



Basic concepts

- The ALICE Injection Inhibit system combines the global detector status and the signals coming from BCM and V0 (same devices used for background monitoring):
 - Prior to and during injection (and in all the subsequent phases until Stable_Beams is issued) all detectors have to be in a safe setting status with no signal production (i.e. reduced HV, V_{bias}, etc.) → BEAM-TUNING
 - The response of BCM and V0 is compared to thresholds above which injection will be inhibited
- The threshold definition is mainly based on simulation of beam failures during injection



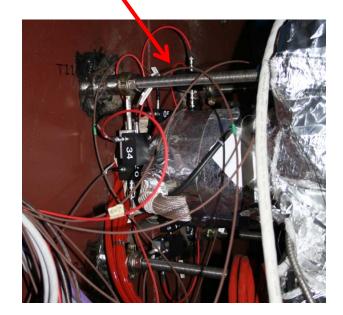
The BCM system

BCM A2 z=+15.5 m, r = 6.2 cm 4 sensors



BCM C

z = -19 m, r= 6.8 cm
(modules on beam-pipe),
r=10 cm (outer modules)
8 sensors



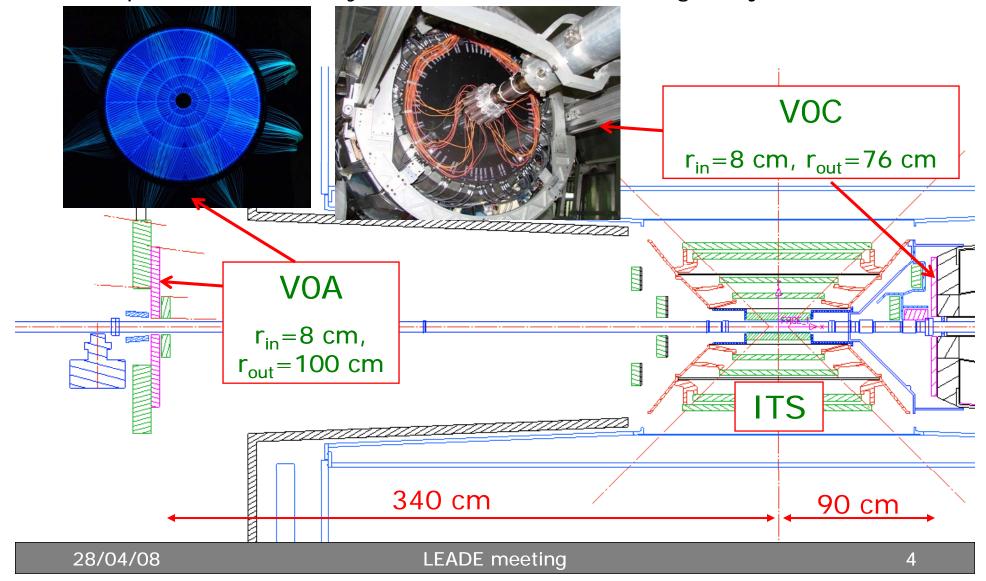
BCM A1

z = +4.5 m, r = 14.5 cm4 sensors



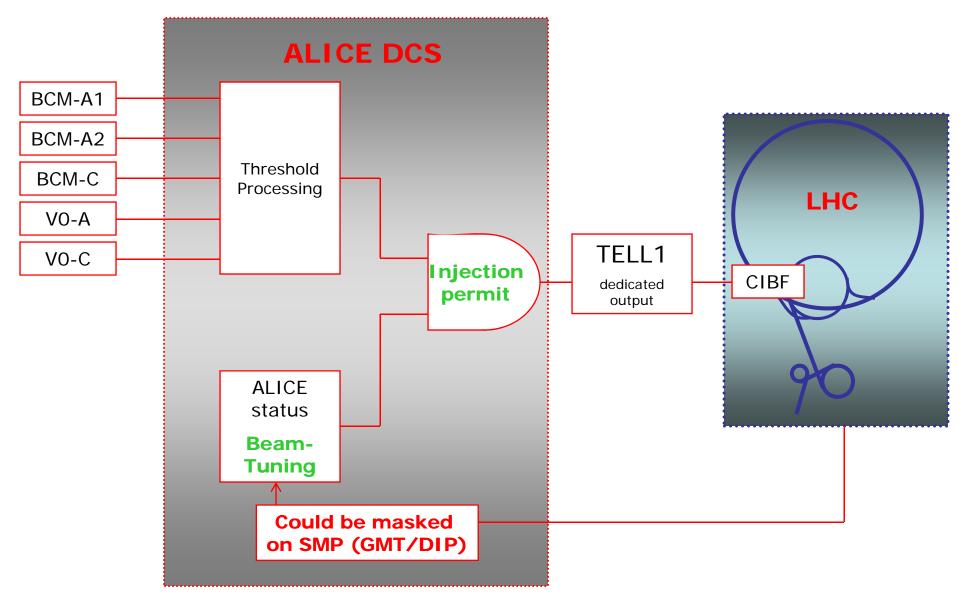
The V0 detector

V0 consists of two circular arrays of scintillators with asymmetric layout wrt IP, provides luminosity measurement and beam-gas rejection





The principle scheme





System status and plans

- BCM-A1 and BCM-C installed, BCM-A2 will be mounted after beam pipe installation and bake-out (w20?), all system commissioned by w22
- V0 detector installed and partially commissioned, needs final tuning with first beam, although available from the beginning
- Implementation in DCS in progress, first release in w20
- Definition of thresholds and signal processing under way
- Injection inhibit system ready in w24 (±1?)