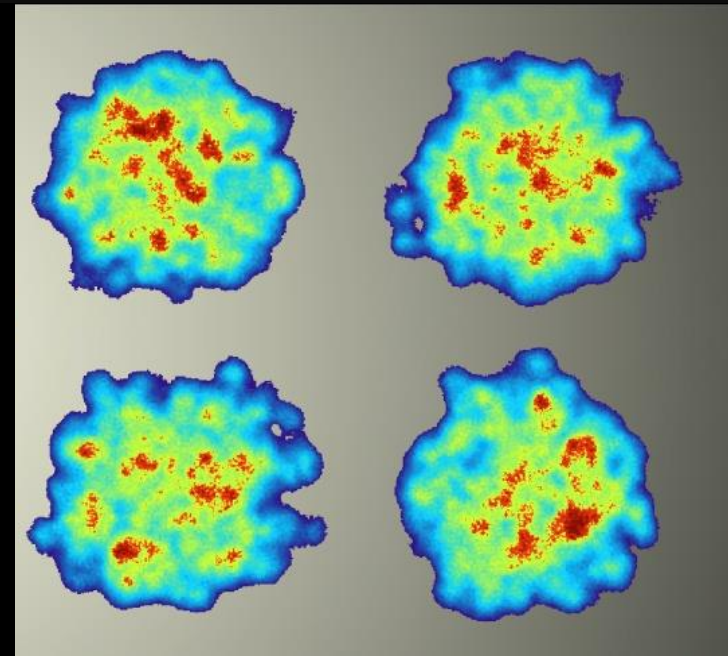
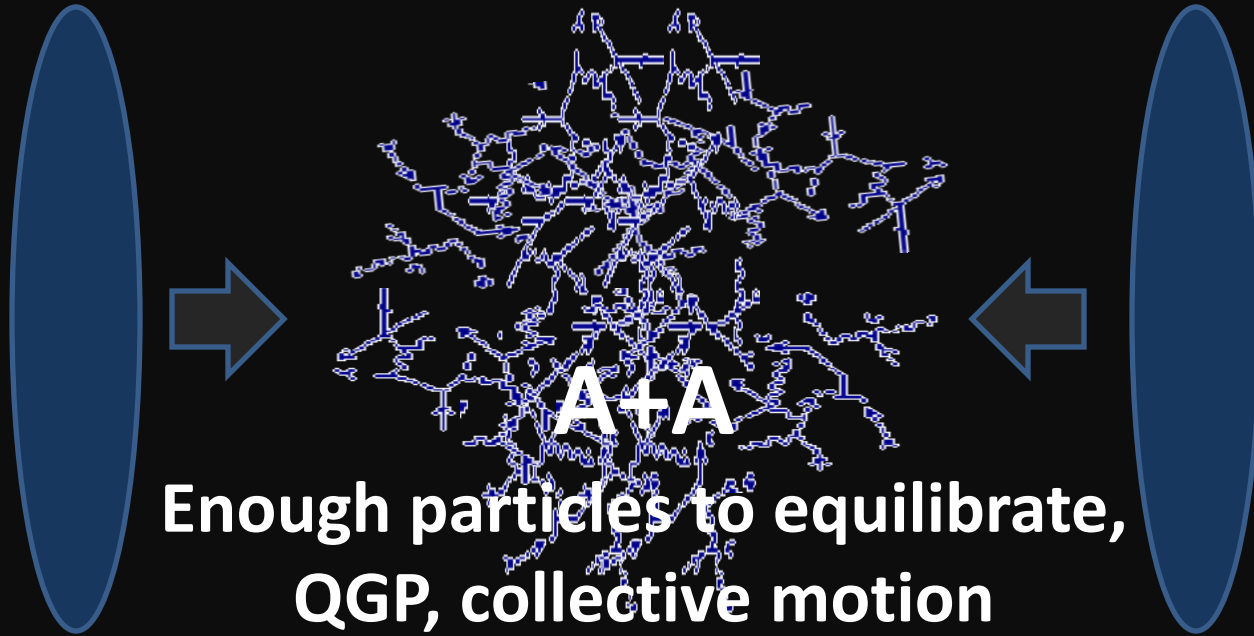


# *Initial Stages: Overview of My Thoughts Right Now Not of the Conference*



Jamie Nagle  
University of Colorado, Boulder, USA

# Prejudice



**p+A**

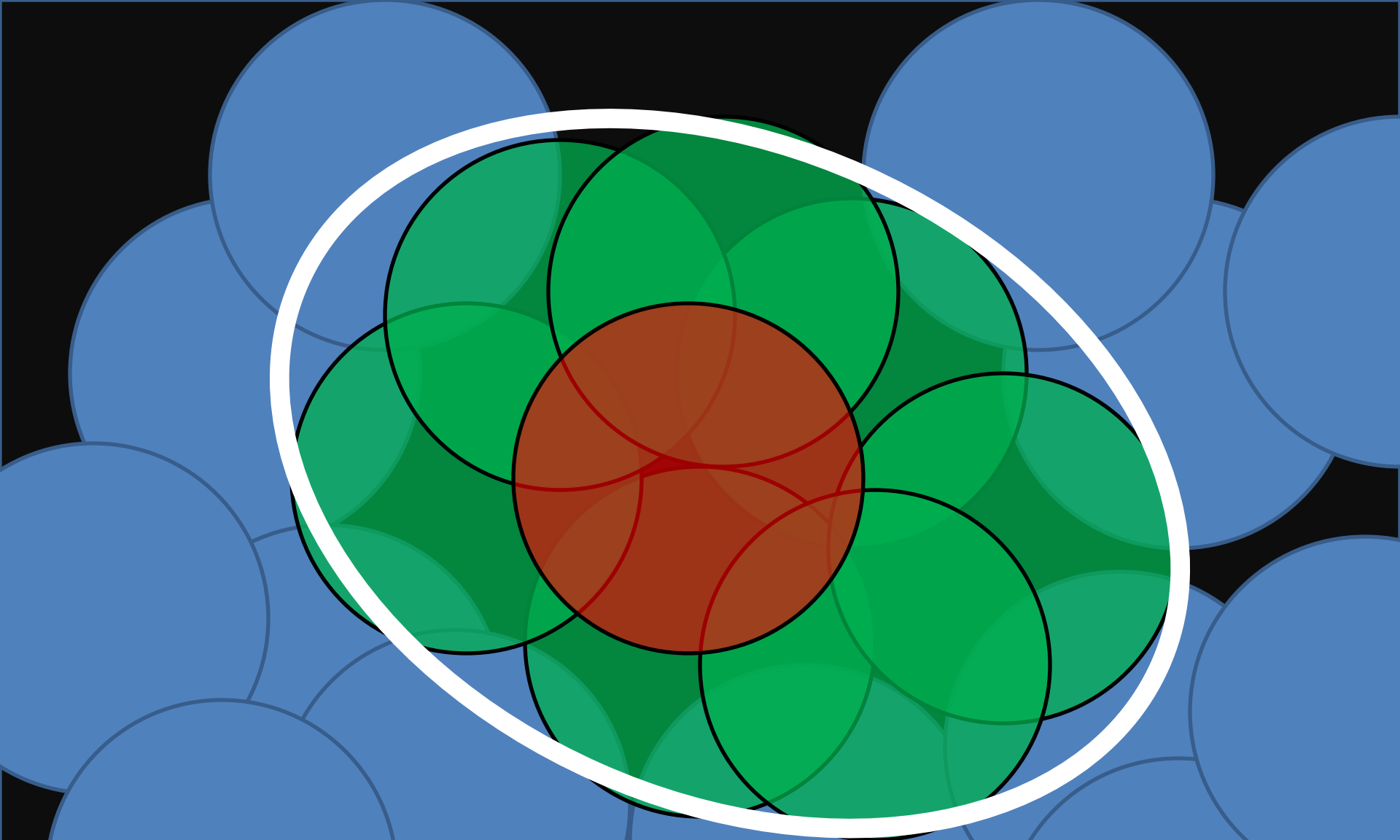
Not enough particles to  
equilibrate, control experiment

The diagram illustrates a proton projectile (represented by a central red circle) interacting with a nucleus (represented by a cluster of green circles). The nucleus is surrounded by a field of blue circles, likely representing spectators or other particles. The proton projectile is shown in the process of colliding with the nucleus, with the central red circle overlapping the green circles of the nucleus. The background is black, and the circles are semi-transparent, allowing overlapping areas to be visible.

