

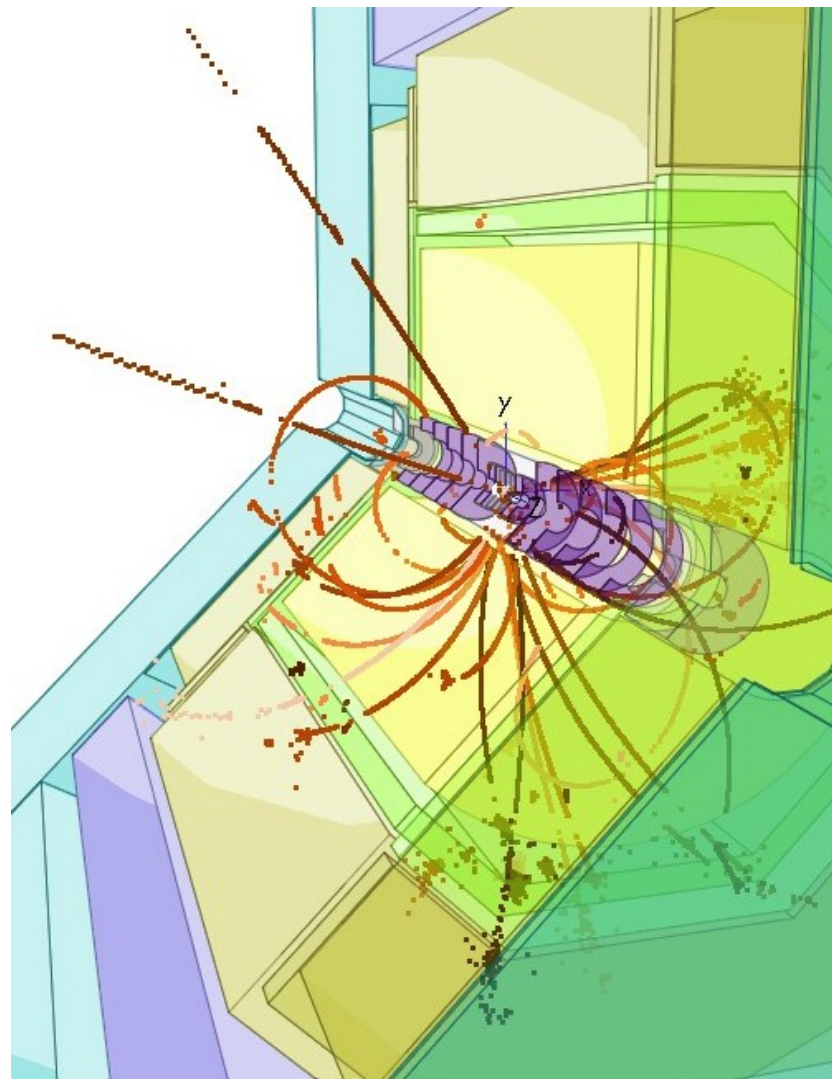
# LCIO

## for FCC

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# Outline

- LCIO Overview
- Software Design
- Event Data Model
- Generic User Data
- LCIO and ROOT
- LCIO Applications
- Summary & Outlook



# LCIO overview

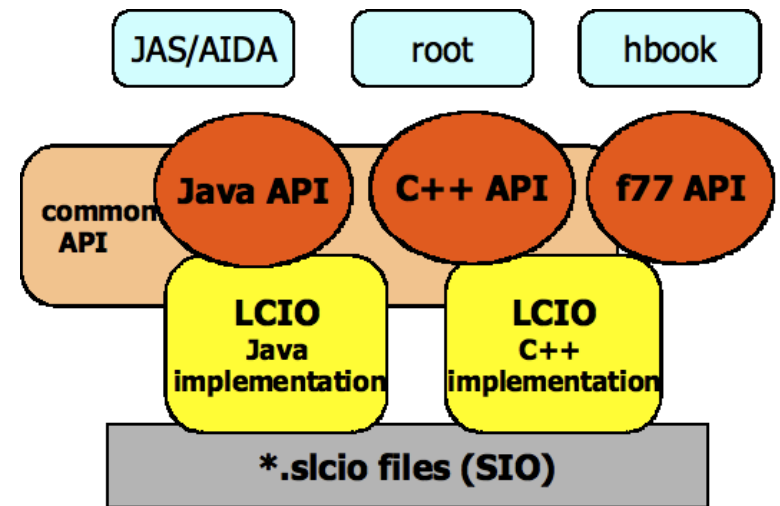
- LCIO is a software package that provides an **event data model** and a **persistency** format for Linear Collider physics studies
- development started in 2002 as a DESY/SLAC project
- main goals then - and still today:

