

The LHC data at

p-Pb collisions

(& nPDFs)

Manoel R. Moldes

(on behalf of N. Armesto, H. Paukkunen, J.M. Penín,
C. A. Salgado and P. Zurita)

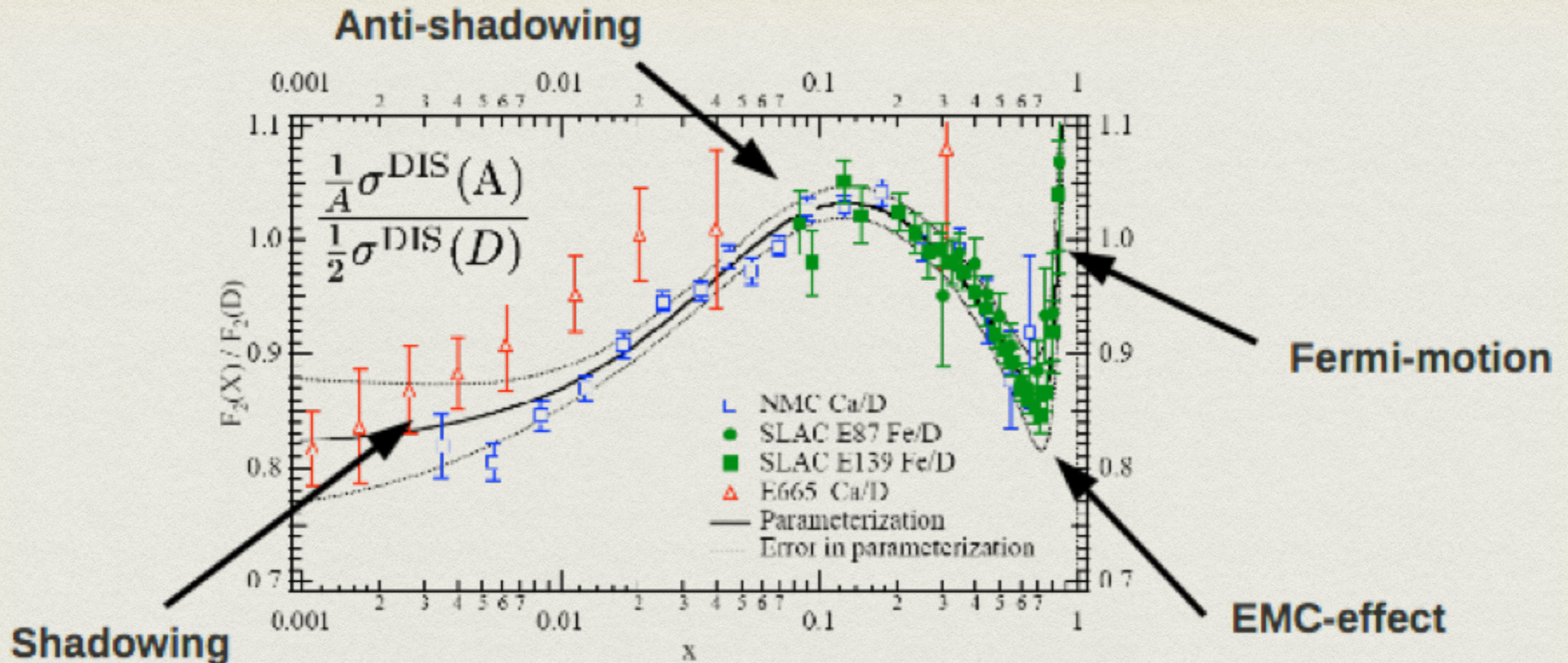
Second Conference on Heavy Ion Collisions in the LHC era and beyond

Quy Nhon, Vietnam, 26-31 July 2015

OUTLINE

- A short digression on nPDFs
- The LHC data from Run I (p-Pb)
- The (ongoing) work
- Re-weighting
- Preliminary results
- Summary & outlook

NUCLEAR PDFs



the nuclear medium modifies the partonic behaviour,
then A dependent PDFs are needed

NUCLEAR PDFS

- Determined as proton PDFs (global fits)
- Several sets available at NLO with theoretical uncertainties (DSSZ, EPS09, HKN, nCTEQ)
- Mostly DIS data (valence well constrained)
- Limited coverage of the kinematic space
- Sea and gluon densities too assumptions dependent

P-PB: LHC RUN I

- Jets (ATLAS)



gluon

- Di-jets (CMS)

- W^+ , W^- (CMS)



sea quarks

- Z (ATLAS, CMS, LHCb)

- Hadro-production (ALICE): dependent on (not well understood) FFs

THE WORK

- Aim:
 - analyze the impact of these data on nPDFs
 - determine if a new nPDF fit is required
- Method:
 - bayesian re-weighting with two proton (MSTW2008, CT10) and two nuclear (DSSZ, EPS09) PDF sets
 - MCFM & FR (Frixione-Ridolfi)

MSTW2008: EPJC 63 (2009) 189
CT10 : PRD 82 (2010) 074024
DSSZ : PRD 85 (2012) 074028
EPS09 : JHEP 0904 (2009) 065

MCFM:
FR : NPB 467 (1996) 399
NPB 507 (1997) 295
NPB 507 (1997) 315

BAYESIAN RE-WEIGHTING

JHEP 1412 (2014) 100 (and references therein)

- given: $f_{S_0}, f_{S_i^+}, f_{S_i^-}$
- generate MC replicas ($k=1, \dots, N_{\text{rep}} \sim 10^4$)

$$f_k = f_{S_0} + \sum_i^{N_{\text{eig}}} \frac{f_{S_i^+} - f_{S_i^-}}{2} R_{ik}$$

random, gaussian

represent the underlying
probability distribution
of the PDFs

$\mathcal{P}_{\text{old}}(f)$

- any PDF dependent quantity is

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{rep}} \mathcal{O}(f_k)$$

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- add new data \vec{y}
- by Bayes' theorem:

$$\mathcal{P}_{new}(f) \propto \mathcal{P}(\vec{y}|f) \mathcal{P}_{old}(f)$$



likelihood

• then

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle_{new} = \frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{rep}} \mathcal{O}(f_k) w_k \longrightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{proportional} \\ \text{to the} \\ \text{likelihood} \end{array}$$

• then

$$\langle \mathcal{O} \rangle_{new} = \frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{rep}} \mathcal{O}(f_k) w_k \longrightarrow \text{proportional to the likelihood}$$

• with

$$w_k = \frac{\exp^{-\chi_k^2/2\Delta}}{(1/N_{rep}) \sum_{k=1}^{N_{rep}} \exp^{-\chi_k^2/2\Delta}}$$

PDF
tolerance,
needed for
statistical
correctness

quantitative
estimator of
data-theory
compatibility

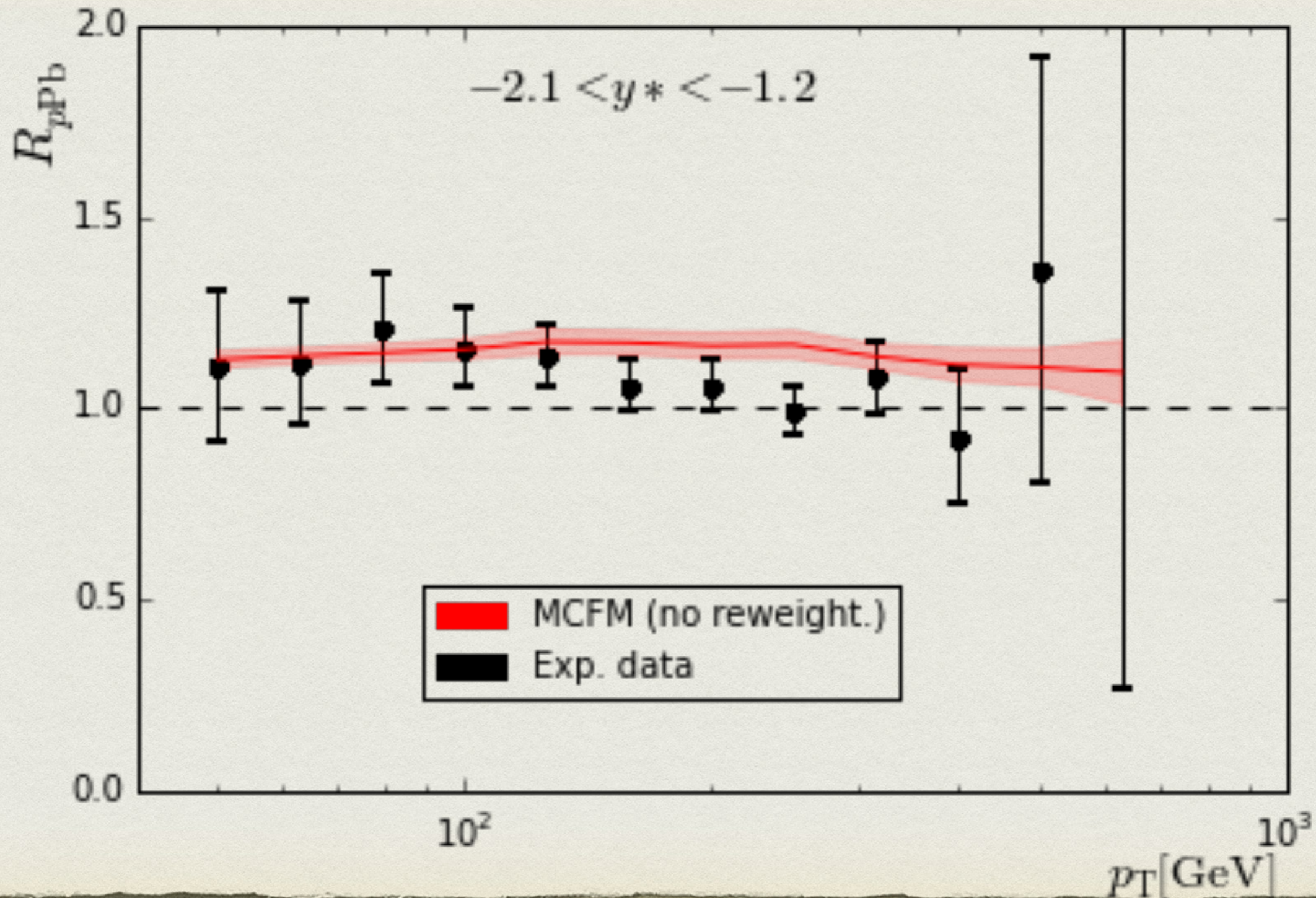
$$N_{eff} \equiv \exp \left\{ \frac{1}{N_{rep}} \sum_{k=1}^{N_{rep}} w_k \log(N_{rep}/w_k) \right\}$$

RESULTS

- some data are still preliminary
- adequate data selection under discussion
- shown only for CT10 + EPS09

