# Killing the CMSSM softly



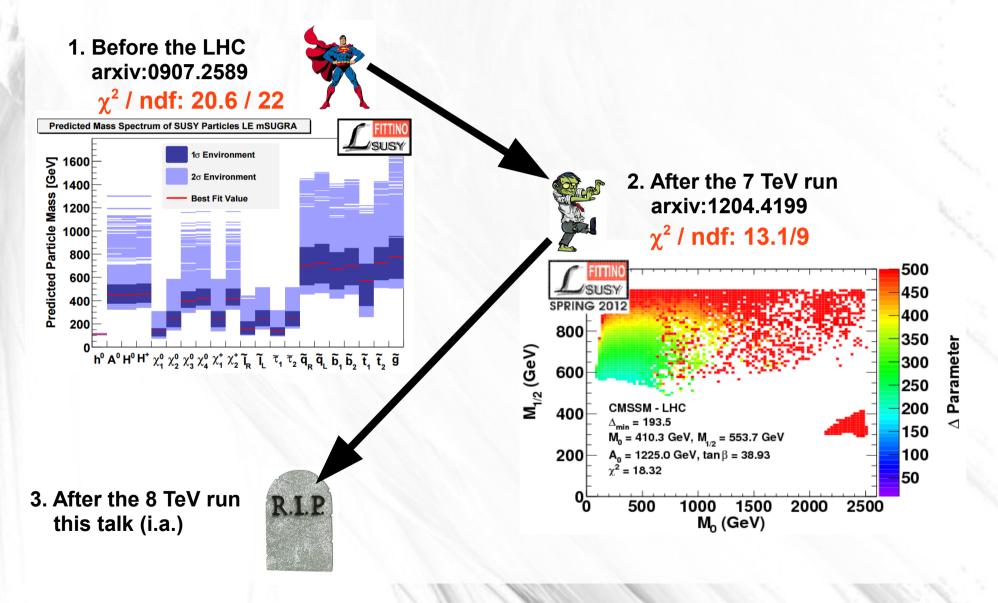
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> Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft

> > **DFG**

## Introduction – The Evolution of the CMSSM



# <u>Outline</u>

The Fittino Framework for Global Fits of SUSY models

- $\rightarrow$  Observables & Observable Sets
- $\rightarrow$  Scanning and Constraining the Parameter Space

\* The CMSSM after the LHC 8 TeV Run

- $\rightarrow$  Best Fit Points & Preferred Parameter Space
- $\rightarrow$  The lightest Higgs in the CMSSM
- $\rightarrow$  The p-Value of the CMSSM

# **The Fittino Framework & Outline**

\* select sensitive observables
 \* low energy observables
 \* Higgs boson properties
 \* collider searches for sparticle production
 \* direct/indirect dark matter searches

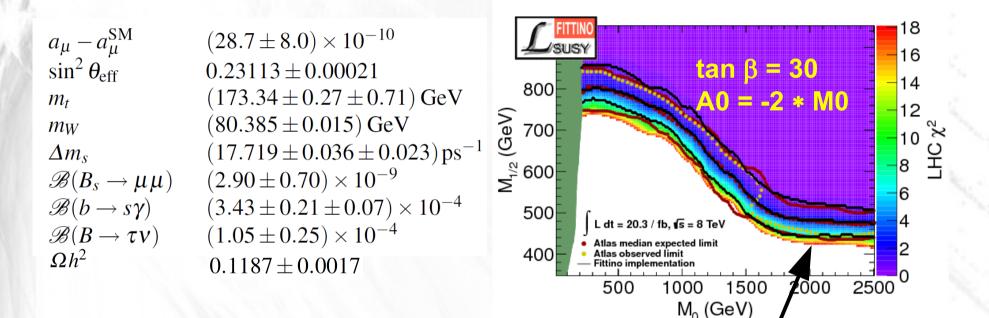
- ★ scan the parameter space
  - public codes for calculation of model predictions
  - $\star \chi^2$  as a measure for level of agreement
  - Markov Chain Monte Carlo for smart sampling