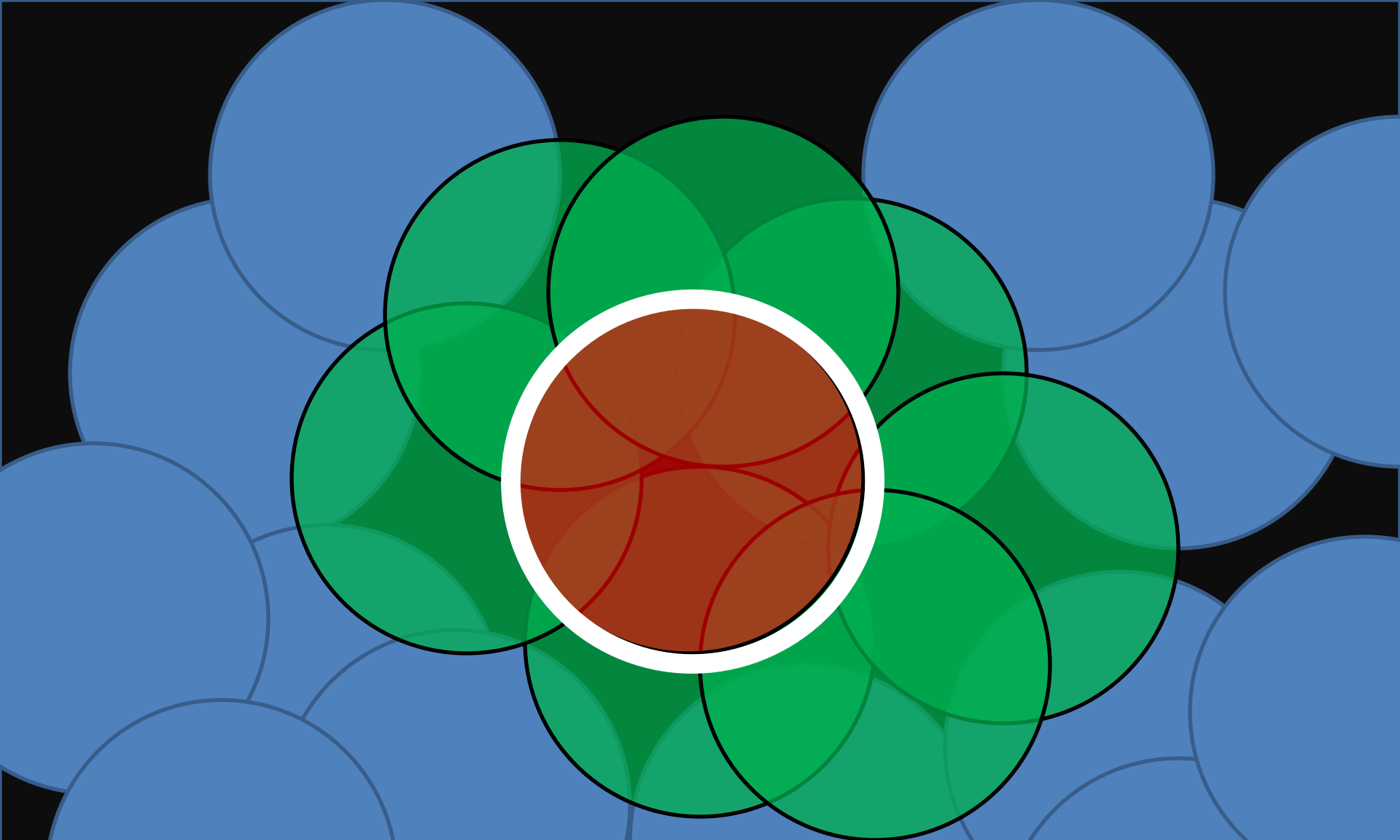
**p+A**

**Proton Projectile**

**Nucleus Participants**

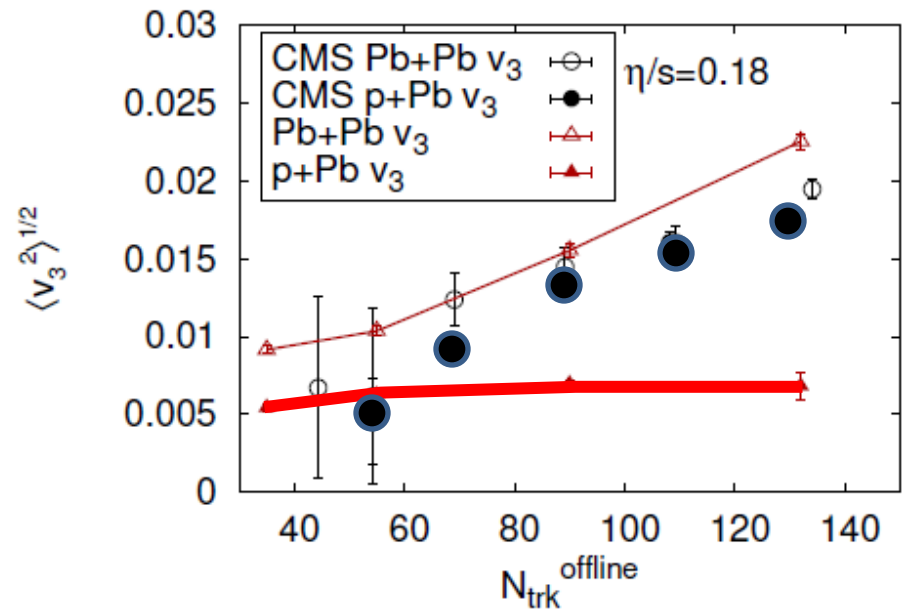
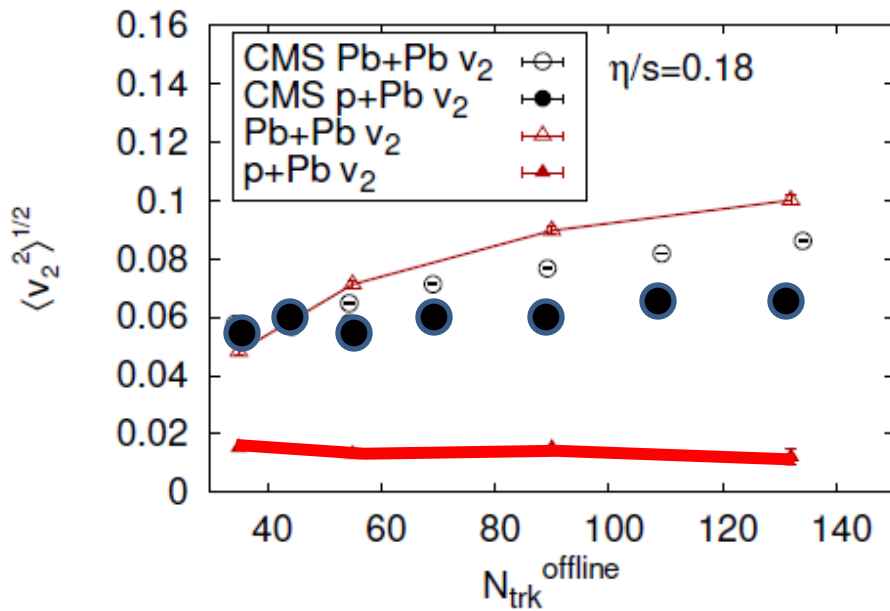


**MC Glauber – initial energy density of participants, large eccentricities from fluctuations**



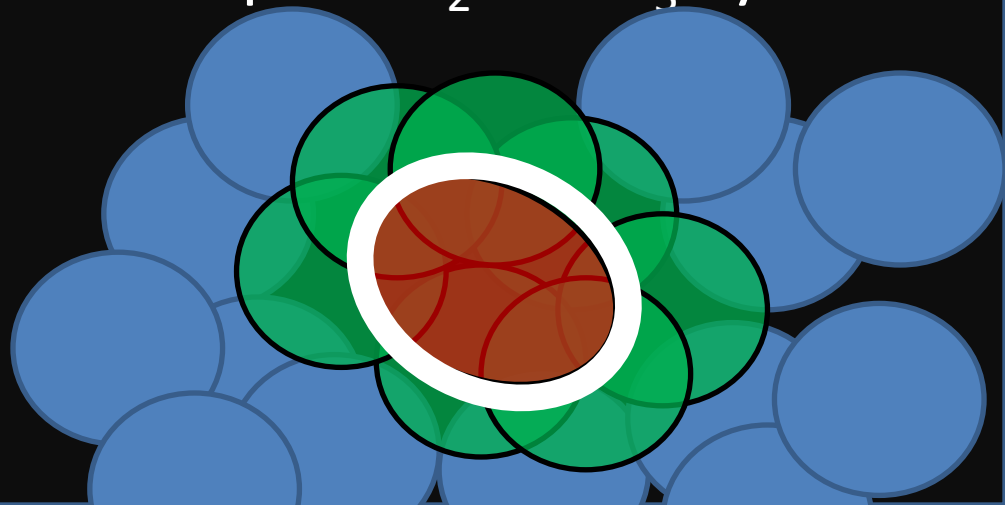
**IP Glasma— initial energy density only in region where nucleons overlap, much smaller eccentricities**

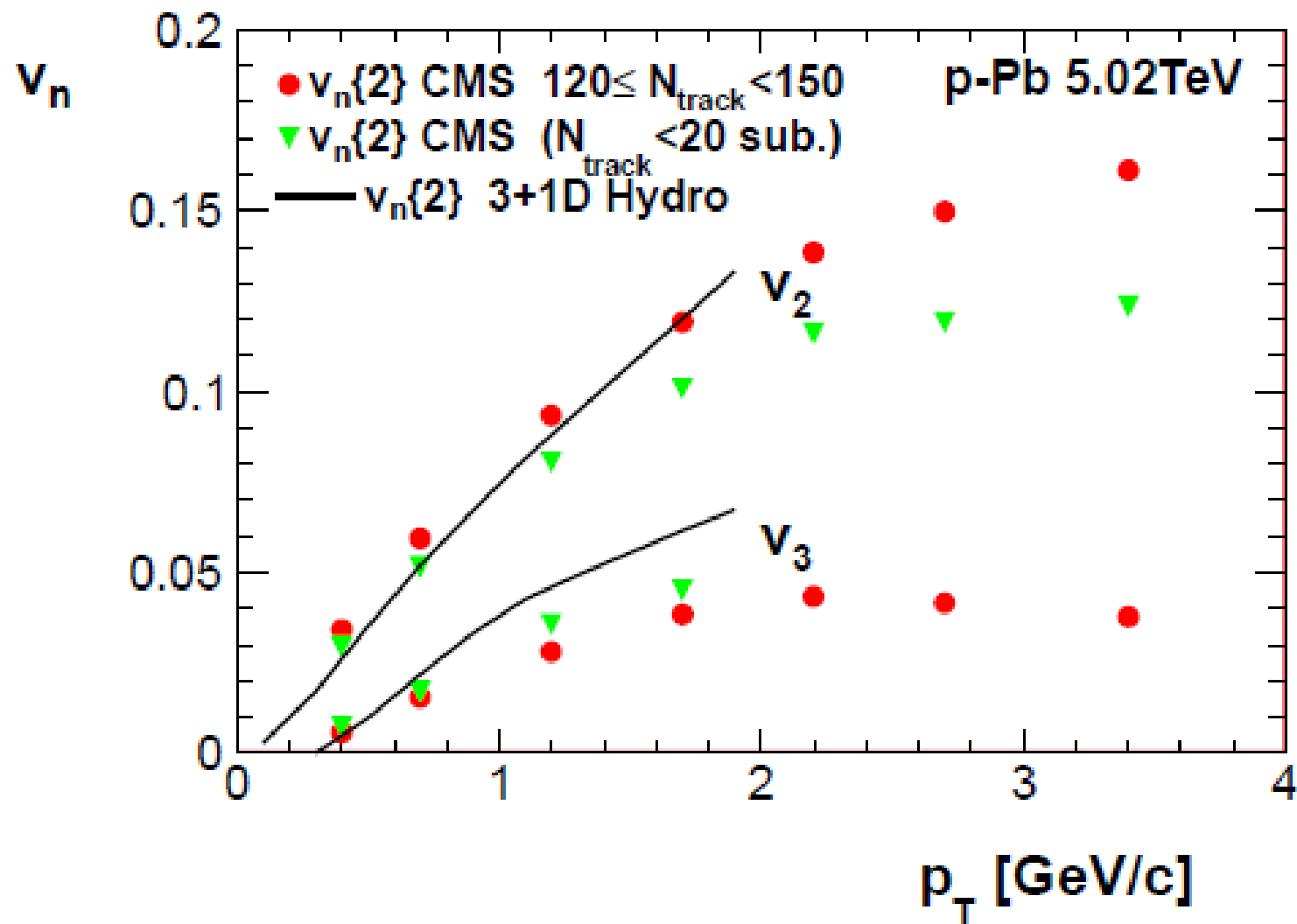
# Initial Geometry + Hydrodynamics



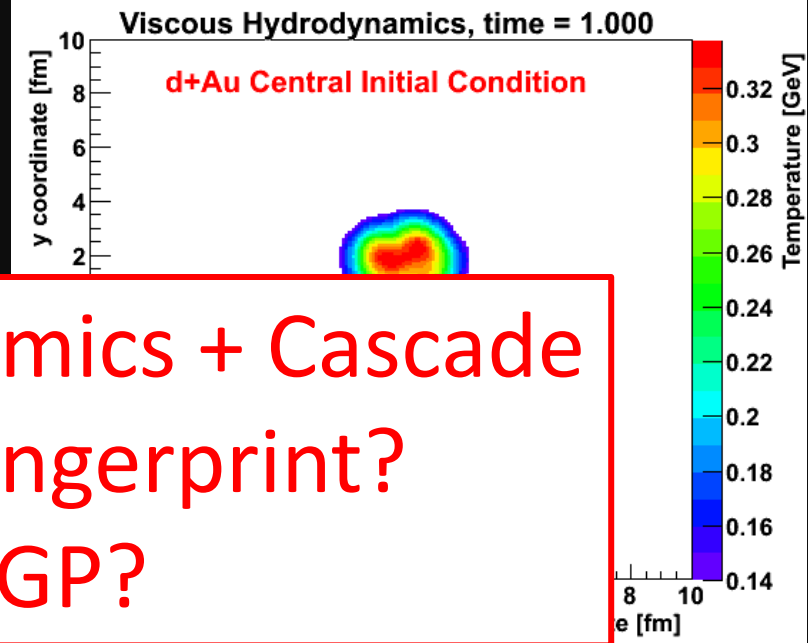
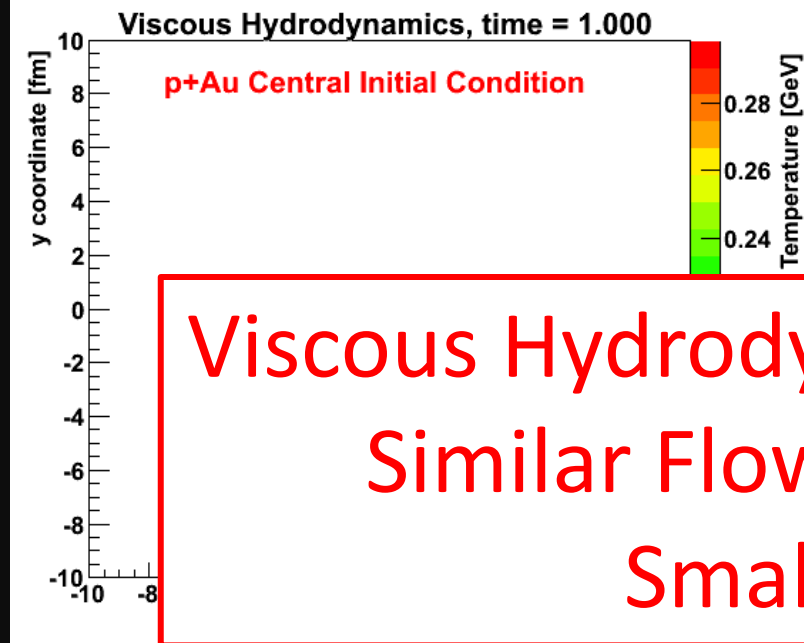
IP Glaasma + Hydro – under-predicts p+Pb  $v_2$  and  $v_3$  by x3

