

# DISCRETE 2014: Fourth Symposium on Prospects in the Physics of Discrete Symmetries



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## Study of $B \rightarrow K \pi \pi \gamma$ decays

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In  $b \rightarrow s$  gamma transitions, the standard model predicts that  $B_0$  ( $\text{anti}B_0$ ) decays are related predominantly to the presence of right (left) handed photons in the final state. Therefore, the mixing-induced CP asymmetry in  $B \rightarrow f_{CP}$  decays, where  $f_{CP}$  is a CP eigenstate, is expected to be small. This prediction may be altered by new-physics (NP) processes in which opposite helicity photons are involved. Independently, decays to  $K \pi \pi \gamma$  can display an interesting hadronic structure: they have contributions from several kaonic resonances decaying to  $K\pi\pi$ . The decays of these resonances themselves exhibits a resonant structure, with contributions from  $K^*\pi$ ,  $K\rho$  and a  $(K\pi)$  S-wave. In the present analysis, we extract information about the  $K\pi\pi$  resonant structure by means of an amplitude analysis of the  $K\pi\pi$  and  $K\pi$  invariant mass distributions in  $B^+ \rightarrow K^+\pi^-\pi^+ \gamma$  decays. The results are used, assuming isospin symmetry, to extract the mixing-induced CP parameters of the process  $B_0 \rightarrow K_0^S \rho^0 \gamma$  from the time-independent analysis of  $B_0 \rightarrow K_0^S \pi^+ \pi^- \gamma$ .

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