



2-D Quench Simulation Framework

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Outline

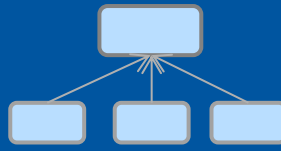
Introduction



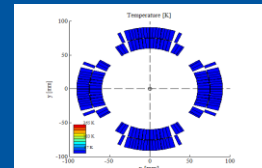
Requirements



Architecture



Results



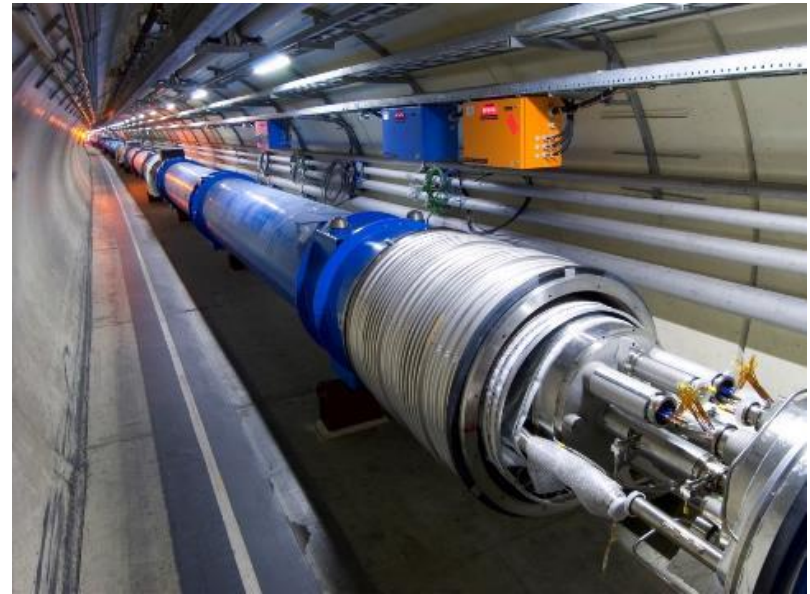
Summary



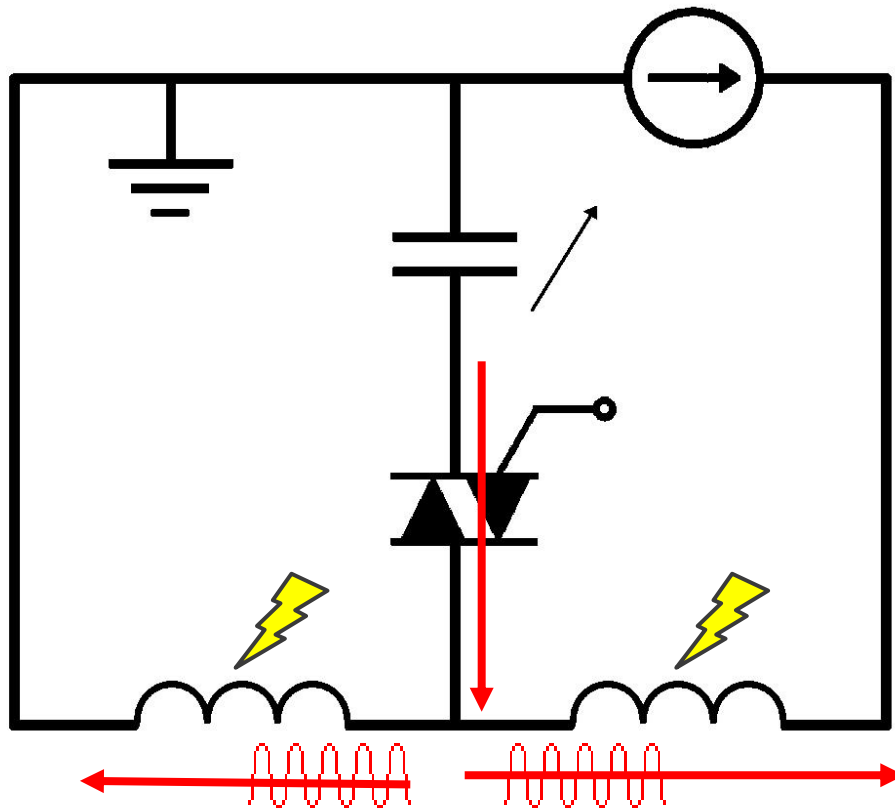
Motivation

Simulation of electro-thermal transient in S.C. circuits is needed in order to

- design electrical circuits with S.C. magnets,
- assess the performance of existing ones,
- study new protection methods.