- provide a common language (EDM) for the LC community
- enable sharing and common development of software tools and frameworks
- foster collaboration and avoid duplication of effort

- has become the standard for all LC physics studies since
- used for Monte Carlo simulation and test beams by **CLIC**, **ILD**, **SiD**, **Calice**, **LCTPC**, **EUTelescope** (also Atlas)...

# LCIO Software design I

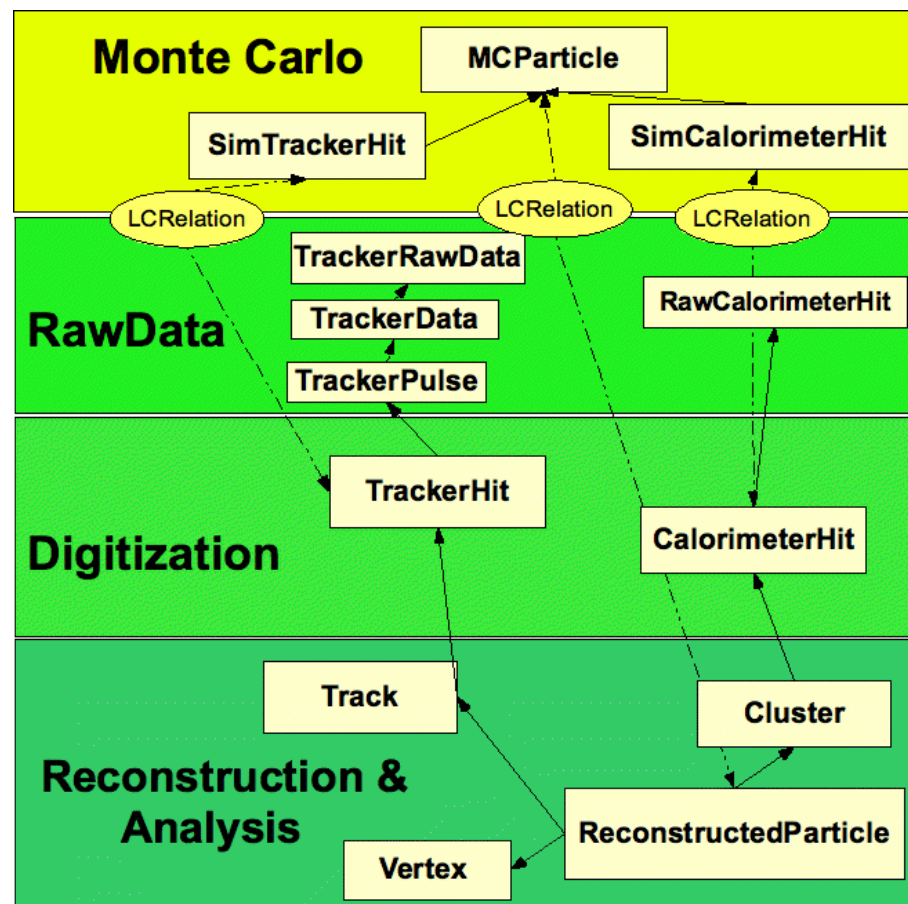
- LCIO provides C++, Java and Fortran (C, cfortran.h) API
  - Python bindings (ROOT dictionary)
- two **independent** implementations: **C++** and **Java**
  - C++ (or Java) only builds possible
  - Java currently not used
- common file format **SIO**:
  - simple binary I/O based on records
  - using zlib for compression
  - pointers inside one record implemented through integerIDs and lookup tables
  - ships with LCIO





