



Experiments at FCC

FCC-PHYSics-COordination-group

FCC-ee

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FCC-hh

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FCC-he

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Aims of the FCC «Physics and Experiments» design study:

- to establish the physics capabilities of the FCC machines (- ee, hh, he) and the complementarity and coverage of the complex.
- scope the discovery sensitivities to a number of (new) physics scenarios by
 - direct observation of new particles
 - precision measurements of Higgs, Electroweak, Flavour etc observables
 - search for rare or forbidden phenomena
- understand the experimental environment
- establish the sensitivity of the physics performance of detectors to basic properties and identify which ones:
 - are within reach of existing technologies and R&D
 - would most benefit from a new, dedicated, detector R&D program
- define suitable layouts and requirements for infrastructure , study staging scenarios
- identify which issues would require new theoretical calculations or additional external or internal experimental input



First phase until March 2015:

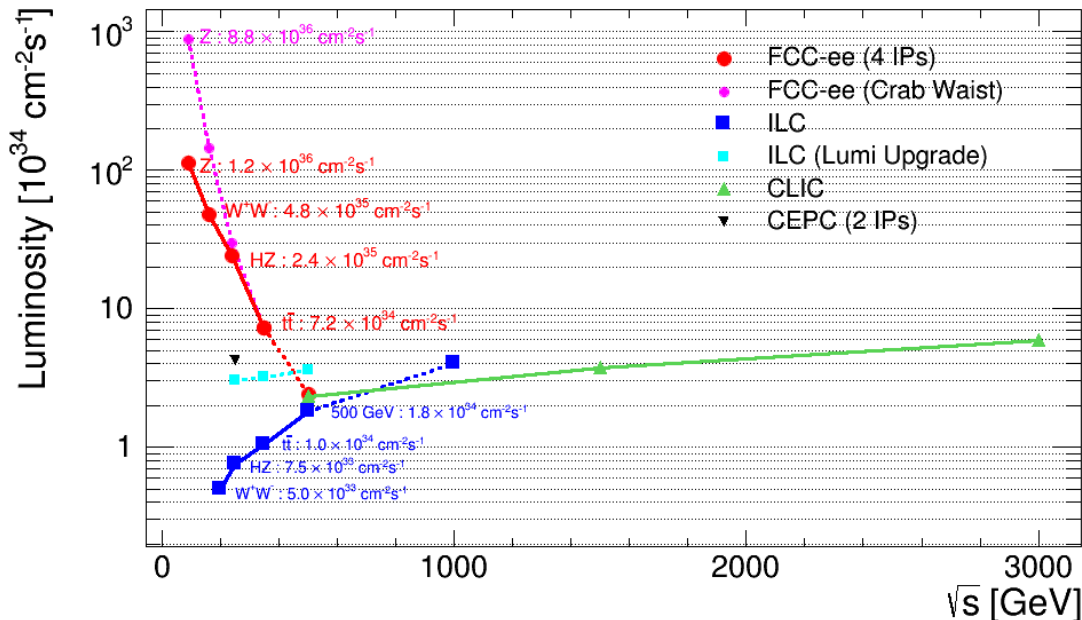
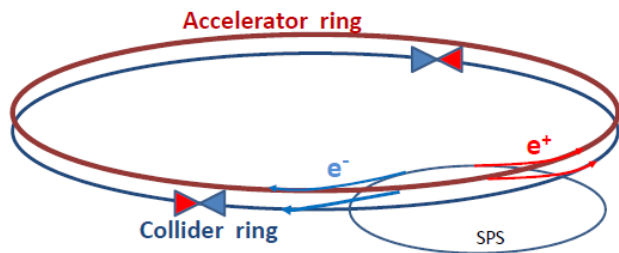
SCOPING the physics panorama and the main technical issues

Establish collaboration and reach out to interested groups

Get things started.



Possible first step : FCC-ee



First look at the physics case of TLEP, arXiv:1308.6176v3 scoped the precision measurements:

- Model independent Higgs couplings and invisible width
- Z mass (0.1 MeV), W mass (0.5 MeV) top mass (~ 10 MeV), $\sin^2 \theta_W^{\text{eff}}$, R_b , N_ν etc...
 - ➔ powerful exploration of new physics with EW couplings up to very high masses
 - ➔ importance of luminosity and E_{beam} calibration by beam depolarization up to W pair

So far: simulations with CMS detector (Higgs) -- or «just» paper studies.

Snapshot of novelties appeared in recent workshops

Higher luminosity prospects at W, Z with **crab-waist**

- ➔ sensitivity to right handed (sterile) neutrinos
- ➔ s-channel $e^+e^- \rightarrow H(125.2)$ production almost possible (➔ monochromators?)
- ➔ rare Higgs Z W and top decays, FCNCs etc...
- ➔ discovery potential for very small couplings
- ➔ precision event generators (Jadach et al)



Higgs factory

2 10^6 ZH events in 5 years

«A tagged Higgs beam».

(constrained fit including 'exotic')

	4 IPs	TLEP (2 IPs)
g_{HZZ}	0.05%	(0.06%)
g_{HWW}	0.09%	(0.11%)
g_{Hbb}	0.19%	(0.23%)
g_{Hcc}	0.68%	(0.84%)
g_{Hgg}	0.79%	(0.97%)
g_{HTT}	0.49%	(0.60%)
$g_{H\mu\mu}$	6.2%	(7.6%)
$g_{H\gamma\gamma}$	1.4%	(1.7%)
BR_{exo}	0.16%	(0.20%)

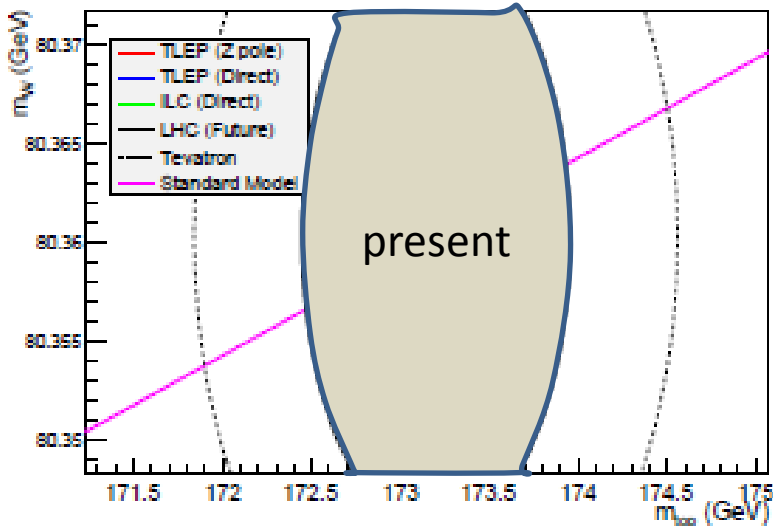
sensitive to new physics in loops

incl. invisible = (dark matter?)

A big challenge, but unique:
 Higgs s-channel production at $\sqrt{s} = m_H$

10^4 events per year.
 Very difficult because huge background and beam energy spread $\sim 10 \times \Gamma_H$ limits or signal? monochromators?
Aleksan, D'Enterria, Wojcik

→ **total width** <1%
HHH (best at FCC-hh) 28% → from HZ thresh
Htt (best at FCC-hh) 13% → from tt thresh



Precision measurements as tests of existence of weakly coupled new physics

← ‘classical’ precision measurements
+ flavour physics + Higgs precision measts

Thickness of SM line is given by error on m_Z :
precise measurements of m_Z and m_W

→ Energy calibration by resonant depolarization

Higher-dimensional operators as relic of new physics?