\* statistical analysis

- ★ frequentist interpretation
- \* preferred parameter regions and mass spectrum
- \* calculation of p-value with pseudo experiments



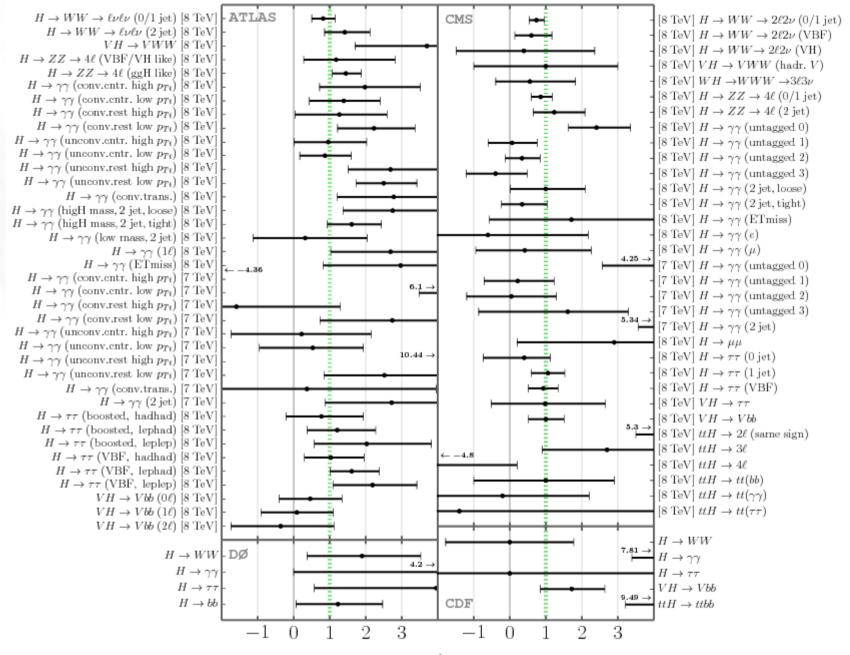
## **Observables**



#### limits on

- $\rightarrow$  direct detection cross-section (LUX)
- $\rightarrow$  chargino mass from LEP
- $\rightarrow$  SUSY production at the LHC
- a lot of Higgs measurements
- $\rightarrow$  implemented via HiggsSignals and HiggsBounds

correction in A0 and tan  $\beta$  via scaling factor



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# **Higgs Observables Set**

#### \* CMSSM can't distinguish between all measurements

#### ★ use 3 additional combinations

Experiment, Channel	observed $\mu$	observed $m_h$
ATLAS, $h \to WW \to \ell \nu \ell \nu$ [80]	$0.99\substack{+0.31\\-0.28}$	-
ATLAS, $h \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ [80]	$1.43\substack{+0.40\\-0.35}$	$(124.3\pm1.1)\text{GeV}$
ATLAS, $h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$ [80]	$1.55\substack{+0.33 \\ -0.28}$	$(126.8 \pm 0.9){ m GeV}$
ATLAS, $h \rightarrow \tau \tau [81]$	$1.44\substack{+0.51\\-0.43}$	-
ATLAS, $Vh \rightarrow V(bb)$ [82]	$0.17\substack{+0.67 \\ -0.63}$	-
CMS, $h \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell \nu \ell \nu$ [83]	$0.72\substack{+0.20\\-0.18}$	-
CMS, $h \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ [84]	$0.93\substack{+0.29\\-0.25}$	$(125.6 \pm 0.6)  \mathrm{GeV}$
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CMS, $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$ [86]	$0.78\substack{+0.27\\-0.27}$	-
$\mathbf{CMS}, Vh \to V(\overline{bb}) \ [86]$	$1.00\substack{+0.50\\-0.50}$	-

