

History of Council

a brief selection of highlights

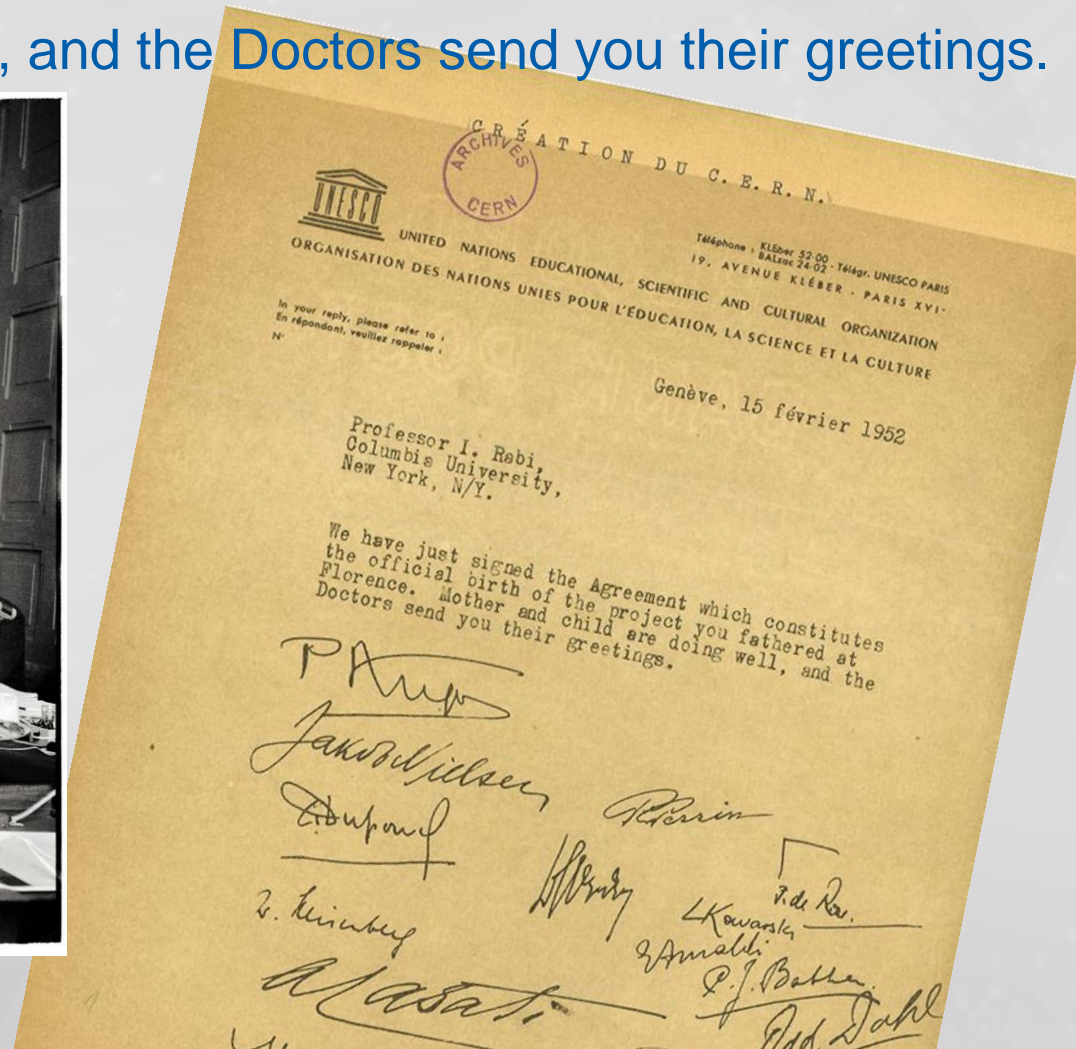
Symposium to celebrate the 60th anniversary of the first Council session
Friday, 19 September 2014

Jens Vigen
Scientific Information Officer

Mother and child are doing well, and the Doctors send you their greetings.



Geneva 15th February 1952





CERN (vs. OERN?)

Conseil européen pour la recherche nucléaire
was in January 1952 proposed to become
Centre européen pour la recherche nucléaire
but already in Copenhagen in June the same year ...



Pierre Auger

CERN (vs. OERN?)

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C

Centre ...?

Cabale

Casino

Catholicité

Concubinage

Cirque ...