One could enhance the effect by including fluctuating proton shape, still smaller initial size

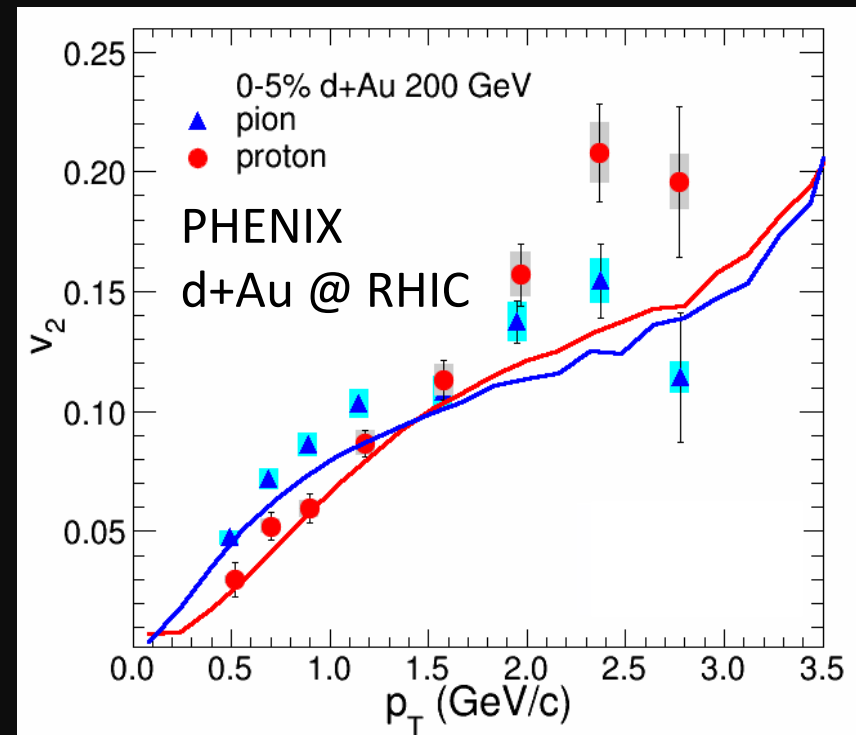
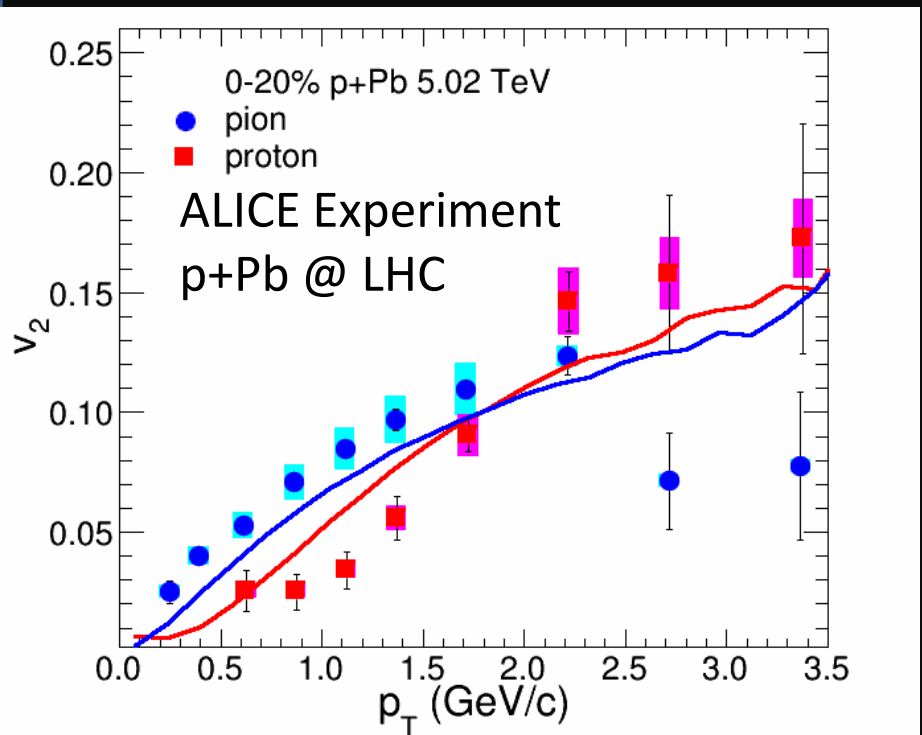




Glauber + Hydro (Bozek) – qualitative description of  $v_2$  and  $v_3$   
 Coincidence (?) – no pre-equilibrium, no hadronic cascade



Viscous Hydrodynamics + Cascade  
 Similar Flow Fingerprint?  
 Small QGP?

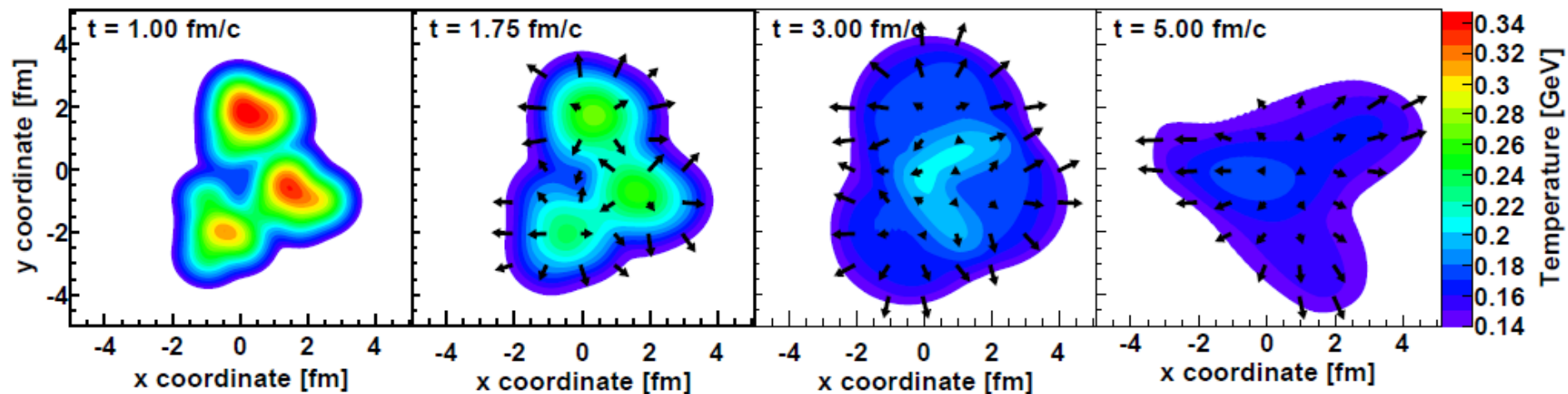
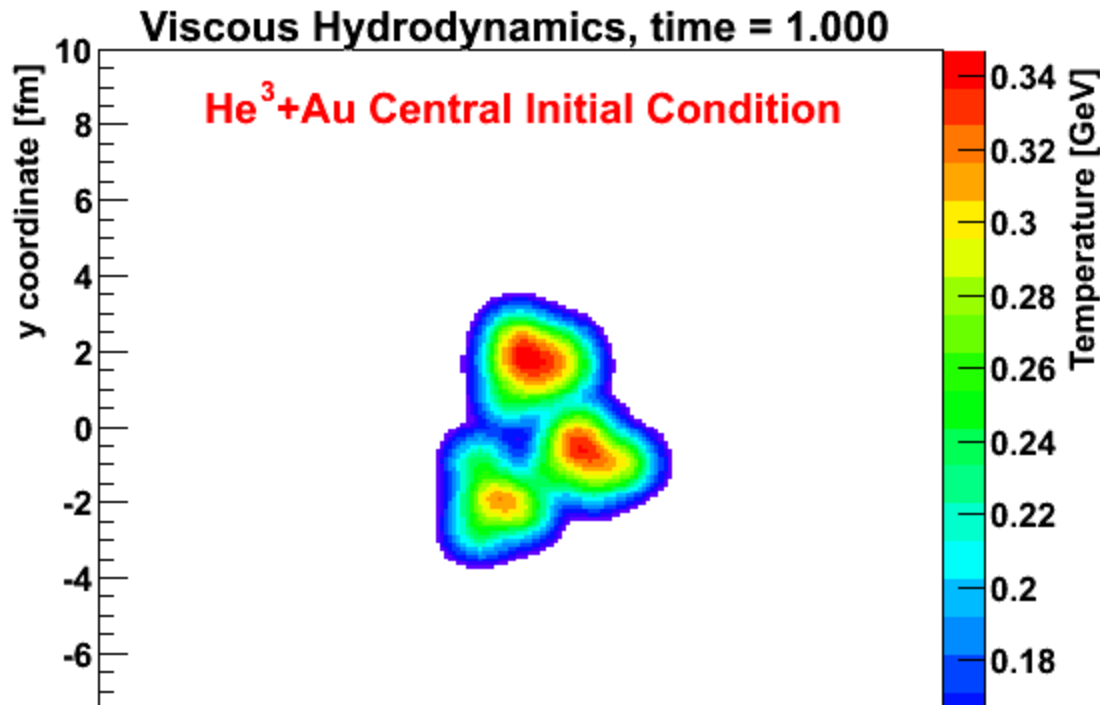