Motivation



Current
Change

Magnetic
Field
Change

Coupling-
Losses
(Heat)

Temperature
Rise

QUENCH

**Coupling
Loss
Induced
Quench**

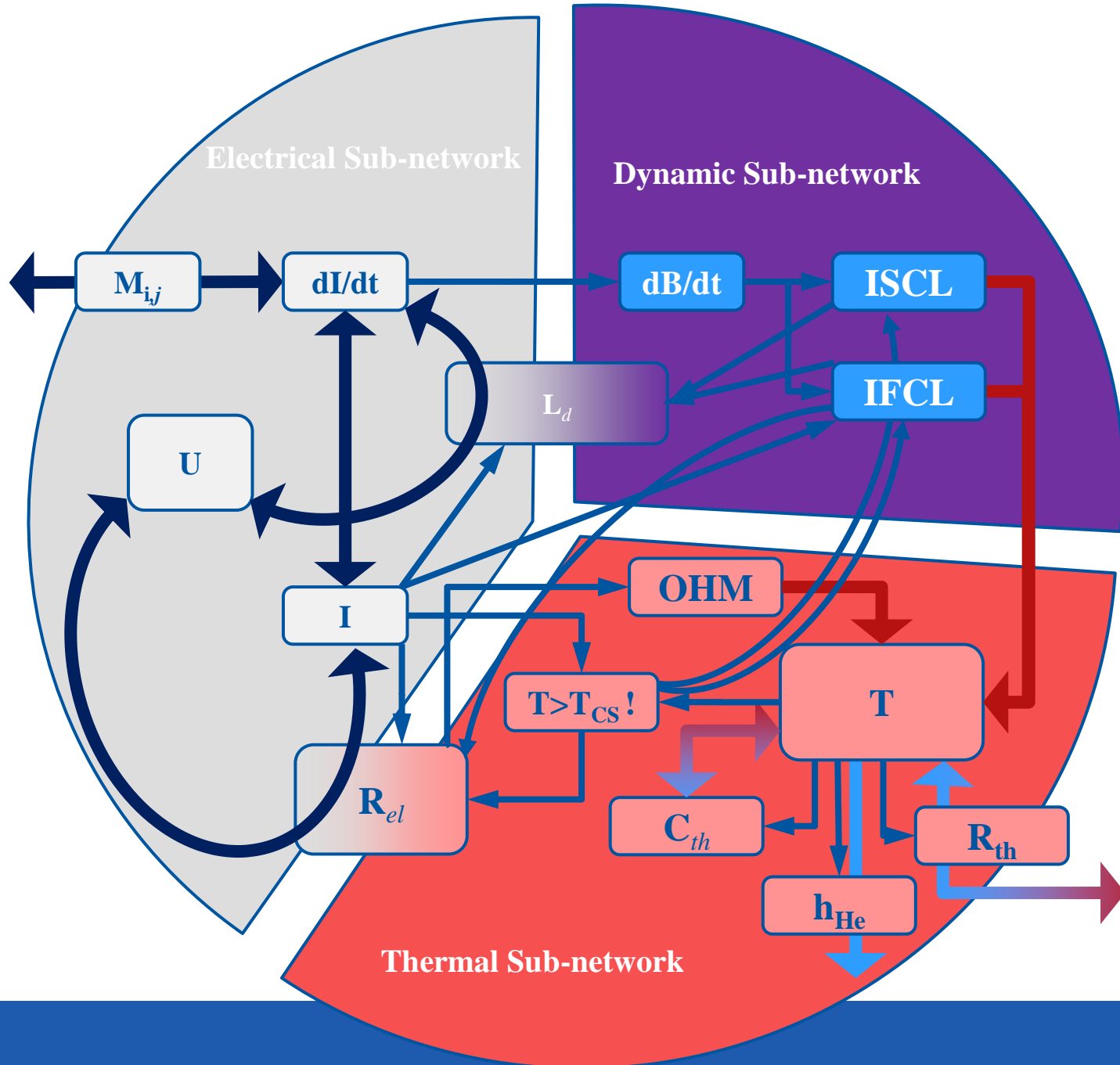
EU Patent EP13174323.9, June 2013.

