



QD0 stabilization

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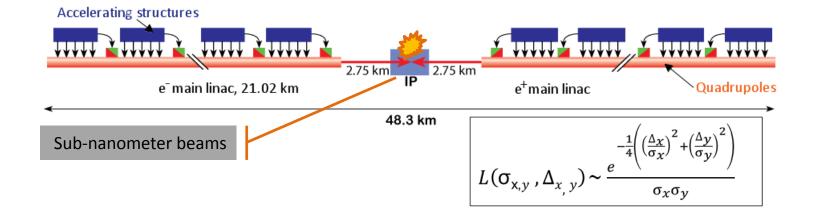
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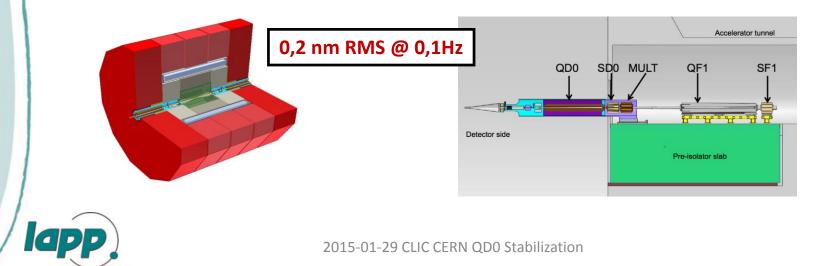


CLIC Challenge vs QD0 stabilization

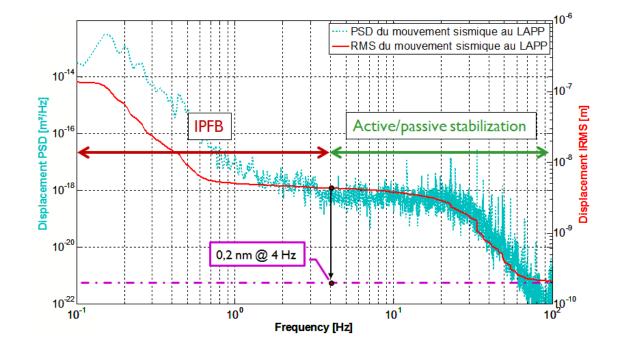
• Final focus CLIC R&D:



• Developments of LAViSta team are dedicated to the final focus



Introduction



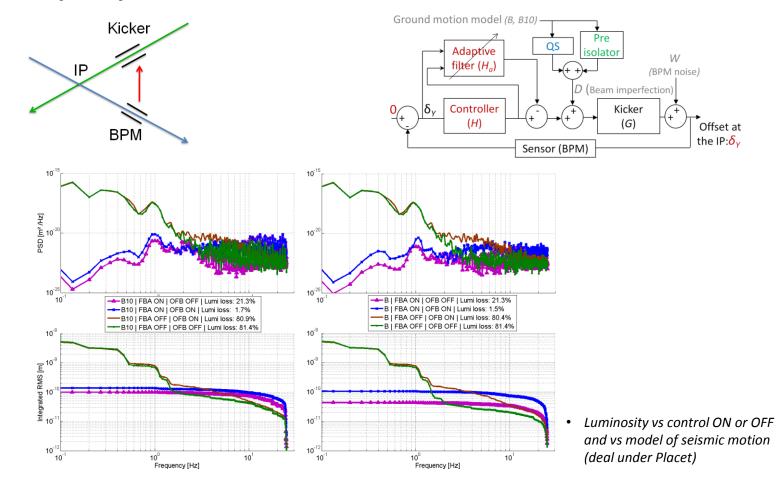
Final focus : beam stabilization strategy

> At the IP (mechanical + beam feedback), we aim at 0,2nm at 0,1Hz

- IP Beam based feedback : already developed in collaboration with CERN since 2010
- Mechanical stabilization has to be achieved

IP feedback

• Beam trajectory control : simulation under Placet



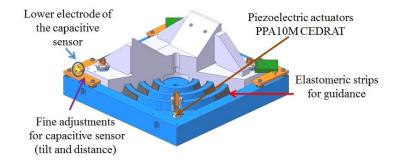
Caron B et al, 2012, "Vibration control of the beam of the future linear collider", Control Engineering Practice.
 G. Balik et al, 2012, "Integrated simulation of ground motion mitigation, techniques for the future compact linear collider (CLIC)", Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research



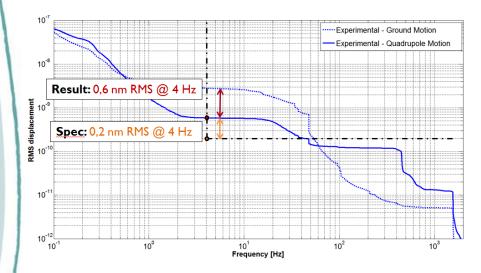
Active control : demonstration

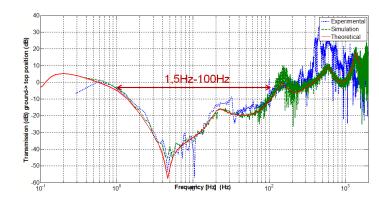
Prototype of active control system :





Results with commercial sensors : 0,6 nm RMS@4Hz.