# Geometry Engineering

Proposal to run  
“triangular” system  
at RHIC

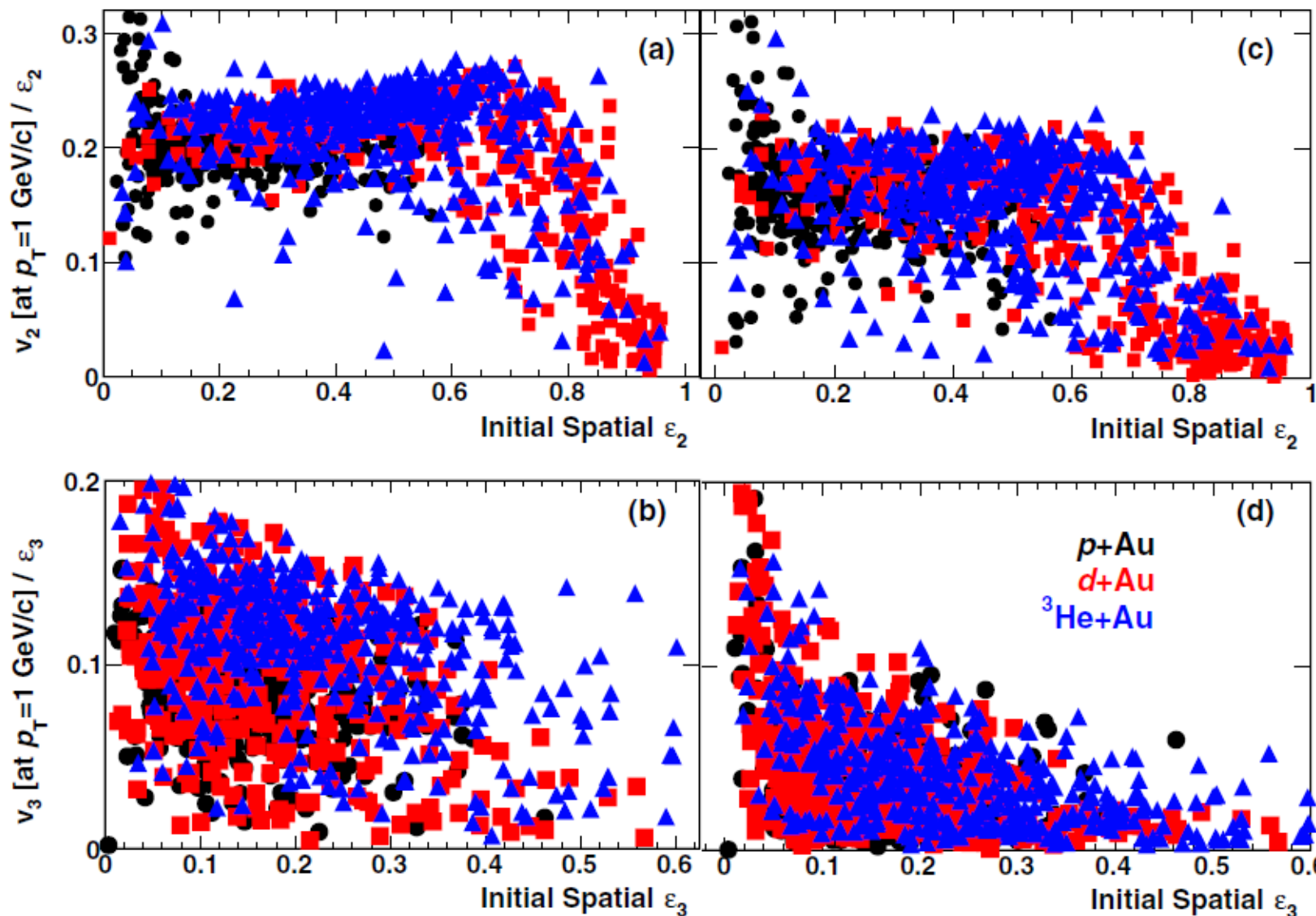
Small systems  
challenge our picture  
of required time and  
size scales



# Not Enough Time?

$T_f = 150$  MeV

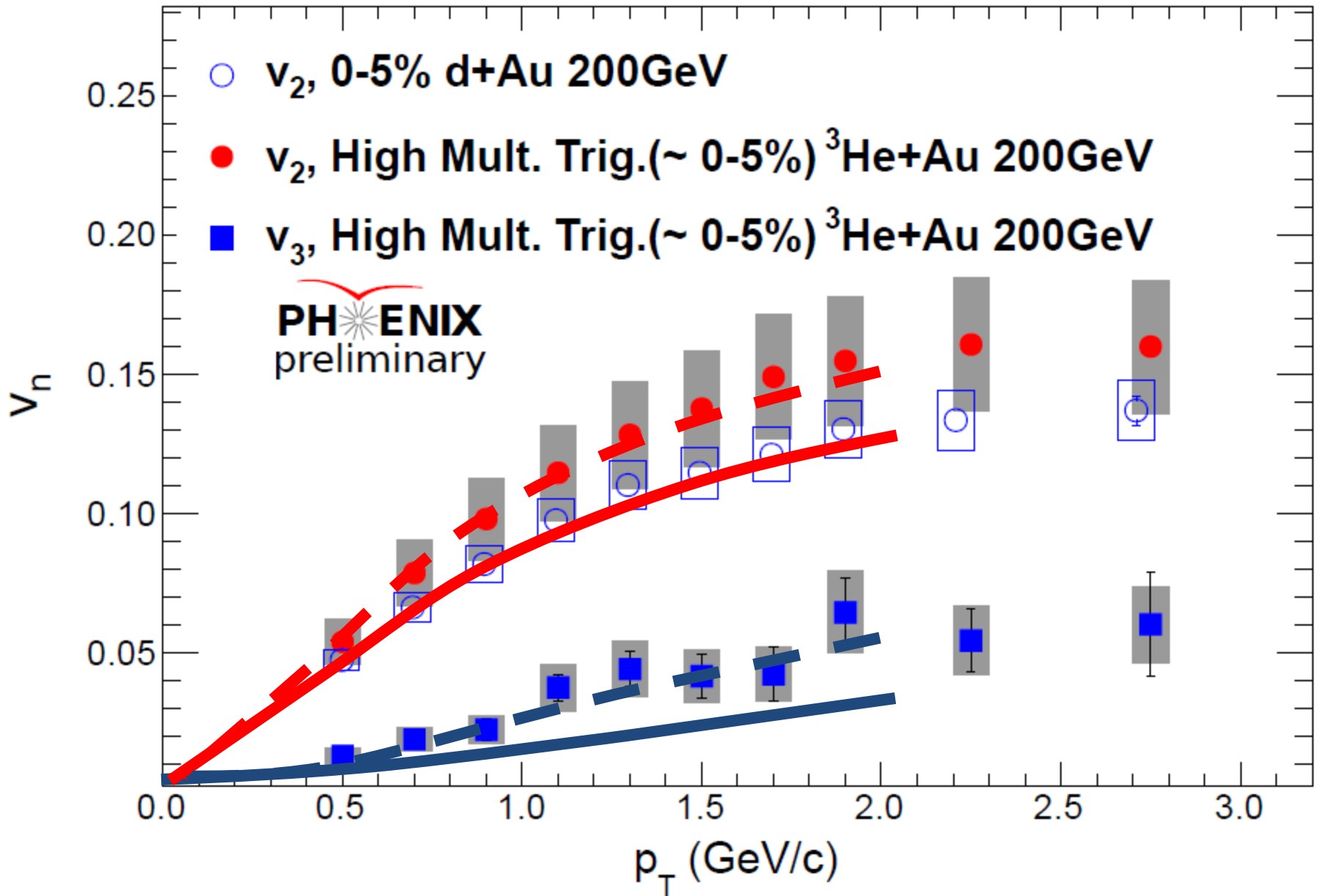
$T_f = 170$  MeV



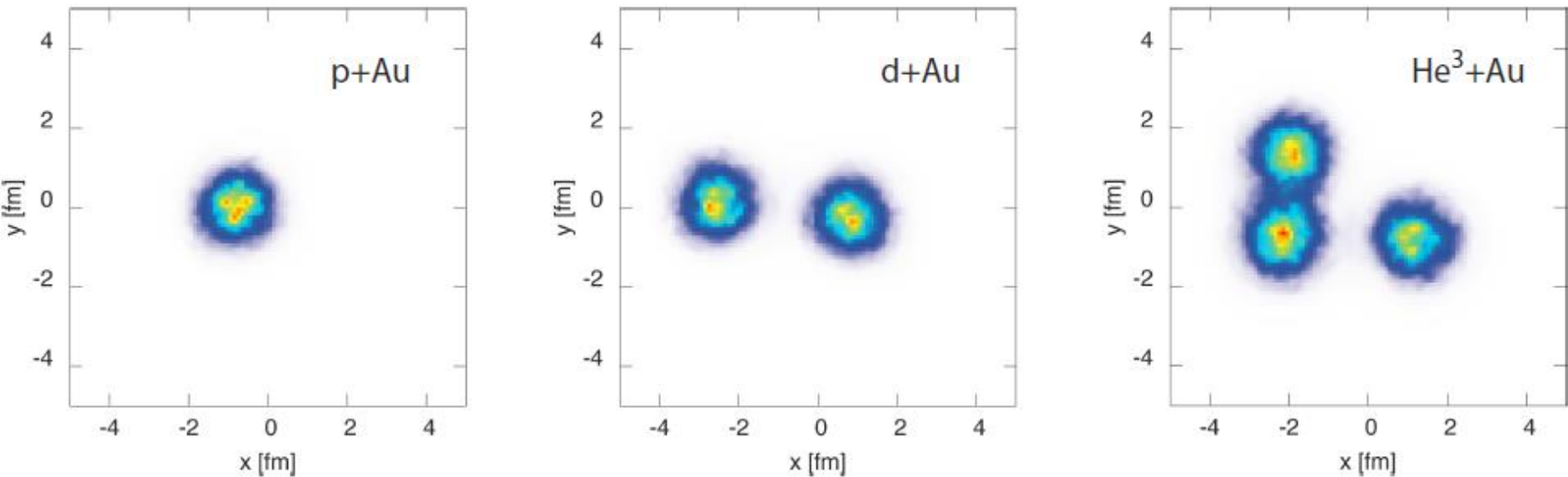
$\frac{v_2}{\epsilon_2}$

$\frac{v_3}{\epsilon_3}$

p+Au  
d+Au  
 $^3\text{He}+\text{Au}$



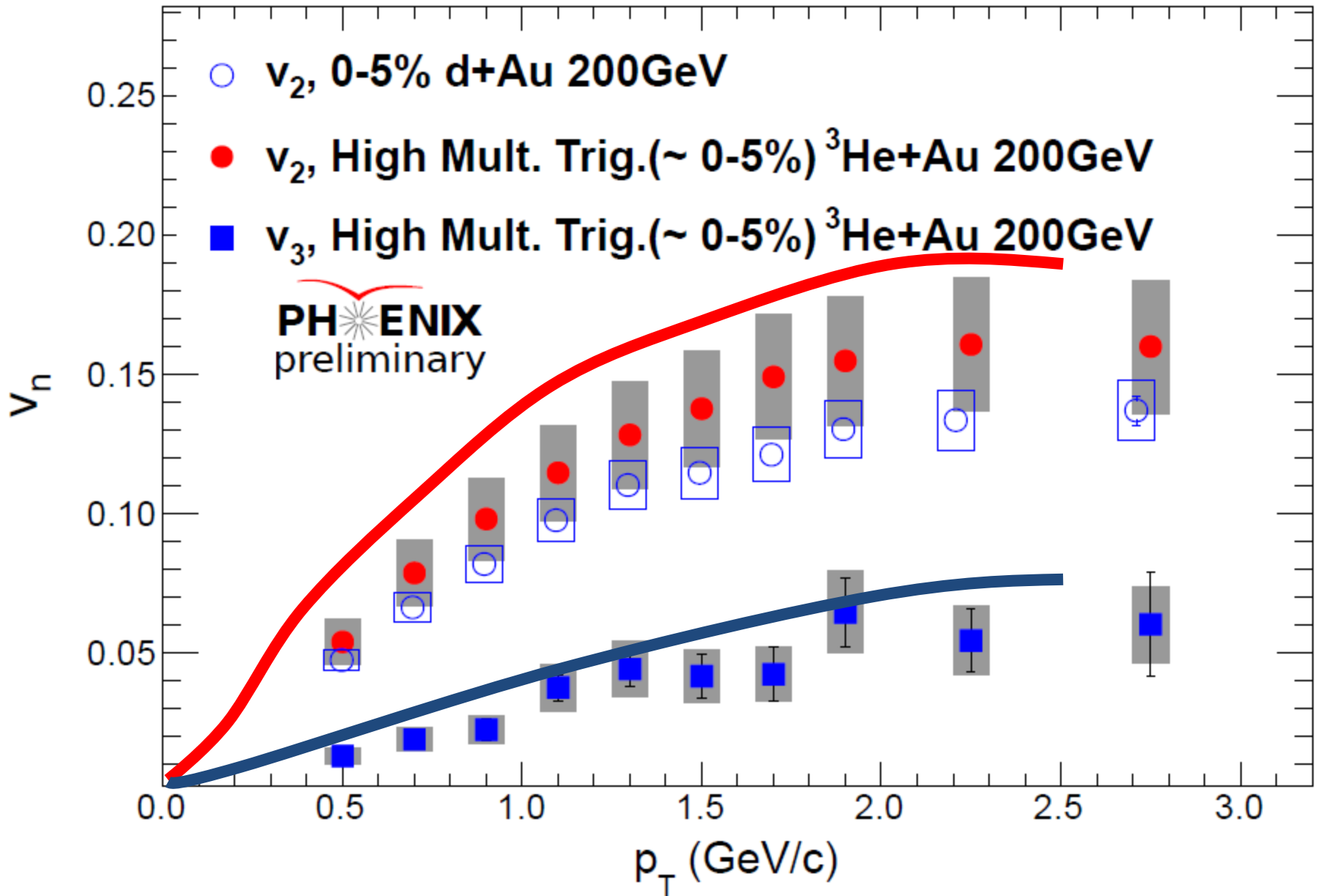
Glauber IC + Hydro ( $\eta/s=1/4\pi$ ) + Hadronic Cascade (PRL 2014)  
 Dashed Lines – adding pre-flow (see Romatschke's talk)