◆ Possible corrections to the standard model

$$L_{\text{eff}} = \sum_n \frac{c_n v^2}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_n$$

$$\mathcal{O}_R^e = (iH^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{LL}^{(3)l} = (\bar{L}_L \sigma^a \gamma^\mu L_L) (\bar{L}_L \sigma^a \gamma_\mu L_L)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_W = \frac{ig}{2} (H^\dagger \sigma^a \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H) D^\nu W_{\mu\nu}^a$$

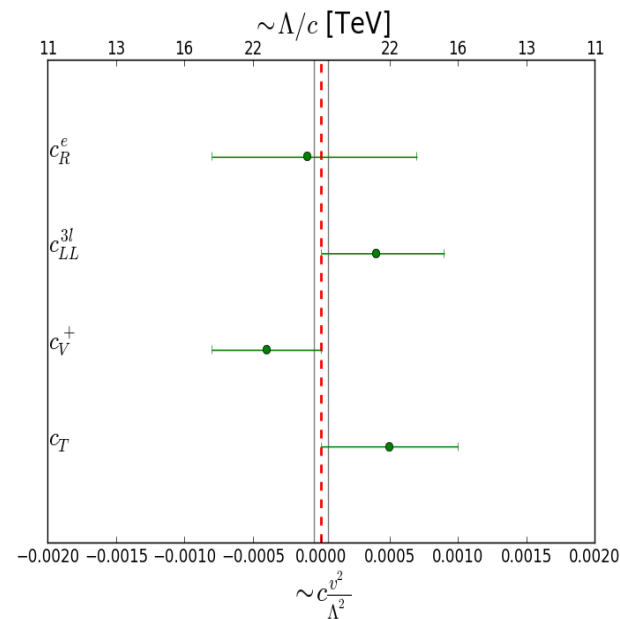
$$\mathcal{O}_B = \frac{ig'}{2} (H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H) \partial^\nu B_{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_T = \frac{1}{2} (H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H)^2$$

LEP constraints: $\Lambda_{\text{NP}} > 10 \text{ TeV}$

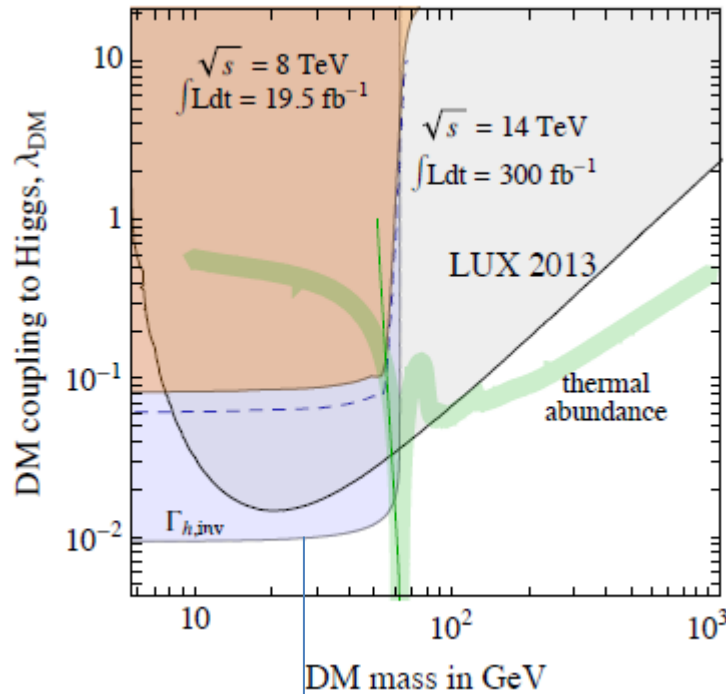
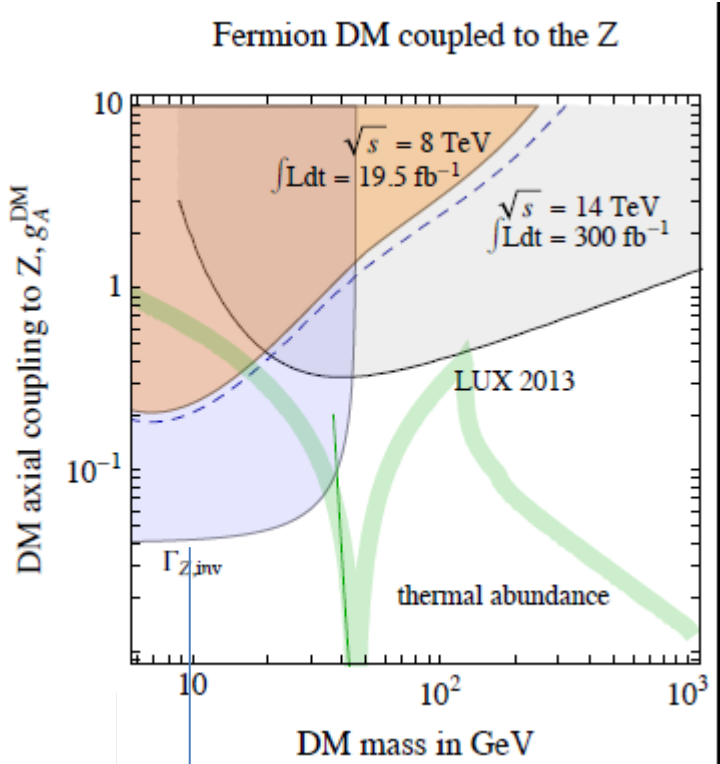
After FCC-ee: $\Lambda_{\text{NP}} > 100 \text{ TeV}?$

Sensitivity to
Weakly-coupled NP



Γ_Z and Γ_h invisible are the most efficient way to explore SM-mediated DM at colliders

(Giudice)



Will improve these by large factors!

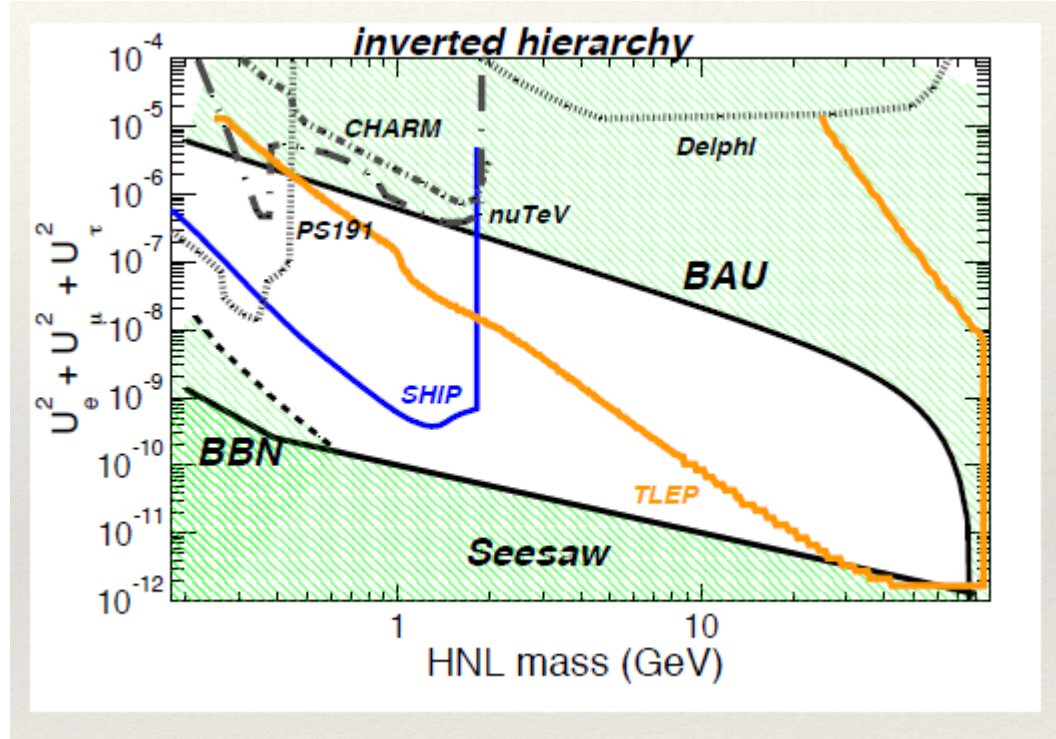
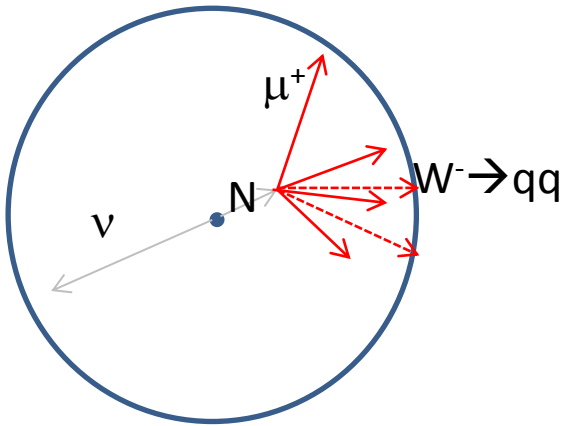
$\Delta N_\nu = 0.0004?$
from $e^+e^- \rightarrow Z\gamma$

$\Delta \Gamma_{h,\text{inv}} / \Gamma_{\text{tot}} < 0.19\%$

extremely rare process at the Z factory; an example:

see-saw:
 $|U|^2 \cong m_\nu/m_N$

Searching for Right-Handed neutrinos in Z decays $Z \rightarrow \nu N$, $N \rightarrow \ell^+ W^-$
we thought it was impossible to reach mixing angle below 10^{-7} (backgrounds)
but realized that for small couplings the RH neutrinos are long lived



accessible region for N decay between 100 μm and 5 m from IP
-- assuming $10^{13}Z$

AB, E. Graverini, N. Serra, M. Shaposhnikov



Machine Detector Interface (MDI) essential!