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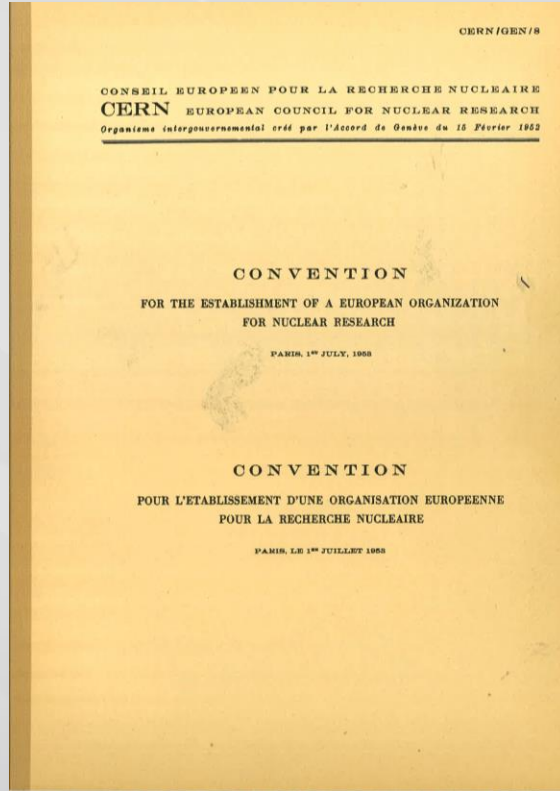
Cirque, + + +

Decision:

14. QUESTIONS DIVERSES

Le Conseil décide de s'intituler dorénavant "Conseil européen pour la recherche nucléaire".

Organisation européenne pour la recherche nucléaire



The Convention entered into force on 29 September 1954



First Council meeting,
held in the *Bâtiment électoral*

EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

FIRST SESSION OF COUNCIL

GENEVA

7th-9th October, 1954

PROVISIONAL AGENDA

Session by the Chairman of interim Organization.
Procedure (draft)
and report of Committee on Credentials.
Agenda.

Draft Minutes of the 9th Session
Members of the Council:

Presidents.
Statute and Act of 1st July 1953.
Secretary General

Geneva, 6 October, 1954.

CERN/95 Rev

CERN/96

CERN/98

Bâtiment électoral

Used by the **League of Nations** from 1930-37,
destroyed by fire in 1964



8 b. Genève, Bâtiment Electoral (Salle des Conférences de la S. D. N.)



The plaque just after it had been unveiled by Mr. F. de Rose in the presence of Professor C. J. Bakker, Mr. A. Picot, Mr J. de Rham and Mr. J. Treina.

For seven years the Council met at the International Labour Office

The Swiss Confederation granted CERN the funds needed to finish **Restaurant 1** and the **Council Chamber**

The **Council Chamber** was formally inaugurated on the 1st December 1959, the day before the **14th Session of the CERN Council**

The members of the CERN Council attended the unveiling of the plaque commemorating the grant made by the Swiss Confederation to CERN.











<http://parliamentfights.wordpress.com>



145th Session of the CERN Council, which took place 13-14 December 2007

60 years

Terms of Office

1954 - 1957

1958 - 1960

1961 - 1963

1964 - 1966

1967 - 1969

1970 - 1971

1972 - 1974

1975 - 1977

1978 - 1981 July

1982 - 1984

1985 - 1987

1988 - 1990

1991 - 1993

1994 - 1996

1997

1998 - 2000

2001 - 2003

2004 - 2006

2007 - 2009

2010 - 2012

2013 -

Sir Ben Lockspeiser

United Kingdom

F. de Rose

France

J. Willems

Belgium

J.H. Bannier

Netherlands

G. Funke

Sweden

E. Amaldi

Italy

W. Gentner

Germany

P. Levaux

Belgium

J. Teillac

France

Sir Alec Merrison

United Kingdom

W. Kummer

Austria

J. Rembser

Germany

Sir William Mitchell

United Kingdom

H. Curien

France

L. Maiani

Italy

H.C. Eschelbacher

Germany

M. Bourquin

Switzerland

E. Iarocci

Italy

T. Åkesson

Sweden

M. Spiro

France

A. Zalewska

Republic of Poland

21 presidents of Council

Council ≠ discoveries

- Creates the conditions and set the spirit
 - Provides resources
 - Offers CERN the freedom of being curious
- Conveys the messages in the Member States
 - Always very encouraging congratulations!
- But what about the Web ...?
 - WWW was reported in June 1991

A wide area hypertext joint project with CN, called WWW, has now produced for evaluation a line-mode browser for terminals and a hypertext editor for NeXT to look at various aspects of access to documentation of experiments.

The Council took note of document CERN/1862.



ORGANISATION EUROPÉENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLÉAIRE
CERN EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

Council - Hundred-seventy-second Session
CERN (Room Georges Charpak (Room F)) from Thursday, 18 September 2014 (09:00)
to Friday, 19 September 2014 (21:30)

- **25th Session of Council**
 - October 1964
- **50th Session of Council**
 - June 1973
- **75th Session of Council**
 - December 1983
- **100th Session of Council**
 - December 1994
- **150th Session of Council**
 - March 2009



Dinner at Chateau de Chouilly, Nov. 1977

L. van Hove, W. Gentner, P. Levau, J. Bannier (?), J. Adams, B. Gregory

I. Summary and General Considerations

a) Purpose and scope of the interim programme.