#### **Medium Obs Set**

 $\rightarrow$  Baseline

Experiment, Channel	observed $\mu$	observed $m_h$
ATLAS, $h \rightarrow WW, ZZ, \gamma\gamma$ [80]	$1.33_{-0.18}^{+0.21}$	$(125.5 \pm 0.8)  \text{GeV}$
ATLAS, $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$ [81]	$1.44\substack{+0.51\\-0.43}$	-
ATLAS, $Vh \rightarrow V(\overline{bb})$ [82]	$0.17\substack{+0.67 \\ -0.63}$	-
CMS, $h \rightarrow WW, ZZ, \gamma \gamma^{\dagger}$	$0.80\substack{+0.16\\-0.15}$	$(125.7 \pm 0.6)  \text{GeV}$
CMS, $h  ightarrow  au  au$ [86]	$0.78\substack{+0.27\\-0.27}$	-
CMS, $Vh \rightarrow V(bb)$ [86]	$1.00\substack{+0.50 \\ -0.50}$	-

#### **Small Obs Set**

Experiment, Channel	observed $\mu$	observed $m_h$
ATLAS+CMS, $h \rightarrow WW, ZZ$ ATLAS+CMS, $h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.94\substack{+0.17\\-0.16}\\ 1.16\substack{+0.22\\-0.20}\end{array}$	$(125.73 \pm 0.45)\mathrm{GeV}$
ATLAS+CMS, $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$	$1.11^{+0.24}_{-0.23}$	-
ATLAS+CMS, $Vh$ , $tth \rightarrow bb$	$0.69\substack{+0.37\\-0.37}$	-

#### **Combined Obs Set**

# **Calculating Model Predictions**

#### ★ Fittino uses

- $\rightarrow$  SPheno for the mass Spectrum
- $\rightarrow$  **SuperIso** for the B-meson branching fractions
- $\rightarrow$  FeynHiggs for Higgs properties, m<sub>w</sub>, sin $\theta_{eff}$ , (g-2)
- $\rightarrow$  micrOMEGAs for  $\Omega h^2$
- $\rightarrow$  **DarkSUSY** via AstroFit for direct detection cross section
- → Herwig++/Delphes/Prospino for the emulation of the ATLAS 0-Lepton search

## **Sampling the Parameter Space**

#### 🛪 3 goals

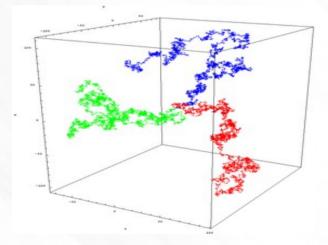
 $\rightarrow$  accurate determination of best fit point

- $\rightarrow$  extensive coverage of full parameter space
- $\rightarrow$  accurate evaluation of p-value

