

Theoretical investigation on the geometrical symmetry and electronic behavior of the three lower members of diamondoids by using first-principles calculations

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First-principles calculations have been investigated on the geometrical and electronic properties of the three lower diamondoid structures including adamantane ($C_{10}H_{16}$), diamantane ($C_{14}H_{20}$) and triamantane ($C_{18}H_{24}$) molecules. The energy gap obtained from the difference between the highest occupied (HOMO) and lowest occupied (LUMO) molecular orbital for all three structures decreased with the size of diamondoids increasing. The $C_{10}H_{16}$ molecule is the most wide band gap (7.22 eV) and that of $C_{14}H_{20}$ and $C_{18}H_{24}$ are 6.84 eV and 6.59 eV, respectively. The geometry calculations indicated that the geometrical symmetry of three molecular structures appears to be the T_d (tetrahedral), D_{3d} (Dihedral) and C_{2v} (Cyclic) point groups for $C_{10}H_{16}$, $C_{14}H_{20}$ and $C_{18}H_{24}$, respectively, which implies the high-symmetry structure for the three lower diamondoids.

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