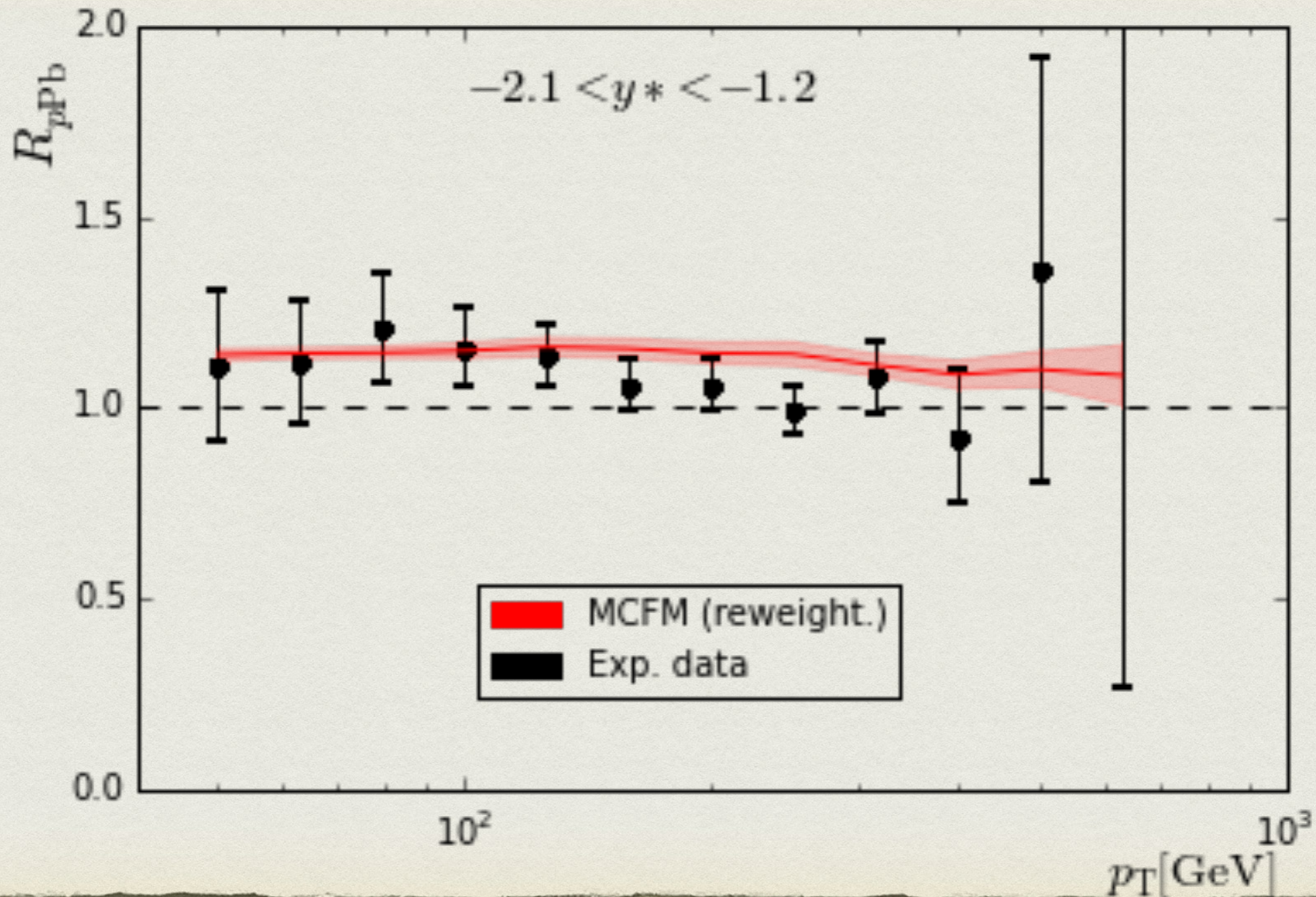
JETS BY ATLAS

ATLAS Collaboration,
arXiv:1412.4092 [hep-ex].



