



FORWARD PHYSICS AT CMS: Exclusive and Diffractive Physics

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Outline

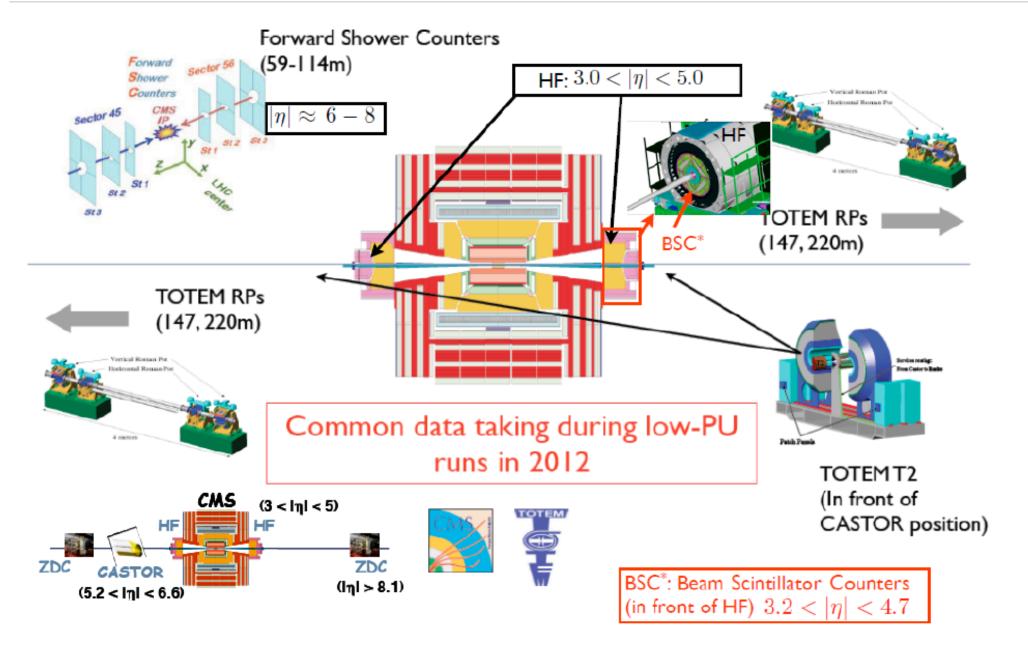


- CMS detector at forward rapidities
- Dijet production with a large rapidity gap (PAS FSQ-12-001)
- Exclusive WW and limits on Anomalous Quartic Coupling (FSQ-13-008)



CMS detector at forward rapidities





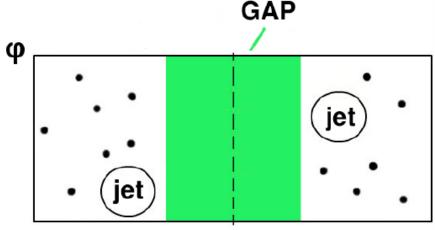




(PAS FSQ-12-001)

- Jet-gap-jet event is characterized by a parton scattering $(2\rightarrow 2)$ through an hard color singlet exchange*
- The fraction of the color singlet exchange is

$$f_{CSE}(p_T^{jet2}, \Delta \eta) = \frac{N_{events_with_gap}}{N_{all_dijet_events}}$$



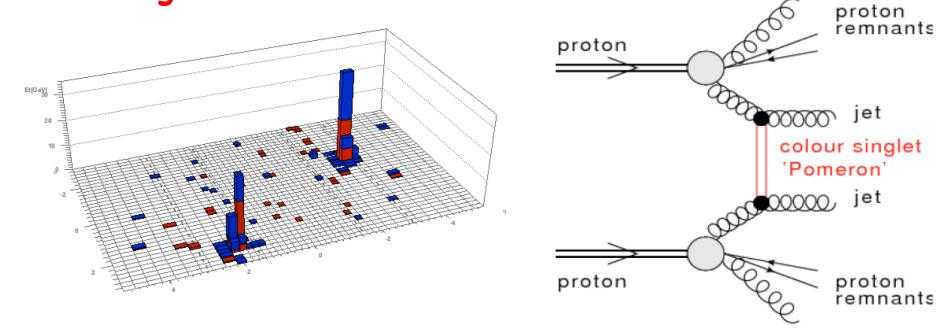




• Event signature:

(PAS FSQ-12-001)

- two high p_T jets, separated by a large rapidity gap
- the four-momentum squared transfer is much larger than in a standard diffractive event



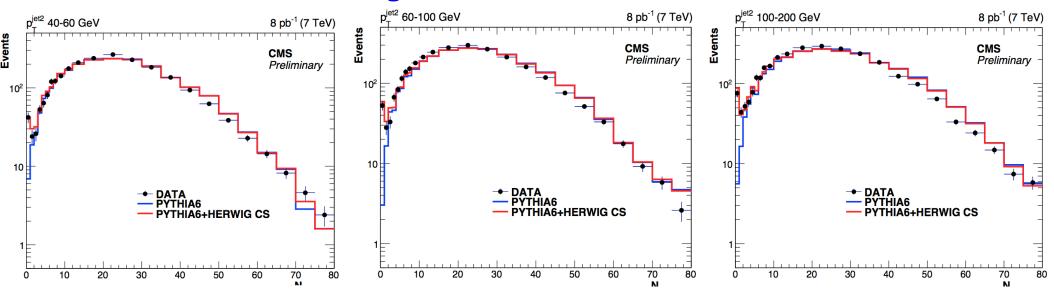




(PAS FSQ-12-001)

- Excess of events in the lowest track multiplicity bins, indication of CSE
- No satisfactorily described by the Pythia6 (QCD background)
- Addition of HERWIG color singlet MC (LL BFKL)

→ reasonable agreement



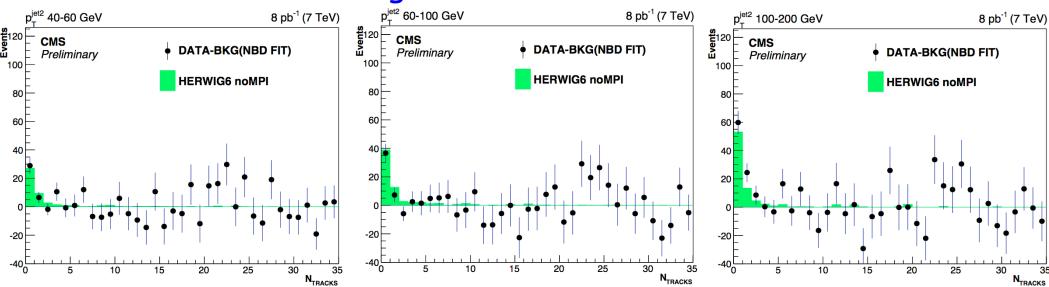




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 f_{sc} : ratio of event yields in the first bins after background subtraction to total yield





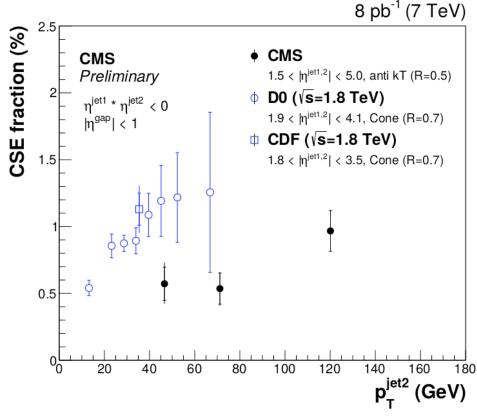
(PAS FSQ-12-001)