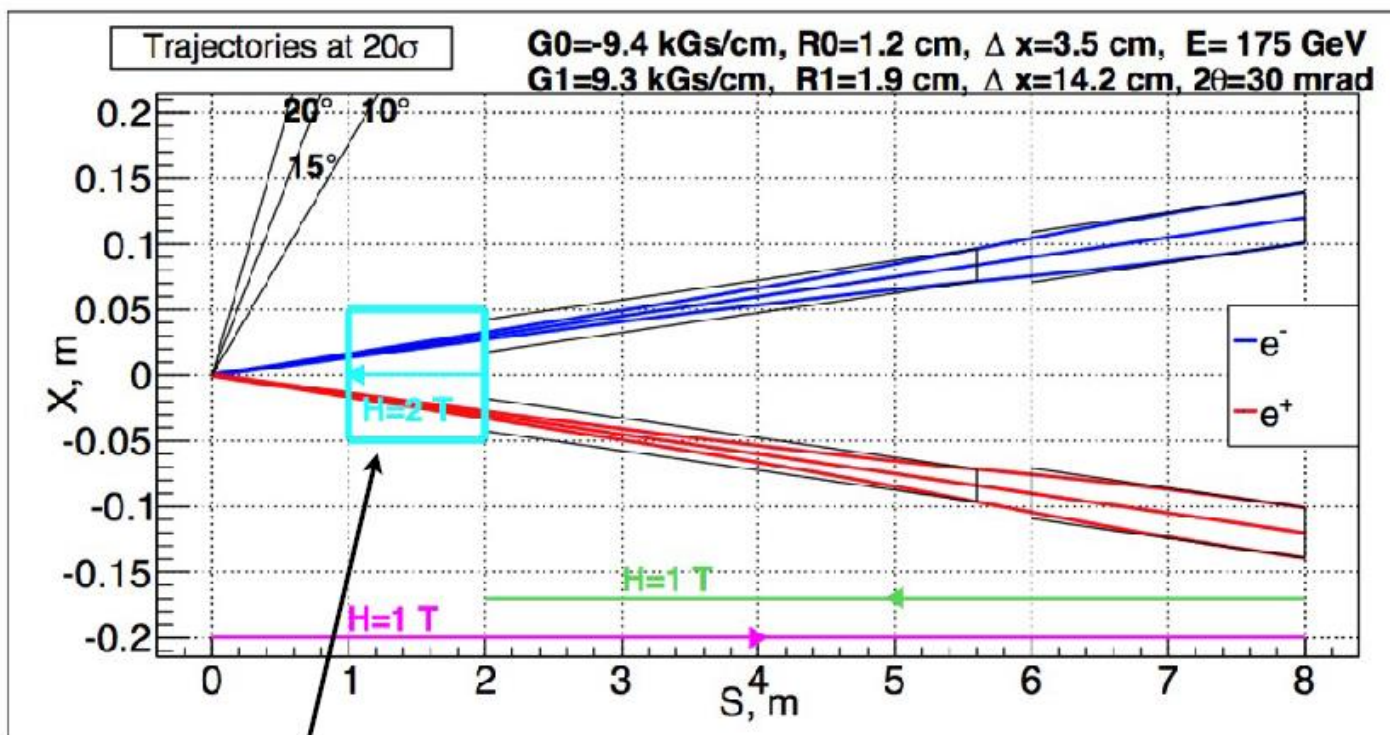
High Luminosity \rightarrow small β^* and L^* ,

detail of small angle region in detector magnetic field.

Similar to ILC /CLIC but beam needs to circulate a few 10^5 times!

FCC-ee MDI - Interaction Region

❖ As presented by Anton Bogomyagkov



❖ $L^* = 2m$

◆ But what is this - Is there any room at all for luminosity monitors...?

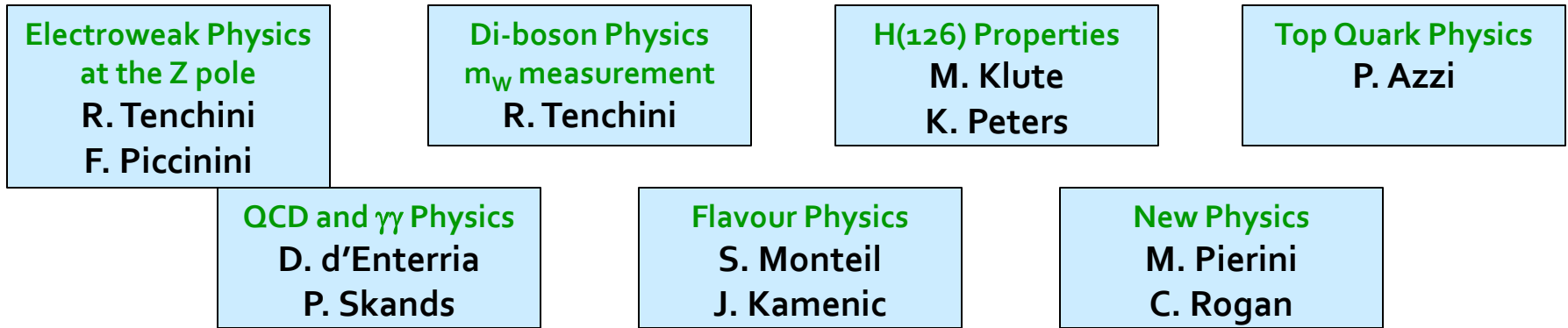
+ synchrotron radiation
beamstrahlung



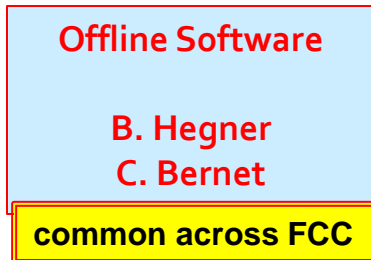
FCC-ee experiments

Experimental Studies: A. Blondel, P. Janot

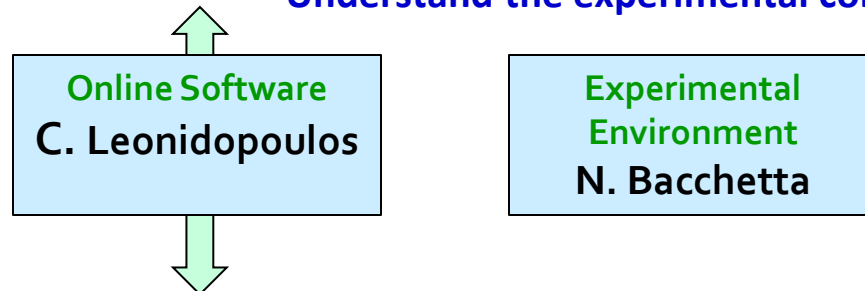
- ◆ Discovery through precision measurements, rare, or invisible processes.



