

Head-on strong $\Delta Q = \max 0.033$ to $\rightarrow 0.01$
Long Range: strongest
 \rightarrow IP1&5 at 12.5σ at Int $2.2e11$

GOALS:

Ensure that a 6σ DA and define constrains:

- Minimum crossing angle acceptable
- Intensity limits
- IPs contribution
- Multipolar errors effect
- Other parameters that could reduce performances

Explore the parameter range:

- round optics (10,15,33,40 cm)
- flat optics (30cm/7.5cm, 40/10,40/20,40/30,40/40)
- 4D/6D BB lens
- X-angle scan from 190 \rightarrow 790 μ rad
- Normalized Emittance = 2.5 μ m
- Initial amplitude from 0 \rightarrow 12 σ
- Beam intensity from 0.9E11 \rightarrow 3.0E11 ppb
- 17 angle in xy plane (every 5 deg)
- w & w/o multipolar errors
- w & w/o Crab Crossing
- 2 Ips
- IP8 contribution
- single multipolar error family contribution
- HLLHCV1.0 and SLHCV3.1b optics

To be done:

- IP2 not in the picture yet but marginal effects ($d_{sep} > 30\sigma$)



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Close to 10M jobs to cover all possible cases!
It's impossible to run such number of jobs on CERN Isf:
BOINC is the only way to go! **EPFL** is proud sponsor of the
LHC@Home project on BOINC platform!

We are at present :

- Testing existing and developing new features
- Extensive use (more than 30M jobs up to now...)
- Forum administrator and moderator

<http://lhcatomeclassic.cern.ch/sixtrack/>

<http://lhcatome.web.cern.ch>

Thanks to LHC@Home Team for
the support (E.McIntosh,
R.Demaria, I.Zacharov, N. Hømyr
et al.)
and to CERN-IT team.

The screenshot shows the LHC@Home website interface. At the top, there is a header with the LHC@Home logo and a description: "LHC@home is a platform for volunteers to help physicists develop and exploit particle accelerators like CERN's Large Hadron Collider, and to compare theory with experiment in the search for new fundamental particles. By contributing spare processing capacity on their home and laptop computers, volunteers may run simulations of beam dynamics and particle collisions in the LHC's giant detectors." Below this, there are two project sections: "The Sixtrack project" (Help us to study the LHC machine and its upgrade to understand the fundamental laws of the universe) and "The Test4Theory project" (Help us to do research about the elusive Higgs particle with our virtual atom smasher). To the right of these sections is a visualization of particle collisions. At the bottom, there is a "Project Partners" section with logos for CERN, citizen cyberscience centre, EPFL, and LPCC. The footer contains copyright information: "Copyright CERN, 2013 -- European Organization for Nuclear Research With the support of the Citizen Cyberscience Centre and the LHC Physics Centre at CERN" and navigation links for "Login Contact us" and "Drupal".

Round optics IP1 (ATLAS) and IP5 (CMS) main drivers:

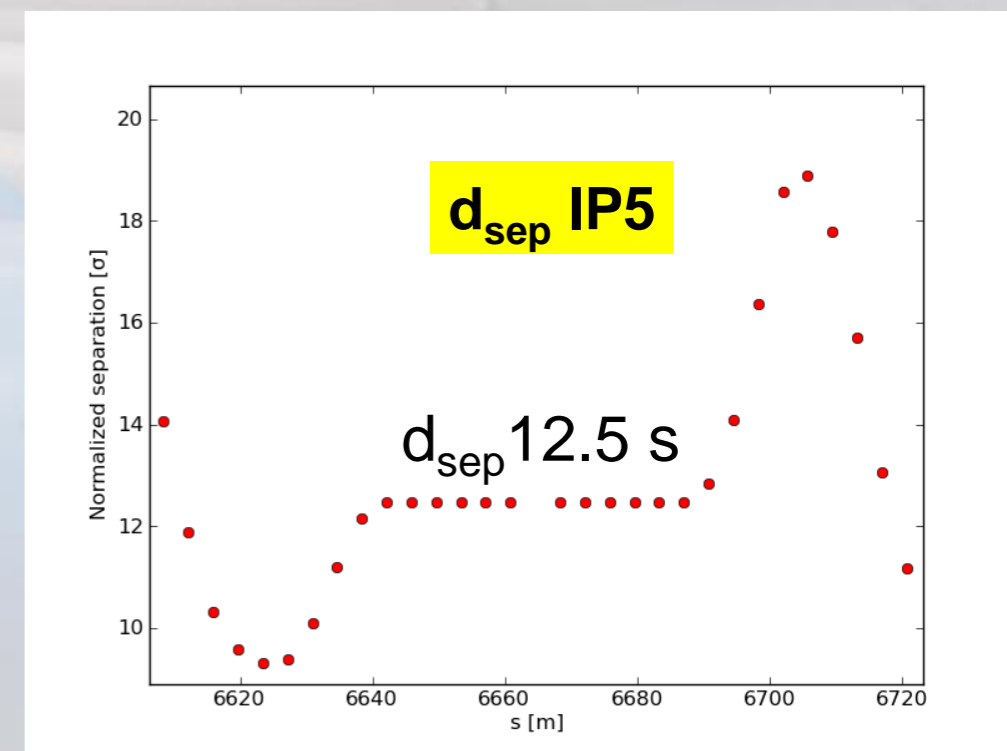
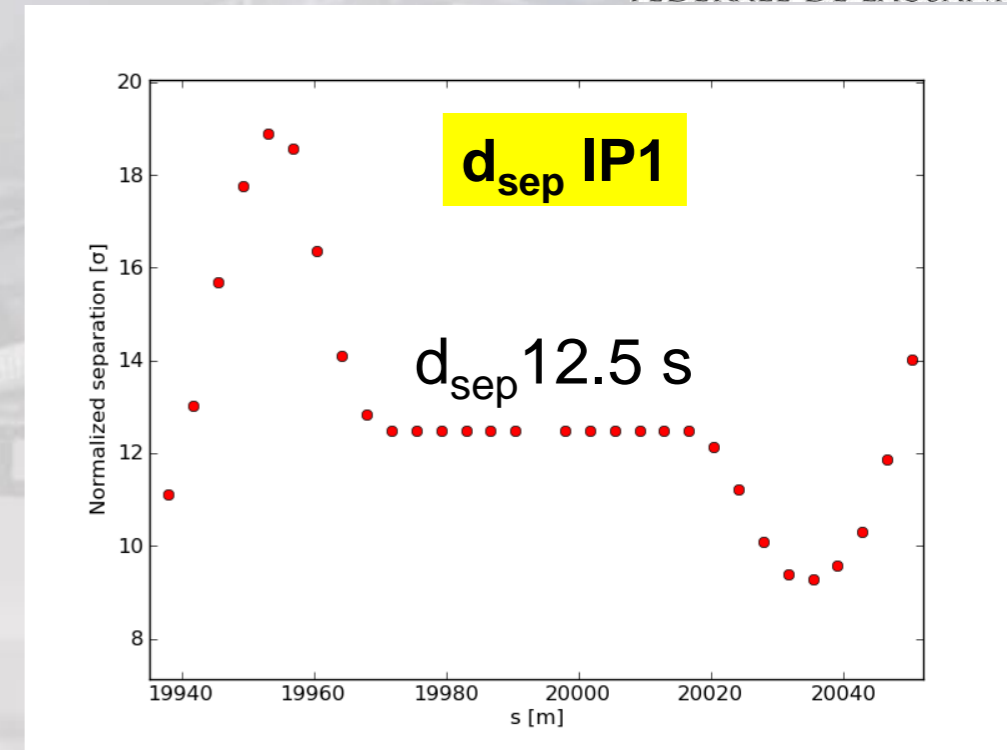
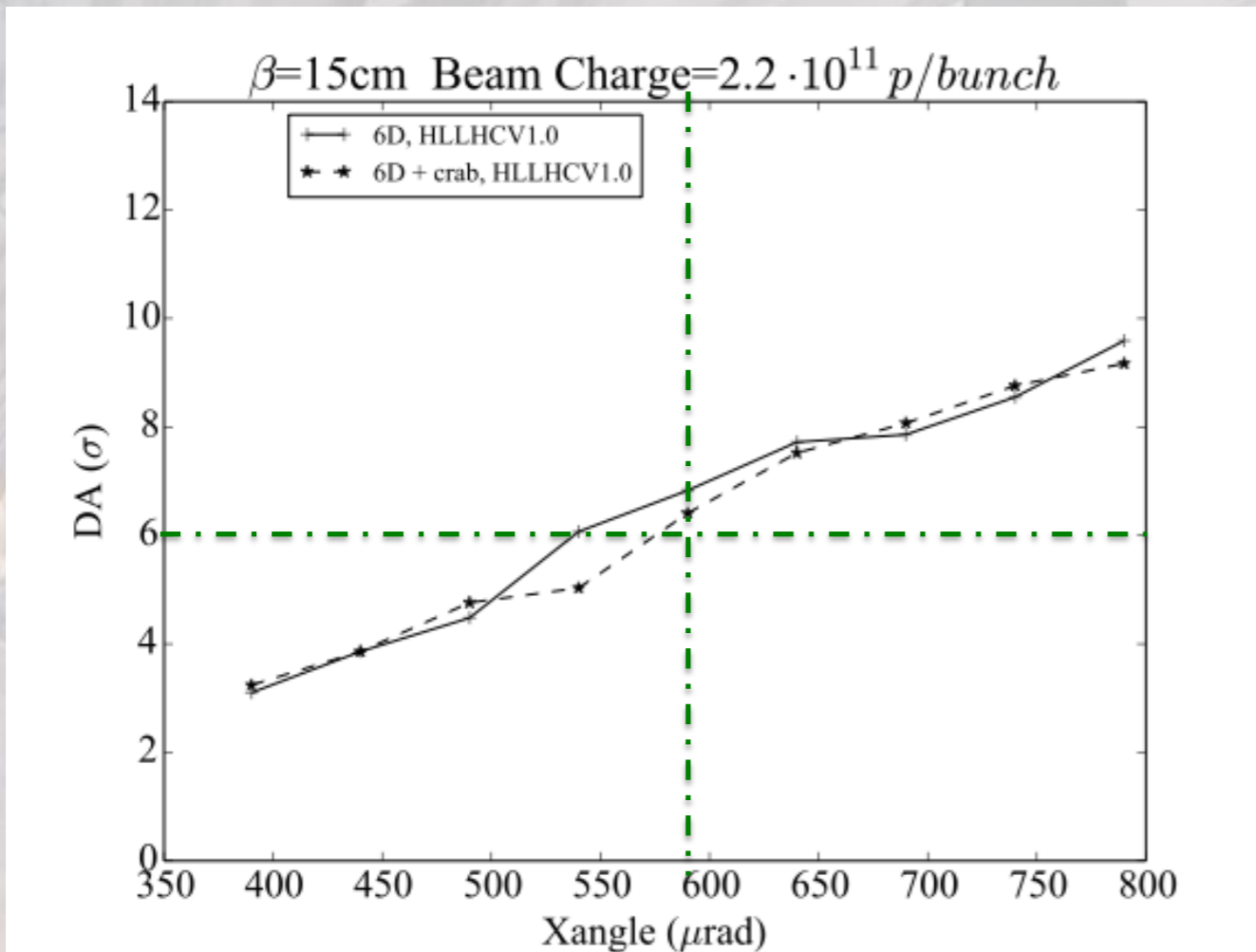
- Crossing angle scans
- Intensity scans
- Effect of crab crossing
- Impact of multipolar errors
- Impact of IP8 (LHCb)
- Summary of $5e34$ and $7.5e34$ Lumi scenarios

Flat optics:

- Crossing angle scans
- Intensity scans
- Multipolar Errors
- Possible use → R. Tomas talk

Summary and Future work

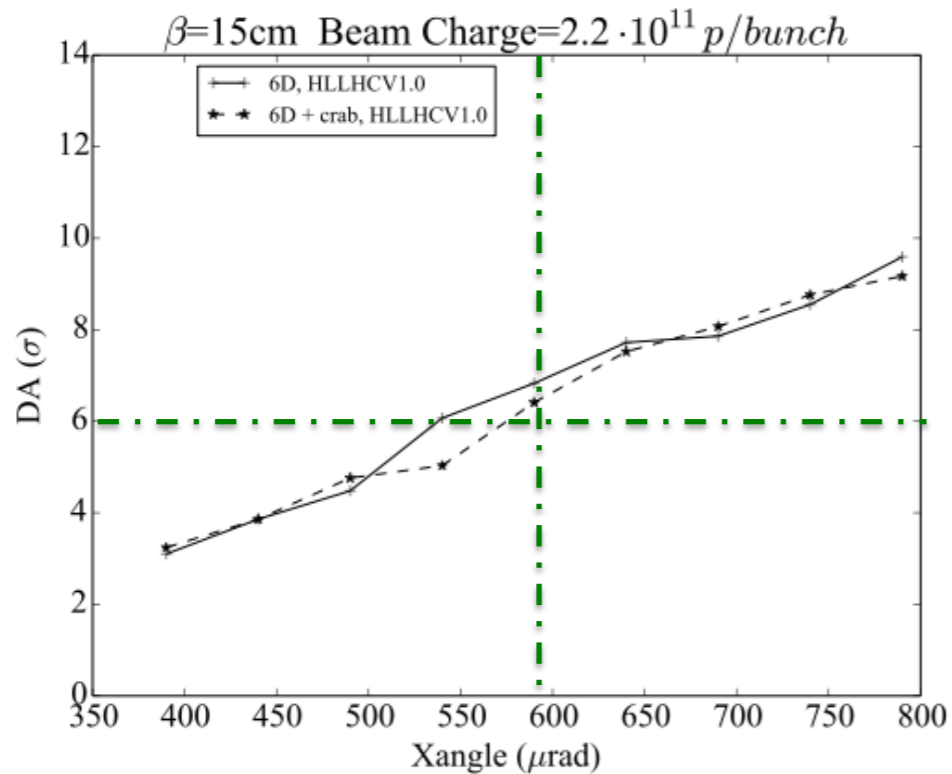
IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic



$$d_{\text{sep}} = \alpha \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\beta^*}{\epsilon_n/\gamma}}$$

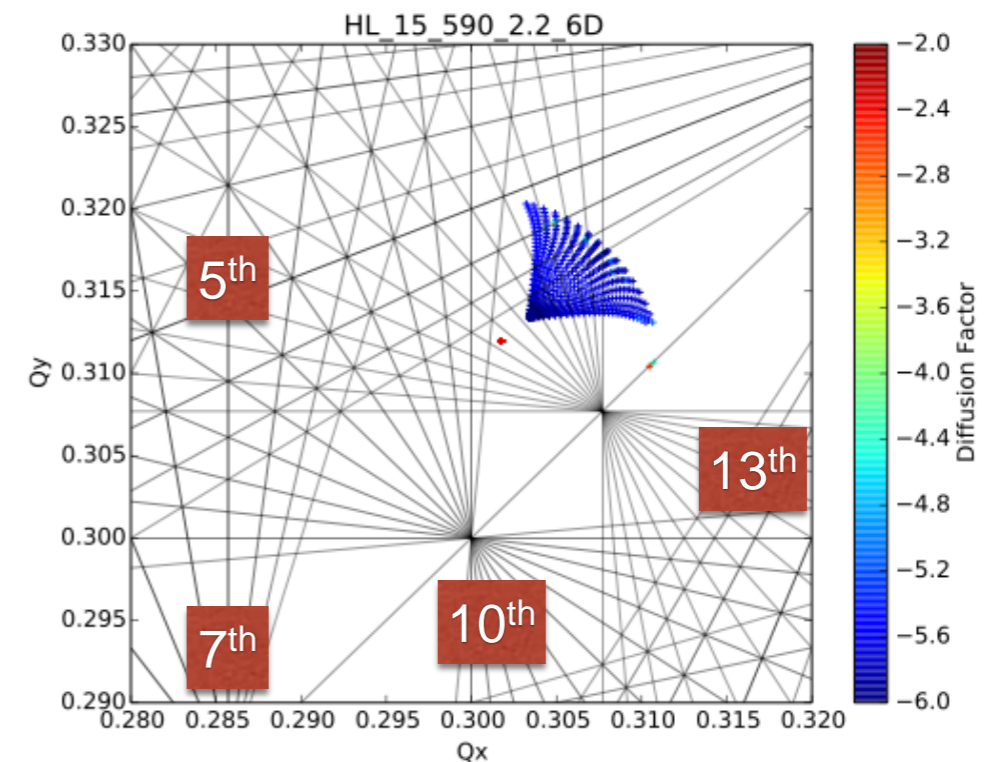
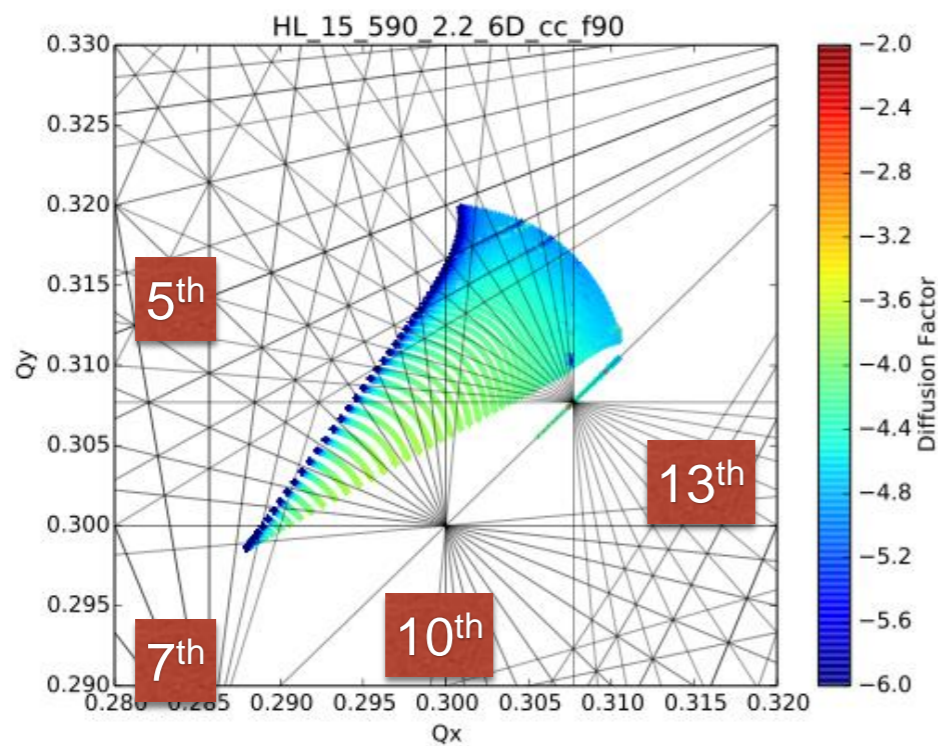
$$DA \propto d_{\text{sep}} \propto \alpha$$

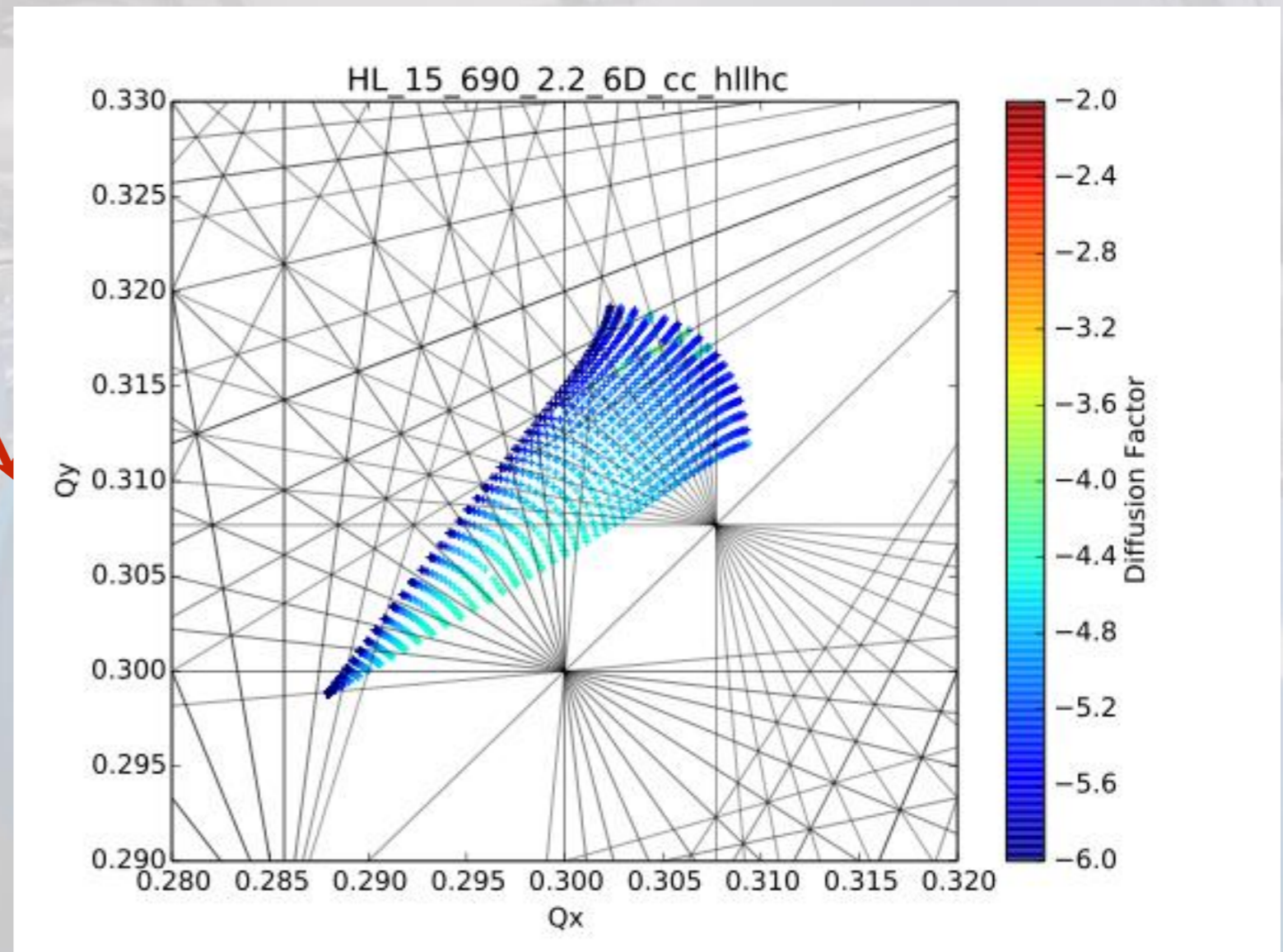
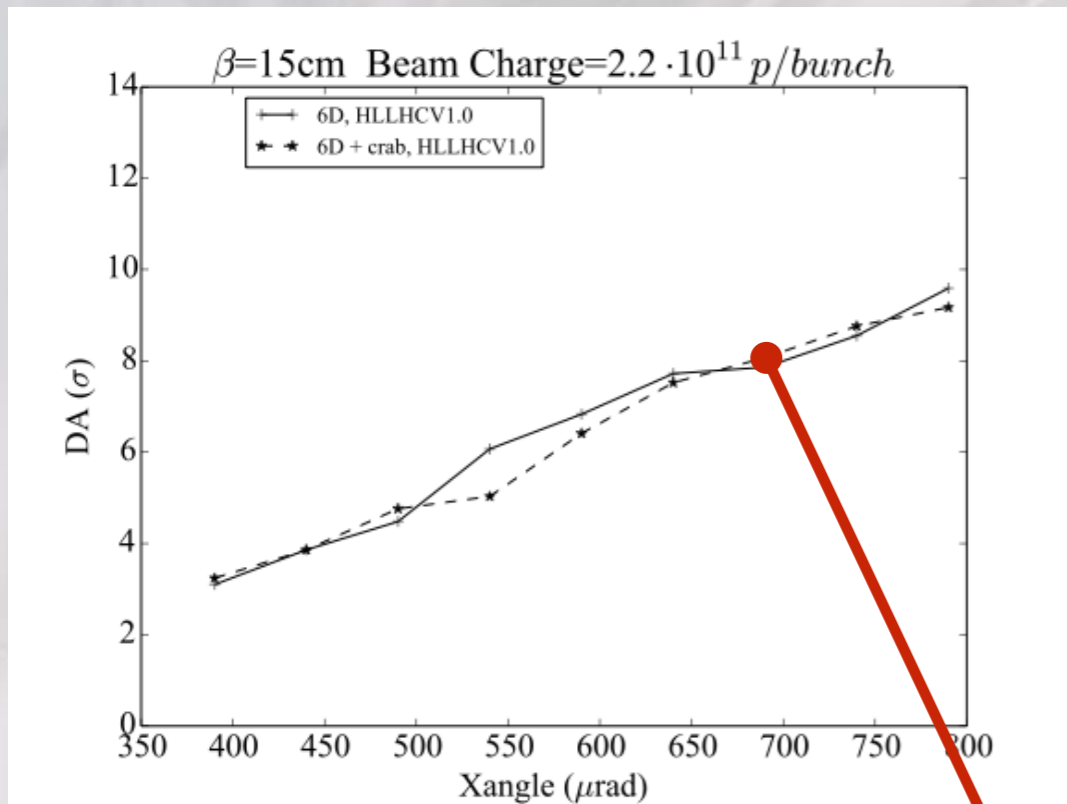
Beam beam LR separation is proportional to crossing angle. Reducing angle \rightarrow reduce separation \rightarrow increase beam beam LR effects and decreases DA linearly

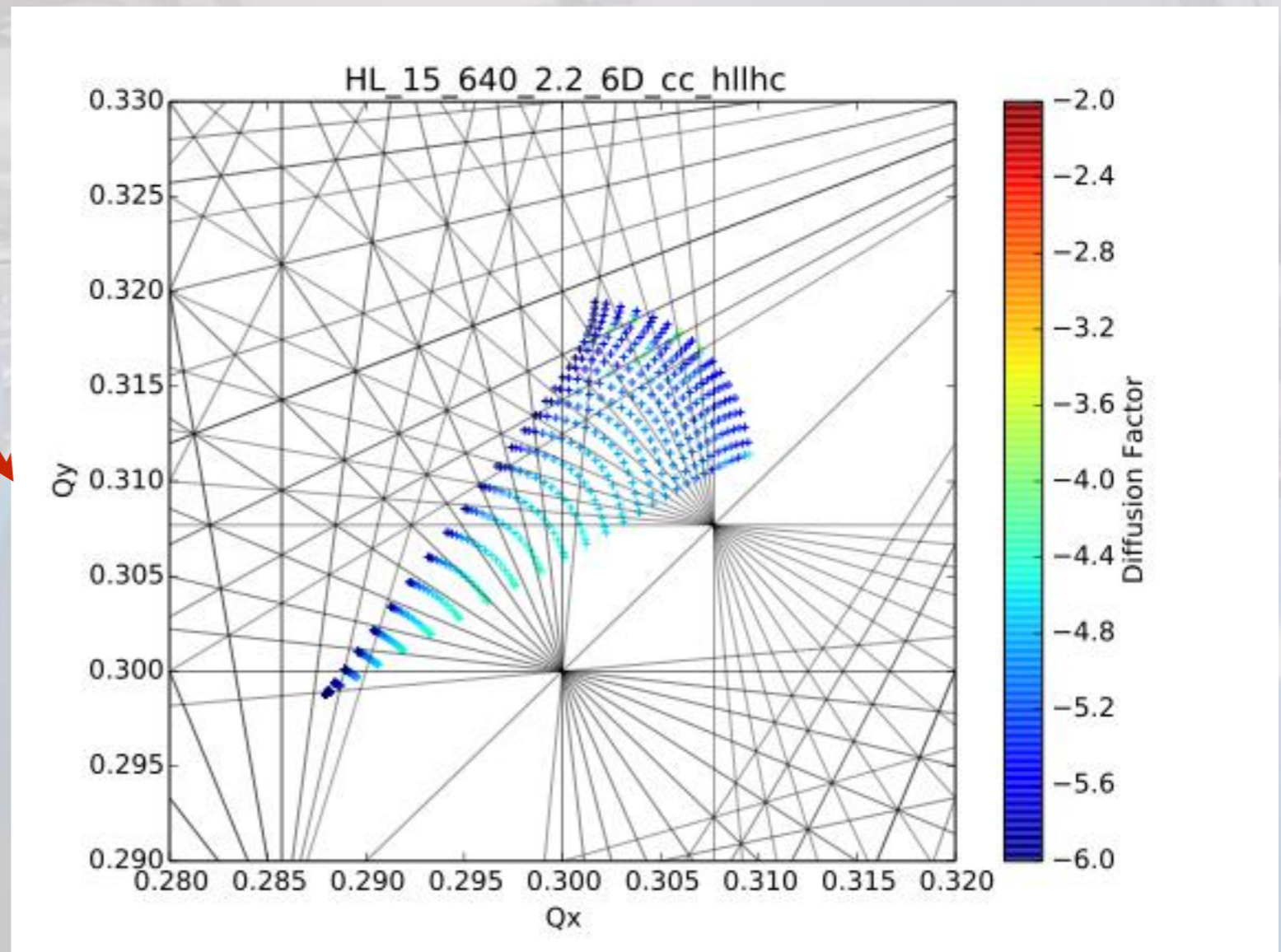
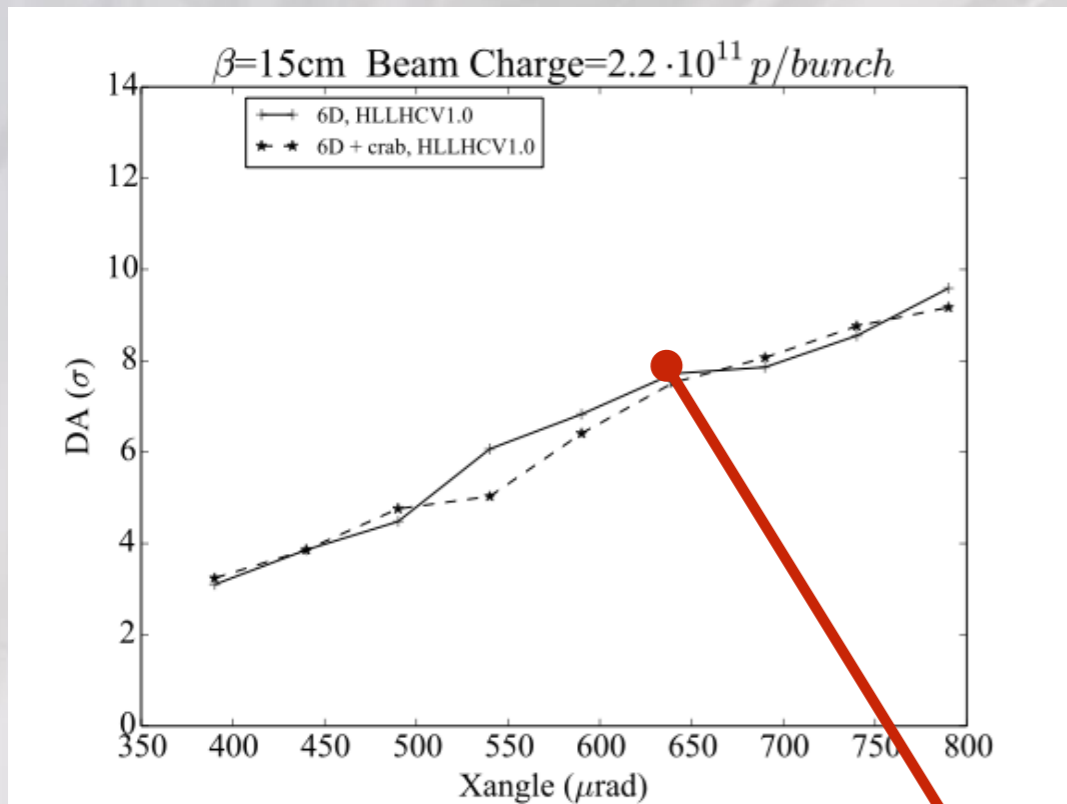


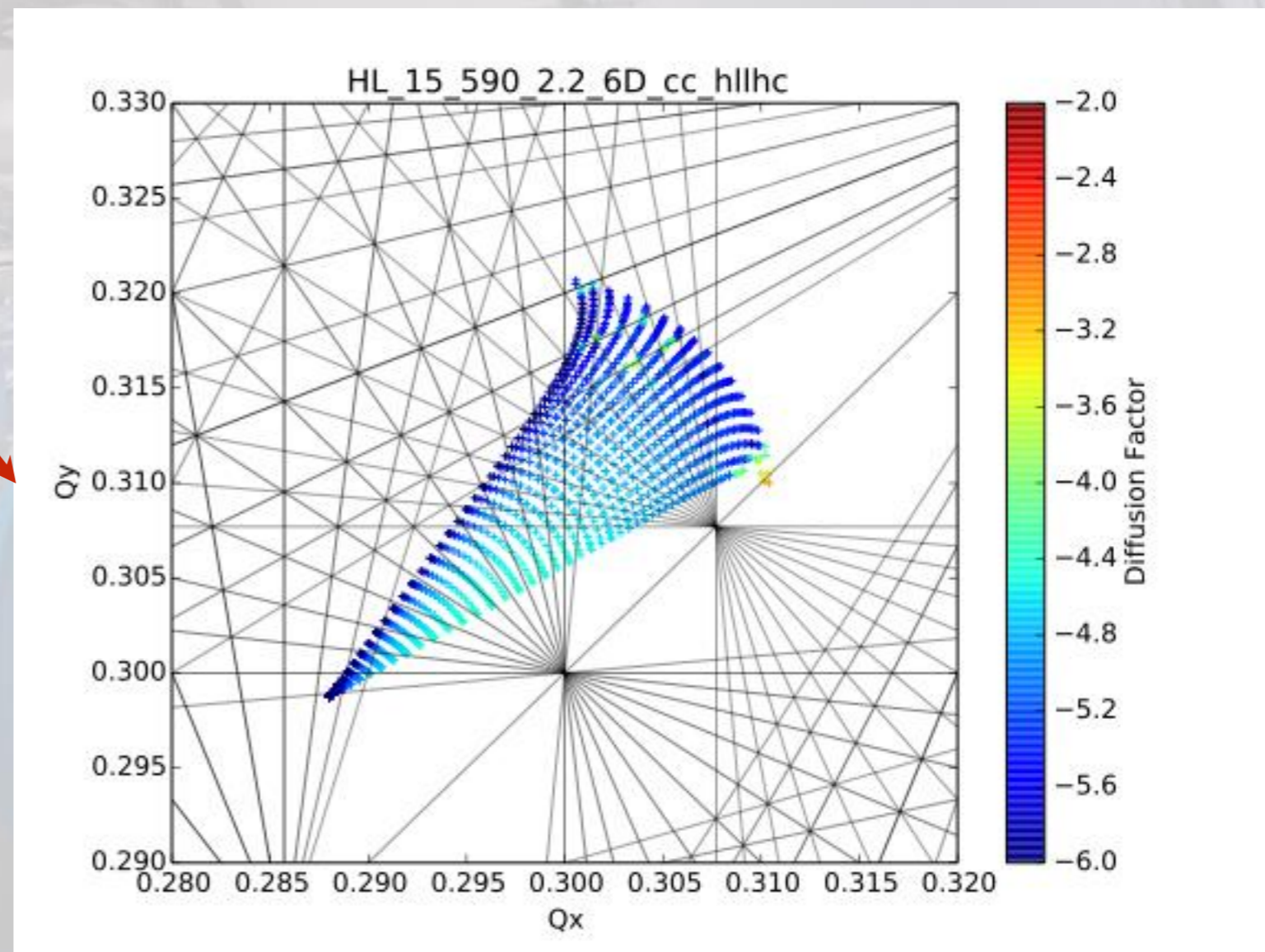
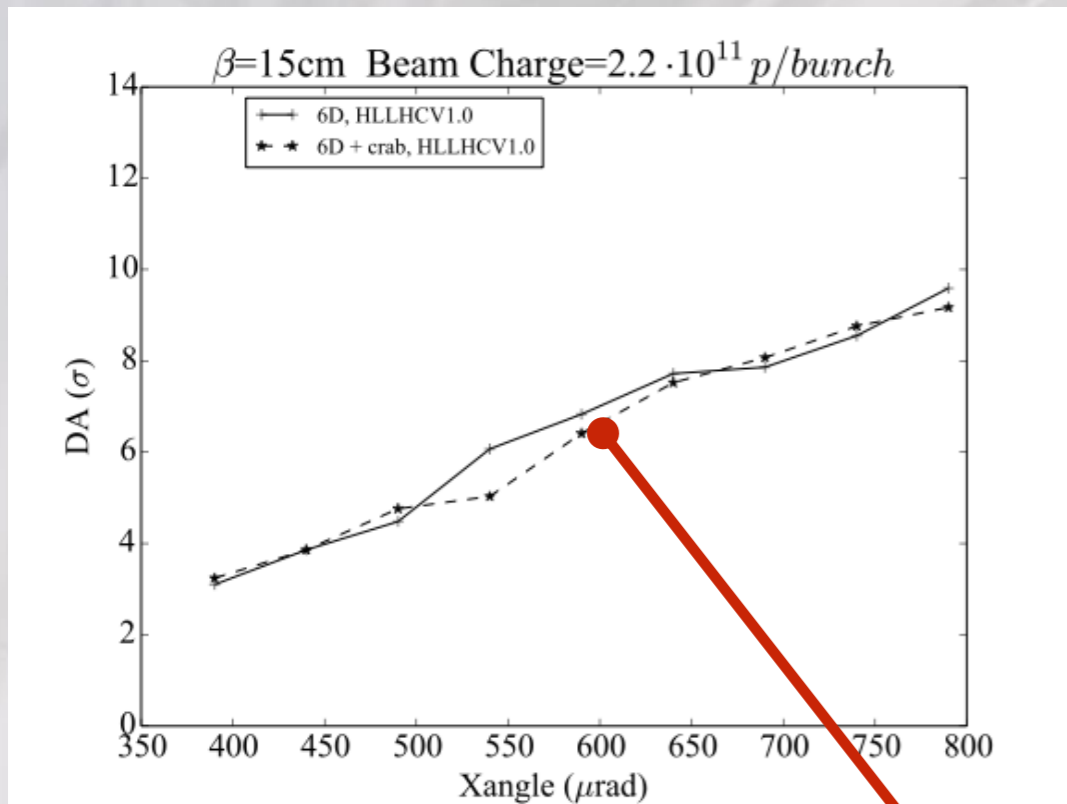
IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic

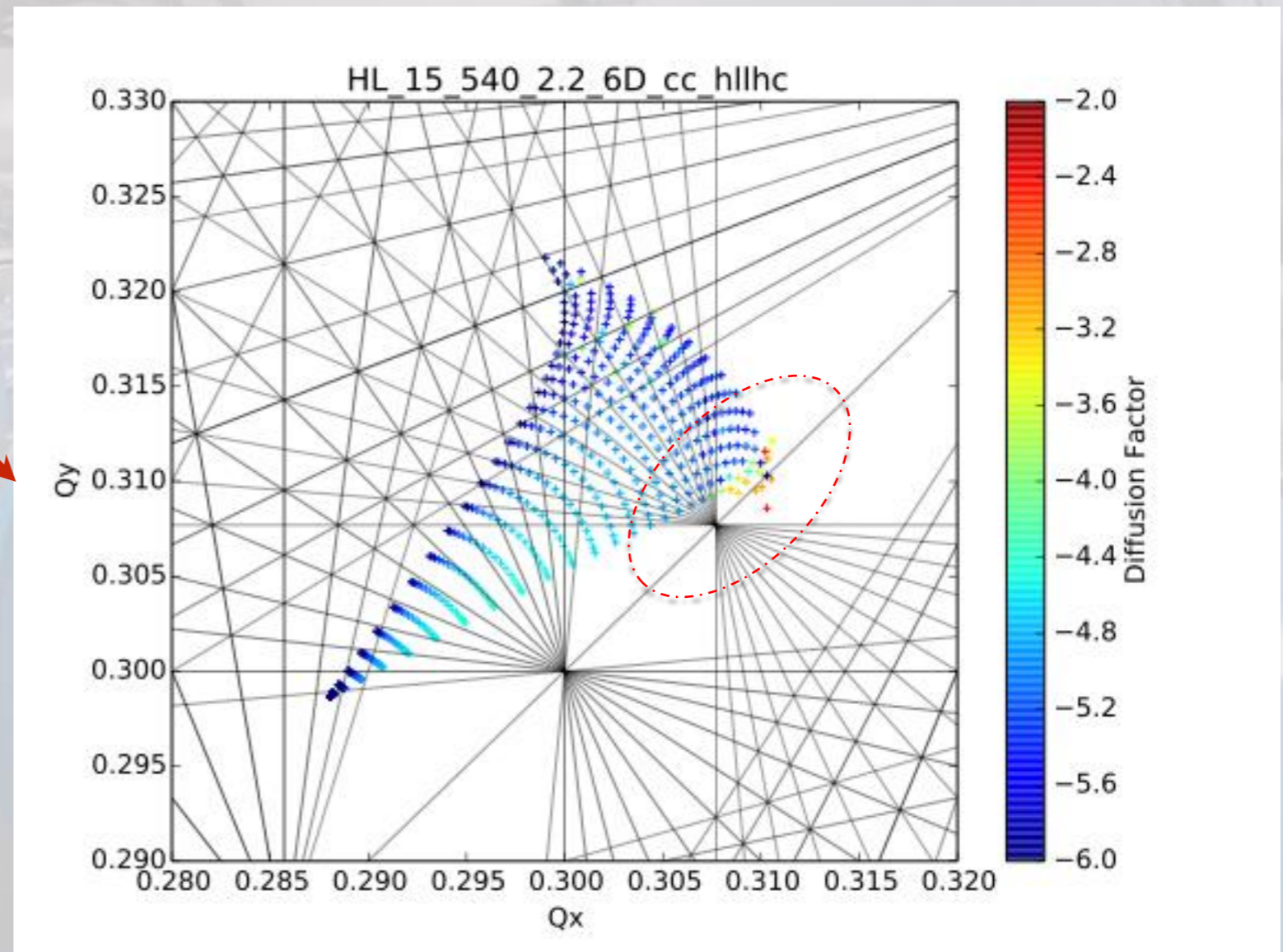
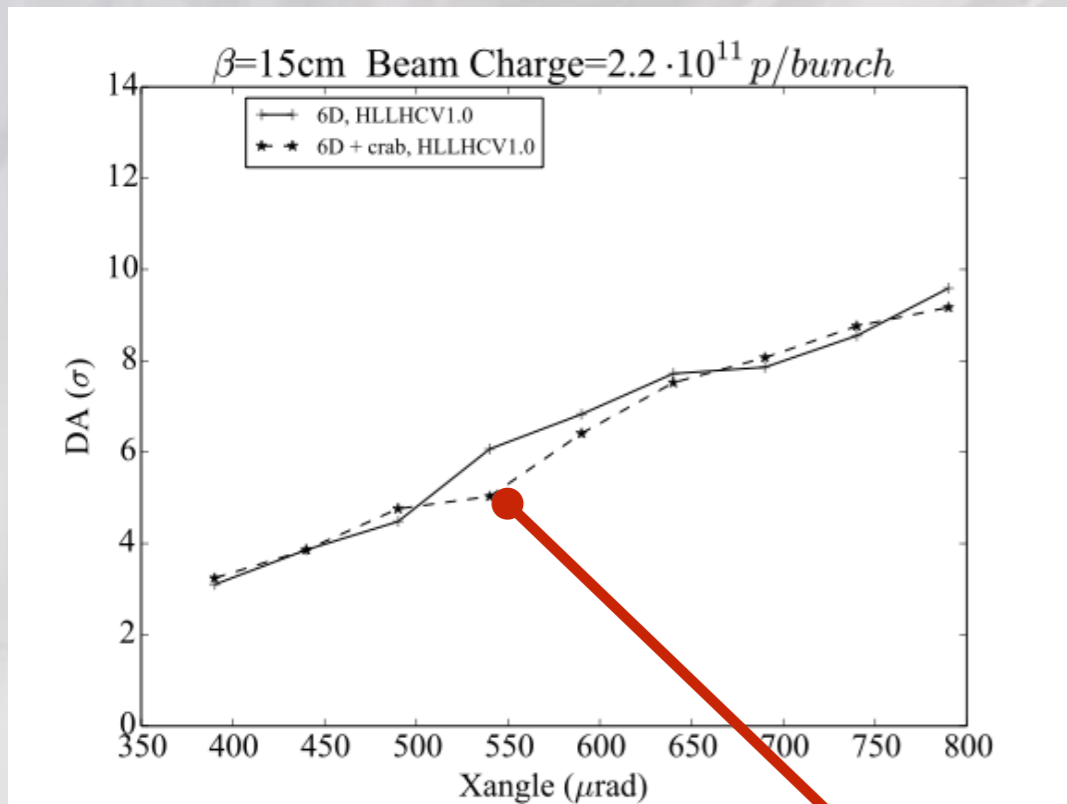
Crab Crossing introduces large HO tune shift
Different resonances are crossed
We should choose working points very carefully to avoid reduction of performances.
Our limits seems coming from 13th-5th and diagonal resonances

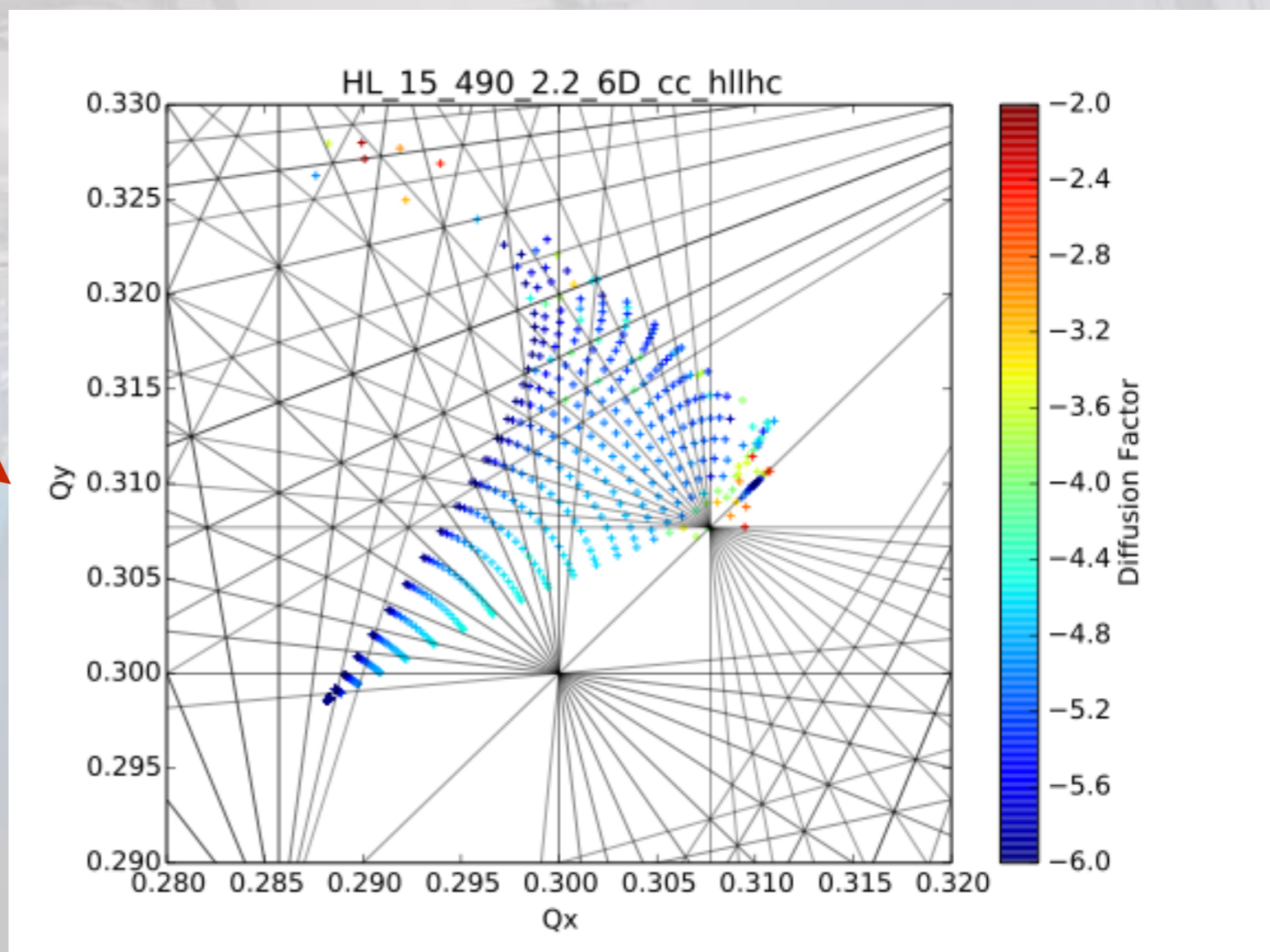
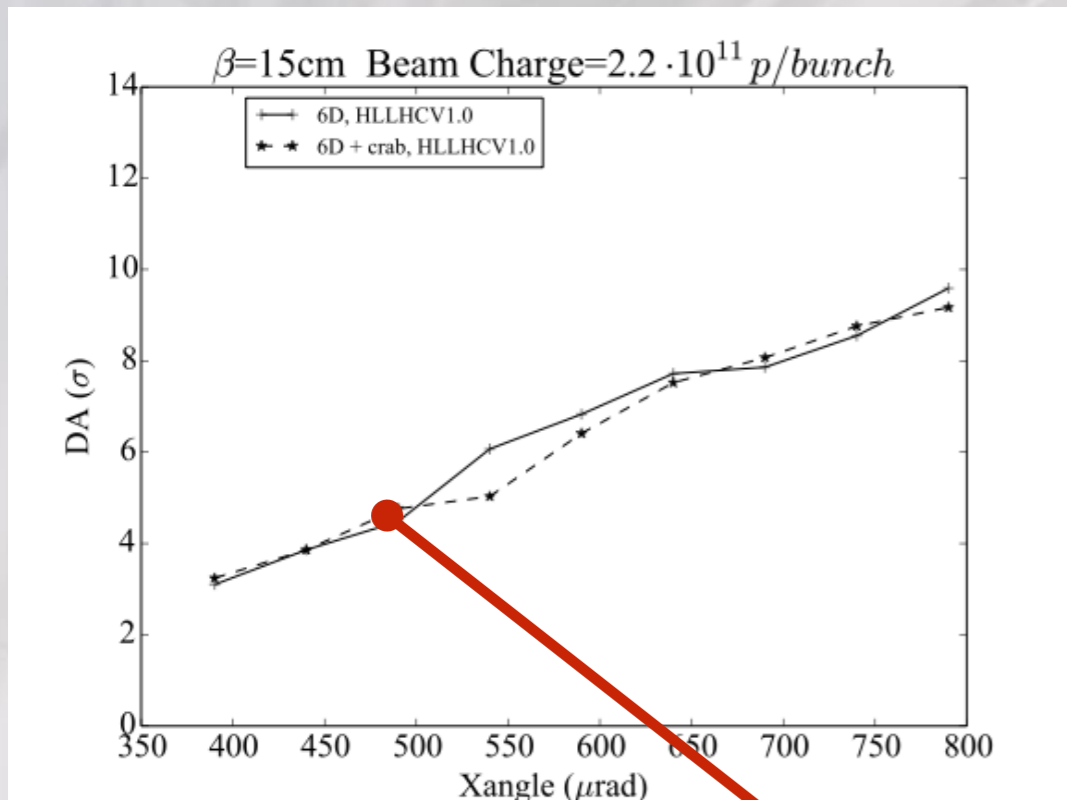


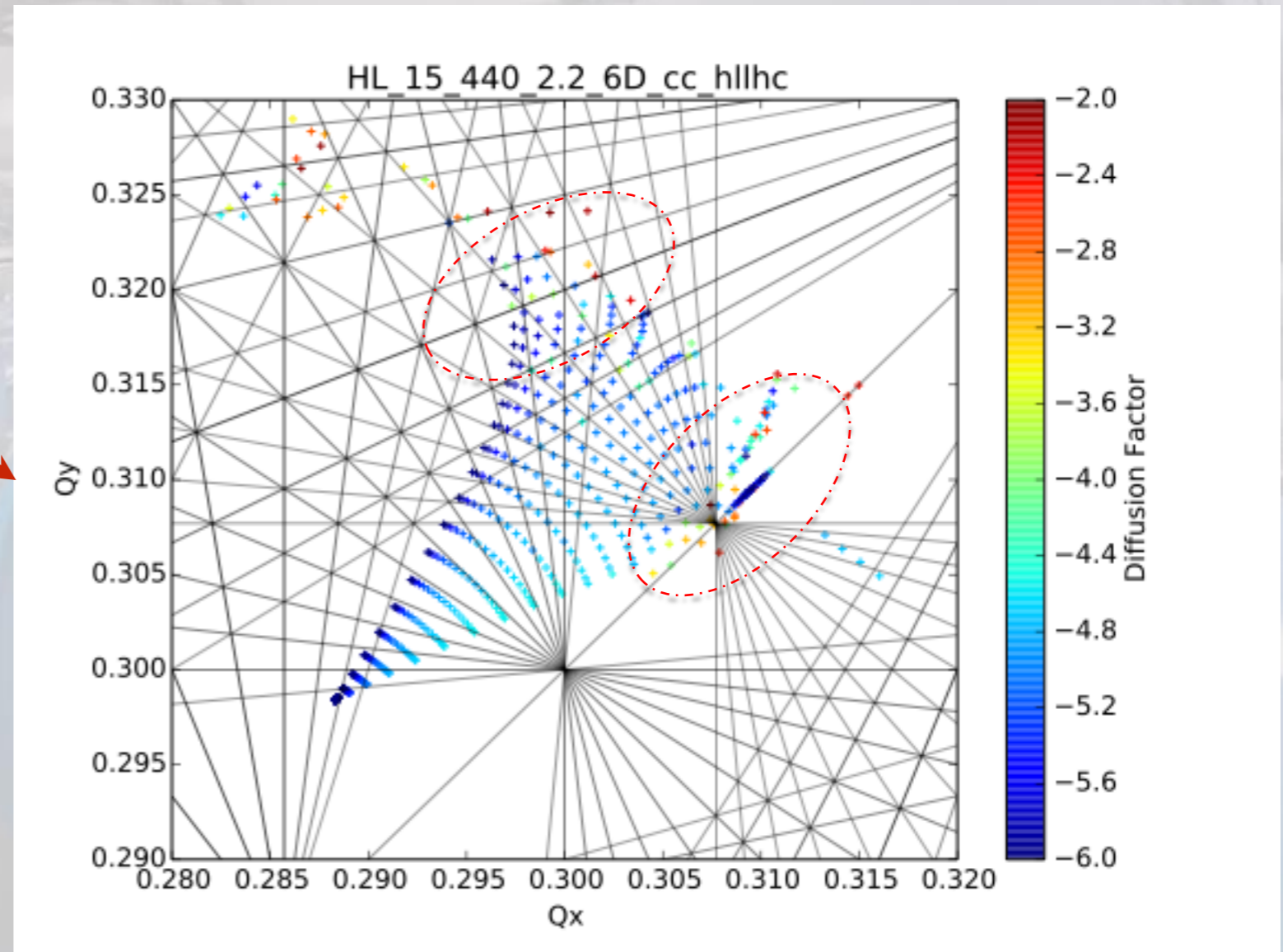
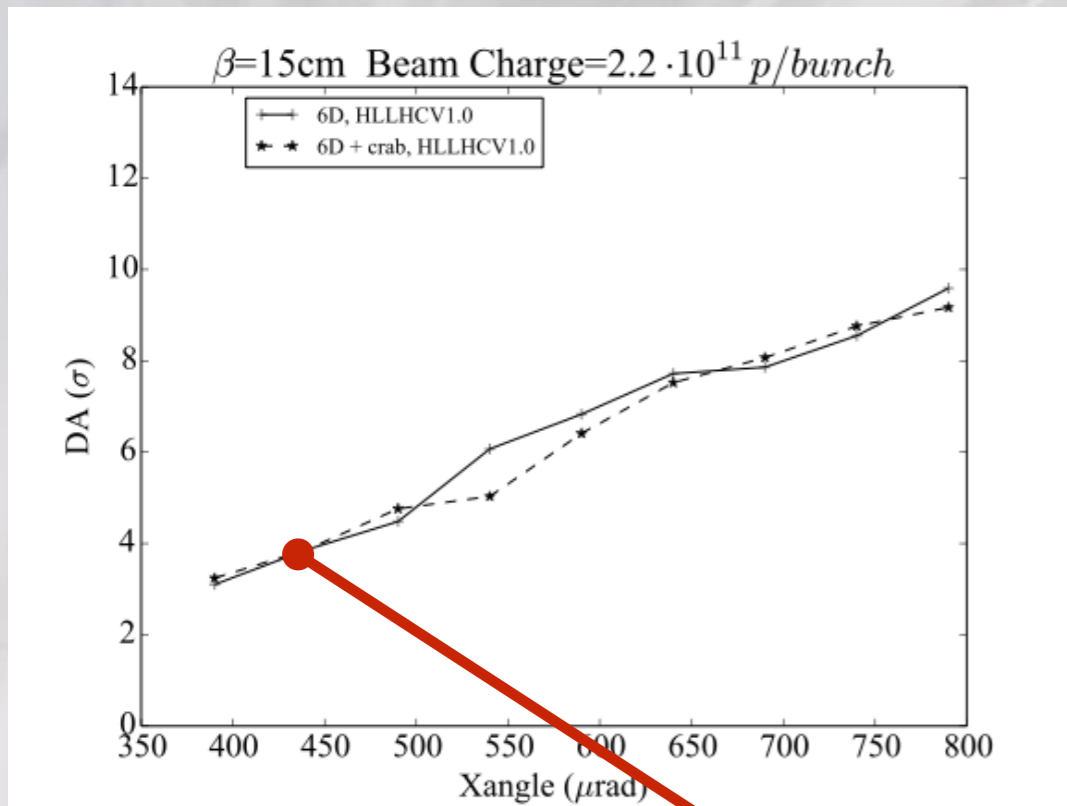


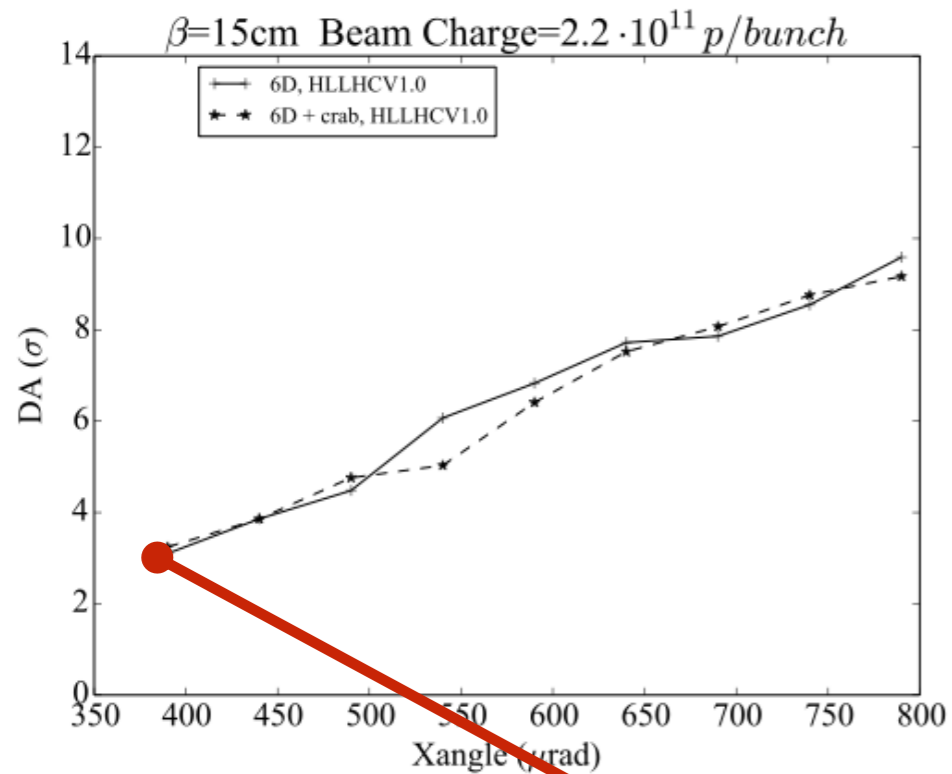












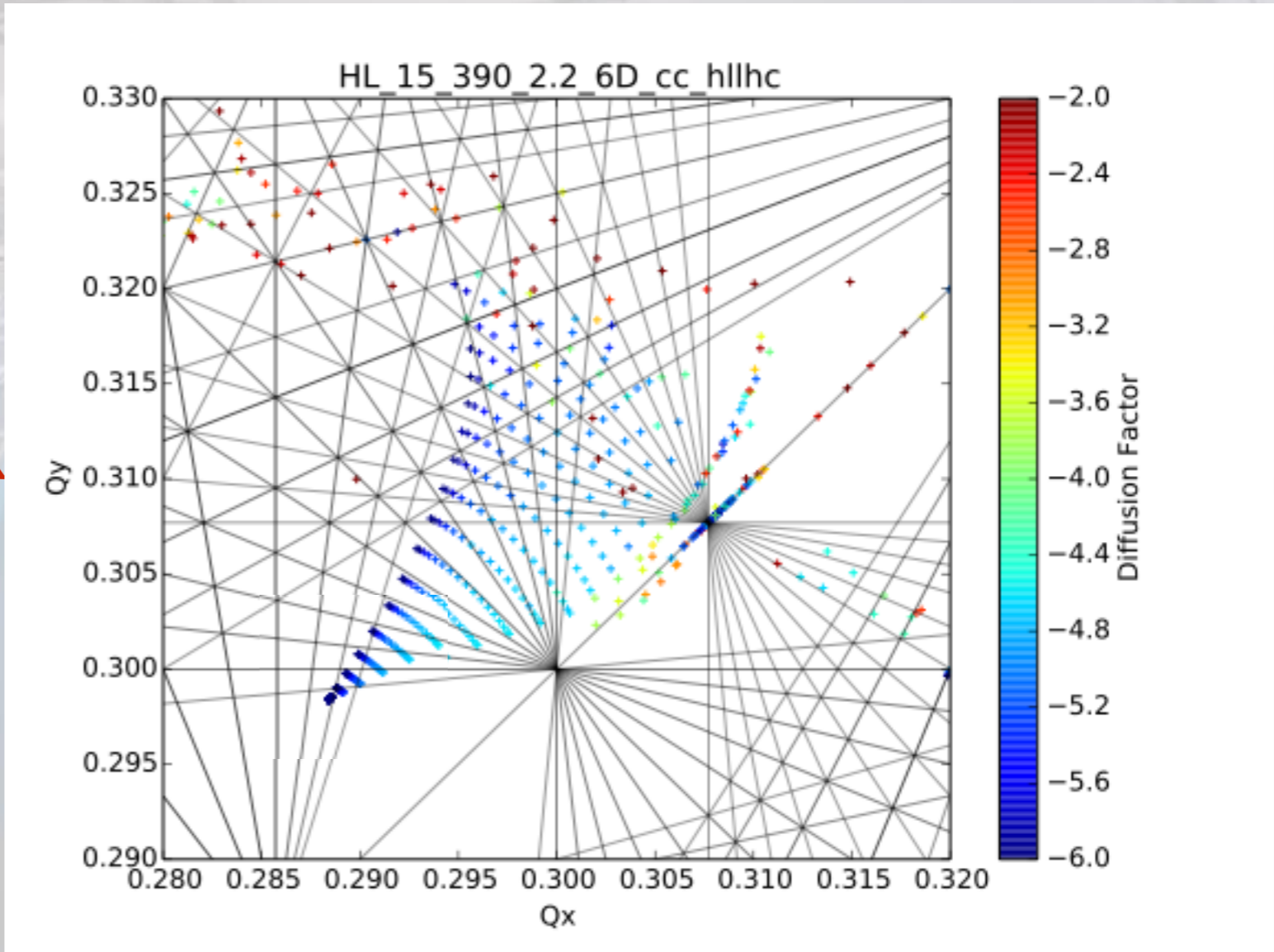
Crossing angle changes the separation (strength) of BB-LR that strongly affect the tails.

Core particles are almost not affected.

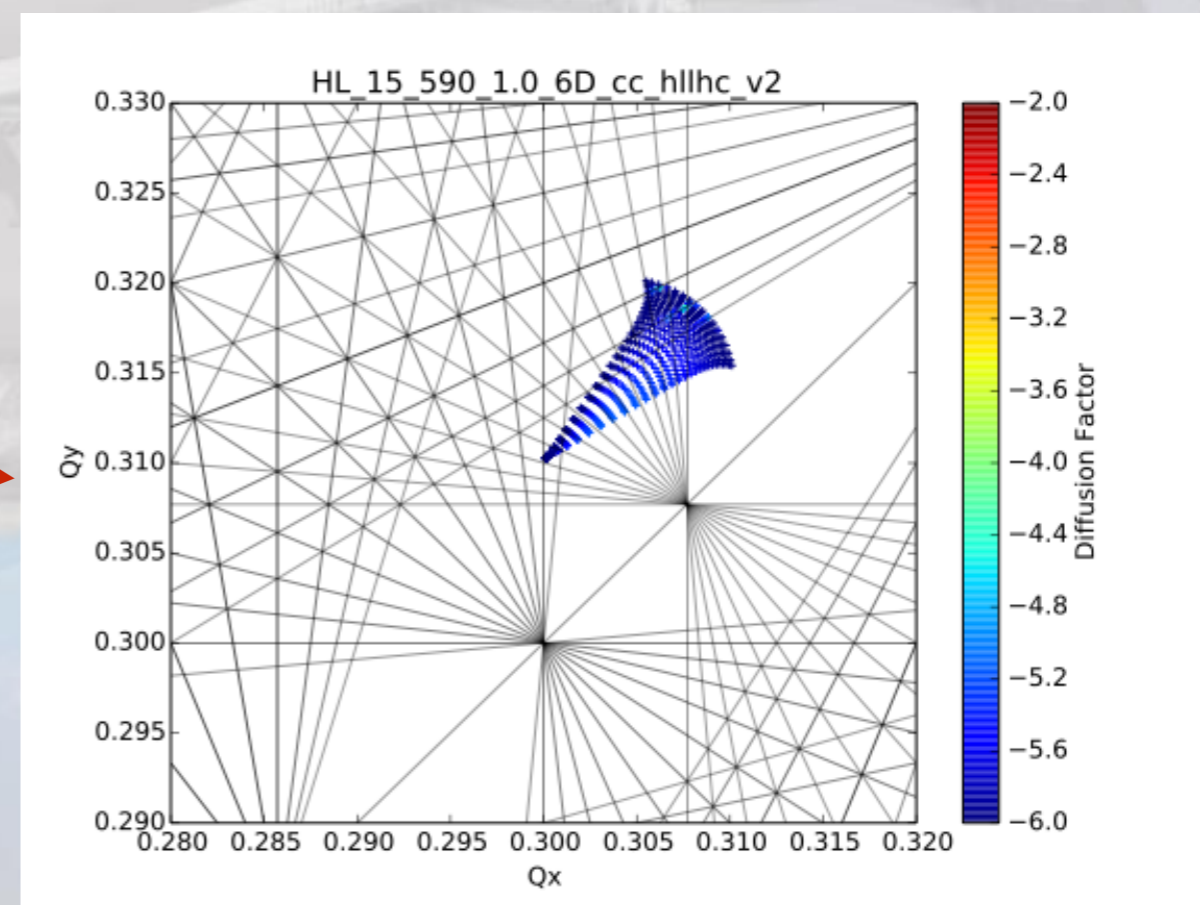
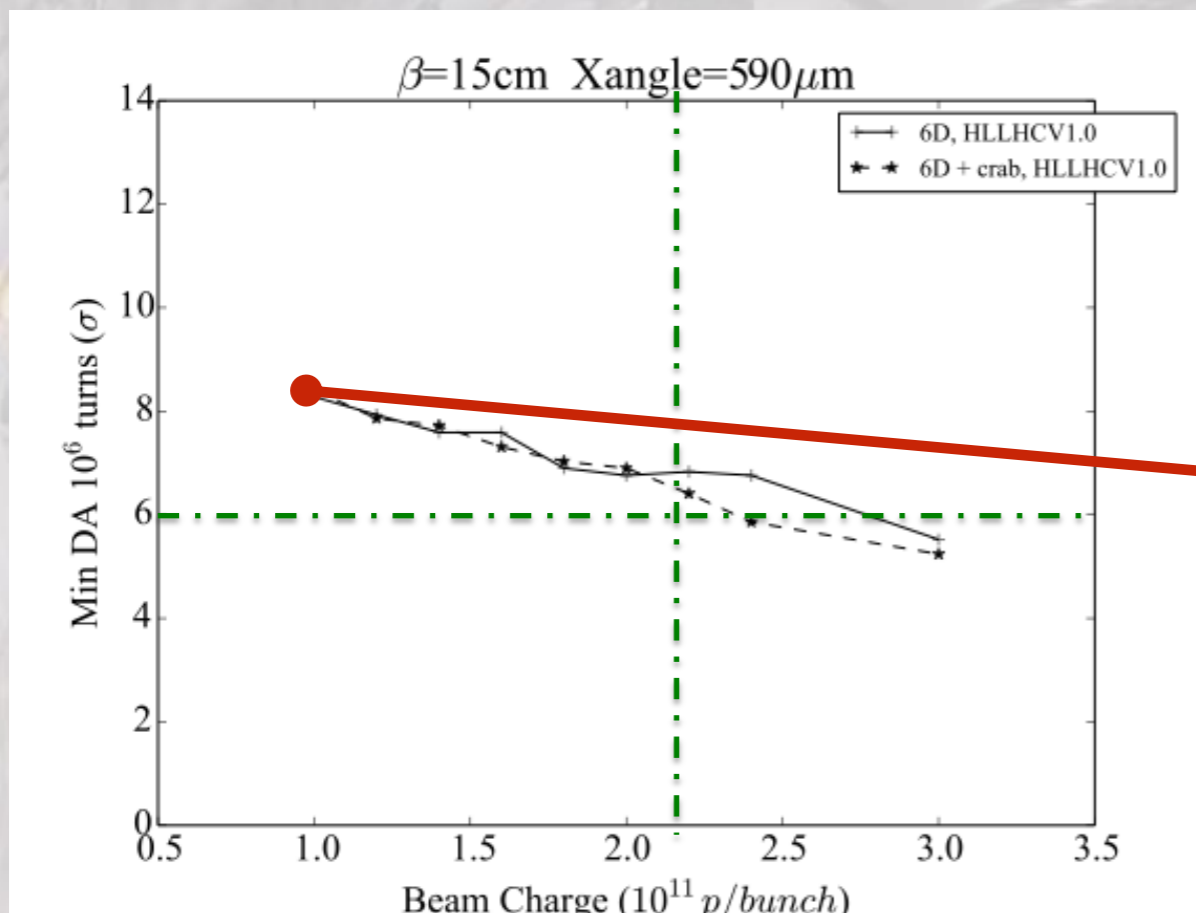
DA mainly dominated by long range effects

**Larger angle weaker long range effects
→ better DA**

We are confined between 13th and 5th order resonances



IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic

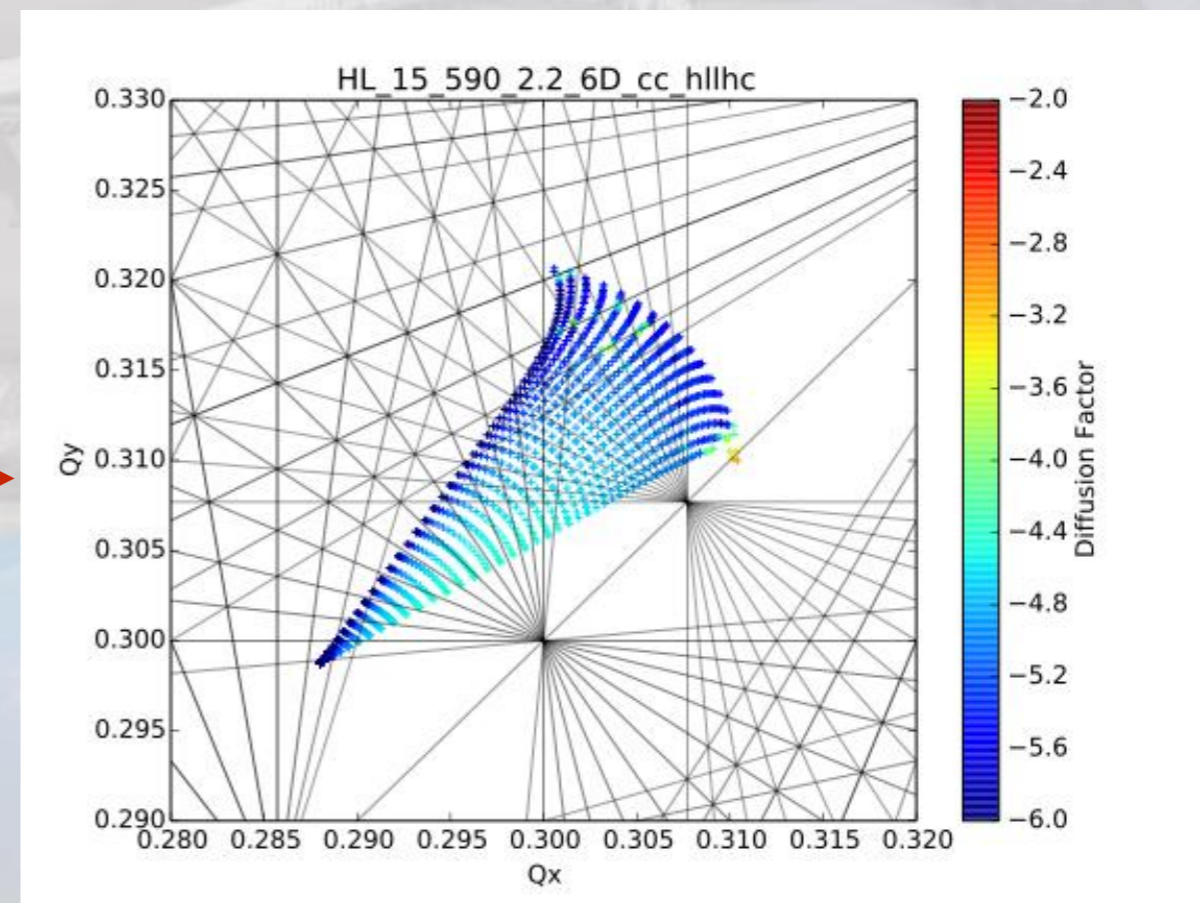
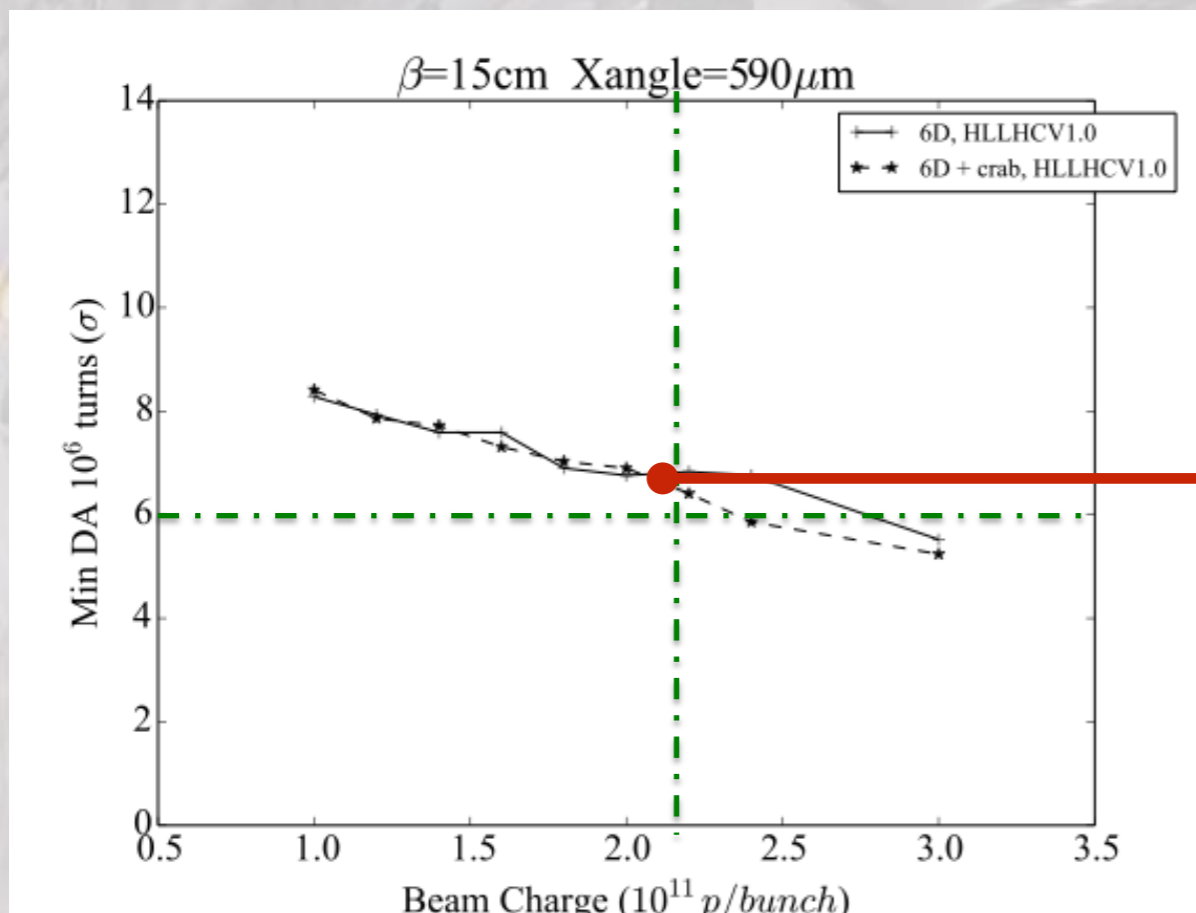