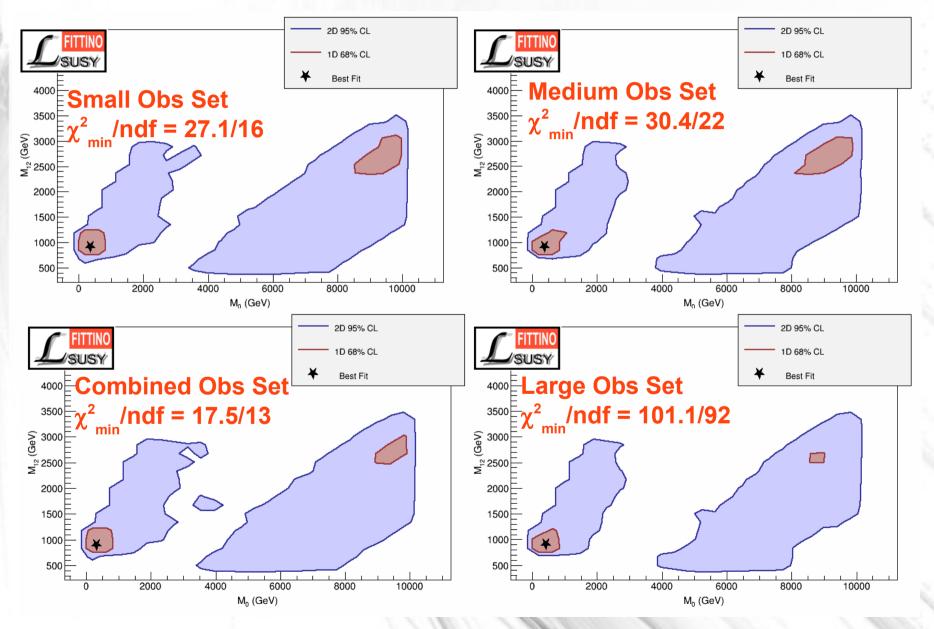
\* adaptive Markov Chain Monte Carlo

- $\rightarrow$  proposal densities adjusted regularly
- $\rightarrow$  20 independent chains
- $\rightarrow$  850 million valid points
- $\rightarrow$  100 million points with  $\chi^2$  < 100
- ★ determination of p-Value
  - $\rightarrow$  full fit too demanding in terms of CPU time
  - $\rightarrow$  use original MCMC to find best fit points

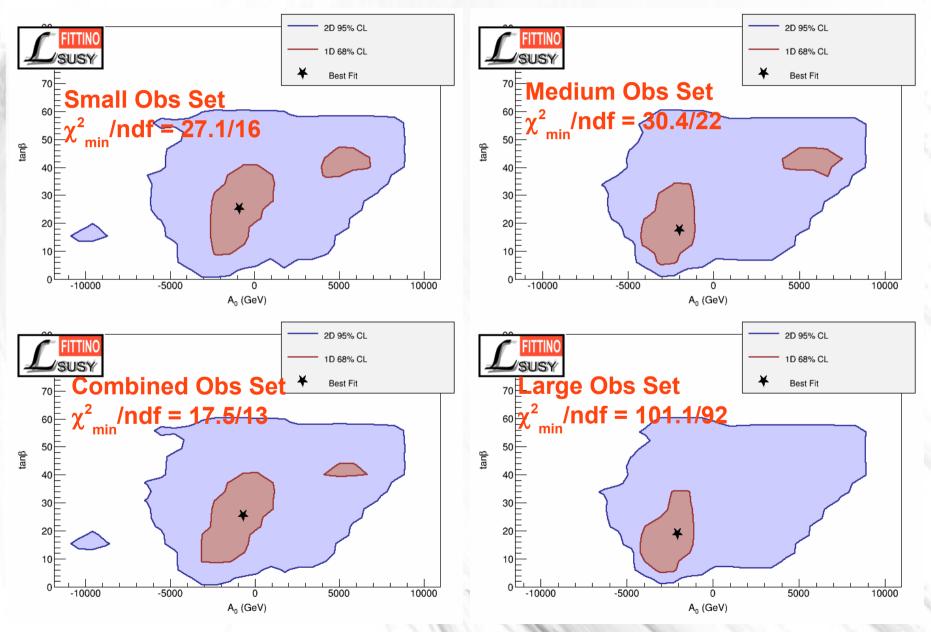
 $\rightarrow$  conservative estimation of model p-value



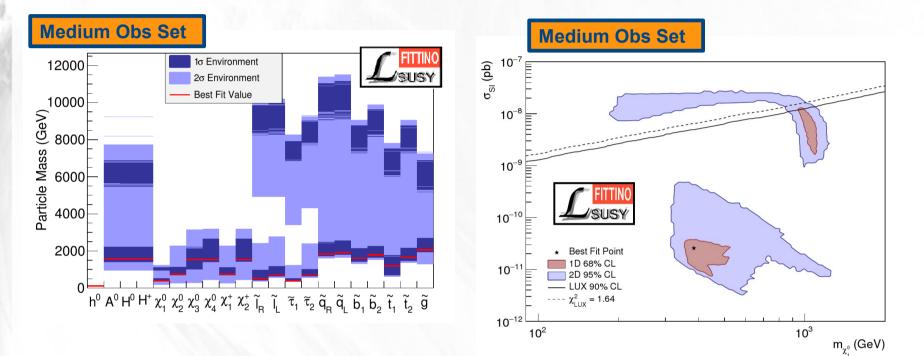
### **Results I: Parameter Regions & Best Fit Points**