E. Ravaioli et al., MT23, 2013.

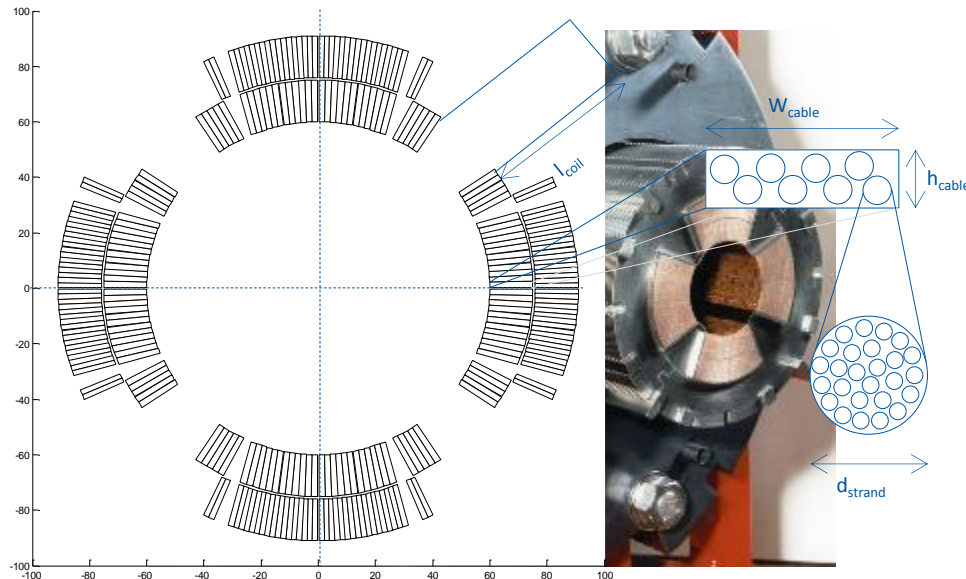
E. Ravaioli et al., EUCAS11, 2013.

E. Ravaioli et al., CHATS-AS, 2013.

E. Ravaioli et al., SuST, 2014.



S.C. Magnets Modelling - Approach

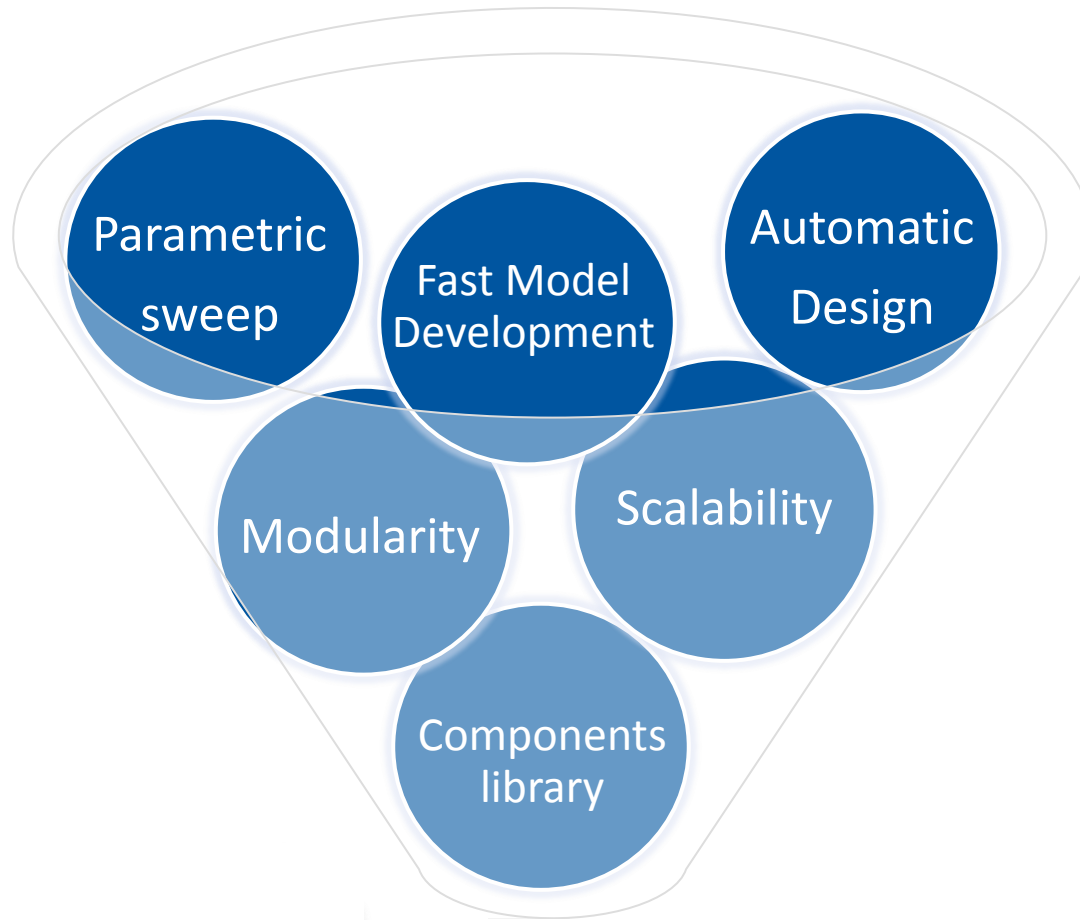


The model calculates inter-filament and inter-strand coupling loss.