$$F_{bb} \propto \text{Intensity}$$

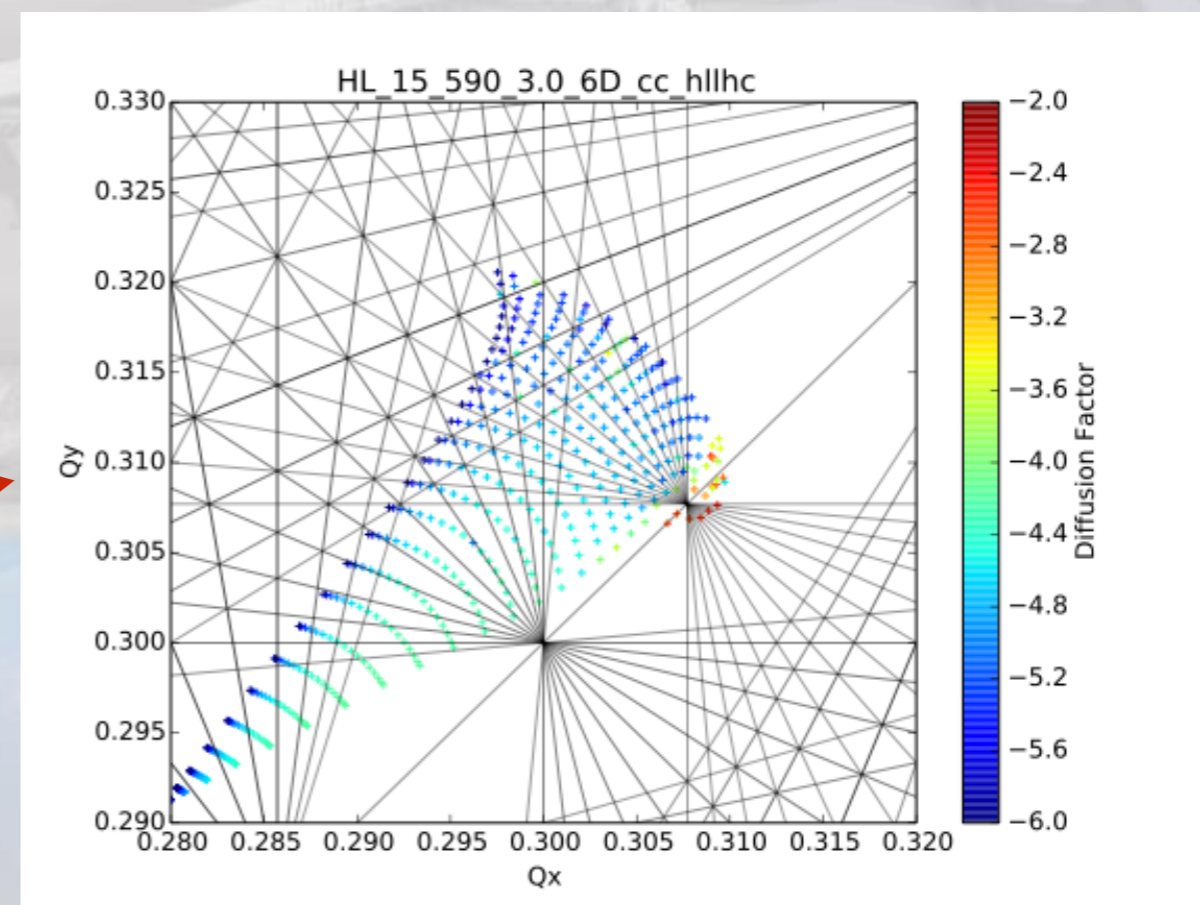
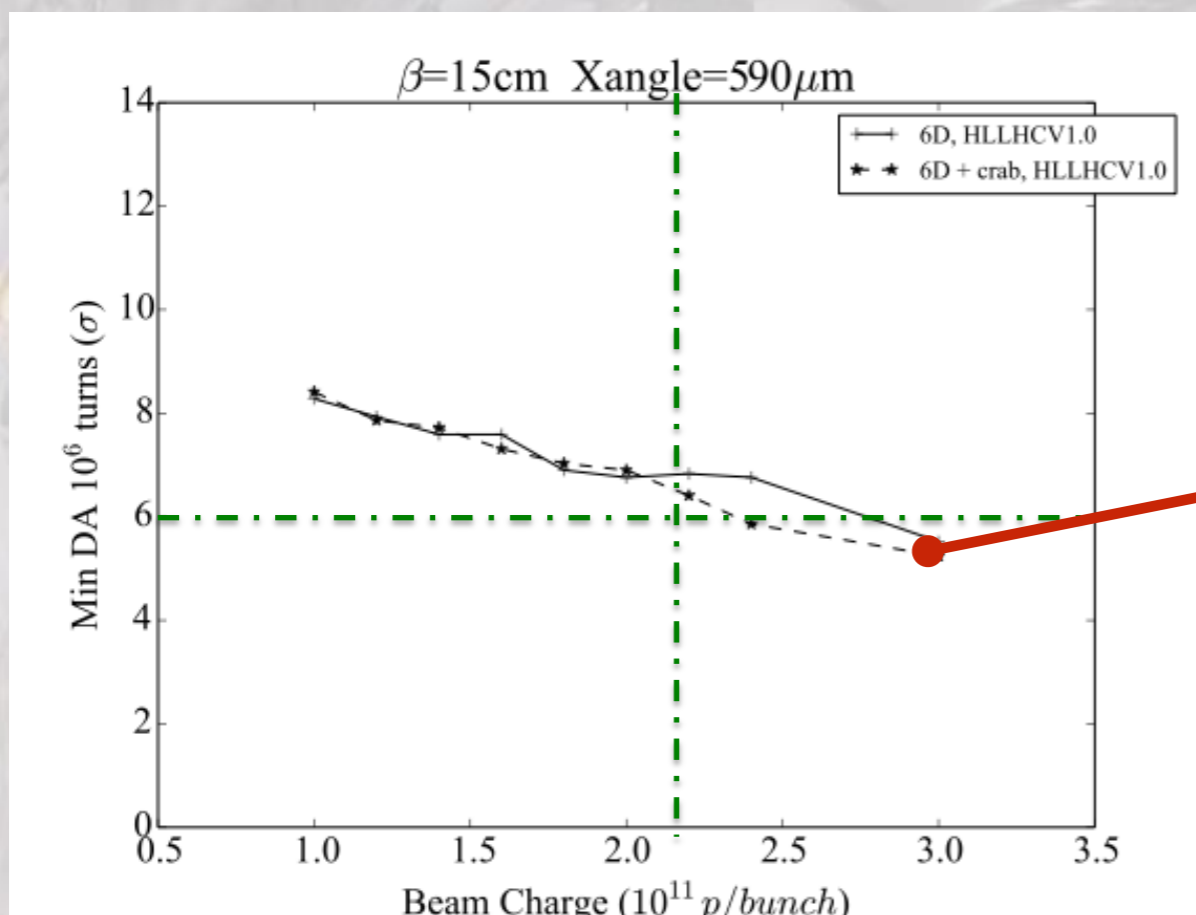
$$DA \propto \text{Intensity}$$

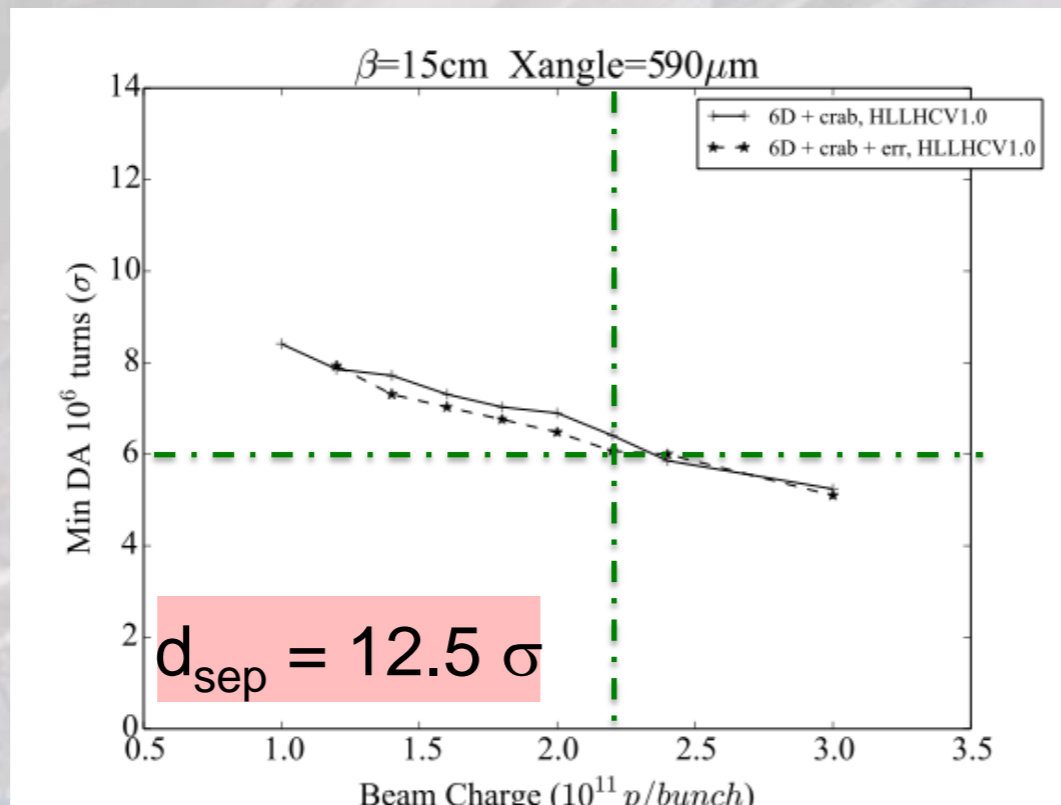
Changing Intensity we change Head-on BB and Long Range BB
 Beam-beam Forces proportional to Intensity \rightarrow DA depends linearly with Intensity

IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic

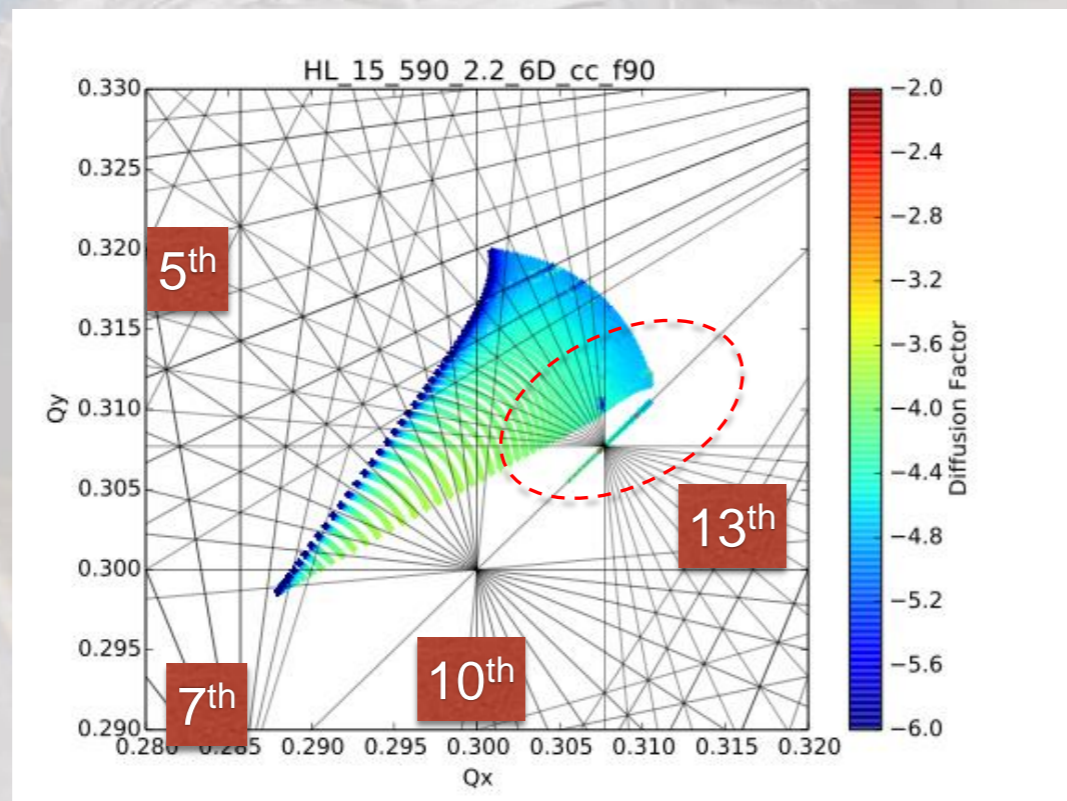


IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic

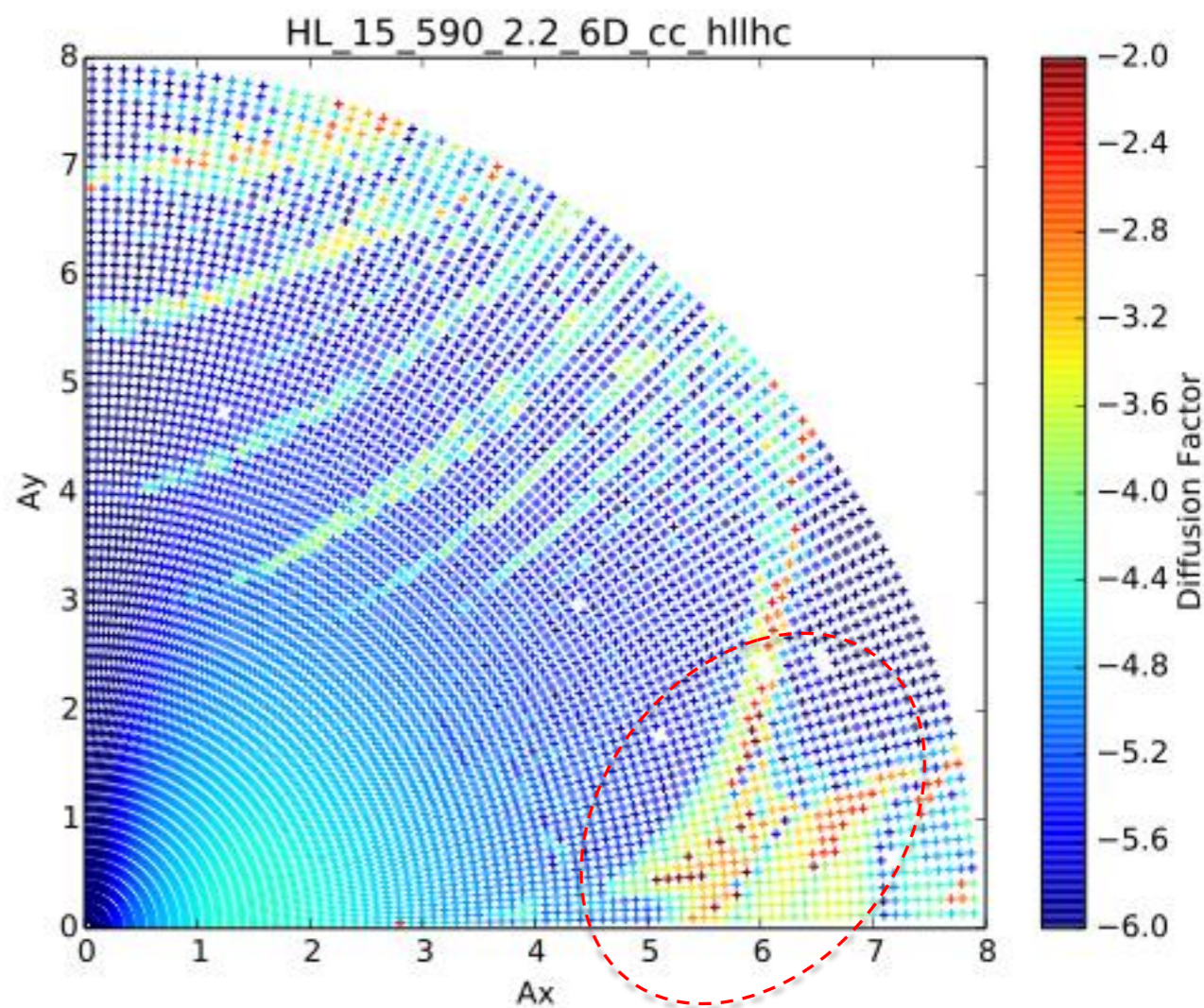
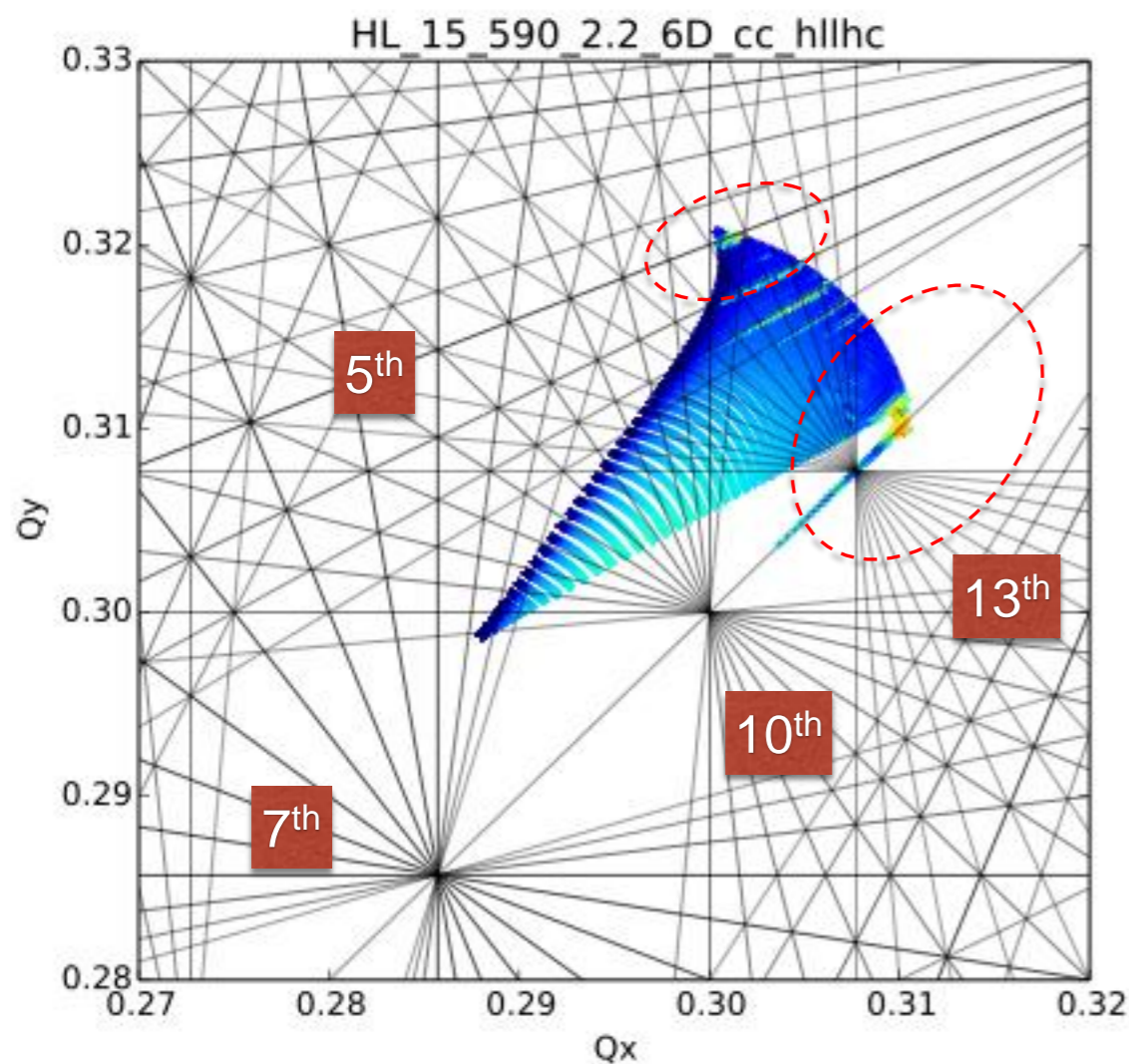




Multipolar errors give a reduction of 0.5σ in DA

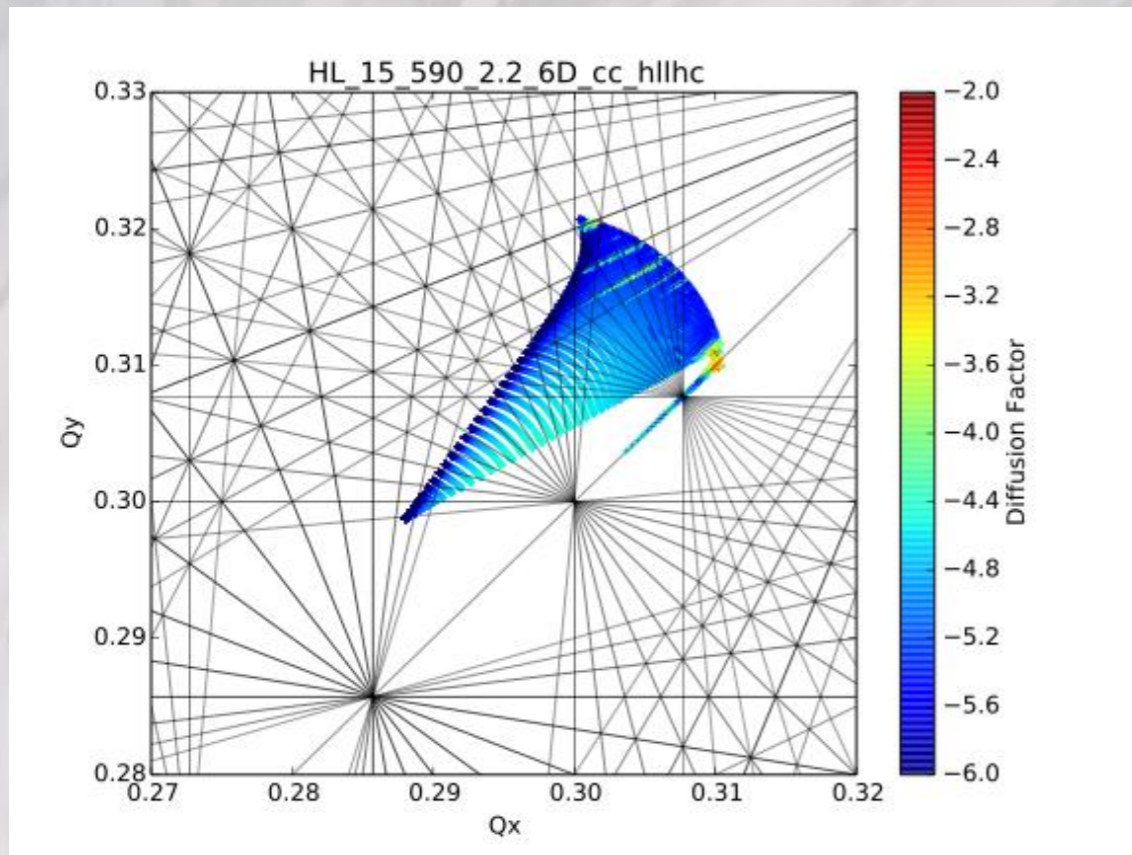


IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic

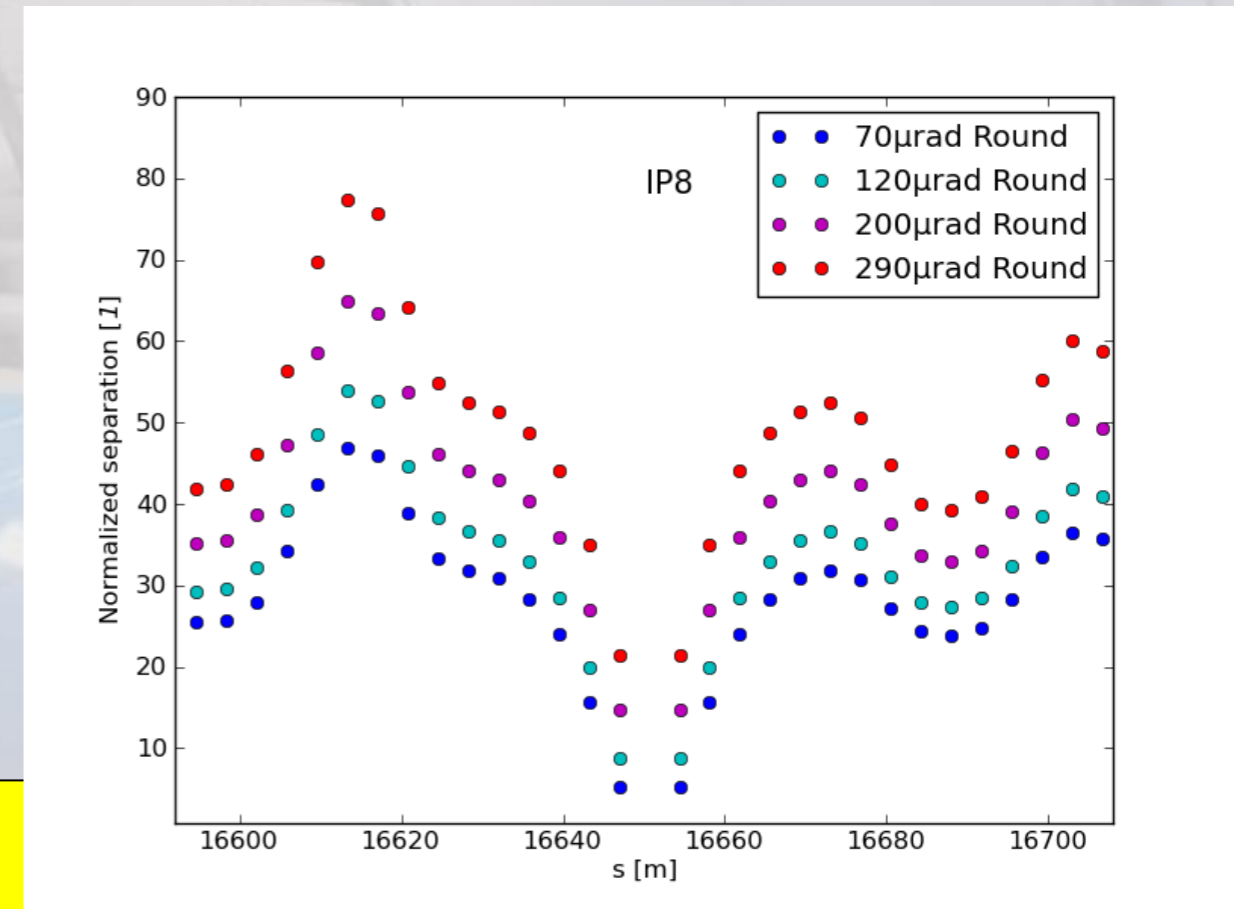


DA is 6σ but particles at $4-5\sigma$ are affected by the BBLR show higher diffusion rates
Effect driven by 5th and 13th order resonance

IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCv1.0 optic



Int ppb 10^{11}	DA No IP8
1.0	8.41
2.2	6.42

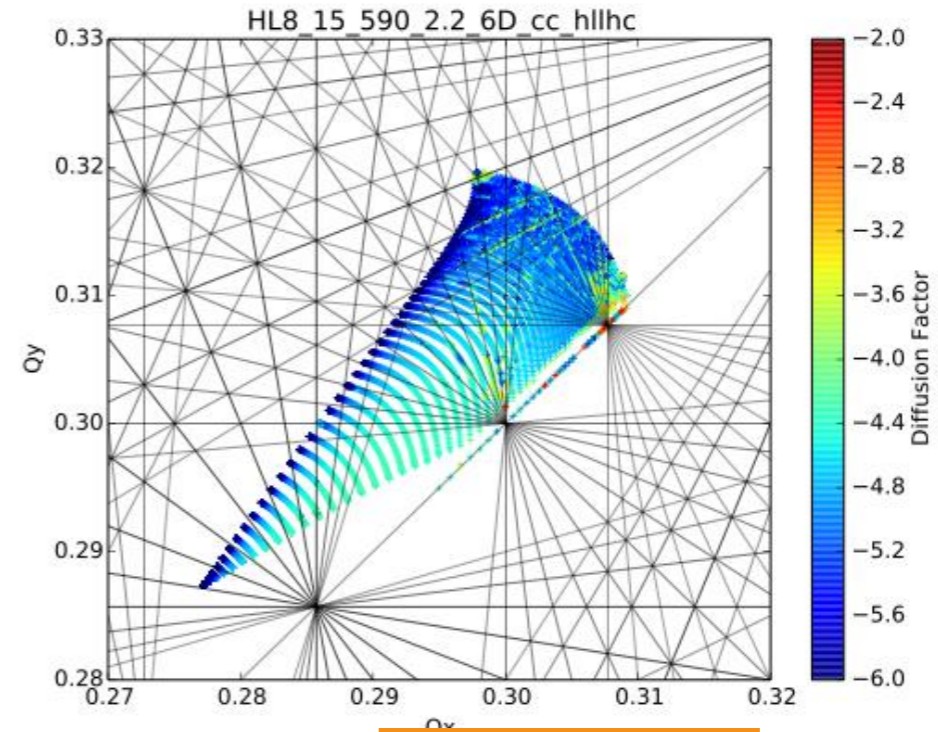
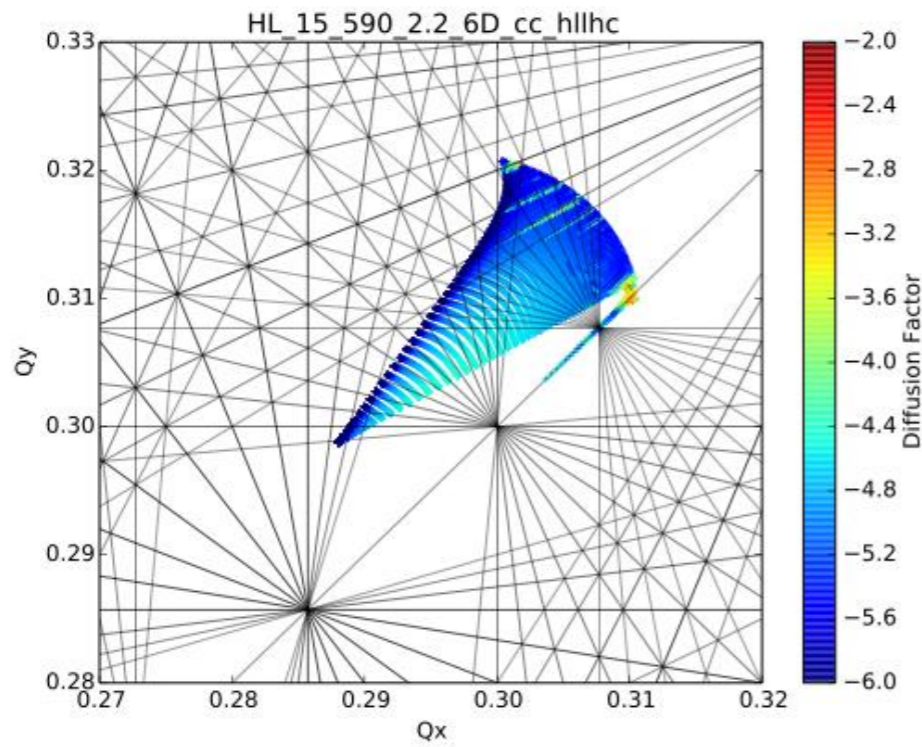


Full head-on from IP8 $DQ = -0.01$

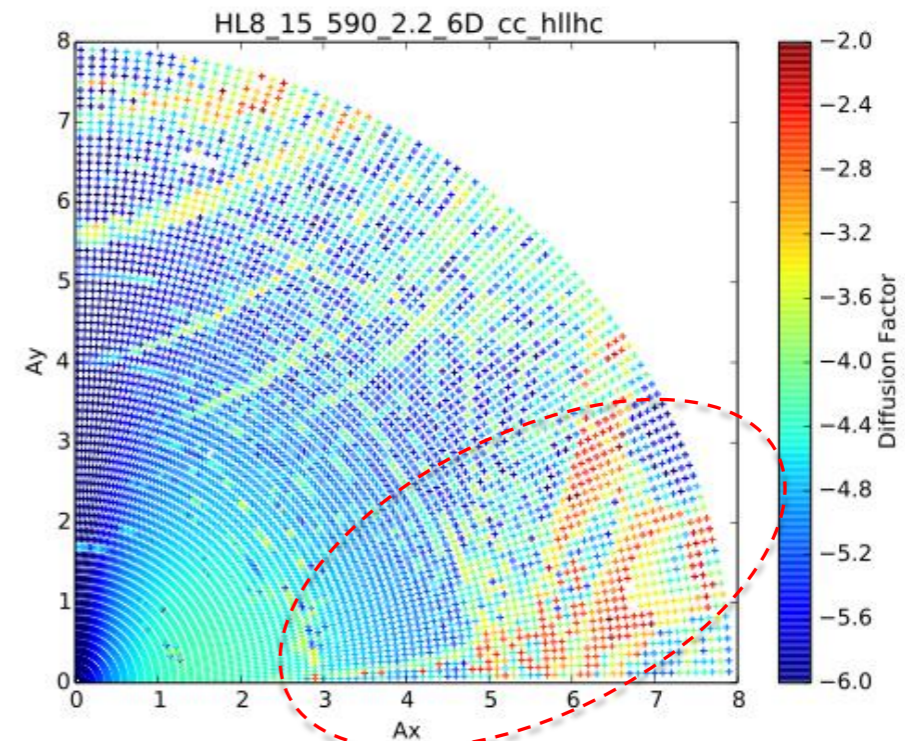
Three cases for IP8 LRs at $3m \beta^*$:

- $\alpha_{IP8} = 610 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow$ all LR $d_{sep} > 43 \sigma$
- $\alpha_{IP8} = 290 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow$ 2 LR with $d_{sep} 20\sigma$ all others LR $d_{sep} > 38 \sigma$
- $\alpha_{IP8} = 70 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow$ 2 LR with $d_{sep} 5\sigma$ all others LR $d_{sep} > 15 \sigma$

IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic



IP1&5 + IP8

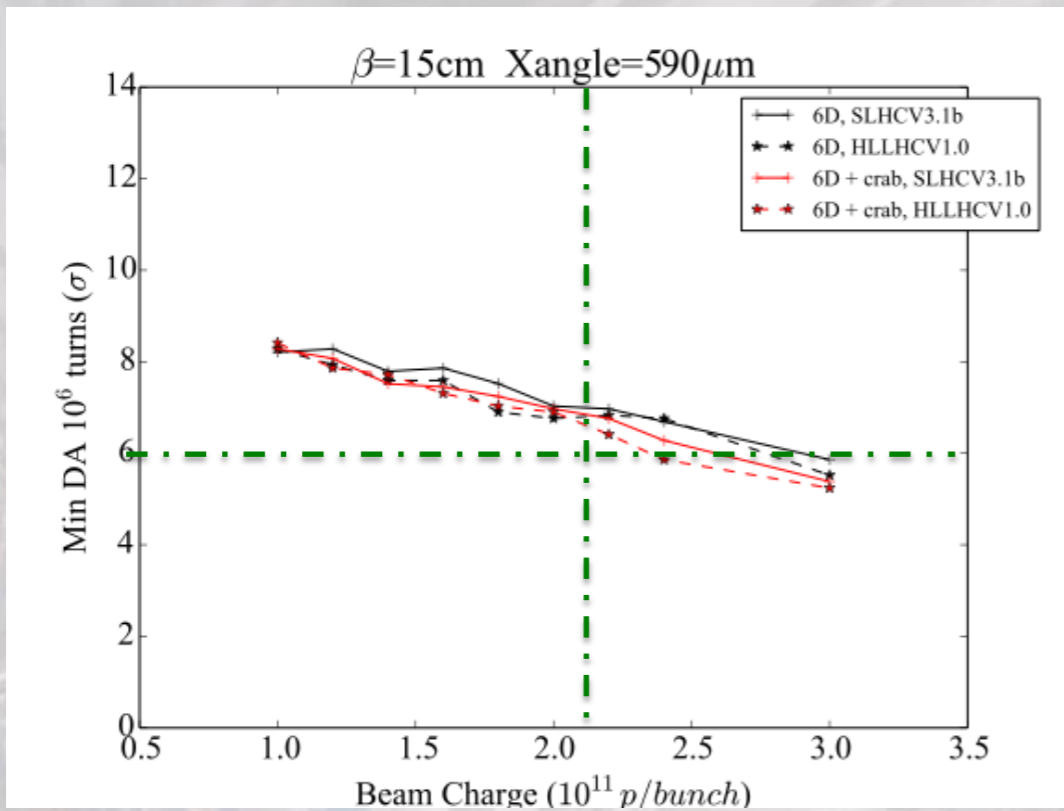


	No IP8	IP8 (-340mrad ext x-angle - 270μrad septrometer)	IP8 (-560μrad ext x-angle + 270μrad spectrometer)	IP8 (- 340μrad+270μr ad spectrometer)
1.0	8.41	8.07	7.93	7.72
2.2	6.42	6.28	6.06	5.86