# **Results I: Parameter Regions & Best Fit Points**

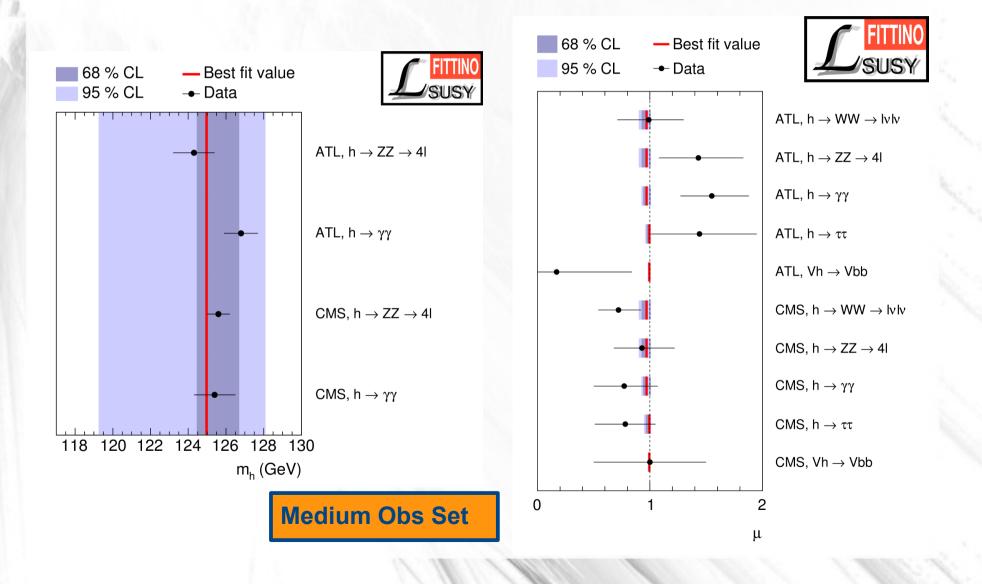


# **Results I: Parameter Regions & Best Fit Points**

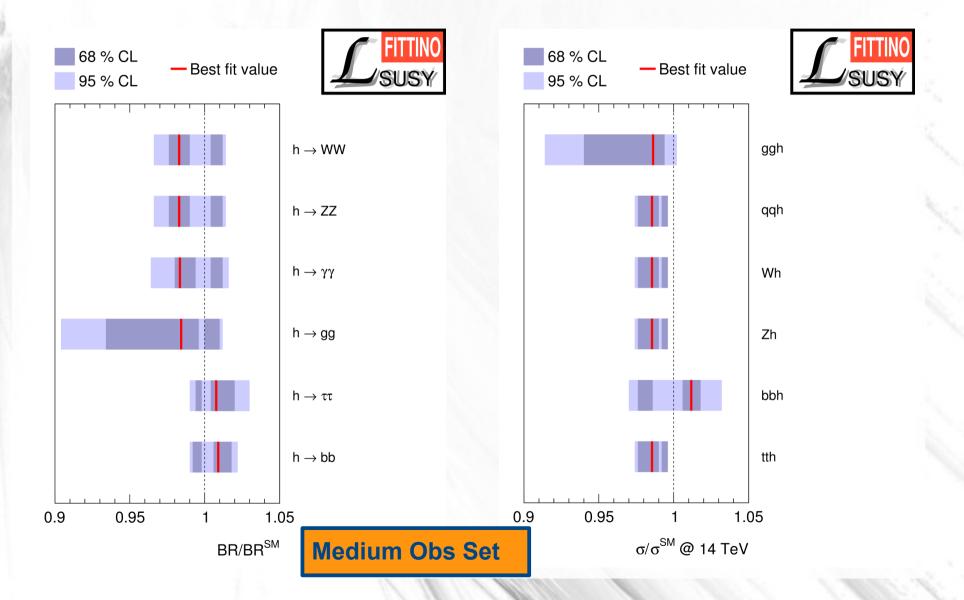


Observable Set	$M_0$	$M_{1/2}$	$A_0$	$\tan eta$
Combined	$327.4 \mathrm{GeV}$	$900.5 \mathrm{GeV}$	-679.6 GeV	25.6
$\operatorname{Small}$	$361.5~{ m GeV}$	$926.3~{ m GeV}$	$-907.9 { m ~GeV}$	25.3
Medium	$387.4 \mathrm{GeV}$	$918.2~{ m GeV}$	-2002.8  GeV	17.7
Large	$418.6~{\rm GeV}$	$910.6~{ m GeV}$	$-2041.6 { m ~GeV}$	19.2

# **Results II: Lightest Higgs in the CMSSM**



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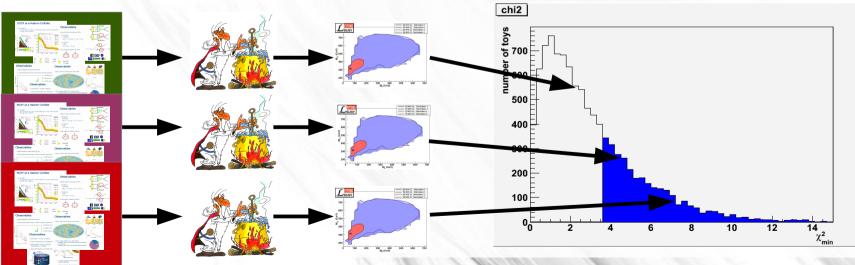


☆ non-gaussian observable set

- $\rightarrow$  1-sided and hard limits
- $\rightarrow$  non-gaussian uncertainties
