

HXSWG-WG1: Off-shell task force (Theory)

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with Yanyan Gao (ATLAS) and Jian Wang (CMS)

thanks to Heather Logan for providing a slide

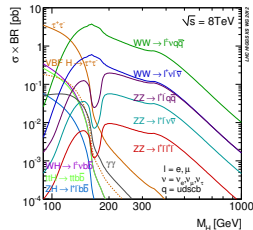
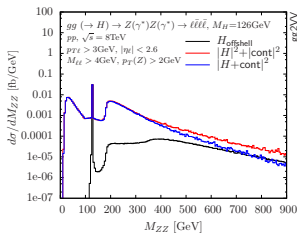
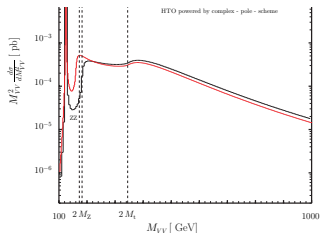
8th Workshop of LHC Higgs Cross Section Working Group
CERN

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Outline

- **Standard Model: physics, calculations and tools**
- $H \rightarrow ZZ, WW$ in ggF & VBF: sizeable off-shell Higgs signal contribution with large signal-backg. interference
- off-shell Higgs boson signal strength & novel Higgs width bound, “pioneering” CMS & ATLAS analyses \rightarrow Yanyan’s talk
- Higgs width bounds from $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- **Beyond the Standard Model**
- model dependence of the Higgs width bound
- Exploiting the high-mass $H \rightarrow ZZ$ region: EFT
- Studying the high-mass $H \rightarrow ZZ$ region: BSM benchmark scenarios
- Off-shell task force meetings
- YR4 projects

$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ, WW$: sizeable off-shell Higgs signal with large signal-background interference



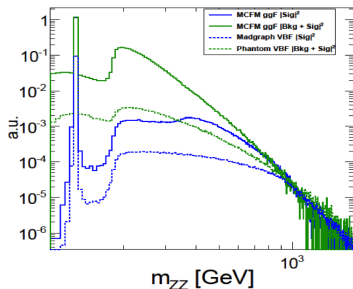
- $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV \rightarrow 4\ell$ and $2\ell 2\nu$ signal-background interference very well studied at LO:

Glover, van der Bij (1989); Kao, Dicus (1991); Binoth, Ciccolini, NK, Krämer (2006) ($gg2WW$); Campbell, Ellis, Williams (2011) (MCFM); NK (2012) ($gg2VV$); NK, Passarino (2012); Campanario, Li, Rauch, Spira (2012); Bonvini, FC, Forte, Melnikov, Ridolfi (2013); FC, Melnikov (2013); NK (2013) ($gg2VV$); Campbell, Ellis, Williams (2013) (MCFM); Campbell, Ellis, Williams (2014) (MCFM); Campbell, Ellis, Furlan, Röntsch (2014); related interference effects: Bredenstein, Denner, Dittmaier, Weber (2006) (PROPHECY4f); YR3: Denner, Dittmaier, Mück (2013) and Anderson, Bolognesi, FC, Gao, Gritsan, Martin, Melnikov, Schulze, Tran, Whitbeck, Zhou (2013); Chen, Cheng, Gainer, Korytov, Matchev, Milenovic, Mitselmakher, Park, Rinkevicius, Snowball (2013); Chen, Vega-Morales (2013)

- tools for ggF : MCFM-6.8, $gg2VV$ -3.1.7 (parton-calculators and LO event generators)
- loop technology closing in on NLO calc. (bottleneck: heavy quark loop) Zurich, Karlsruhe, FNAL-RWTH, ...
- gluon-fusion Higgs production and semileptonic decay: Dobrescu, Lykken (2010); Lykken, Martin, Winter (2012); Kao, Sayre (2012); ATLAS arXiv:1206.2443; ATLAS arXiv:1206.6074; CMS PAS HIG-13-008