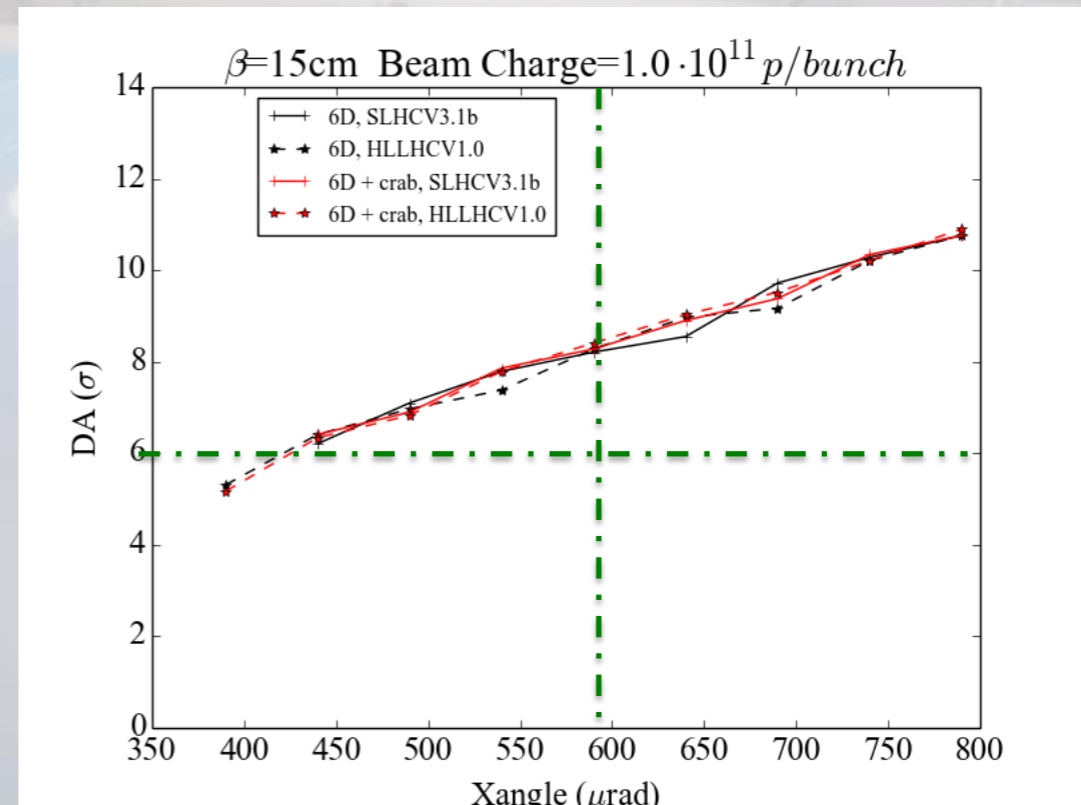
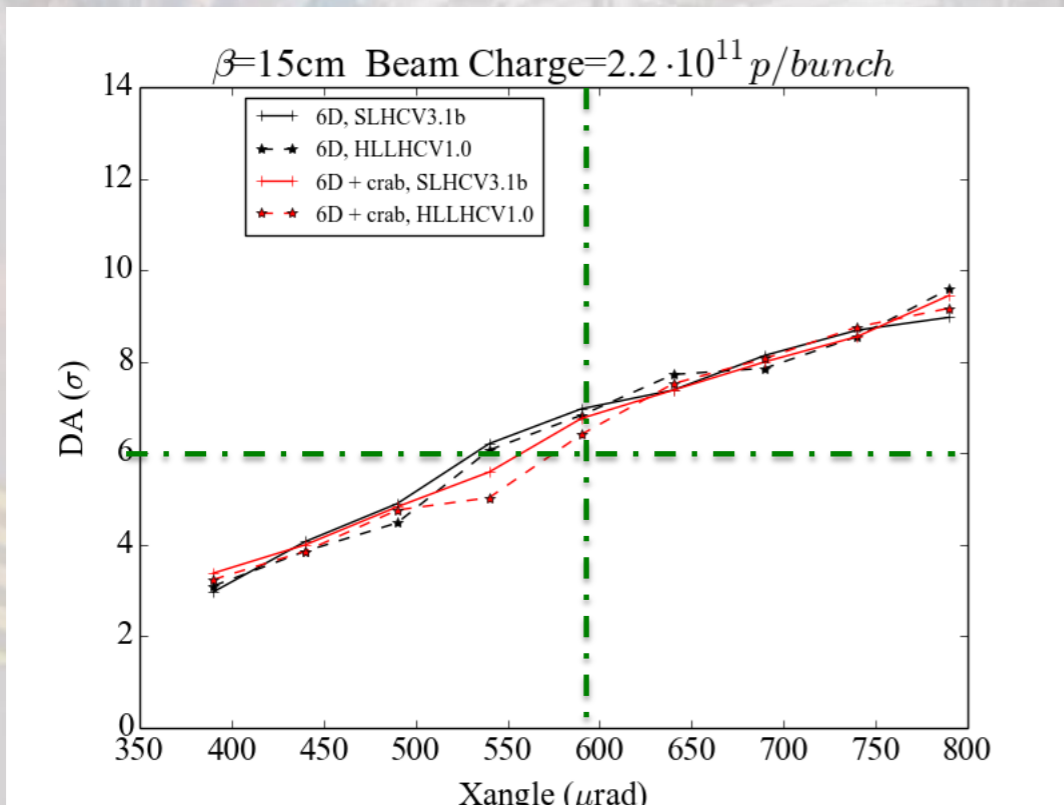
Full head-on from IP8 $DQ = -0.01$

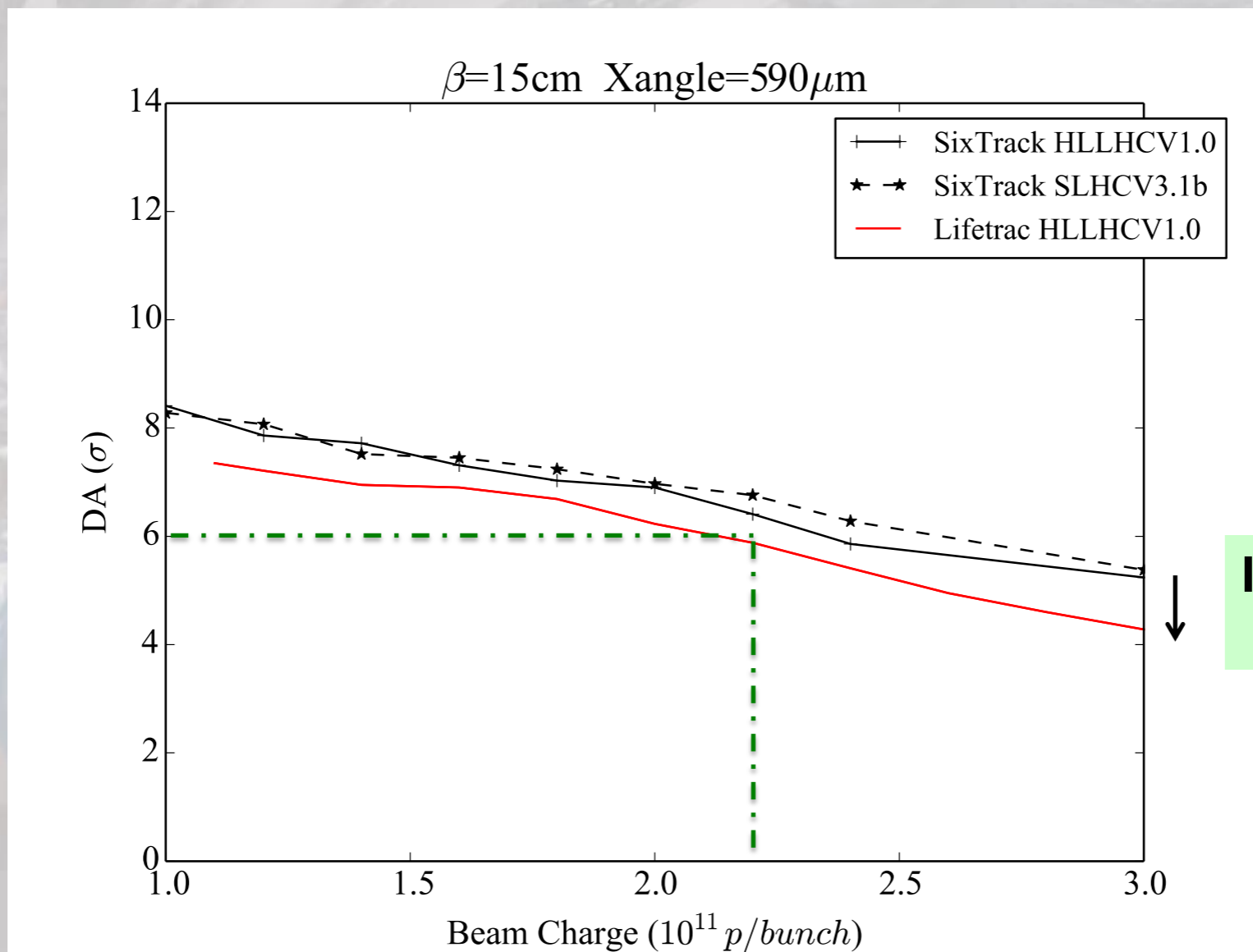
Three cases for IP8 LRs at $3m \beta^*$:

- $\alpha_{IP8} = 610 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow \Delta DA = -0.35@2.2e11 (0.14@1.1e11) \sigma$
- $\alpha_{IP8} = 290 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow \Delta DA = -0.5@2.2e11 (0.36@1.1e11) \sigma$
- $\alpha_{IP8} = 70 \mu\text{rad} \rightarrow \Delta DA = -0.7@2.2e11 (0.56@1.1e11) \sigma$



New HLLHCV1.0 round 15 cm optic has been tested and give DA results compatible with older SLHCV3.1b

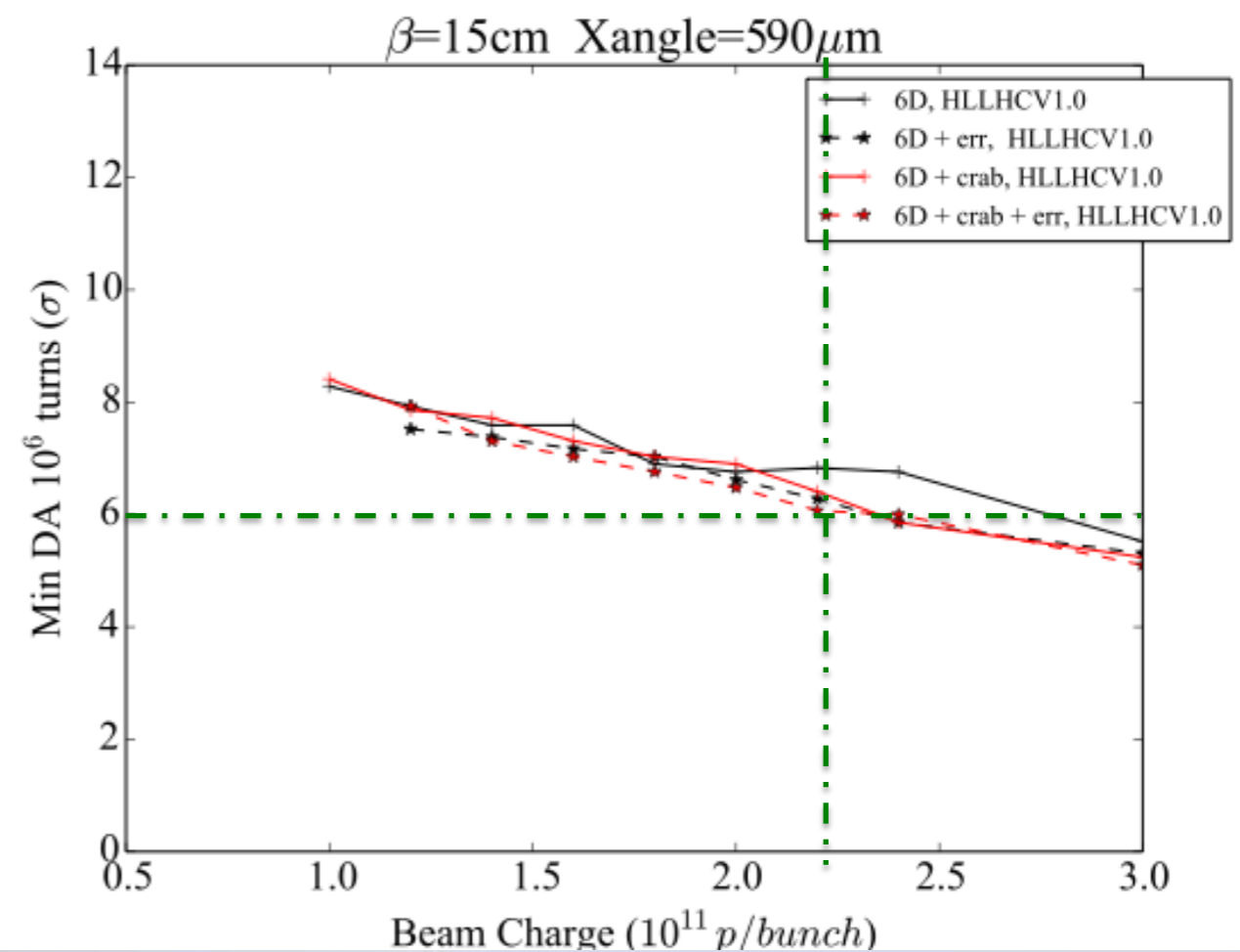
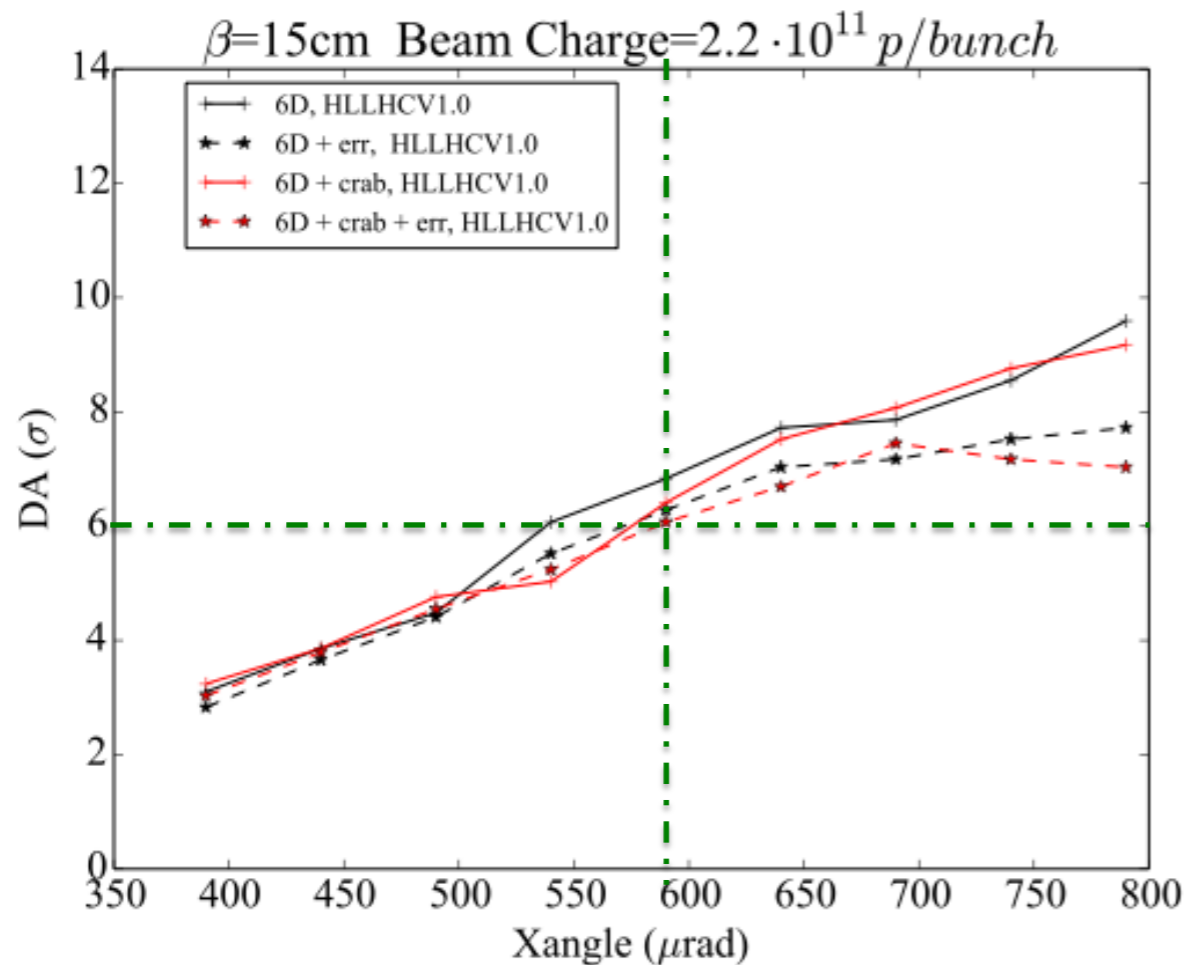




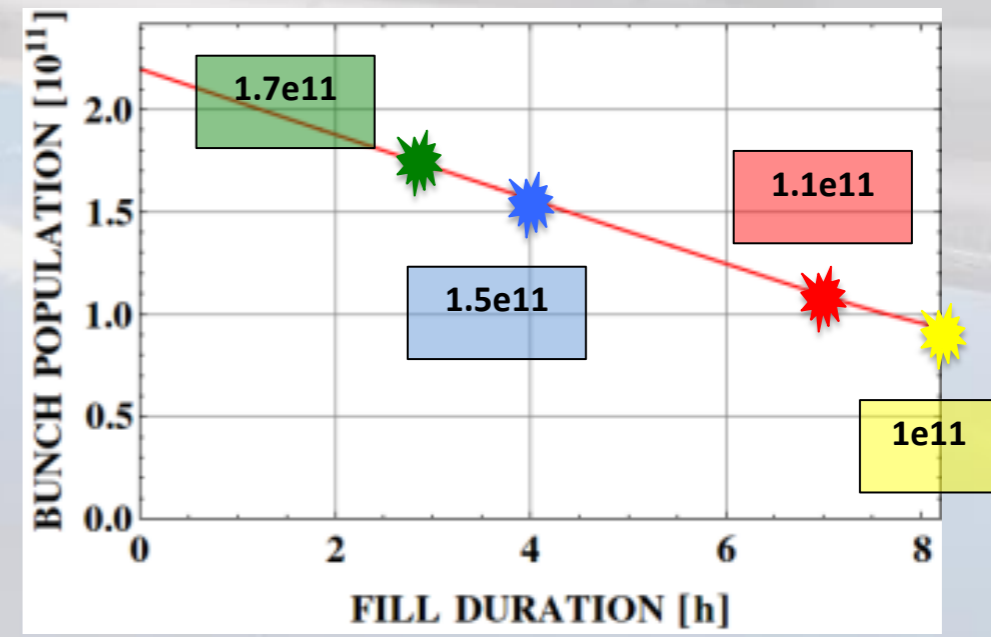
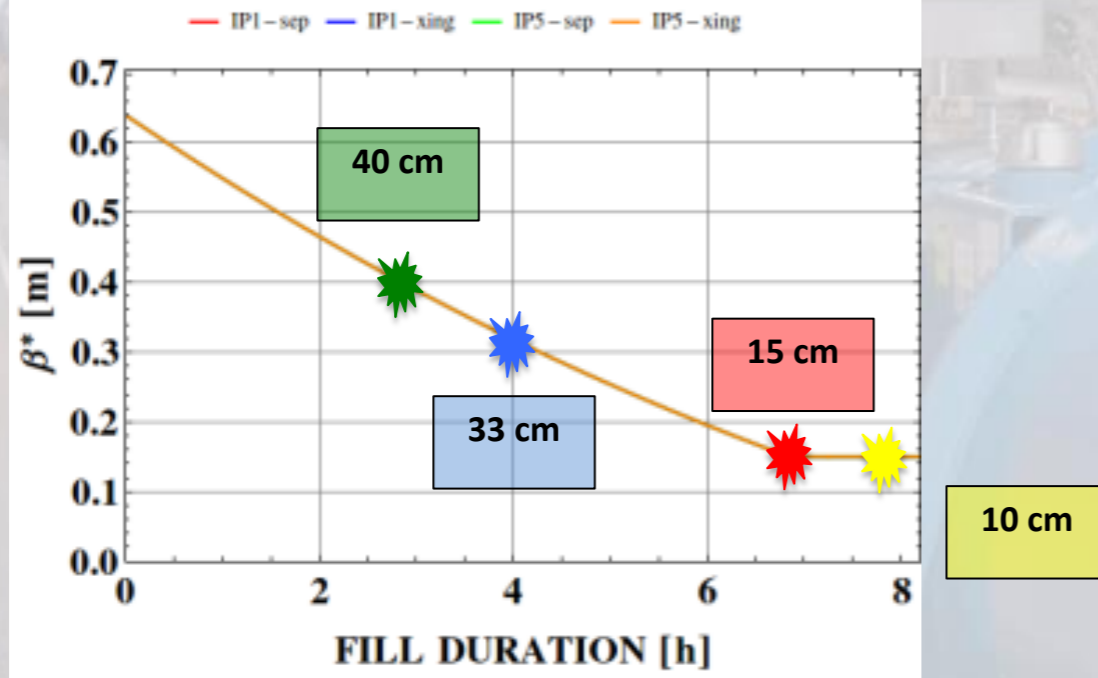
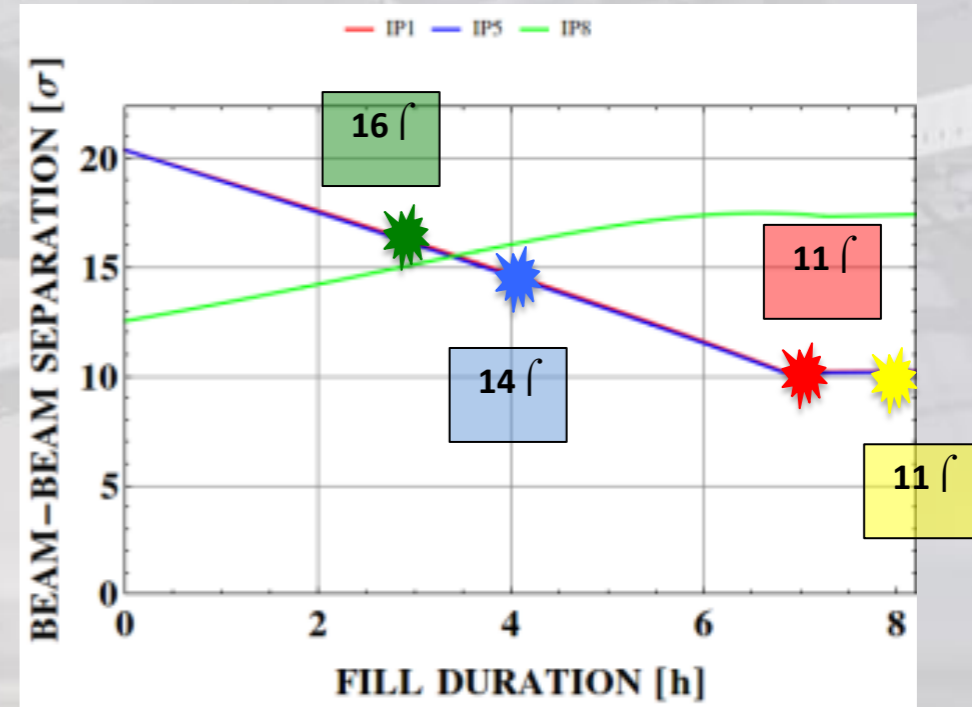
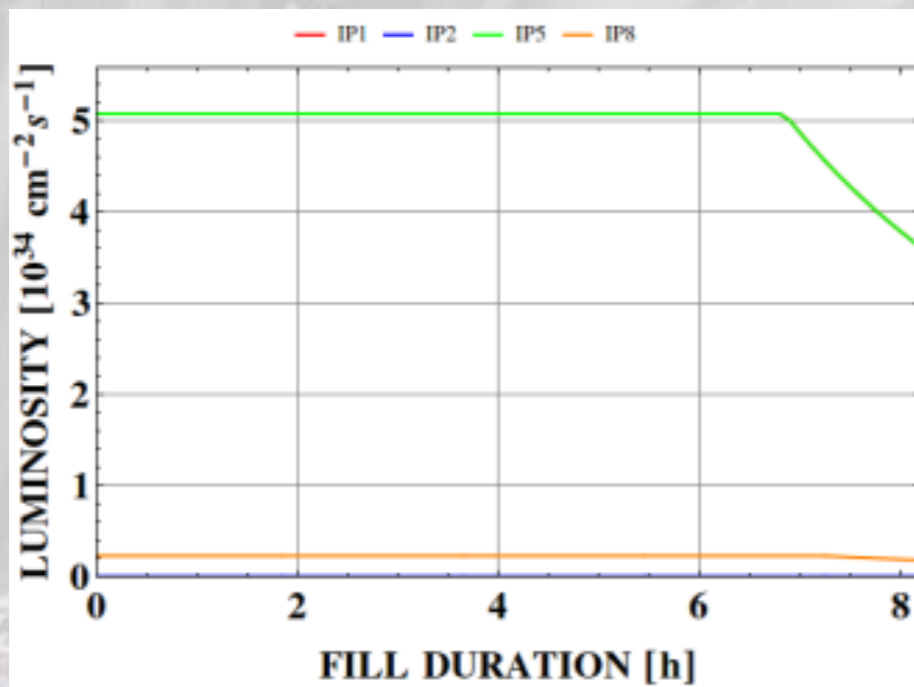
IP8 contribution with 6
10 μrad x-angle

All studies have been performed also with Lifetrac
The two codes show good agreement (10-20% variations)
0.5 σ reduction for this case comes from the IP8 contribution on in Lifetrac simulations.

IP1 & IP5 only HLLHCV1.0 optic



Multipolar Errors do have an impact of 0.5-1.0 σ at nominal intensity for 15 cm optics. Above 600 μrad x-angle multipolar errors not anymore in shadow of Beam-Beam Nominal scenario is at limit of 6 σ DA for nominal amplitude.



Courtesy R. De Maria

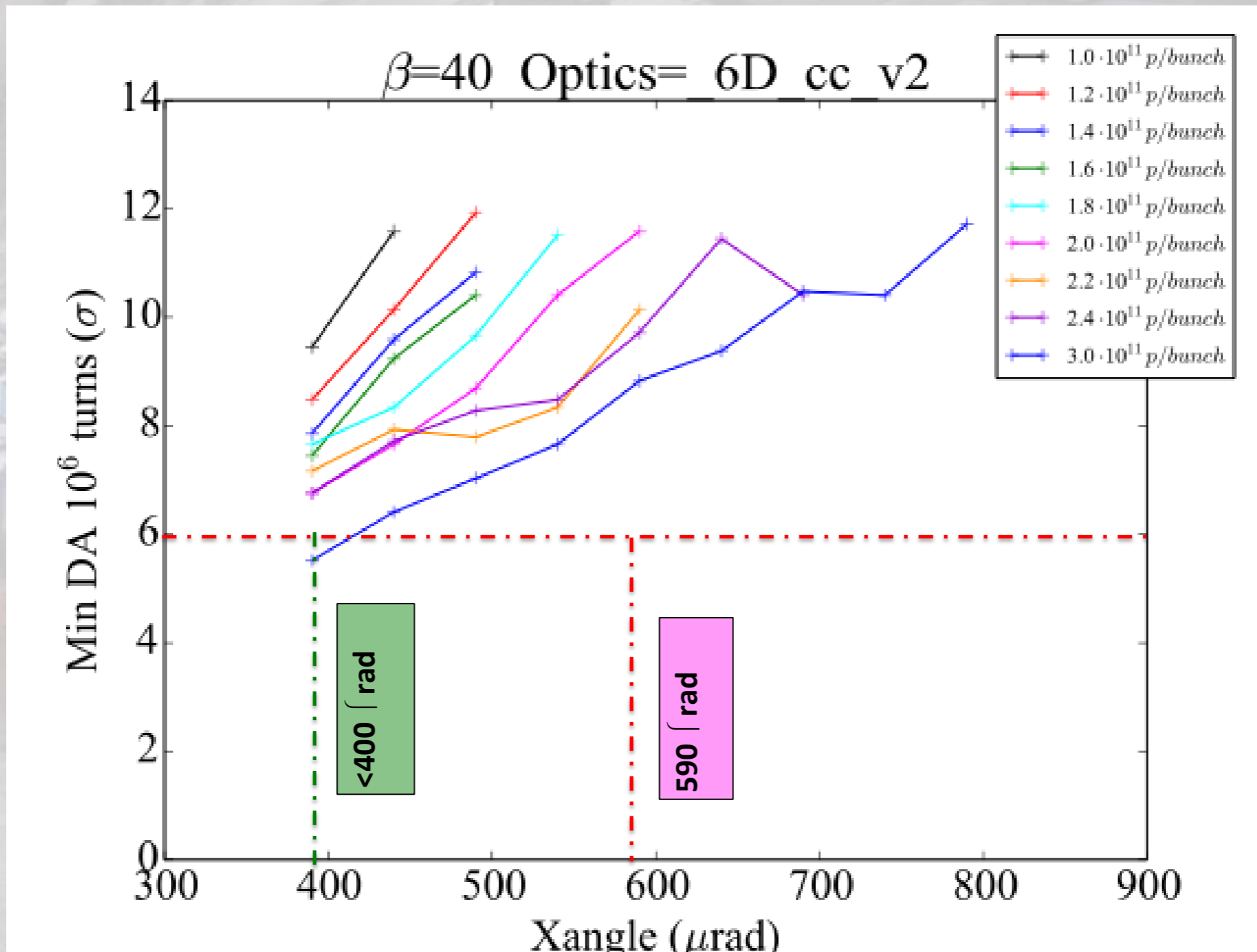
β^* leveling with round optics and full crabbing in IP1 and IP5
We modelled 4 optics during betatron squeeze
Beam parameters follow the luminosity leveling at 5E34 (7.5E34)

Two cases 5e34 and 7.5e34

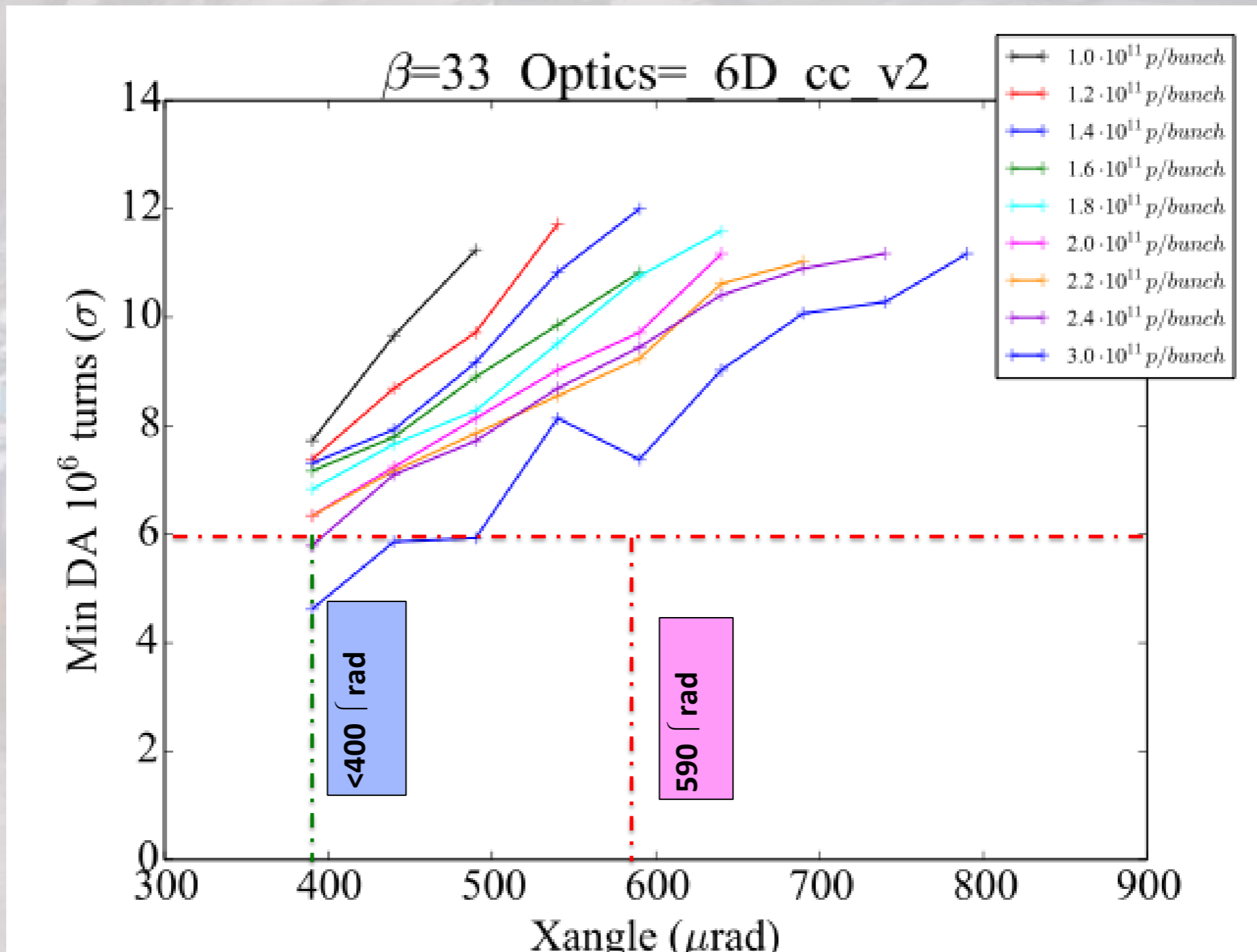
Leveled Luminosity	Intensity ppb at $\beta^* = 40\text{cm}$	Intensity ppb at $\beta^* = 33\text{cm}$	Intensity ppb at $\beta^* = 15\text{cm}$	Intensity ppb at $\beta^* = 10\text{cm}$
5E+34	1.7E+11	1.5E+11	1.1E+11	1E+11
7.5E+34	x	2.1E+11	1.5E+11	x

We Define:

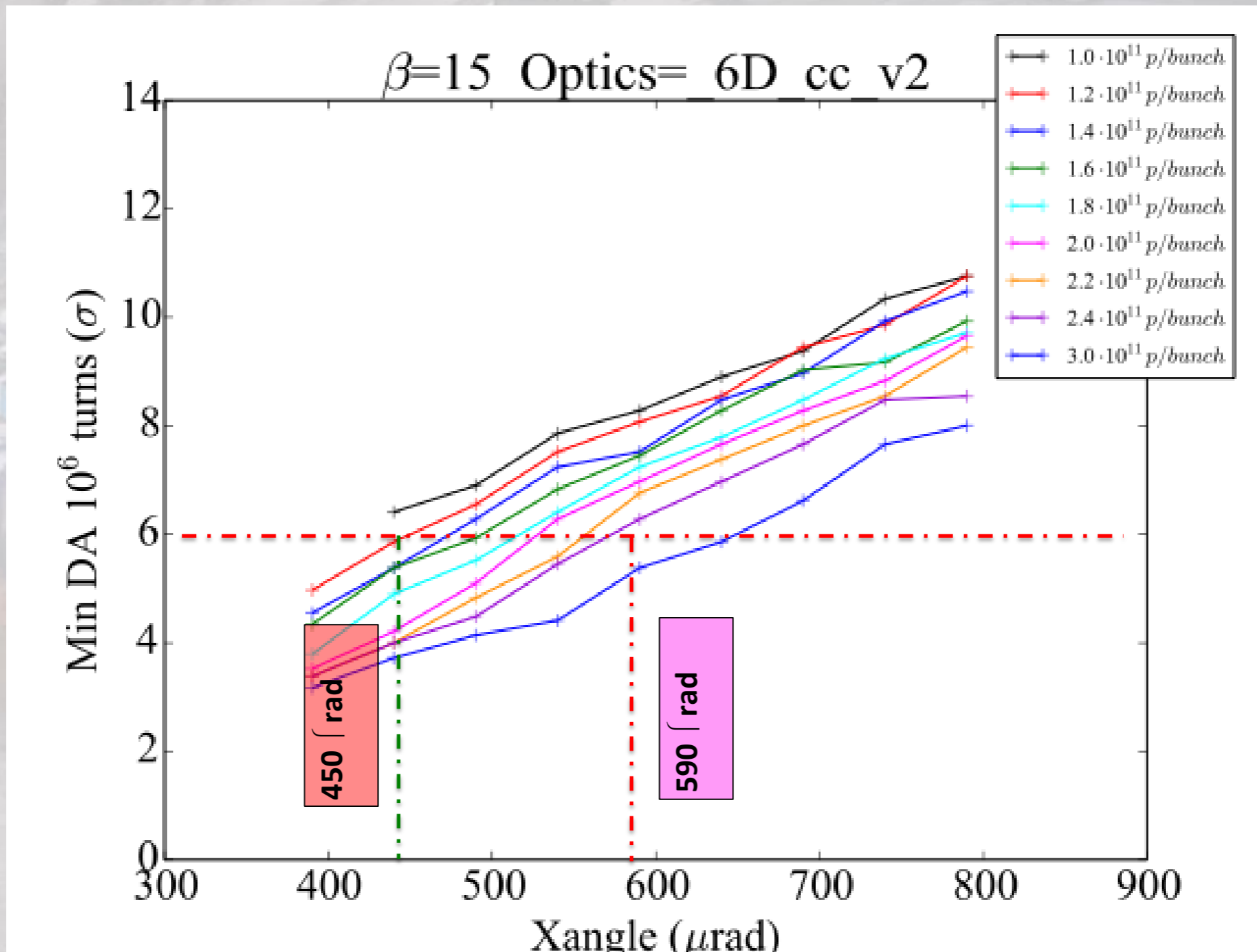
- **Minimum crossing angle** acceptable to ensure 6σ DA
- **Maximum Intensity** acceptable per β^* step during leveling



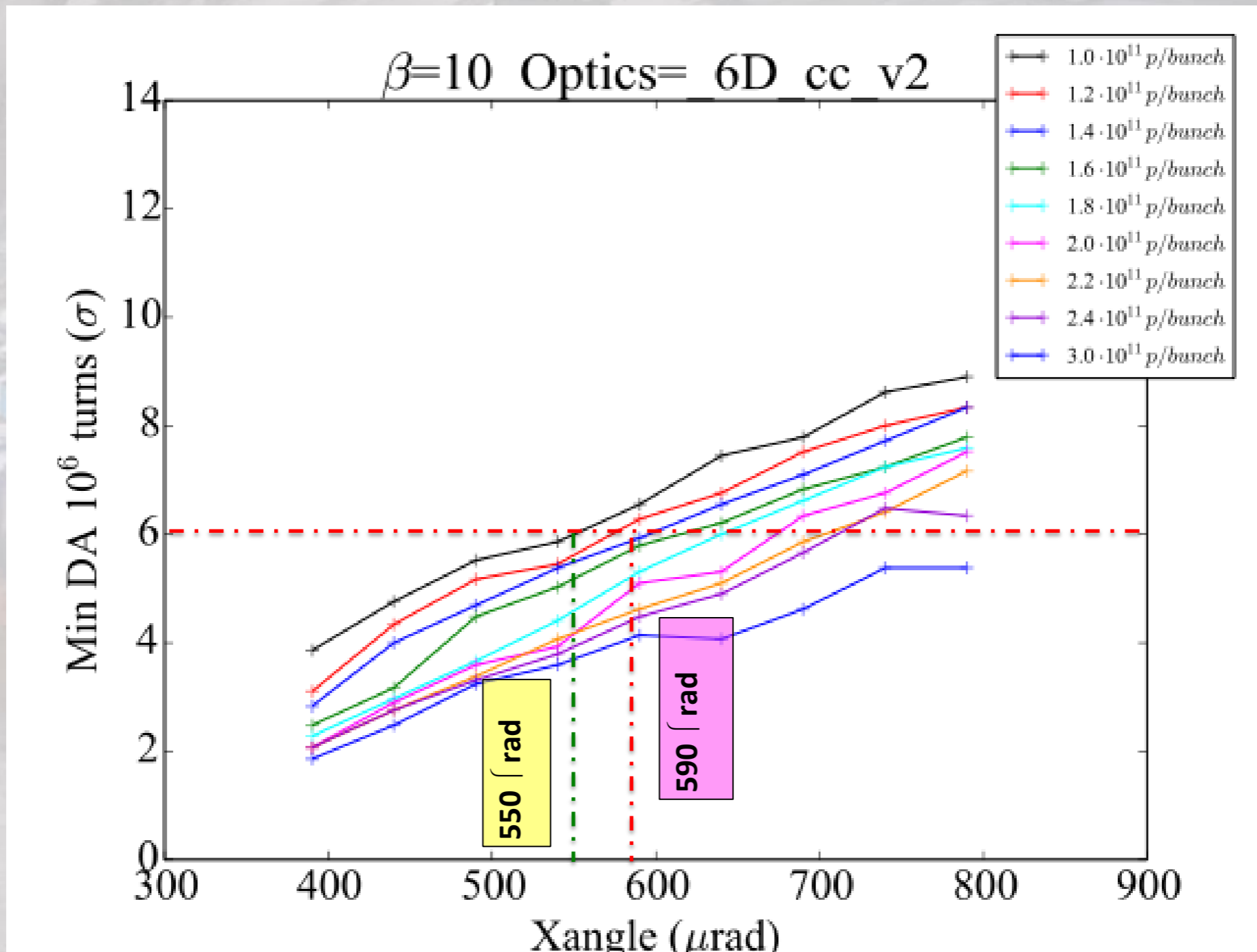
**Minimum crossing angle <400 μrad at 1.7E11
At nominal angle all Intensities are acceptable**



