



**ALICE**



# Charmonium production in p-Pb collisions with ALICE at the LHC



**UNIVERSITÄT  
HEIDELBERG**  
ZUKUNFT  
SEIT 1386

Michael Winn  
on behalf of the ALICE Collaboration  
Universität Heidelberg

05.12.2014  
Initial Stages 2014

# J/ψ in nucleus-nucleus collisions



J/ψ suppression via colour screening suggested as a probe of deconfinement in heavy-ion collisions in 1986

T. Matsui and H. Satz, Phys.Lett.B 178 (1986) [link: DOI: 10.1016/0370-2693\(86\)91404-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/0370-2693(86)91404-8)

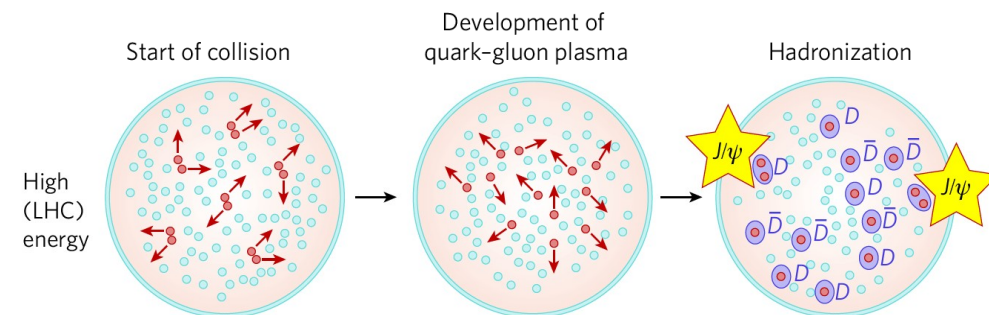
LHC energies: production from deconfined charm quarks as consequence of deconfinement in AA collisions

- J/ψ production at phase boundary

P. Braun-Munzinger and J. Stachel, Phys.Lett.B, 490 (2000) [link: arXiv:0007059](https://arxiv.org/abs/0007059)

- J/ψ production and destruction during lifetime of deconfined phase

R. L. Thews, M. Schroeder, J. Rafelski, Phys.Rev.C, 63 (2001) [link:arXiv:0007323](https://arxiv.org/abs/0007323)



P. Braun-Munzinger and J. Stachel, Nature 448 (2007)

Clear interpretation: pA as baseline for non-QGP nuclear effects

# Predicted $J/\psi$ modifications in p-Pb at the LHC

## leading twist gluon shadowing

Color Evaporation Model (CEM) R. Vogt, [link: arXiv:1003.3497](https://arxiv.org/abs/1003.3497) Phys.Rev.C 81 (2010)  
 Color Singlet Model (CSM) E. Ferreiro et al., [link: arXiv:1305.4569](https://arxiv.org/abs/1305.4569) Phys.Rev.C 88 (2013)

## saturation via Colour Glass Condensate (CGC)

H. Fujii et al., [arXiv:1304.2221](https://arxiv.org/abs/1304.2221) Nucl.Phys. A915 (2013),  
 also soon in NRQCD approach: R. Venugopalan et al., [link: talk at Quarkonium '14](#)

## coherent energy loss of pre-resonant $c\bar{c}$

Arleo et al., [link: arXiv:1212.0434](https://arxiv.org/abs/1212.0434) JHEP 1303 (2013)

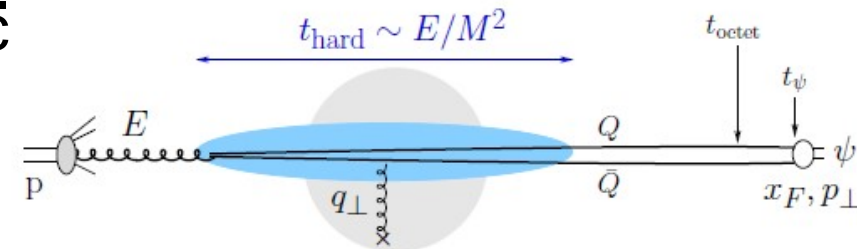
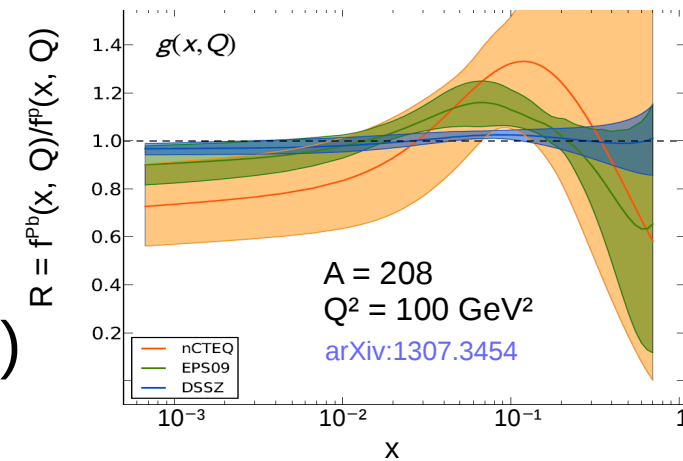
## charm shadowing & dipole break-up

Kopeliovich et al., [link: arXiv:1012.5648](https://arxiv.org/abs/1012.5648) Nucl. Phys.A 864 (2011)

## hot medium effects

Y. Liu et al., [link: arXiv:1309.5113](https://arxiv.org/abs/1309.5113), Phys. Lett. B 728 (2014))

- negligible/small nuclear absorption expected

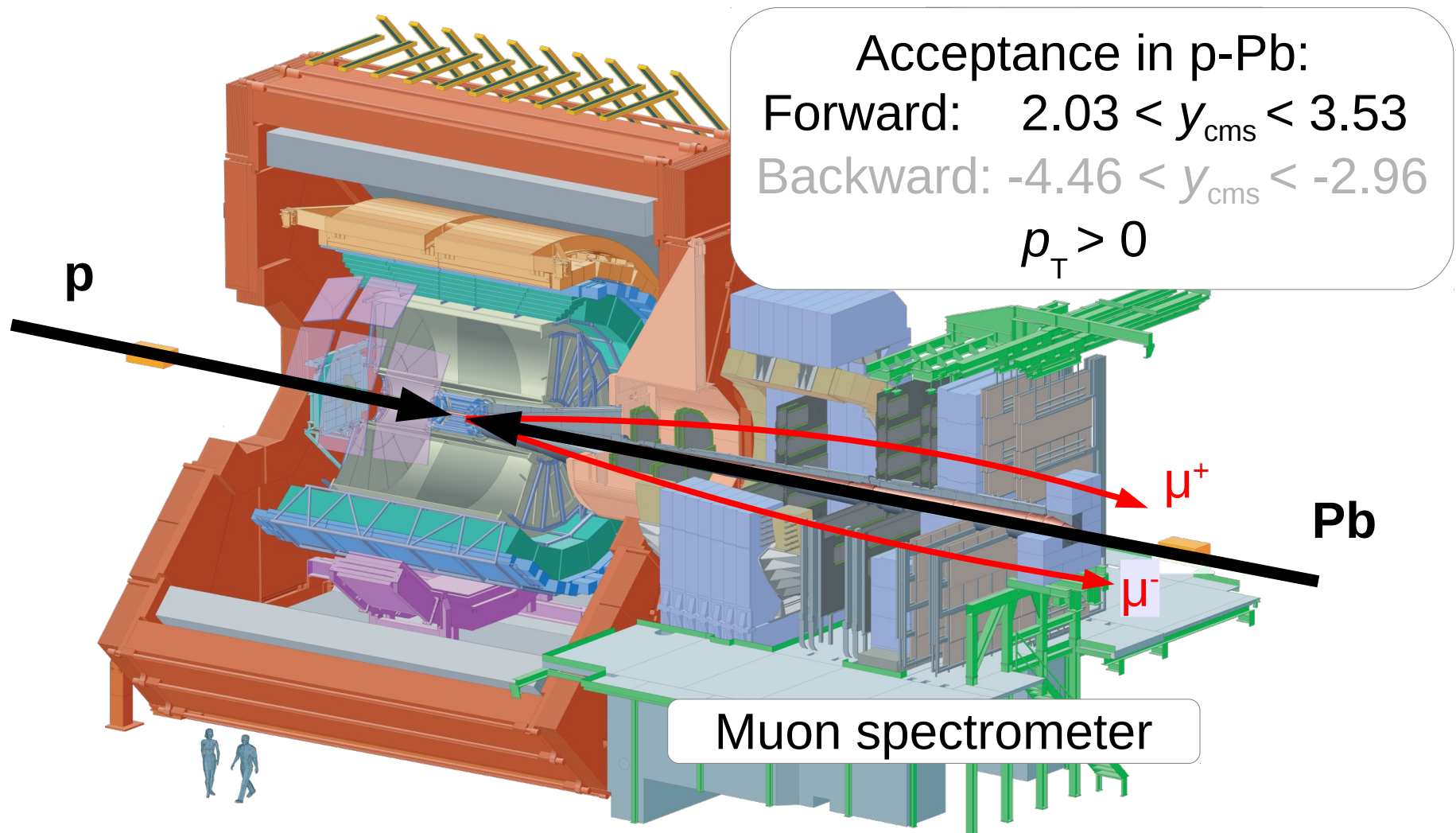


JHEP 1303 (2013)

### Caveats:

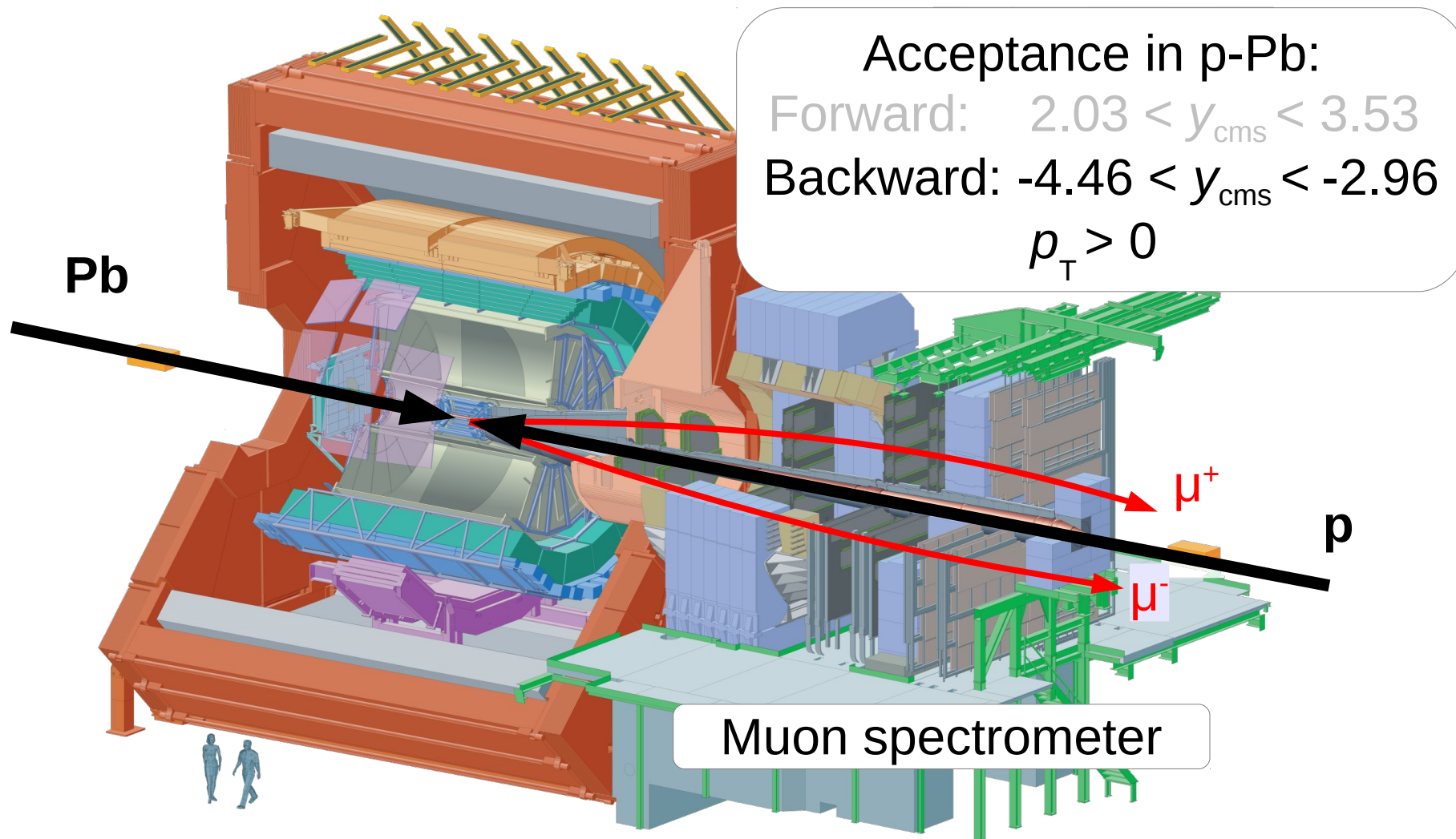
- no consensus about  $pp$  production mechanism
- besides direct  $J/\psi$ : feed-down from  $B$  hadrons,  $\psi(2S)$  and  $\chi_c$

# Charmonium with ALICE at the LHC



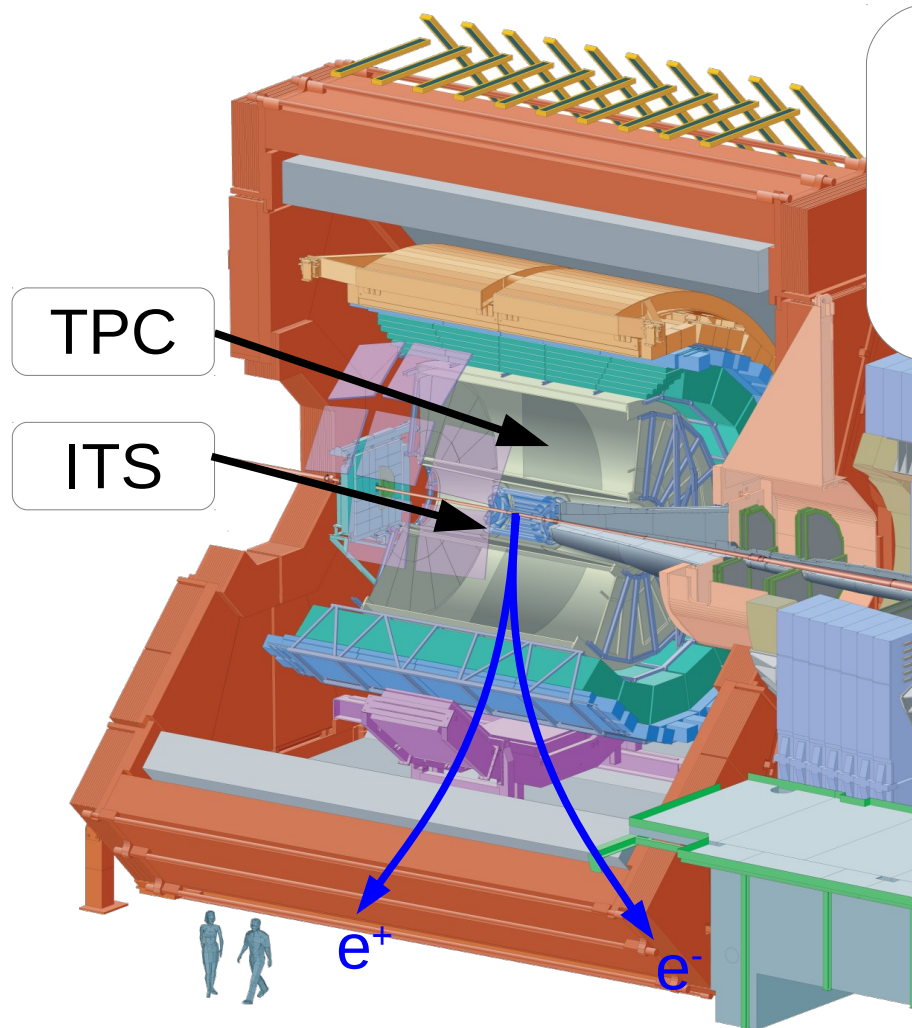
Inclusive  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  down to  $p_{\text{T}} = 0$  GeV/c at forward rapidity  
p-Pb: forward and backward rapidity via beam direction inversion

# Charmonium with ALICE at the LHC



Inclusive  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  down to  $p_{\text{T}} = 0$  GeV/c at forward rapidity  
p-Pb: forward and backward rapidity via beam direction inversion

