

Irradiated Si detectors simulation

Status and the next steps

20 November 2014

Vladimir Eremin, PTI

vladimir.eremin@cern.ch

Detector simulation for low voltage operation

Basic strategy:

minimization of the amount of effective parameters

Conditions:

- ✓ N_{DL} proportional to fluence
- ✓ σ_e^i, σ_h^i – not affected by electric field
- ✓ No impact ionization

2 MGL model

MGL1-e-trap
MGL2- h-trap
 $G_j(T)$ - current

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2\varphi = -eN_{eff}/\epsilon\epsilon_0$$
$$\text{div}j = G_j$$

2 MGL model (advanced)

MGL1-e-trap
MGL2- h-trap

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2\varphi = -eN_{eff}/\epsilon\epsilon_0$$
$$\text{div}j = G_j$$

2+1 DL model

MGL1-e-trap
MGL2- h-trap
 DL_{tr} - trapping

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2\varphi = -eN_{eff}/\epsilon\epsilon_0$$
$$\text{div}j = G_j$$

Microscopic model

$$E_{act}^i, \sigma_e^i, \sigma_h^i$$

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2\varphi = -eN_{eff}/\epsilon\epsilon_0$$
$$\text{div}j = G_j$$

$$E(x)[V,T,\Phi]$$

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$$\text{CCE}[V,T,\Phi]$$
$$i(t)[V,T,F]$$

???

Detector simulation for high voltage operation

2+1 DL model

MGL1-e-trap

MGL2- h-trap

DL_{tr} - trapping

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2 \varphi = -eN_{\text{eff}}/\epsilon \epsilon_0$$

$$\text{div} j = G_j$$



E(x)[V,T,Φ]

CCE[V,T,Φ]

i(t)[V,T,F]

High voltage operation requires switching on impact ionization.

For SYNOPSIS

- ✓ Use $\alpha(E)$ as it is default
- ✓ Simulate up to the high V

2+1 DL model

MGL1-e-trap

MGL2- h-trap

DL_{tr} - trapping

α – impact ion.

SRH – fill factor

$$\nabla^2 \varphi = -eN_{\text{eff}}/\epsilon \epsilon_0$$

$$\text{div} j = G_j$$



E(x)[V,T,Φ] ??

CCE[V,T,Φ] ??

i(t)[V,T,F] ??

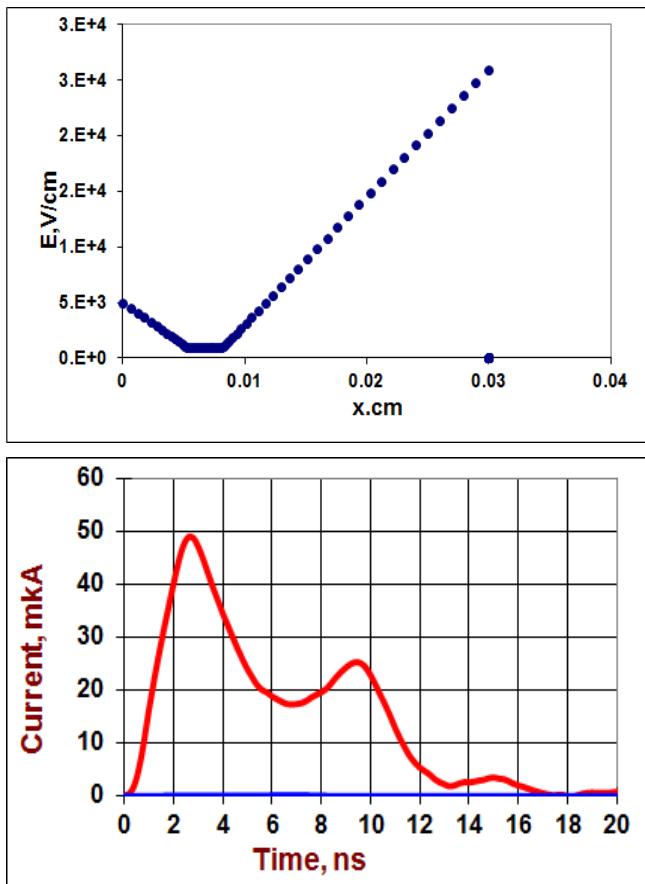
Experimental data for simulation proof

Classic TCT

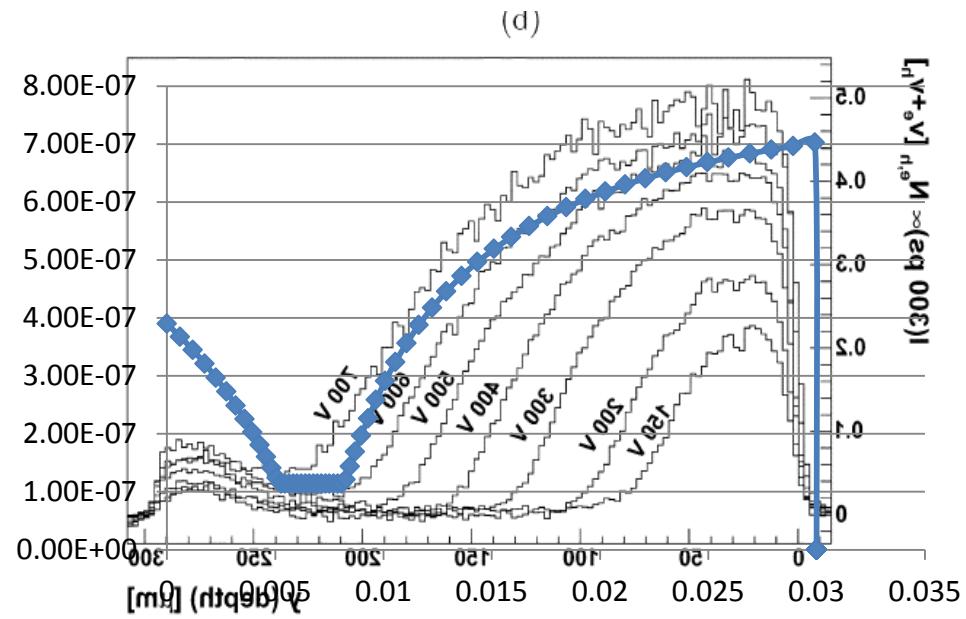
Edge TCT

$$i(x) = 1 * q(x) * v_{dr}(x); x = \int v_{dr}(t) dt$$

$$i(t=0, x) = v_{dr}(x); V_{dr}(E) = f(E)$$



Example of comparison the Data from Ljubljana group
with simulation from PTI group



The main achievements and the future

Strategy based on minimization of effective parameters works

“on - going” steps

1. Comparison of simulated $E(x)$ with the results of edge TCT
2. Extension of the advanced 2MGL model to high voltage detectors operation using the default parameters of SYNOPSIS
3. CCE(F) modelling

4. The new subject – “Inter-strip resistance radiation hardness”

The simulation group is interested on edge TCT data for :

- modelling tools calibration
(non irradiated detectors)
- models development/proofs
(fluence and voltage dependences for irradiated detectors)

Timo Peltola will help to distribute the essential data for the cross-test modelling