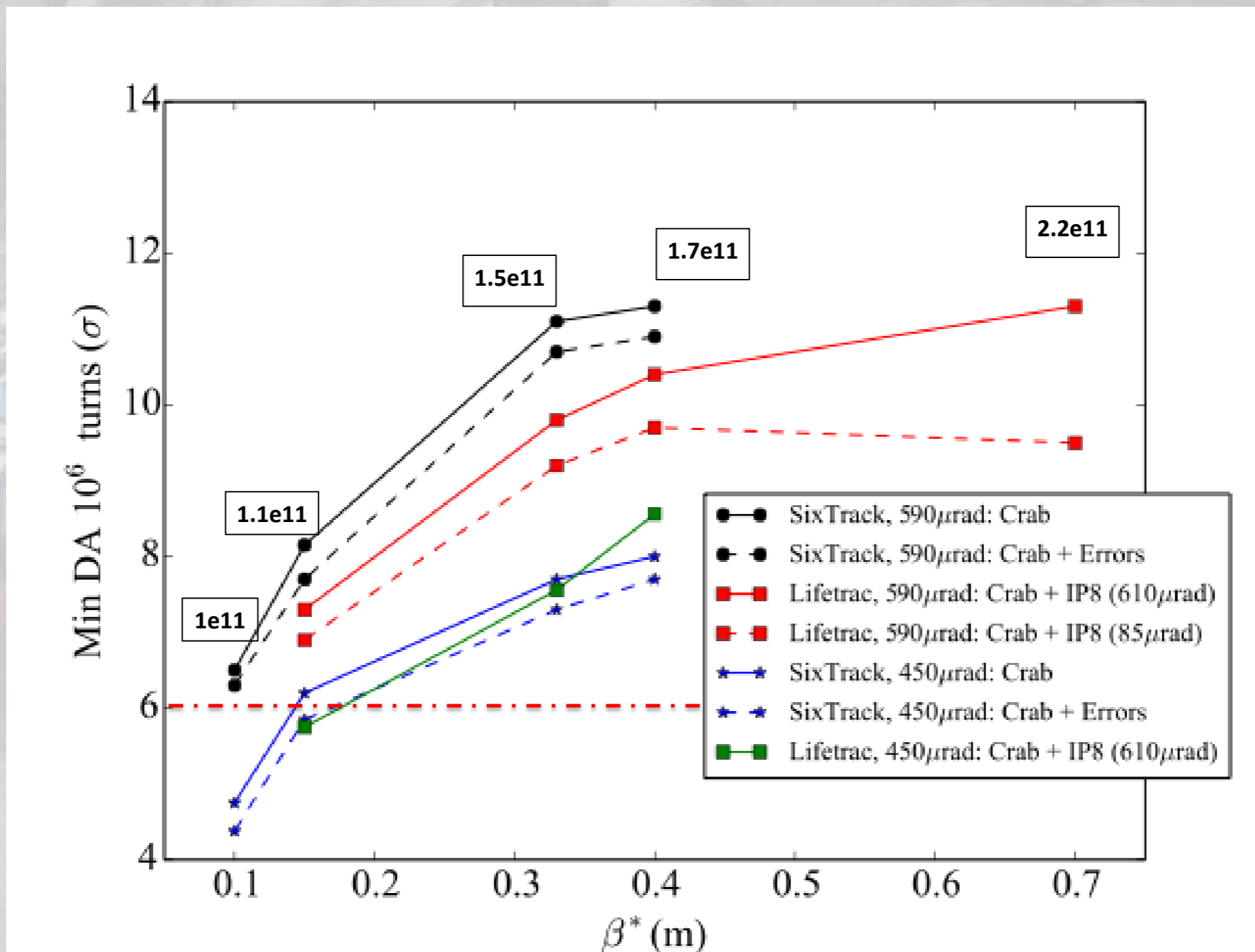
Minimum crossing angle <400 μ rad at 1.5E11



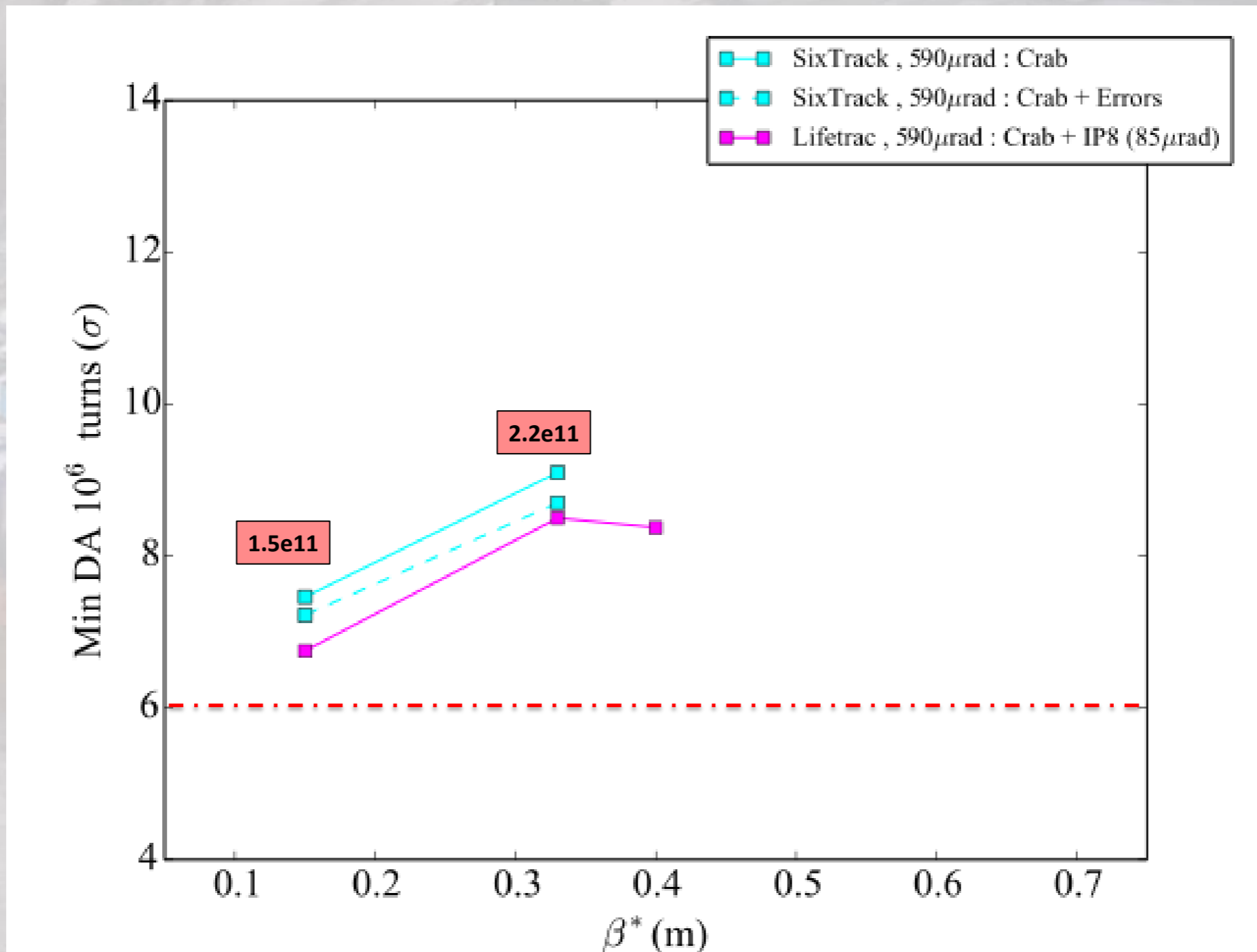
**Minimum crossing angle 450 μ rad for β^* levelling (int 1.1E11)
At nominal x-angle 590 μ rad limited to int 2.4E11 (optimistic case)**



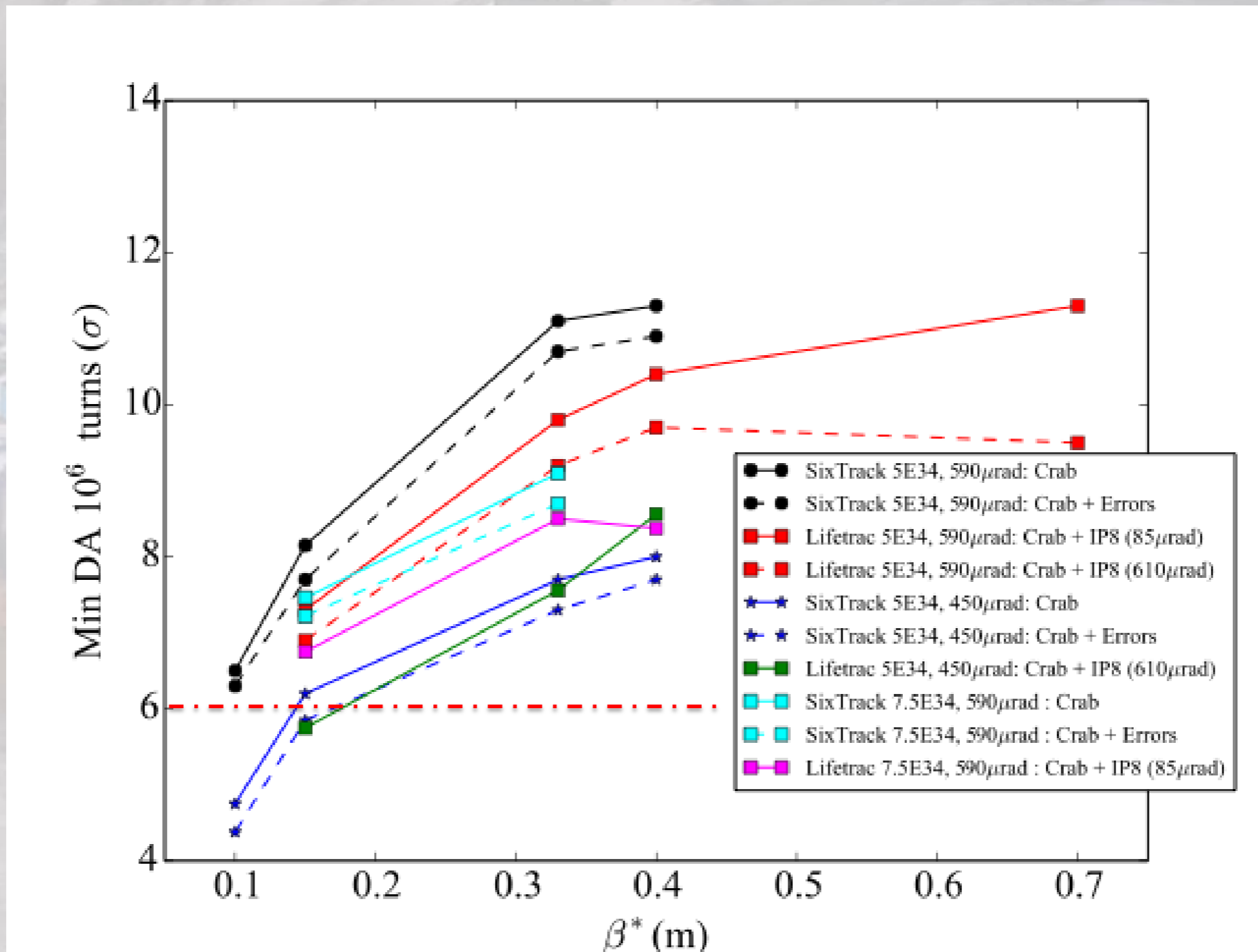
**Minimum crossing angle 550 μrad for β^* levelling (int 1E11)
At nominal x-angle 590 μrad limited to int 1.4E11**



**Nominal scenario with leveled lumi at $5e34$ at $590\mu\text{rad}$ is robust thanks to b^* leveling
DA always above 7σ**



**Nominal scenario with leveled lumi at 7.5e34 at 590 μ rad is robust thanks to β^* leveling
DA always above 7 σ**



Round optics IP1 (ATLAS) and IP5 (CMS) main drivers:

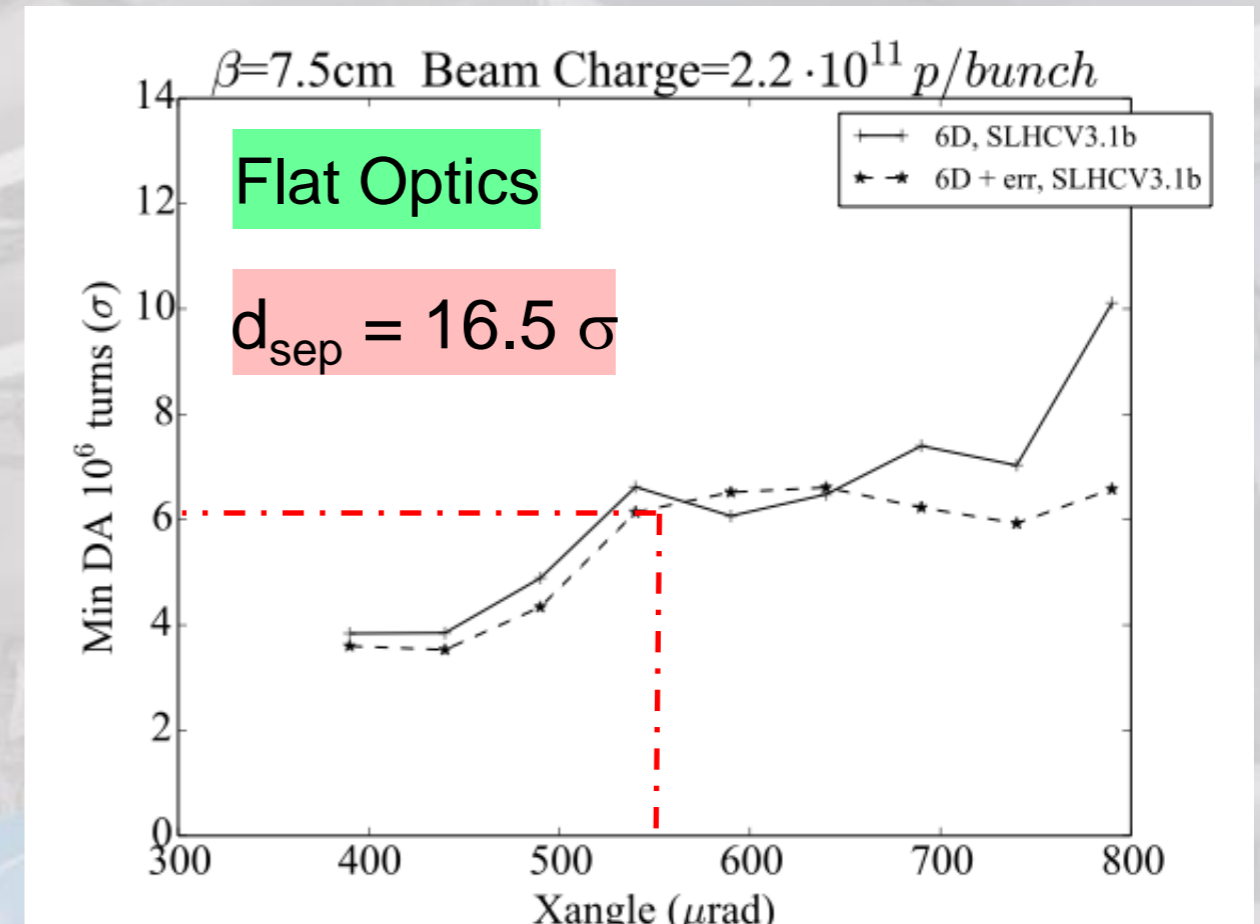
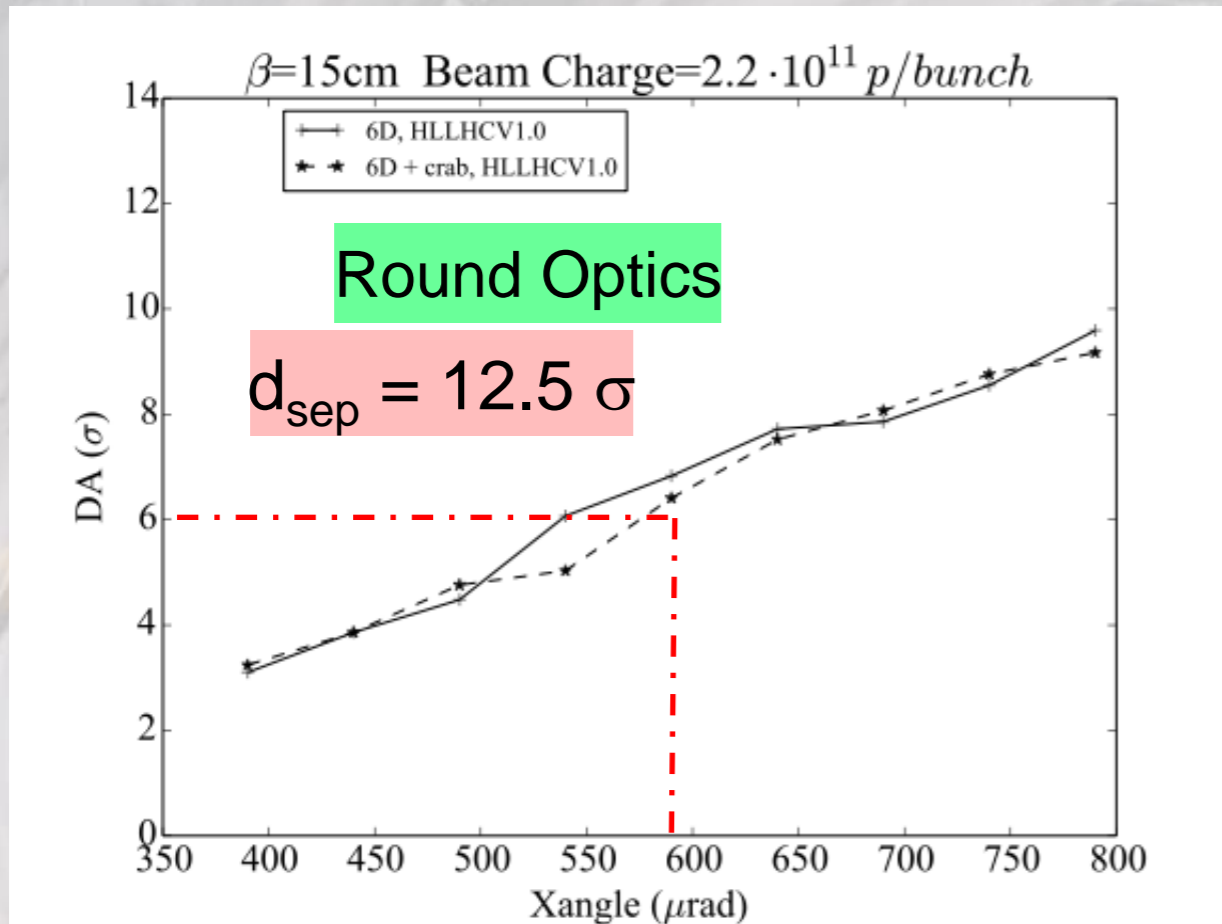
- Crossing angle scans
- Intensity scans
- Effect of crab crossing
- Impact of multipolar errors
- Impact of IP8 (LHCb)
- Summary of $5e34$ and $7.5e34$ Lumi scenarios

Flat optics:

- Crossing angle scans
- Intensity scans
- Multipolar Errors

Summary and Future studies

IP1 & IP5 only No Crab Crossing



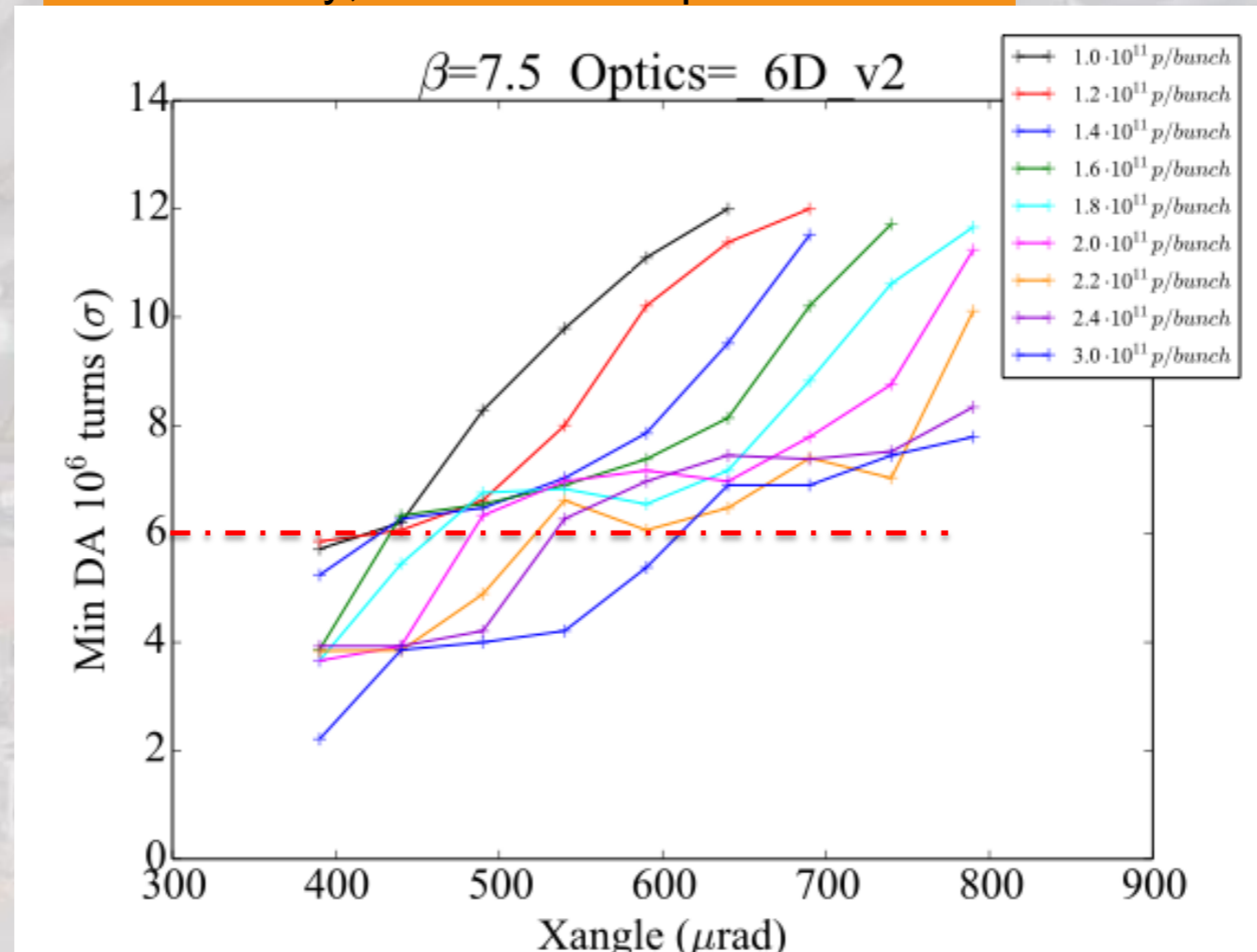
$$DA \propto \alpha$$

$$DA \not\propto \alpha$$

Different behaviour due to tune shift due to the not perfect HV passive compensation between IP1 and IP5.

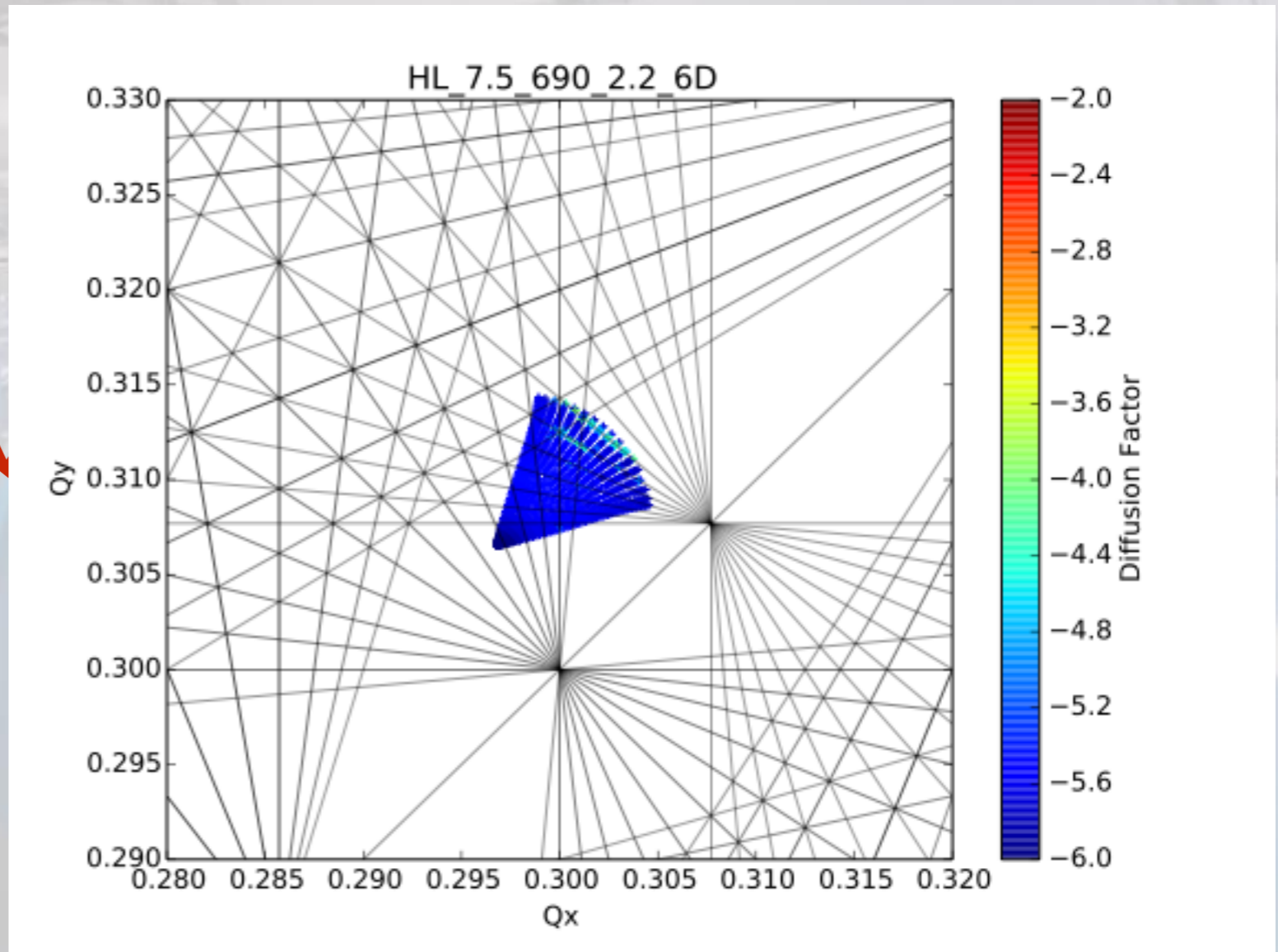
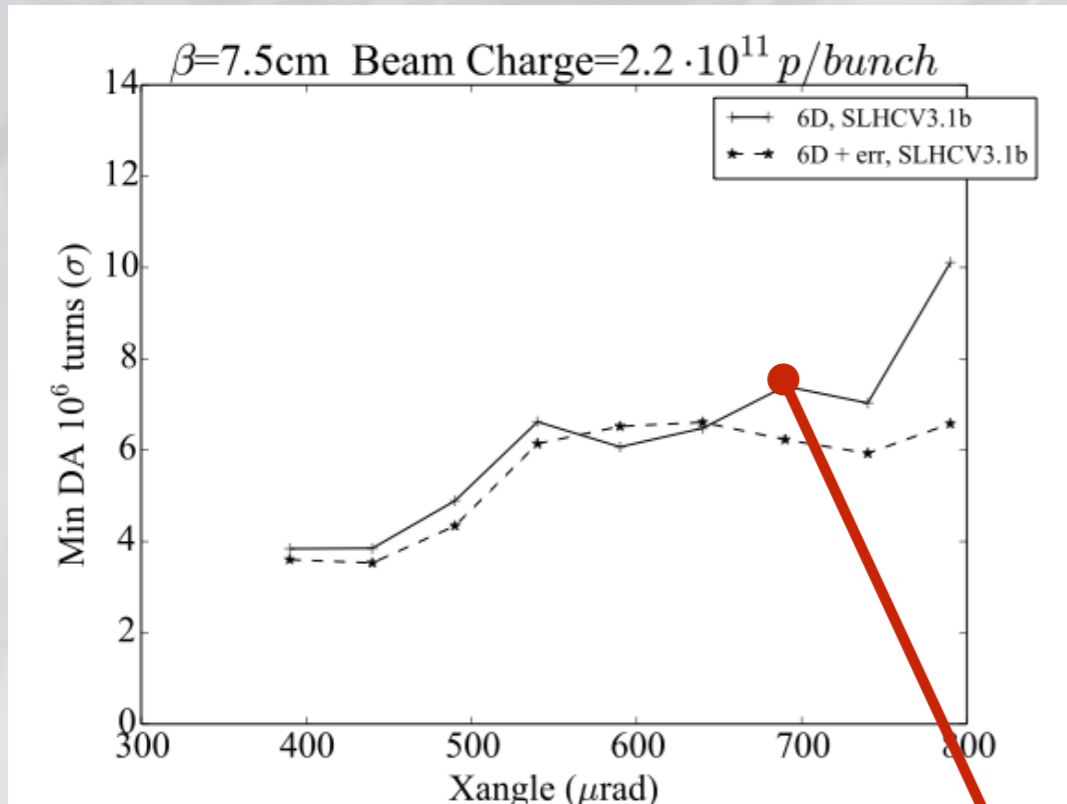
Flat optics need in general LARGER d_{sep} to obtain same DA
 Linear dependency typical for round is not valid for flat (S-shape DA vs angle)!

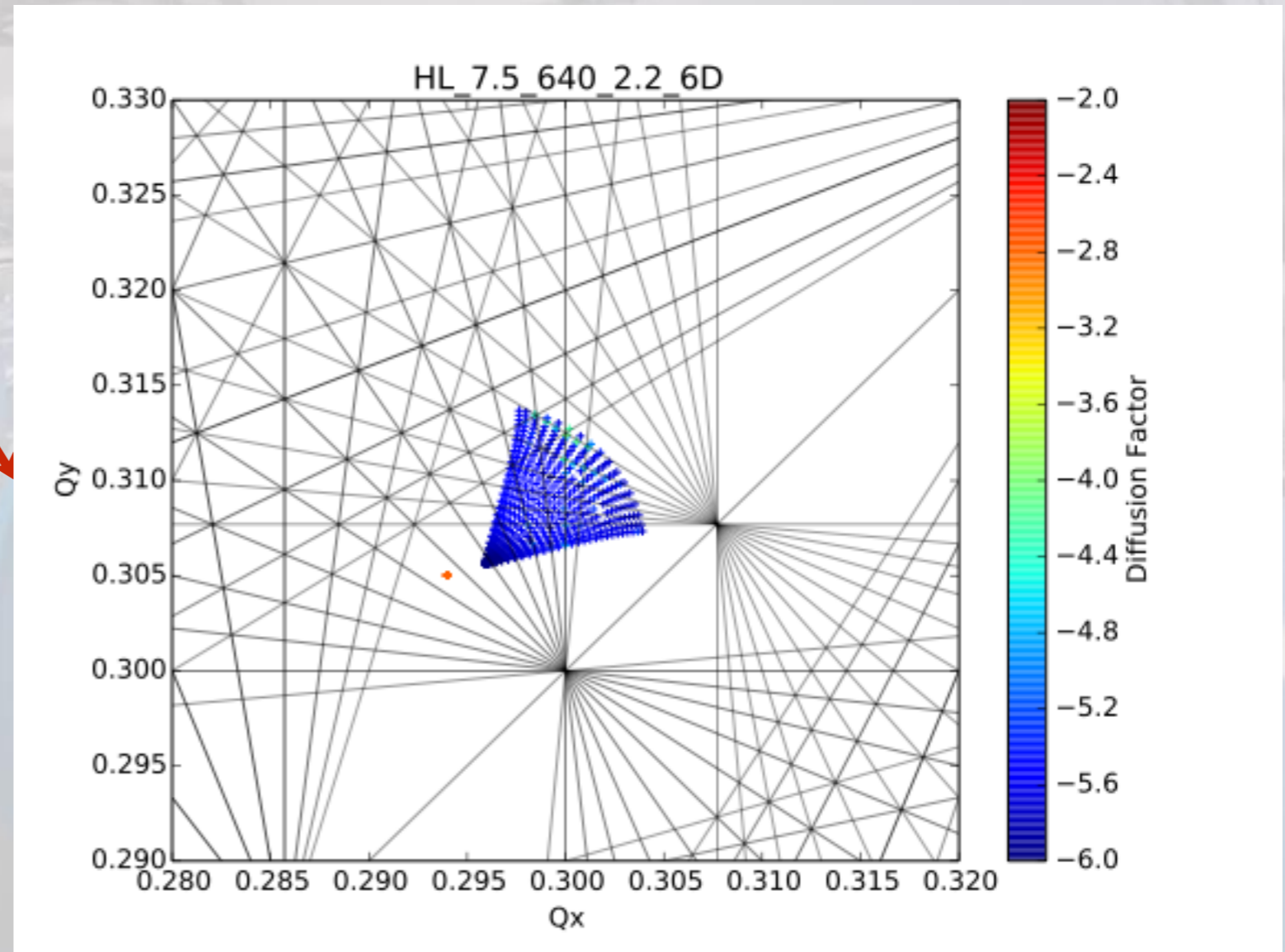
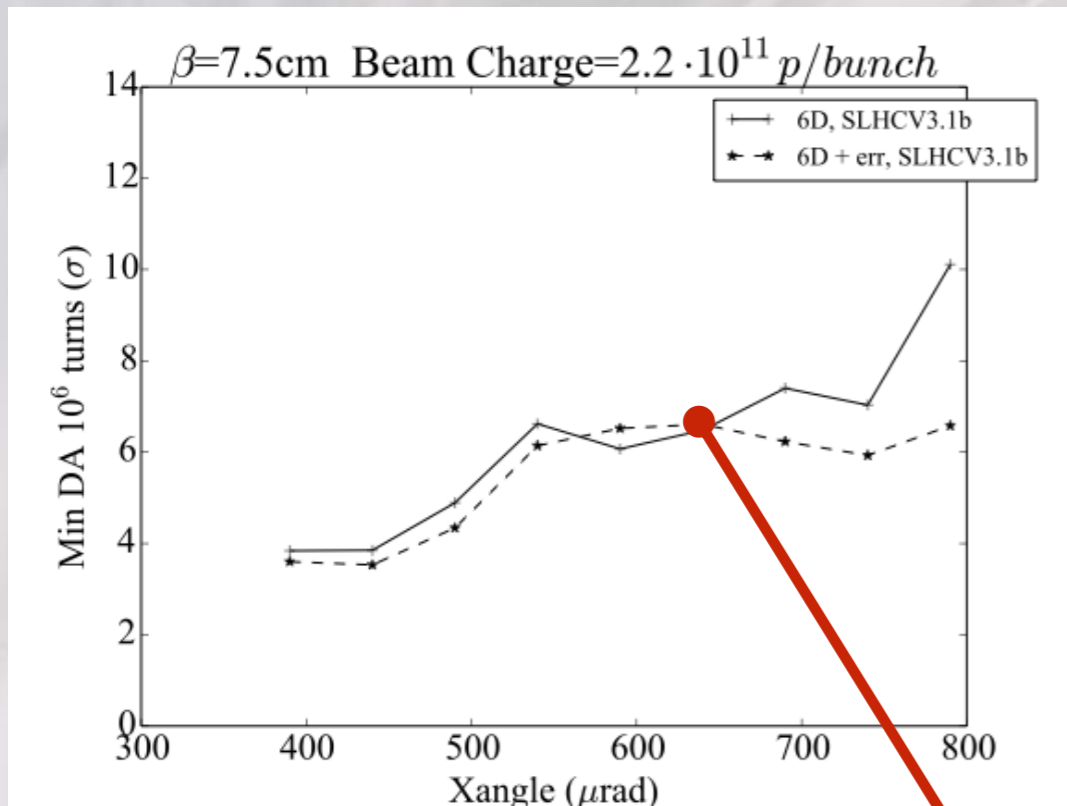
IP1 & IP5 only, SHLCV3.1b optics No Crab