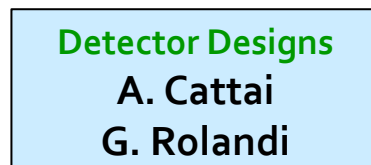
- ◆ Develop the necessary tools



Understand the experimental conditions



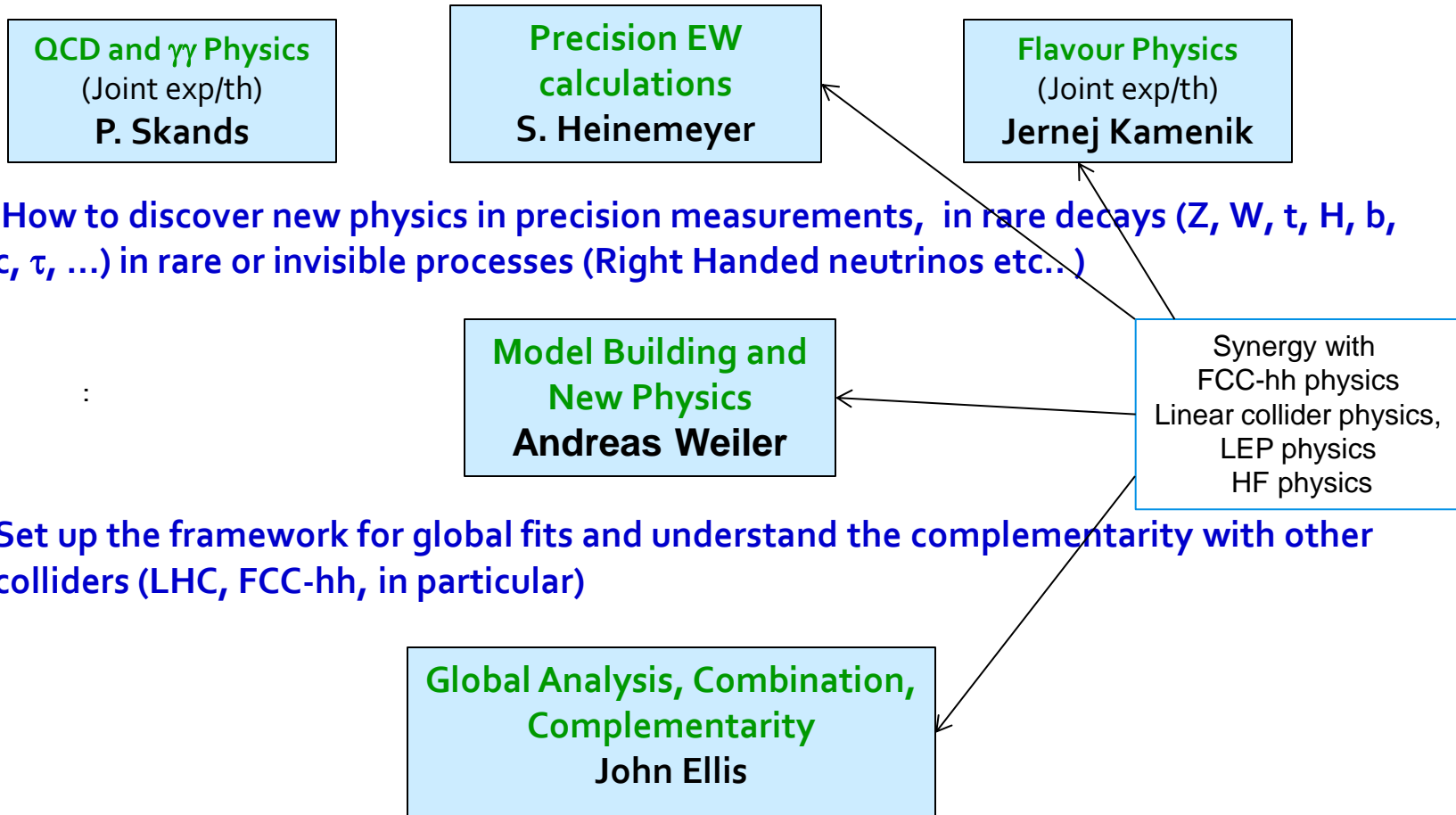
- ◆ Set constraints (specifications) on possible detector designs to match statistical precision



Synergy with linear collider detectors:
ILD proposed as benchmark, SID (CERN group)
both require L^* modifications!
Several detectors possible:
lots of space for new ideas!

Phenomenology Studies: J. Ellis, C. Grojean

- ◆ Match theory predictions to FCC-ee experimental precisions



- ◆ How to discover new physics in precision measurements, in rare decays (Z, W, t, H, b, c, τ , ...) in rare or invisible processes (Right Handed neutrinos etc..)

- ◆ Set up the framework for global fits and understand the complementarity with other colliders (LHC, FCC-hh, in particular)



FCC-ee workshops and meetings

FCC-ee physics workshops

<https://indico.cern.ch/category/5684/>

recent one: 19-21 June at CERN

-- **Next** :27-29 October in Paris
January in Pisa

-- monthly VIDYO meetings

see <https://indico.cern.ch/category/5307/>

+ individual group meetings

-- **link** to

know what is happening (FCC-ee newsletter)

register to mailing list (you will no sign anything without being asked!)

<http://cern.ch/fcc-ee>



The ULTIMATE GOAL : FCC-hh



FCC-hh physics studies: emphasis on new ideas and understanding implications of 100 TeV collisions for the exploration of BSM physics

- Exploration of EW symmetry breaking (conv. R.Contino and H.Gray)
 - High-mass WW and HH scattering
 - Precision Higgs studies, rare production and decays
 - BSM H dynamics, EW baryogenesis, etc
- Exploration of BSM phenomena (conv. F.Moortgat, P.Schwaller)
 - Discovery reach of various scenarios (SUSY, new interactions, contact interactions, ...)
 - DM searches
- Continued exploration of SM particles (temp. conv. M.Mangano)
 - Physics and precise measurements of top, W, Z
 - Flavour phenomena (quarks and charged leptons, rare/forbidden decays, ...)
- Opportunities other than pp physics:
 - Heavy ions (conv. Dainese, Masciocchi, Wiedemann)
 - Physics with the injectors (includes test beam) (conv. B.Goddard, G.Isidori, F.Teubert)
- Theoretical tools for the study of 100 TeV collisions (conv. J.Rojo and G.Zanderighi)
 - PDFs
 - MC generators
 - Higher order QCD and EW corrections



FCC-hh detector (convener L.Pontecorvo)

Machine-Detector Interface (conveners B.Gorini and W.Riegler)

- Detector performance
 - Rapidity coverage (tracking, jets, b, leptons, MET)
 - Calorimetry: dynamic range, granularity, for central and fwd regions
 - Muon resolution at O(10 TeV)
 - Bunch spacing optimization
- Technical systems
 - New detector technologies and R&D needs
 - Radiation, shielding
 - Calorimeters
 - Muon systems
 - Inner detectors, tracking
 - Trigger, DAQ, controls and safety
- Machine-Detector Interface (MDI)
 - L*, TAS/TAN. Optics and impact on IR design
 - Beam pipe and vacuum
 - Radiation issues
 - Physics and detector-protection instrumentation in the long straight sections



...an **ambitious** post-LHC accelerator project at CERN”

- Parameters** - choices for initial machine relatively conservative
- a few more aggressive choices where cost savings balance the risks
- > **establishing a credible baseline**

- potential for evolution in performance

- as design process incl R & D proceeds
- as planned machine upgrade

important parameters for detectors

baseline 2014

considered

Energy	100 TeV	
Lumi	5 x 10 ³⁴ (p-p) 3 x 10 ²⁷ (Pb-Pb)	up to 5 x 10 ³⁵ (p-p)
Bunch spacing	25ns	5 ns
Pile-up	170	34 - 340
Bunch-length	8 cm	increased
% circumference filled	80 %	
l *	46m	38m
β^*	0.8m	0.3m
transverse beam size at ip	6.8 μ m	3 μ m
optimum run time	12 hrs	

FCC-hh: Physics goals --> experiment design

Explore high energy frontier ($E_{\text{LHC}} \times 7$)

requirements: high lumi at 2 points --> 2 x GP expts similar ATLAS/CMS
detectors tolerate rate, pile-up, radiation.
central measurement --> momentum res. $\sim 10\%$ for 20 TeV μ

Precision Higgs measurements, VBF

requirements: tracking, momentum resolution & electromag. resolution to $\eta \sim 5$
forward extensions to GP expts with dipole field
and/or dedicated forward experiments

also:

Standard Model studies (top, W, Z, flavour phenomena)

requirements : GP expts + dedicated smaller scale expts at lower lumi points?