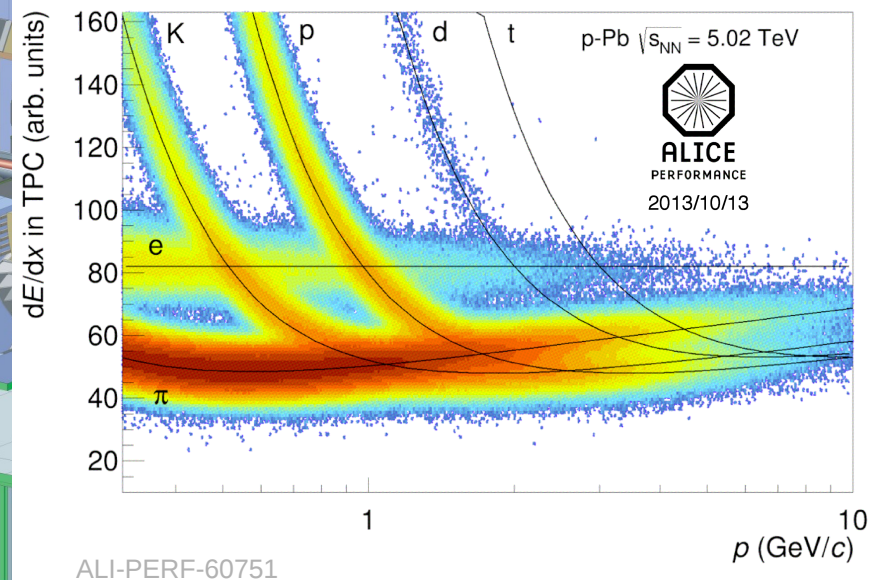
# Charmonium with ALICE at the LHC



Acceptance in p-Pb:

$$-1.37 < y_{\text{cms}} < 0.43$$

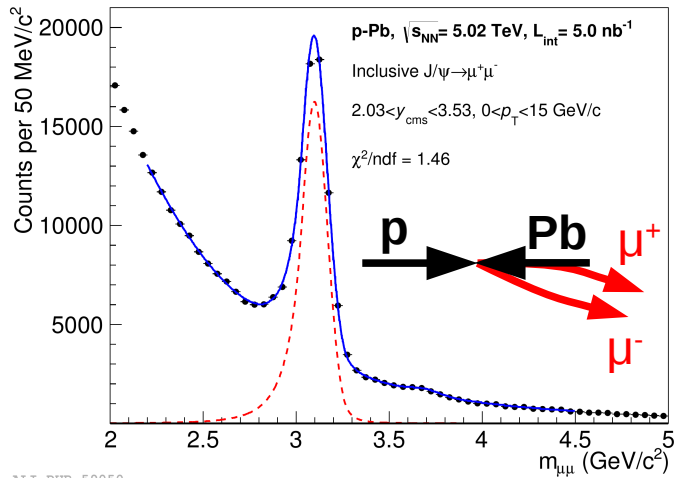
$$p_{\text{T}} > 0$$



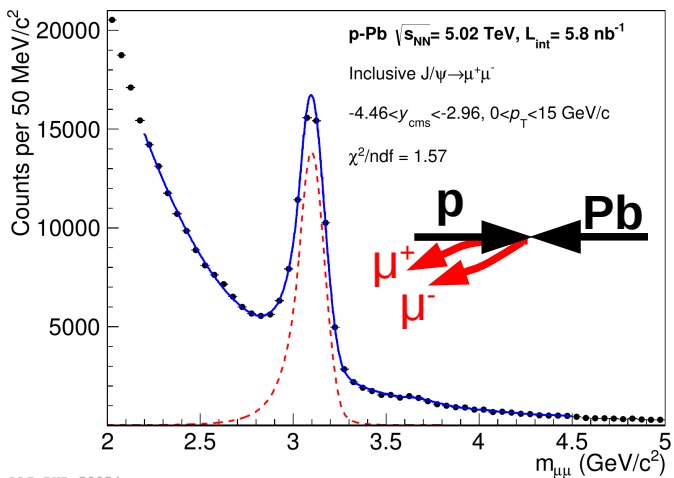
Inclusive  $J/\psi$  down to  $p_{\text{T}} = 0$  GeV/c at midrapidity

Prompt and non-prompt  $J/\psi$  down to low  $p_{\text{T}}$

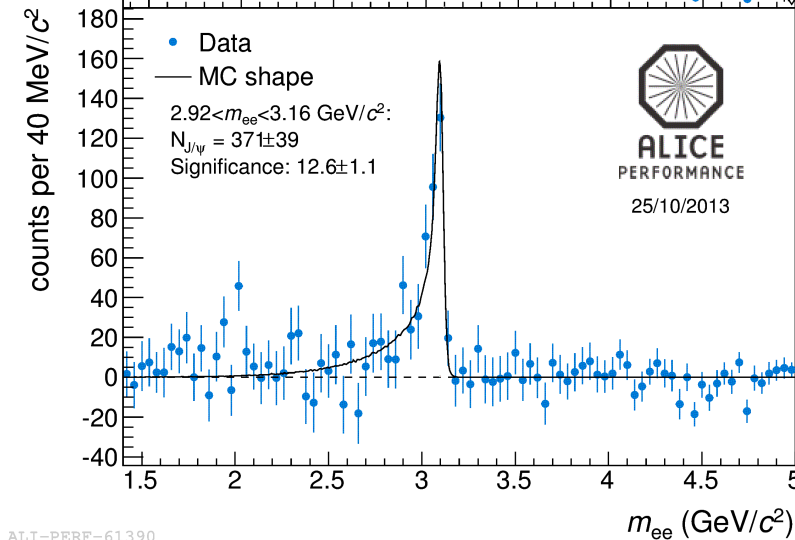
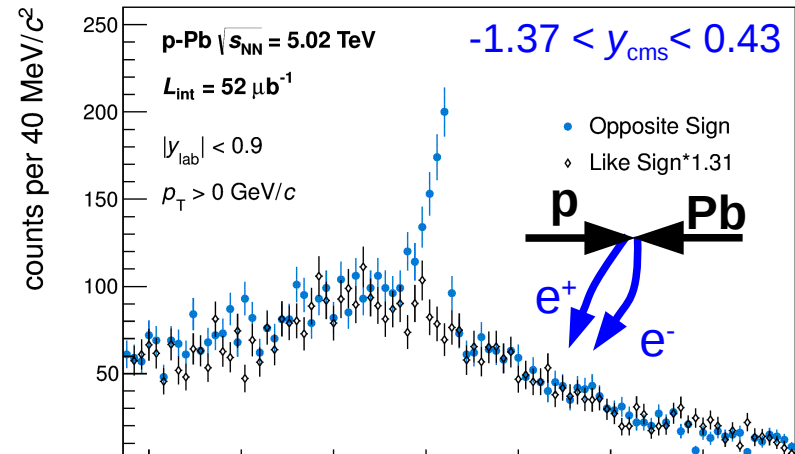
# 2013 p-Pb run



ALI-PUB-59050



ALI-PUB-59054



ALI-PERF-61390

Dimuons: dedicated trigger

$L_{int} = 5.0$  nb $^{-1}$  (forward)

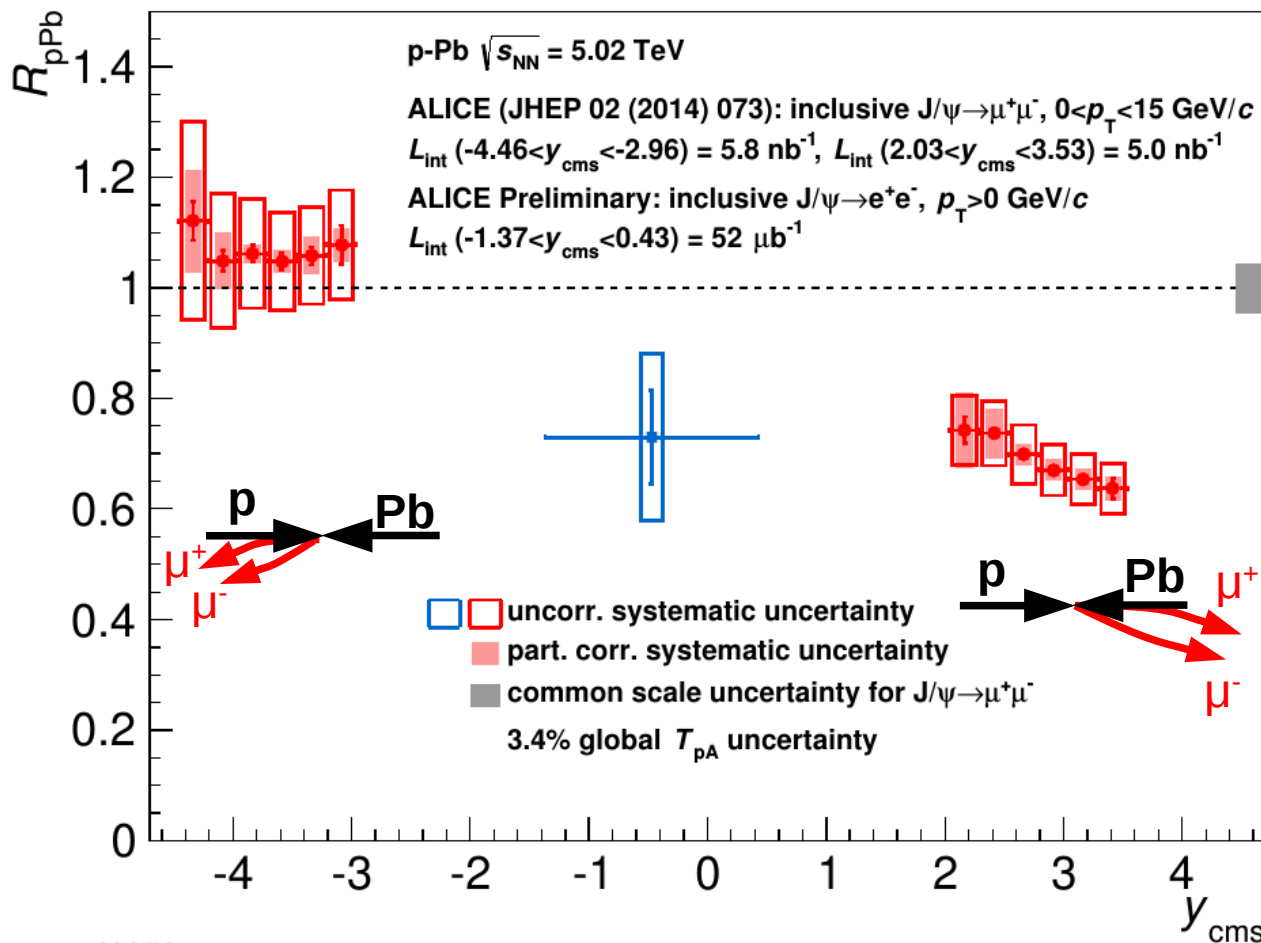
$L_{int} = 5.8$  nb $^{-1}$  (backward)

Dielectrons: Minimum Bias

$L_{int} = 52$   $\mu\text{b}^{-1}$

all plots  $p_T$ - and  $y$ -integrated here

# $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}$ as a function of rapidity



$\mu^+\mu^-$ : link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)

JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

Prelim. HP' 13  $e^+e^-$ :

link: [arXiv:1404.1615](https://arxiv.org/abs/1404.1615)

$$R_{pPb} = \frac{N_{J/\psi \text{ in } pPb}}{\langle T_{pA} \rangle \cdot \sigma_{J/\psi \text{ in } pp}}$$

Forward and backward rapidity results

consistent with LHCb:

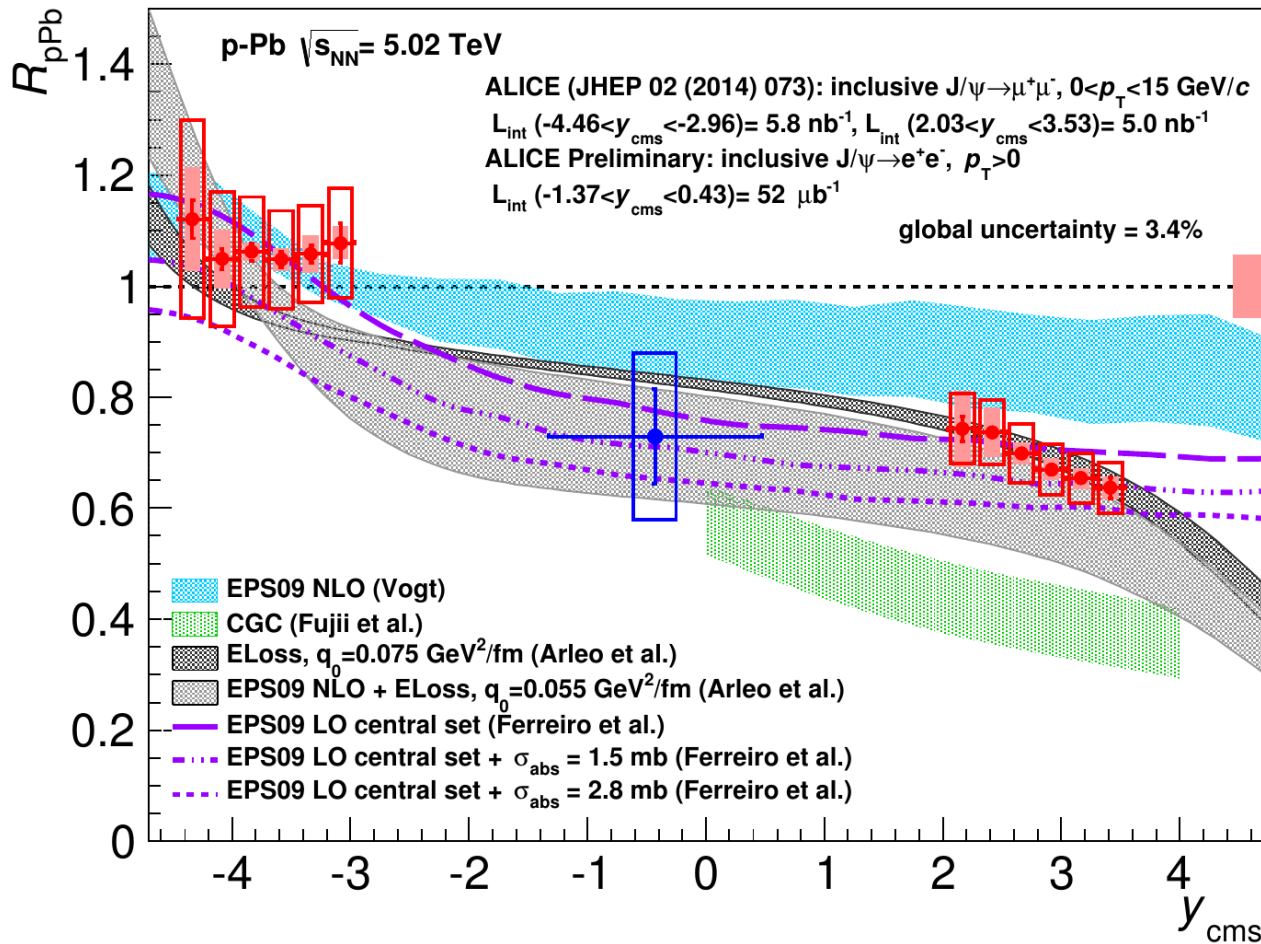
link: [arXiv:1308.6729](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6729)

JHEP 1402 (2014) 072

- significant suppression at forward rapidity
- mid-rapidity result compatible with forward rapidity result
- backward rapidity result consistent with no suppression



# $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}$ as a function of rapidity



$\mu^+\mu^-$ : link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)

JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

Prelim. HP' 13  $e^+e^-$ :

link: [arXiv:1404.1615](https://arxiv.org/abs/1404.1615)

$$R_{pPb} = \frac{N_{J/\psi \text{ in } pPb}}{\langle T_{pA} \rangle \cdot \sigma_{J/\psi \text{ in } pp}}$$

Forward and backward rapidity results

consistent with LHCb:

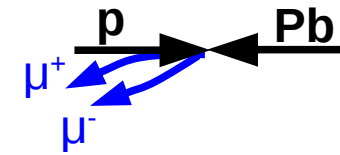
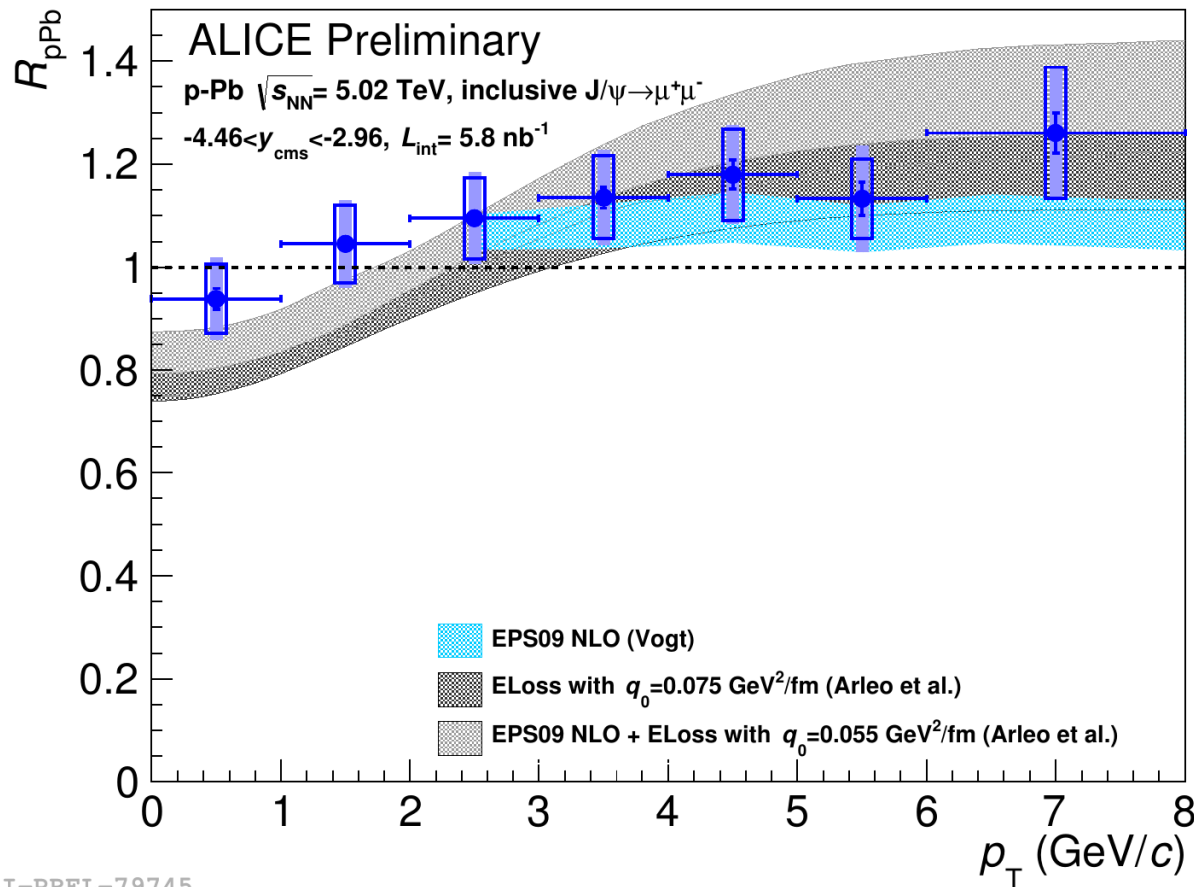
link: [arXiv:1308.6729](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6729)