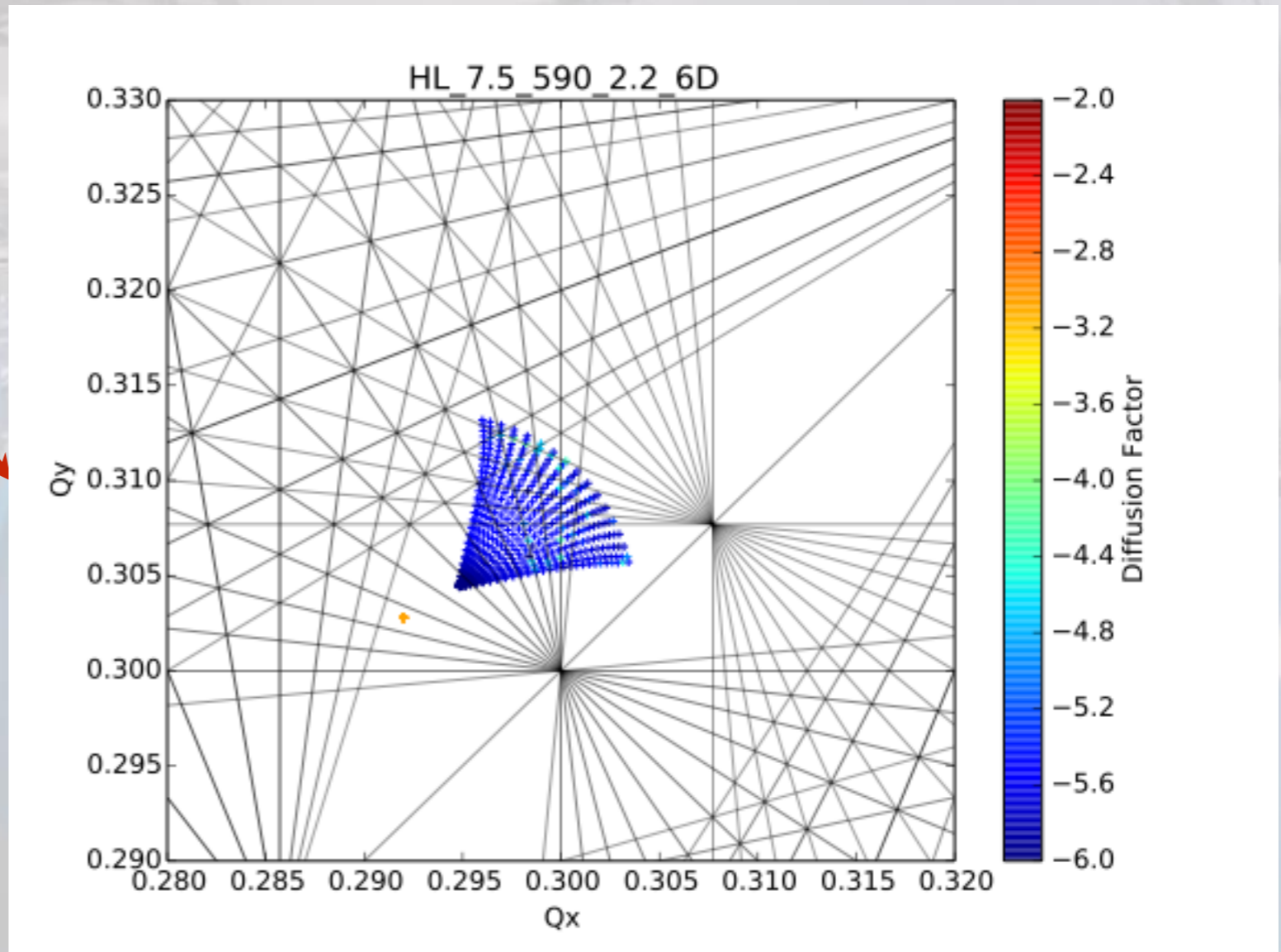
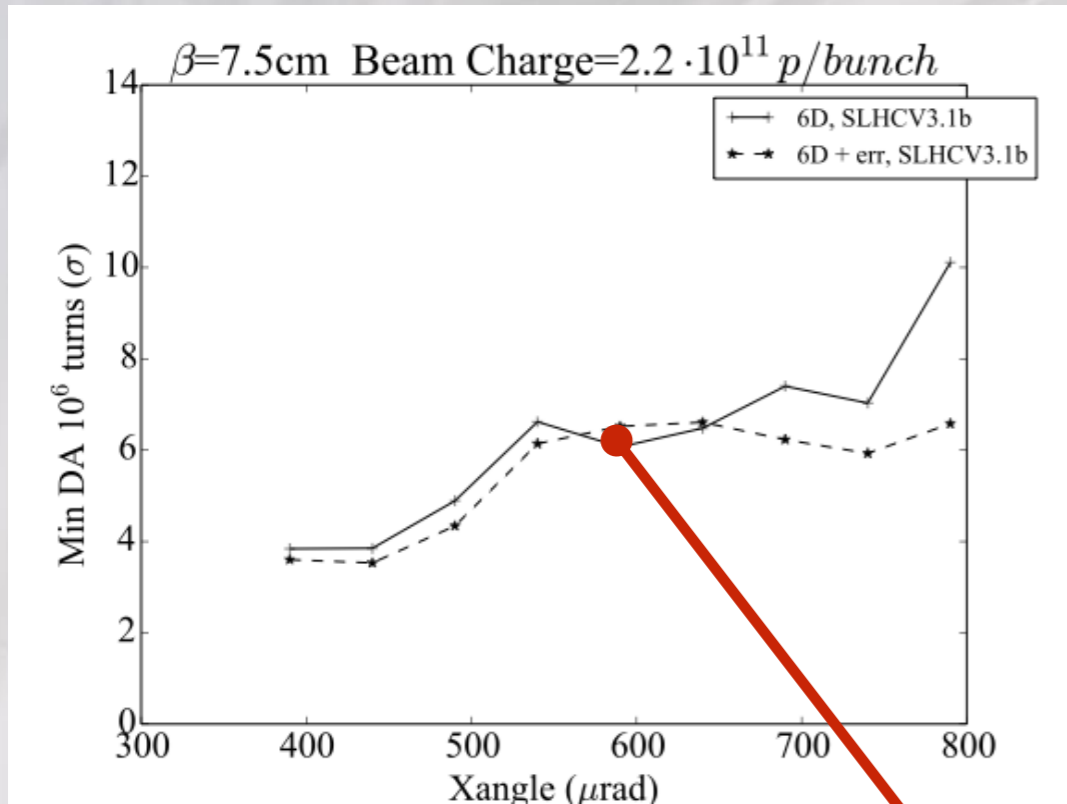


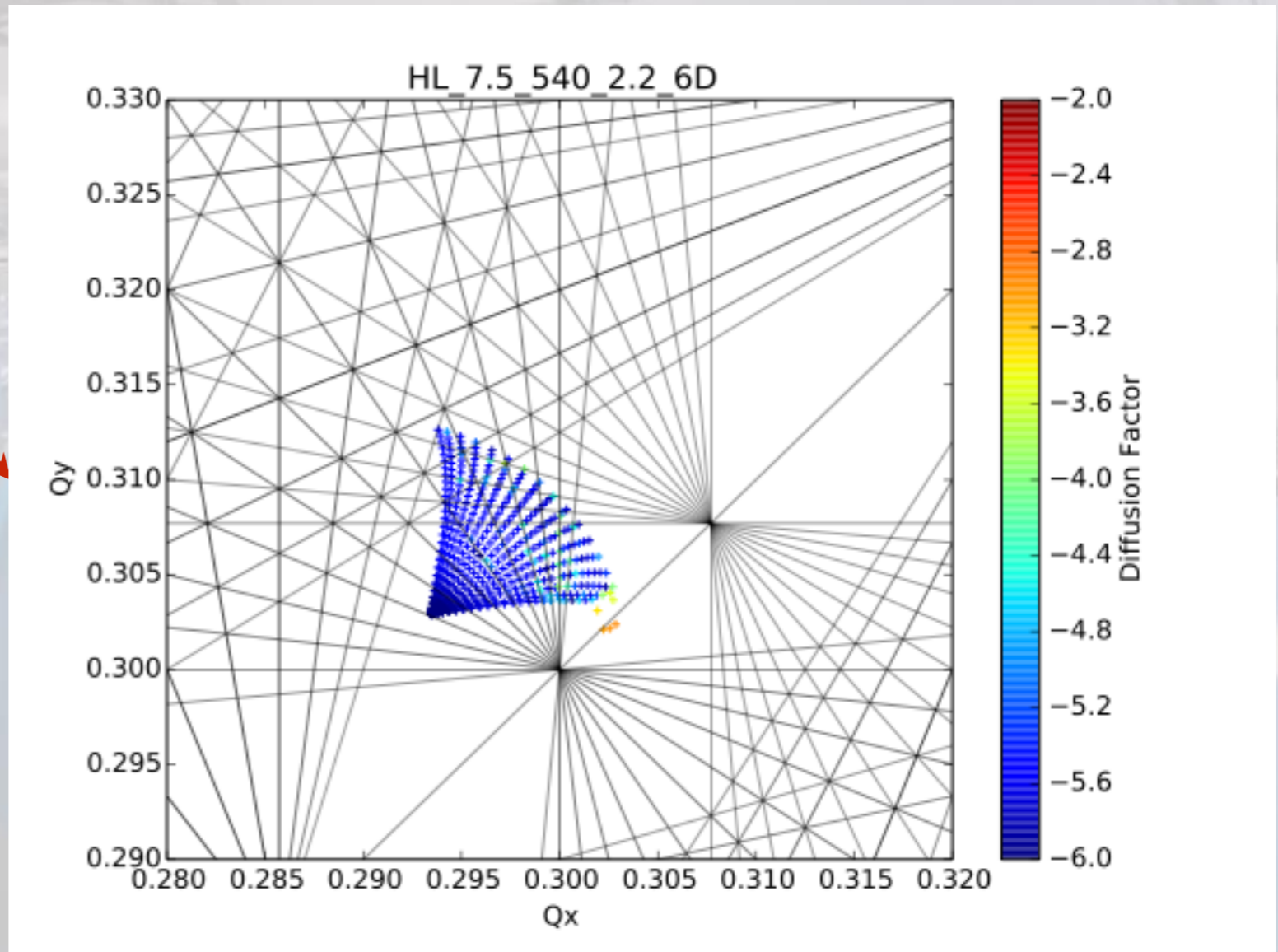
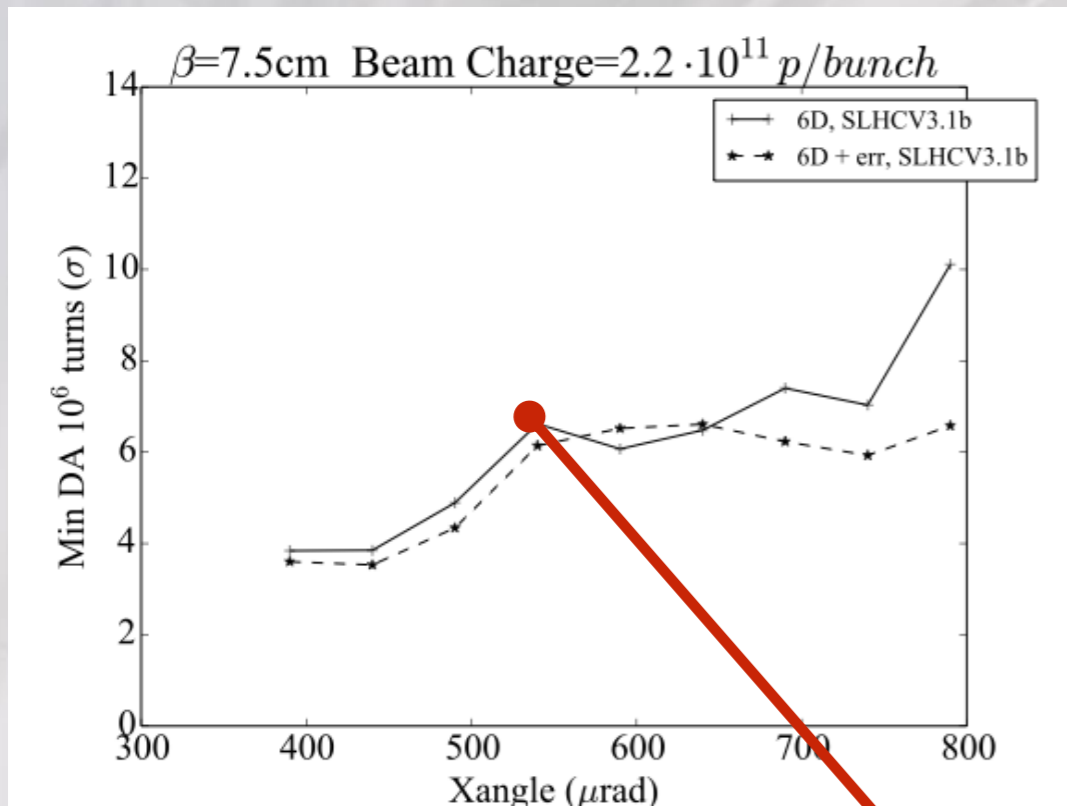
DA \propto Intensity

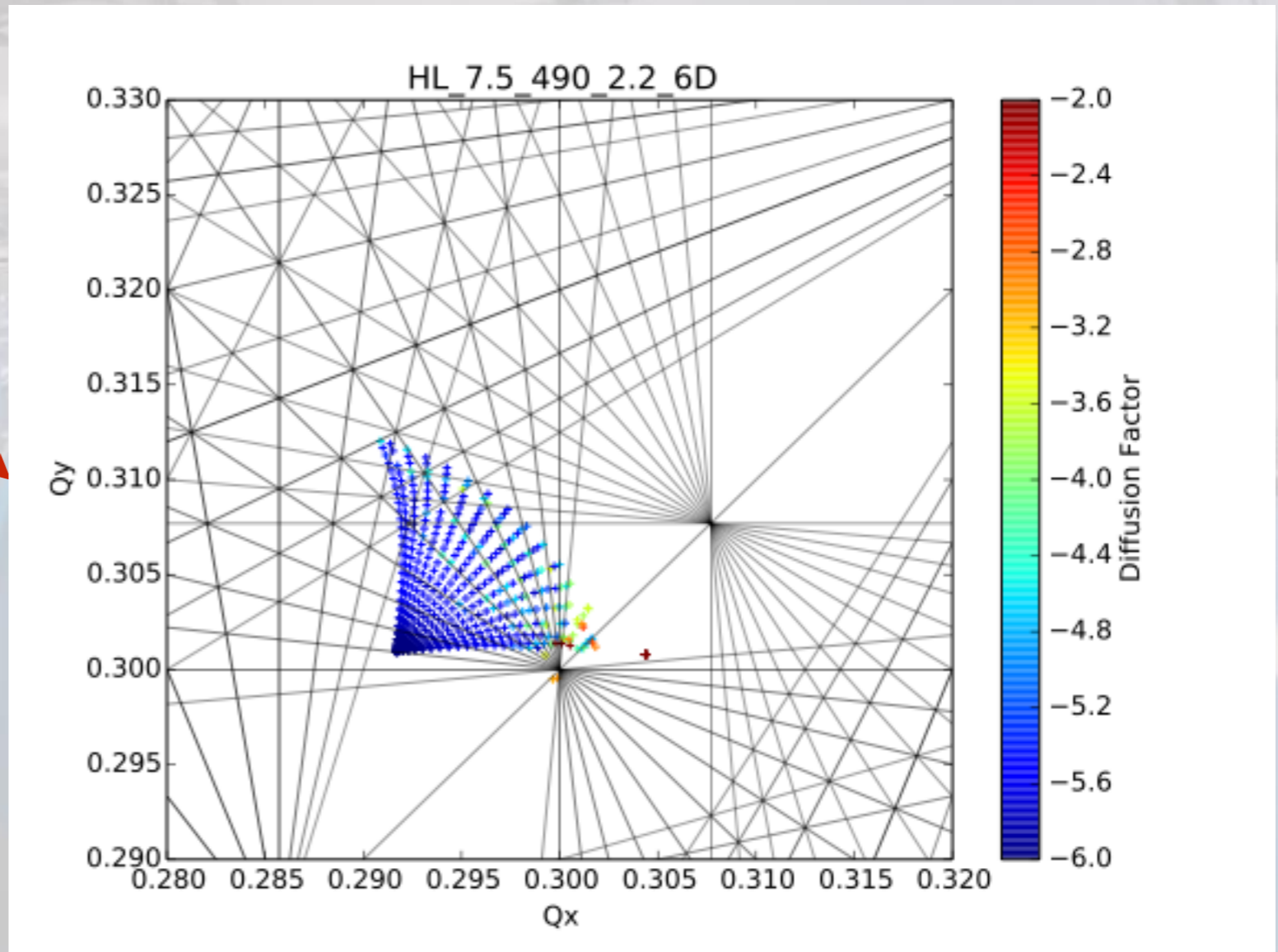
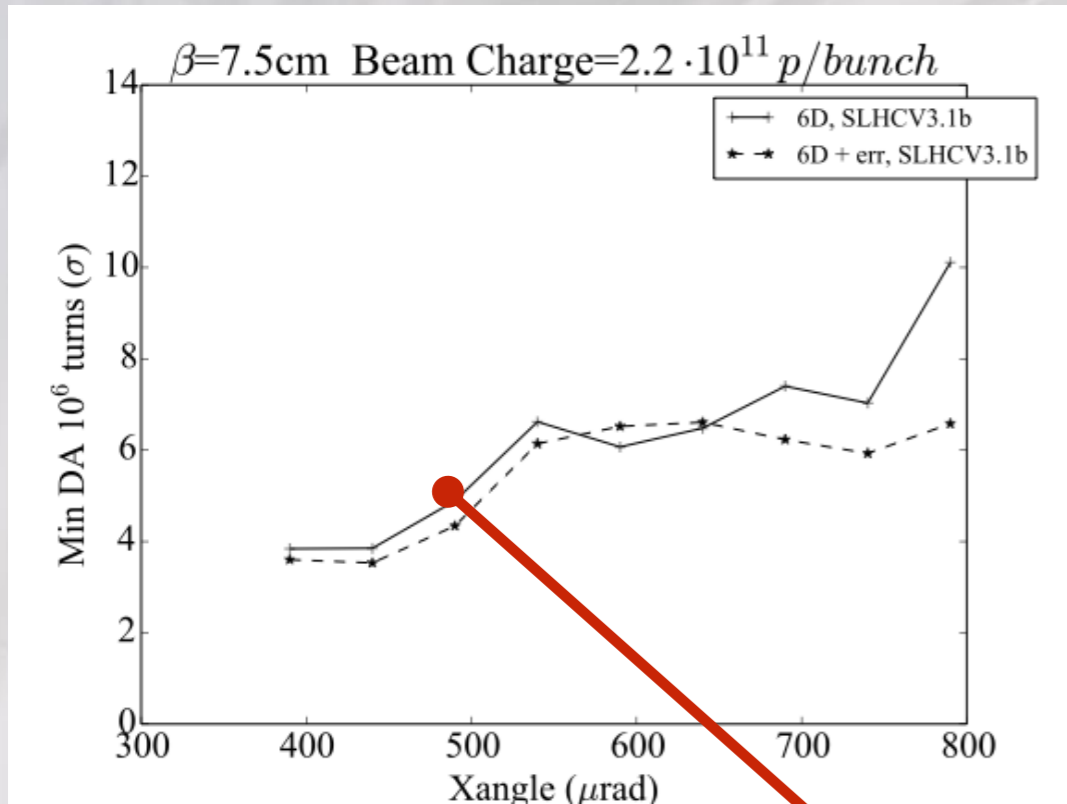
Different behaviour due to tune shift along the diagonal:
 not perfect HV passive compensation between IP1 and IP5.
 Linear dependency typical for round is not for flat with strong LRs!
 Linear dependency for weaker LR, reduced tune shift!

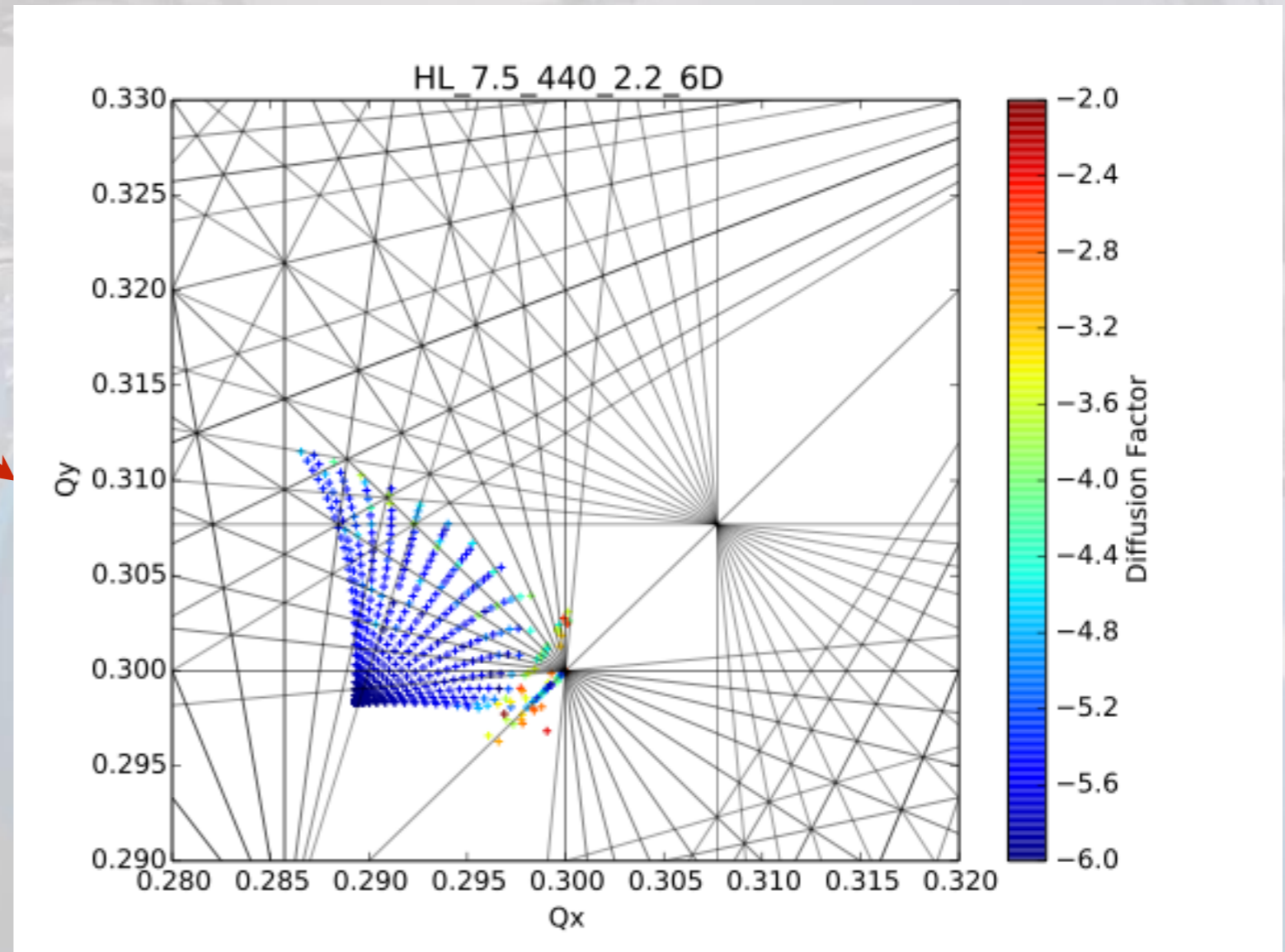
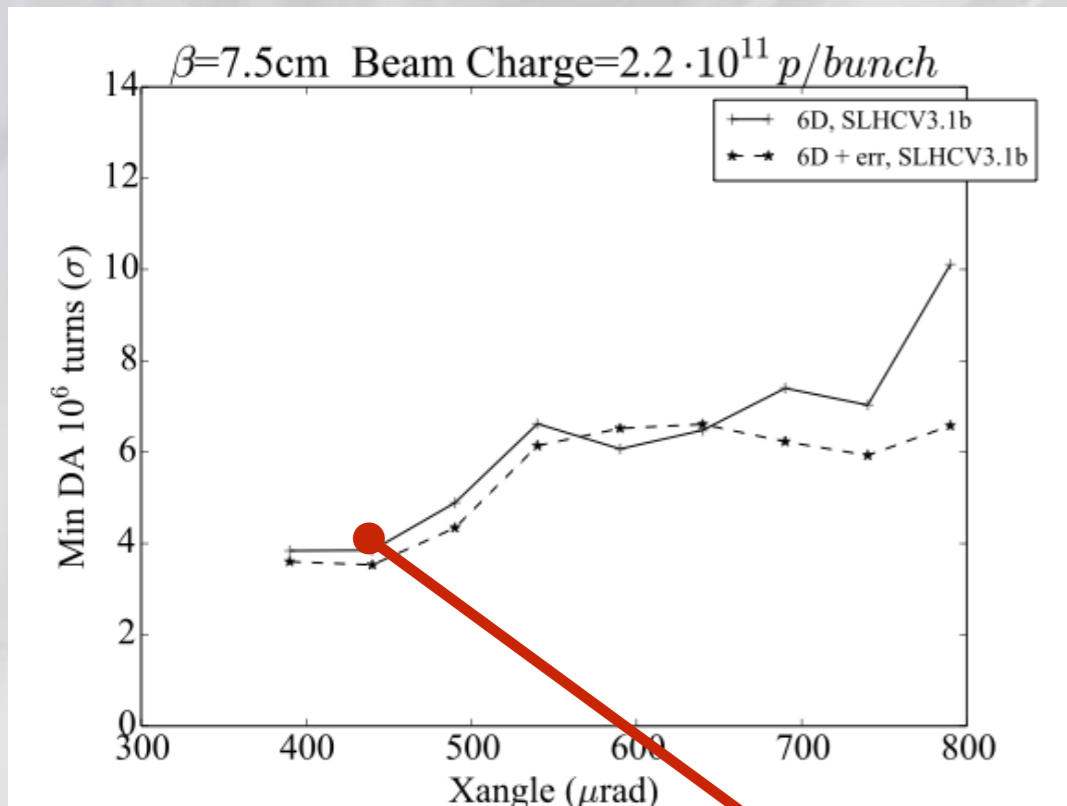


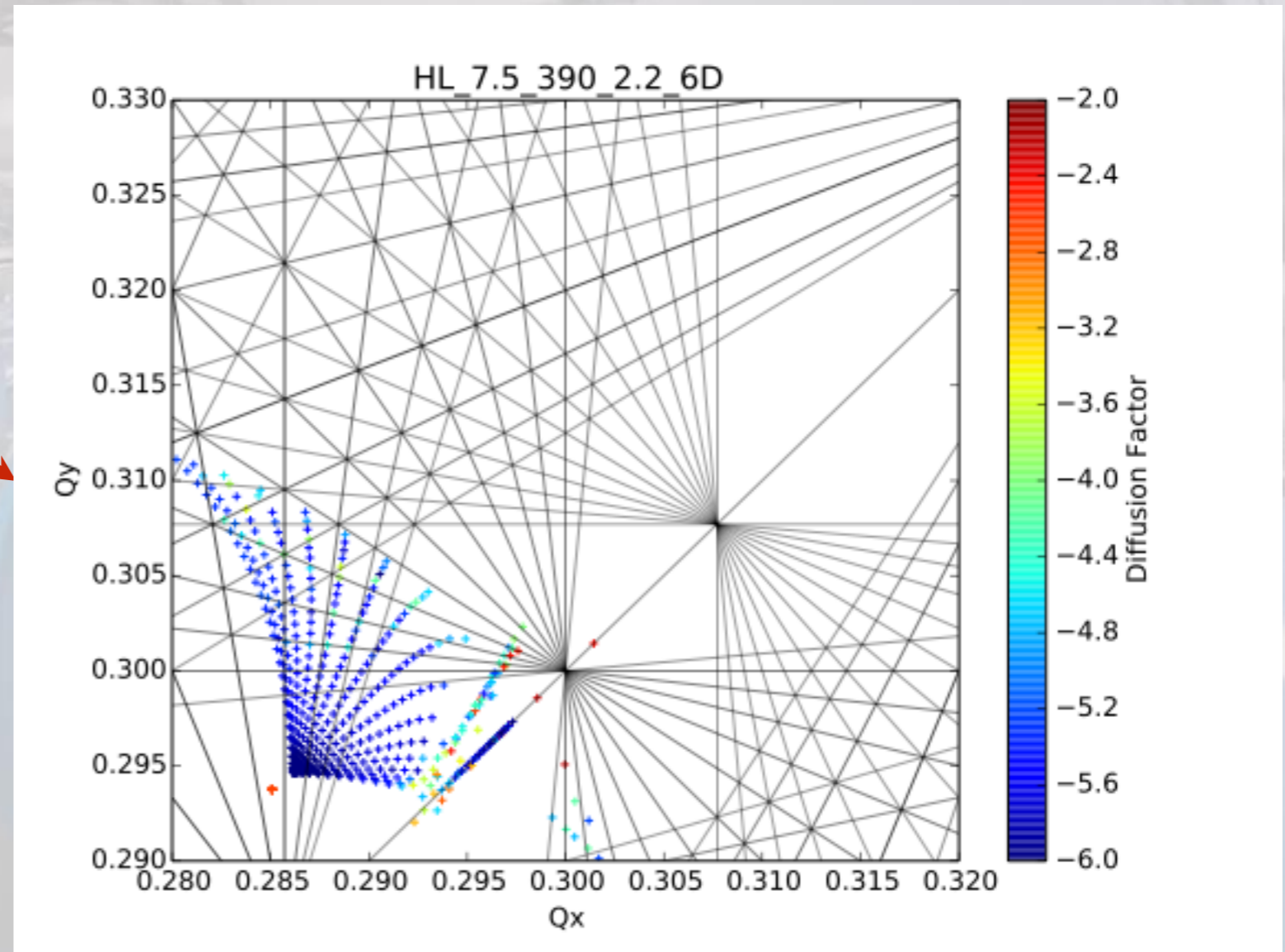
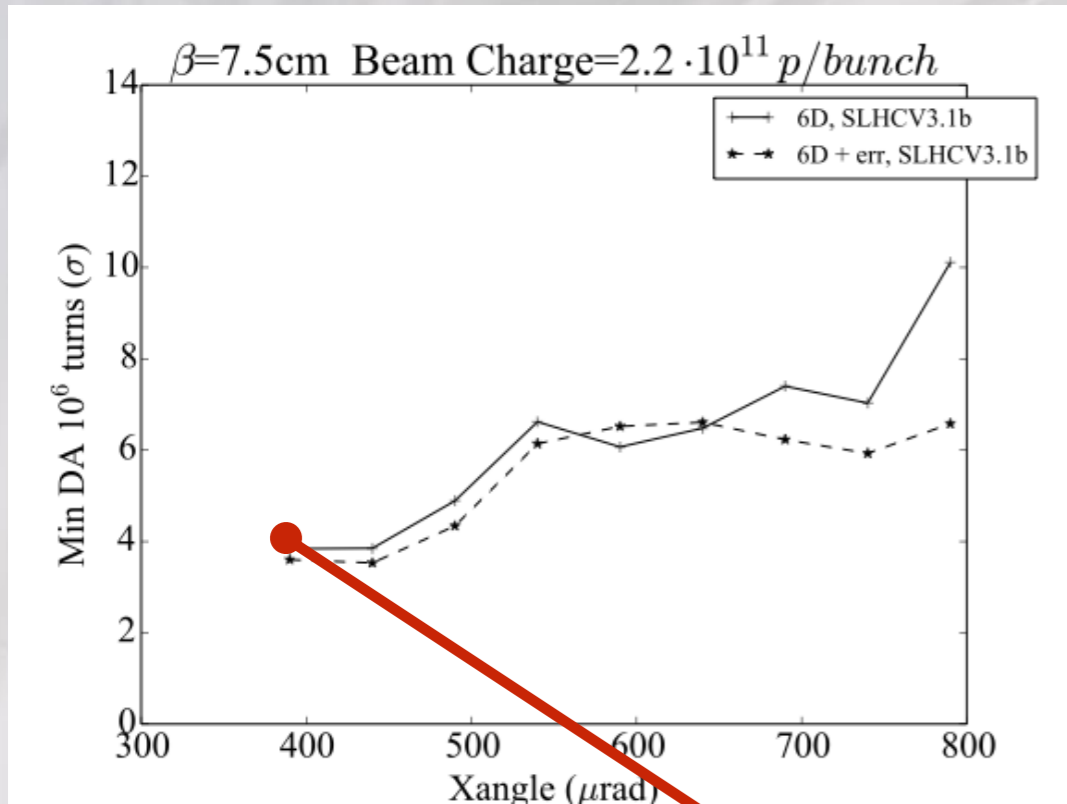


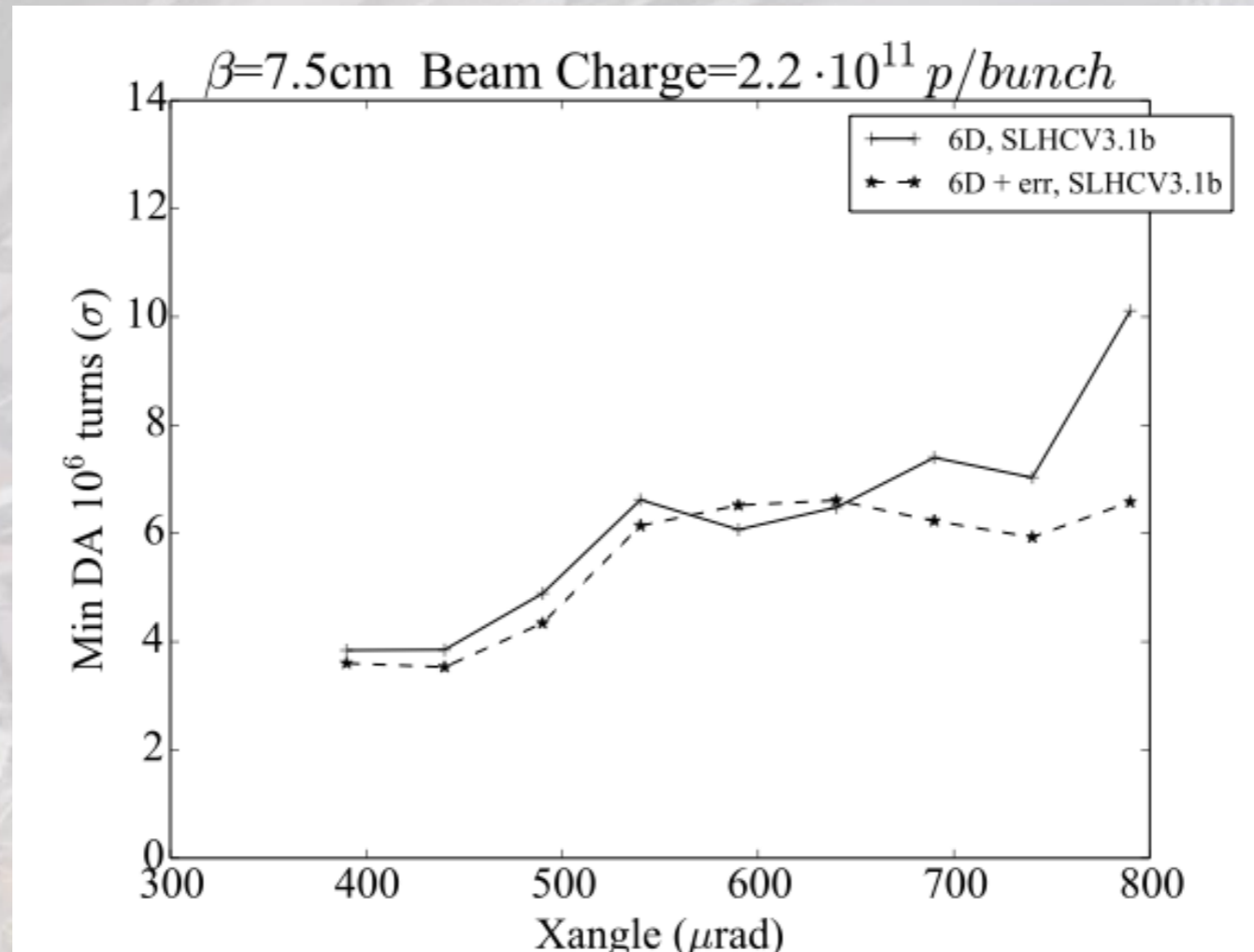












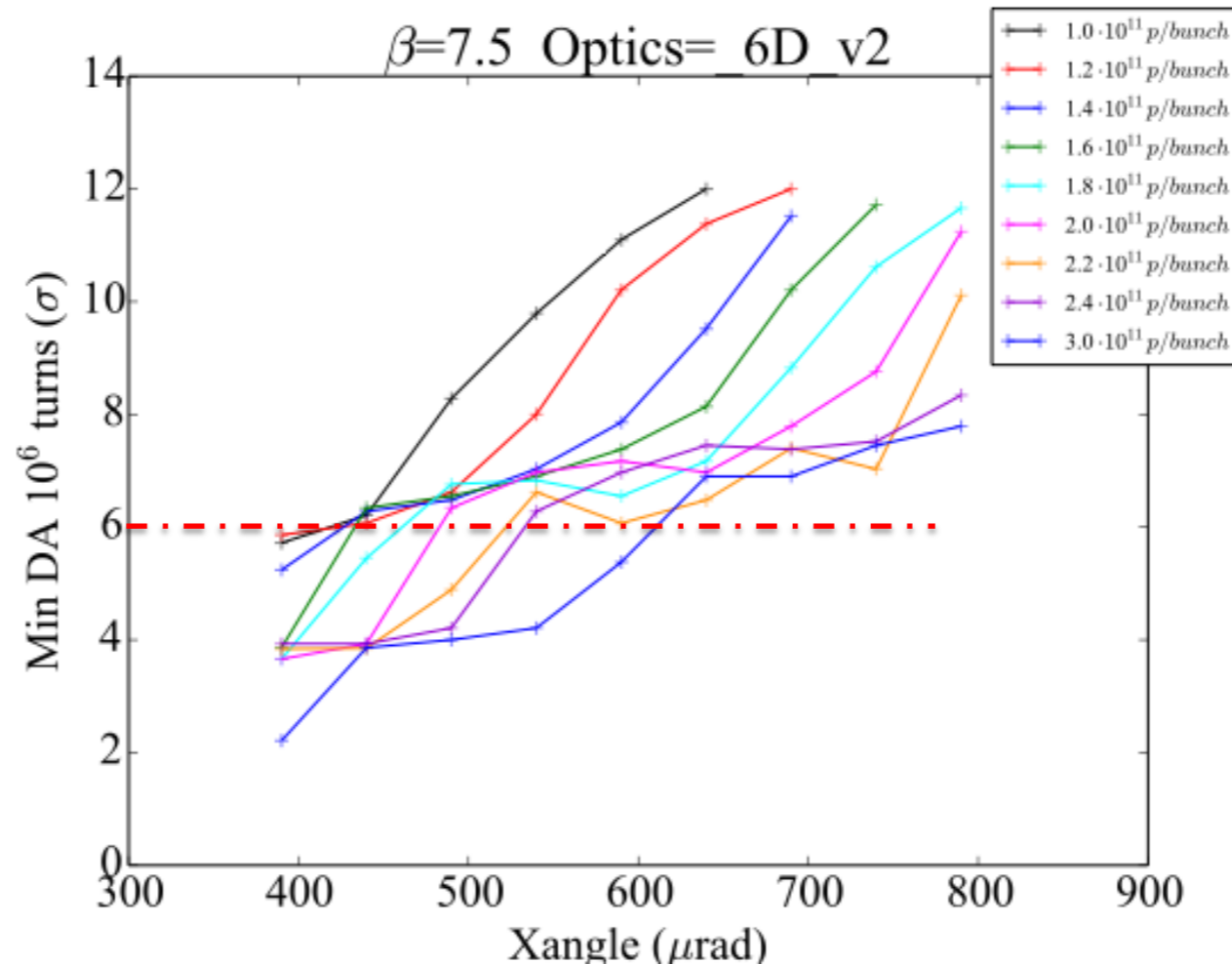
AT each β^* step: HO changes and loss of partial HV passive compensation of LR changes

→ Tune shift → Footprint moves in the tune space

- **We Cross different resonances (10^{th} , 7^{th} ...)**
- **DA depends on driving resonances (might explain S-shape of DA)**

**For flat optics case we will need to shift tunes back to best WP at each β^* step
(need to define optimal working points per step with simulations)**