• f_{cse} vs p_T

• A suppression of the CSE fraction measured at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV is observed with respect to those

at lower energies

 The observation reported by D∅ and CDF are in agreement with the increase of CSE



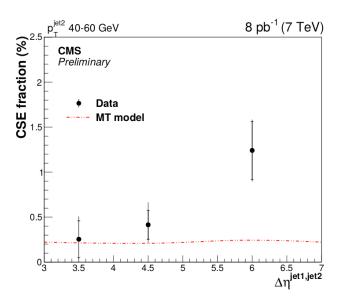


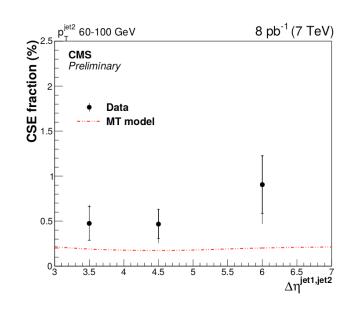


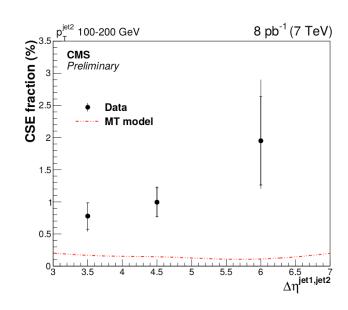
• f_{CSF} vs Δηjet1,jet2

(PAS FSQ-12-001)

- The gap fraction increases with $\Delta \eta^{\text{jet1,jet2}}$, although uncertainties are large at high values
- Mueller and Tang model (MT), based on simplified BFKL calculations, does not reproduce the growth of f_{CSE} with $\Delta \eta^{\text{jet1,jet2}}$, and underestimates the measured gap fractions





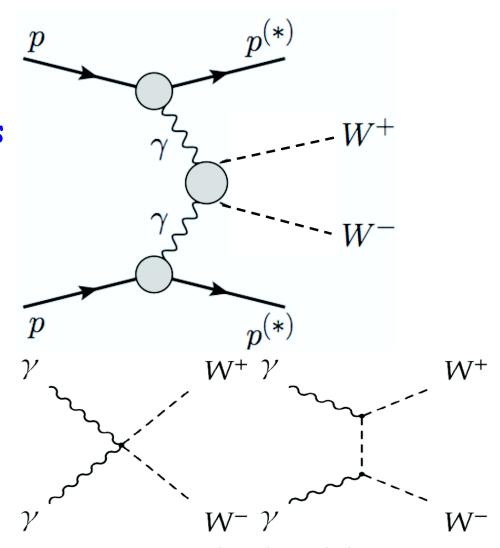






(PAS FSQ-13-008)

- $pp \to p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$
- *: proton may remain intact or dissociate into invisible products
- clean final states, no hadronic activity
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow W+W-$
 - not observed before LHC
 - measure SM cross section
 - search for Anomalous Quartic Gauge Couplings (AQGC)



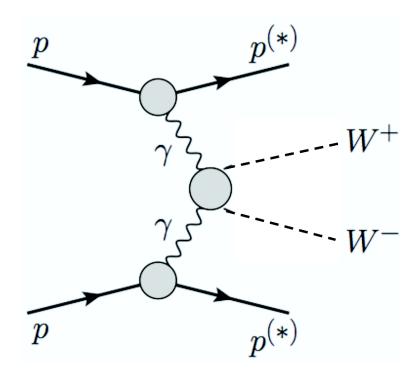
Quartic and t-channel diagrams contributing to LO process in the SM





(PAS FSQ-13-008)

• Looking for two W bosons $pp \rightarrow p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$



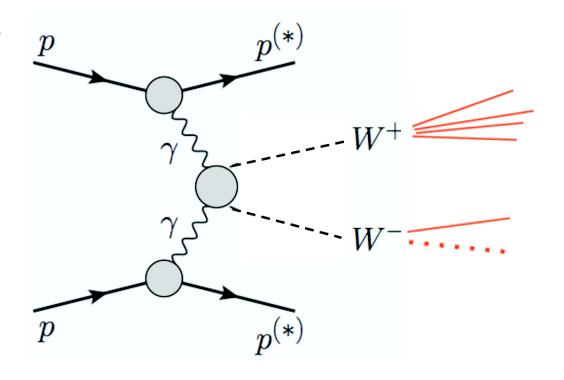




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(PAS FSQ-13-008)

- Looking for two W bosons $pp \rightarrow p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$
 - hadronic W decays:
 - at least one W decays hadronically
 - Too much QCD background







(PAS FSQ-13-008)