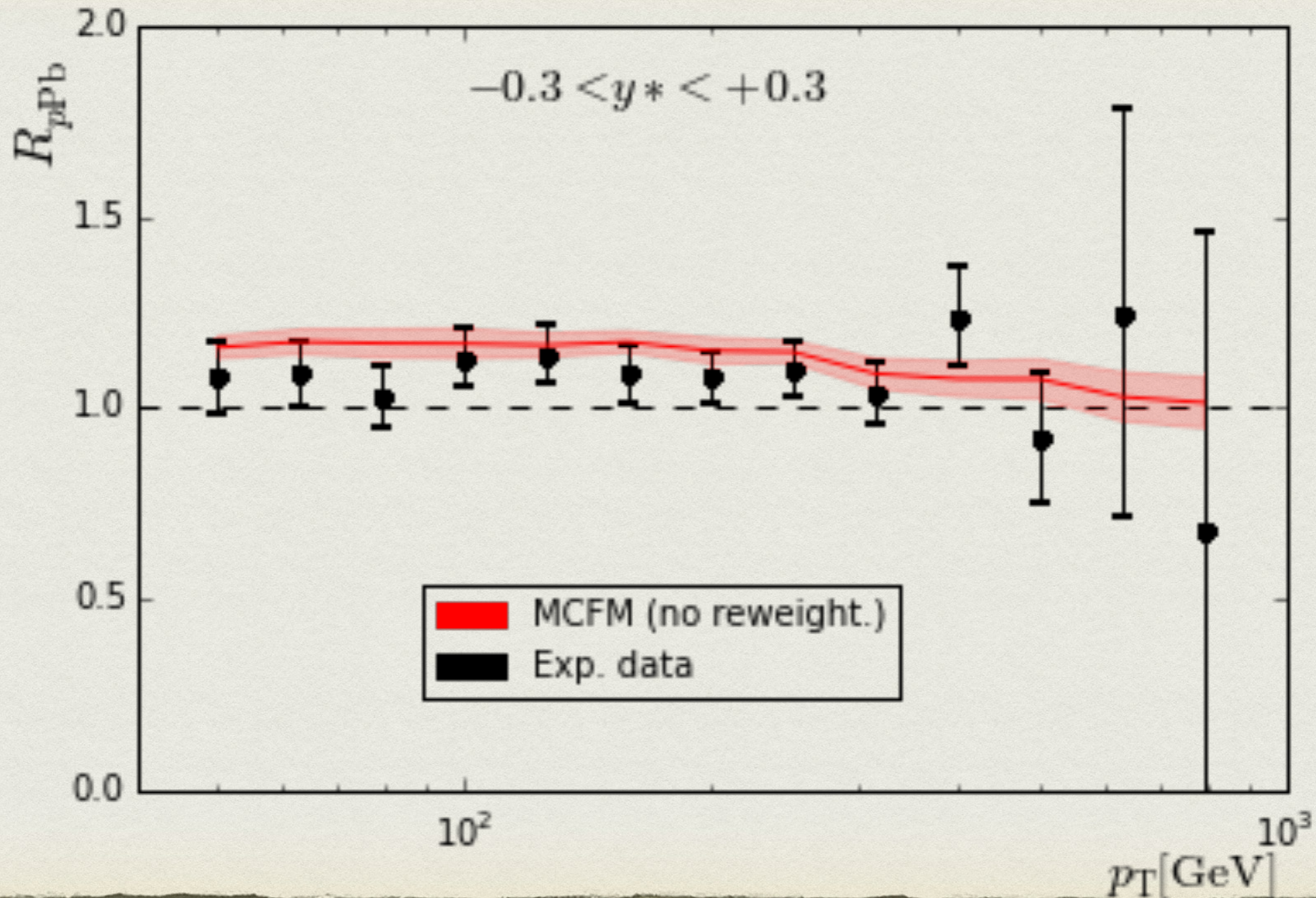
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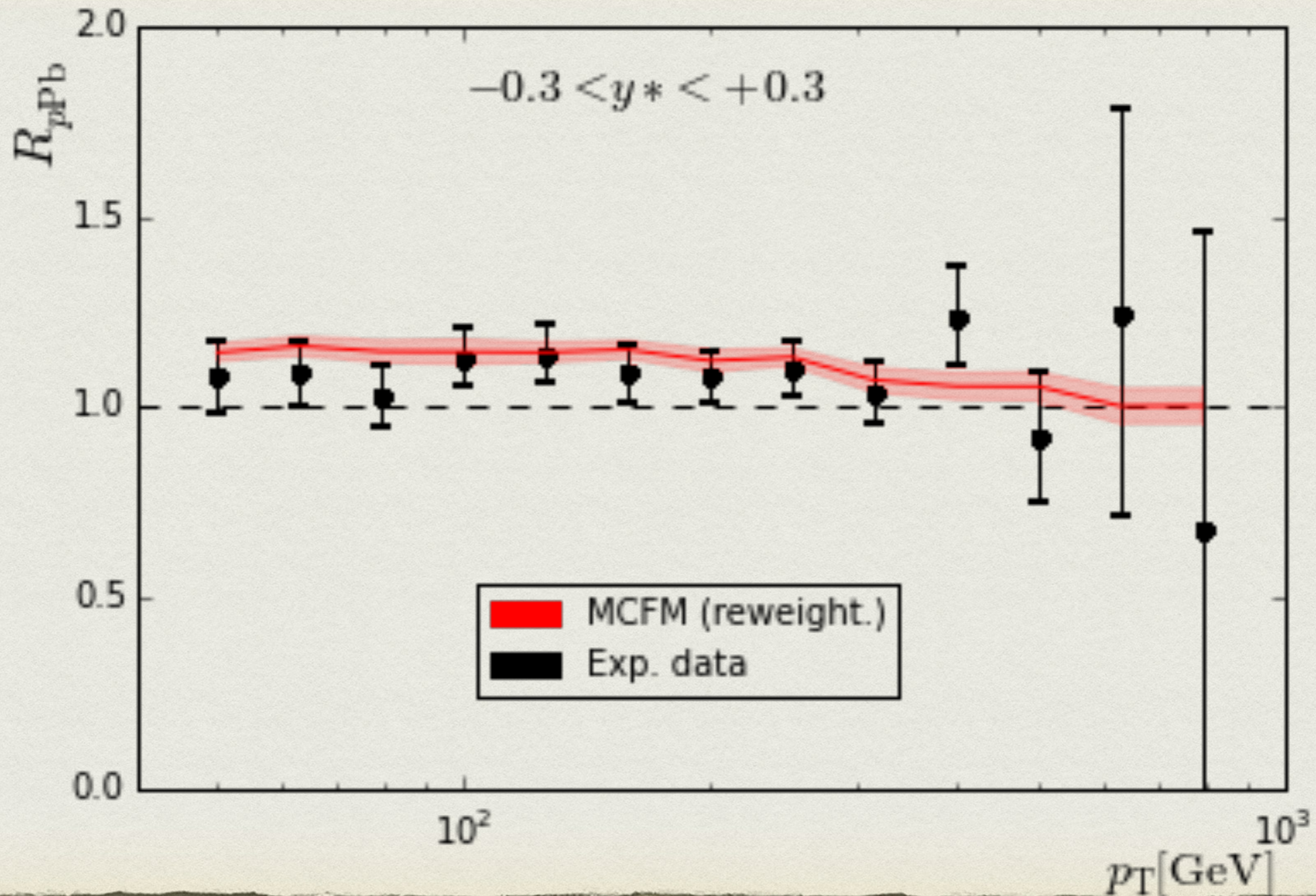
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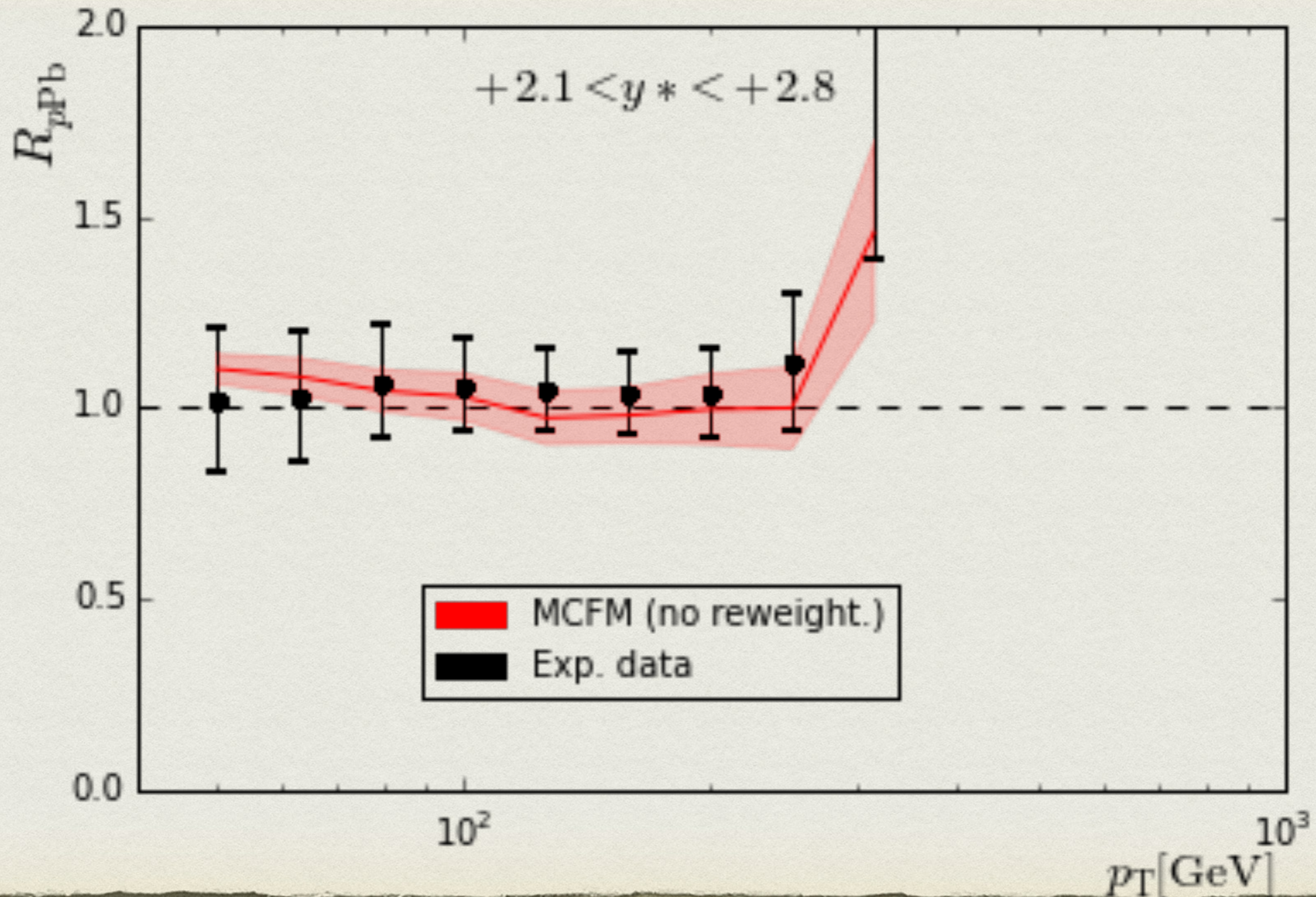
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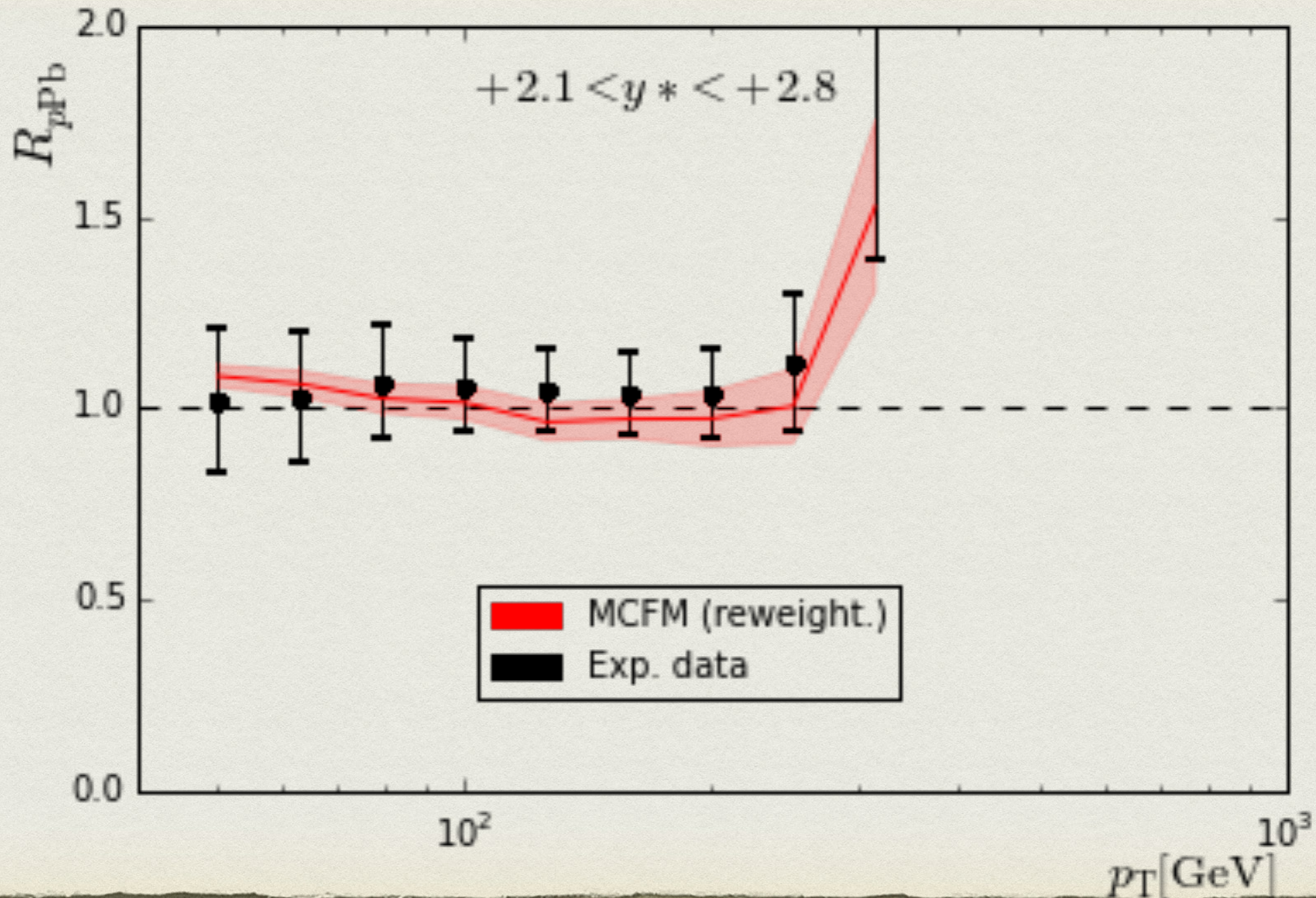
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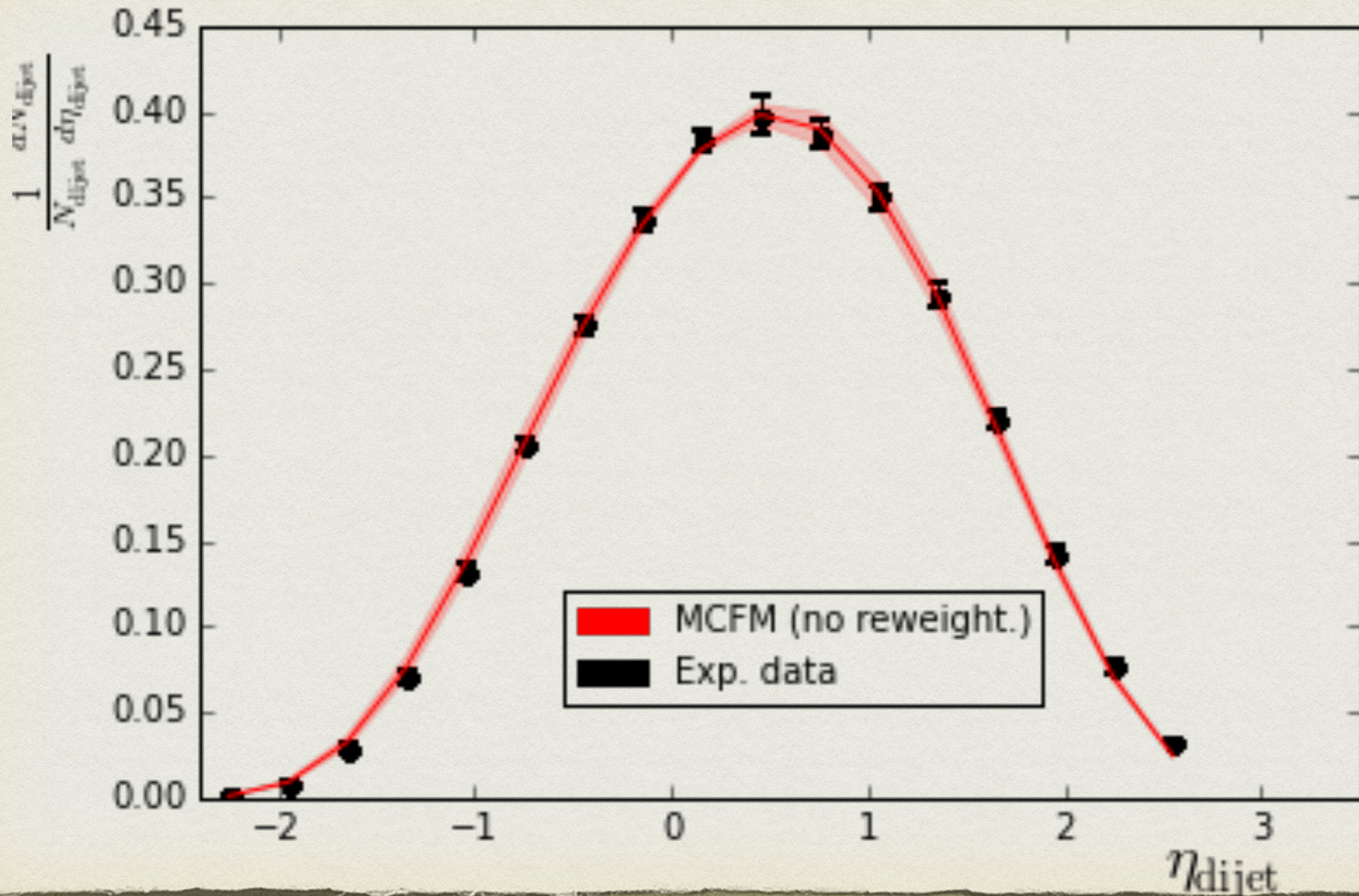
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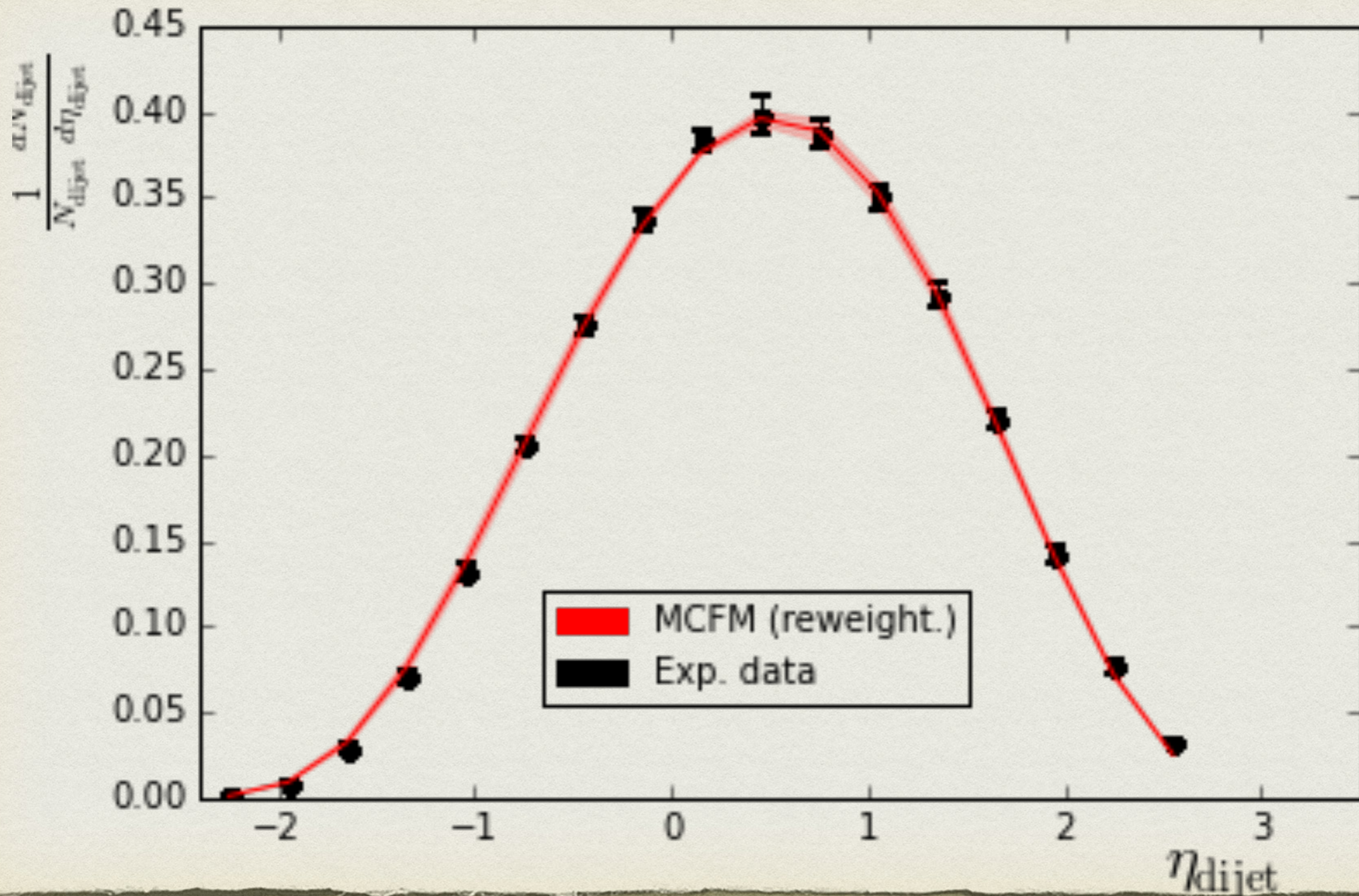
DI-JETS BY CMS