IP1 & IP5 only, SHLCV3.1b optic No Crab



DA \propto Intensity

Linear dependency typical for round is not for flat with strong LRs!
Linear dependency for weaker LR, reduced tune shift we go back to linear behaviour!
Studies need to be repeated with tune scans !
Changing optics (beta ratio) changes the x-angle dependence

**For flat optics case we will need to shift tunes back to best WP at each β^* step
 (need to define optimal working points per step)**

- **Without β^* levelling:** at nominal crossing angle of $590\mu\text{rad}$ (IP1&5 only) the nominal intensity of $2.2E11$ is at the limit below 6σ DA (details in T. Pieloni talk Thursday)
- **Lifetrac and Sixtrack** are consistent and give equivalent results (within 10-20%)

Round Optics

- For both codes with **β^* luminosity levelling at $5E34$** the baseline scenario for round optic is robust: DA always above 7σ
 - room for an important reduction of crossing angle if needed (down to $450\mu\text{rad}$) or allow for higher intensities
- For both codes with **β^* luminosity levelling at $7.5E34$** the scenario for round optic is also robust: DA always above 6σ
- **Multipolar errors reduce DA by $0.5-1\sigma$**
 - (see details in T. Pieloni talk Thursday “DA criteria”)
- **IP8 contribution to DA:** deterioration of maximum 0.5σ expected in the worst case scenario

Flat Optics

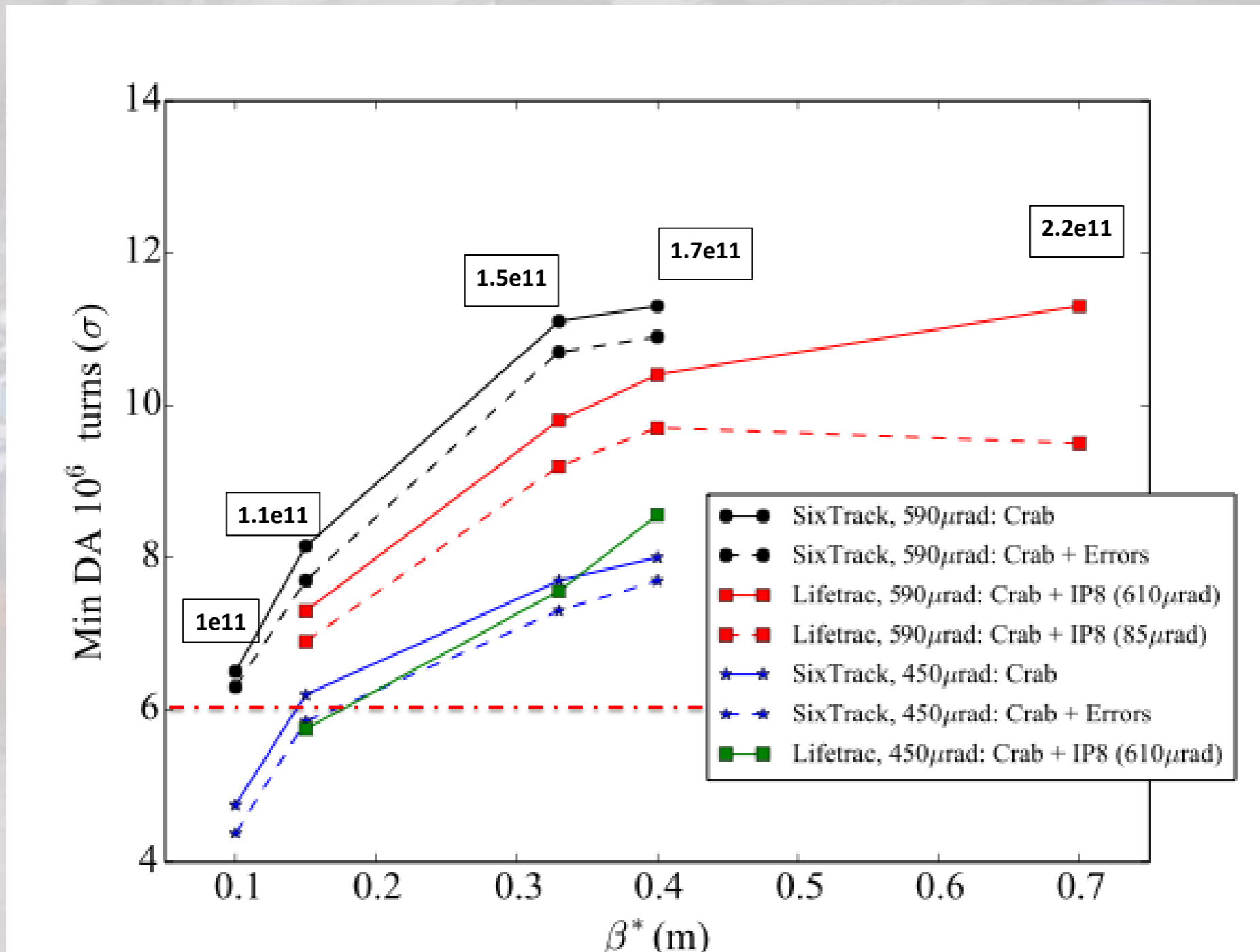
- Flat optics** behaves differently from round due to partial LR compensation broken (H/V)
- Important tune shift at each β^* step → working point optimization fundamental to improve DA
 - With β^* leveling we might not need extra separation.
 - Possible scenarios without crab-crossing and β^* leveling (R. Tomas talk Thursday)

Round Optics: ostill some studies needs to be done

- Impact of Higher Chromaticity
- Impact of Landau Octupoles (positive/negative effects)
- Imperfect machine (orbit errors, beta beating, coupling...)
- Sensitivity to working point
- Complete study of sensitivity to IP2and IP8 to evaluate/propose x-angles

Flat Optics: needs still many studies

- Similar Exercise as for the round optics

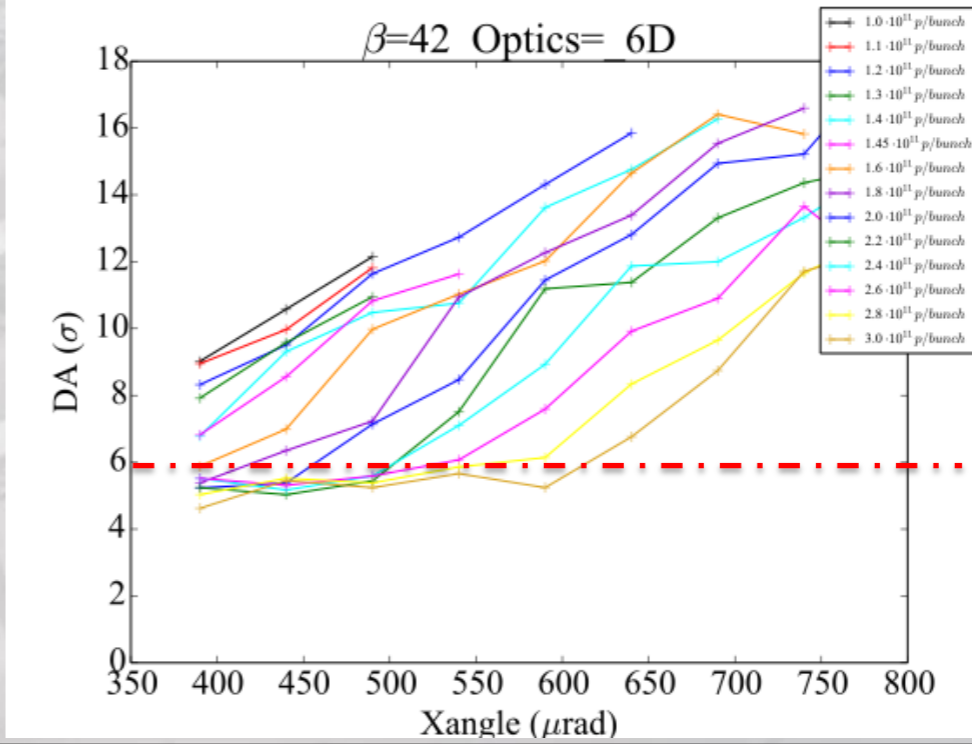
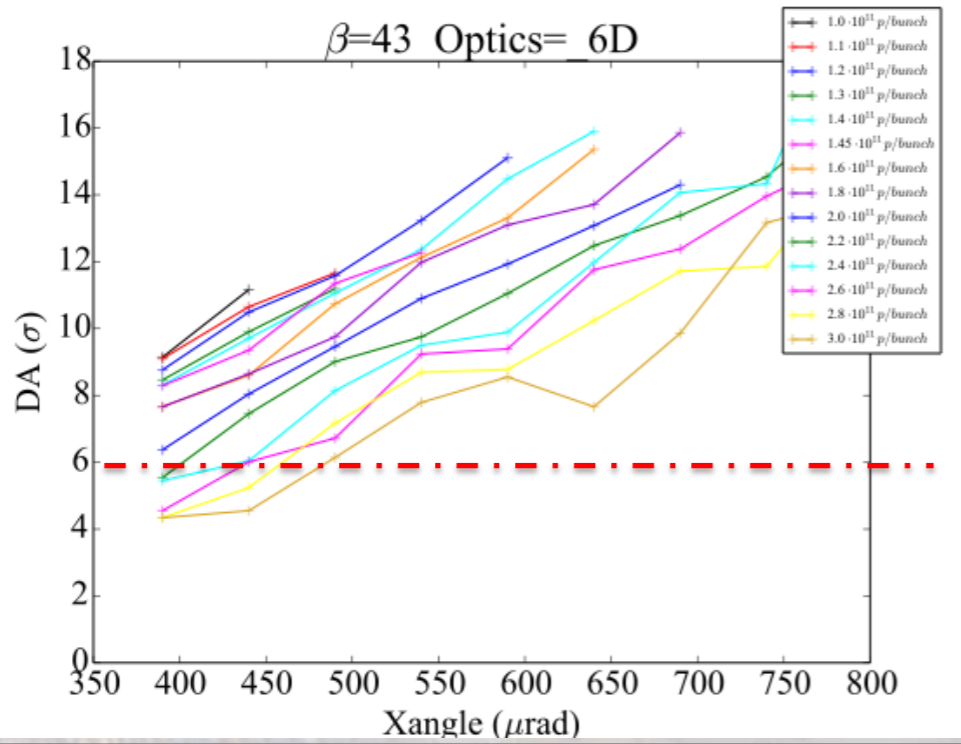




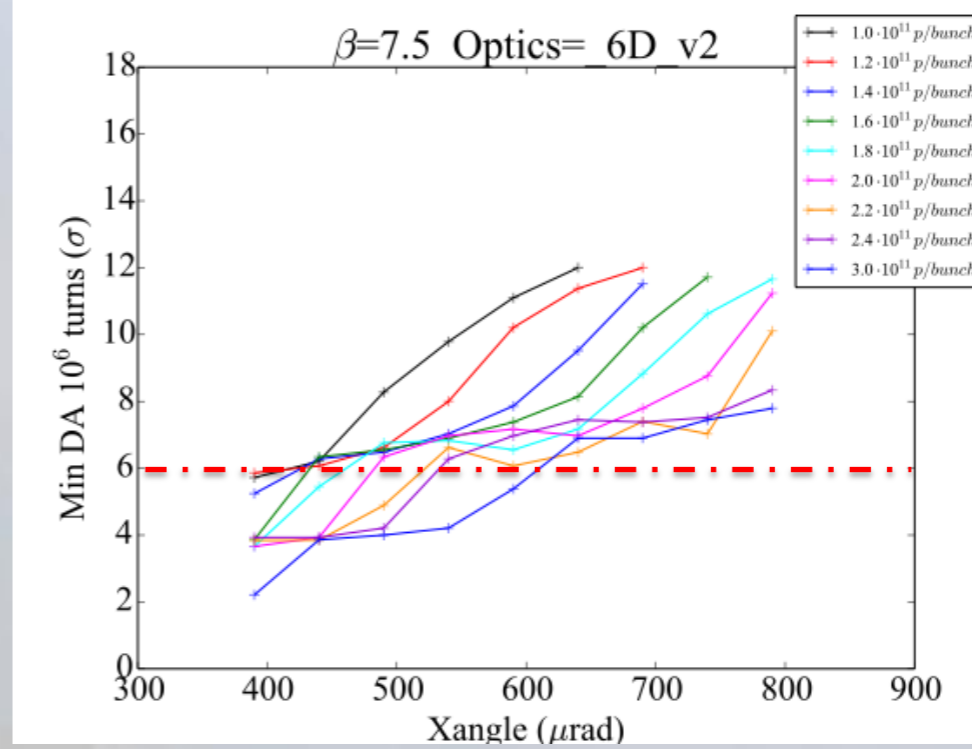
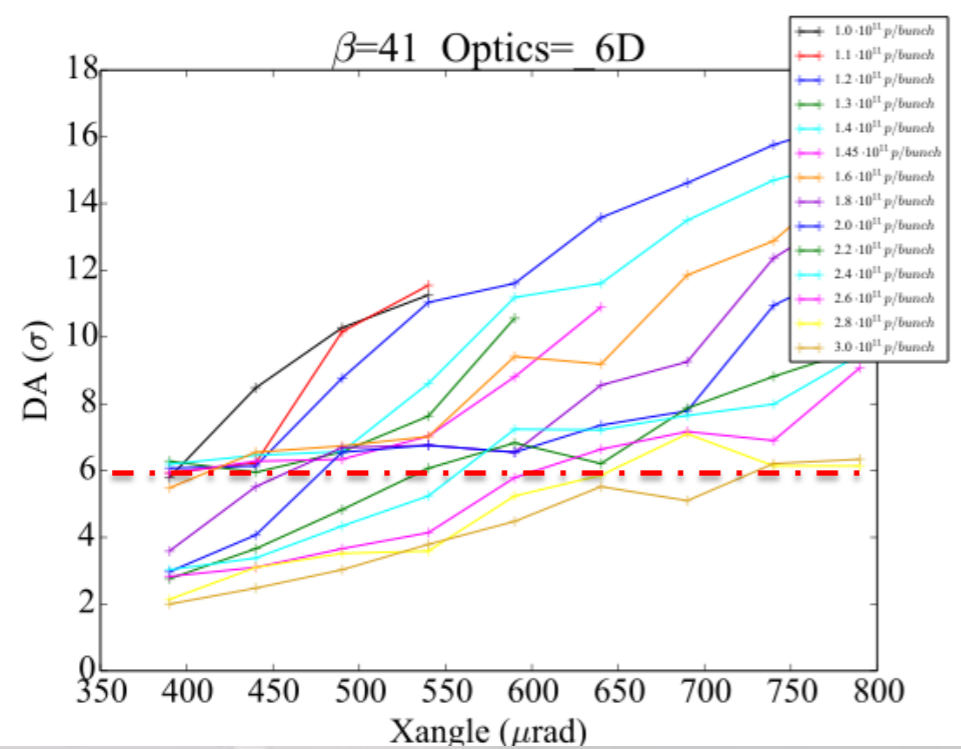


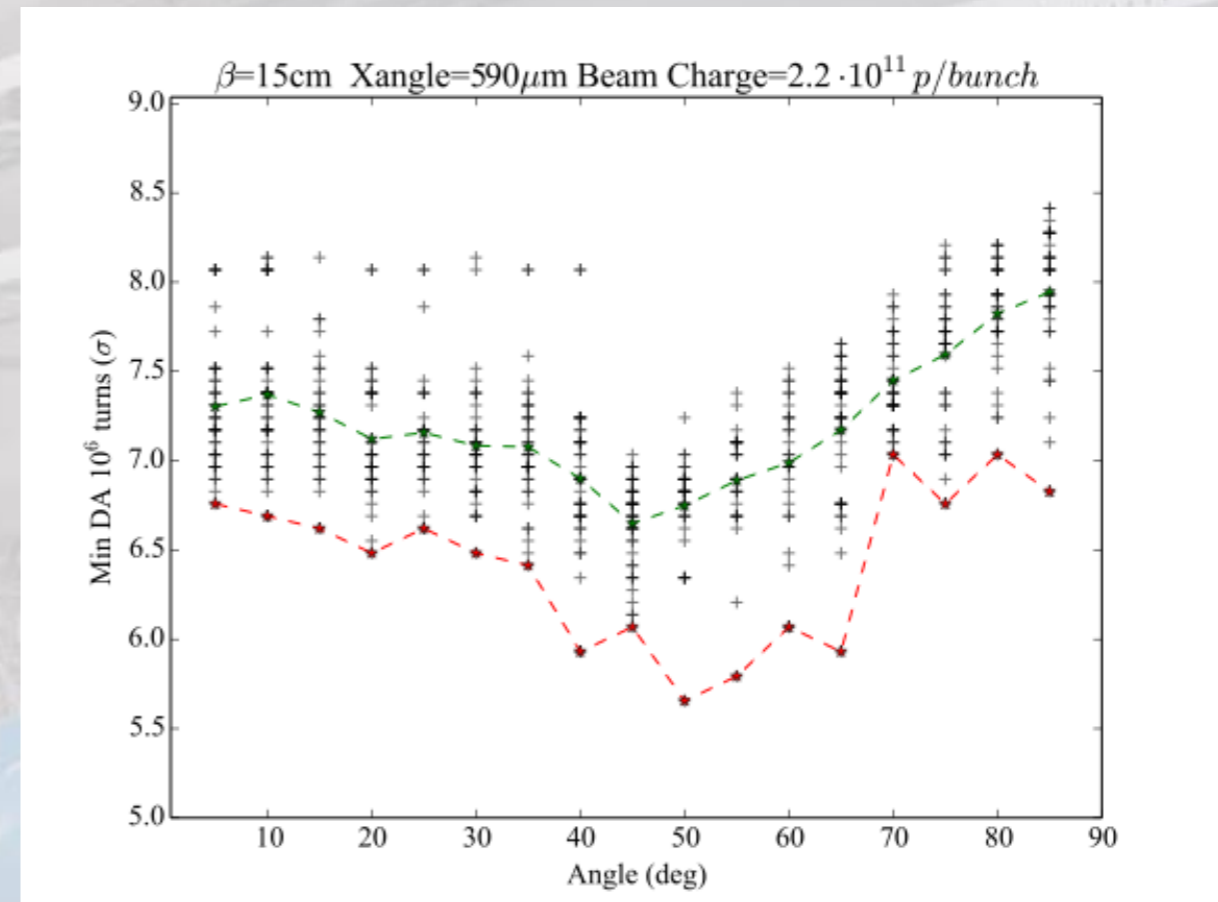
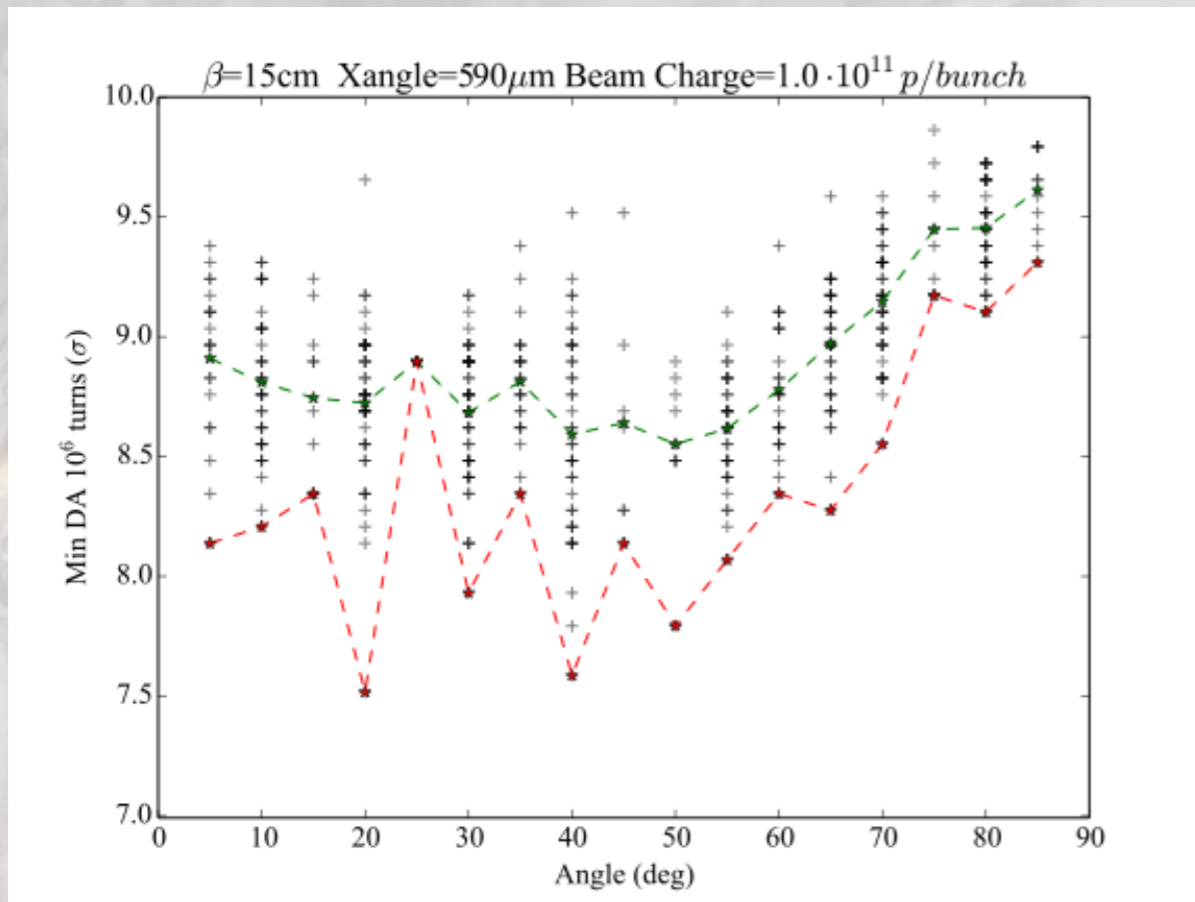
BackUp Slides

Same exercise as for round over several optics:



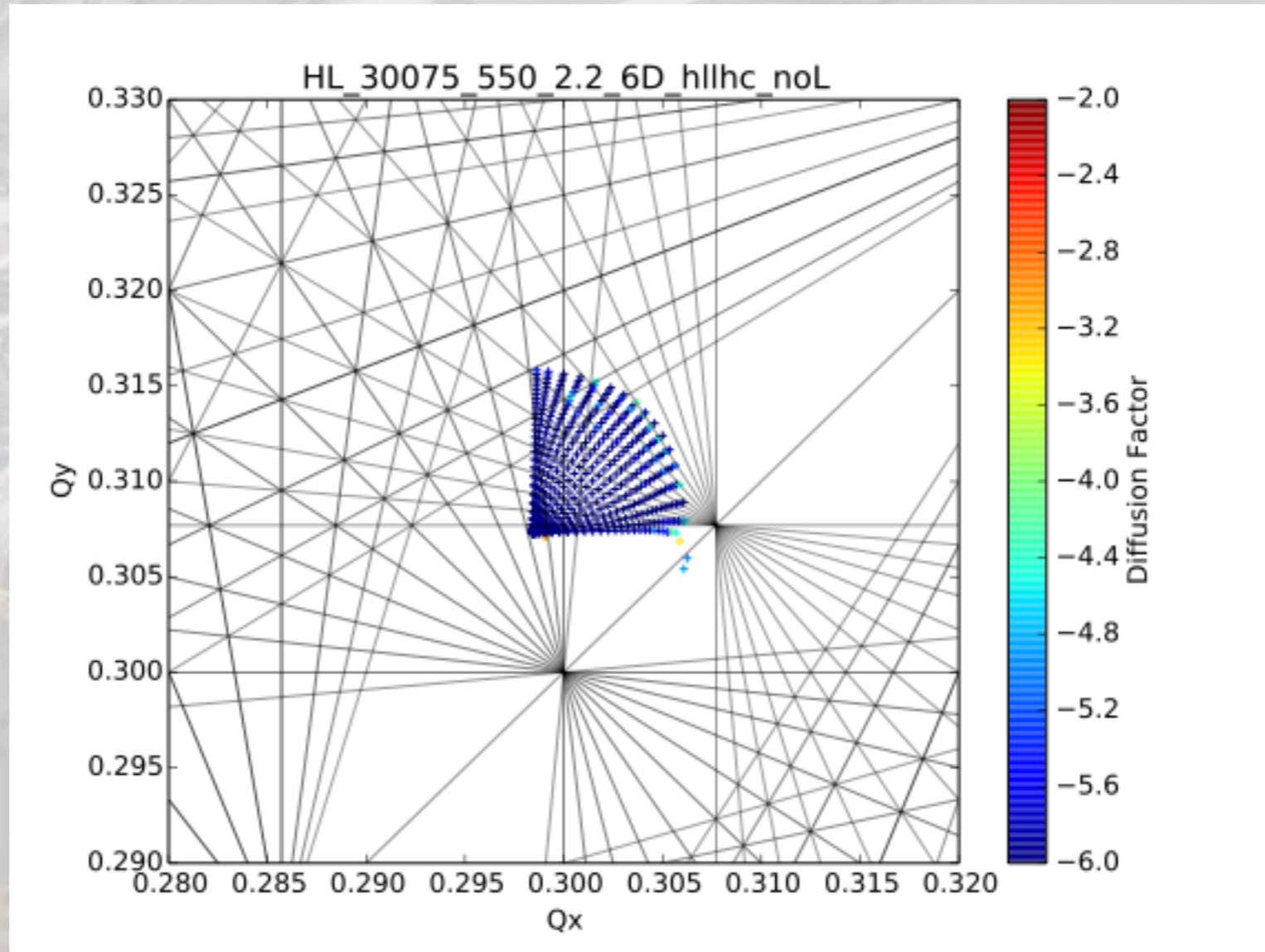
Several Optics Explored to identify Intensity limits and minimum crossing angles!
Possible scenarios with β^* leveling without crab crossing and reduced x-angle proposed
(see R. Tomas talk Thursday "Alternative Scenarios")
BBLR compensation studies on-going (see A. Valishev "BBLR Compensation", Y. Papaphilippou "BBLR ..")

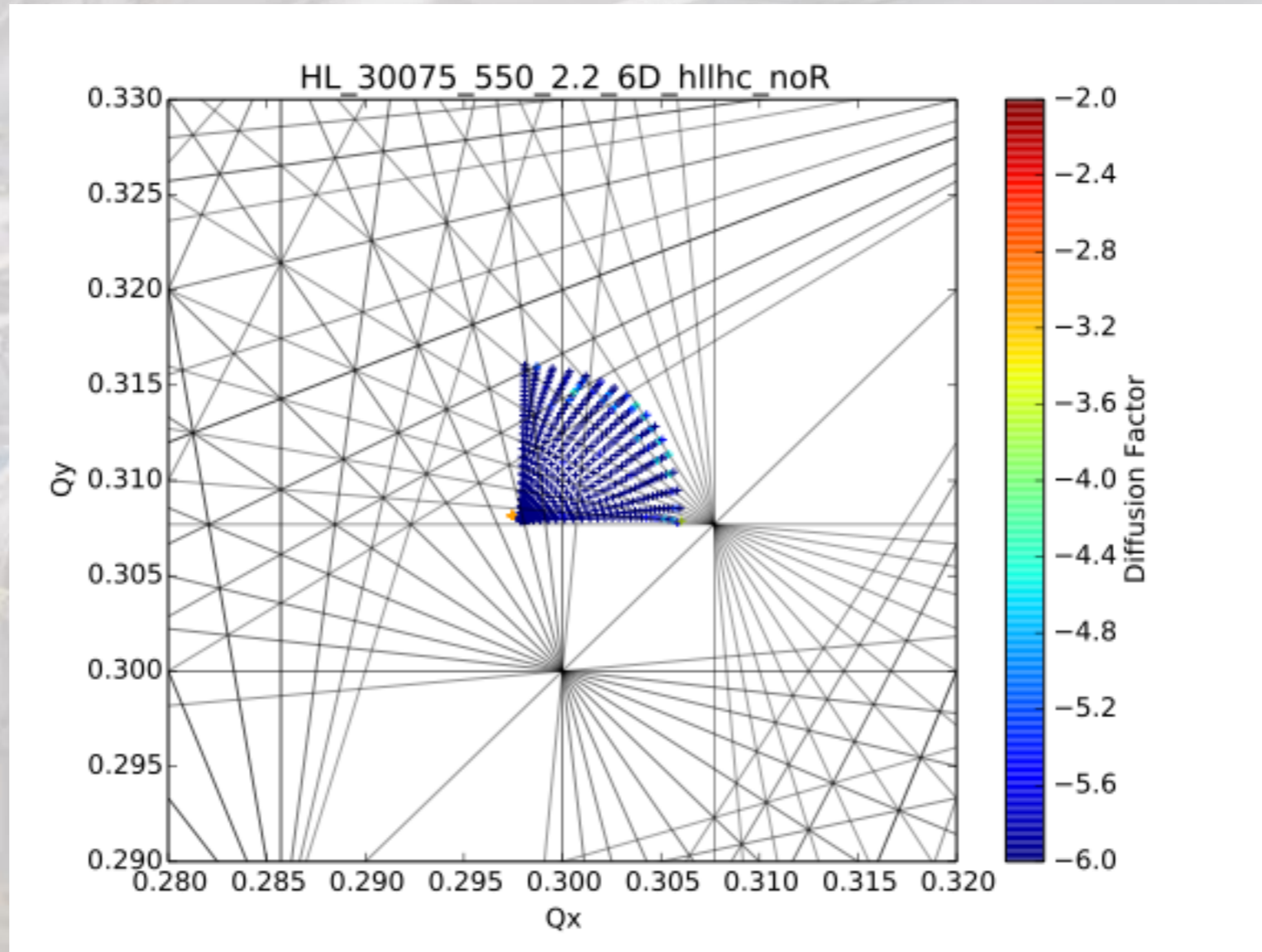


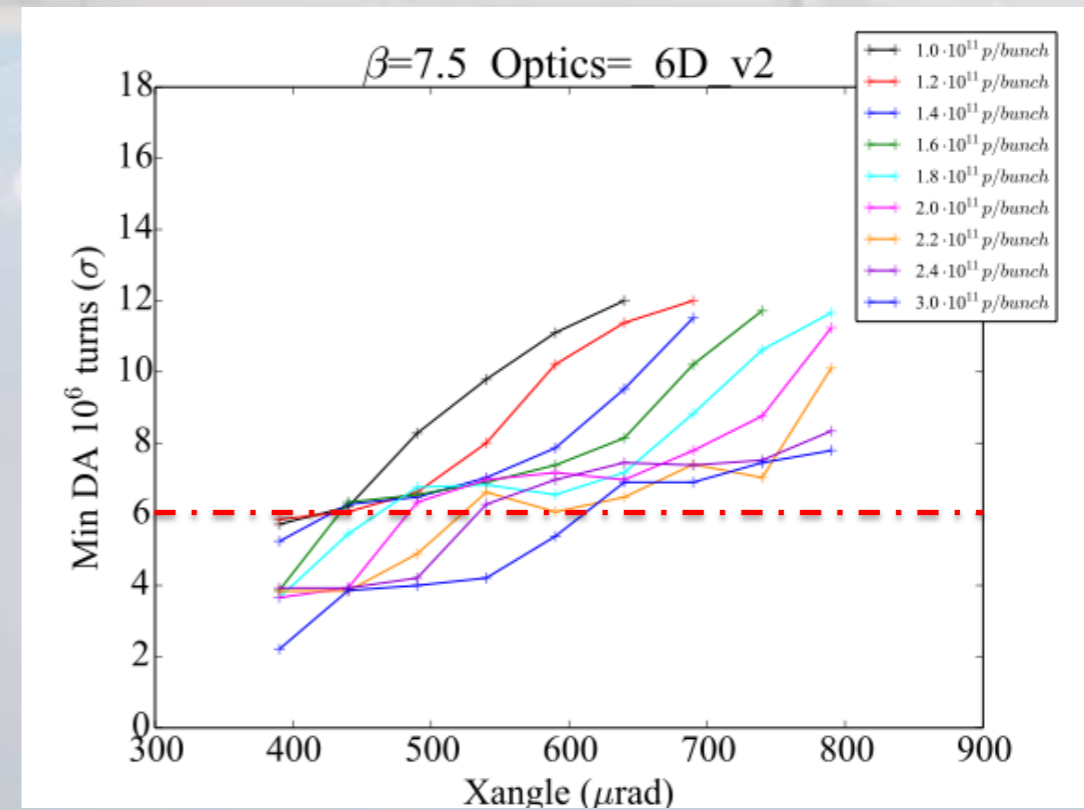
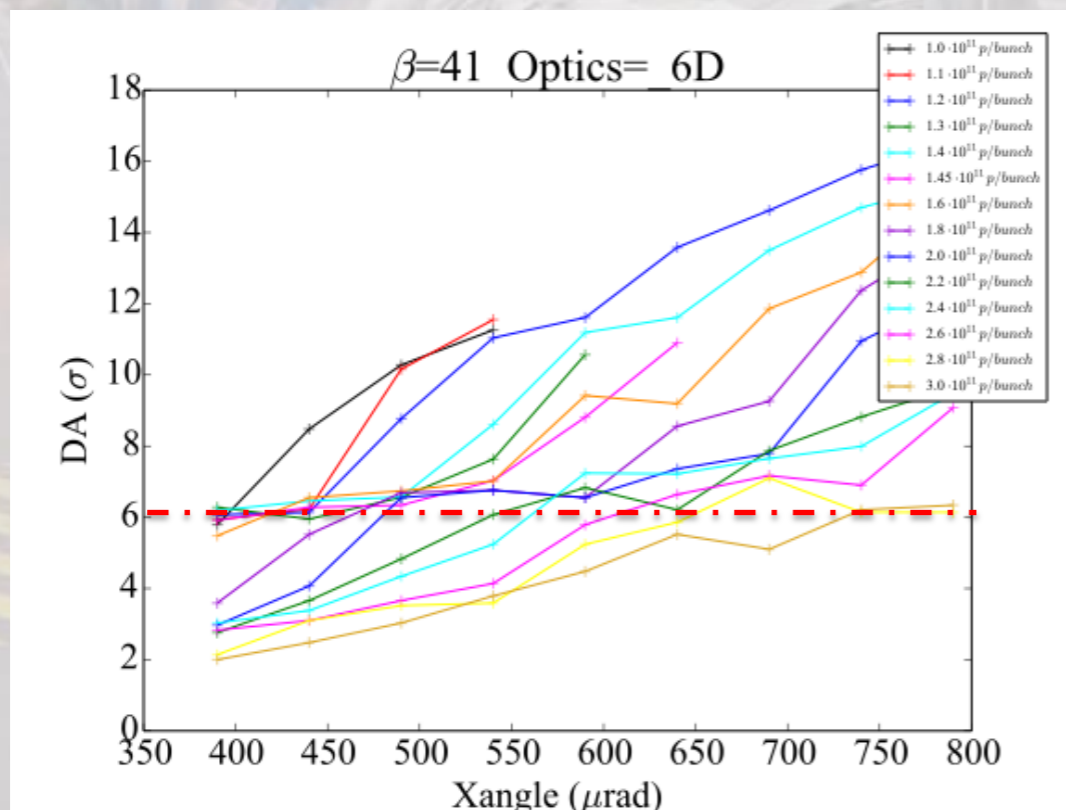
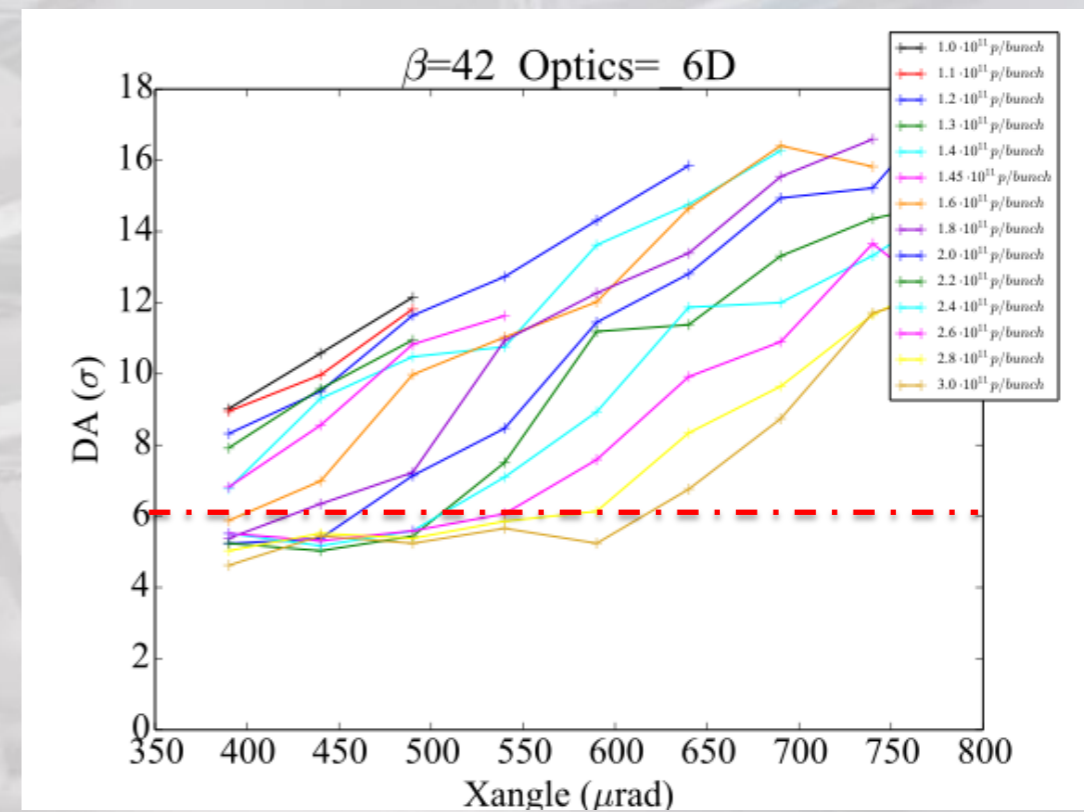
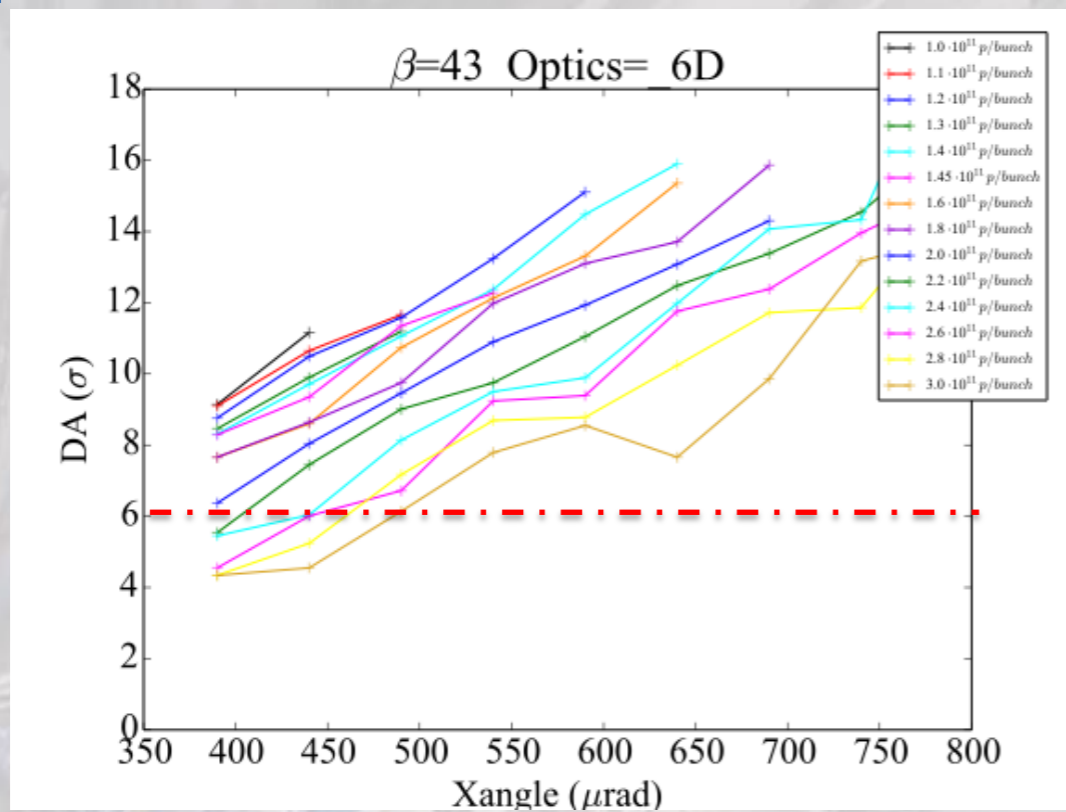