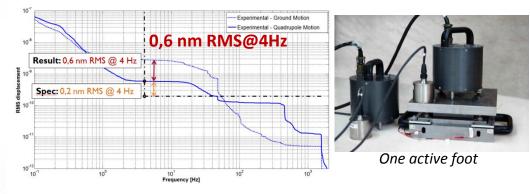
Balik et al, "Active control of a subnanometer isolator", JIMMSS.

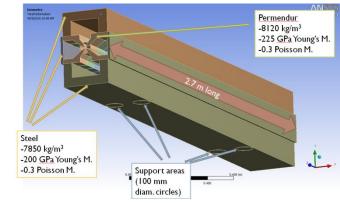
Main limitation : SENSOR (simulation and experiment).

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Transfer on a real scale

• Demonstration active table to QD0 active control ?





Several active feet

- Mecatronics challenges :
 - Sensors

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- Actuators
- Structure : QD0 Magnet
- Integration: control, data processing, real time...



Sensors : LAViSta prototypes

Successive developed prototypes since 2011 :



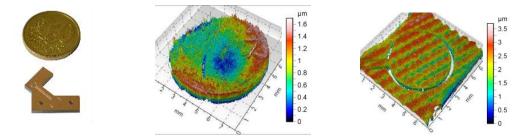


- Mechanical system with capacitive differential measurement
- Exploiting mechanical amplification at low frequency
 - Validation of the tilt, temperature drift, repeatability
 - Spurious frequencies are managed
 - R&D: a pneumatic approach is in progress



Sensors : Developments & tests

- Current developments:
 - Development of the sensitive part





- Development of the data processing
- Transfer function

• Tests on site:

- At Cern (22-23 January 2015 at ISR building)
- On a micro beam experiment in March

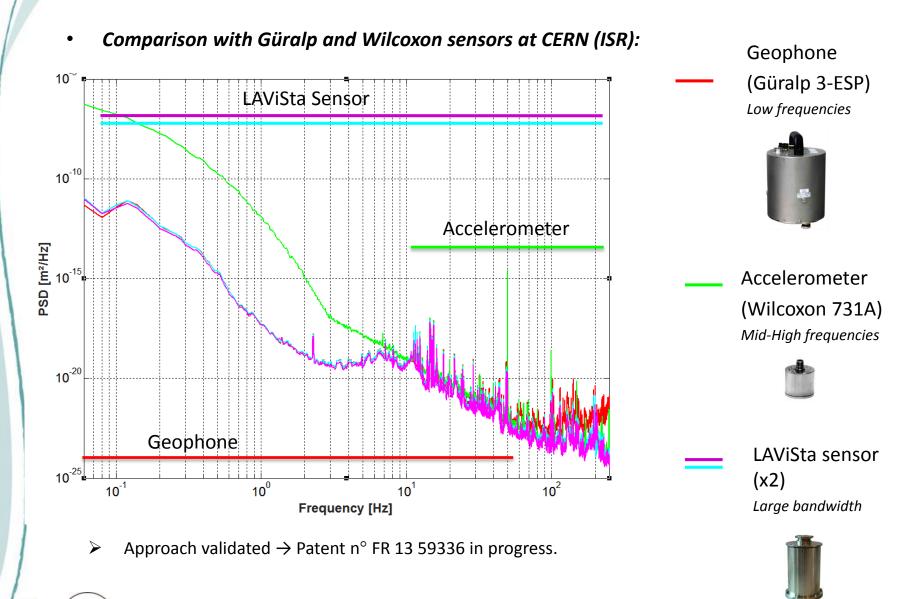
• Outreach aspects





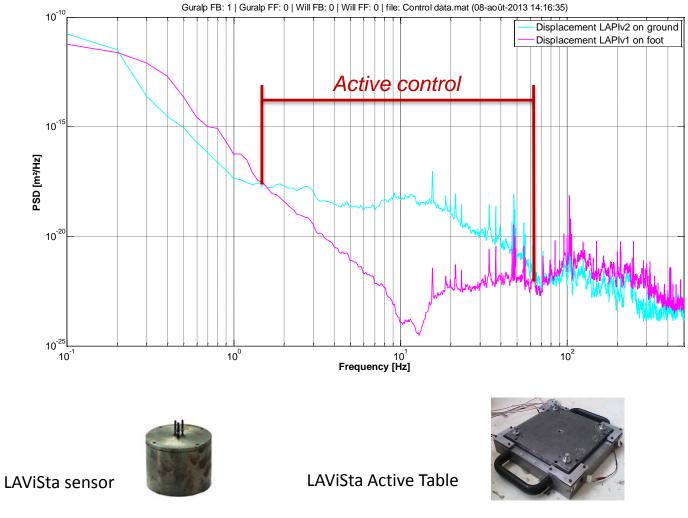


Sensors : Measurements on site



Sensors : Active control

• Active control with LAViSta sensor (First tests : 1,5Hz - 65Hz)





Actuators

- No commercial solution for dynamics, resolution, load, stiffness...
 - Two challenging ways : internal development or <u>industrial partnership</u>...