CMS Collaboration,
EPJC 74 (2014) 7, 2951.



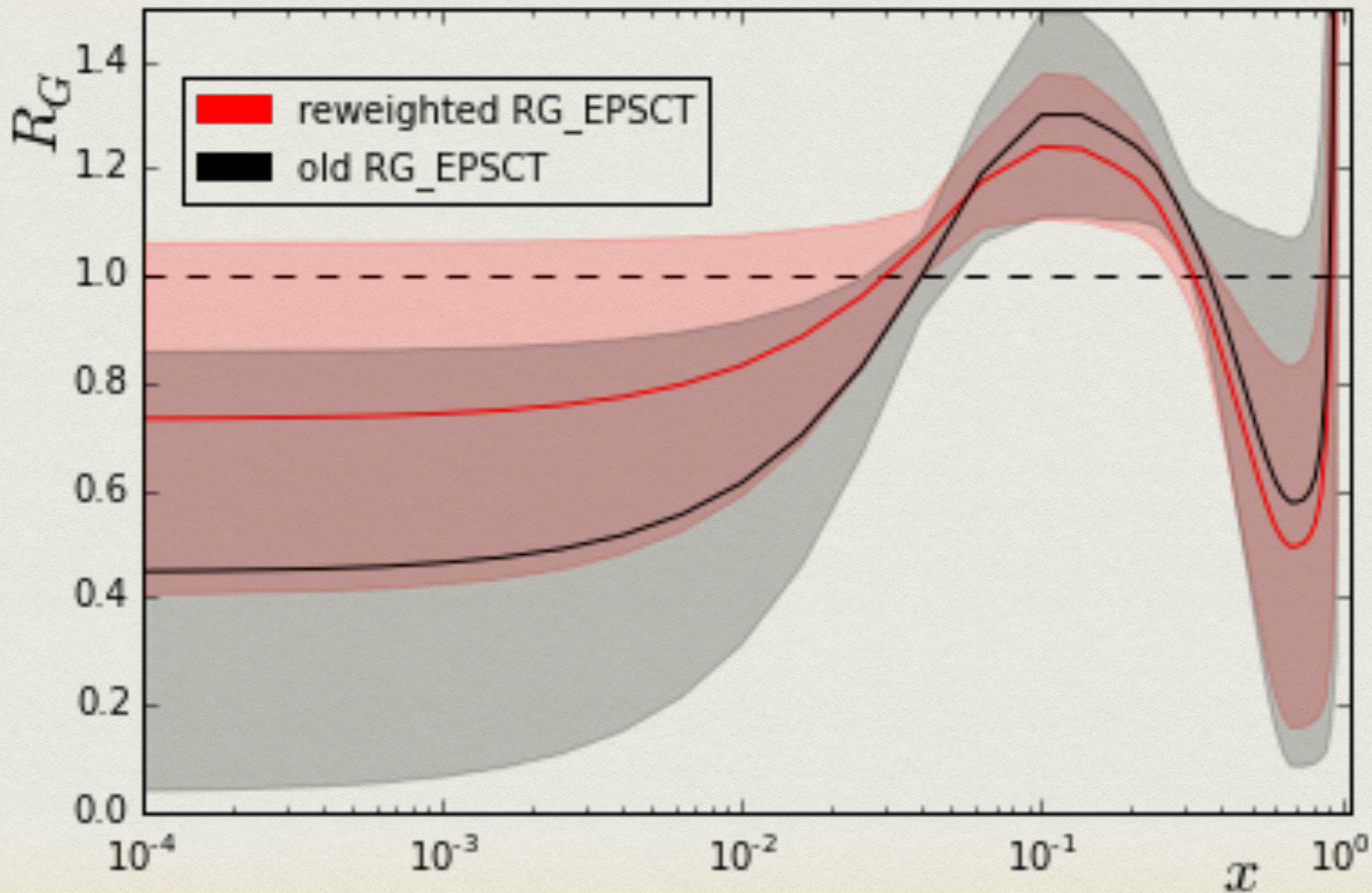
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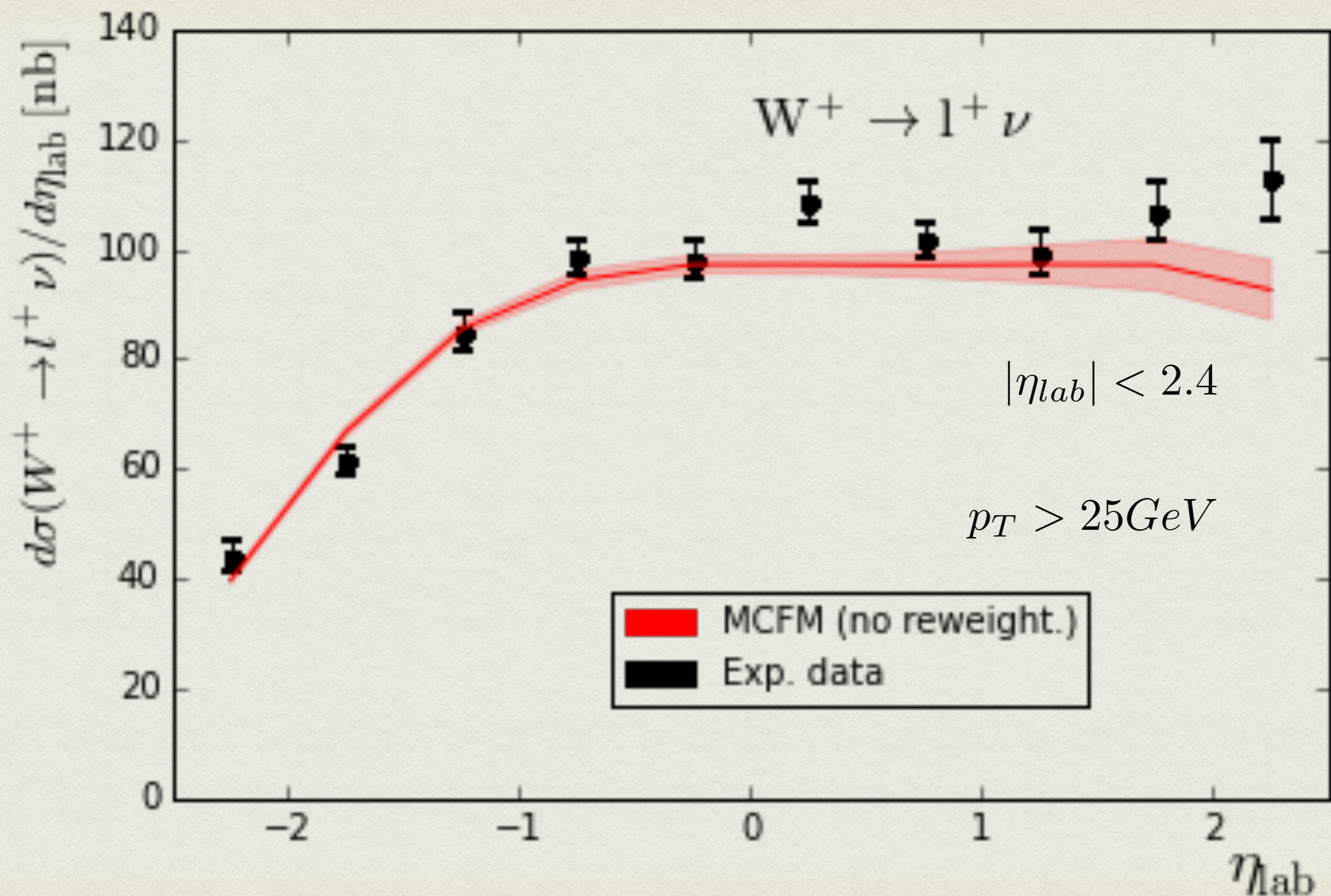
GLUONS