JHEP 1402 (2014) 072

ALI-PREL-73445

- EPS09 shadowing combined with CEM/CSM consistent with data
- energy loss models with/without shadowing consistent with data
- this CGC-based model disfavoured

# Backward rapidity: $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$

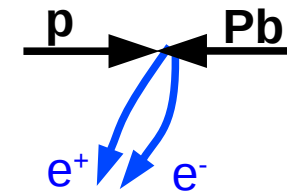
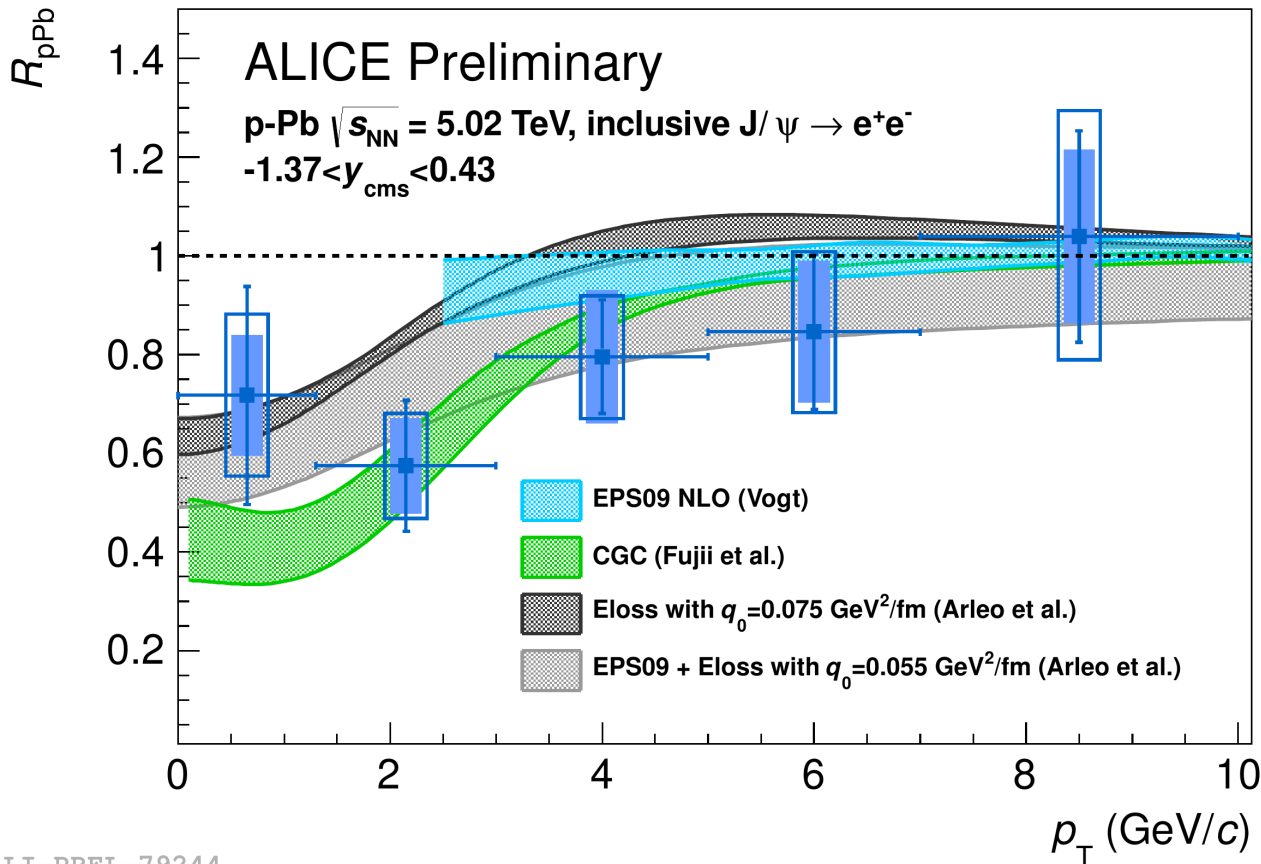


Systematic uncertainties:

- coloured boxes: uncorrelated
- filled areas: (part.) correlated

- EPS09 shadowing combined with CEM consistent with data
- roughly consistent with coherent energy loss models within uncertainties

# Midrapidity: $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$



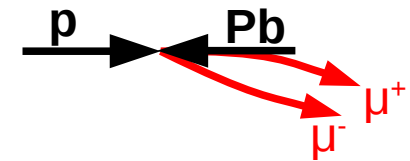
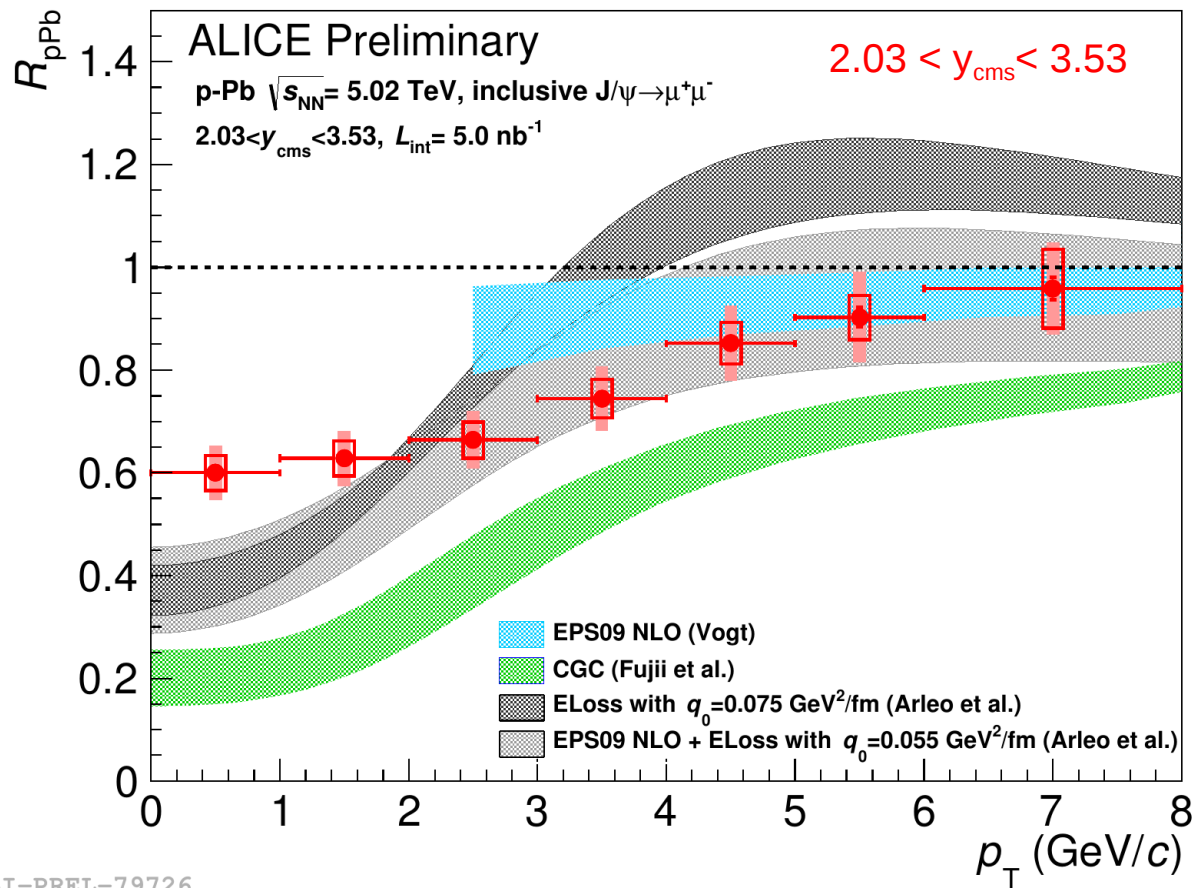
Systematic uncertainties:

- coloured boxes: uncorrelated
- filled areas: correlated

- rise of  $R_{pPb}$  with increasing  $p_T$
- EPS09 shadowing with CEM production consistent with data
- coherent energy loss models consistent with data
- this CGC-based model consistent with data in this rapidity range

ALI-PREL-79244

# Forward rapidity: $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$



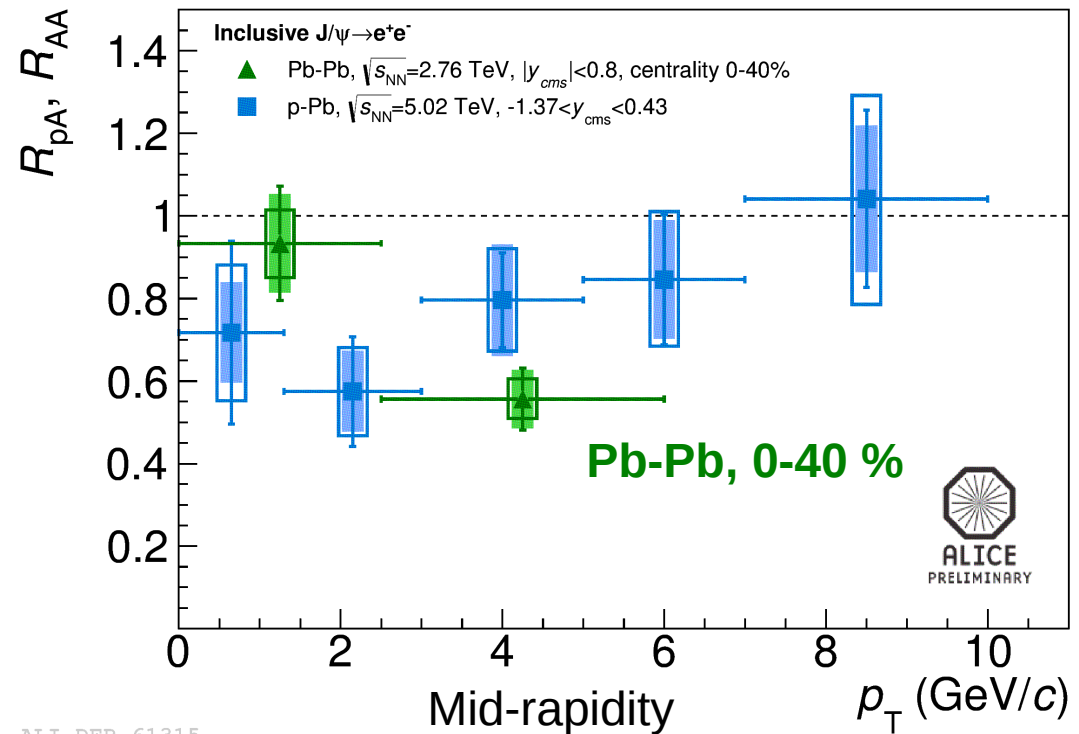
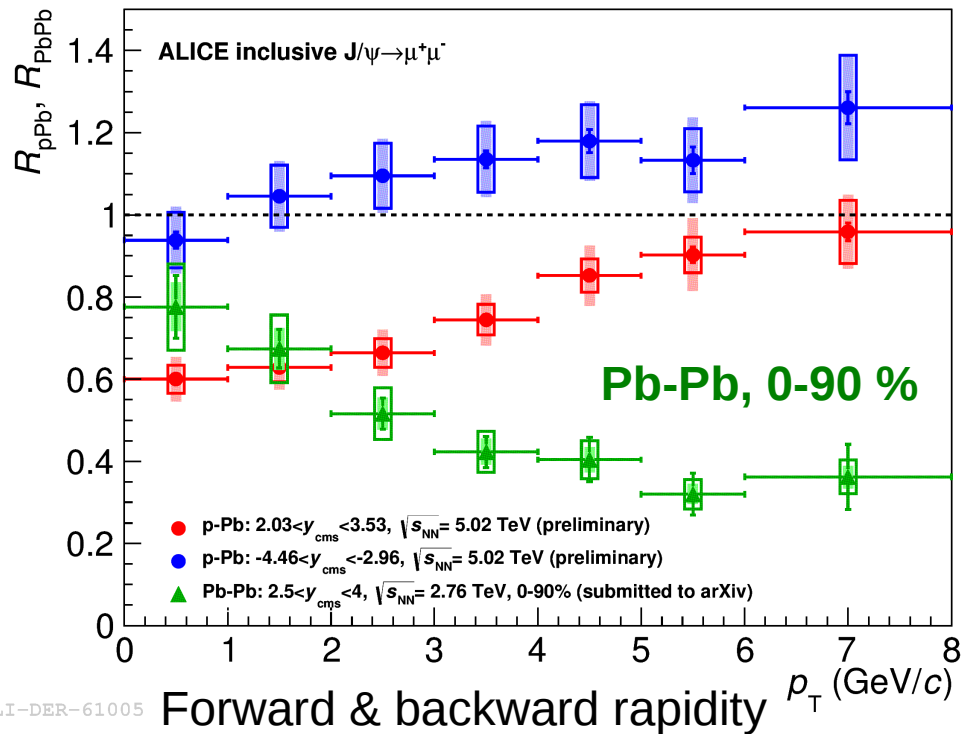
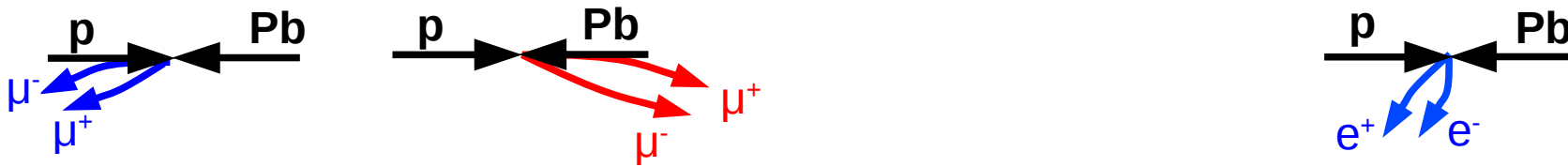
Systematic uncertainties:

- coloured boxes: uncorrelated
- filled areas: (part.) correlated

- similar pattern as at midrapidity
- consistent with EPS09 shadowing with CEM for  $p_T > 4$  GeV/c
- underpredicted by energy loss models at low  $p_T$  with/without shadowing
- underpredicted by this CGC-based model