Dedicated studies

requirements : eg HI & b-physics expts, similar ALICE/LHCb
at lower lumi points

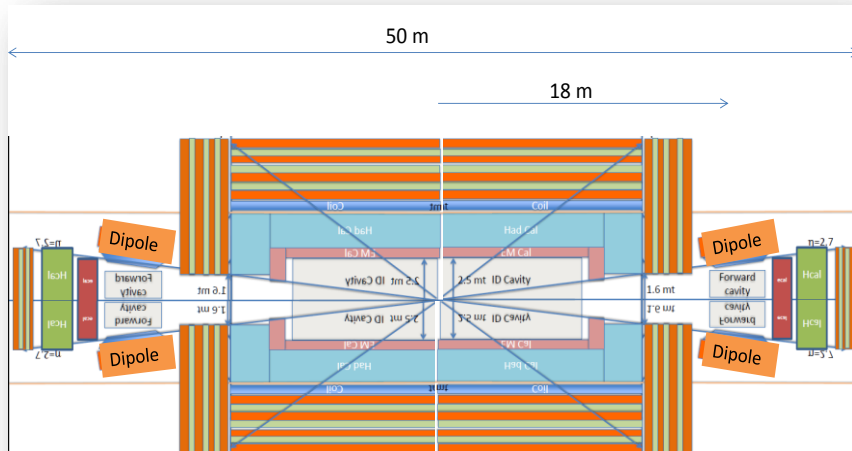
Intensity frontier

requirements: “smaller” scale experiments using extracted beam from injectors

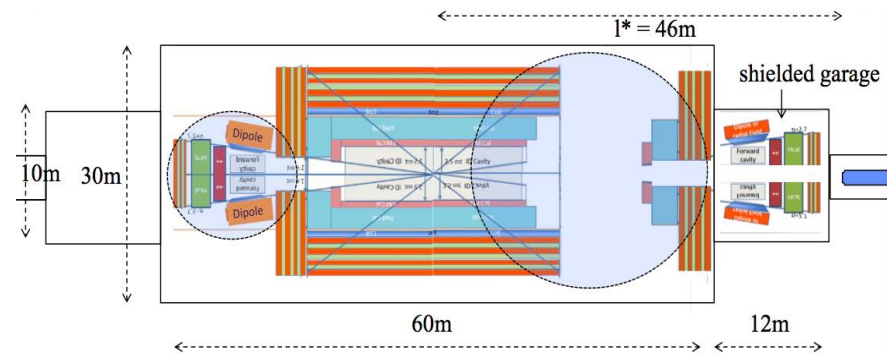
FCC-hh: General Purpose expts: overview so far

- Studies so far: assume today's tracking precision
achieve required momentum resolution by $\times 7$ in BL^2 of LHC expts
- HCAL $10 \lambda \rightarrow 12 \lambda$ for containment
- 10 Tm dipole in forward direction
- Low angle calorimetry by moving detector further from i/p.

Simple extrapolation eg of CMs, can produce a hard-to-maintain monster!



Yoke mass: 120,000 kg !!

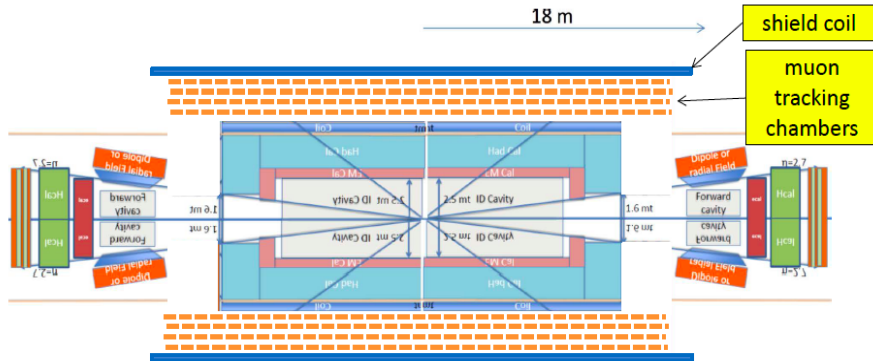


opening & maintenance scenario horrible
and needs a lot of $z : l^*$ (hence β^*) issues?

FCC-hh: GP expts: overview so far



Option 1 Twin Solenoid + Dipoles



Twin Solenoid: a 6 T, 12 m dia x 23 m long main solenoid + an active shielding coil

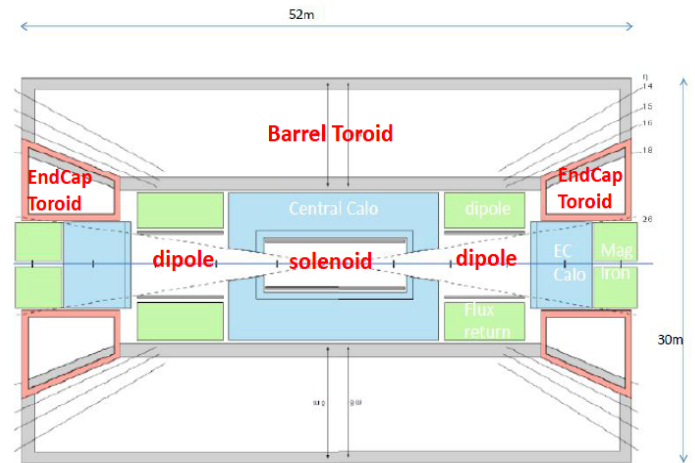
Important advantages:

- ✓ **Nice Muon tracking space:** area with 2 to 3 T for muon tracking in 4 layers.
- ✓ **Very light:** 2 coils + structures, ≈ 5 kt, only $\approx 4\%$ of the option with iron yoke!
- ✓ **Much smaller:** system outer diameter is significantly less than with iron.

6



Option 2 Toroids + Solenoid + Dipoles (ATLAS +)



- ❖ 1 Air core Barrel Toroid with 7 x muon bending power $B_z L^2$.
- ❖ 2 End Cap Toroids to cover medium angle forward direction.
- ❖ 2 Dipoles to cover low-angle forward direction.
- ❖ Overall dimensions: 30 m diameter x 51 m length (36,000 m³).

9

Simulations of 2 magnetic designs (H. ten Kate et al) suggest these magnets could be built

Important now to : - decide on forward coverage of GP expts (or dedicated expts)
 - study what could be achieved with future sensor resolution
 + more modest BL^2 .

FCC-hh : particular needs

Tracking layout and performance for: i) existing sensor capabilities
ii) ambitious targets for point resolution & material

Focus on calorimetry: - granularity: channel count & consequences
- em & hadron calorimetry interplay

Trigger/DAQ: - develop from the bottom up (workshop needed)

Pileup mitigation: - software (recent workshop)
- detector & machine design: time resolution,
- lumi region shaping

Experiment interface to FCC: - Low β insertion: 1* trade-offs, collimation,
shielding, backgrounds, radiation studies
beam pathology
- injector in FCC tunnel?
- construction/assembly/maintenance implications
- clustered or diametrically opposed collision points



FCC-hh most recent / forthcoming workshops and meetings

- BSM at 100 TeV Workshop, Febr 10-11 2014, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/284800/>
- 1st Future Hadron Collider Workshop, May 26-28 2014, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/304759/>
- Ions at the FCC, Workshop, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/331669/>
- Experiments with the FCC injectors, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/339178/>

- Periodic meetings:
 - **hh Indico** (incl pp, HI and injectors): <https://indico.cern.ch/category/5258/>
 - **hh mailing lists:**
 - fcc-experiments-hadron@cern.ch (general)
 - fcc-ions@cern.ch (heavy ions)
 - fcc-experiments-physinj@cern.ch (physics with injectors)



https://indico.cern.ch/category/5258/



kitty-kats Katya 3 by Aleksan

September 2014

22 Sep - 23 Sep [Ions at the Future Circular Collider](#)

July 2014

15 Jul [Physics with injectors \(first informal discussion\)](#)

May 2014

26 May - 28 May [1st Future Hadron Collider Workshop](#)

21 May [FHC EM calorimeters informal meeting](#)

April 2014

17 Apr [FHC experiments informal meeting](#)

15 Apr [FHC EM calorimeters informal meeting](#)

10 Apr [Ions at the Future Circular Collider](#)

March 2014

20 Mar [FHC experiments informal meeting](#)

February 2014

10 Feb - 11 Feb [BSM physics opportunities at 100 TeV](#)

06 Feb [FHC experiments informal meeting](#)

January 2014

29 Jan [Ions at the Future Hadron Collider](#)

27 Jan [FHC experiments informal meeting](#)

10 Jan [FHC experiments informal meeting](#)

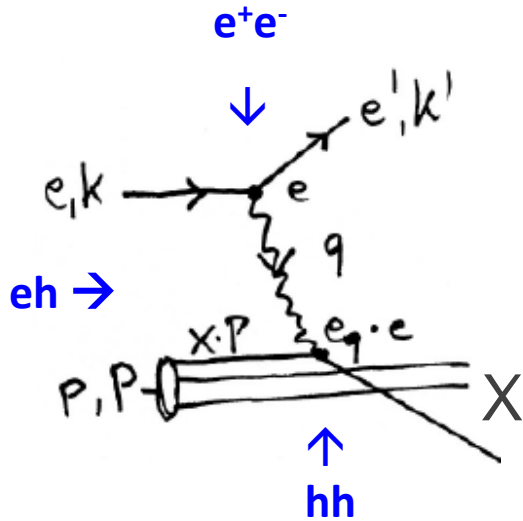
December 2013

book



Highlight All Match Case

FCC-he: Deep Inelastic Scattering [eh → e'X]