$$Q^2 = 1.69 \text{ GeV}^2$$



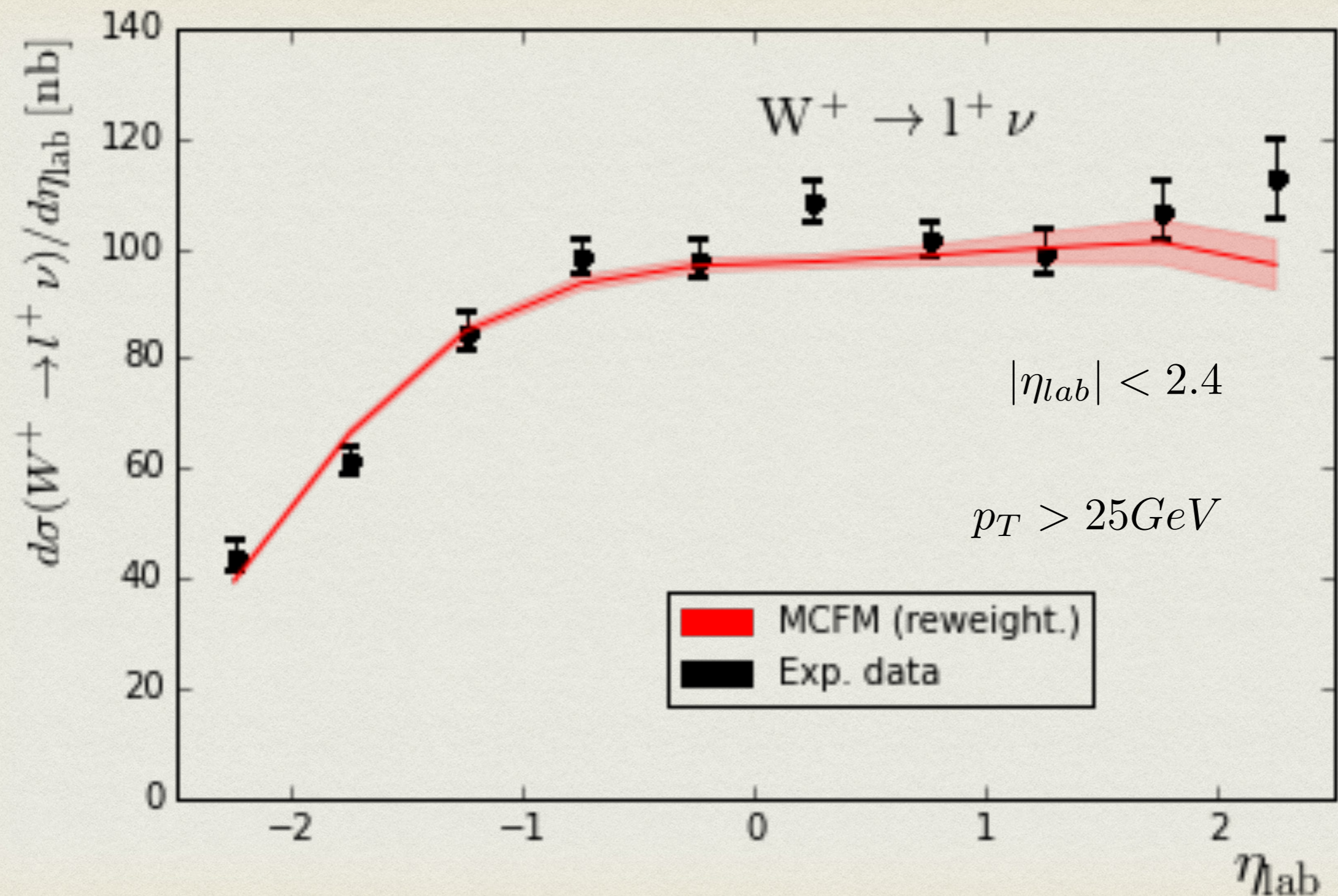
W'S BY CMS

CMS Collaboration, arXiv:
1503.05825 [hep-ex].