The chief purpose of the programme is to continue on a larger scale the design studies which have already been running in the Accelerator Research Division of CERN on two possible large instruments which will provide the main internationally owned facilities for high energy physics research in Europe in the 1970's, viz.

- i) Intersecting Storage Rings (ISR) to be built on the new French part of the CERN site, and to be fed with protons from the CERN Proton Synchrotron (CPS).
- ii) A much larger Proton Synchrotron (PS), of energy in the region of 300 GeV, to be built on the most suitable site in Europe.



President Banner (NL)

APPROVES in principle the undertaking, by the Member States who wish to participate, of such a supplementary programme of accelerator design studies in 1964,

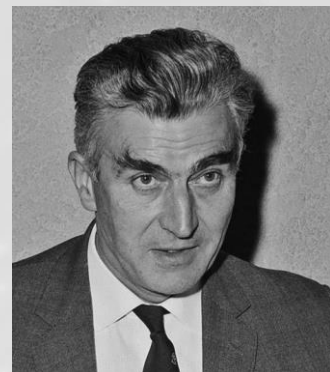
AND SUBMITS this programme to Member States for consideration and for appropriate decisions in Council at its Twenty-sixth Session by those Member States agreeing to contribute financially.



Weisskopf, DG



50th Session of Council 20th and 21st June 1973



DECISIONS CONCERNING THE 300 GeV PROGRAMME

President Gentner (DE)

Adams, DG

The Council is invited to approve the proposal to use iron-cored bending magnets to enable 400 GeV proton energy to be reached by the new accelerator (para.63) and the proposal to complete the 300 GeV Programme according to construction Schedule C (para.64).

The Council approved the proposals made in document CERN/1098/Rev. on the understanding that an addendum to document CERN/1098/Rev. would be submitted to the Finance Committee at its July meeting, giving the cost and personnel estimates consequent upon the adoption of Schedule C, in order to bring up to date the information given in document CERN/1050. The Netherlands and Sweden abstained from voting.



Schopper, DG

75th Session of Council 14th and 15th Dec. 1983



President Merrison (UK)

Council gives go-ahead to antiproton facility improvements

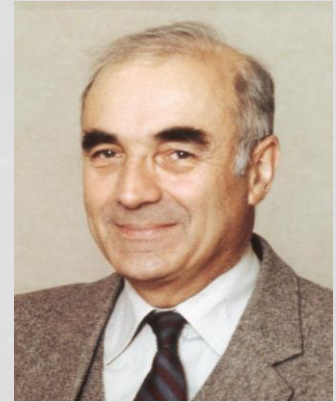
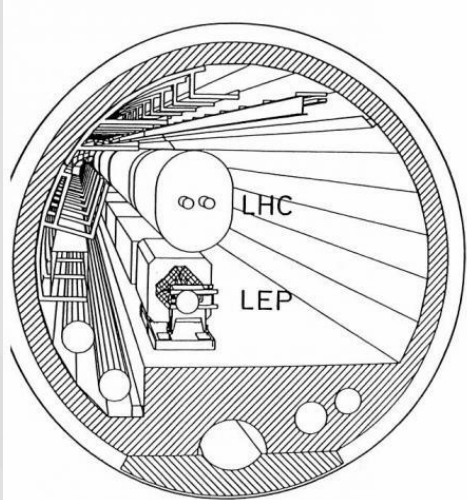
- While just having started the LEP construction, ACOL, a 55 MFS project, is approved on *constant budget*

The PRESIDENT said that, since the instruments of accession to the Organization had now been deposited with the Director-General of UNESCO in Paris, Spain had officially become a Member State of CERN once again. On behalf of the Council, he wished to congratulate Spain on its re-accession to the Organization and to welcome Professor

100th Session of Council, 16th December 1994



Llewellyn Smith, DG



President Curien (FR)

DECIDES

- a) to include the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) project in the Basic Programme of the Organisation, which will then consist of the Proton Synchrotron (PS), the Super Proton Synchrotron (SPS), the Large Electron Positron Collider (LEP), and the Large Hadron Collider (LHC);

(150th – 1) Session of Council, 11th and 12th December 2008

NON-MEMBER STATE MATTERS

Setting-Up of a Working Group on the scientific and geographical enlargement of CERN

Draft Terms of Reference and Composition

The Council took note of the President's report and of the comments and statements by delegations during the discussion, and unanimously decided: to set up a working group on the scientific and geographical enlargement of CERN.