Sizeable off-shell Higgs signal in vector boson fusion

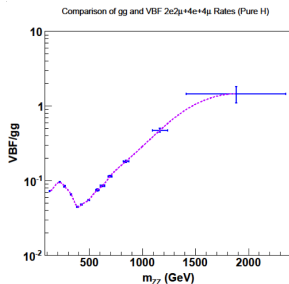
- similar effect in VBF $H \rightarrow VV$ (NK, Passarino): $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$ of Higgs signal is off-shell
note: **no exp. sensitivity** to off-shell $H \rightarrow VV$ tail in VH and $t\bar{t}H$ channels (see $\sigma_{\text{prod}}(M_H)$)
- total off-shell Higgs signal has $\sim 10\%$ VBF contribution



Covarelli, Anderson, Sarica

figures taken from Covarelli's talk at LHC HXSWG workshop (12 Jun 2014)

- tools for VBF: MadGraph5 Alwall et al., Phantom Ballestrero et al., VBFNLO Baglio et al.



Higgs width measurement in a nutshell

- Total Higgs width Γ_H is not a fundamental parameter of the theory, but of great phenomenological interest (Higgs mechanism \rightarrow overall coupling strength)
- Direct Higgs width measurement via resonance shape is limited at LHC by **experimental mass resolution of $\mathcal{O}(1)$ GeV** (CMS: $\Gamma_H < 3$ GeV in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$, but note that $\Gamma_{H,SM} \approx 4$ MeV)
- All resonant Higgs cross sections depend on Γ_H , therefore Γ_H and couplings cannot be determined at the LHC (on-peak) without theoretical assumptions [M. Duhrssen et al. \(2004\)](#), [LHC Higgs Cross Section WG \(2012\)](#)
- For broad class of models, assuming upper limit for HW or HZZ coupling (e.g. SM) \rightarrow upper bound for Γ_H ($\Gamma_H = \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_{H,SM})$) [M. Peskin \(2012\)](#); [B. Dobrescu, J. Lykken \(2013\)](#)
- Assuming no BSM Higgs decays, and Higgs coupling parameterisations, can fit Higgs width to data and agreement with SM Higgs width is found [J. Ellis, You, et al. \(2013,...\)](#), SFitter
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z(H \rightarrow \text{all})$: construct recoil mass and measure HZZ coupling $\rightarrow \Gamma_H$ can be determined indirectly, ILC: 6%–11% accuracy [T. Han et al. \(2013\)](#), [M. Peskin \(2013\)](#)
- Direct threshold scan at muon collider: Γ_H accuracy 4%–9% [T. Han, Z. Liu \(2013\)](#)
- **Model-independent Γ_H determination** (at LHC?) could confirm SM or **could provide evidence for BSM Higgs interactions**

Higgs width determination and off-resonance signal

indirect Higgs width determination via on- and off-peak Higgs cross section

FC, K. Melnikov (2013); also: S. Martin (2012); L. Dixon, Y. Li (2013) (see $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ below)

$$|\mathcal{M}_{i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f}|^2 = \frac{|\mathcal{M}_i|^2 |\mathcal{M}_f|^2}{|p_H^2 - M_H^2 + iM_H\Gamma_H|^2}$$

resonance contribution to signal cross section (“on-peak”):

$$\sigma_{i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f} \stackrel{\text{NWA}}{\propto} \frac{g_i^2 g_f^2}{\Gamma_H}$$

NWA scaling degeneracy: σ unchanged if

$$g_i \rightarrow \xi g_i, \quad g_f \rightarrow \xi g_f, \quad \Gamma_H \rightarrow \xi^4 \Gamma_H$$

$$\sqrt{p_H^2 - M_H} \gg \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_H) \rightarrow p_H^2 - M_H^2 \gg M_H\Gamma_H \rightarrow |\mathcal{M}_{i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f}|^2 \approx \frac{|\mathcal{M}_i|^2 |\mathcal{M}_f|^2}{|p_H^2 - M_H^2|^2}$$

off-resonance contribution (“off-peak”):

$$\sigma_{i \rightarrow H \rightarrow f} \left(\sqrt{p_H^2 - M_H} \gg \mathcal{O}(\Gamma_H) \right) \propto g_i^2 g_f^2$$