IP Glasma gives very different eccentricity from Glauber in pA

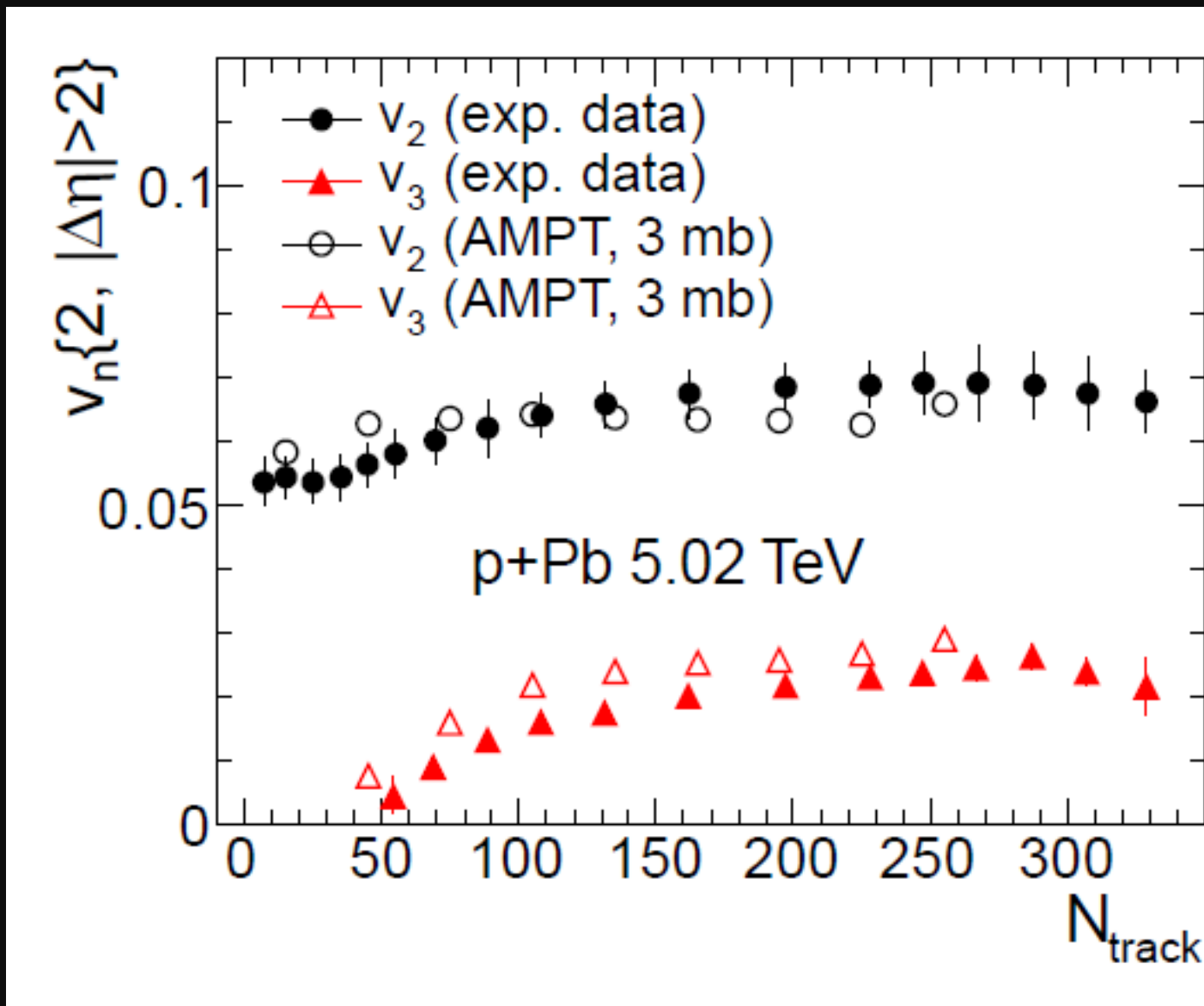
However, in d+Au and <sup>3</sup>He+Au,  
the eccentricity is driven by the 2 and 3 hot spots,  
not their individual geometry

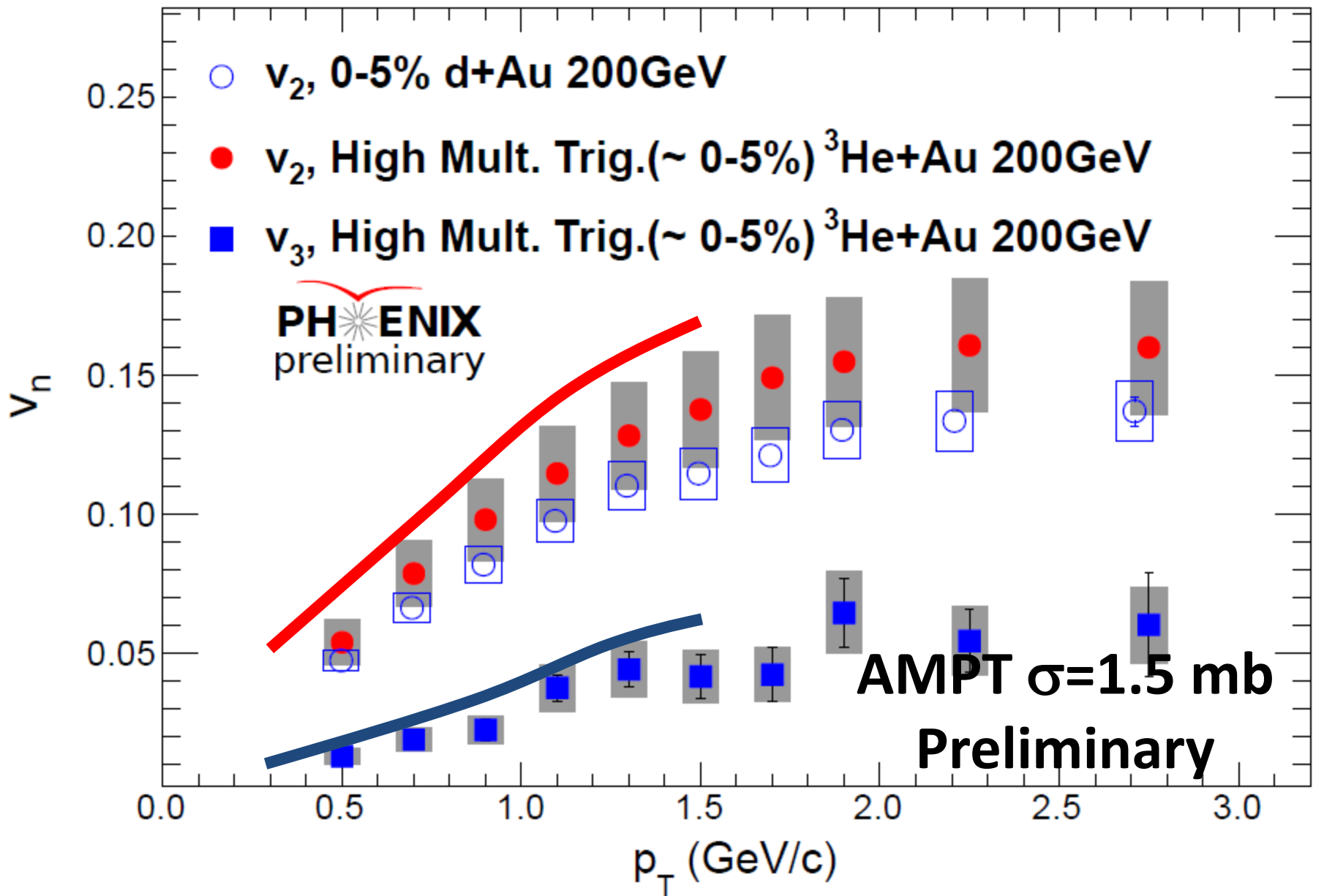
Note though that the IPGlasma has a smaller hot spots  
with higher energy density that result in  
more rapid radial expansion



IP Glasma + MUSIC ( $\eta/s = 1.5 \times 1/4\pi$ )

Much larger initial radial expansion, but also no late cascade





AMPT run by Javier Orjuela-Koop (still checking  $v_n$  extractions)



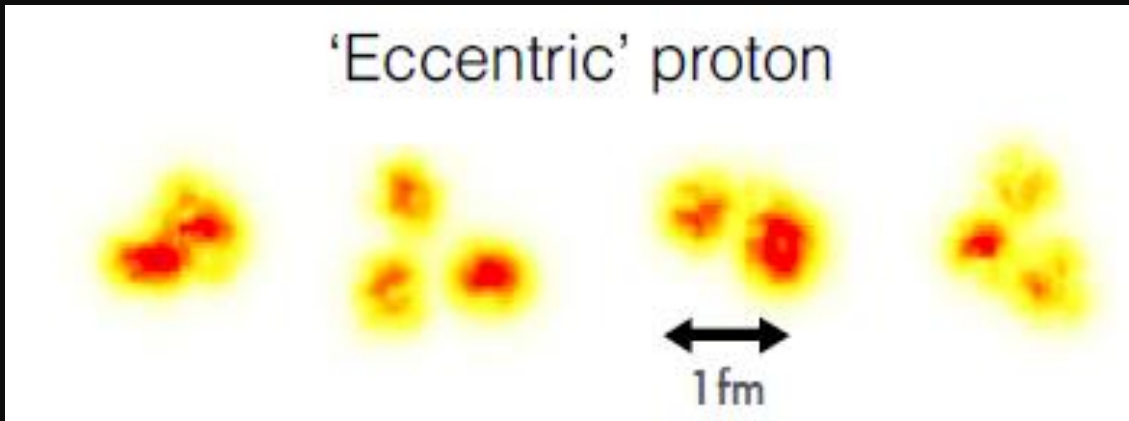
## Some thoughts...

1. Want publicly available IP Glasma
2. Want all small system hydro models to include cascade
3. Want to see quantification of gradient expansion limits
4. Want to see strict limits on equilibration time
  - what if one coupled pre-equilibrium to cascade?
5. What would it really cost to run  $d/{}^3\text{He}+\text{Pb}$  at LHC?  
Millions of CHF might be well justified.  $d/{}^3\text{He}+\text{Pb}$  workshop?