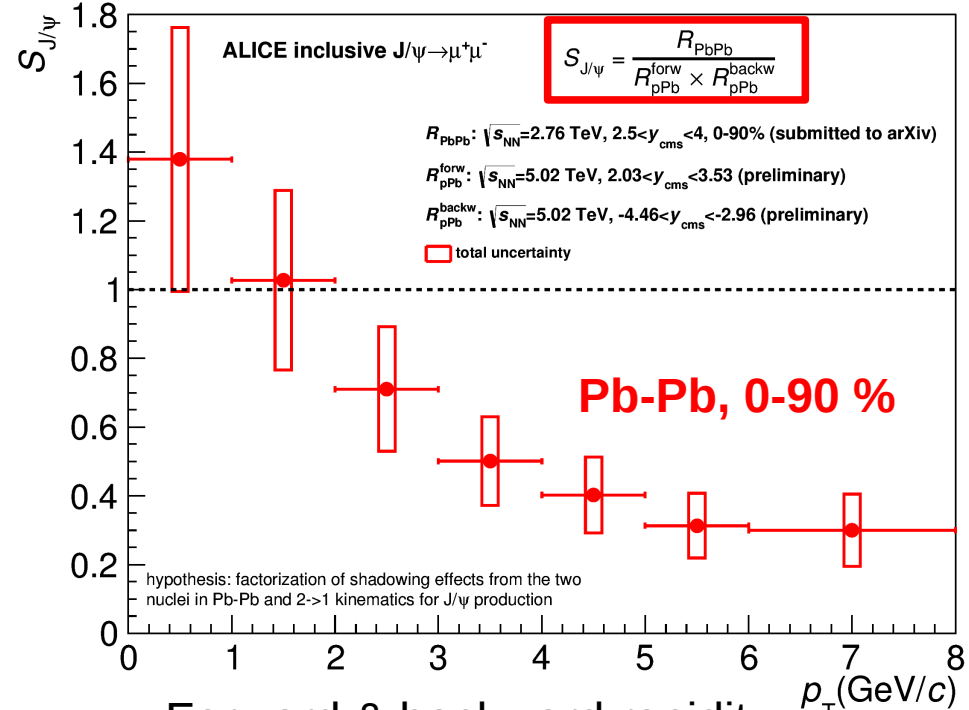
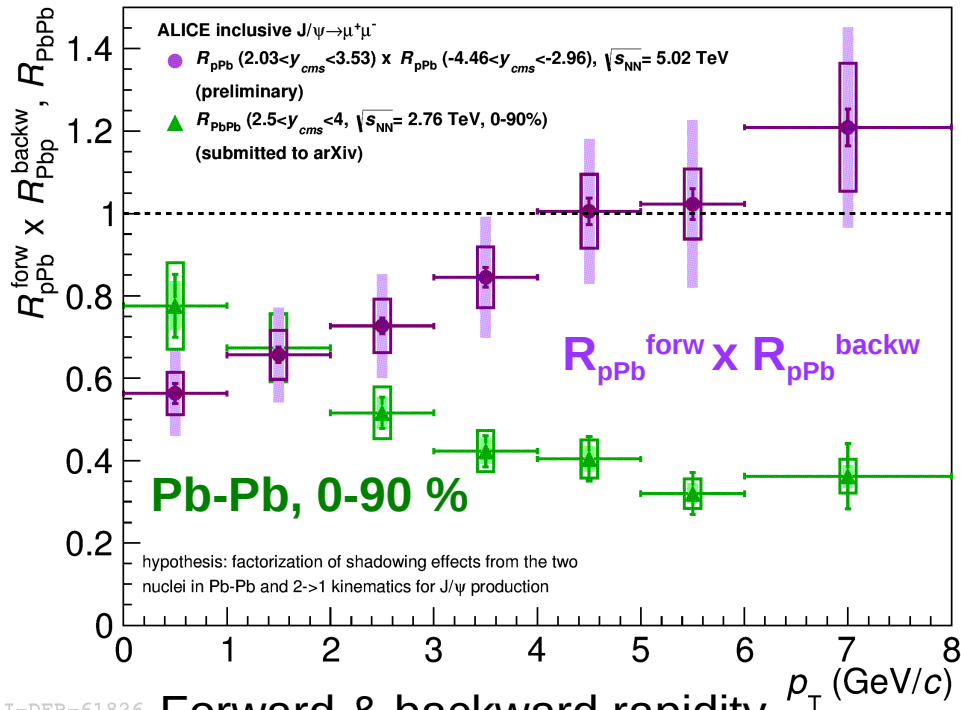
ALI-PREL-79726

# $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$ versus $R_{PbPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$



- different  $p_T$ -dependences of nuclear modification factor  
in Pb-Pb and p-Pb at forward and backward rapidity

# $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$ versus $R_{PbPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$



2 → 1 kinematics probes ≈ the same Bjorken-x of Pb in p-Pb and Pb-Pb

- Assuming factorization of nuclear effects (e.g. only nPDF as nucl. effects in pA)

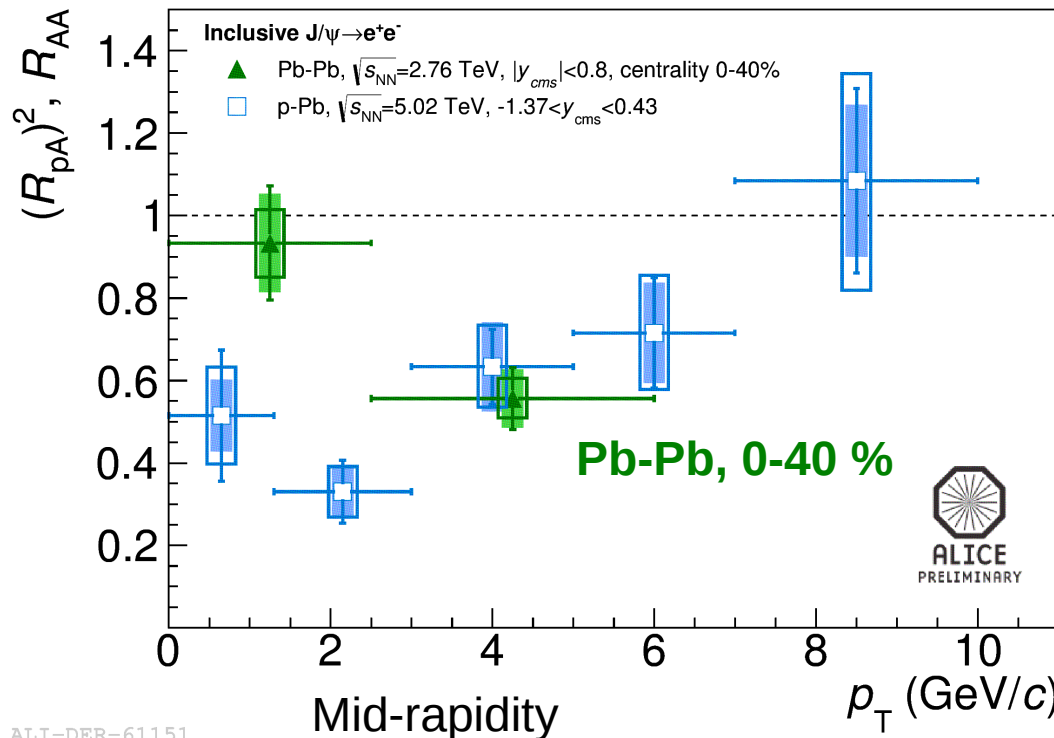
→  $R_{pPb}^{forw} \times R_{pPb}^{backw}$  ( $R_{pPb}^2$ ): can be used as Pb-Pb expectation

→ **enhancement at low- $p_T$  + suppression at high- $p_T$  in Pb-Pb**

'extrapolation' also approximate for 2 → 2 kinematics within CEM at finite  $p_T$

→ see talk by R. Vogt at Quarkonium 2014: [link](#)

# $R_{pPb}(p_T)$ versus $R_{PbPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$



ALI-DER-61151

$2 \rightarrow 1$  kinematics probes  $\approx$  the same Bjorken- $x$  of Pb in p-Pb and Pb-Pb

- Assuming factorization of nuclear effects (e.g. only nPDF as nucl. effects in pA)

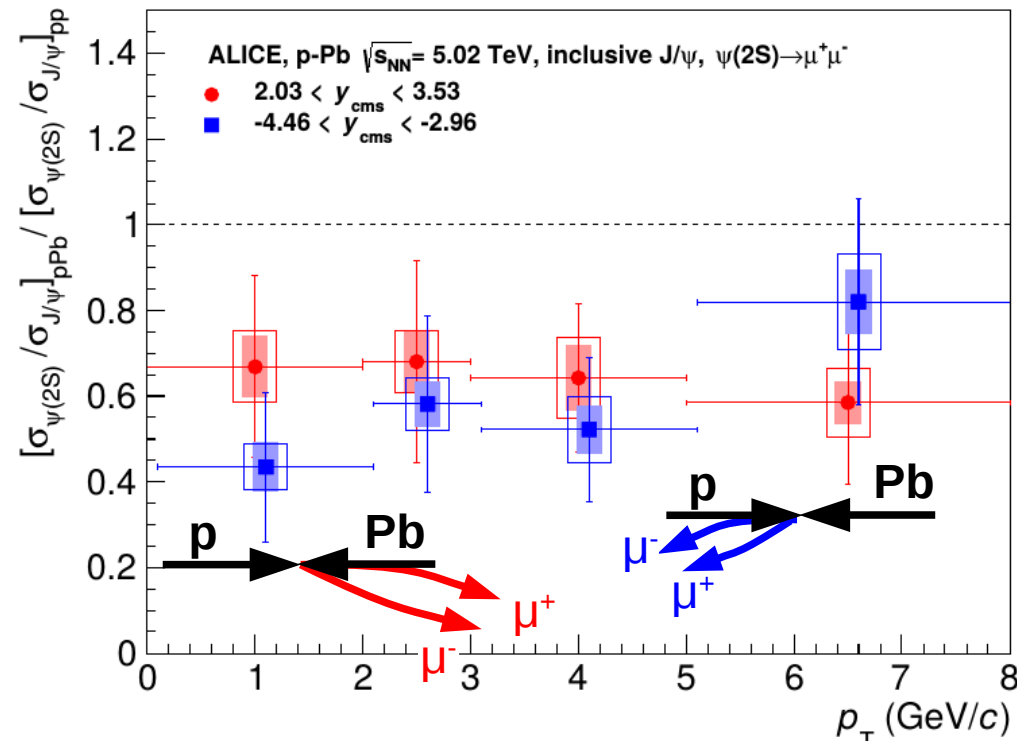
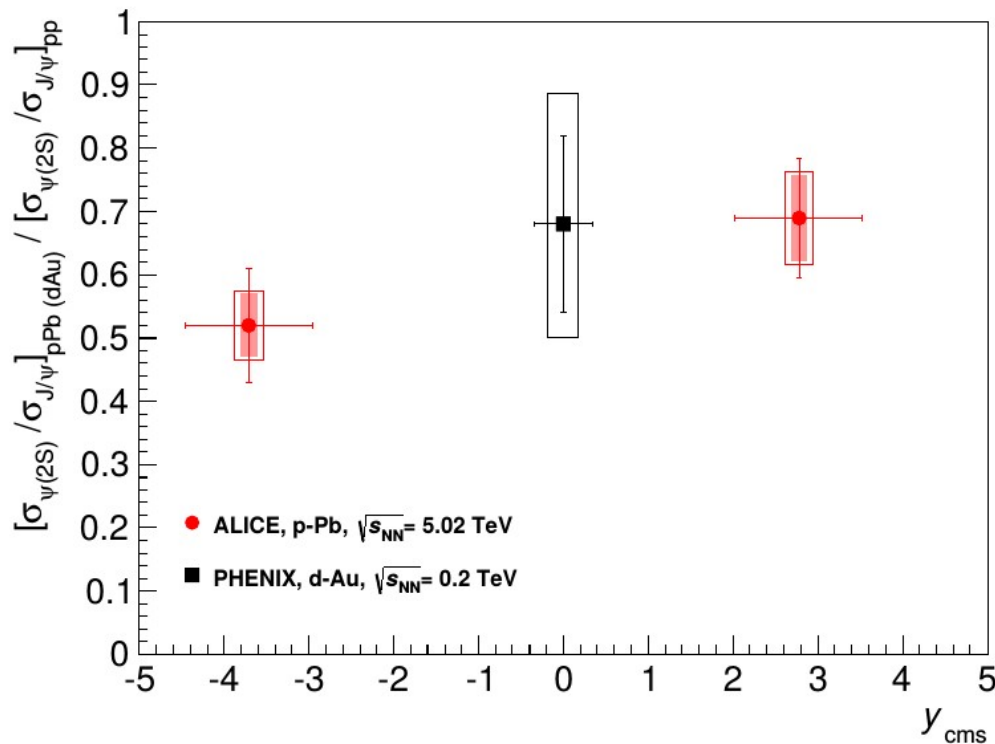
$\rightarrow R_{pPb}^{forw} \times R_{pPb}^{backw} (R_{pPb}^2)$ : can be used as Pb-Pb expectation

$\rightarrow$  **enhancement at low  $p_T$  + suppression at high  $p_T$  in Pb-Pb**

'extrapolation' also approximate for  $2 \rightarrow 2$  kinematics within CEM at finite  $p_T$

$\rightarrow$  see talk by R. Vogt at Quarkonium 2014: [link](#)

# $\psi(2S)$ in p-Pb: more suppressed than $J/\psi$



- Decrease of  $\psi(2S)/J/\psi$ -ratio from pp to p-Pb
- Hint of rapidity dependence, no dependence on  $p_T$  within uncertainties
- Similar effect seen by PHENIX in d-Au collisions at midrapidity at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 202301 (2013), [arXiv:1305.5516](https://arxiv.org/abs/1305.5516)

[link: arXiv:1405.3796](https://arxiv.org/abs/1405.3796)

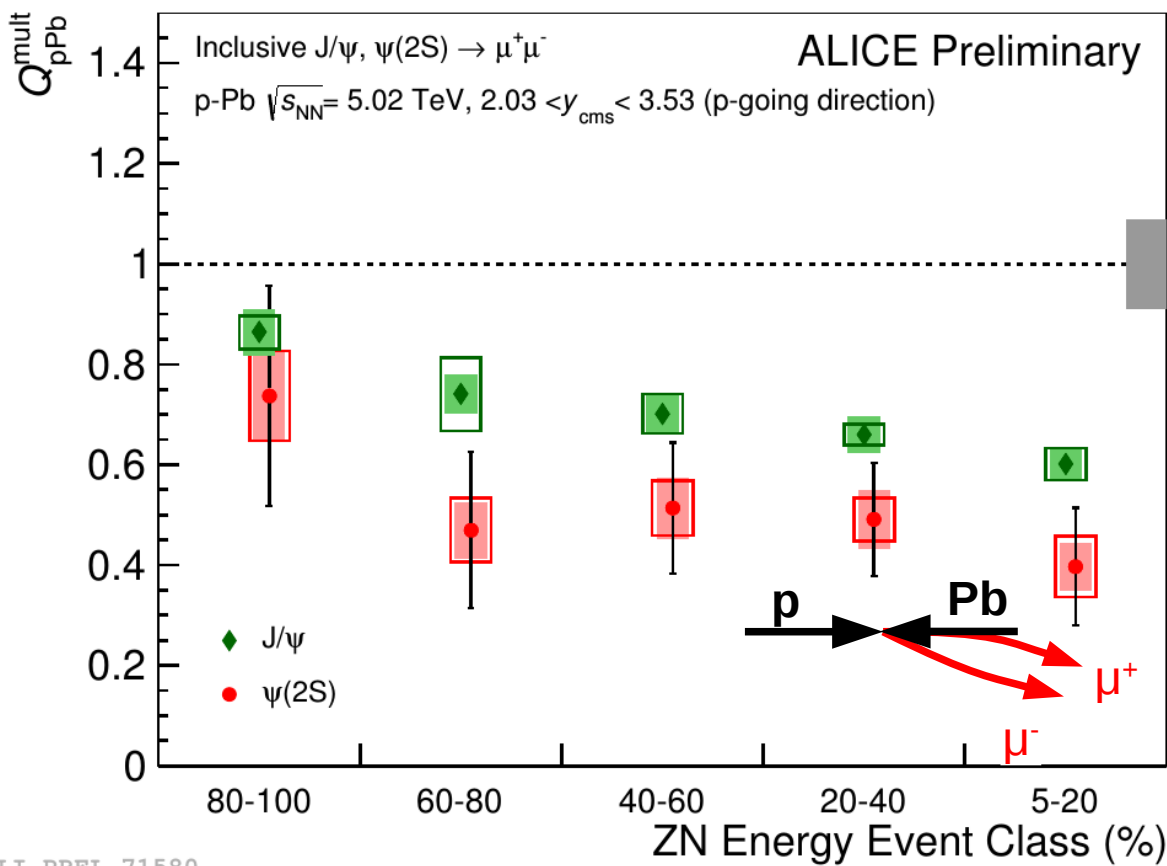
Accepted by JHEP

Shadowing & E-loss models: identical treatment of  $\psi(2S)$  &  $J/\psi$   
 → no explanation for this behaviour with these mechanisms





# $Q_{pA}$ : event activity dependence of $J/\psi$ & $\psi(2S)$



ALI-PREL-71580

'event' activity dependence called  $Q_{pPb}$  instead of  $R_{pA}$  due to weaker correlation between estimator and geometry than in AA, and due to biases

ALICE: slicing events in signal from neutron energy measured by the Zero Degree Calor. to avoid biases:

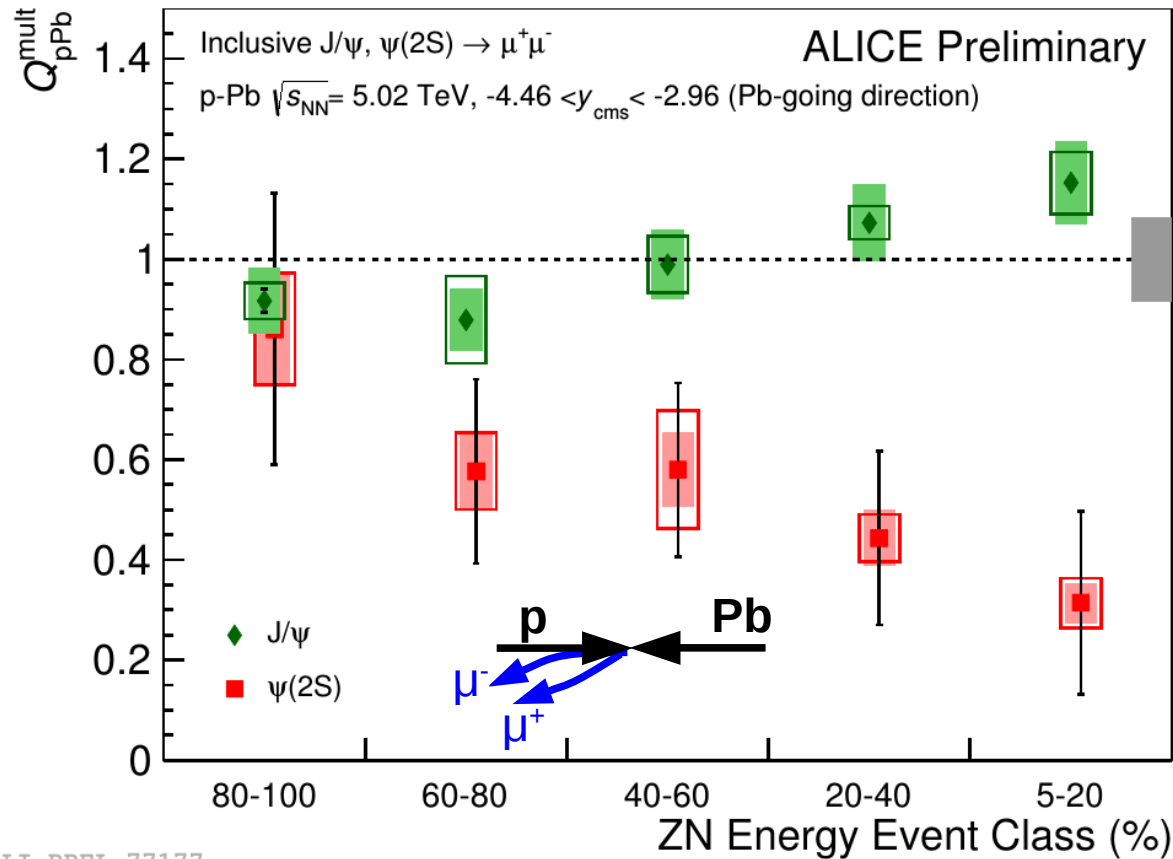
$$Q_{pPb}^{mult.} = \frac{N_{J/\psi \text{ in pPb in ZNA perc.}}}{\langle T_{pPb} \rangle \cdot \sigma_{J/\psi \text{ in pp}}}$$