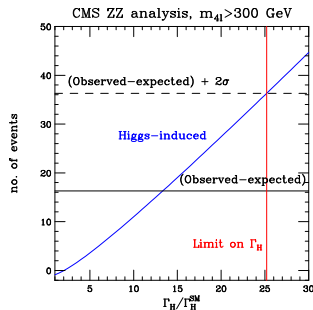
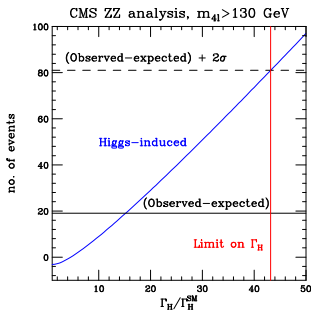
sizeable off-resonance contribution to signal cross section is **independent of Higgs width**, and therefore “breaks” NWA scaling degeneracy: $\sigma_{\text{off-peak}}/\sigma_{\text{on-peak}} \propto \Gamma_H$

MCFM analysis

J. Campbell, K. Ellis, C. Williams (2013) (update of Caola-Melnikov analysis)

Higgs width bounds from cut-based analysis

Using event number observed in off-peak region (451) and number expected from continuum background only (431 ± 31):



$$\Gamma_H < 43.2 \Gamma_H^{SM} \text{ (95\% CL), } (m_{4\ell} > 130 \text{ GeV analysis)}$$

$$\Gamma_H < 25.2 \Gamma_H^{SM} \text{ (95\% CL), } (m_{4\ell} > 300 \text{ GeV analysis)}$$

Method can be applied to $H \rightarrow WW$ channel (M_T), comparable bounds appear feasible [MCFM \(2013\)](#)

MCFM analysis

Higgs width bounds from matrix element method ($H \rightarrow ZZ$)

Matrix element method: **optimize** discrimination using **fully differential information**

Associate **probabilistic weight** with each **event**:

$$P(\phi) = \frac{1}{\sigma} \sum_{i,j} \int dx_1 dx_2 \delta(x_1 x_2 s - Q^2) f_i(x_1) f_j(x_2) \hat{\sigma}_{ij}(x_1, x_2, \phi)$$

$P_{q\bar{q}}$: $q\bar{q}$ induced continuum background

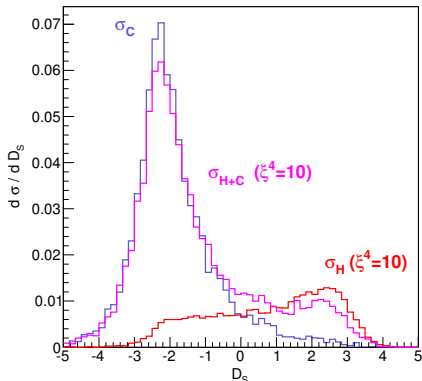
P_{gg} : gg induced contributions
(incl. Higgs signal, cont. bkg. & interf.)

P_H : gg induced Higgs amplitude squared

Discriminant:

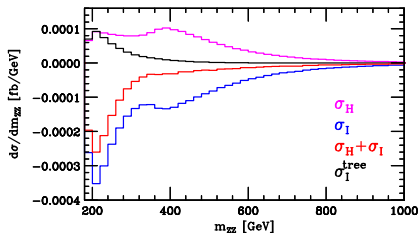
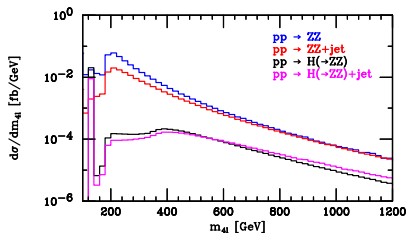
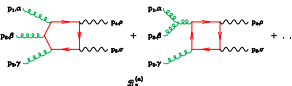
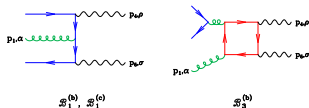
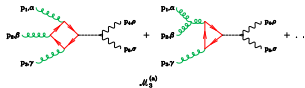
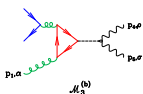
$$D_S = \log \left(\frac{P_H}{P_{gg} + P_{q\bar{q}}} \right)$$

$$\Gamma_H < (15.7_{+3.9}^{-2.9}) \Gamma_H^{SM} \text{ (95\% CL), } (D_S > 1)$$



bound $1.6 \times$ better than for $m_{4\ell} > 300$ GeV

Interference for $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ + \text{jet}$



off-shell Higgs cross sections for ZZ and $ZZ+\text{jet}$ comparable ($p_{Tj} > 30$ GeV)