Challenges

- Different levels of detail
 - entire circuit → magnet → cable → strand → filament
- Different physical domains
 - electrical, thermal, dynamic effects
- High flexibility needed
 - different magnet configurations, protection schemes
- Quick simulations
 - model development in 1-2 days, simulation runs < 1 hour

Framework Requirements



Framework Architecture

GUI/Excel

MATLAB (Application)

Simulink (Solver, library)

Components library

Thermal Mass (NbTi/Nb3Sn, Cu, G10, Kapton)
Hot Spot Calculation (NbTi/Nb3Sn)
Conductive Heat Transfer (Kapton, G10)
Helium Cooling
Quench Resistor (NbTi/Nb3Sn, Cu)
Inter-filament Coupling Loss in X/Y direction
Inter-strand Coupling loss
Dynamic effects (Inductance depends on current)

Superconducting Magnet

CLIQ

Diode

Current
Lead

Energy
Extraction

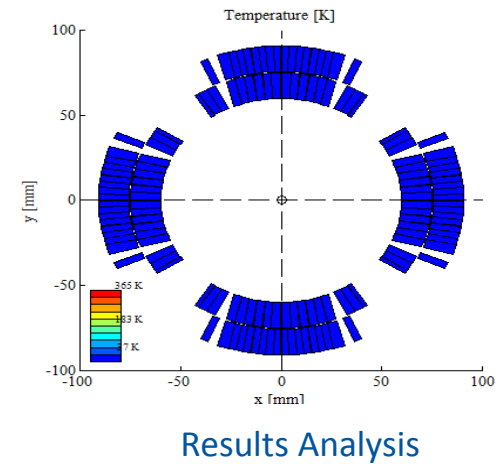
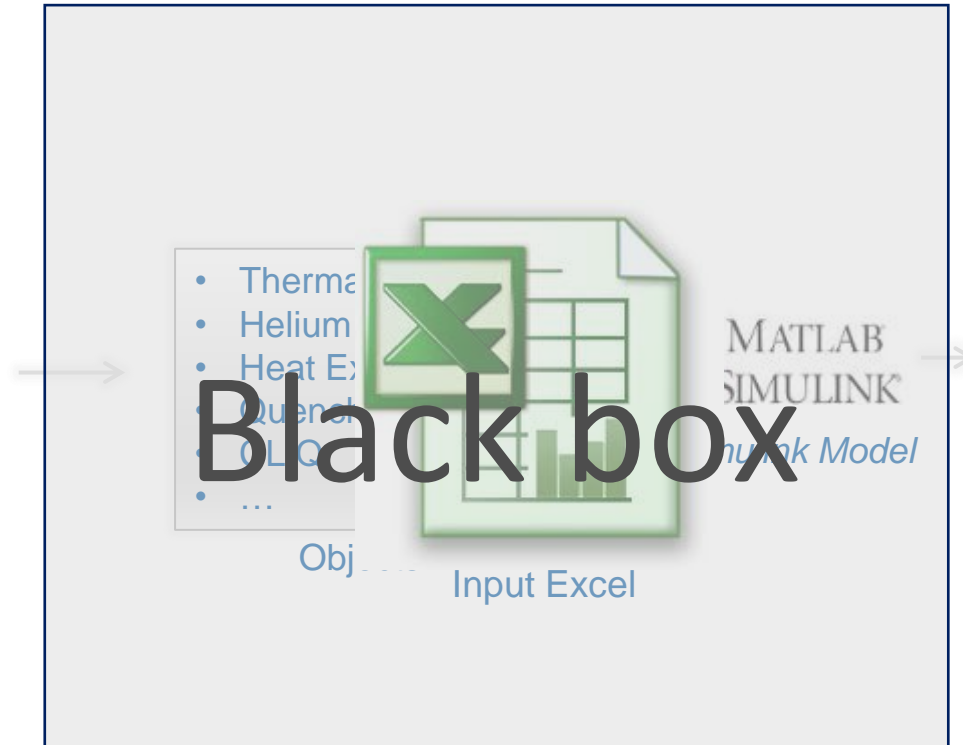
Power
Converter