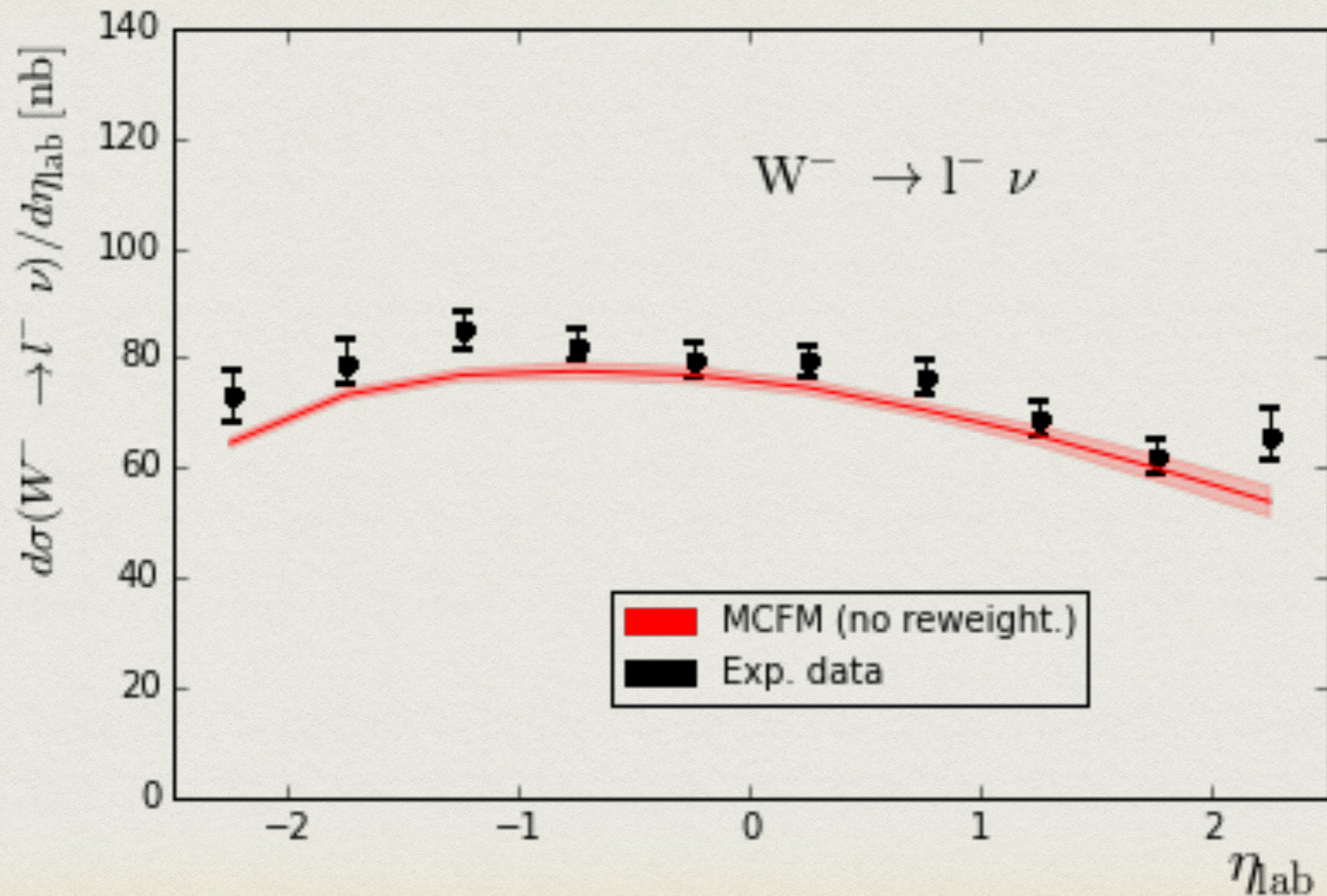
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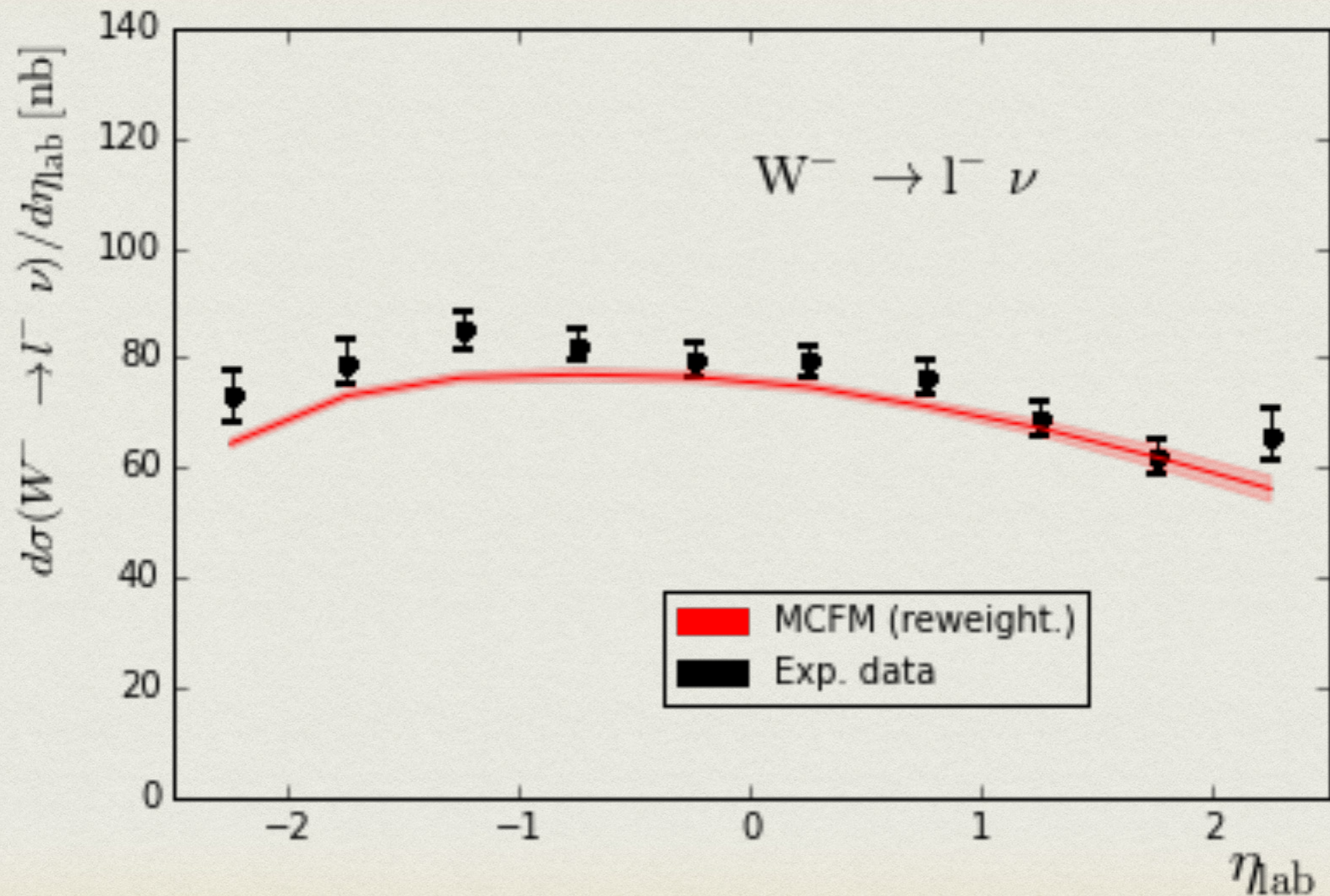
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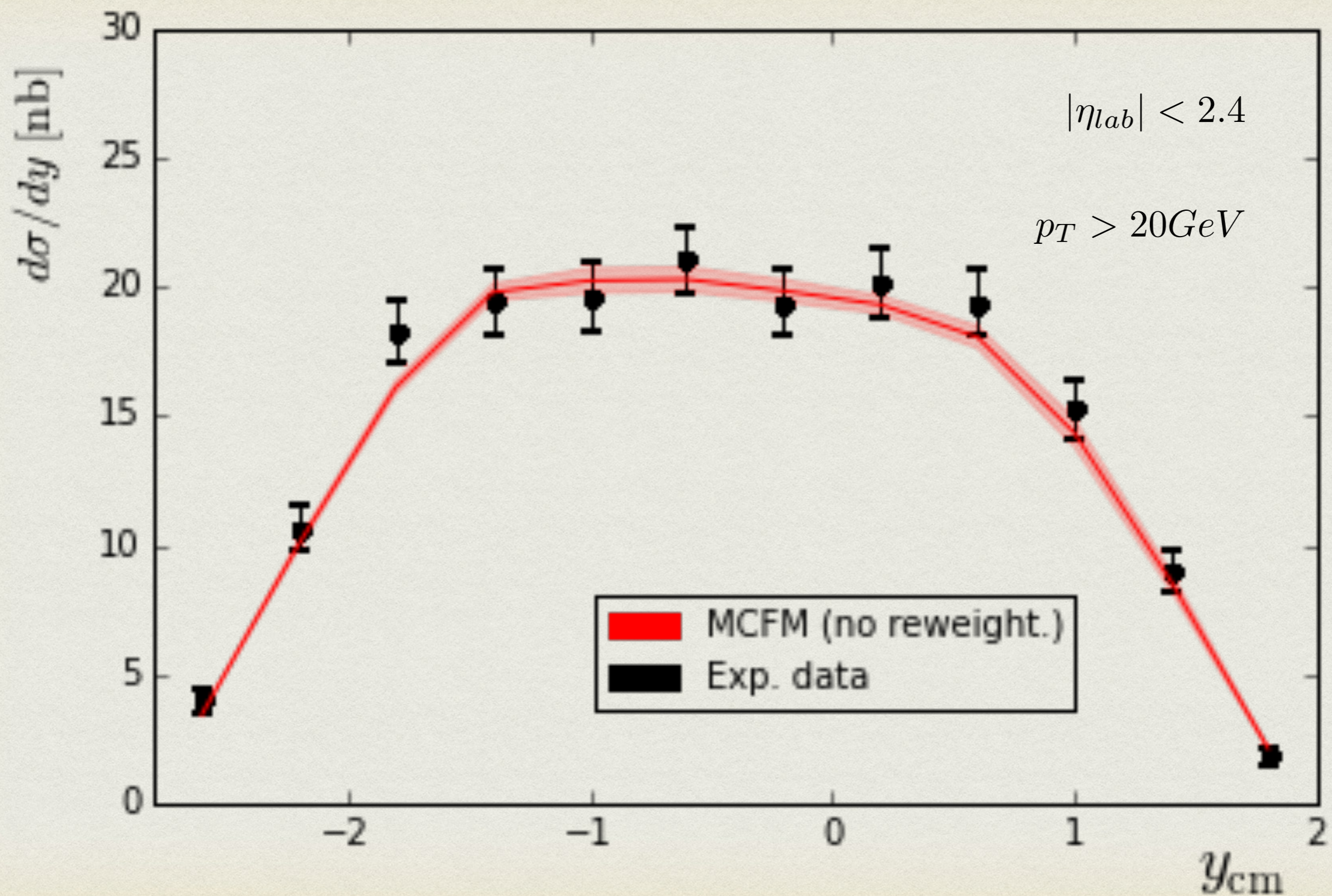
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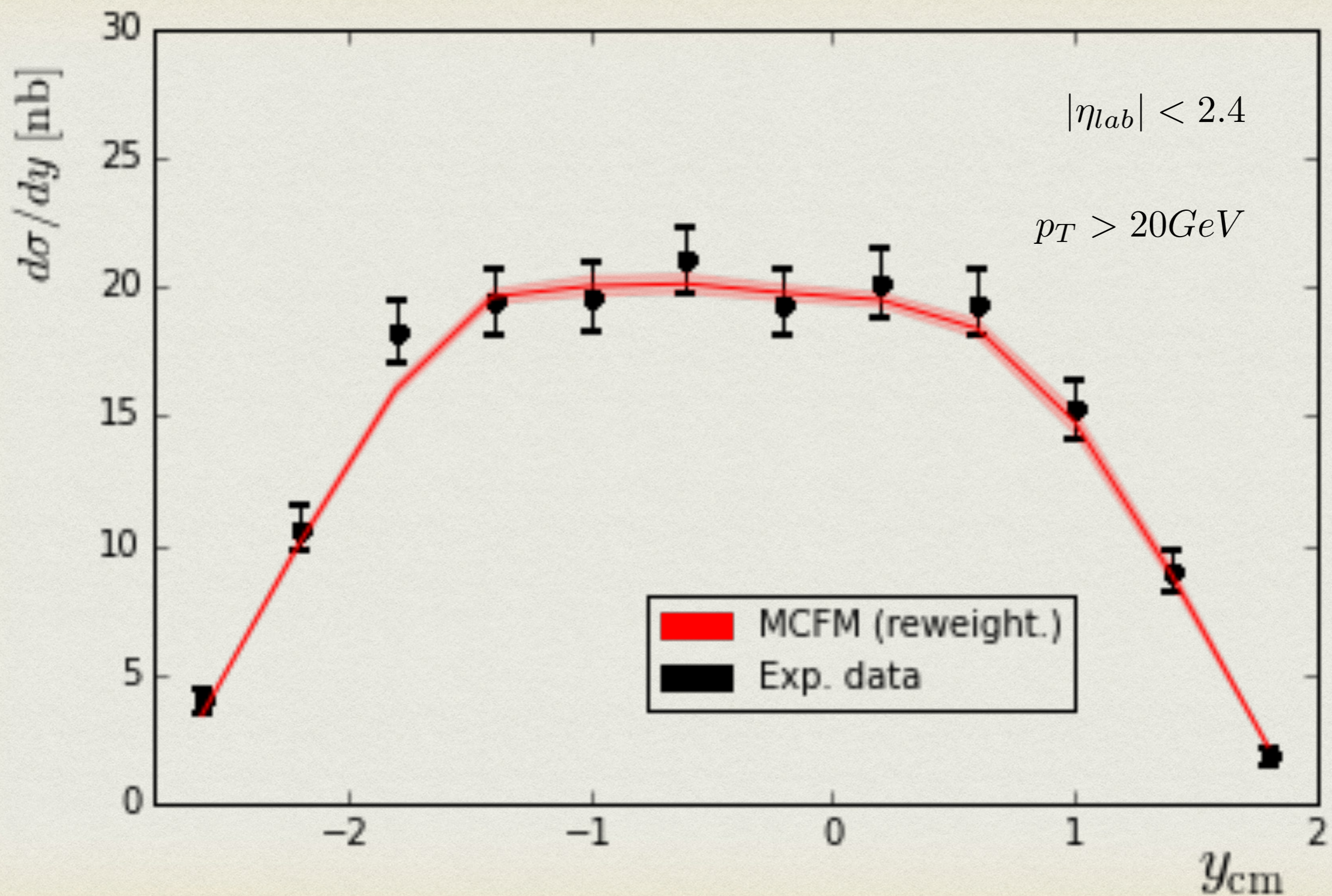
Z BY CMS