Campbell, R.K. Ellis, Furlan, Rönsch figures taken from arXiv:1409.1897

Z bosons treated in zero-width approximation (validated for ZZ final state: excellent for $m_{4l} > 300$ GeV)

VBF off-shell Higgs signal and LHC Higgs width bound

Dedicated VBF study for $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ Englert, Spannowsky

VBF selection cuts are applied, which essentially remove ggF contribution:

$$p_T(j) > 20 \text{ GeV}, \Delta R(jj) \geq 0.6, |y_j| < 4.5,$$

$$\Delta y(jj) \geq 4.5, y_{j1} \times y_{j2} < 0, m(jj) \geq 800 \text{ GeV},$$

$$\Delta R(\ell j) \geq 0.6, \text{ all } \ell \text{ inside the tagging jets' rapidity gap},$$

$$\text{and a jet veto: } |y_j^{\text{veto}}| < 2.5, p_T^{\text{veto}}(j) > 50 \text{ GeV}, \Delta y(j^{\text{veto}} j) > 0.3$$

Off-shell signal: $\sigma_H(\text{VBF selection}, m_{4\ell} \geq 130 \text{ GeV}, \ell = e, \mu) \simeq 0.04 \text{ fb at } 14 \text{ TeV}$

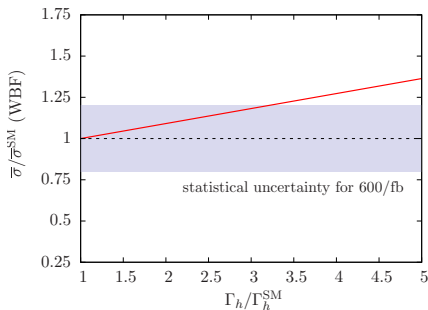
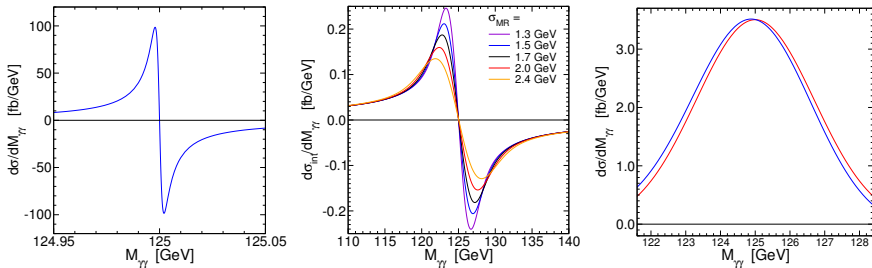


figure taken from arXiv:1405.0285

Higgs width via interferometry in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

S. Martin (2012) (proposal and LO analysis)

Higgs signal continuum background interference induces sizeable peak shift in $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (but negligible in $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ^*$)



left fig.: interference contribution (real term) before detector resolution effects

center fig.: interference contribution (real term) for different mass resolutions (Gaussian, σ_{MR})

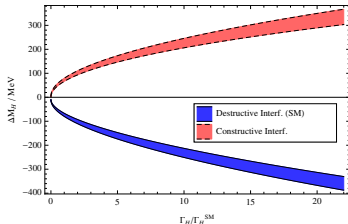
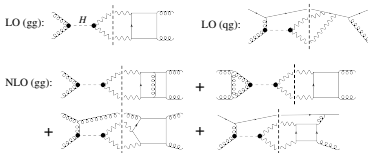
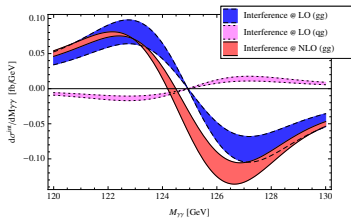
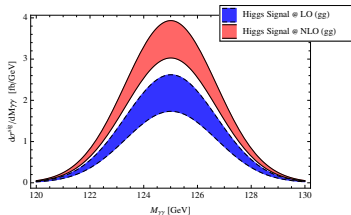
right fig.: peak shift of invariant mass distribution ($\sigma_{MR} = 1.7$ GeV): $\Delta M_{\gamma\gamma} = -120$ MeV at LO