Quench
Heater

Quench Protection

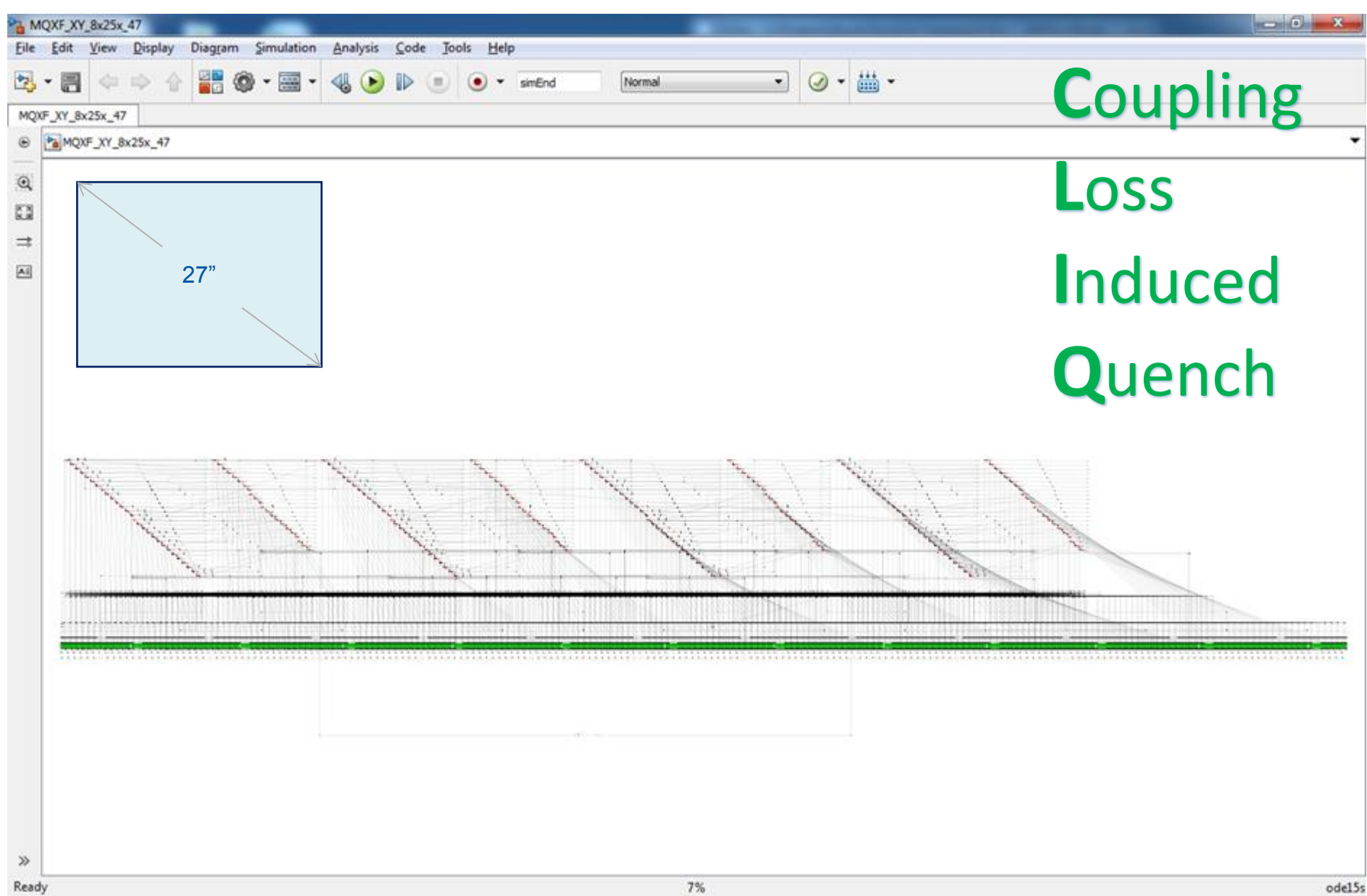
Other

MATLAB Application



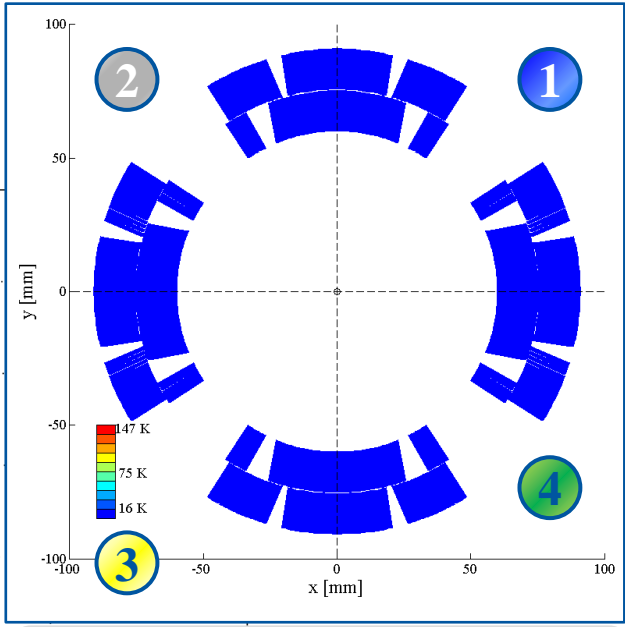
