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Collinear laser spectroscopy on neutron-rich Mn isotopes approaching $N = 40$

The region below ^{68}Ni ($Z = 28, N = 40$) is characterized by a rapid shell structure evolution. In the neutron-rich Mn ($Z = 25$) isotopes, this results in an interesting interplay between single-particle and collective behavior. The $^{51,53-64}\text{Mn}$ ground states as well as the $^{58,60,62}\text{Mn}$ isomeric states are studied via bunched beam collinear laser spectroscopy at ISOLDE. The measured hyperfine spectra allow for a model-independent extraction of the nuclear structure information. Firm spin assignments are made which is indispensable for constructing reliable level schemes in this mass region. In addition, the g -factors are determined so precisely that even small deviations from the trend can be observed. These deviations provide important information to understand the changing structure towards $N = 40$.

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