$(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) + \text{jet}$ at LO: negligible mass peak shift (< 20 MeV for $p_{Tj} > 25$ GeV)

Daniel de Florian, et al. (2013); S. Martin (2013)

Higgs width via interferometry in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

L. Dixon, Y. Li (2013) (NLO analysis)



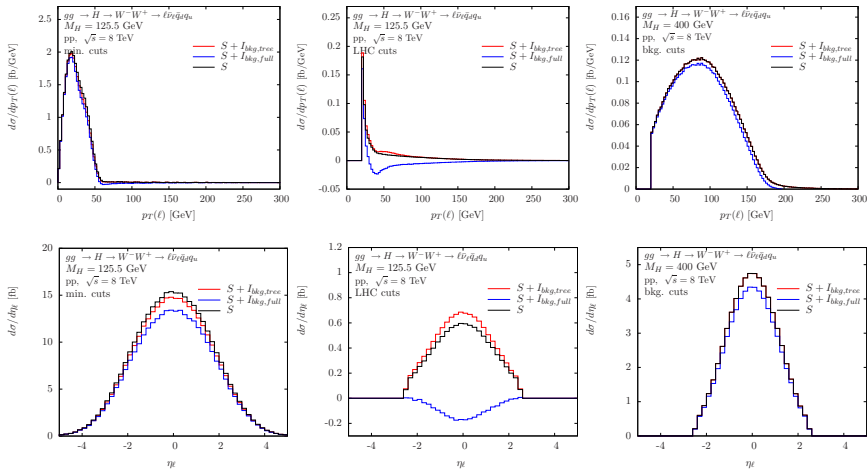
SM mass shift: $\Delta M_{\gamma\gamma} = -70$ MeV at NLO

Vary Higgs width and couplings (maintaining on-peak SM signal strengths):

$$\Gamma_H < 15 \Gamma_H^{SM} \quad (14 \text{ TeV}, 3 \text{ ab}^{-1}, 95\% \text{ CL})$$

$gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow VV \rightarrow f\bar{f}f\bar{f}$: signal-background interference @ LO
 validate automatic tools (MG5_aMC@NLO, Sherpa+OpenLoops) with custom calculations

Example: Interference for semileptonic H decay modes in ggF

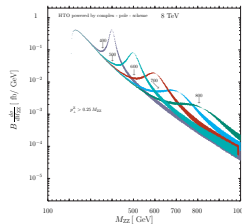
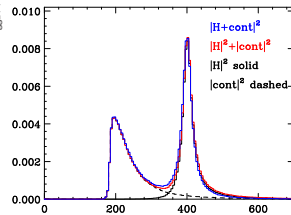
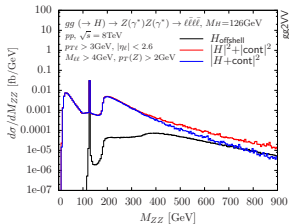


NK, C. O'Brien, E. Vryonidou $gg2VV$ and MG5_aMC@NLO

Heavy Higgs - light Higgs - continuum interference

consider a heavy Higgs h_2 (signal) in addition to a light Higgs h_1 at 125 GeV (background)

Two-Higgs model: SM & real EW singlet scalar, as defined in YR3 arXiv:1307.1347, Sec. 13.3



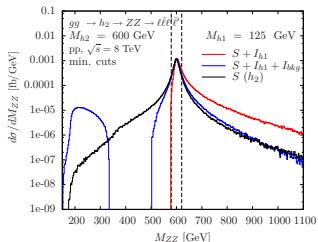
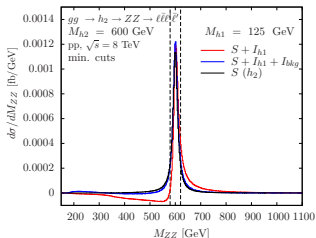
right fig.: G. Passarino (arXiv:1206.3824)

What is the impact of **interference with the offshell tail** of the 125 GeV Higgs for a **heavy Higgs of 300, 600 or 900 GeV**?