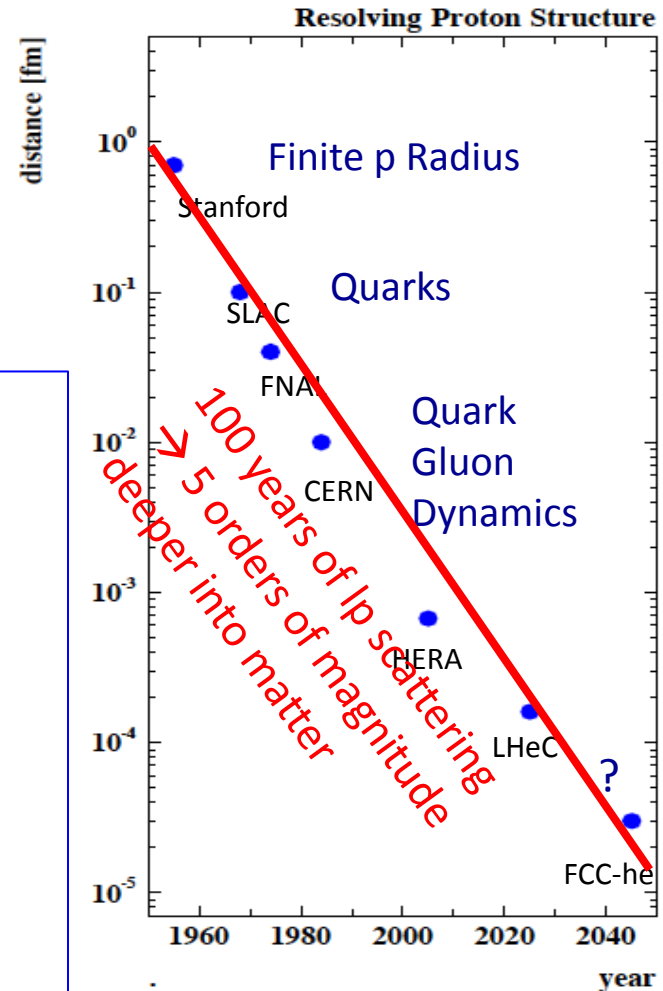
$$x = \frac{Q^2}{sy}$$

$$Q^2 = -(k - k')^2$$

$$y_{lab} = 1 - \frac{E_{e'}}{E_e}$$

$$s = 4E_e E_p$$

HERA-LHeC-FCC-eh: finest microscopes with resolution varying like $1/\sqrt{Q^2}$



Deep inelastic ep and eA scattering complements pp and ee

From Hofstadter to FCC-he: 100 years of eh scattering

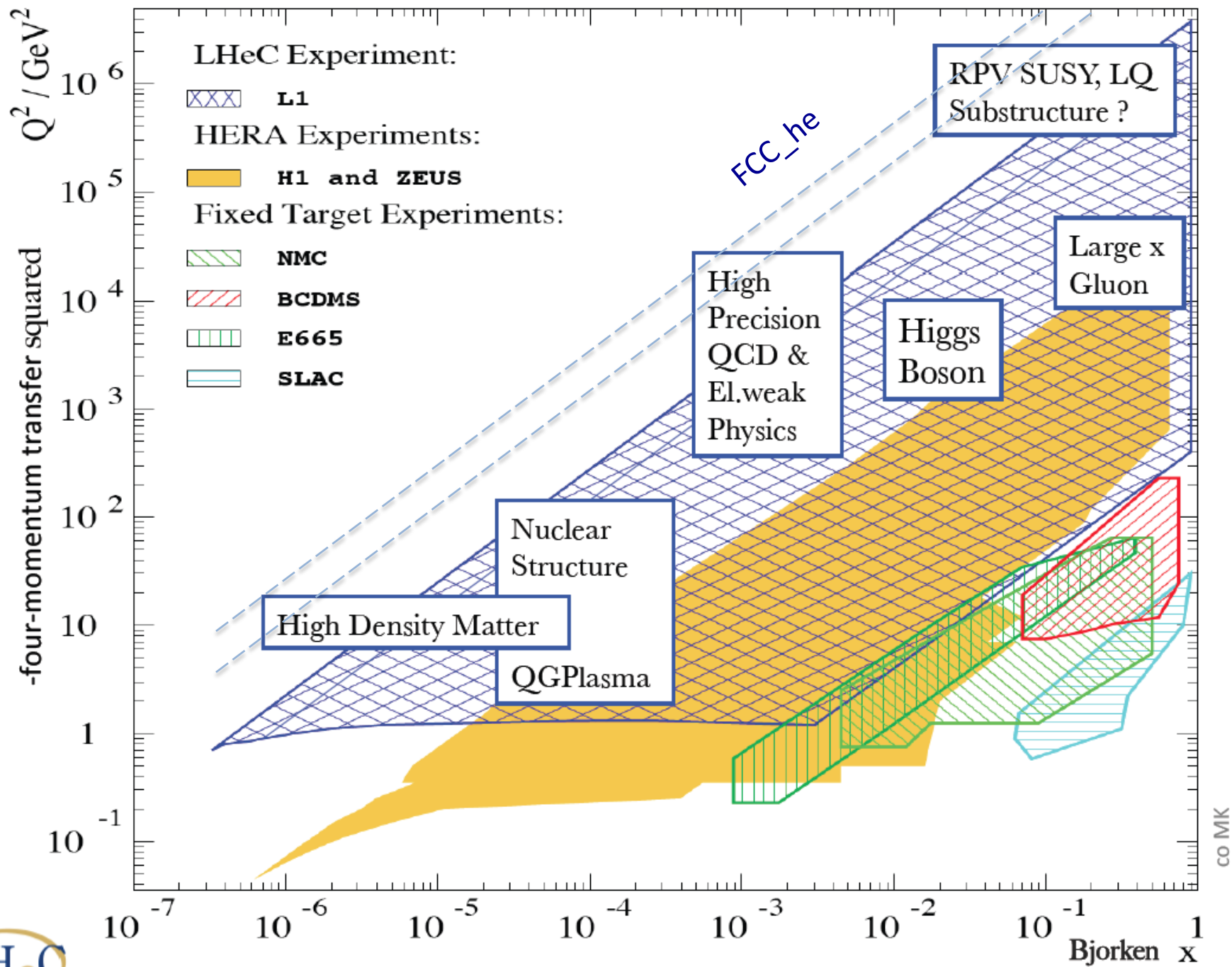
CERN is the only place where new DIS experiments at the energy frontier can be planned extending beyond HERA

(LHeC: ongoing study (CDR 2012) for ERL e beam + LHC)

FCC: options for 1 ep collision point :

