

Vector Dark Matter Via Higgs Portal

Anthony DiFranzo
UC Irvine/Fermilab

arXiv:1509:XXXXX

In collaboration with:
Paddy Fox and Tim M.P. Tait



Vector DM Higgs Portal

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \lambda_{hVV} H^\dagger H V^\mu V_\mu$$

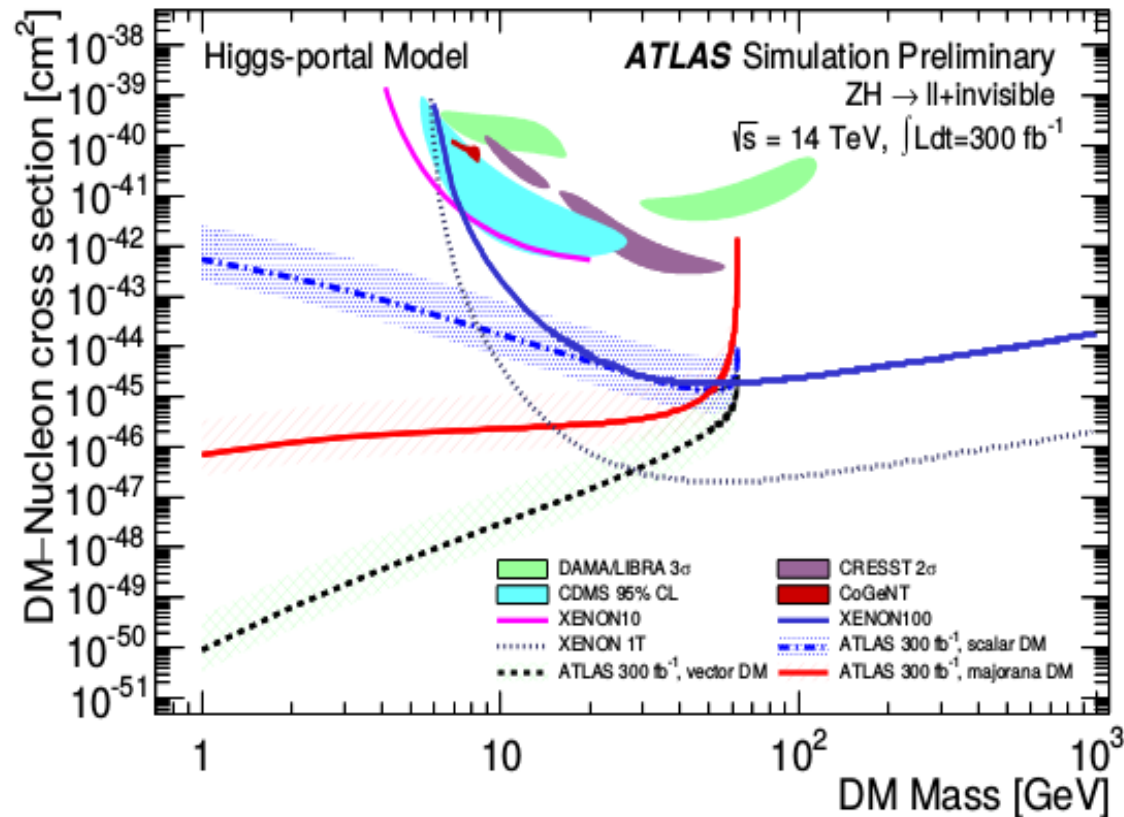
- dim-4, but not renormalizable and not gauge invariant. Should be treated as an EFT.
- Observables have unphysical behavior

$$\sigma_{V-N}^{SI} = \frac{\lambda_{hVV}^2}{16\pi m_h^4} \frac{m_N^4 f_N^2}{(M_V + m_N)^2}$$

$$\Gamma_{h \rightarrow VV}^{\text{inv}} = \frac{\lambda_{hVV}^2 v^2 m_h^3 \beta_V}{256\pi M_V^4} \left(1 - 4 \frac{M_V^2}{m_h^2} + 12 \frac{M_V^4}{m_h^4} \right)$$

Djouadi et.al. [arXiv: 1112.3299]

Higgs width in direct detection plane



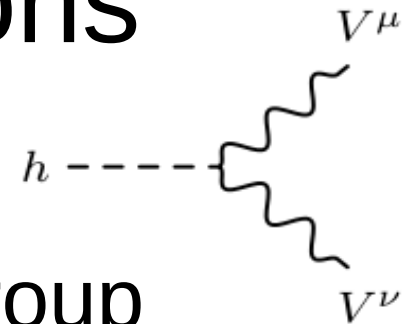
taking ATLAS 14TeV 300fb-1 90%CL sensitivity: $BR(h \rightarrow inv) < 0.19$