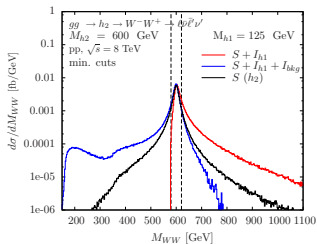
$$\begin{aligned}
 S &\sim |\mathcal{M}_{h_2}|^2 \\
 I_{h_1} &\sim 2 \text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{h_2}^* \mathcal{M}_{h_1}) \\
 I_{bkg} &\sim 2 \text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{h_2}^* \mathcal{M}_{bkg}) \\
 I_{full} &\sim 2 \text{Re}(\mathcal{M}_{h_2}^* (\mathcal{M}_{h_1} + \mathcal{M}_{bkg}))
 \end{aligned}$$

Two-Higgs model details: $\theta = \pi/8$ ($\sigma_{h_1} \approx \sigma_{H, \text{SM}}$ up to 20%), $\Gamma_{h_1} = 4.2577 \cdot 10^{-3}$ GeV for $M_{h_1} = 125$ GeV, $\Gamma_{h_2} = 1.70204$ (20.7236) [69.1805] GeV for $M_{h_2} = 300$ (600) [900] GeV

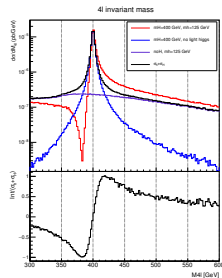
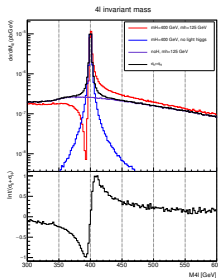
Heavy Higgs - light Higgs - background interference



NK, C. O'Brien Higgs Higgs (N)NLO MC and Tools Workshop for LHC RUN-2 (2014)



NK, C. O'Brien



E. Maina heavy/light interf.; $s_\alpha = 0.2$ (left) 0.3 (right), 1501.02139

Beyond the Standard Model

Constraining higher dimensional operators with the off-shell Higgs

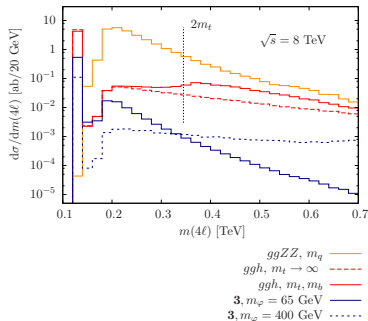
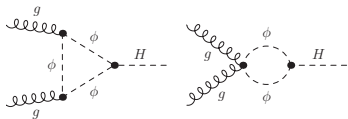
Limitations of model-independence, but complementary constraints possible:

lept. angular correlations, $M_{4\ell}$ shape (1309.4819), Higgs p_T (0809.1429), boosted Higgs (1410.5806)

Disentangling New Physics with the off-shell Higgs boson

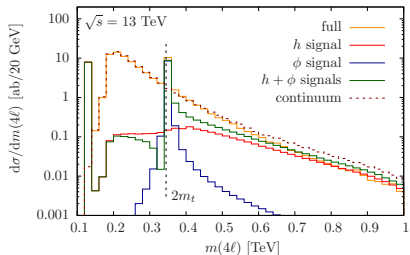
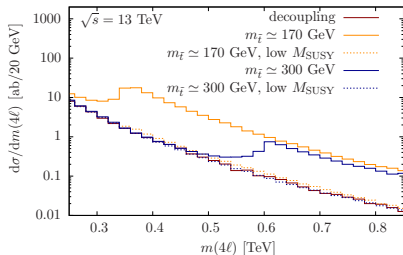
EFT studies including the off-shell Higgs boson

J. Gainer, J. Lykken, K. Matchev, S. Mrenna, M. Park (2014); C. Englert, M. Spannowsky (2014); M. Ghezzi, G. Passarino, S. Uccirati (2014); G. Cacciapaglia, A. Deandrea, G. Drieu La Rochelle, J. Flament (2014); A. Azatov, C. Grojean, A. Paul, E. Salvioni (2014); A. Biekötter, A. Knochel, M. Kraemer, D. Liu, F. Riva (2014)



C. Englert, M. Spannowsky (2014) (1405.0285)

BSM benchmark scenario studies

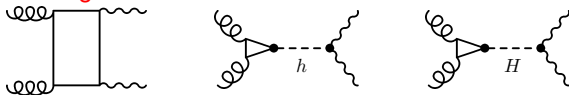


left: MSSM, right: portal-extended SM model

C. Englert, Y. Soreq, M. Spannowsky (2014) (1410.5440)

Loophole: additional light scalar in the s -channel

[H.E. Logan, 1412.7577]



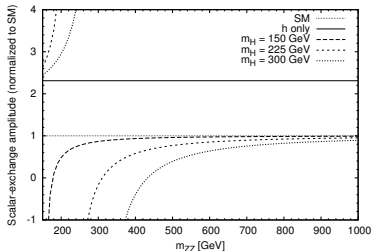
SM: h cancels growth $\propto E/v$ of $t\bar{t} \rightarrow ZZ$ amplitude.