ERL (of LHeC) on FCC-hh or FCC-hh on FCC-ee → FCC-he

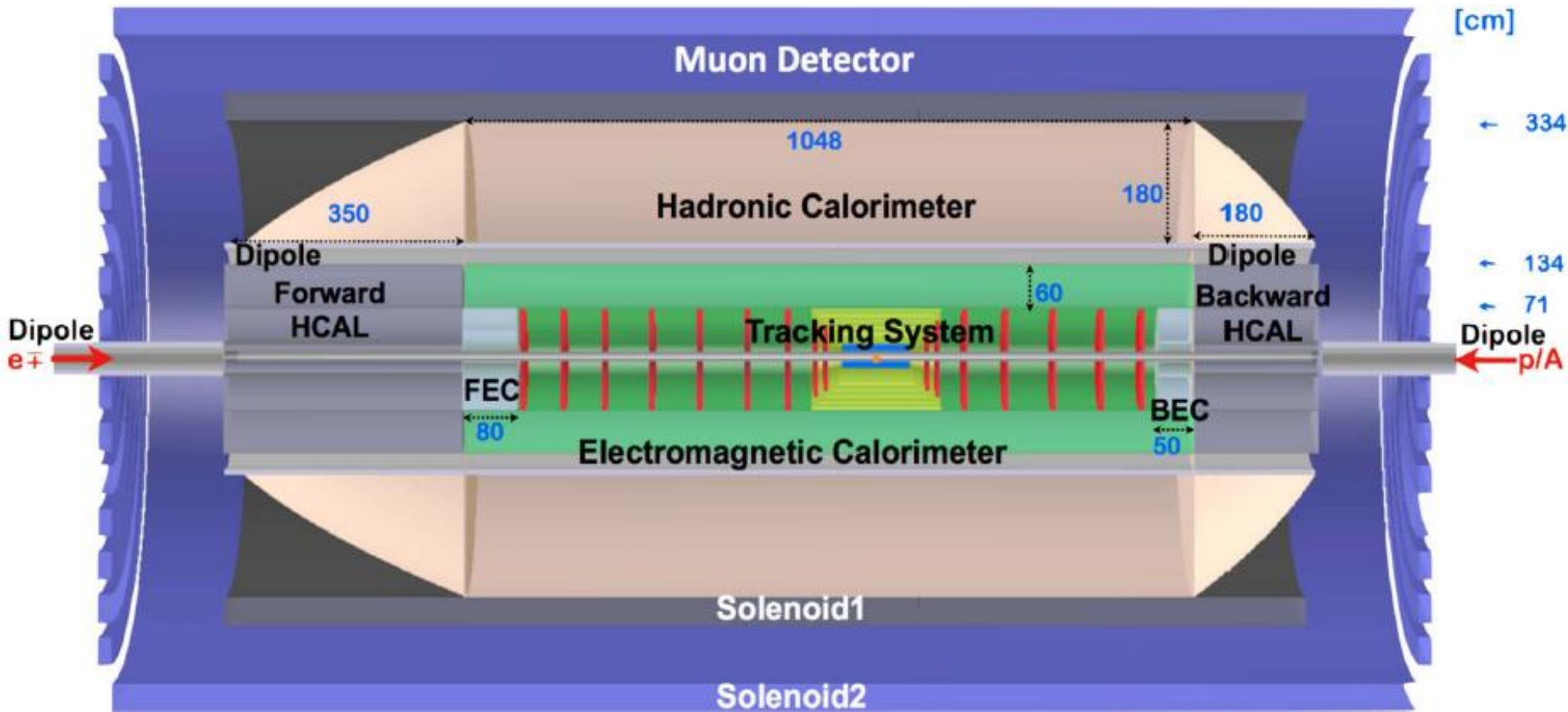
FCC-he option Coordinated by Oliver Brüning and Max Klein



co MK



FCC-he Detector (B) – 0.1



Tentative design of detector for ep and eA physics with the FCC-he: 18m (l) x 9m (r)
 High resolution of hadron energy and large forward acceptance for Higgs physics
 High precision and full polar angle coverage for QCD, electroweak and BSM
 Task: optimisation of design, full simulation, design of the interaction region
 Goal: synchronous ep and pp operation from day 1 of p beam



Physics and Organisation of the FCC-he Study

Higgs - Uta Klein, Masahiro Kuze – **selfcoupling, 2nd and 3rd generation, CP**

PDFs – Voica Radescu, Frank Olness – **new evolution, full unfolding, high x**

BSM – Monica D’Onofrio, Georges Azuelos – **SUSY, Leptoquarks, CI, substructure**

Top – Olaf Behnke, Christian Schwanenberger – **6FVS, top PDF, anomalous coupling**

Low x - Paul Newman, Anna Stasto – **Gluon saturation, breakdown of DGLAP**

Heavy Ions – Nestor Armesto with low x – **Nuclear Structure, QGP**

Detector – Peter Kostka, Alessandro Polini - **Design and Simulation, IR**

Software – Paul Laycock and Peter Kostka – **Simulation of ep/eA Detector**

In close collaboration with eh coordination group and machine physicists



Dolce in fine



At this point everybody needs SOFTWARE

- turn paper studies into real simulations
including acceptance, resolution, PID, backgrounds & pile-up**
- study impact of detector properties on physics sensitivities**
- understand challenges and need for dedicated R&D.**

- **Software effort common to FCC-ee, FCC-hh and FCC-eh**
 - Conveners: Fabiola Gianotti, Patrick Janot until 5 September
 - Now taken over by the experts: Benedikt Hegner (CERN) and Colin Bernet (IN2P3)

- **Goal is to find good solutions for**

- Core framework
- Simulation
- Detector description
- Reconstruction
- Data Model
- Analysis

Gaudi

Geant4, DELPHES, others

DD4HEP, DDG4

?

Inspired by LCIO

C++ and python

- Without starting a software effort from scratch
 - i.e., pick up “existing” solutions / projects and choose pragmatically/wisely

- **A lot of synergies with**

- ◆ **PH-SFT, towards a turn-key universal framework**
- ◆ **ILC/CLIC (e.g., detector description, event data model)**
- ◆ **LHC (Gaudi & GaudiHive adapted from ATLAS, analysis framework adapted from CMS)**
- ◆ **AIDA2 (within which some of these efforts are carried out)**

After three months of work

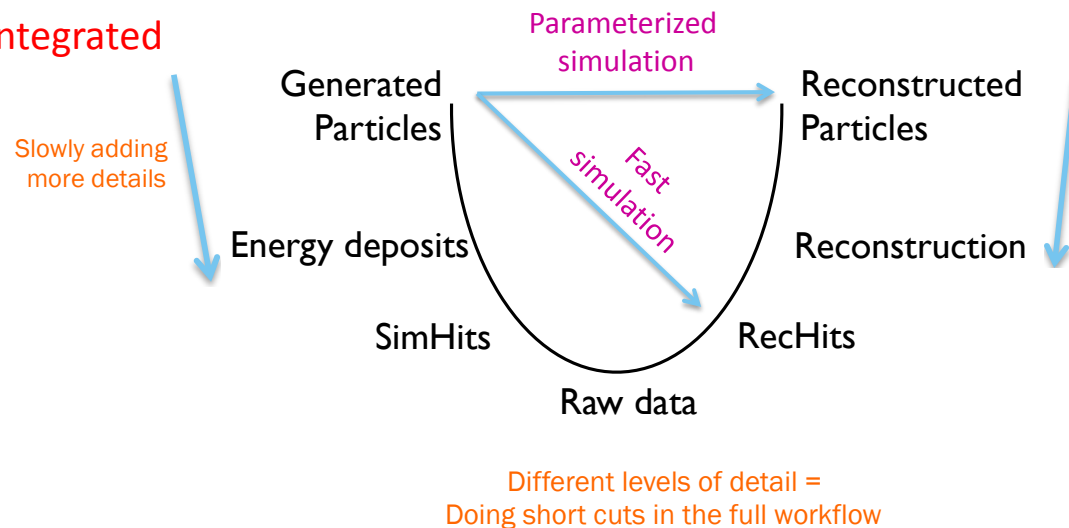
- Punctuated with 13 informal meetings (<https://indico.cern.ch/category/5666/>)
 - Core framework infrastructure in active use
 - First test setup for detector description in place (with bugs)
 - Modest example workflow: histogram generated particles. **We need much more!**
 - Simulation: DELPHES being integrated, **but GEANT4 not yet integrated**
 - **Data model needs to be worked on and integrated**
 - **Nothing exists on reconstruction**
 - **Analysis framework needs to be integrated**

To come soon

- Documentation
- **User training session (mid sept.)**

Manpower is critical

- Less than one FTE for the time being
 - Three students will start in Sept/Oct 2014



- **More/faster progress require more participation from**
 - **CERN**
 - Applied fellows, associates, invited scientists
 - **External institutes**
 - A number of projects / work-packages will be proposed momentarily
 - → Join the user training session
 - **CLIC / ILC software experts**
 - Towards the use / optimization of common and universal software
 - (Geometry, data model, ...)
 - **FCC detector groups (ee, hh, eh)**
 - Towards the parameterization / simulation of well-defined detectors
 - **FCC experimental study groups (ee, hh, eh)**
 - Generators to be interfaced
 - Evaluation of simulation performance
 - Benchmark analyses and analysis tools
- **For more information / organization / participation**
 - Contact Colin.Bernet@cern.ch and Benedikt.Hegner@cern.ch
 - Subscribe to fcc-experiments-sw-dev@cern.ch