# Best Road(s) Forward

'Eccentric' proton



My favorite talk –  
from S. Schlichting

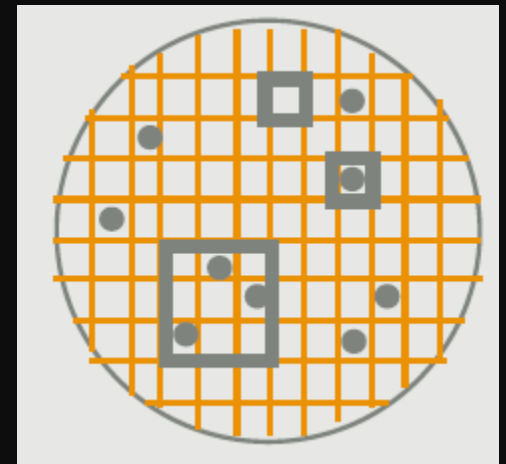
Looks very promising

Need calculations ASAP for p+Au, d+Au, 3He+Au

→ Naïve expectation is any local effect is diluted by 2 or 3 hot spots with independent orientations (unless they connect!)

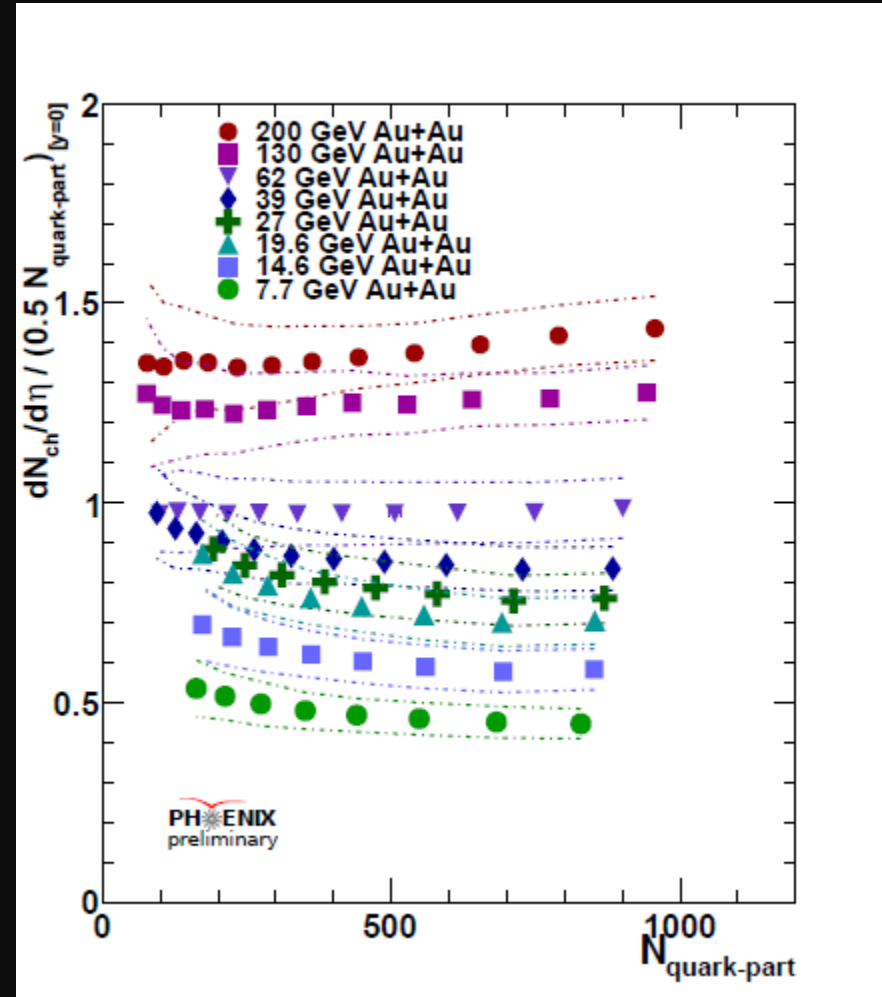
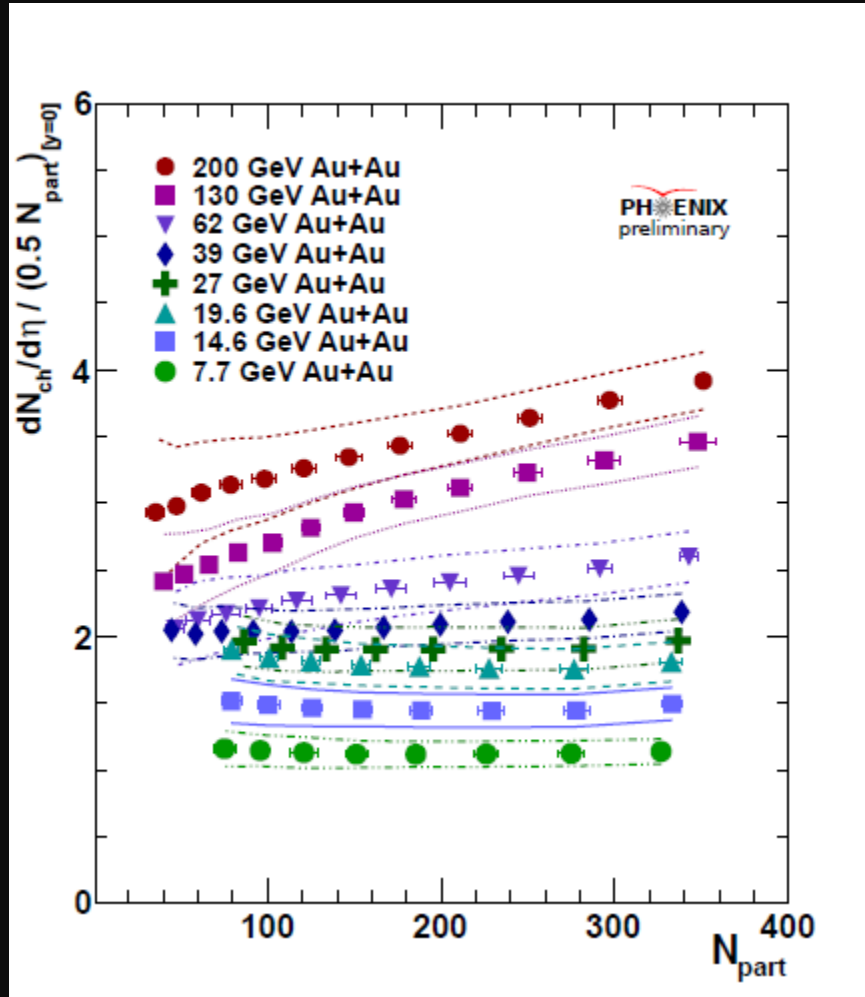
Really like idea of specific model independent approach with scale of granularity.

What scale of sub-nucleonic structure is really needed to describe data



# Need for 3 part sub-structure (constituent quarks?)

Interest in how substructure changes with Energy, kinematics



- Below 39 GeV, the  $dN/d\eta$  scales well with participant nucleons
- Above 39 GeV, participant quark scaling describes the data well.

If it really hydrodynamic/QGP,  
what about the other  
signatures like jet quenching?



## Fluid Probe:

Put a pebble in the stream  
and watch something out of  
equilibrium then equilibrate.

Charm Quark

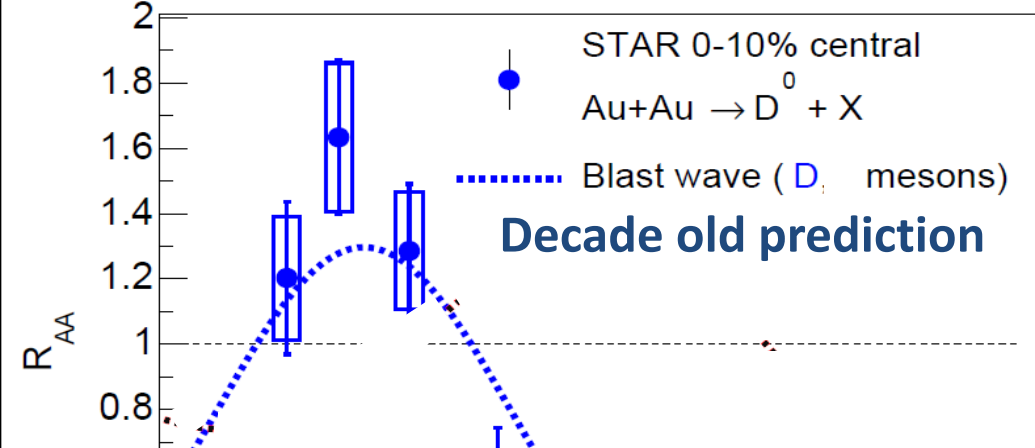
Beauty Quark



## “Does the Charm Flow at RHIC?”

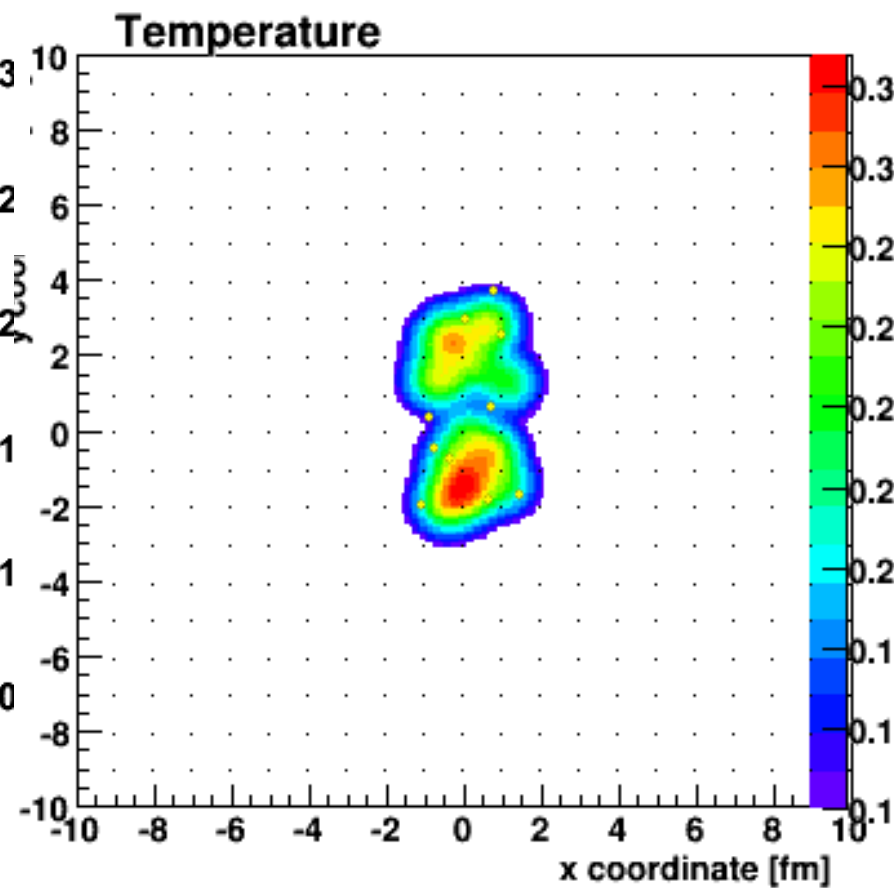
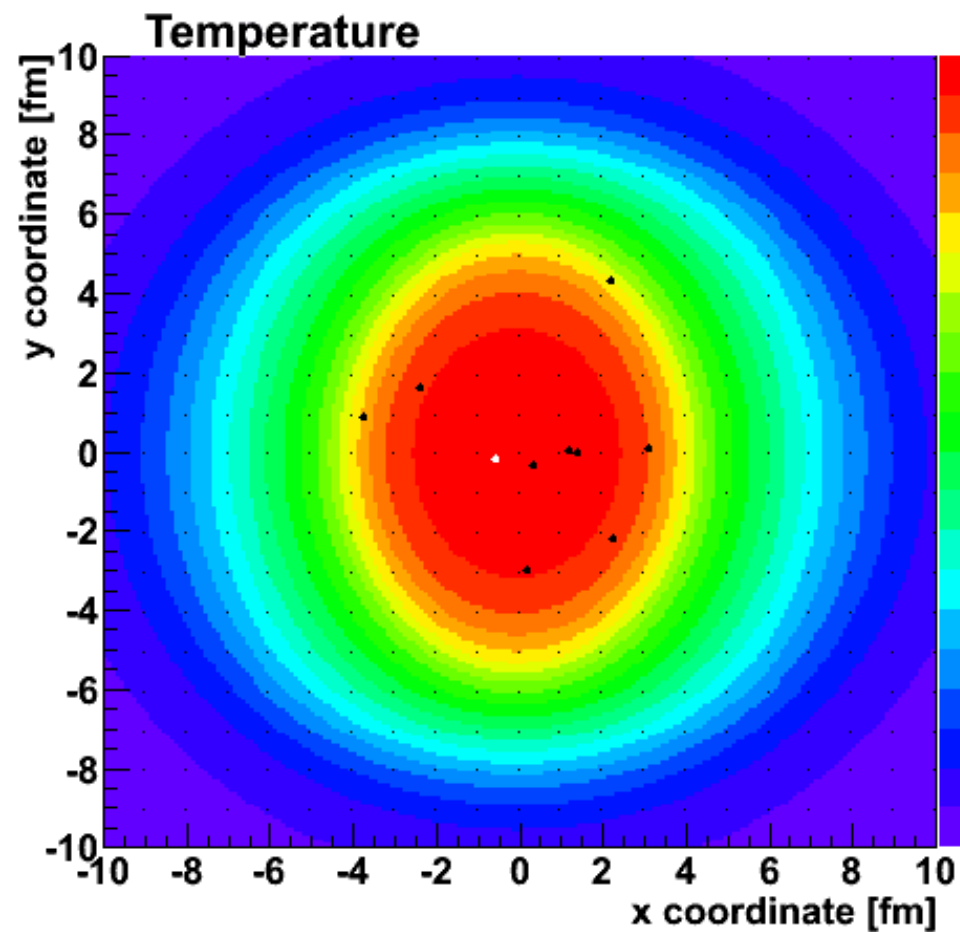
S. Batsouli, S. Kelly, M. Gyulassy (Columbia U.) , J.L. Nagle (Colorado U.) . Dec 2002. 11pp.  
Published in **Phys.Lett.B557:26-32,2003**.  
e-Print: [nucl-th/0212068](https://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-th/0212068)