Industrial solution : PZT actuator

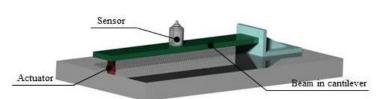
- Foreseen collaboration: SYMME, G2Elab, CEDRAT Technologies, SIREPE and LAPP
- ANR (French agency) submitted (for 3 years). Pre-proposal decision in February...

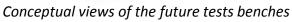


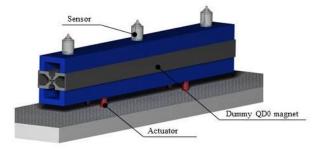
Small size PZT actuator



Specifications and tests vs ANR







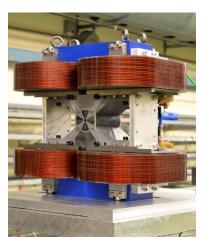


The ANR decision is a strategic step for the future of the project...

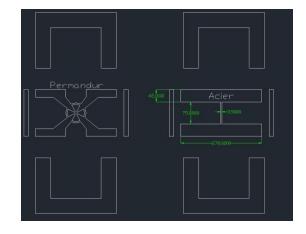
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Mechanical structure : Tests & Simulations on short QD0 for dummy QD0

- Dummy QD0 magnet prototype :
- Design and modeling of the large prototype
- Modal analysis of the short QD0 to confirm the simulation results (without coils).



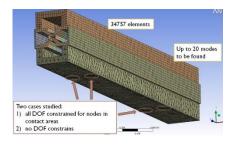
- Objectives of the prototype :
 - Dynamics behavior
 (eigenfrequencies, damping...)
 - Size
 - Geometry
 - Mass

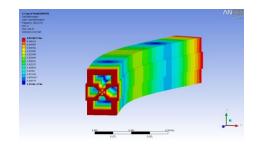


Most elementary as possible for machining, assembling, cost, delays...

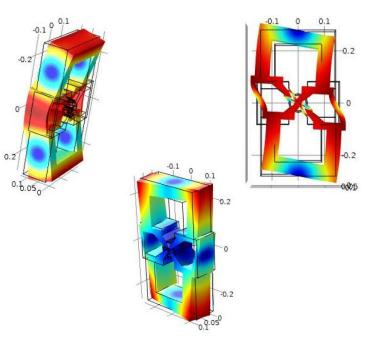
Mechanical structure : Simulation

- Simulation studies of QD0 :
 - Initial study performed by the team of M. Modena





- Short QD0 study :
 - Boundary conditions : Clamped and Free
 - Modeling of contacts, screws pre-stress...

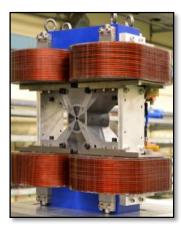


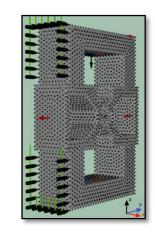


Mechanical structure : Tests

• Objectives:

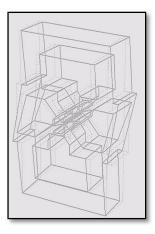
- Modal analysis of short QD0 in order to adapt the simulation of real QD0
- Design and simulation of a dummy QD0 to machine a new test bench
- Integration of the PZT actuators in the simulation to develop the control laws











Comparison experimental tests and theoretical results

Clamped magnet:

Modes	Pulse + Me'scope	DSpace + Matlab	FE Analysis
1 st x flexion	100	100	169
1 st y flexion	200	200	227
1 st torsion	370	350	454
2 nd x flexion	680	640	949
2 nd y flexion	1000	1000	1163

• Free - free magnet:

Modes	Pulse + Me'scope	DSpace + Matlab	FE Analysis
1 st x flexion	520	540	
1 st y flexion	600	580	675
1 st torsion	660	640	655
2 nd x flexion	760	740	686
2 nd y flexion	1400		1363

Deformed shape are fitting

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- > Problem of boundary conditions : clamping and structure rigidity
- Technical report available : *LAPP-Tech-2015-01*
- Confident for the large QD0 magnet and prototype vs past studies (ex: magnet, telescope, support...)

Conclusions about QD0 Stabilization

- Active control
 - Sub-nanometer control is validated by demonstration
- Sensors :
 - Efficient prototypes already available
 - Development still in progress
- QD0 structure studies
 - Actuator : waiting for ANR decision to start development and collaboration
 - MIMO control under simulation
 - Modal studies completed on short QD0 (report available)
 - Dummy QD0 structure under investigation