President Åkesson (SE)



Aymar, DG

150th Session of Council, 19th March 2009

ACCESS STATUS OF COUNCIL DOCUMENTS AS FROM 01.04.2009

The Council unanimously decided to approve the proposals relating to the access status of Council documents set out in therein, with the amendment that the Council agenda should henceforth include a final standing item allowing the Council to confirm or rescind its initial decisions to make specific documents available for public access.

More than one CERN laboratory



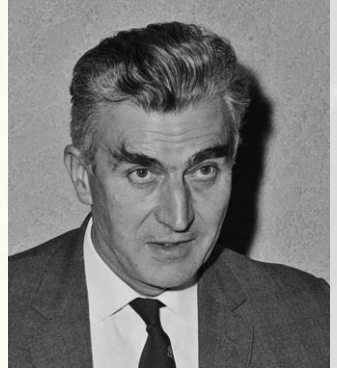
Jentschke
DG Lab I

HAVING APPOINTED a Director-General to be responsible directly to the Council for the execution of the basic and ISR programmes;

HAVING APPOINTED a Director-General to be responsible directly to the Council for the execution of the 300 GeV programme;

REQUESTS the two Directors-General of the Organization to ensure the scientific, technical and administrative unity of the Organization during the next eight years and to arrange that all the programmes of the Organization can be brought together under one Director-General at the end of this period;

REQUESTS the two Directors-General to submit to Council as soon as possible specific proposals for ensuring the unity of the Organization and the harmonious development of all its activities.



Adams
DG Lab II

February 1971 (CERN/1004)

Unification of the two laboratories of the Organization

The Convention, in Article II, makes provision for one or more Laboratories within the Organization, provided that each Laboratory contains a particle accelerator.

At the time of the approval by Council of the 300 GeV programme, when the two separate Laboratories were created, a Resolution (CERN/1004) was passed which stated that the two Laboratories would be unified at the end of the period of construction of the programme as defined in document CERN/958/Rev.

It is now proposed to make this unification with effect from 1 January 1976, and the attached Resolution gives effect to this. It concerns only the unification of the two Laboratories and does not affect the programmes at present being carried out - the basic, ISR and 300 GeV programmes.

Council is invited to adopt this Resolution.

March 1975 (CERN/1163)

MINISTERE ROYAL
DES
AFFAIRES ETRANGERES

(Original: English)

Oslo, 22 July 1952

Professor E. Amaldi,
Secretary-General of the Council
of Nuclear Research
Istituto di Fisica
Rome

Sir,

With reference to your letter of 21st May, 1952, I have the honour of informing you that the Norwegian Government on 17th July decided to reply as follows to the Council:

Norway is interested in the plans for the establishment of a European Laboratory for Nuclear Research. As far as Norway is concerned it will, therefore, be considered to offer a suitable site for this purpose. However, the Government does not at the present time have sufficient information regarding these plans in order to make a final decision. It is therefore requested that such information be furnished. As the National Assembly is not in session, no offer to place a site at disposal can be made at present.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

For the Minister
(signed)

Secretary-General

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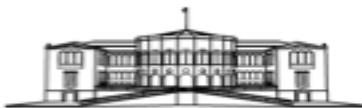
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Secretary-General

So if the Parliament had not been on holiday, all these celebrations could have taken place at Lillehammer or somewhere else in Norway ...

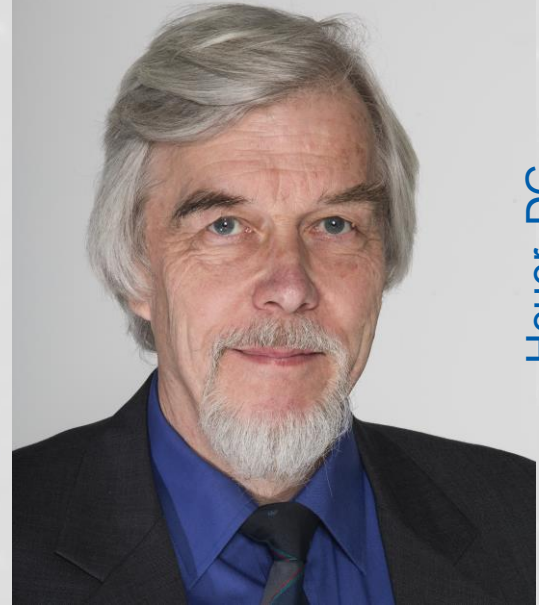


President Zalewska (PL)



YEARS / ANS **CERN**

Heuer, DG



The future will be even more exciting:

- CERN can accommodate non-European members
- CERN has no geographical limits – the “E” stands for “Everywhere”
- CERN can have more than one laboratory

The sky is the limit!