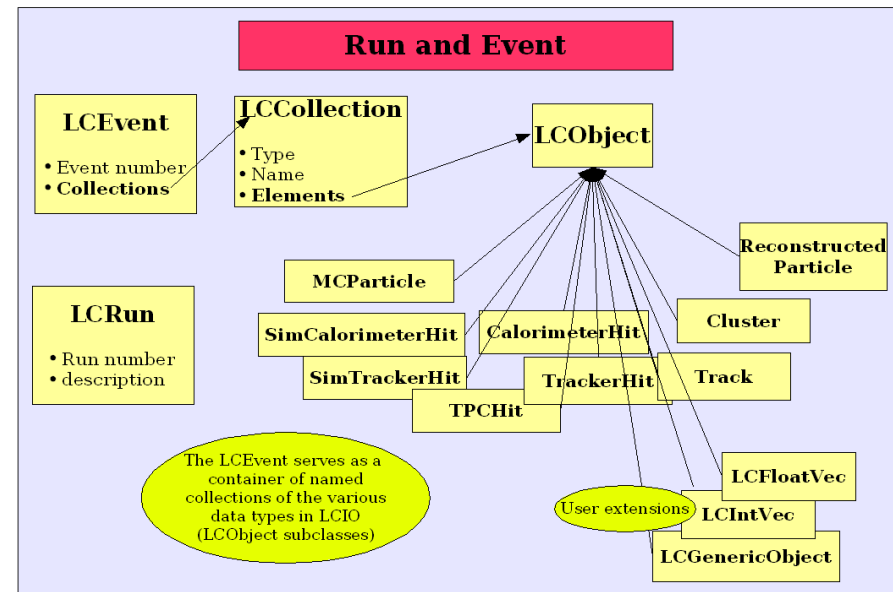
# The Event Data Model

- LCIO defines a hierarchical event data model, with higher level objects pointing back to their constituents
- only indirect (LCRelations) link to MC-Truth information
- additional relations possible:
  - direct RecoParticle-MCParticle
  - direct Track-MCParticle
- event data classes originally targeted at the Linear Collider but should be **generic enough for any collider experiment**



# LCIO event store

- LCIO data is organized in events
  - one record per event
- the data are stored in named collections in the LCEvent
- multiple collections of same type possible
- subset collections: pointers only
- underlying events (pile-up) possible by merging several events into one
  - also used for LC studies (gg->hadron background)





# LCIO EDM example: MCParticle

virtual double	<b>getEnergy</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the energy of the particle (at the vertex) in [GeV] computed from the particle's momentum and mass - only float used in files.</i>
virtual const float *	<b>getSpin</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the spin (helicity) vector of the particle.</i>
virtual const int *	<b>getColorFlow</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the color flow as defined by the generator.</i>
virtual const <b>MCParticleVec</b> &	<b>getParents</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the parents of this particle.</i>
virtual const <b>MCParticleVec</b> &	<b>getDaughters</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the daughters of this particle.</i>
virtual int	<b>getNumberOfParents</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the number of parents of this particle - 0 if mother.</i>
virtual <b>MCParticle</b> *	<b>getParent</b> (int i) const =0 <i>Returns the i-th parent of this particle.</i>
virtual int	<b>getPDG</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the PDG code of the particle.</i>
virtual int	<b>getGeneratorStatus</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the status for particles as defined by the generator, typically</i> <i>0 empty line</i> <i>1 undecayed particle, stable in the generator</i> <i>2 particle decayed in the generator</i> <i>3 documentation line.</i>
virtual int	<b>getSimulatorStatus</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the status for particles from the simulation, e.g.</i>
virtual bool	<b>isCreatedInSimulation</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle has been created by the simulation program (rather than the generator).</i>
virtual bool	<b>isBackscatter</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle was created by the simulator as a result of an interaction or decay in non-tracking region, e.g.</i>