ATLAS Collaboration [arXiv: 1402.3244]

See also:

CMS Collaboration [arXiv: 1404.1344]

UV-complete constructions



- 1) Charge Higgs under dark gauge group
- 2) Introduce new scalar which mixes with Higgs

$$D^\mu \Phi^\dagger D_\mu \Phi, H^\dagger H \Phi^\dagger \Phi \rightarrow \sin \theta h V^\mu V_\mu$$

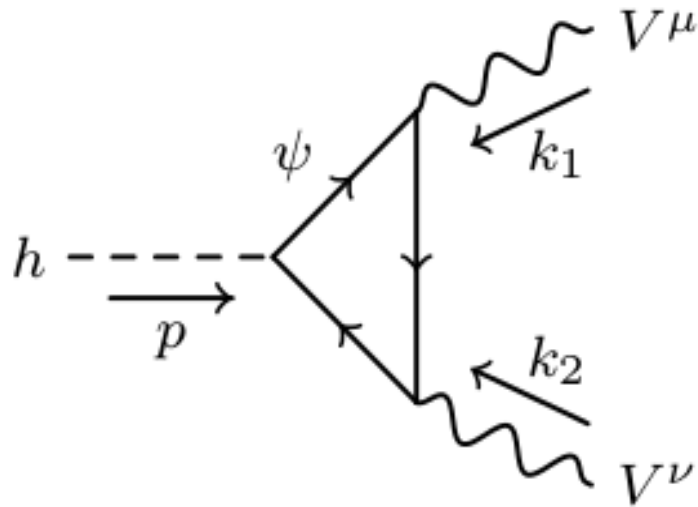
hVV coupling related to V mass, giving expected behavior in observables



e.g. Baek et.al. [arXiv:1212.2131], Farzan et.al. [arXiv:1207:4272], Hambye [arXiv:0811.0172]

- 3) Radiatively generated

A Toy Model



- Imagine integrating out a heavy fermion
- Similar to hGG/hFF , except:
 - Vector is massive, resulting in term 'B'
 - Yukawa not simply related to fermion mass

$$\mathcal{L}_{loop} = -\frac{1}{4}AhV^{\mu\nu}V_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}BhV^\mu V_\mu$$

$$A, B \sim \frac{y_\psi}{m_\psi} \neq \frac{1}{v}$$

UV completion: Requirements

- 1) Anomaly free
- 2) Ensure stability of DM candidate (e.g. prevent kinetic mixing with SM gauge groups)
- 3) visible Higgs width is unaffected (e.g. gluons/photons)

UV Completion: Matter content

	(SU(2), U(1), U(1)')		(SU(2), U(1), U(1)')
$\psi_{1\alpha}$	(2, 1/2, Q)	\longleftrightarrow	$\psi_{2\alpha}$
$\chi_{1\alpha}$	(2, -1/2, -Q)	\longleftrightarrow	$\chi_{2\alpha}$
$n_{1\alpha}$	(1, 0, -Q)	\longleftrightarrow	$n_{2\alpha}$
Φ	(1, 0, NQ)		

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\mathcal{L}_{int} = & m(\epsilon^{ab}\psi_{1a}\chi_{1b} + \epsilon^{ab}\psi_{2a}\chi_{2b}) + m_n n_1 n_2 \\
 + y_\psi (& \underbrace{\epsilon^{ab}\psi_{1a}H_b n_1 + \epsilon^{ab}\psi_{2a}H_b n_2}_{\text{blue bracket}}) + y_\chi (\chi_1 H^* n_1 + \chi_2 H^* n_2) + h.c.
 \end{aligned}$$

1) Anomalies are canceled within these pairs

2) U(1)' charge conjugation symmetry protects kinetic mixing

3) Higgs doesn't interact with new charged fermions

Purpose of Scalar

	(SU(2), U(1), U(1)')		(SU(2), U(1), U(1)')
$\psi_{1\alpha}$	(2, 1/2, Q)	$\psi_{2\alpha}$	(2, 1/2, -Q)
$\chi_{1\alpha}$	(2, -1/2, -Q)	$\chi_{2\alpha}$	(2, -1/2, Q)
$n_{1\alpha}$	(1, 0, -Q)	$n_{2\alpha}$	(1, 0, Q)
Φ	(1, 0, NQ)		