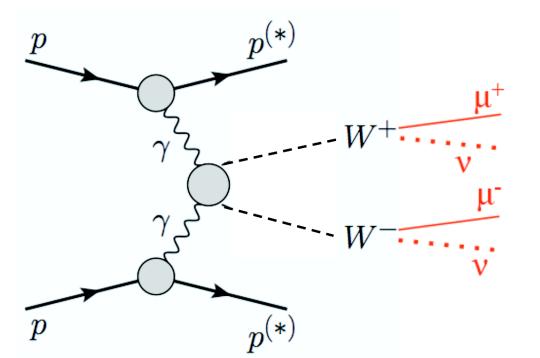
- · Looking for two W bosons $pp \rightarrow p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$
 - hadronic W decays:
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$$W^+W^- \to \mu^+\nu\mu^-\nu$$
 $W^+W^- \to e^+\nu e^-\nu$

$$W^+W^- \to e^+\nu e^-\nu$$

• Too much background from Drell-Yan and direct $\gamma\gamma \to l+l-$





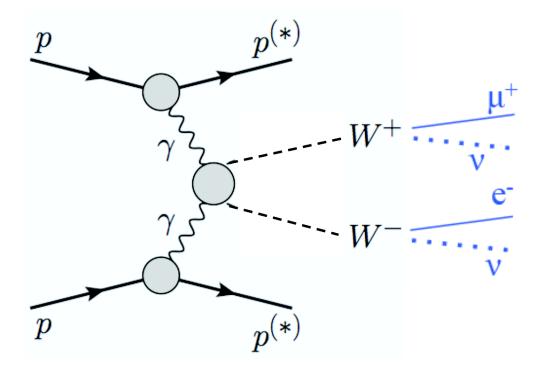


(PAS FSQ-13-008)

- Looking for two W bosons $pp \rightarrow p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$
 - only μ+e- and μ-e+

$$- W^+W^- \to \mu^{\pm}\nu \ e^{\mp}\nu$$

- common vertex





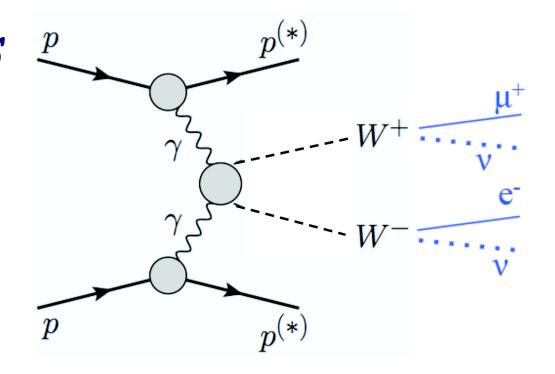


(PAS FSQ-13-008)

- Looking for two W bosons $pp \rightarrow p(*)W^+W^-p(*)$
 - only μ +e- and μ -e+

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common vertex



- Veto on additional charged tracks at dilepton vertex
 - Inclusive production almost always accompanied by extra tracks
- Require high p_T (µe) to suppress background





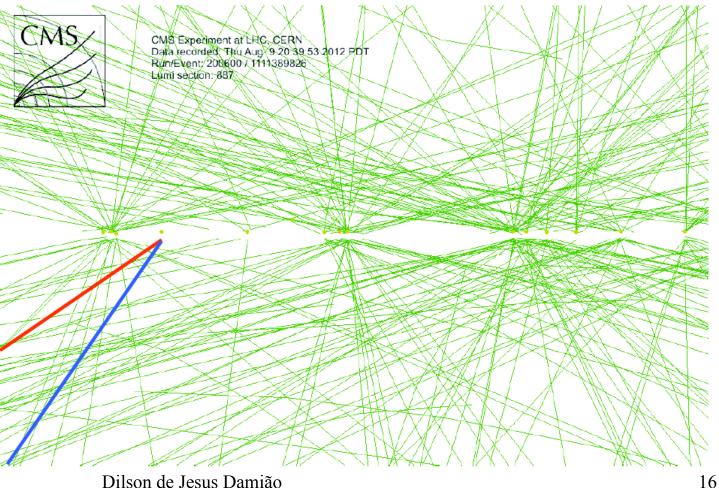
(PAS FSQ-13-008)