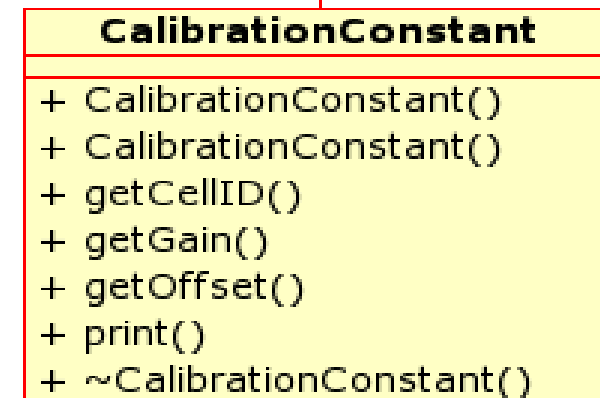
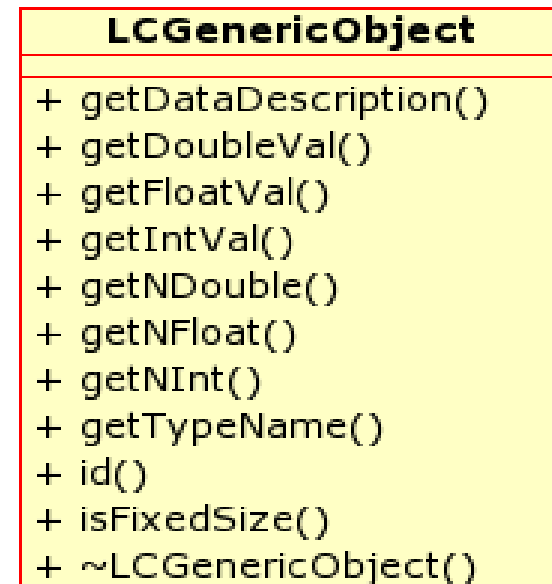
virtual bool	<b>vertexIsNotEndpointOfParent</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle was created as a result of a continuous process where the parent particle continues, i.e.</i>
virtual bool	<b>isDecayedInTracker</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle decayed or interacted in a tracking region.</i>
virtual bool	<b>isDecayedInCalorimeter</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle decayed or interacted (non-continuous interaction, particle terminated) in non-tracking region.</i>
virtual bool	<b>hasLeftDetector</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle left the world volume undecayed.</i>
virtual bool	<b>isStopped</b> () const =0 <i>True if the particle lost all kinetic energy inside the world volume and did not decay.</i>
virtual const double *	<b>getVertex</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the production vertex of the particle in [mm].</i>
virtual float	<b>getTime</b> () const =0 <i>The creation time of the particle in [ns] wrt.</i>
virtual const double *	<b>getEndpoint</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the endpoint of the particle in [mm] if the endpoint has been set explicitly.</i>
virtual const double *	<b>getMomentum</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the particle's 3-momentum at the production vertex in [GeV]</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• only float used in files.</li></ul>
virtual double	<b>getMass</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the mass of the particle in [GeV] - only float used in files.</i>
virtual float	<b>getCharge</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the particle's charge.</i>
virtual int	<b>getNumberOfDaughters</b> () const =0 <i>Returns the number of daughters of this particle.</i>
virtual <b>MCParticle</b> *	<b>getDaughter</b> (int i) const =0 <i>Returns the i-th daughter of this particle.</i>

More at: [http://lcio.desy.de/v02-04-03/doc/doxygen\\_api/html/index.html](http://lcio.desy.de/v02-04-03/doc/doxygen_api/html/index.html)



# LCIO – Generic User Information

- LCIO data model defines everything needed for LC physics studies, but
- users want additional information in files for specific studies
- can't create new classes within LCIO for all requests and purposes
- need generic user class:  
**LCGenericObject**
  - almost arbitrary data objects
  - typically access provided through user subclass - but not needed:
  - has description string for reading the data without need to have access to data dictionary (library)
- used extensively for conditions data in LCCD (Calice, LCTPC,...)



# LCIO runtime extensions (C++)

- LCIO provides runtime extensions to objects allowing to attach arbitrary user objects to LCObjects
- fast and easy creation of links (relations) between various LCObject subtypes, eg. TrackerHits and Track
- features
  - extension of the object with arbitrary (even non-LCObject) classes
    - extension of single objects or vectors, lists of objects
    - optionally ownership is taken for extension objects (memory management)
  - bidirectional relations between LCObjects
    - one to one
    - one to many
    - many to many

to be used in reconstruction  
and analysis algorithms  
- no persistency

# Building LCIO

- LCIO has **no external dependencies**
  - optionally depend on **ROOT** to create a dictionary
  - uses **CMake** as build tool
- Download and build LCIO (C++)

```
svn co svn://svn.freehep.org/lcio/trunk lcio
cd lcio ; mkdir build ; cd build ;
cmake -D BUILD_ROOTDICT=On ..
make install
```

- run example programs, e.g.:

```
export PATH=$LCIO/bin:$PATH
simjob ; anajob simjob.slcio ; dumpevent simjob.slcio 1
```

# LCIO and ROOT

- the **ROOT dictionary** for LCIO provides:
  - direct usage of LCIO classes in ROOT macros, e.g.
    - open LCIO files in ROOT and fill histograms
    - possibility to write LCIO events or parts thereof to ROOT
    - see: `$LCIO/examples/cpp/rootDict`