Modified h couplings: cancellation imperfect; growth of amplitude with E provides LHC sensitivity at high m_{ZZ} !

Extended Higgs sector: Require $\kappa_t^h \kappa_Z^h + \kappa_t^H \kappa_Z^H = 1$ for unitarity of $t\bar{t} \rightarrow ZZ$ (automatic in renormalizable models): $\kappa_t^h \kappa_Z^h = 1 + \Delta > 1$, $\kappa_t^H \kappa_Z^H = -\Delta$

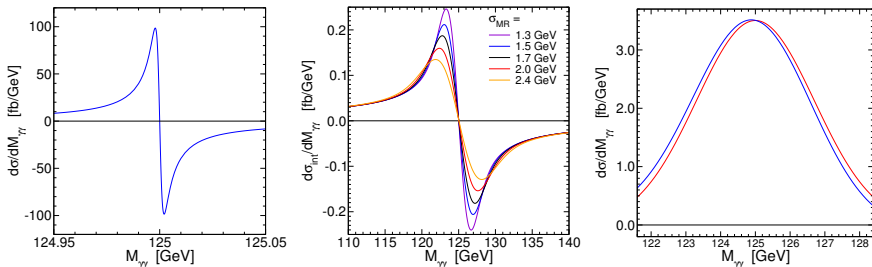
Amplitude relative to SM:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\mathcal{M}_h + \mathcal{M}_H}{\mathcal{M}_{h_{SM}}} &= (1 + \Delta) - \Delta \frac{p^2 - m_h^2}{p^2 - m_H^2} \\ &\simeq 1 - \Delta \frac{(m_H^2 - m_h^2)}{p^2} \\ &\rightarrow 1 \text{ for } p^2 \gg m_{h,H}^2 \end{aligned}$$



Presence of H at low mass (well below 350 GeV) causes $gg \rightarrow ZZ$ cross section to be SM-like at high m_{ZZ} , even if $\kappa_t^h \kappa_Z^h$ is strongly non-SM-like.

BSM dependence of $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ mass peak shift?



Higgs resonance - BSM continuum interference effects?

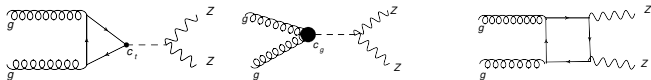
new feature: BSM EW light degrees of freedom active in loop-induced $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ decay?

VBF-enriched $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ "SM-like" study in progress [L. Dixon](#), [Y. Li](#), [S. Höche](#)

EFT analysis of on- and off-shell $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ data

A. Azatov, C. Grojean, A. Paul, E. Salvioni (2014)

(see also G. Cacciapaglia, A. Deandrea, G. Drieu La Rochelle, J. Flament (PRL 2014))

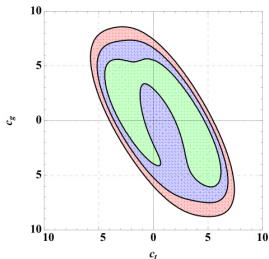


$$\mathcal{L} = -c_t \frac{m_t}{v} \bar{t}t h + \frac{g_s^2}{48\pi^2} c_g \frac{h}{v} G_{\mu\nu} G^{\mu\nu}$$

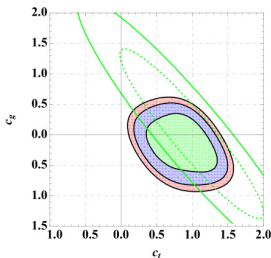
$$\mathcal{M}_{gg \rightarrow ZZ} = \mathcal{M}_h + \mathcal{M}_{bkg} = c_t \mathcal{M}_{c_t} + c_g \mathcal{M}_{c_g} + \mathcal{M}_{bkg}$$

$\sigma \sim |c_t + c_g|^2$: on-shell degeneracy $c_t + c_g = \text{const}$ is broken by **far-off-shell data**

Constraints in (c_t, c_g) plane (68%, 95% and 99% probability contours): (not MELA improved!)