CMS PAS HIN-15-002



Z BY CMS

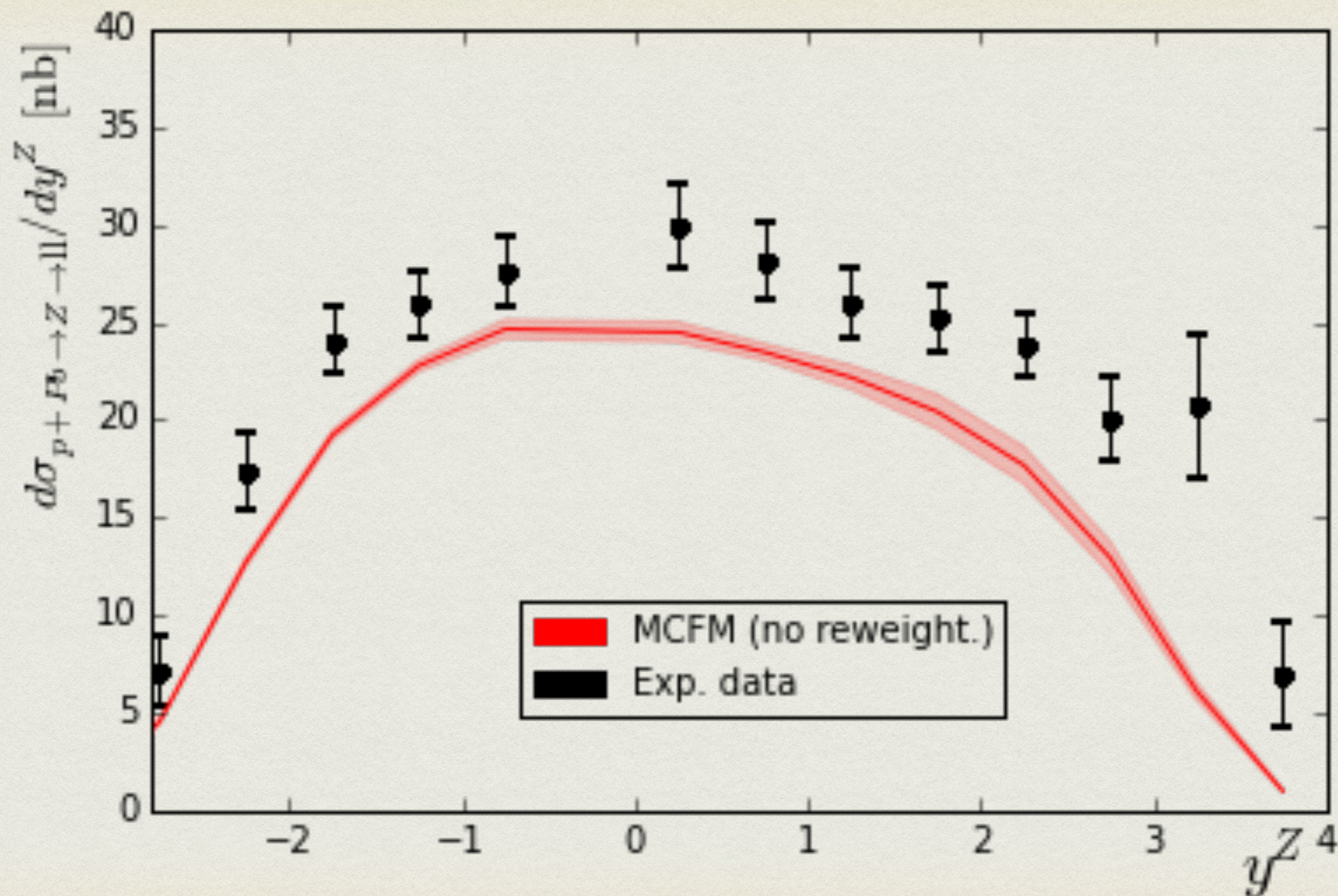
CMS PAS HIN-15-002



Z BY ATLAS

ATLAS-CONF-2014-020

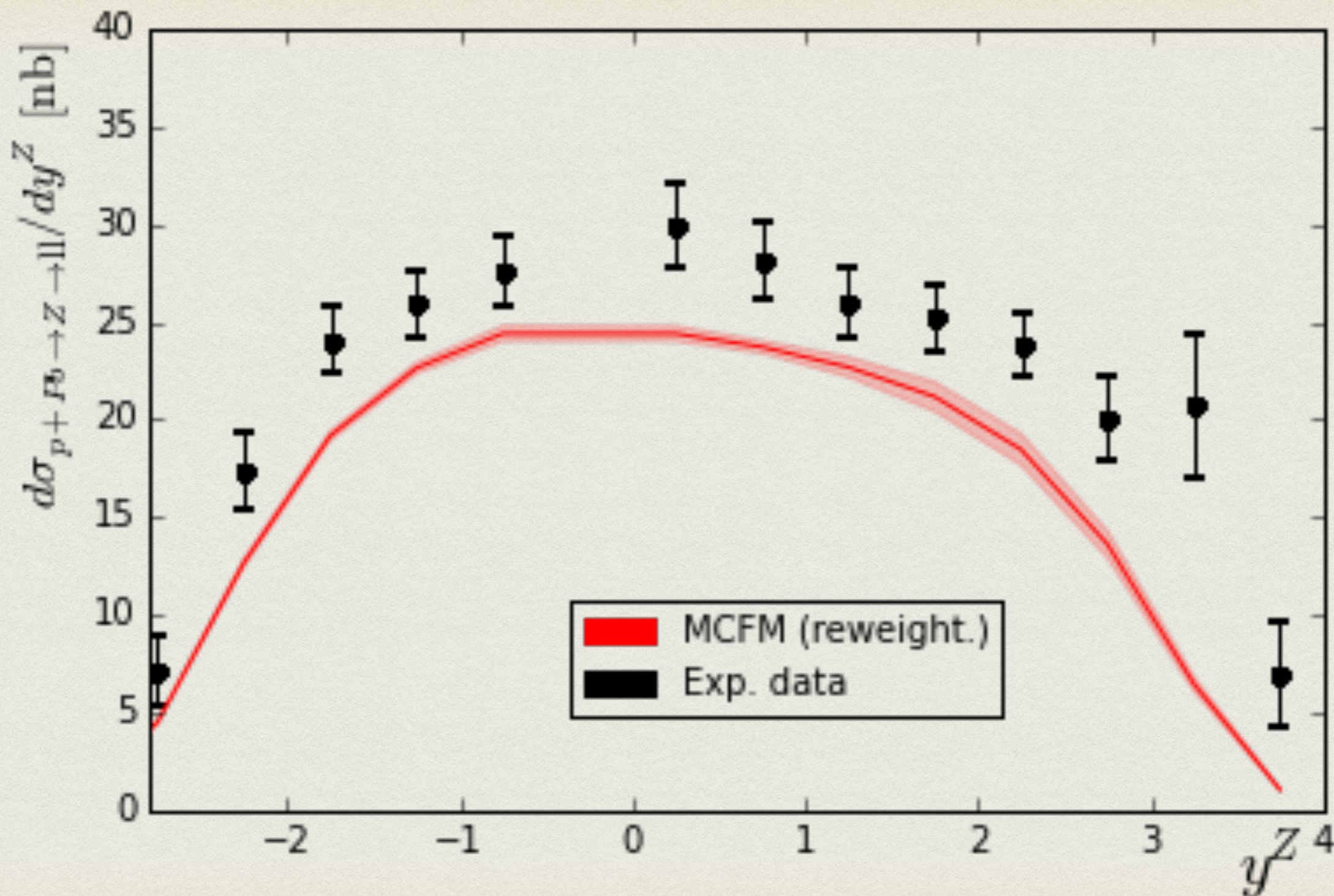
CAREFUL! NOT THE LATEST
DATA (see T. Balestri's
talk at Hard Probes)



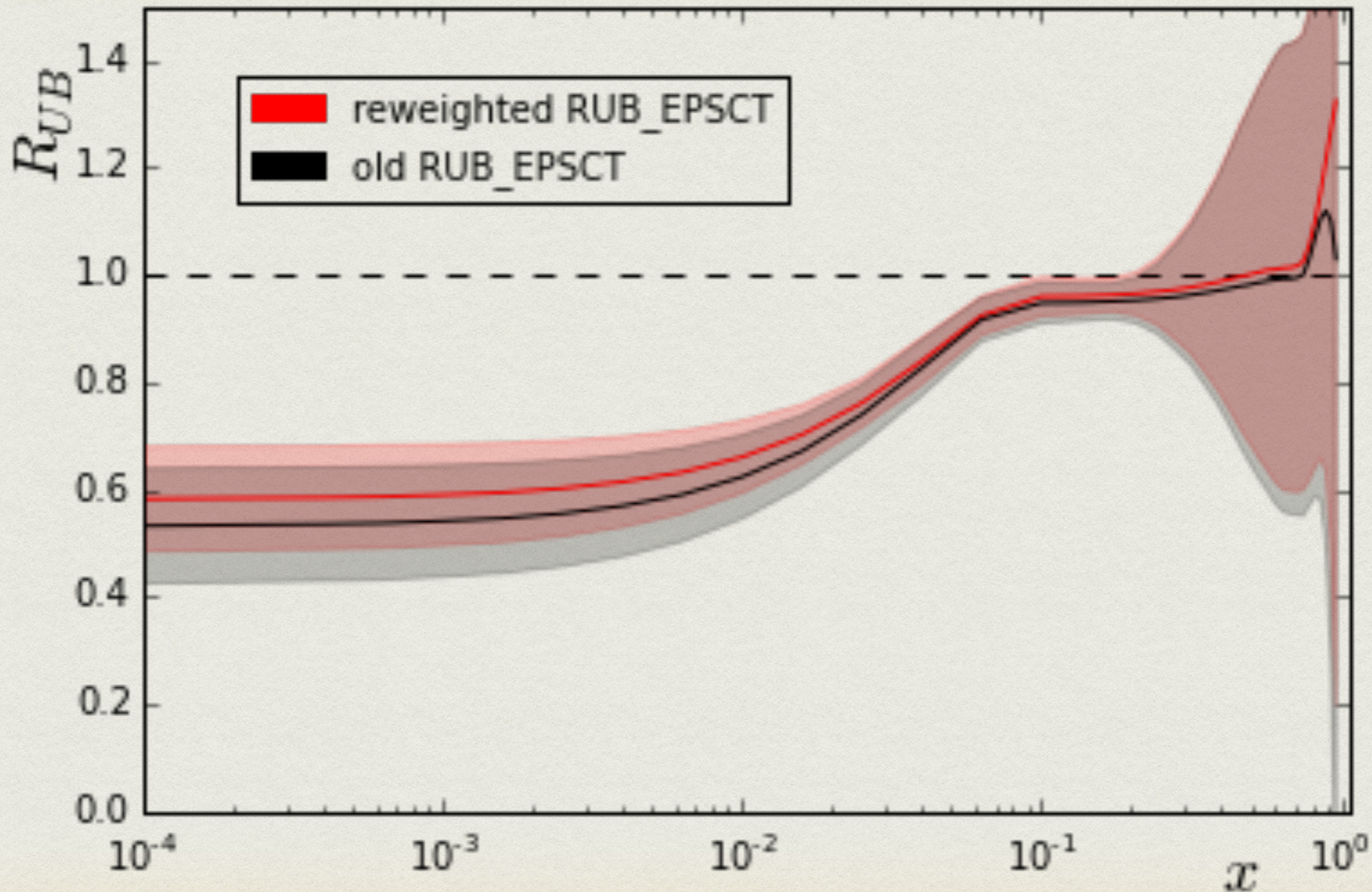
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ATLAS-CONF-2014-020