$\langle T_{pPb} \rangle$  constructed such that multiplicity at midrapidity fulfills  $N_{part}$  scaling

At forward rapidity (p-going):

- $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$  exhibit stronger suppression with increasing event activity
- no dependence of additional  $\psi(2S)$  suppression w.r.t.  $J/\psi$  observed within uncertainties

# $Q_{pA}$ : event activity dependence of $J/\psi$ & $\psi(2S)$



'event' activity dependence called  $Q_{pPb}$  instead of  $R_{pA}$  due to weaker correlation between estimator and geometry than in AA, and due to biases

ALICE: slicing events in signal from neutron energy measured by the Zero Degree Calor. to avoid biases:

$$Q_{pPb}^{mult.} = \frac{N_{J/\psi \text{ in pPb in ZNA perc.}}}{\langle T_{pPb} \rangle \cdot \sigma_{J/\psi \text{ in pp}}}$$

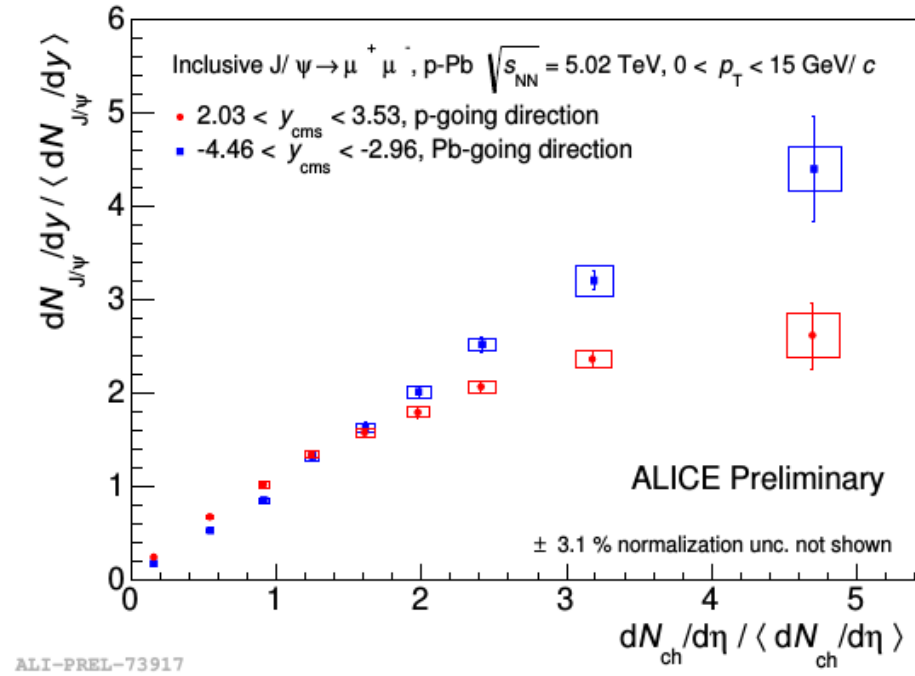
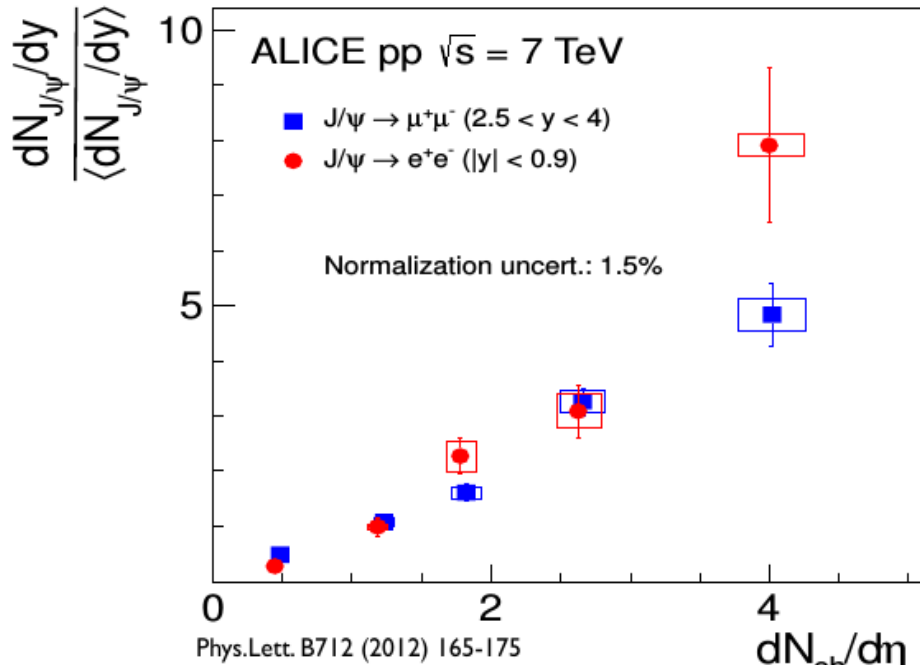
$\langle T_{pPb} \rangle$  constructed such that multiplicity at midrapidity fulfills  $N_{part}$  scaling

At backward rapidity (Pb-going):

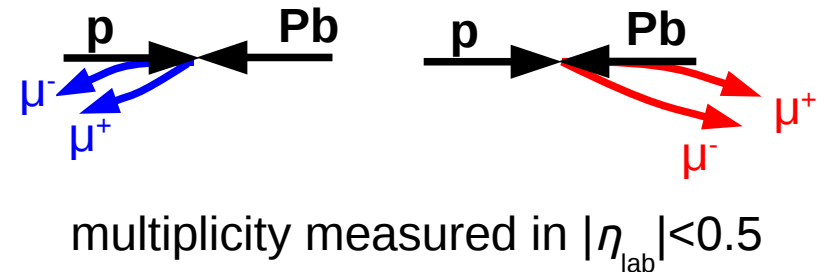
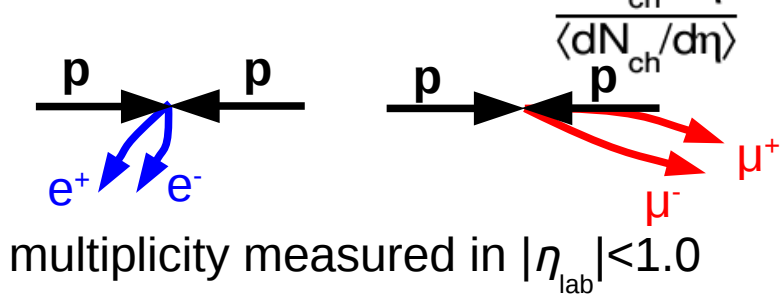
- $Q_{pA}$  of  $J/\psi$  consistent with unity
- $Q_{pA}$  of  $\psi(2S)$  decreasing with increasing event activity

ALI-PREL-77177

# Multiplicity dependence of J/ψ: pp vs p-Pb

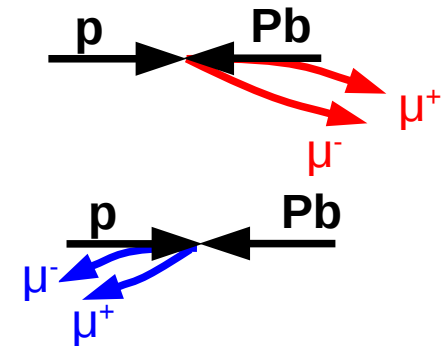
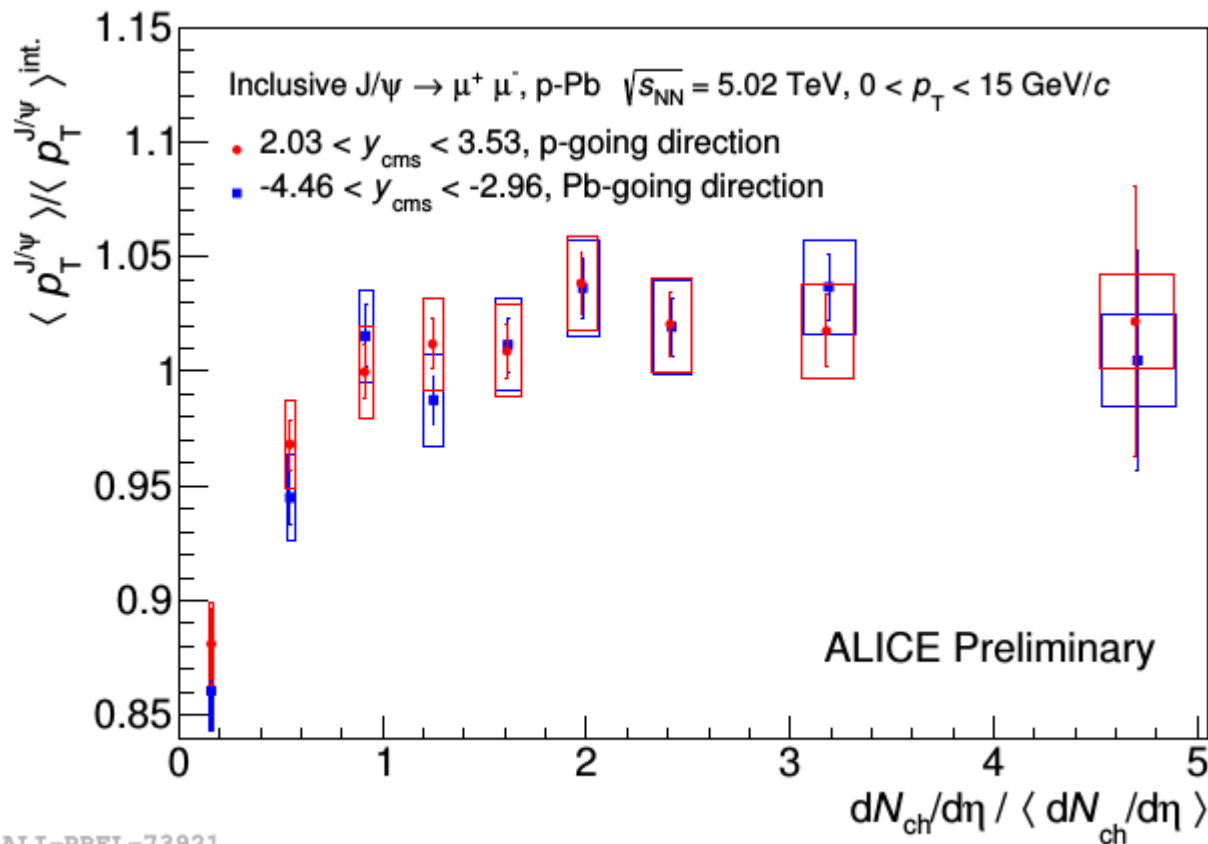


ALI-PUB-42097



- Clear increase of relative J/ψ yield in p-Pb at **forw.** & **backw.** rapidity
- Linear increase for **backward rapidity (Pb-going)** very similar to pp
- Onset of saturation at **forward rapidity (p-going)**

# Multiplicity dependence of $\langle p_T^{J/\psi} \rangle$



Increase of relative  $\langle p_T^{J/\psi} \rangle$  as function of multiplicity in  $|\eta_{lab}| < 0.5$

- saturation of increase at about  $1.5 \cdot \langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle$
- same behaviour at forward and backward rapidity within uncertainties

# Conclusions



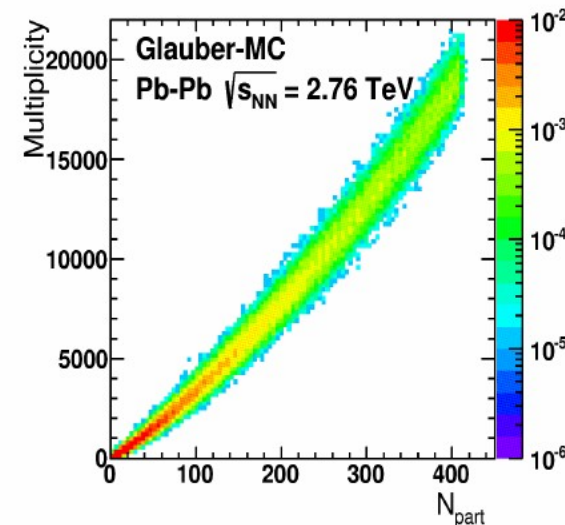
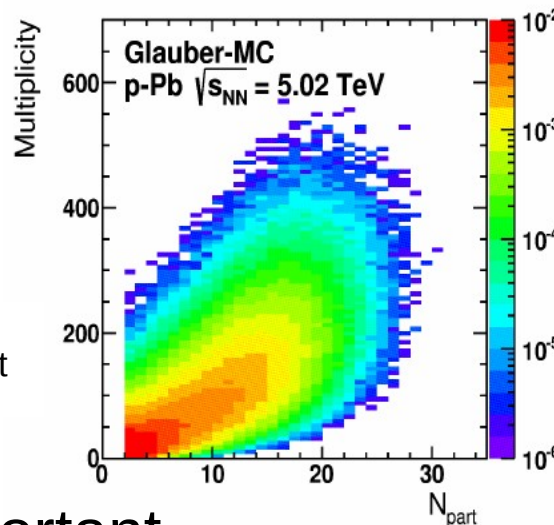
- $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}$  as a function of rapidity consistent with
  - EPS09 gluon shadowing combined with CEM/CSM
  - coherent energy loss with/without shadowing
  - some discrepancies for  $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}(p_T)$  at low  $p_T$
- $R_{pPb}^{J/\psi}$  versus  $R_{PbPb}^{J/\psi}$ 
  - low  $p_T$ : enhancement in Pb-Pb w.r.t. simple 'extrapolation' from p-Pb
  - high  $p_T$ : stronger suppression in Pb-Pb with respect to p-Pb
- $Q_{pPb}^{J/\psi}$  vs. event activity: suppression at forward rapidity & close to unity at backward rapidity
- Multiplicity dependence of relative J/ψ yields similar to pp
- $\langle p_T^{J/\psi} \rangle$  increasing with multiplicity and saturating at forward & backward rapidity
- $R_{pPb}^{\psi(2S)}$  at backward/forward rapidity: stronger suppression than J/ψ

# Back-up: explanations to $Q_{pA}$



p-Pb vs Pb-Pb:

- looser correlation between  $N_{part}$  and impact parameter
- looser correlation between  $N_{part}$  and multiplicity



→ fluctuations much more important

→ biases associated with experimental estimator choice important

- ALICE approach as consequence of observations in data:
  - slice events in zero degree neutron energy deposit on the Pb remnant side (ZNA), build  $T_{pA}$  such that:

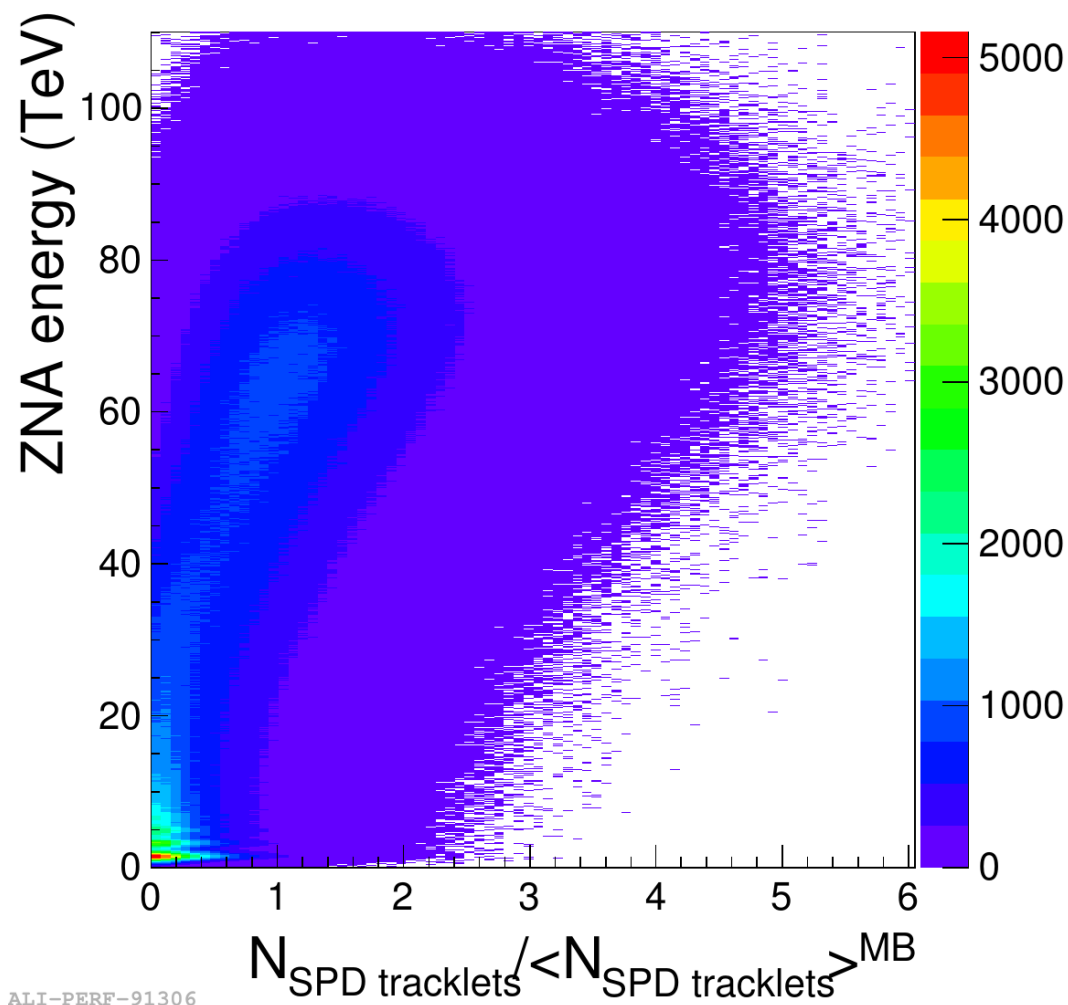
- a) midrapidity  $dN/d\eta$  scales with  $N_{part}^{target}$
- b) Pb-side  $dN/d\eta$  scales with  $N_{part}^{target}$
- c) high- $p_T$  yield at midrapidity scales with  $dN/d\eta N_{coll}$

All values within deviations of at most 10 %

Underlying assumption: ZN insensitive to dynamical biases

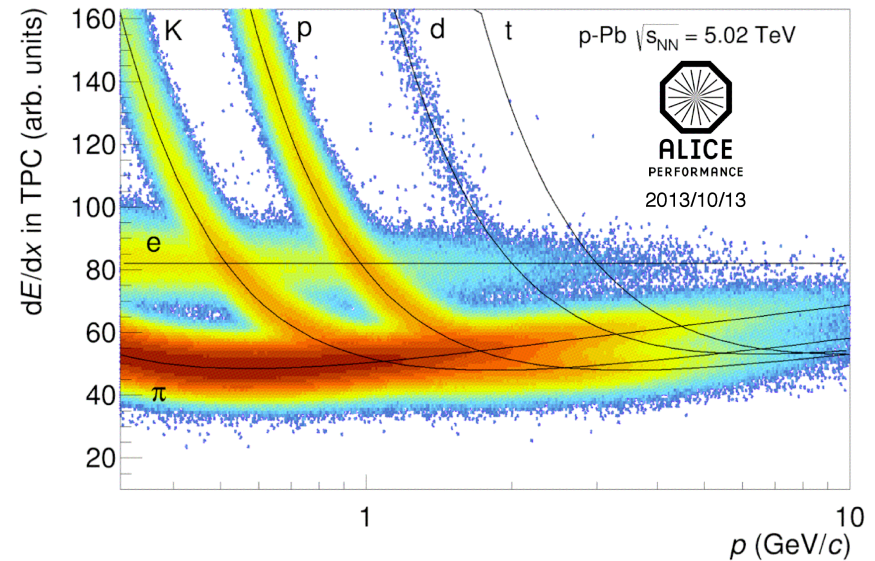
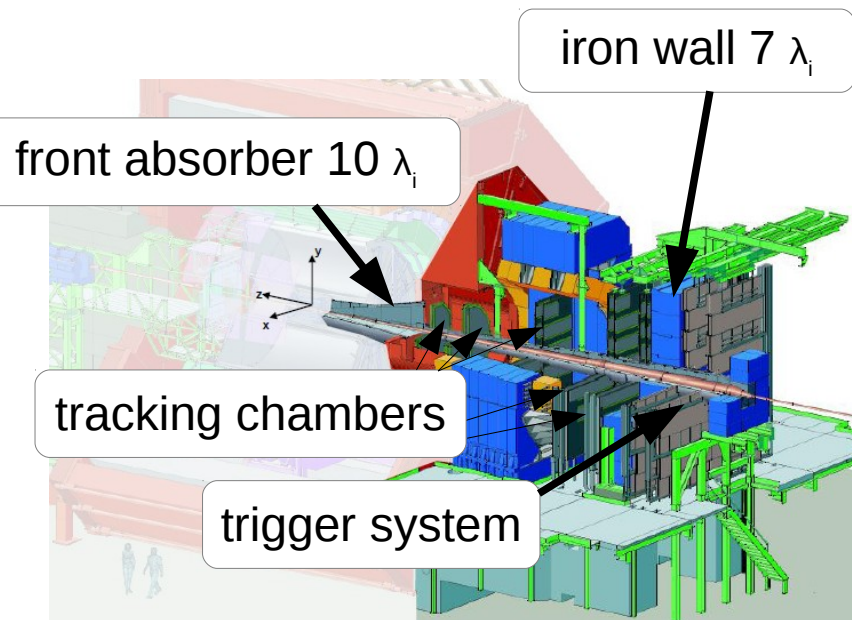
Details in new p-Pb centrality publication

# Back-up: correlation between used estimators



Comparison between the used multiplicity estimator and the variable used for the slicing in event activity bins for  $Q_{\text{pPb}}$

# Back-up: 2013 p-Pb Run



Dimuons: dedicated trigger

$$L_{\text{int}} = 5.0 \text{ nb}^{-1} \text{ (forward)}$$

$$L_{\text{int}} = 5.8 \text{ nb}^{-1} \text{ (backward)}$$

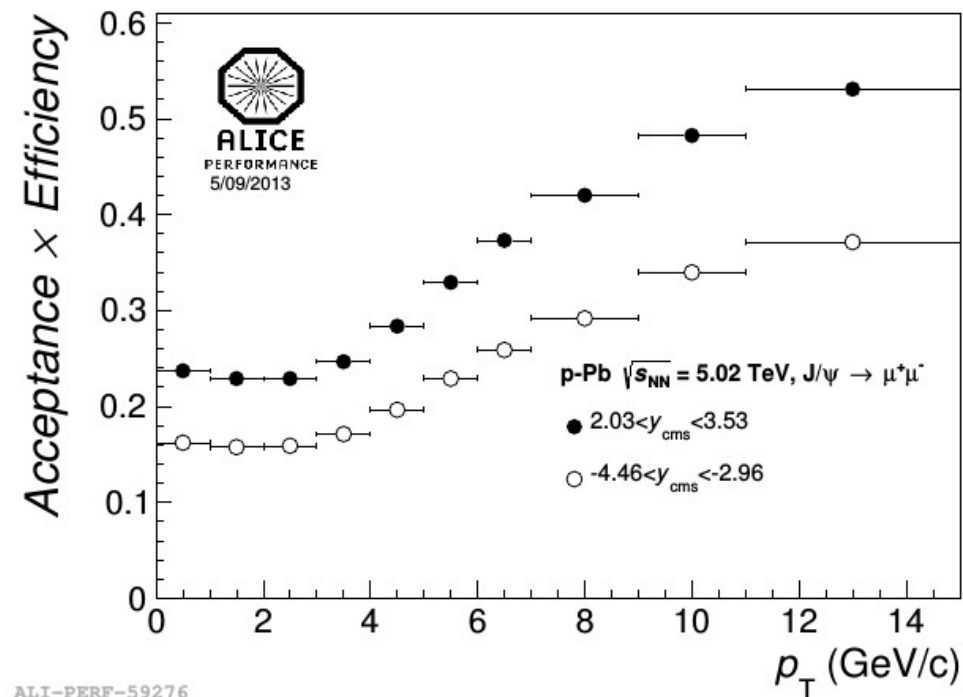
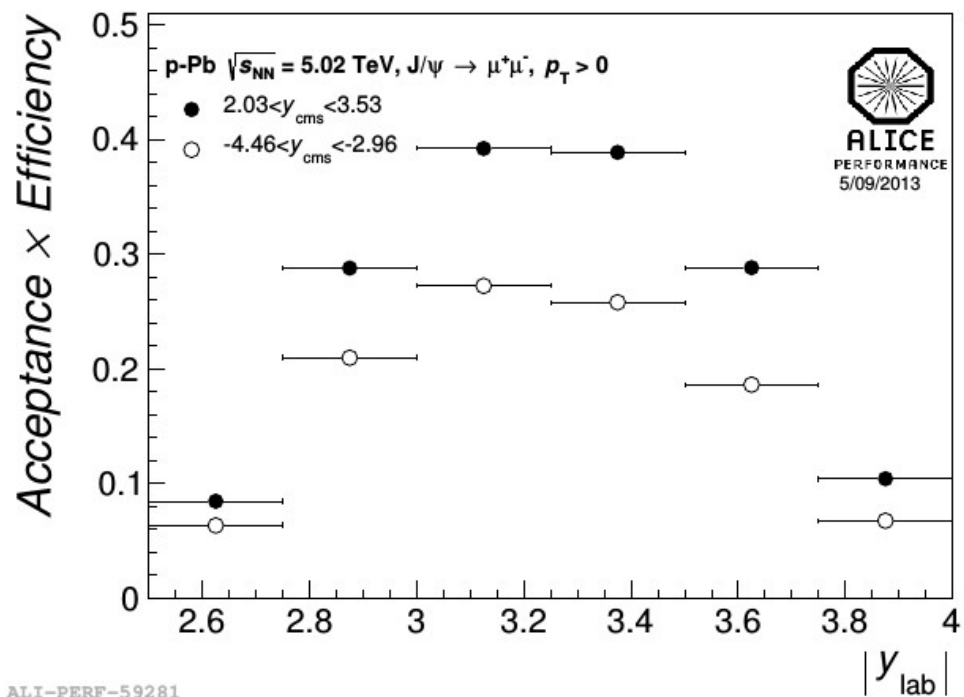
Dielectrons: Minimum Bias

$$L_{\text{int}} = 52 \text{ } \mu\text{b}^{-1}$$

extensive usage of TPC-PID



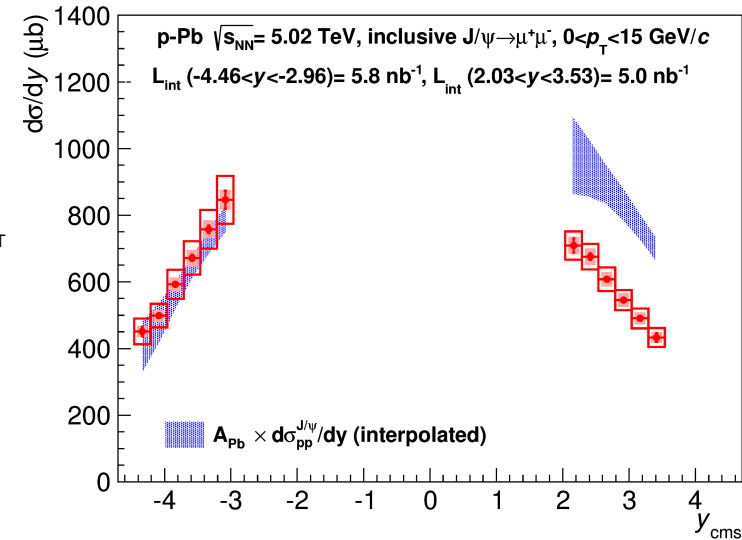
# Back-up: Acceptance x efficiency for muon channel



# Back-up: pp-reference at $\sqrt{s} = 5.02$ TeV

## Dimuons:

- interpolation of ALICE results in pp at  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76$  TeV and  $\sqrt{s} = 7.0$  TeV in bins of  $y, p_T$
- extrapolation in  $y$ , where necessary  
 $y$ -ranges only partially overlapping between pp and p-Pb  
 cross-checked with approach chosen for the dielectrons



ALI-PUB-59031

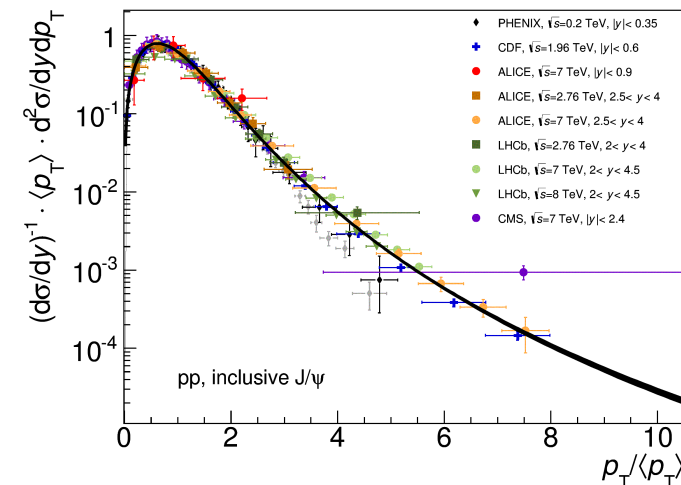
## Dielectrons:

- $d\sigma/dy$  via interpolation of results (PHENIX, CDF, ALICE) at  $y \approx 0$ :

$$\text{BR}(J/\psi \rightarrow ee) \times d\sigma/dy_{pp, y \approx 0}(\sqrt{s} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}) = 368 \pm 91 \text{ nb}$$

effect of rapidity shift negligible w.r.t. total uncertainty

- $p_T$ -dependence from phenomenological scaling  
 inspired by arXiv:1103.2394



ALI-PERF-61139

# Back-up: Uncertainties: $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ at midrapidity

	$p_T$ -integrated $R_{pA}$	$p_T$ -differential $R_{pA}$
<b>Statistical uncertainty</b>	11.6 %	14 - 31 %
<b>Systematic uncertainties</b>		
Signal extraction & PID uncorr. between $p_T$ -bins	11.1 %	10 - 20 %
Tracking efficiency uncorr. between $p_T$ -bins	6.0 %	6.0 %
MC kinematics	3.0 %	negligible
Total syst. uncert. on yield uncorr. between $p_T$ -bins	12.9 %	12 - 21 %
$T_{pA}$ fully corr. w.r.t. forward and backward results	3.4 %	not used consistent with use of MB cross section
MB cross section corr. between $p_T$ -bins and w.r.t. forward result	not used consistent with use of $T_{pA}$	3.4 %
pp-reference 16.6 % correlated between $p_T$ -bins	16.6 %	17.0 - 27.0 %

# Back-up: Bjoerken-x ranges for J/ψ in p-Pb and Pb-Pb in 2 → 1 kinematics



For 2 → 1 kinematics: 
$$x_{1/2} = \frac{m_T}{\sqrt{s_{NN}}} \exp(-/+y_{cms})$$

Values for  $p_T = 0$  GeV/c for the analysed data samples in 2010-2013:

Dimuons:

p-Pb forward rapidity ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV)  $x_{Pb} = 1.8 - 8.1 \cdot 10^{-5}$

p-Pb backward rapidity ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV)  $x_{Pb} = 1.1 - 5.3 \cdot 10^{-2}$

Pb-Pb ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV)  $x_{Pb1} = 1.4 - 6.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$