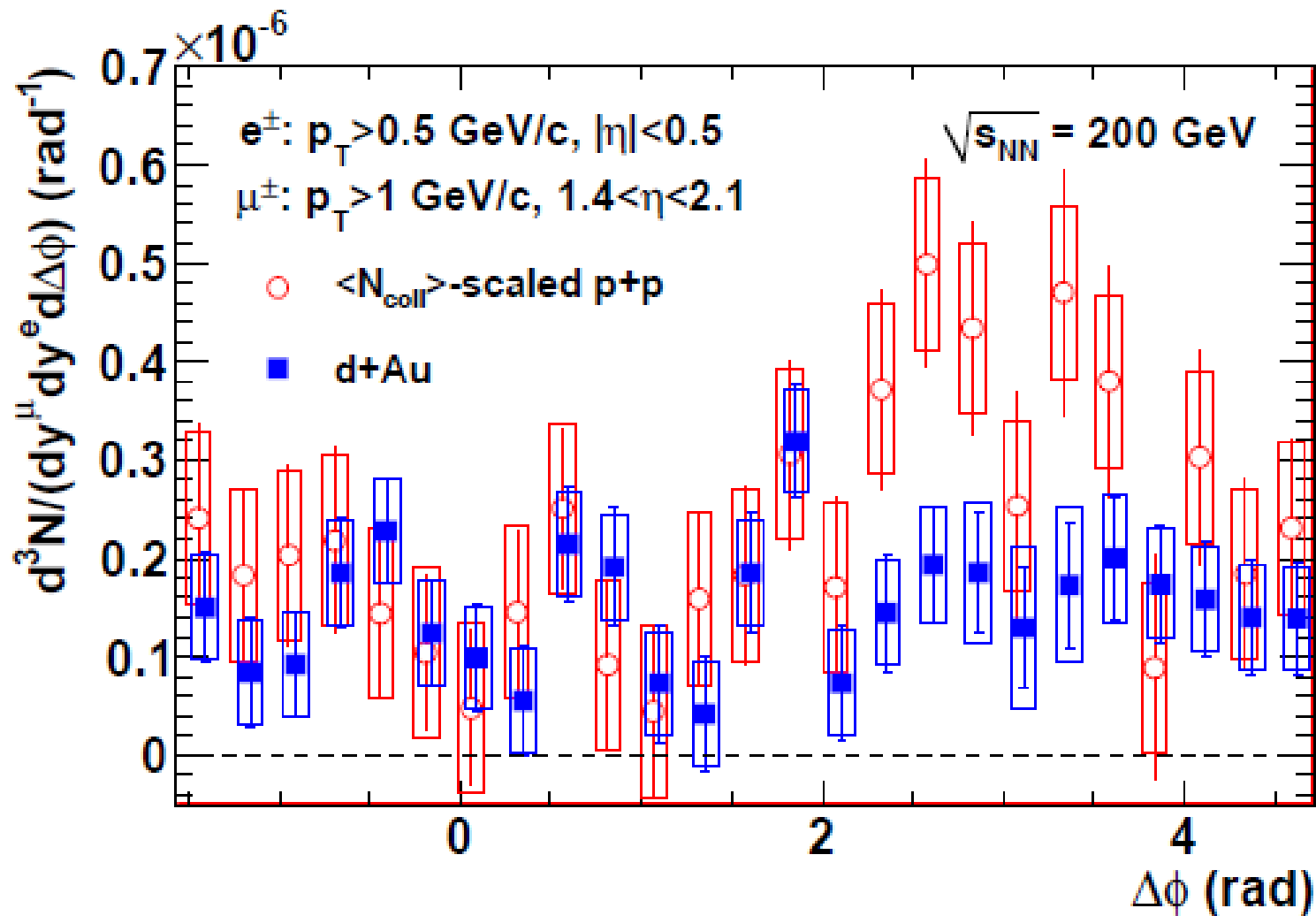
*At the time, many said this idea was “ridiculous”.*



Ratio Au+Au / p+p

Charm quarks  
 pushed out by blast  
 wave of fluid

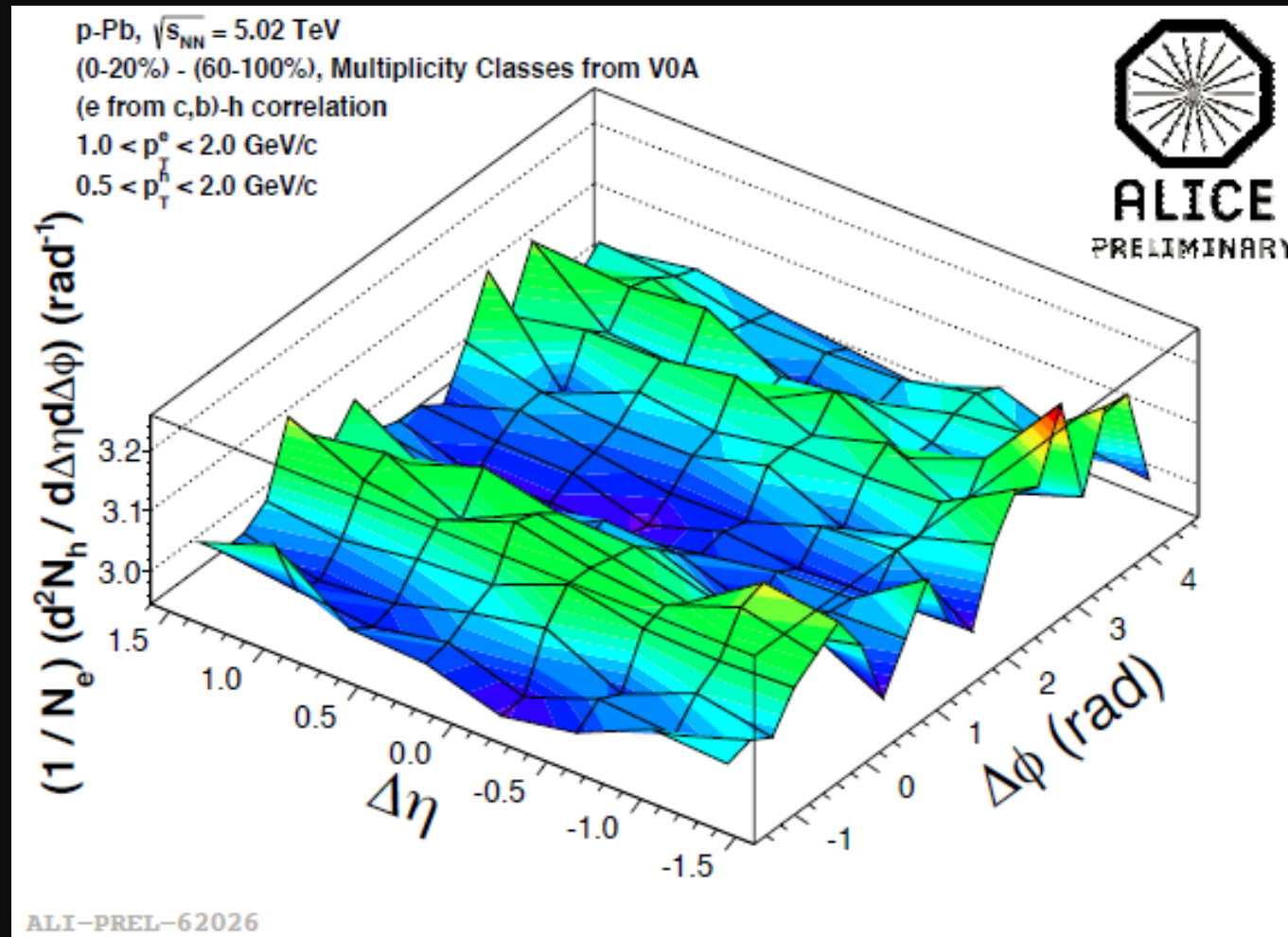




Example – e- $\mu$  correlations (away side peak is gone)  
 Could that be from flow effects, shadowing effects?