- Solely to break U(1)'
- But could also:
 - Cause new fermions to mix with SM leptons (**N=±1**)
 - Contribute to mixing between new fermions (**N=±2**)
 - Mix with Higgs

$$\lambda H^\dagger H \Phi^\dagger \Phi$$

Observables from Toy Model

$$\Gamma(h \rightarrow VV) = \frac{\sqrt{1 - 4m_V^2/m_h^2}}{64\pi m_h} \left[|A|^2 m_h^4 \left(1 - 4\frac{m_V^2}{m_h^2} + 6\frac{m_V^4}{m_h^4} \right) + 3(A^*B + AB^*)m_h^2 \left(1 - 2\frac{m_V^2}{m_h^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{|B|^2}_{\text{blue}} \frac{m_h^4}{m_V^4} \left(1 - 4\frac{m_V^2}{m_h^2} + 12\frac{m_V^4}{m_h^4} \right) \right]$$



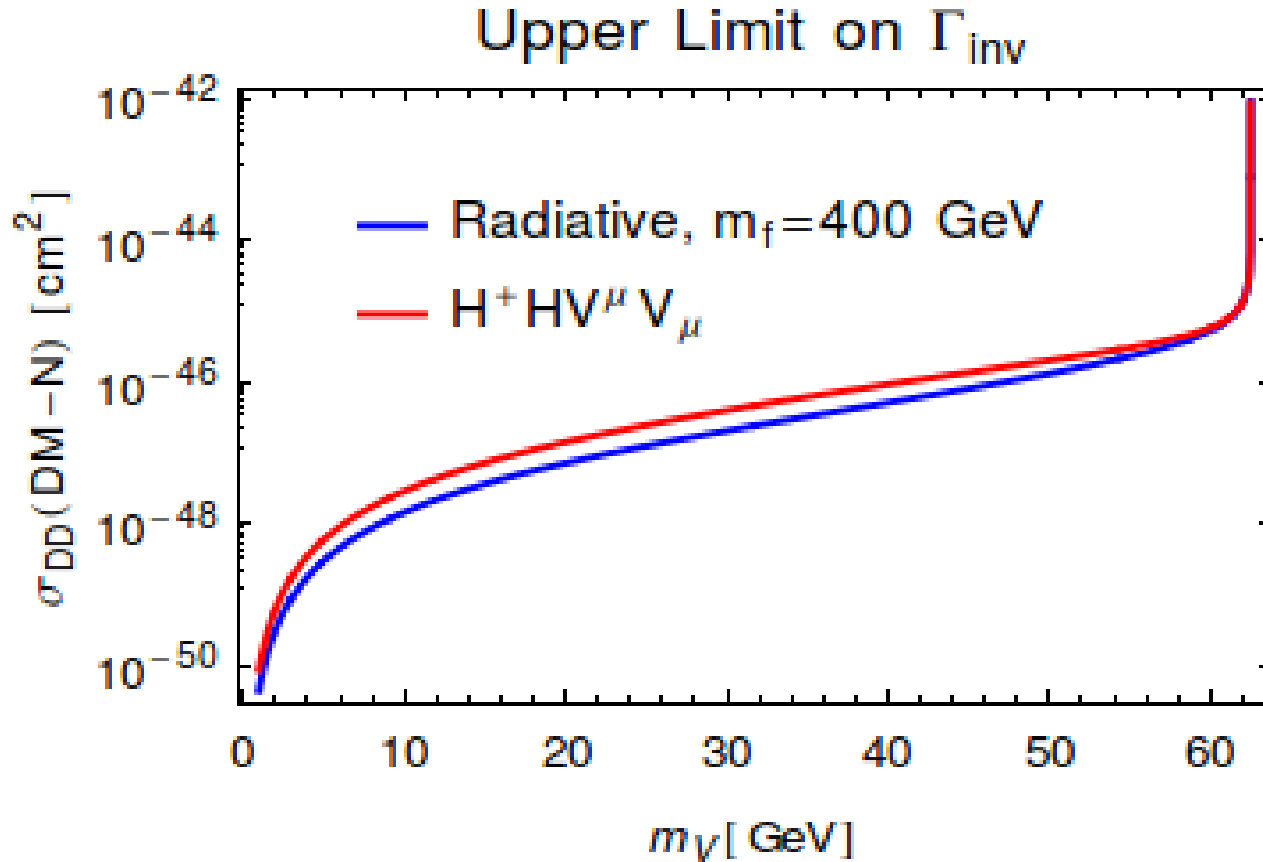
for small m_V , $|B| \sim m_V^4$

$$\sigma(VN \rightarrow VN) = \frac{1}{4\pi m_h^4} \left(\frac{f_n}{v} \right)^2 \left(\frac{m_N^2}{m_N + m_V} \right)^2 \underbrace{|B - Am_V^2|}_{\text{blue}}^2$$