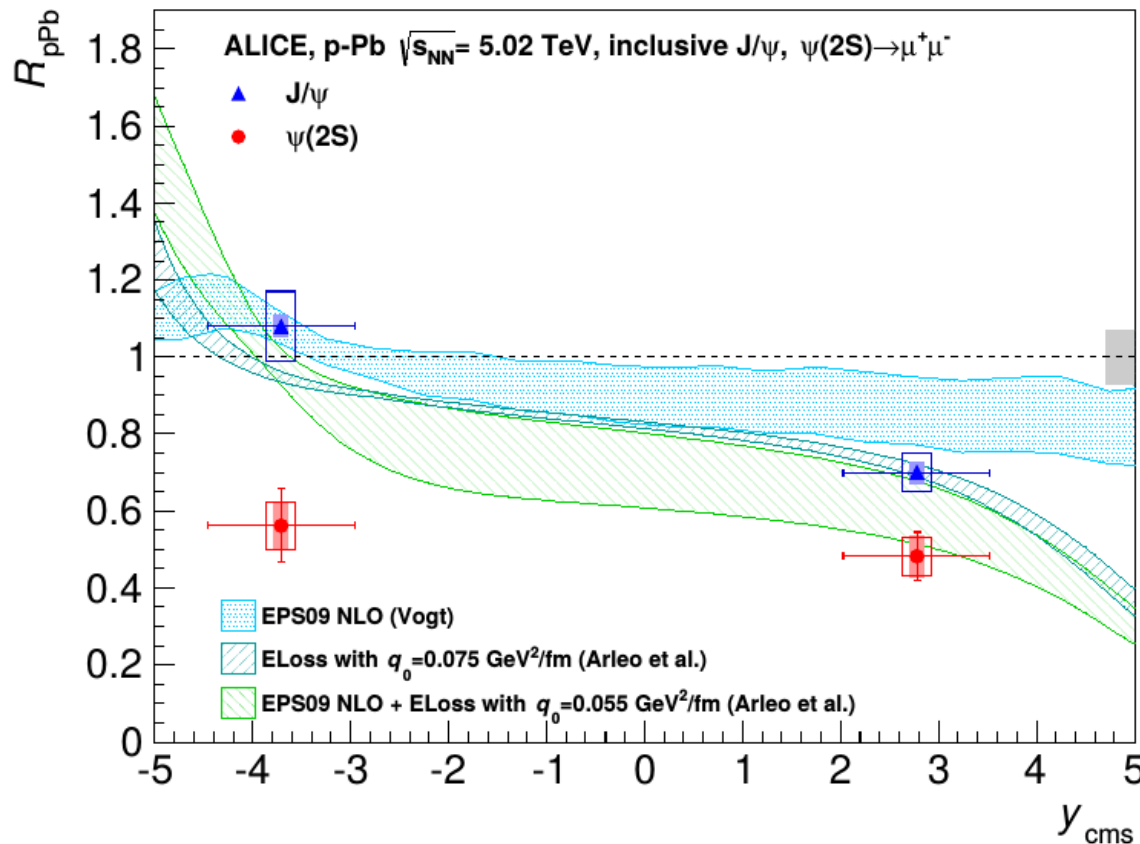
$x_{Pb2} = 2.1 - 9.2 \cdot 10^{-5}$

Dielectrons:

p-Pb ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV)  $x_{Pb} = 0.4 - 2.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$

Pb-Pb ( $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV)  $x_{Pb} = 0.5 - 2.5 \cdot 10^{-3}$

# Back-up: $R_{pA}$ : $\psi(2S)$ and $J/\psi$ model comparison



Model calculations for  $J/\psi$ : very minor differences expected for  $\psi(2S)$

Systematic uncertainties:

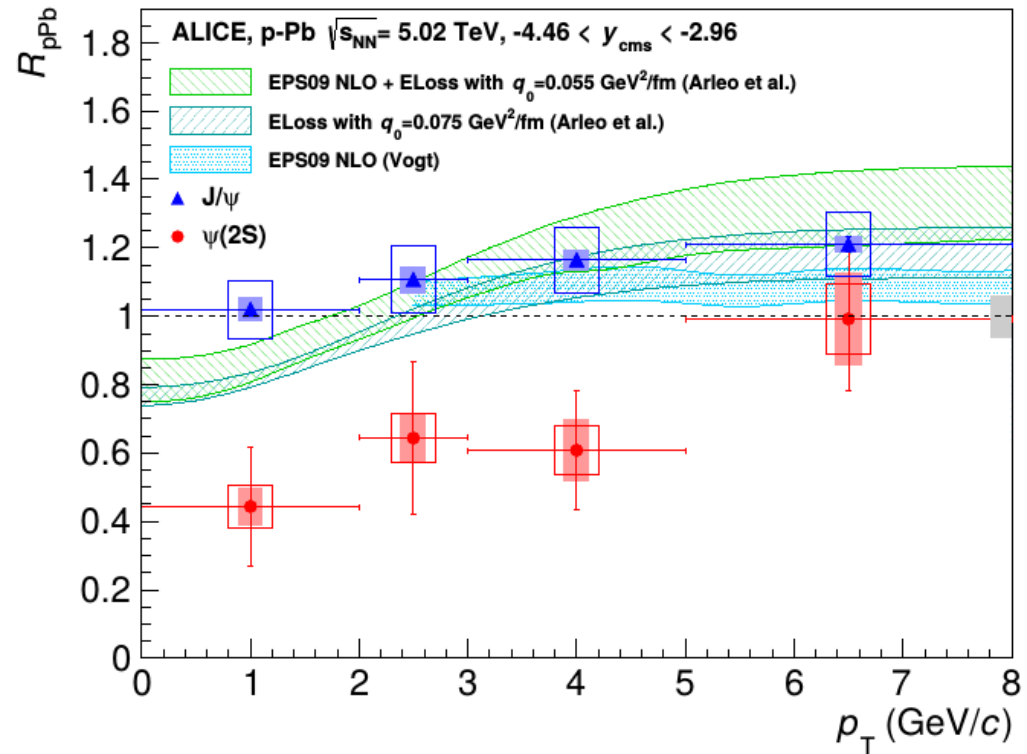
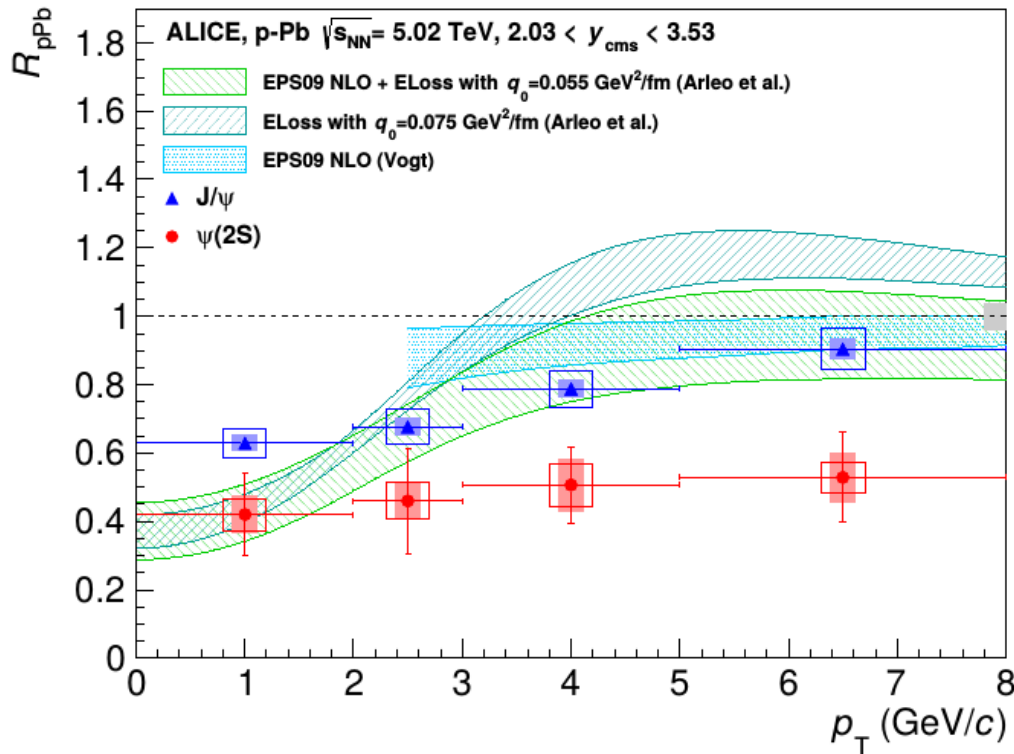
- coloured boxes: uncorrelated
- filled areas: (part.) correlated
- grey box: fully correlated between  $\psi(2S)$  &  $J/\psi$

link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)  
JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

Shadowing & E-loss models: identical treatment of  $\psi(2S)$  &  $J/\psi$

→ no explanation for  $\psi(2S)$  behaviour

# Back-up: $R_{pA}$ : $\psi(2S)$ and $J/\psi$ model comparison



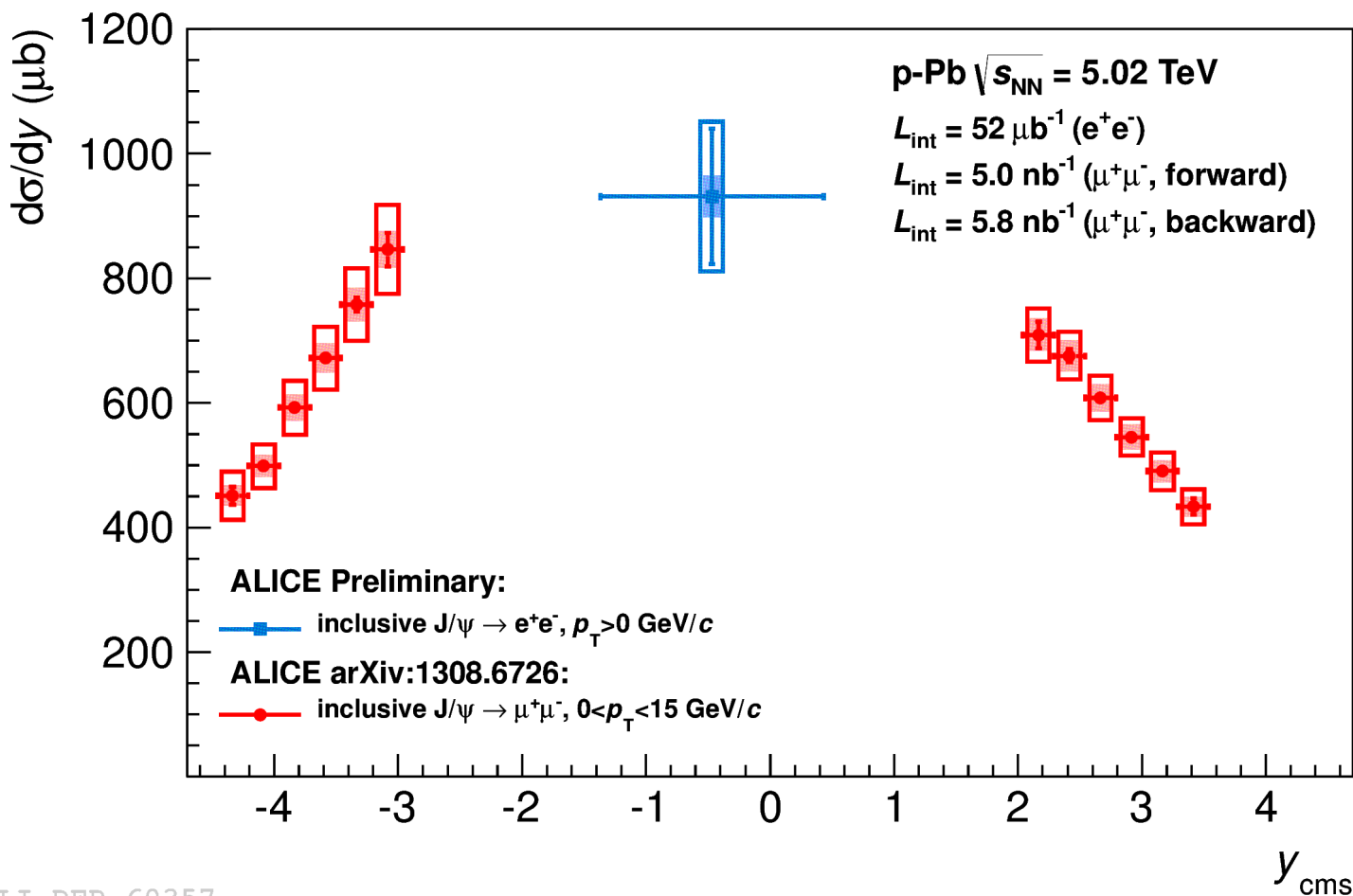
Same uncertainty display as on previous slide

link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)  
JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

Shadowing & E-loss models: identical treatment of  $\psi(2S)$  &  $J/\psi$

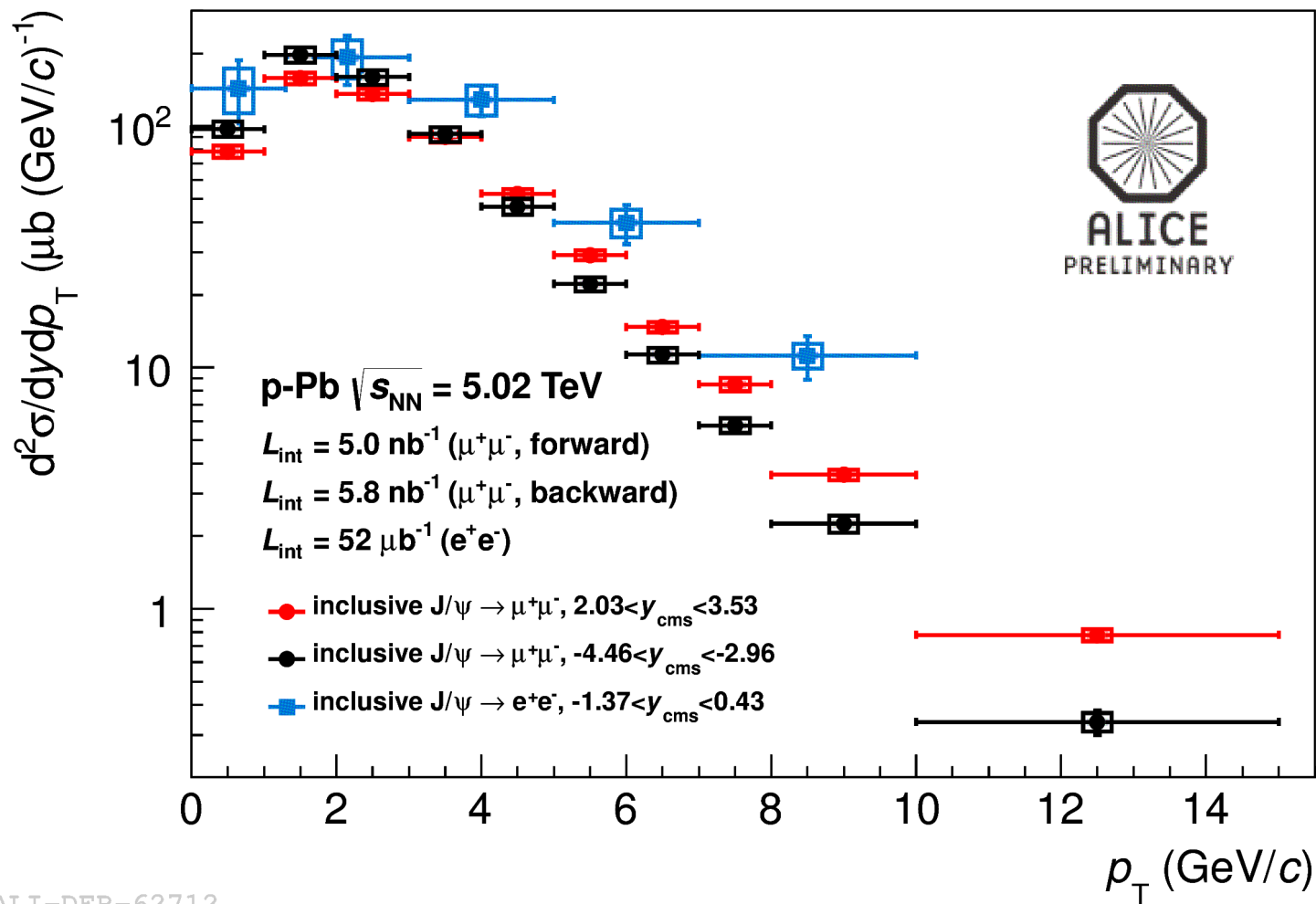
→ no explanation for  $\psi(2S)$  behaviour

# Back-up: $d\sigma/dy_{pA}^{J/\psi}$



ALI-DER-60357

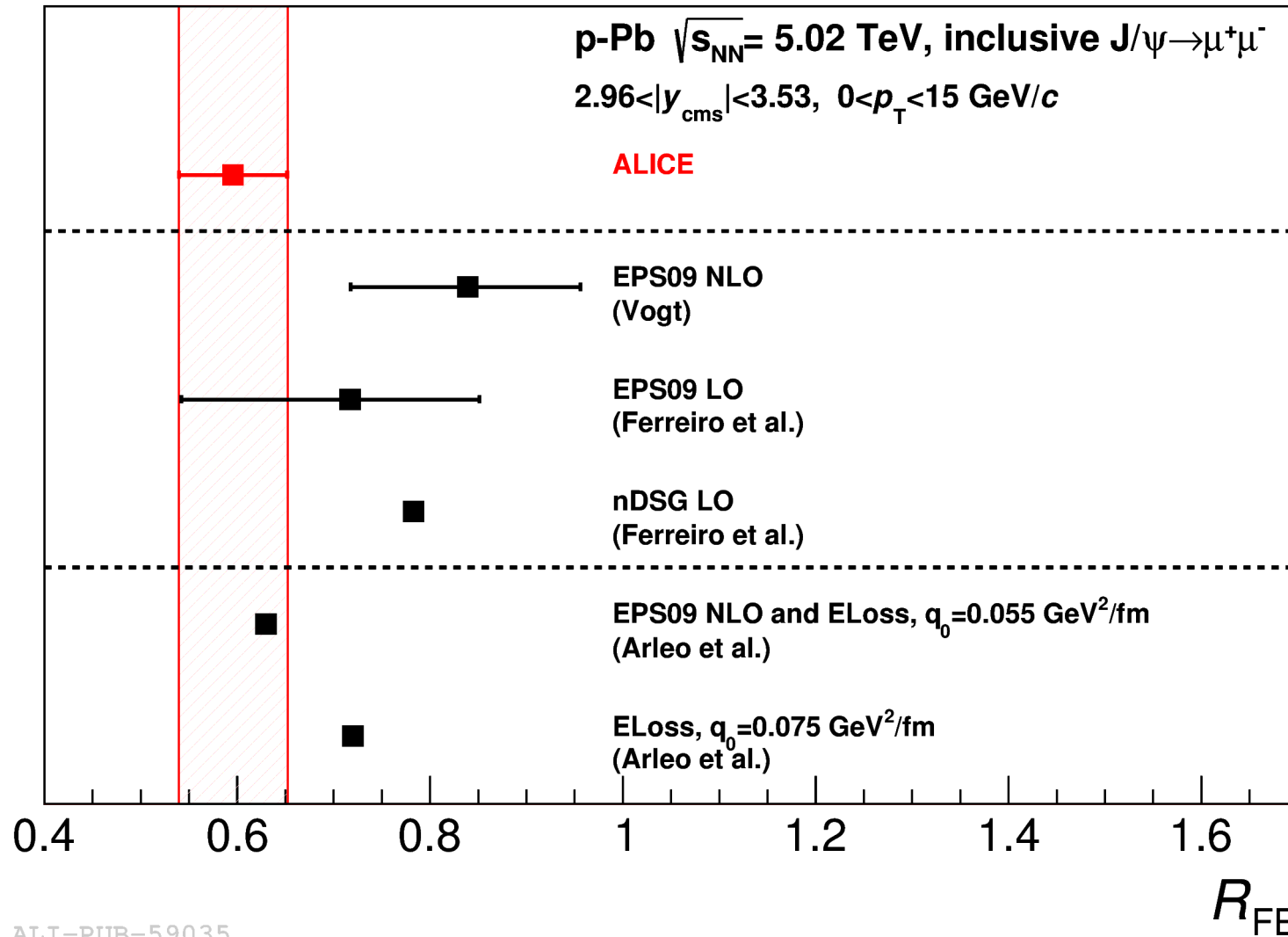
# Back-up: $d^2\sigma/dydp_T^{J/\psi}$



ALI-DER-62712



# Back-up: $R_{FB}^{J/\psi}$



link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)  
JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

