

# Tracker Alignment And Expectations from Analysis

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### First let's clear something up...



Tracker misalignment cannot affect emittance of the beam only the measurement of it...



#### Alignment



- Mechanical alignment
  - of tracker inside bore using Geoff's alignment gig possible to ~0.25 mm.
  - of SS in hall possible to ~1mm (details tbc).
  - Plane to plane offset was measured with Computerised measuring machine at Imperial college.
- Internal alignment
  - a)Rotational offsets between tracker stations work in progress.
  - b)Non-parallel tracker stations (pitch) ← Has been considered but has been shown to have negligible impact.
  - c)X-Y offsets in trackers stations ← Accounted for in software by E. Santos.
- Mechanical alignment
  - a)Misalignment between the two Trackers work in progress.

#### SS Alignment

- Bore of SS aligned to cold mass (to 1mm) and aligned to bore (to 0.25mm).
- Tracker

- Beam diameter for max emittance 12.6 cm.
- Compare tracker, bore and cold mass alignment data.
  - We have the data from SSU and SSD is available
  - Alignment of tracker within bore known to 25 microns.

 Any offset in the cold mass to bore could cause the Trackers to be offset from one another..

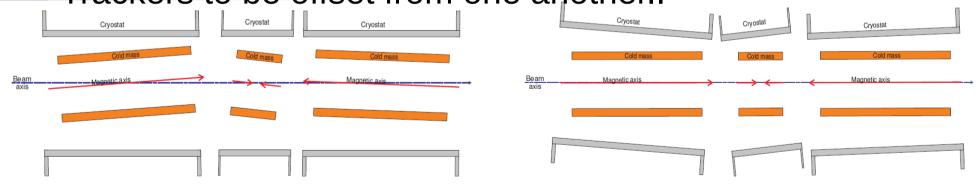


Figure 1: Misaligned modules in Step IV, much exaggerated.

**Undesirable** 

Graphic stolen from J. Cobb

**Desirable** 

### How much of an offset in the Tracker can we handle?



- Wont affect emittance, but can affect the measurement of it
- Tolerance of up to 1mm suggested from previous studies.
- Back of envelope calculation mm and mrad offset and rotation as a first step...
- Then full MC simulations.

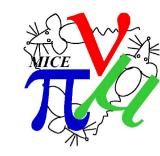
### MC simulation Using straight Tracks



- Simulate the effect of 100,000 muons travelling through both Trackers
- Consider possible sources of scattering.
- Manually offset DS Tracker to US Tracker by >3mm and >3mrad.
  - Using Tracker reconstruction without truth
  - Determine measurement capabilities
  - Maximum offset without loss of sensitivity
  - Software plan



### Using straight Tracks



- 5 days running for full calibration
- Compare position of tracks to expected position of tracks
- Accounting for any scattering (MC)
- Compare  $\chi^2$  of tacks fits in US and DS Trackers.
- Is any offset as expected?
- Note any misalignment in software so that reconstruction is aware.

## How to take care of offsets in software



- Use kalman fitter in an iterative manner to calculate the x-y stations misalignments.
- Validation.
  - χ² minimisation The overall χ² should decrease with alignment iteration, and the alignment corrections themselves should tend toward zero.
  - Check residuals.

#### Conclusions



- Early stages of planning at the moment.
- A three pronged (maths, MC and straight track beam) method will be used.
- Software can take care of misalignments up to ~1mm...
- Full determination of measurement sensitivity and software plan underway.