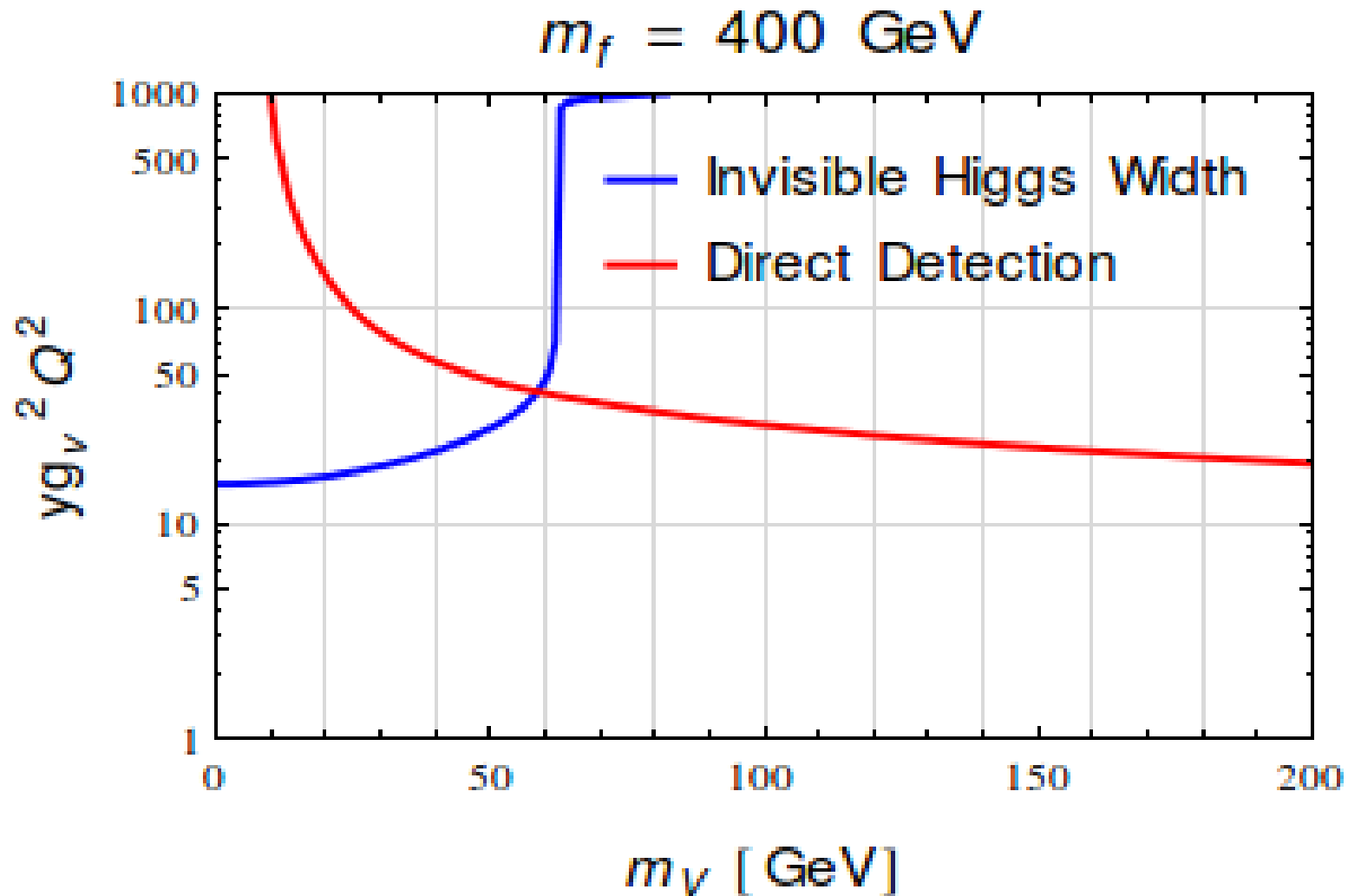


for $m_V \rightarrow 0$: $|B| \rightarrow 0$, $|A| \rightarrow \text{constant}$

Two wrongs DO make a right

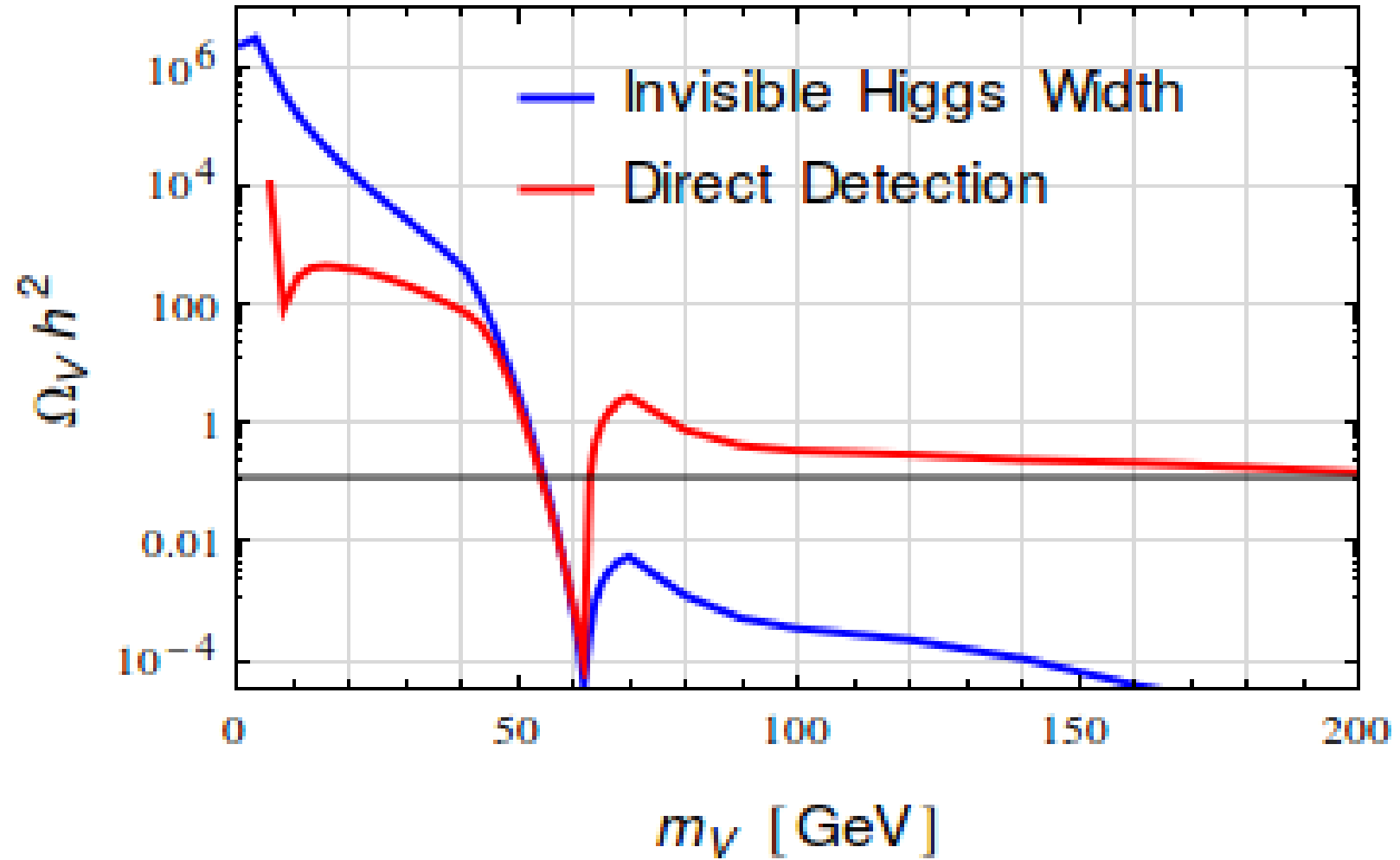


(taking ATLAS 14TeV 300fb-1 90%CL sensitivity: $\text{BR}(h \rightarrow \text{inv}) < 0.19$)
ATLAS Collaboration arXiv:1402.3244



- Invisible Higgs width: VBF Higgs (CMS Collaboration [arXiv:1404.1344])
including off-shell Higgs contributions (Endo et.al. [arXiv:1407.6882])
- Direct Detection: LUX Collaboration [arXiv:1310.8214]

Relic Abundance



Necessity of Full Matter Content

- If the two heavier states are not much heavier than the first
- Description of all box diagrams, which allow other annihilation channels for large DM mass as well as photon lines

Summary

- Higgs portal should be treated as EFT
- Viable UV completions are easily constructed for the Vector DM portal
- Relic abundance is difficult to get with the radiative portal. Though including mixing and other loop level processes can help.

Thanks!
Questions?