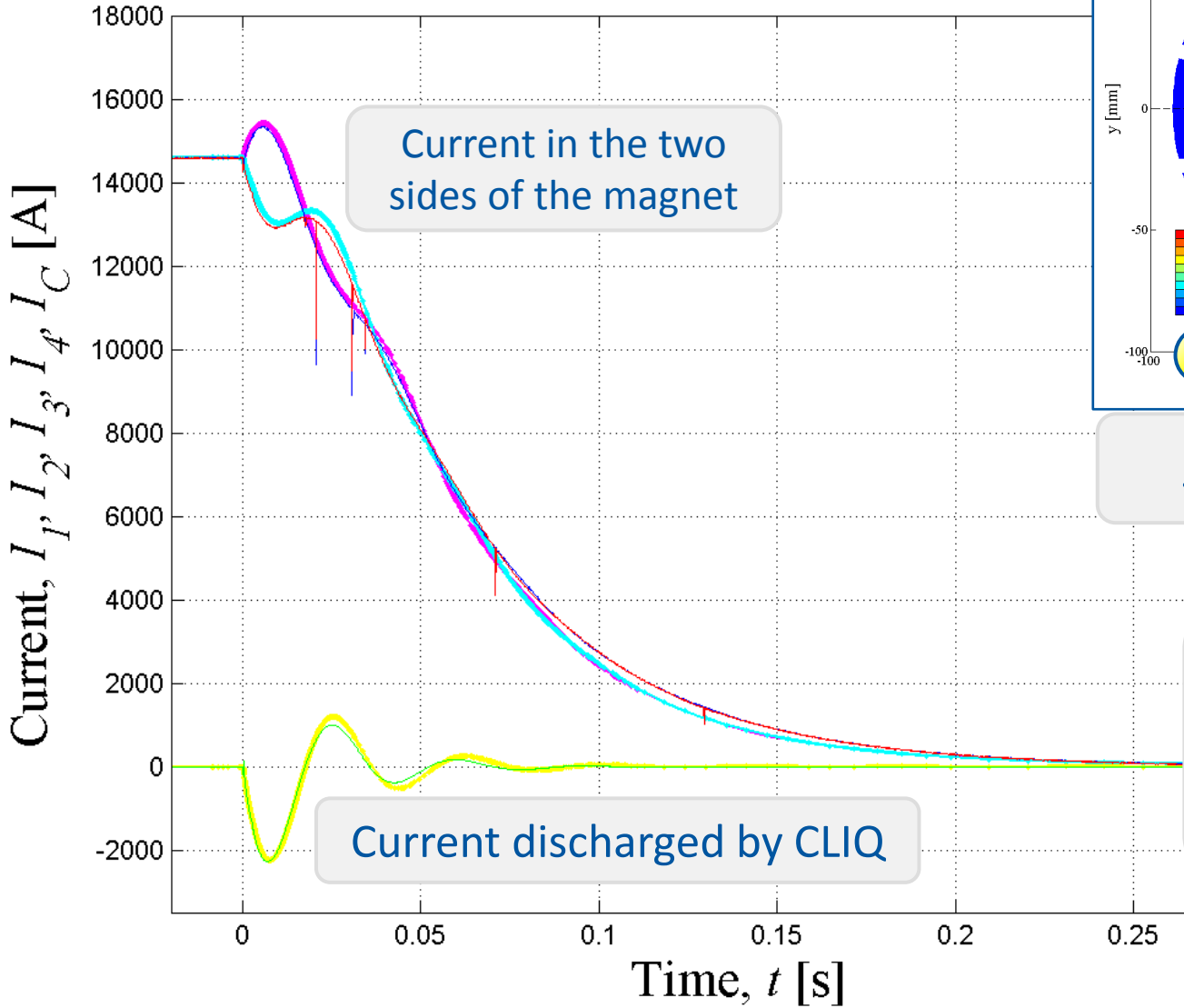
Main Application Modules

- Parametric Sweep
- Parallel Computing
- Report Generation
- Simulation Control
- Executable Modules