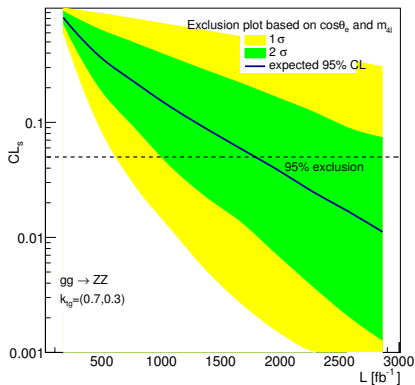
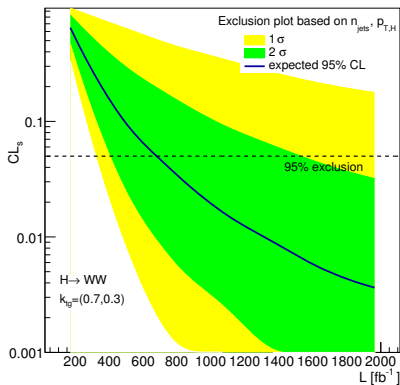


LHC 8 TeV CMS data



LHC 14 TeV 3 ab^{-1} data

Effective ggH coupling: boosted v. off-shell Higgs sensitivity



left: boosted analysis, right: off-shell analysis (not MELA improved)

M. Buschmann, D. Goncalves, S. Kuttimalai, M. Schoenherr, F. Krauss, T. Plehn (2014) (1410.5806)

Off-shell task force meetings

1. A HXSWG open meeting on off-shell and sig-bkg interference issues took place on 24th October 2014 with the following invited presentations:
 - ▶ Off-shell Higgs interference effects and width measurements in the ZZ decay channel, Raoul Rontsch (Fermilab)
 - ▶ EFT analysis of the off-shell Higgs data, Aleksandr Azatov (CERN)
 - ▶ MC tools: MadGraph5_aMC@NLO status report, Fabio Maltoni (Louvain)
 - ▶ MC tools: Sherpa+OpenLoops status report, Frank Krauss (IPPP Durham)
 - ▶ Interference effects in diphoton production for VBF, Nerina Fidanza (Buenos Aires)
 - ▶ Rare Higgs decays as probes for Higgs couplings to first- and second generation quarks, Stoyan Stoynev (Northwestern)
2. WG1 off-shell & WG2 Skype discussion on 13 January 2015 regarding kappa-framework extension to off-shell vs. EFT and BSM benchmark studies (to be continued at 22-24 January meeting at CERN and 3. meeting, see next)
3. WG1 off-shell & WG2 & WG3 virtual meeting to discuss model aspects of off-shell studies
time: first week of February
Doodle poll link: <http://doodle.com/wdbuki378vi8fdfs>

YR4 projects

- validation of automatised (event) generation for all $gg (\rightarrow H) \rightarrow VV \rightarrow f\bar{f}f\bar{f}$ processes at LO
- work on tools for $pp (\rightarrow H) \rightarrow VV + \text{jet(s)}$ at NLO incl. gg -type at LO and PS merging (Sherpa+OpenLoops, 1309.0500)
- NLO $gg \rightarrow ZZ, WW$ calculation (with finite quark mass effects)
- NNLO $pp \rightarrow VV$ tools
- ggF & VBF heavy Higgs searches (interference effects)
- anomalous off-shell coupling studies (discuss further with WG2)
- additional high-mass ZZ EFT studies (discuss further with WG2)
- studies for BSM benchmark scenarios (discuss with WG3)
- automatised tools for EFT and BSM benchmark analyses
- enhanced analysis techniques (Where is MEM crucial? Are kinematic discriminants optimal? Estimation of residual uncertainties.)
- enhanced $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ peak shift analysis & model dependence studies
- thorough assessment of what value is added by off-shell/interference enabled Higgs analyses compared to on-shell analyses is desirable in the medium term