Event display of a signal candidate only μe and other tracks from pile-up

$$W^+W^- \to \mu^{\pm}\nu \ e^{\mp}\nu$$

Selection

opposite-sign μe pair @ the same vertex no extra tracks @ μe vertex each lepton with yp_T > 30 GeV $|\eta| < 2.4$

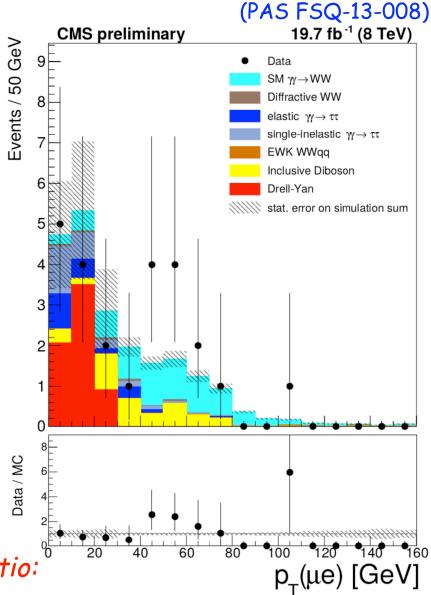






Results

- 13 data events in the signal region
- $^{\circ}$ 3.5 \pm 0.5 events were expected in the background
- SM prediction: 6.9 ± 0.6 fb
 - $^{\prime}$ gives a observed significance above background only hypothesis of 3.6 σ



Total cross section measured times branching ratio:

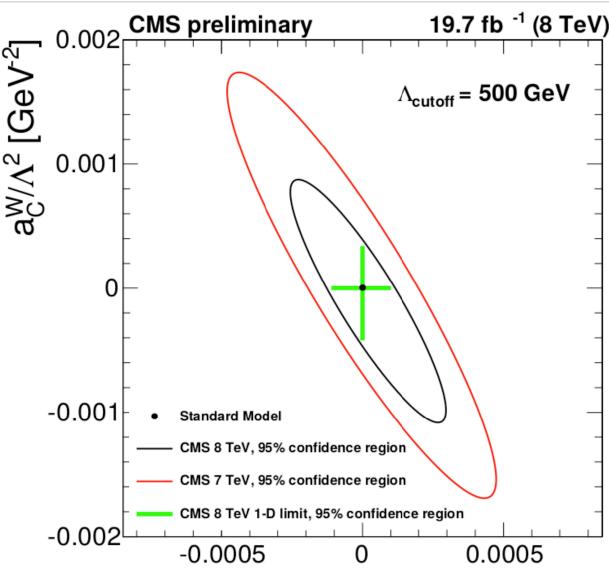
$$\sigma(pp \to p^{(*)}W^+W^-p^{(*)} \to p^{(*)}\mu^{\pm \mp}p^{(*)}) = 123^{+5.5}_{-4.4}fb$$





The p_T was used as a discriminating variable to extract limits on AQGC.

The resulting upper limits are compared to predictions assuming AQGC.



$$-1.1 \times 10^{-4} < a_0^{\text{W}}/\Lambda^2 < 1.0 \times 10^{-4} \,\text{GeV}^{-2} \ (a_C^{\text{W}}/\Lambda^2 = 0, \Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} = 500 \,\text{GeV}) \ a_0^{\text{W}}/\Lambda^2 \ [\text{GeV}^{-2}]$$

 $-4.2 \times 10^{-4} < a_C^{\text{W}}/\Lambda^2 < 3.4 \times 10^{-4} \,\text{GeV}^{-2} \ (a_0^{\text{W}}/\Lambda^2 = 0, \Lambda_{\text{cutoff}} = 500 \,\text{GeV})$

(PAS FSQ-13-008)



Summary



- CMS has a rich forward physics program with measurements of SM physics:
 - Diffraction
 - Exclusive production
 - Leading charged particles and jets at low p_{T}
- A suppression of the CSE fraction measured at LHC is observed with respect to those at lower energies (CDF and $D\varnothing$)
- Provide unique sensitivity to anomalous quartic couplings of the gauge bosons (aQCG)
- · More results to come for 13 TeV, with the CT-PPS detector