Coupling Loss Induced Quench

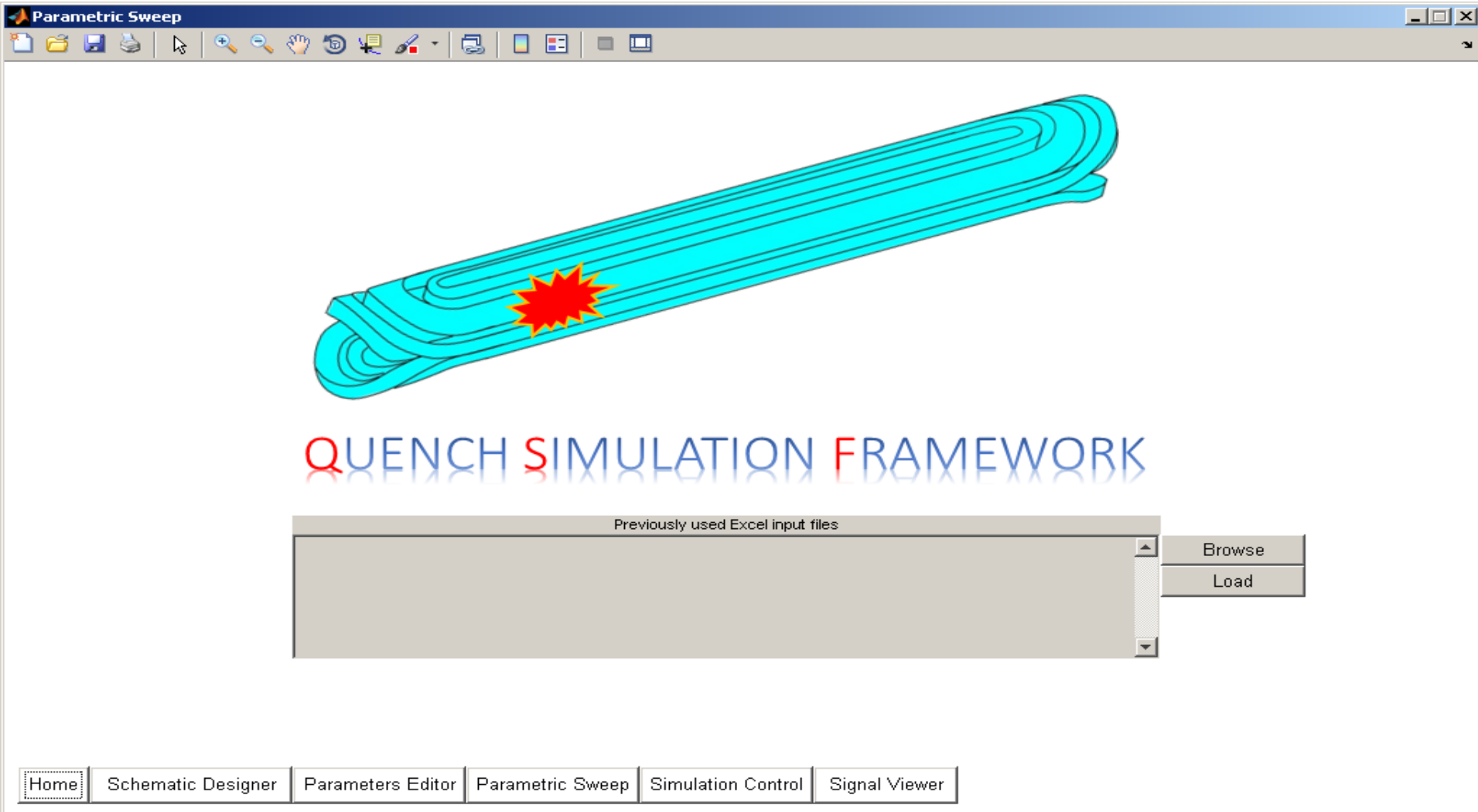
HQ02b Test Results – Currents



Simulated 2D Temperature Profile

Electrical and thermal transients well reproduced by the model

Graphical User Interface



Schematic Editor – Netlist

Parametric Sweep

Name	Magnet	Protection	Other	Position Rel. To	Direction
ss	none	none	SS	pc	E

```

m;SCMagnetNb3Sn;;N
c;CLIQ;m;S
pc;PC_;c;S
ss;SS;pc;E
    
```

From Block	From Port	To Block	To Port
m	QR2_1/pos	c	pos
connect(m/pos, pc/pos)			
connect(pc/neg, ss/pos)			
connect(m/neg, ss/neg)			
connect(c/neg, m/neg)			
connect(m/QR2_1/pos, c/pos)			

Home | Schematic Designer | Parameters Editor | Parametric Sweep | Simulation Control | Signal Viewer