# Back-up: Uncertainties: $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ at forward/backward rapidity



	integrated $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ forward (backward)	$y$ -differential $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$
<b>Statistical uncertainty</b>	0.7 % (0.8 %)	1.3 - 3.2 %

**Systematic  
uncertainties:**

Source	$\sigma_{pPb}^{J/\psi}, R_{pPb}$	$\sigma_{Pbp}^{J/\psi}, R_{Pbp}$
<i>Uncorrelated</i>		
Tracking efficiency	4	6
Trigger efficiency	2.8	3.2
Signal extraction	1.3 (1.5 – 3.4)	1.2 (1.6 – 3.8)
MC input	1.5 (1.1 – 3)	1.5 (0.9 – 4.2)
Matching efficiency	1	1
$F$	1	1
$\sigma_{pp}^{J/\psi}$	4.3 (3.1 – 6.0)	4.6 (3.1 – 13.4)
<i>Partially correlated</i>		
$\sigma_{pPb}^{MB}$	3.2	3
$\sigma_{pp}^{J/\psi}$	3.7 (2.7 – 9.2)	3.1 (1.2 – 8.3)
<i>Correlated</i>		
B.R.		1
$\langle T_{pPb} \rangle$		3.6
$\sigma_{pp}^{J/\psi}$		5.5

link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)  
JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

# Back-up: Uncertainties: $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ at forward/backward rapidity



## Preliminary

$p_T$ -differential  $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$   
forward (backward)

### Statistical uncertainty

1.5 - 2.3 % (1.5 - 3.1 %)

### Systematic uncertainties

#### Uncorrelated

including uncertainty on tracking eff.,  
matching between trigger system and  
tracking chambers, signal extraction, trigger and MC kinematics

4.8 - 8.0 % (6.8 - 10.1 %)

#### Partially correlated

including uncertainty on pp-reference and MB cross section

8.4 - 9.7 % (8.1 - 9.9 %)

$Q_{pA}$  has an additional uncertainty due to pile-up: 2 %

$Q_{pA}$  has an additional bin-by-bin uncorrelated  $\langle T_{pPb} \rangle$  between 1.5-9.5 % depending on the bin

# Back-up: Uncertainties: $R_{pA}^{\psi(2S)}$ at forward/backward rapidity

integrated  $R_{pA}^{\psi(2S)}$   
forward (backward)

**Statistical uncertainty**

12 % (15 %)

**Systematic  
uncertainties:**

	B.R. $\cdot \sigma_{pPb}^{\psi(2S)}$	B.R. $\cdot \sigma_{Ppb}^{\psi(2S)}$
<i>Uncorrelated</i>		
Tracking efficiency	4	6
Trigger efficiency	2.8 (2 – 3.5)	3.2 (2 – 3.5)
Signal extraction	9.5 (8 – 11.9)	9.3 (8.6 – 12.7)
MC input	1.8 (1.5 – 1.5)	2.5 (1.5 – 1.7)
Matching efficiency	1	1
$N_{MB}$	1	1
<i>Partially correlated</i>		
$\sigma_{pPb}^{MB}$	3.2	3

link: [arXiv:1308.6726](https://arxiv.org/abs/1308.6726)  
JHEP 1402 (2014) 073

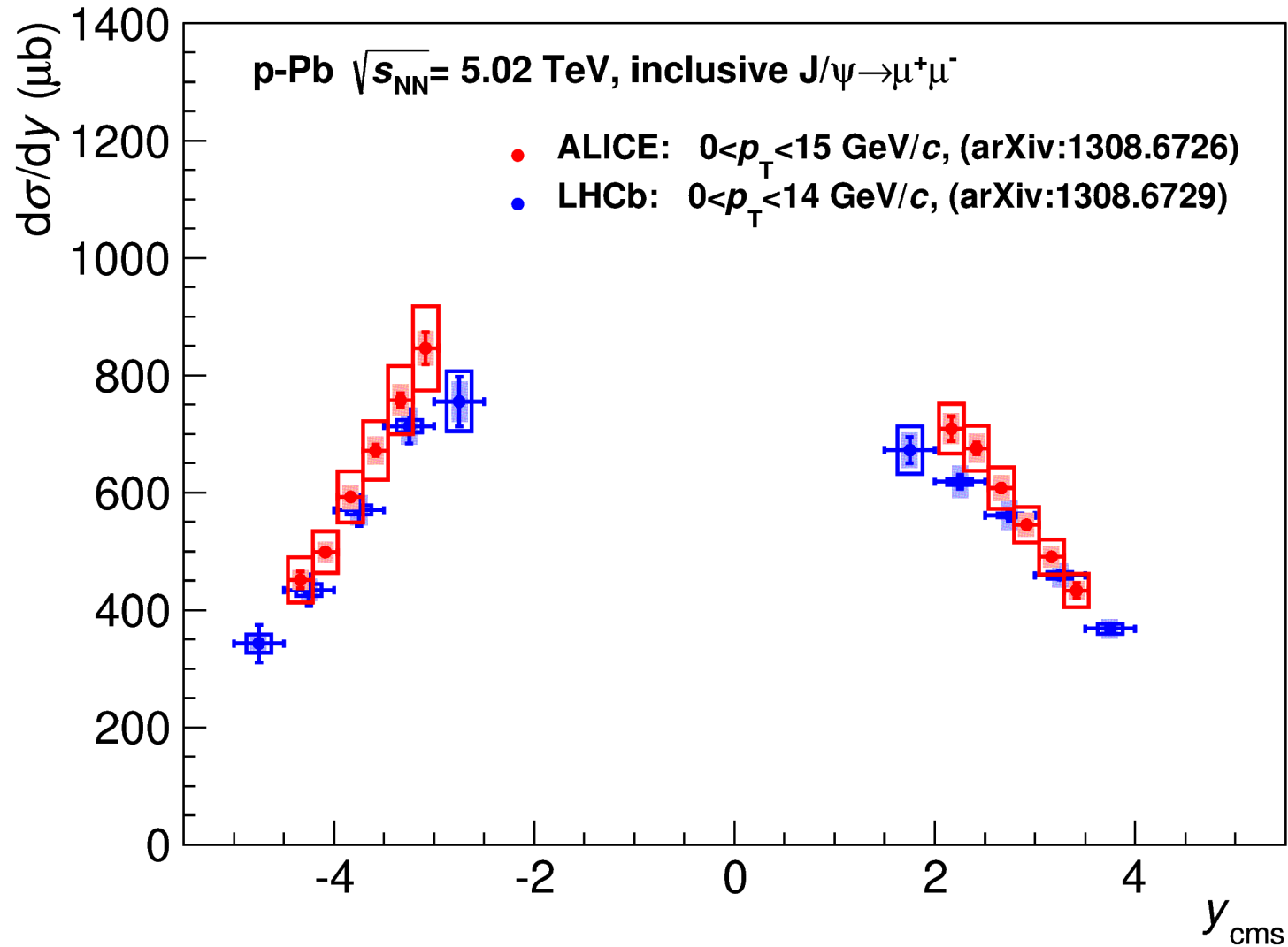
# Back-up: Uncertainties: relative yield and $\langle p_T \rangle$ of $J/\psi$ vs midrapidity multiplicity



Only uncorrelated uncertainties remain in relative quantities to first order

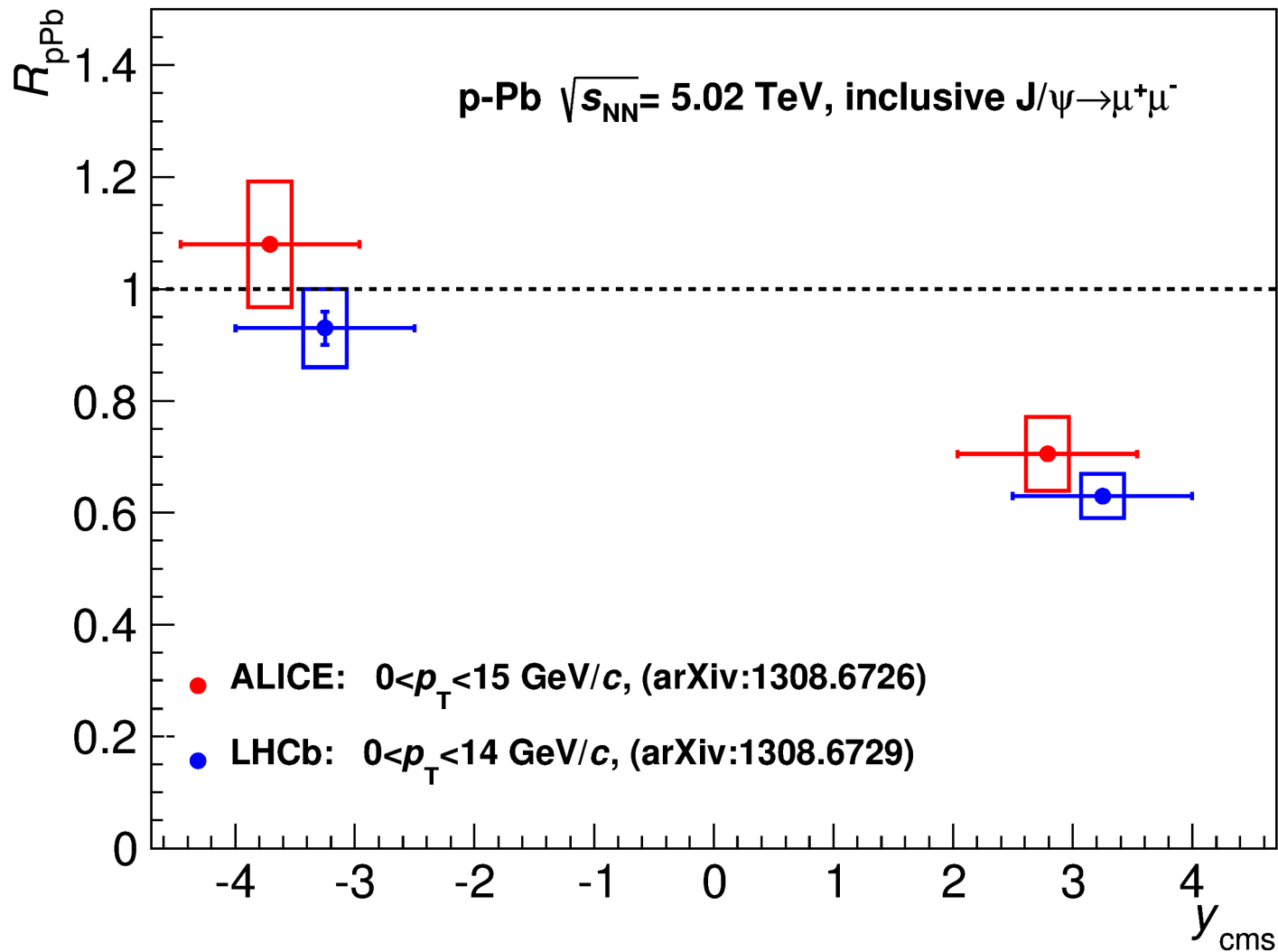
<b>Systematic uncertainties</b>	<b>forward rapidity</b>	<b>backward rapidity</b>
Signal method $N_{\text{bin}}$	1.5-3.3 %	1.5-4.6 %
Signal extraction $N_{\text{bin}}^{J/\psi} / N^{J/\psi}$	1.5-3.3 %	1.5-4.6 %
$\langle p_T \rangle$ MC input	2 %	2 %
Extraction $\langle p_T \rangle / \langle p_T \rangle^{\text{int}}$	0.1-0.4 %	0.1-1.2 %
F	1-7 %	1-4%
$\langle dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta \rangle$	3.9 %	3.9 %
Pile-up	1-4 %	1.-2 %

# $d\sigma/dy_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ : comparison with LHCb



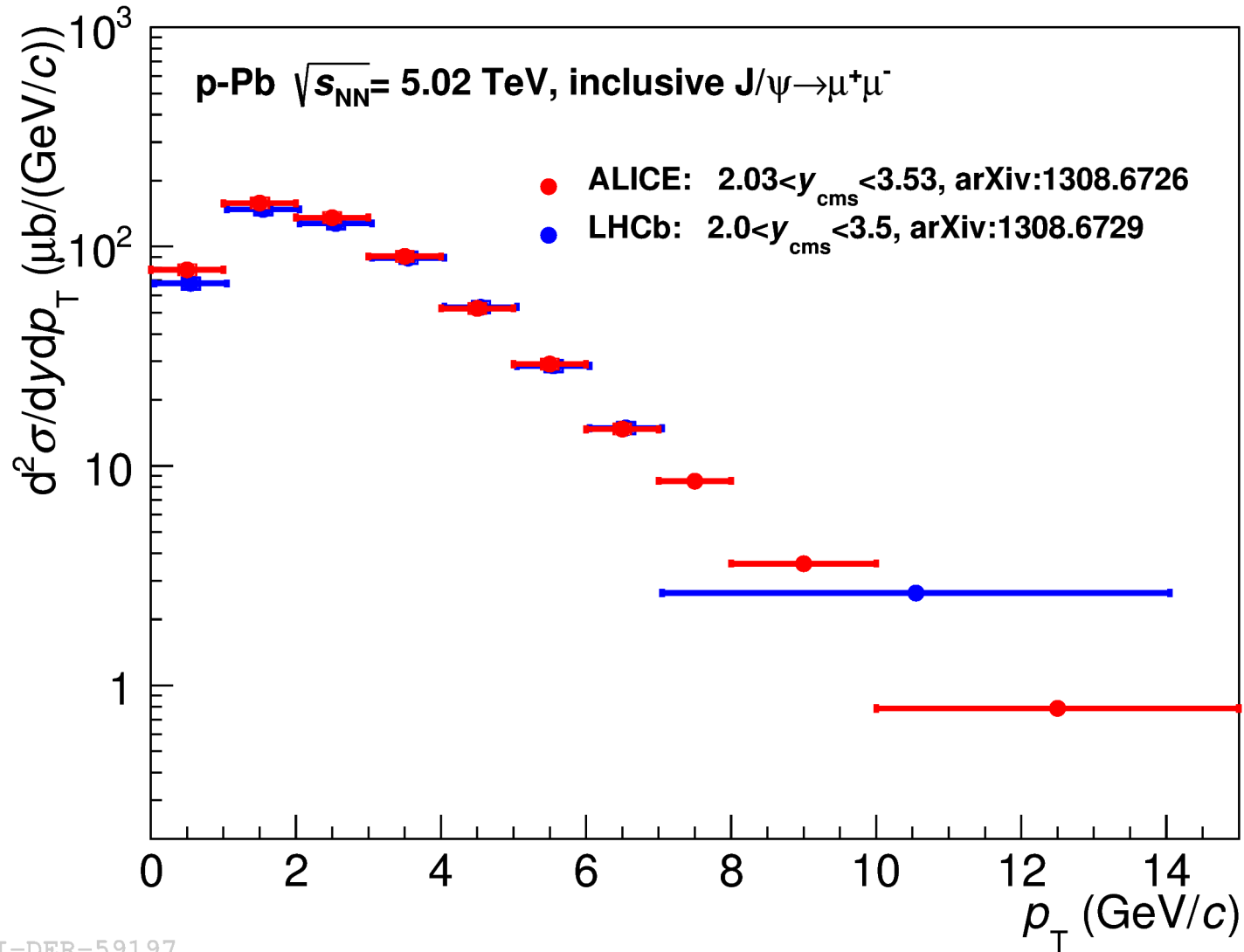
ALI-DER-59201

# $R_{pA}^{J/\psi}$ : comparison with LHCb



ALI-DER-59205

# $d^2\sigma/dydp_T^{J/\psi}$ : comparison with LHCb



ALI-DER-59197