Complementarity

Proposed physics topics to be used in the study of **synergy/complementarity** among experiments at **FCC-hh/ee/eh**

Subject		ee	hh	he
Higgs Physics	precision studies higher dimension operators composite Higgs rare and exotic decays multiple Higgs production extra Higgs bosons			
Interface with Cosmology	Dark matter baryogenesis right-handed/(almost) sterile neutrinos			
Electroweak Sym. Breaking	WW scattering supersymmetry extra dimensions composite models			
Flavour Changing	rare H,Z,W,top decays lepton flavor violation			
Extensions of the SM	extra vector-like fermions SU(2) _R models leptoquarks			
QCD	Perturbation theory, structure functions Modelling final states			
EW/SM precision issues	precision measts ($m_Z, m_W, m_t, \alpha, \alpha_s(m_Z), \sin^2\theta_W, R_b, \dots$) higher-order EW corrections W,Z triple and quadruple couplings top (anomalous) couplings charm/bottom flavor studies			



What we **believe** now and hope to **demonstrate** in a few years:

The combination of the FCC machines offers outstanding discovery potential by exploration of new domains of

-- precision

and

-- direct search, both at high energy and at very small couplings



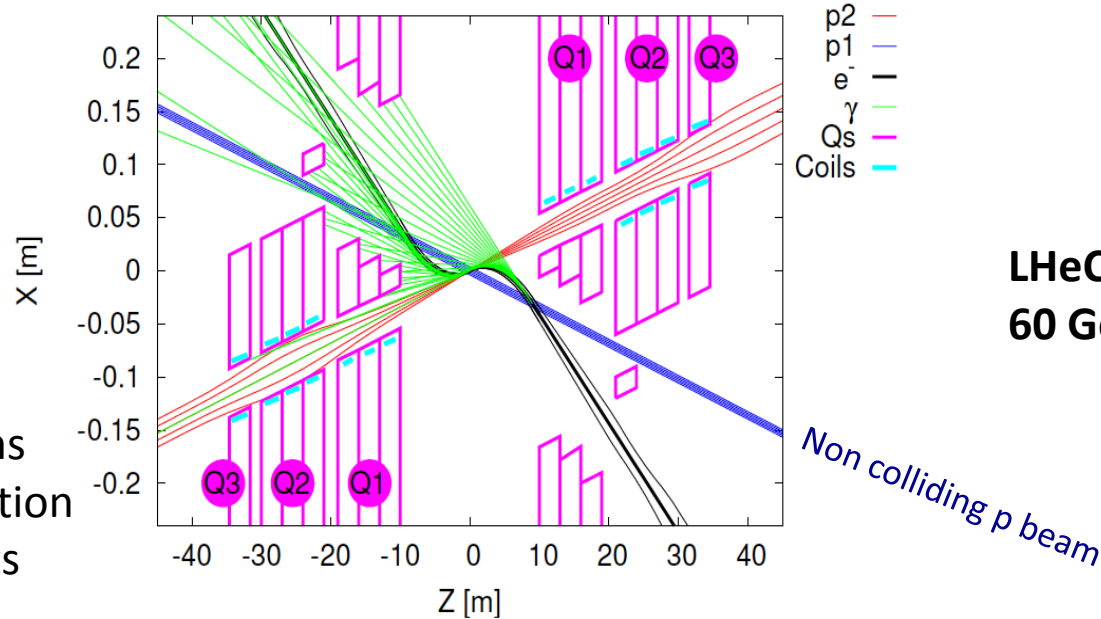
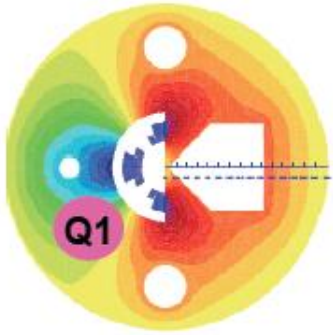
Extra slides



FCC Physics Coordination (Physco)

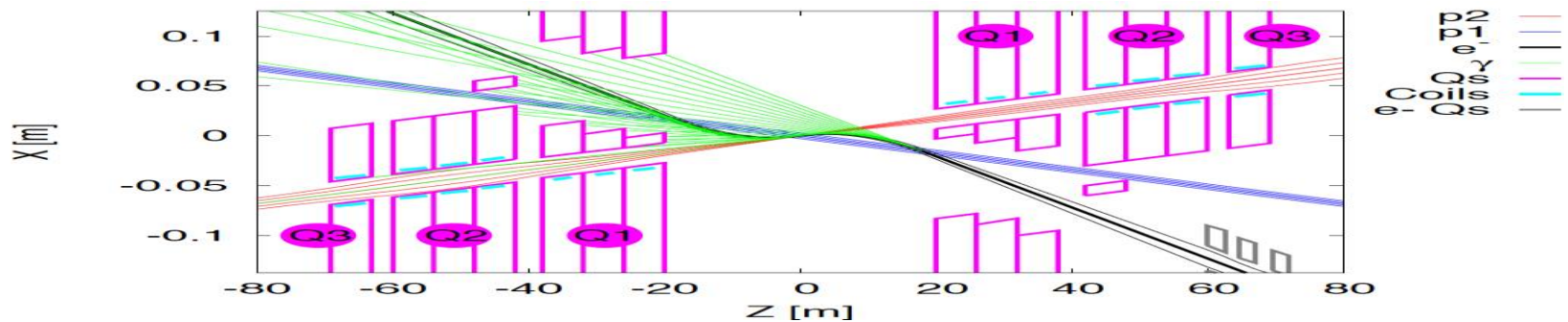
Meeting / activity	Present goals (as of April 2014)	who is present	Frequency
Physics Coordination Meeting (FCC-Physco) (Chair: A. Blondel until April 2015 Secretary: Mike Koratzinos)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure that all physics studies progress as one consistent endeavor • Define and align scope and milestones of physics studies • Propose physics topics to be used in the study of synergy/complementarity among experiments at FCC-hh/ee/eh • Track progress of individual physics study activities • Monitor/coordinate/promote talks on FCC physics at conferences and workshops • Identify technical and organizational questions which require further coordination <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Software platform ○ theoretical calculations ○ conference presentations ○ repository of talks and papers, ○ experimental R&D and infrastructures ○ running scenarios and schedule ○ general study management • Identify issues to be brought to attention to FCC coordination meeting 	FCC Study leader and deputy; Hadron physics and experiments study leaders; Lepton physics and experiments study leaders; e-p physics and experiments study leader; others invited as required. ----- Accelerator: Benedikt Zimmermann FCC-hh: Gianotti Mangano Ball FCC-ee: Blondel Janot Ellis/Grojean FCC-eh: Klein/D'Onofrio	1 / month or as needed (Thursdays 12:00-13:30) 5 February 20 March 10 April 8 May

Interaction Regions for ep with Synchronous pp Operation



LHeC (CDR)
60 GeV * 7 TeV

Likely one IR.
Matching e and p beams
Limit synchrotron radiation
Design of inner magnets
Beam-beam effects



FCC-he (ERL)
60 GeV * 50 TeV

Tentative: $\epsilon_p = 2\mu\text{m}$, $\beta^* = 20\text{cm} \rightarrow \sigma_p = 3\mu\text{m} \approx \sigma_e$ matched! $\epsilon_e = 5\mu\text{m} ..$

collider parameters	FCC ERL	FCC-ee ring		protons
species	$e^- (e^+?)$	e^\pm	e^\pm	p
beam energy [GeV]	60	60	120	50000
bunches / beam	-	10600	1360	10600
bunch intensity [10^{11}]	0.05	0.94	0.46	1.0
beam current [mA]	25.6	480	30	500
rms bunch length [cm]	0.02	0.15	0.12	8
rms emittance [nm]	0.17	1.9 (x)	0.94 (x)	0.04 [0.02 y]
$\beta_{x,y}^*$ [mm]	94	8, 4	17, 8.5	400 [200 y]
$\sigma_{x,y}^*$ [μm]	4.0	4.0, 2.0		equal
beam-b. parameter ξ	($D=2$)	0.13	0.13	0.022 (0.0002)
hourglass reduction	0.92 ($H_D=1.35$)	~0.21	~0.39	F.Zimmermann ICHEP14, June
CM energy [TeV]	3.5	3.5	4.9	
luminosity [$10^{34}\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	1.0	6.2	0.7	PRELIMINARY L is 1000*HERA