- Python bindings for LCIO:

- create ROOT hists from LCIO
- more elaborate examples:
  - `$LCIO/example/python`

- possibility to provide a ROOT I/O layer for LCIO

```
'''
export PYTHONPATH=$ROOTSYS/lib:$PYTHONPATH
export PYTHONPATH=${LCIO}/src/python:${LCIO}/examples/python:${PYTHONPATH}
'''
from ROOT import TH1D
from pyLCIO import IOIMPL
import sys

hen = TH1D( 'hen', 'MC particle energy', 100, 0., 10. )

reader = IOIMPL.LCFactory.getInstance().createLCReader()
reader.open( sys.argv[1] )

for evt in reader:

    mcol = evt.getCollection("MCParticle")
    for mcp in mcol:

        if( mcp.getGeneratorStatus() == 1):
            hen.Fill( mcp.getEnergy() )

hen.Draw()

userInput = raw_input( 'Press any key to continue' )
```

# LCIO Applications

- **Marlin** application framework used by ILD, CLIC, (SiD) uses LCIO as transient event data model
- => using LCIO provides access to full suite of reconstruction code used in the LC community
  - **full C++ track reconstruction** with a TPC as central tracker - all silicon tracking under development (CLICdp)
  - **PandoraPFA** particle flow algorithm
  - flavor tagging, vertex finding, MCTruth matching,....
- **DD4hep/DDG4** simulation will use LCIO as EDM
  - either exclusively or through direct binding to an internal EDM
  - new simulation application currently developed for ILD/CLIC
- LC test beams also use LCIO
  - conditions data base LCCD w/ LCIO
  - raw data classes

# LCIO evolution

- LCIO has been used quite successfully by the LC community for more than a decade and the EDM has evolved during this time to meet all requirements of the physics groups
- to meet future demands (e.g. with a real ILC) we plan to **improve the I/O layer**:
  - task in AIDA-2 proposal: create a fast I/O layer (based on ROOT) using array of structs, keeping EDM interface essentially unmodified
  - work planned as collaboration between DESY and CERN-SFT
  - goal is to evolve LCIO w/o heavily breaking existing code base
- possibility to move towards using **HepMC** under discussion
  - would offer the possibility for generators to create LCIO files directly
- keep improving LCIO based on community requests



# Summary & Outlook

- LCIO is the EDM and persistency solution for all LC activities from detector design studies, analyses to test beams
  - a large code base for reconstruction and analysis exists based on LCIO, a lot of which could be ported/adapted to FCC studies
  - next big evolution planned for LCIO will be a high performant I/O
- using LCIO for FCC detector concept studies could work to the mutual benefit of both communities
    - FCC could effectively start right away with simulation studies (DD4hep)
    - LC and FCC could join manpower to improve LCIO as we go ahead

additional material



# LCIO runtime extensions

```
// a simple int extension
struct Index : LCIntExtension<Index> {} ;

// a many to many relationship between MCParticles
struct ParentDaughter : LCNTNRelation<ParentDaughter,MCParticle,MCParticle> {} ;
//..
MCParticle* mcp = dynamic_cast<MCParticle*>( mcpcol->getElementAt(i) ) ;
//..

mcp->ext<Index>() = i[];    // set an int

const MCParticleVec& daughters = mcp->getDaughters() ;

for(unsigned j=0 ; j< daughters.size() ; j++ ){

    // ---- set biderctional relation
    add_relation<ParentDaughter>( mcp, daughters[j] ) ;
}

//-----

cout << " myindex = " << mcp->ext<Index> << endl ;

ParentDaughter::to::rel_type daulist = mcp->rel<ParentDaughter::to>() ;

for( ParentDaughter::to::const_iterator idau = daulist->begin();
    idau != daulist->end(); ++idau){

    cout << (*idau)->ext<Index>() << ", " ;
}
cout << endl ;
```

extensions and relations  
identified through a  
tagging **class T**

for extensions use  
**ext<T>()**  
for relations use  
**rel<T::to>()** and  
**rel<T::from>()**

# SIO persistency

- simple C++ persistency tool developed at SLAC
- provides some OO-features like pointer chasing
- user needs to write streamer code (done in LCIO)
- missing so far:
  - splitting of events over files
  - direct access
  - user streamer code
- could be implemented rather easily, if needed