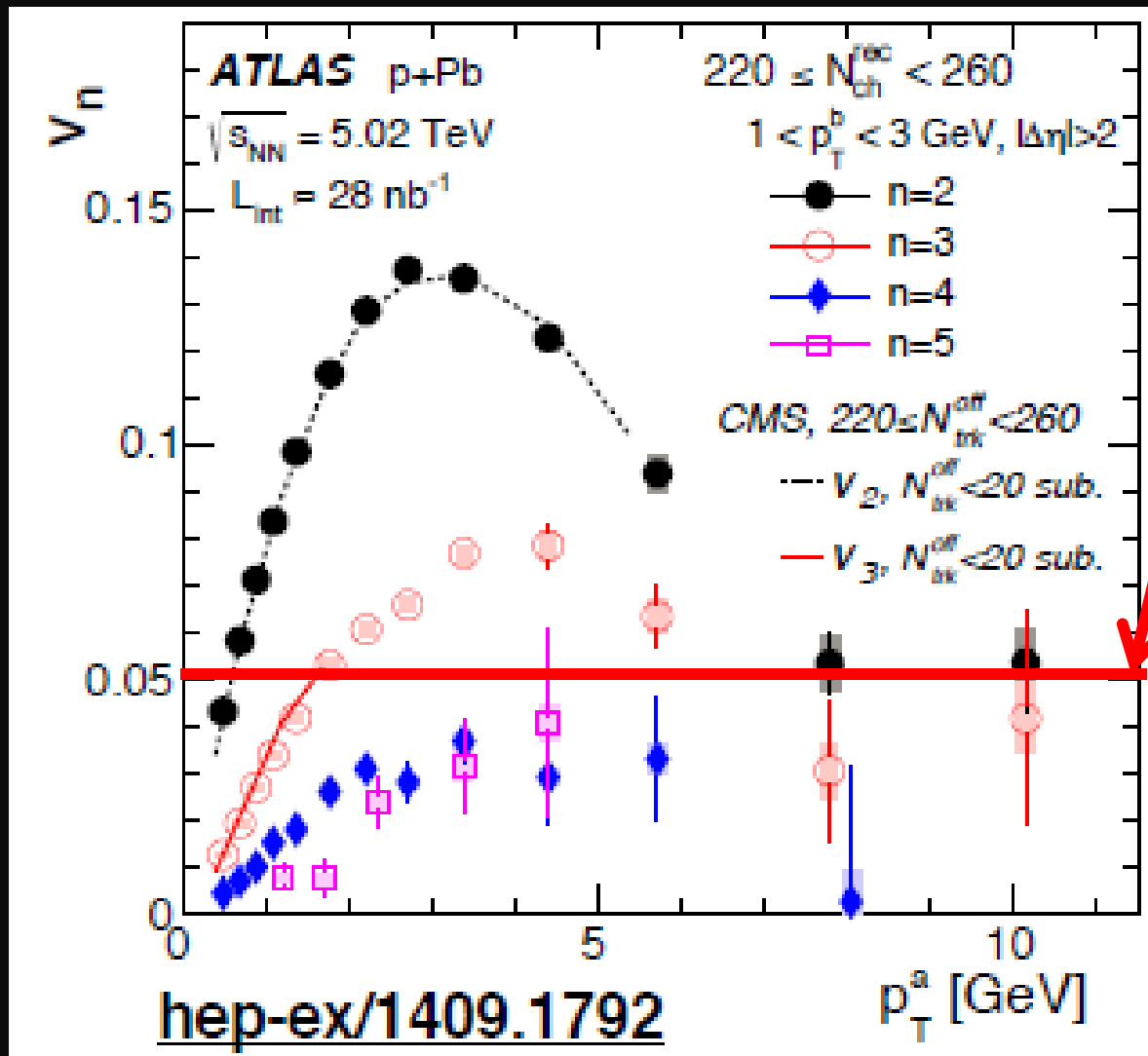
Also, radial flow for charm? (see A. Sickles – arXiv: 1309.6924)

# Charm Ridge



STAR – check D-h correlation with HFT in  $^3\text{He}+\text{Au}$ ?

Makes sense to run all the usual signal codes and ask the same questions!



Autocorrelation?  
Quenching?

Theory groups use pre-equilibrium + hydro space-time and calculate jet quenching observables.

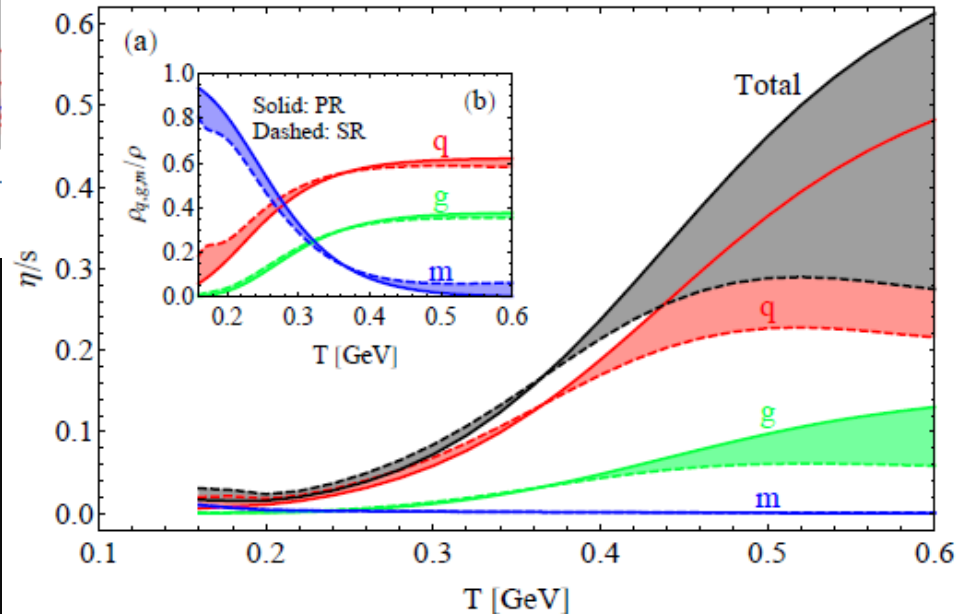
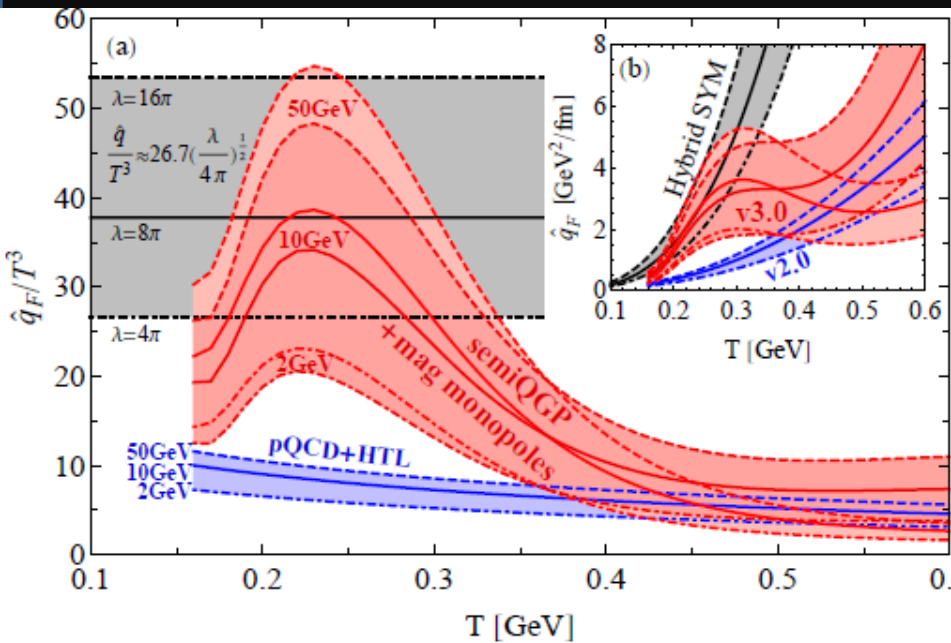
What observables are most sensitive

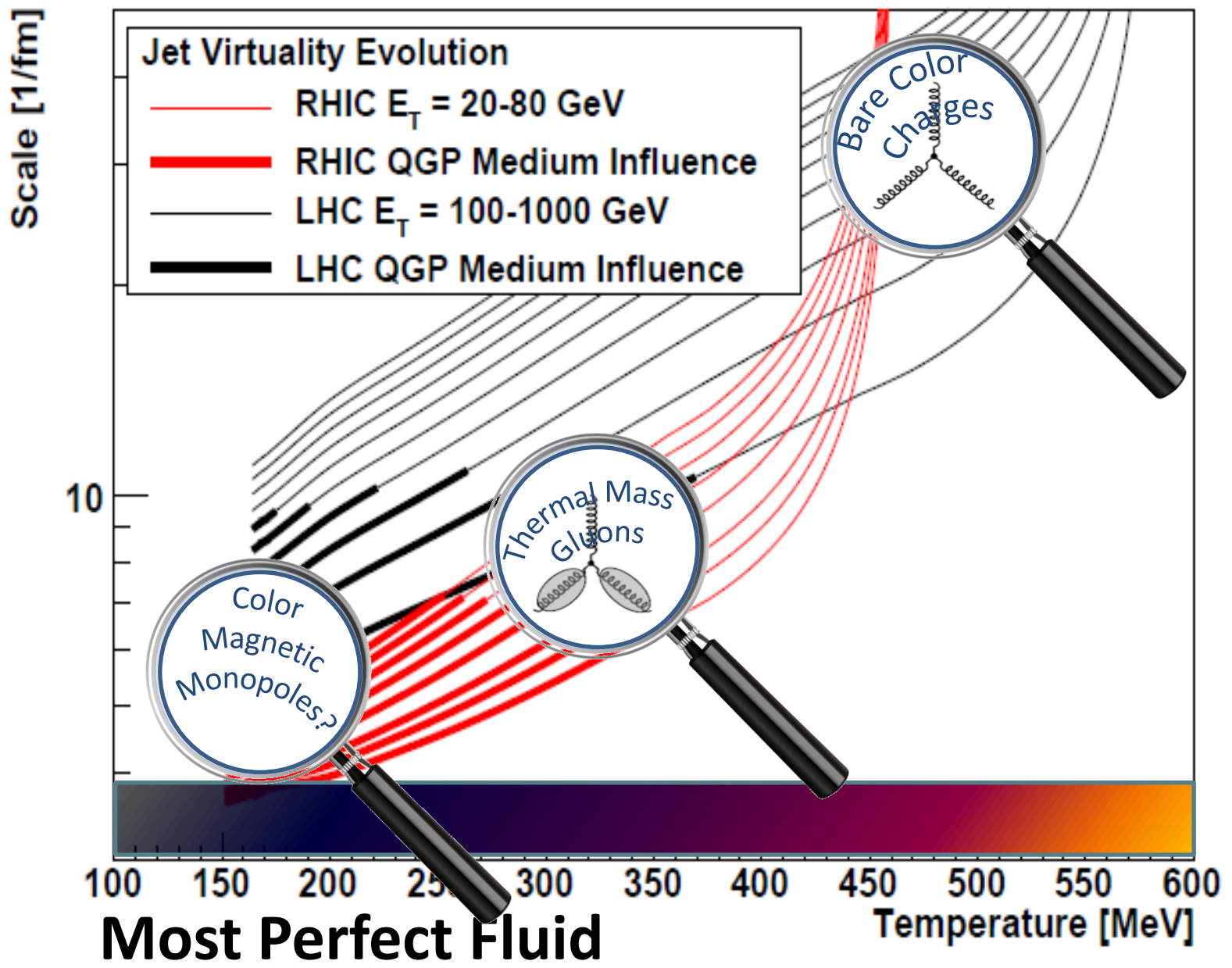


# Deeper Connections – Why and How?

Anisotropic Jet Quenching in semi-Quark-Gluon Plasmas with Magnetic Monopoles in Ultrarelativistic Heavy Ion Collisions

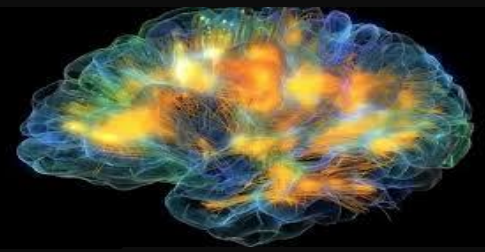
Jiechen Xu,<sup>1</sup> Jinfeng Liao,<sup>2,3</sup> and Miklos Gyulassy<sup>1</sup>





Key part of RHIC and LHC future program

## Lots of things to think about...



Do we need other geometries?

What about high multiplicity p+p at RHIC?

Carbon + A?

Full connection to U+U central data, Cu+Au data

Geometries at the LHC?

Key next tests – for example Linear / Non-linear pieces

Beam Energy Scan with same observables

Connection to p+p ridge cannot be forgotten

Alternatives – all need same scrutiny and confrontation  
with full data sets...

**Surprising feature may just be our blindness to the obvious**

# Thank to the Organizers for a Memorable Workshop!



Q1. Do we produce a strongly coupled liquid in "dilute+dense" collisions?

Experiment: What about pp? HeAu at LHC?  
Theory: Put on thinking caps

Q2. What provides the connection between soft and hard production?

How many different effects?  
Profound or trivial?

Q3. Can we have jet modification without jet quenching?