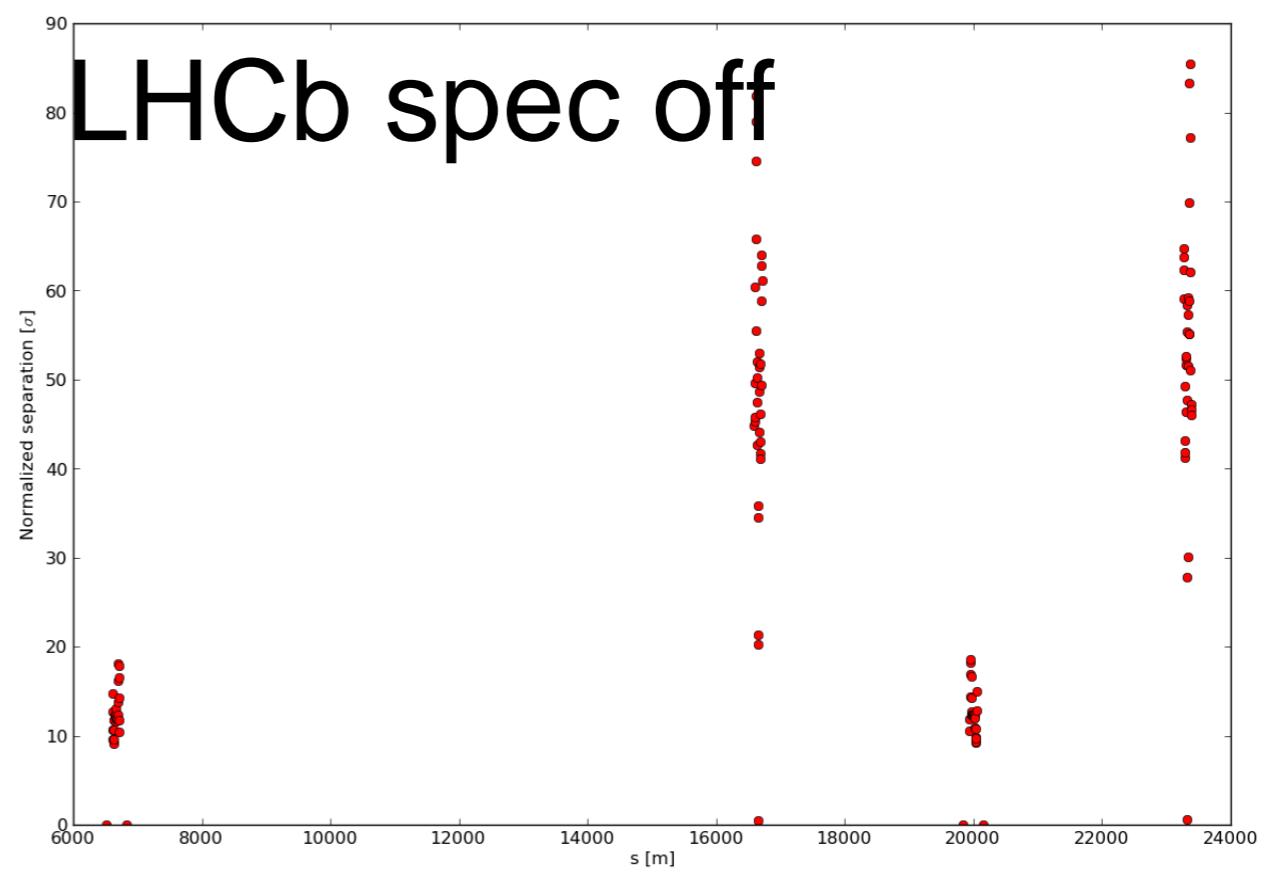
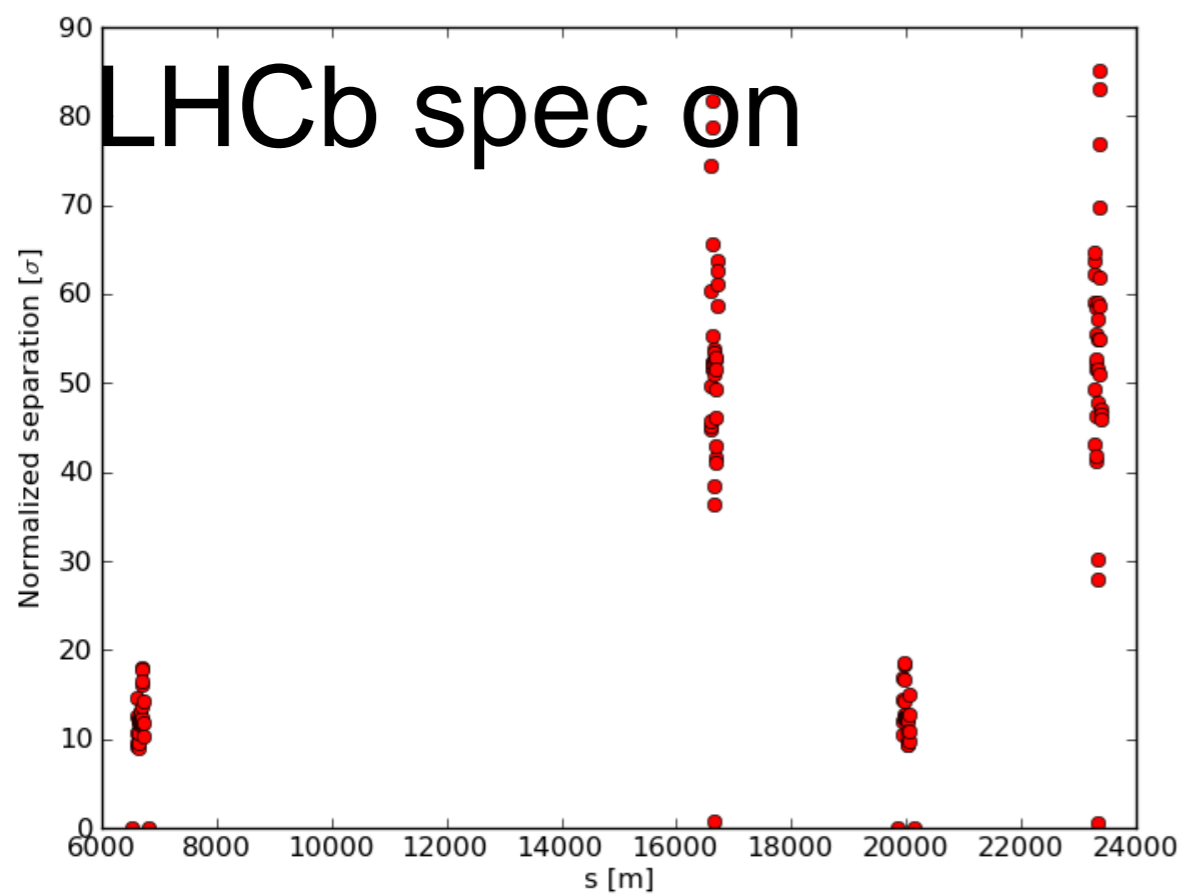
**DA computed for 60 error seeds on HLLHCV1.0 optics.
Spread of 2σ , quoting the minimum DA may be a little pessimistic.**

IP1 & IP5 only
60 seed error
HLLHCV1.0 optic









IP5

IP8

IP1

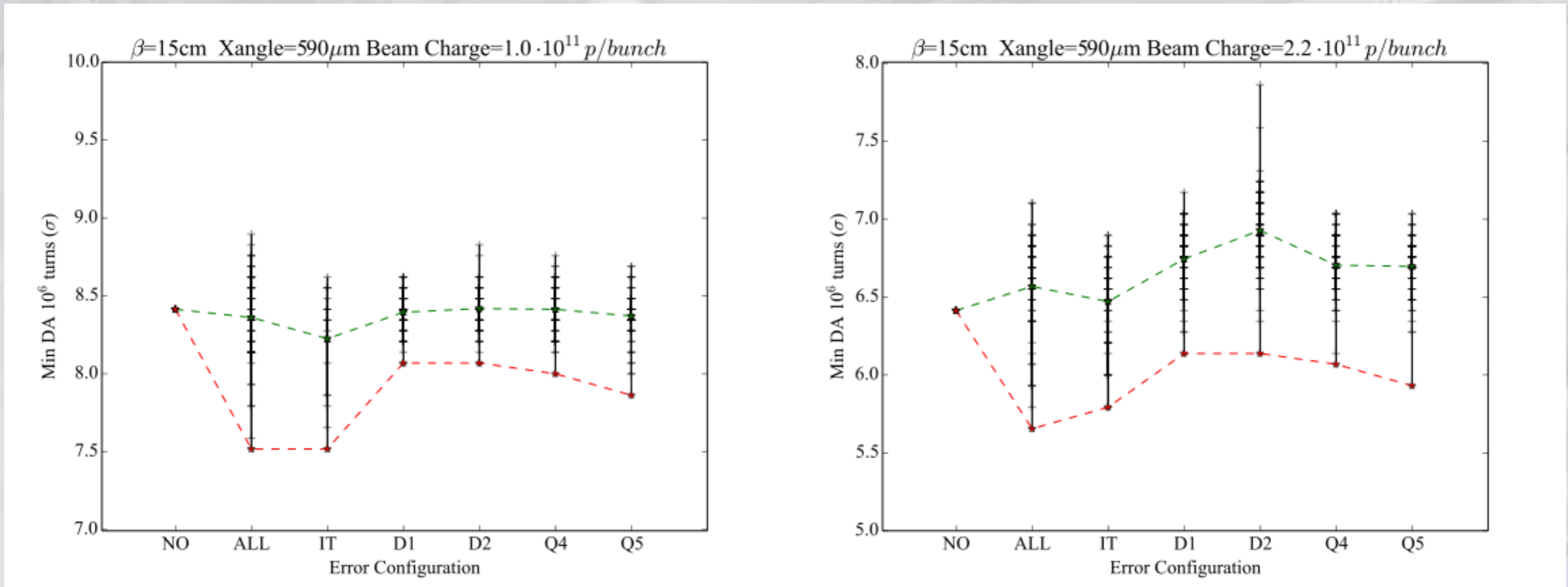
IP2

IP5

IP8

IP1

IP2



**Error family tested singularly on HLLHCV1.0 and minimum DA for all the 60 seeds is computed.
No single family of error strongly dominate the DA**

IP1 & IP5 only
60 seed error
HLLHCV1.0 optic



Round optics - Simulation Details



optics files:

SLHC optics:

- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/opt_0400_0400thin.madx beta*=40cm in IR1/5, beta*=10 m in IR2/8
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/opt_0330_0330thin.madx beta*=33cm in IR1/5, beta*=10 m in IR2/8
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/opt_0150_0150thin.madx beta*=15cm in IR1/5, beta*=10 m in IR2/8
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/opt_0100_0100thin.madx beta*=10cm in IR1/5, beta*=10 m in IR2/8

HLLHC optics:

- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/opt_round_thin.madx

error tables:

for old simulations:

- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/errors/IT_errortable_v3 target error table for the new IT
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/errors/D1_errortable_v1 target error table for the new D1
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/errors/D2_errortable_v1 target error table for the new D2
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/errors/Q4_errortable_v1 target error table for the new Q4 in IR1 and IR5
- /afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/SLHCV3.1b/errors/Q5_errortable_v0 target error table for the new Q5 in IR1 and IR5

and IR6

new error study:

- [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/IT_errortable_v3_spec";](/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/IT_errortable_v3_spec) target error table for the new IT
- [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/D1_errortable_v1_spec";](/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/D1_errortable_v1_spec) target error table for the new D1
- [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/D2_errortable_v5_spec";](/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/D2_errortable_v5_spec) target error table for the new D2
- [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/Q4_errortable_v1_spec";](/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/Q4_errortable_v1_spec) target error table for the new Q4 in IR1

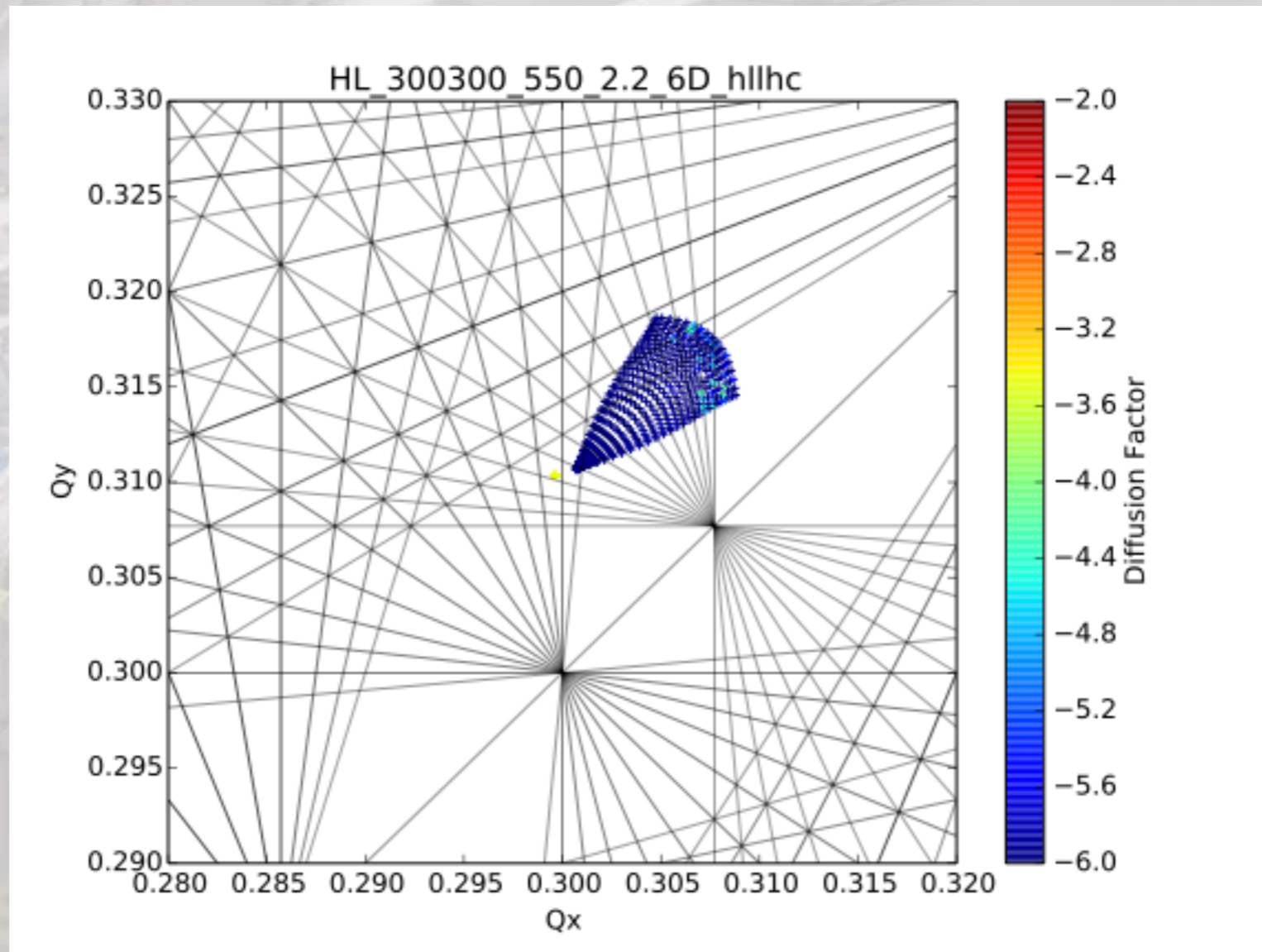
and IR5

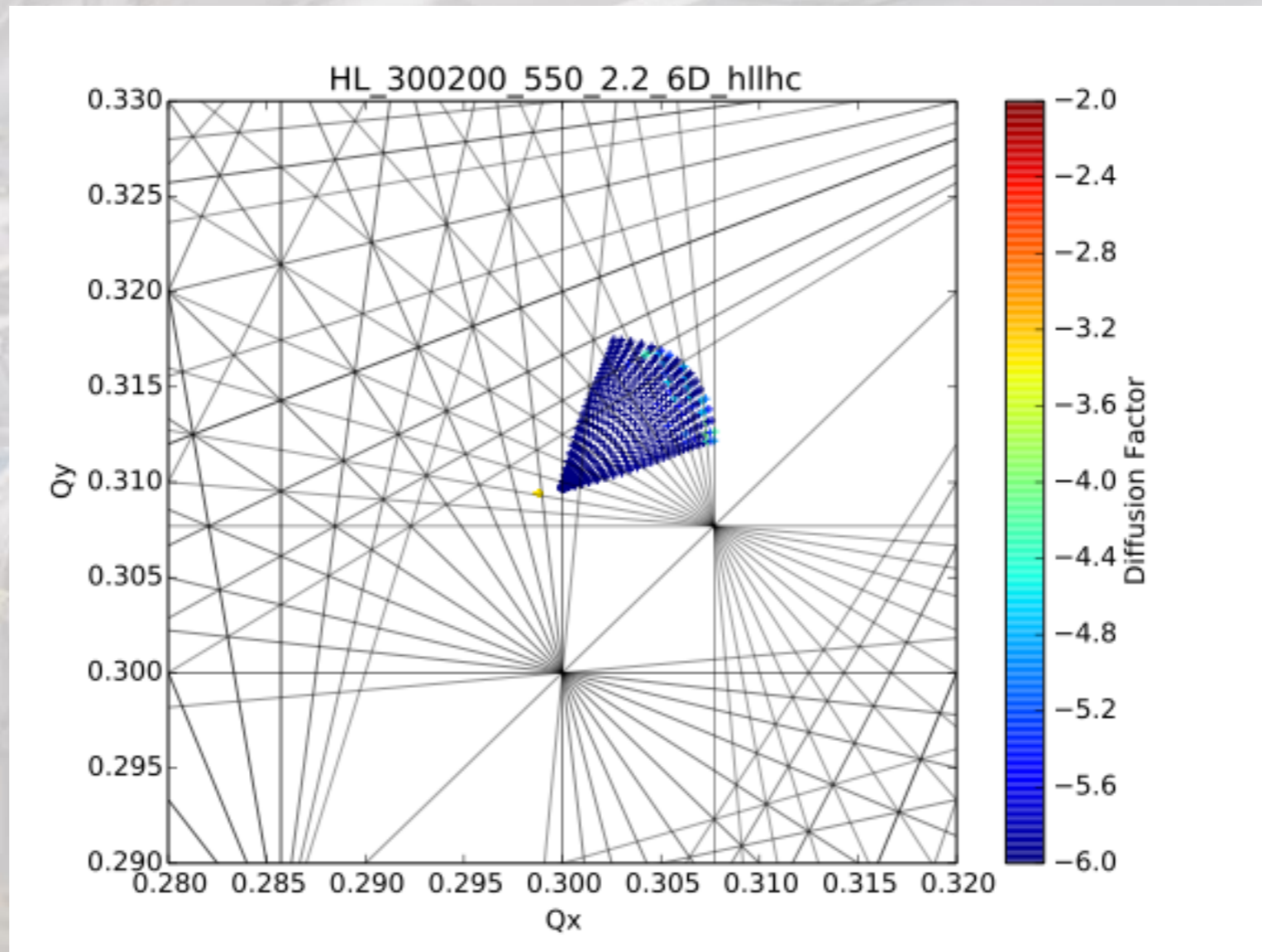
- [/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/Q5_errortable_v0_spec";](/afs/cern.ch/eng/lhc/optics/HLLHCV1.0/errors/Q5_errortable_v0_spec) target error table for the new Q5 in IR1

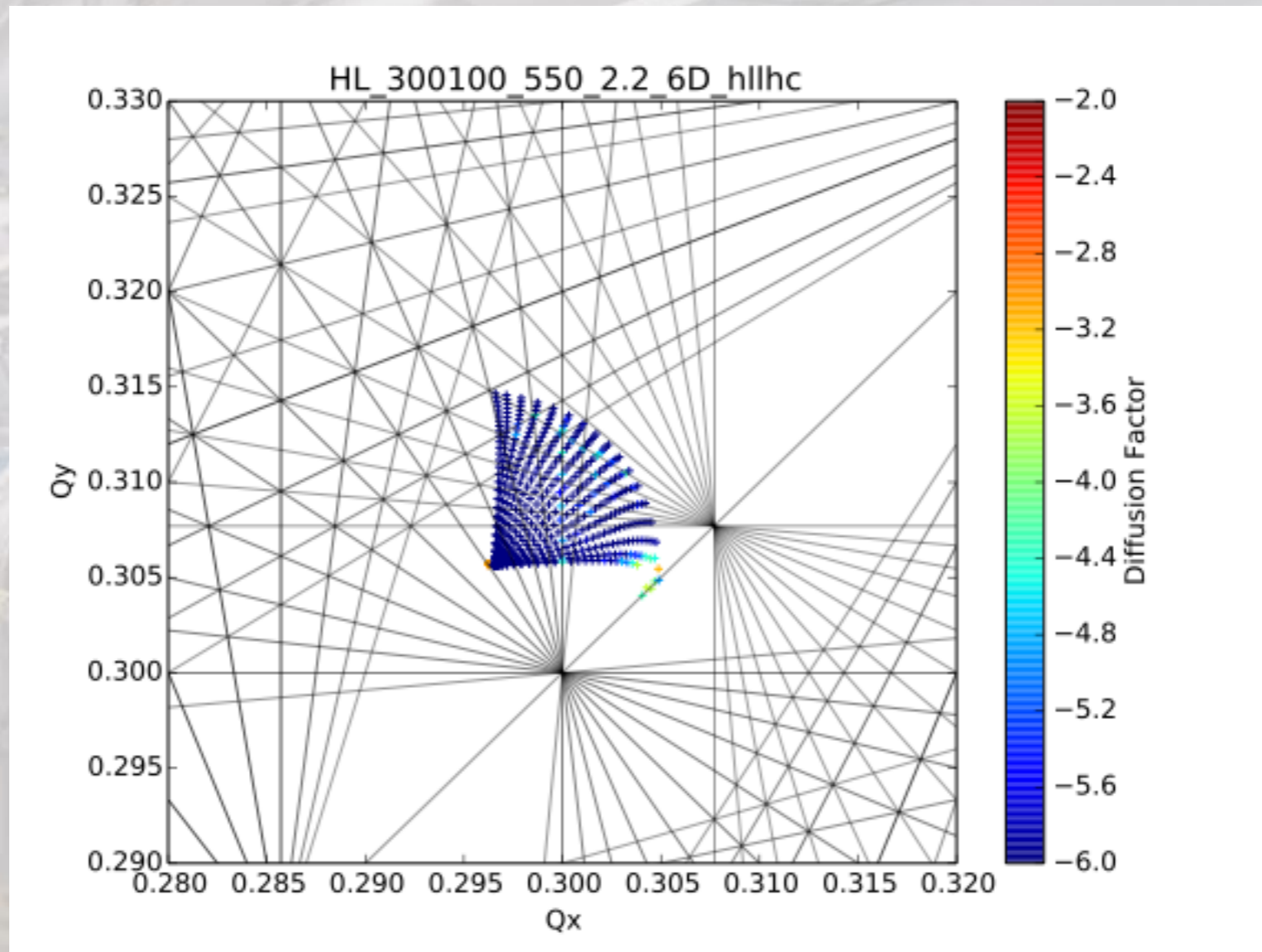
and IR5 and IR6

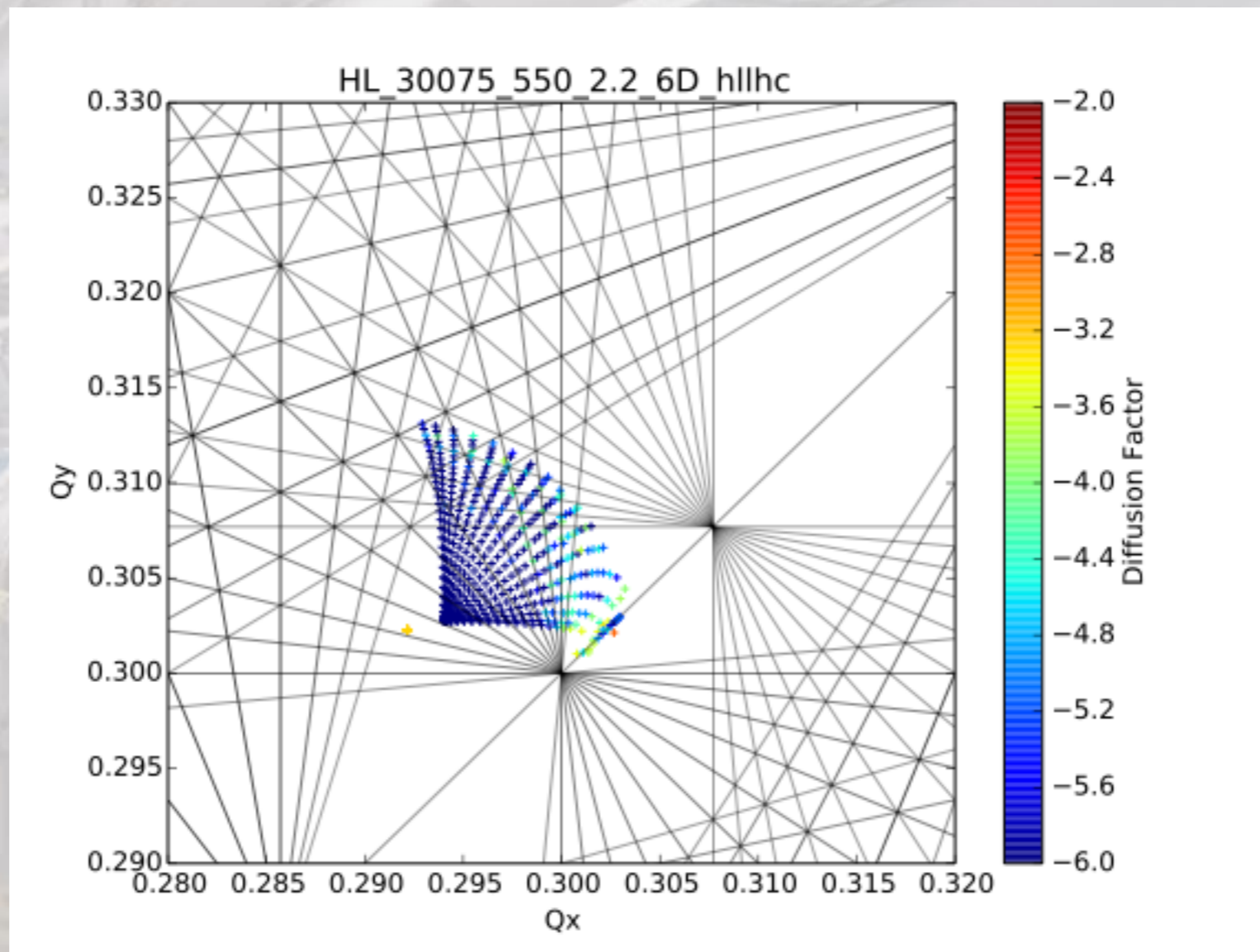
IP8 conf:

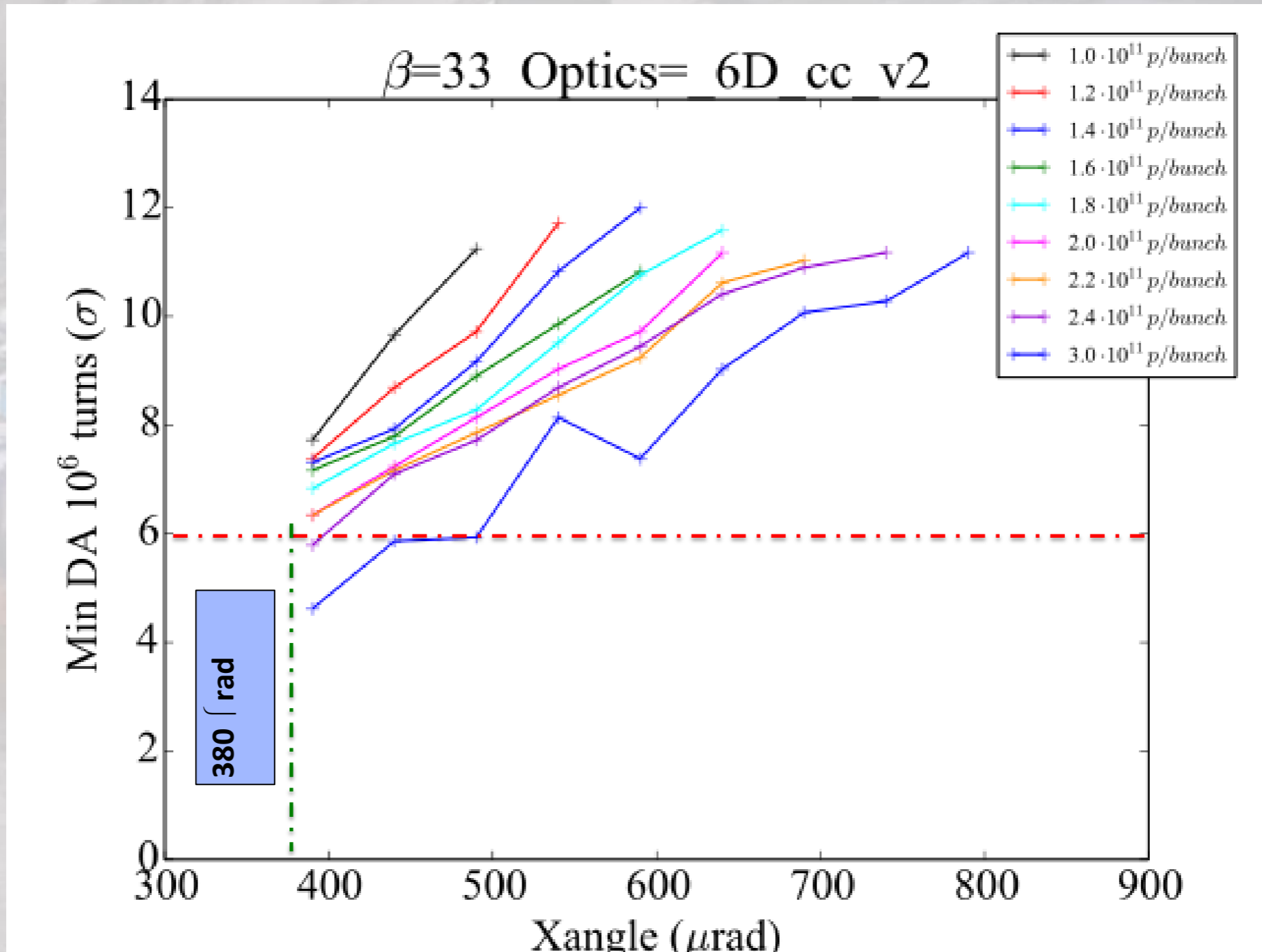
- nominal crossing angle
- sep = 0, solenoid on at nominal field
- 21 slices





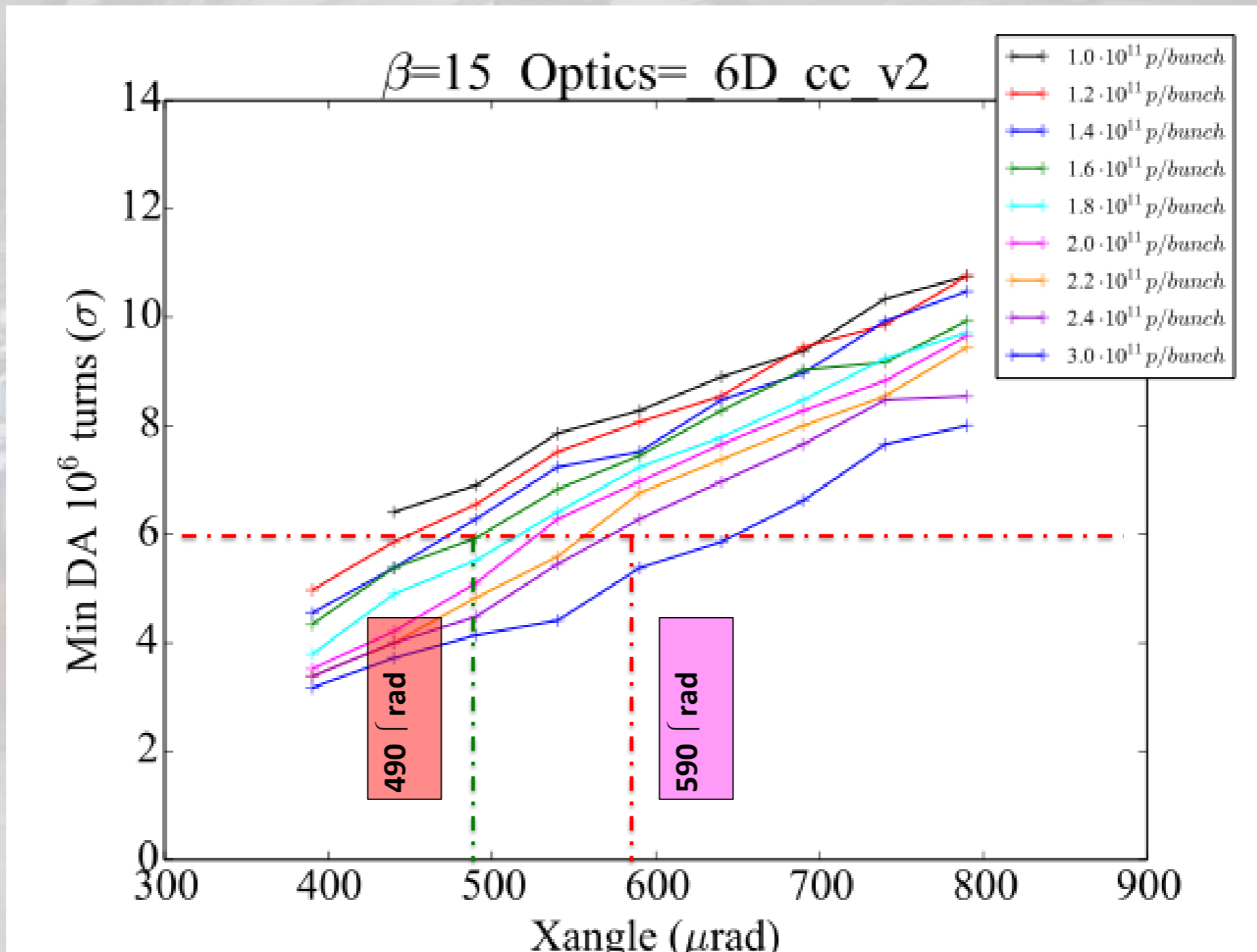






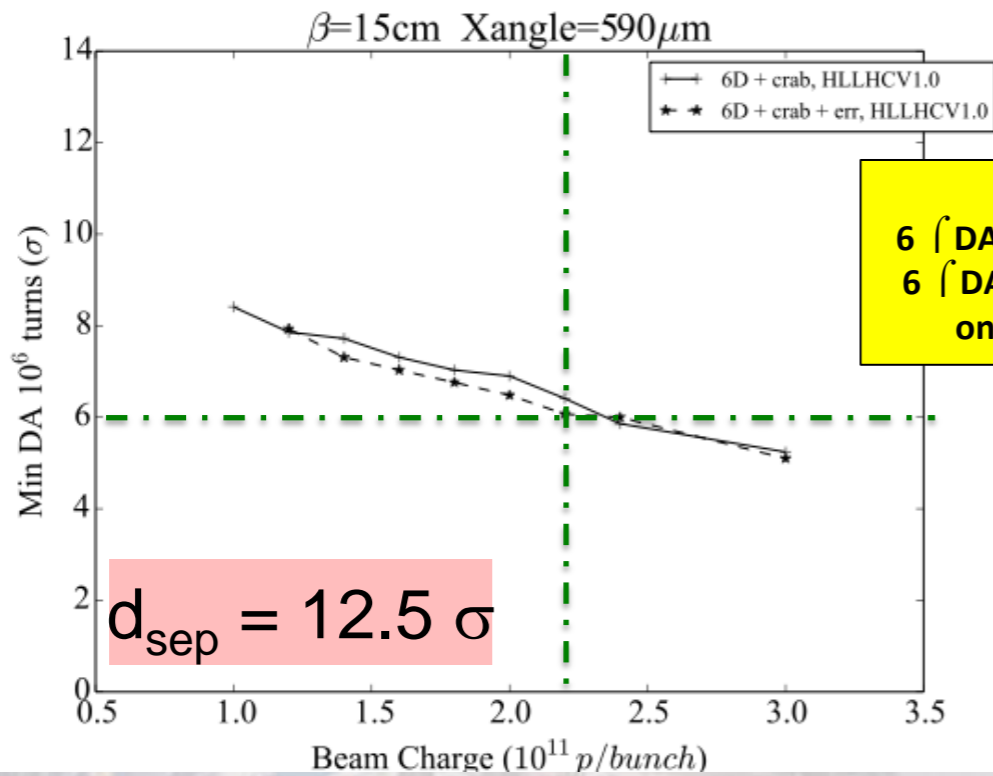
Minimum crossing angle 380 μ rad at $2.2E11$

IP1 & IP5 only
SHLCV3.1b optic
Fully Crabbed
No error



**Minimum crossing angle 490 μ rad for β^* levelling (int 1.5E11)
At nominal x-angle 590 μ rad limited to int 2.4E11**

IP1 & IP5 only
SHLCV3.1b optic
Fully Crabbed
No error



IP1 and IP5 only.
6 \int DA for nominal 15 cm optic!
6 \int DA for nominal 10 cm optic
only for intensity < $2E11$