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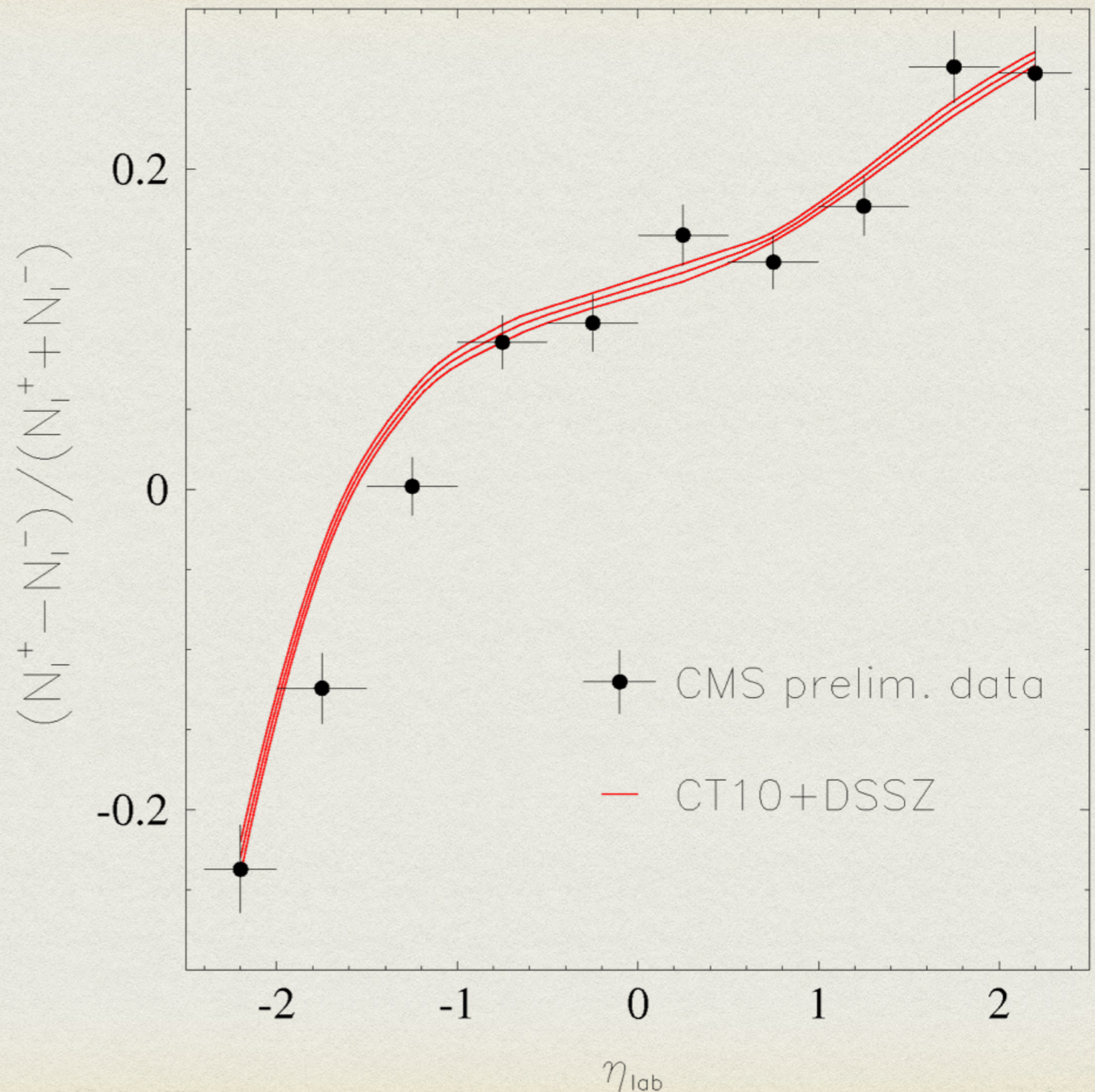
SEA QUARKS $Q^2 = 1.69 \text{ GeV}^2$



ASYMMETRIES

CMS W 's

$$C_{asymm} = \frac{N_l^+ - N_l^-}{N_l^+ + N_l^-}$$

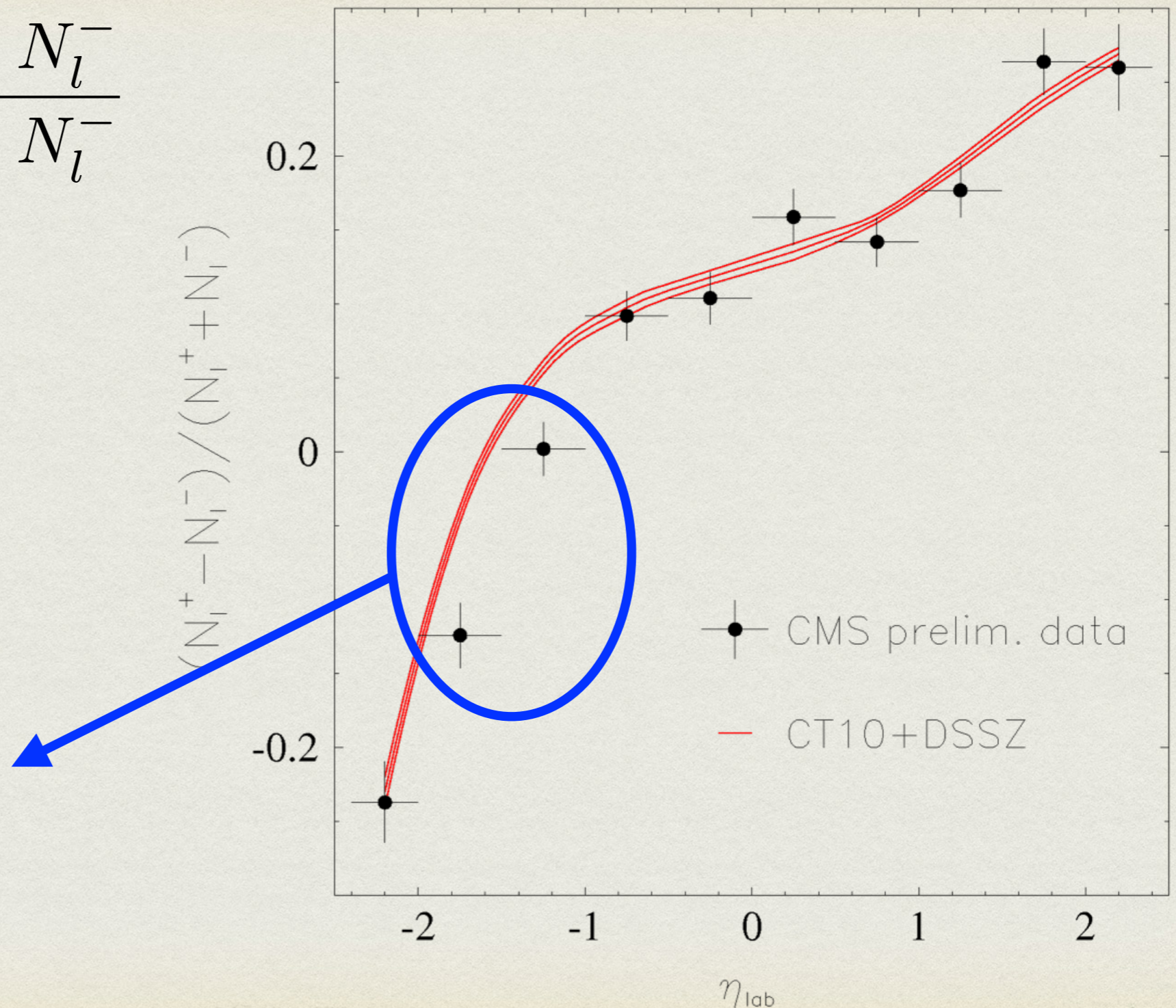


ASYMMETRIES

CMS W's

$$C_{asymm} = \frac{N_l^+ - N_l^-}{N_l^+ + N_l^-}$$

need of flavour
decomposition
in nPDFs



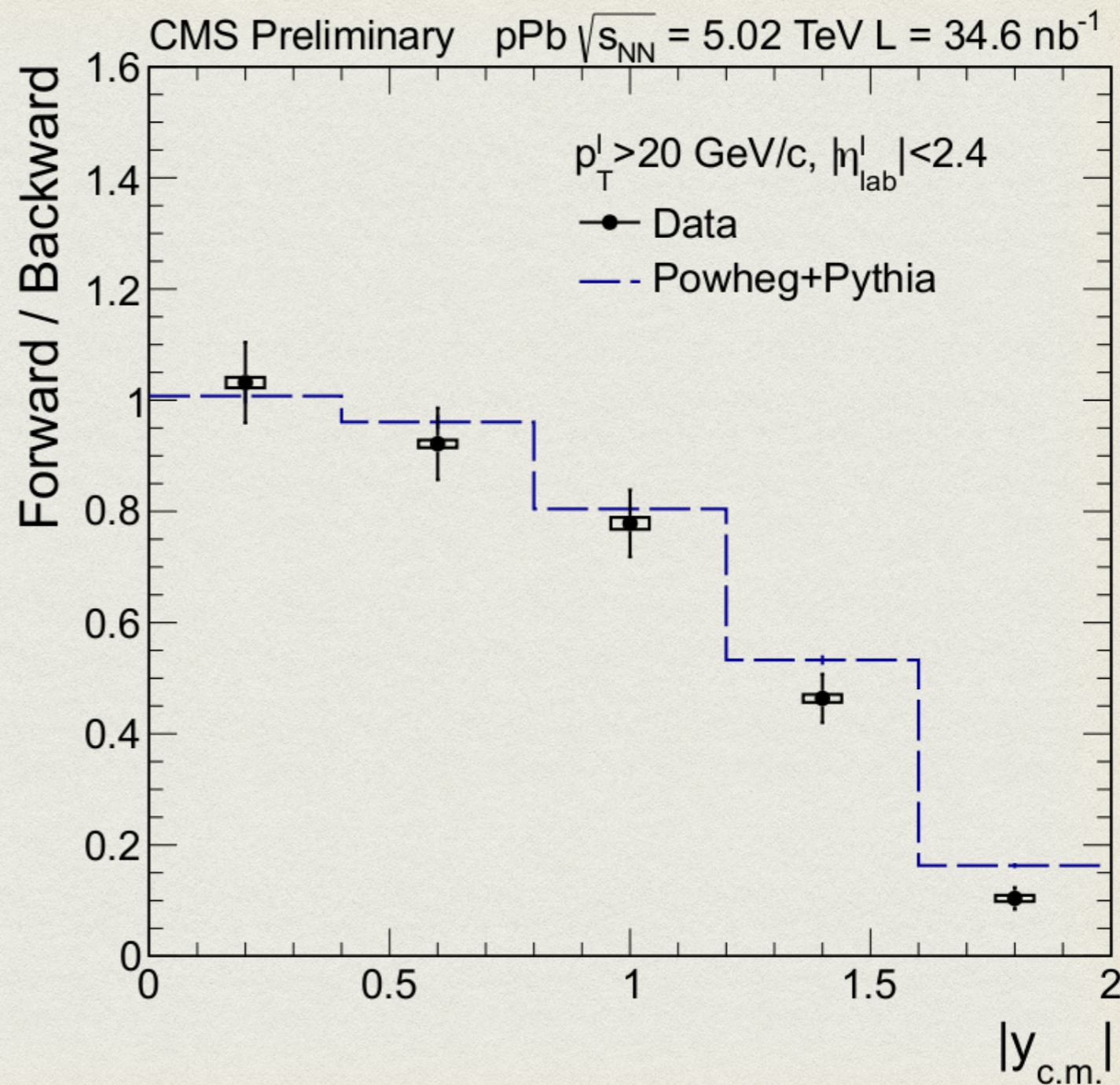
ASYMMETRIES

CMS Z

CMS PAS HIN-15-002

$$FB_{asymm} = \frac{N_l(+\eta)}{N_l(-\eta)}$$

predictions show a
clear nuclear effect (see
A. Zsigmond's talk in
Hard Probes)



SUMMARY

- We analyzed p-Pb data from LHC (~160 points) for EPS09
- Predictions are compatible with data (except ATLAS' Z, updated data to check): $N_{\text{eff}} \sim 6000$
- For EPS09 the impact seems rather small, except for the gluon density (very unconstrained)
- The trend is a flatter gluon, with less shadowing and anti-shadowing
- Preliminary results do not hint the need for new nPDFs

& OUTLOOK

- Incorporate the final ATLAS' Z data, and LHCb's Z
- Consider charged-particles production from ALICE
- Check for (promising) observables, such as asymmetries

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comments and (un) answered questions to:

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(the rest of us are on vacation)