Summary – time savings



Standard Approach



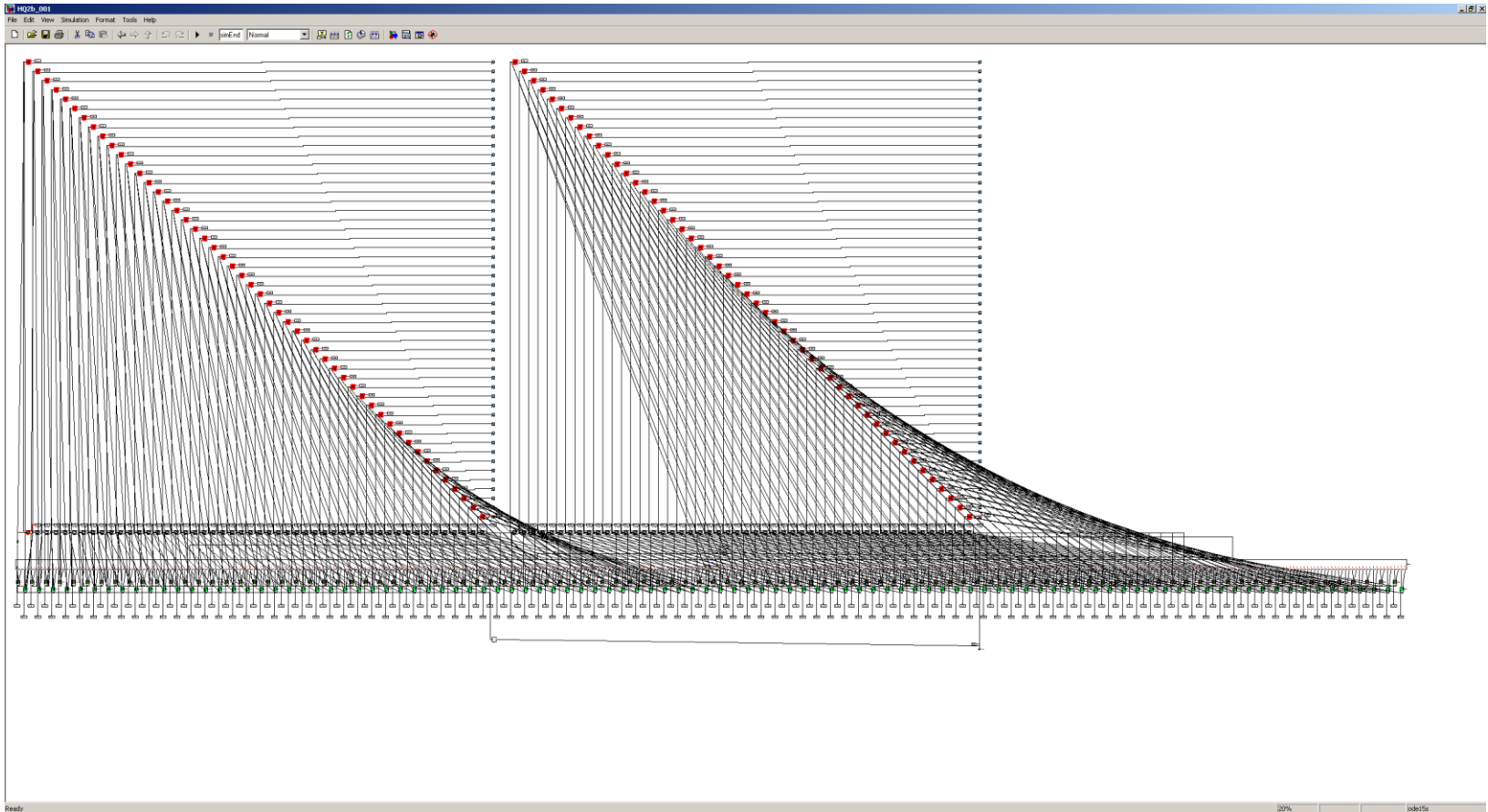
Quench Simulation Framework

Summary

- Model results **successfully** validated against PSpice simulation results and/or against tests
- **Same** physics contained in the “hand-made” PSpice models is now contained in **highly-efficient**, easily created Simulink models
- **No experience** with Simulink needed to run simulations
- QSF makes it easy to simulate **various** magnet types and new quench protection schemes
- OOP and Design Patterns enabled to develop **clean** and **maintainable** code

Future Work

- Parameters Optimization
- Quench Initiation (2D+1 geometry)
- Solenoid Geometry
- Components optimization
- Improve Magnetic Field Calculation (remove ROXIE/Soleno dependency)
- Validation with results from new magnets



Thank you for attention!