- $\rightarrow$  relative uncertainties
- $\rightarrow$  highly non-linear model

 $P_n(\chi^2) = \frac{(\chi^2)^{\frac{n}{2}} \cdot e^{\frac{\chi^2}{2}}}{2^{\frac{n}{2}}\Gamma(\frac{n}{2})}$ 

- \* gaussian  $\chi^2$ -distribution accurate?
  - $\rightarrow$  get true  $\chi^2$ -distribution from pseudo measurements
  - $\rightarrow$  ~1000 pseudo datasets per obs set



★ Large Obs Set: 84 different measurements in Higgs sector
 → CMSSM makes the same prediction for several subsets

★ in terms of the p-value, the model can be

- $\rightarrow$  punished for bad agreement within the data
- $\rightarrow$  rewarded for good agreement within the data

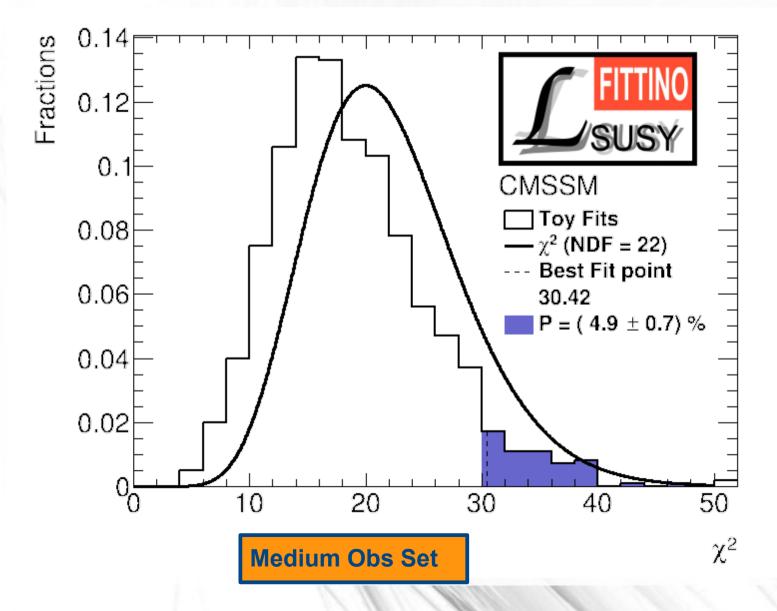
#### \* p-value should reflect the quality of the model

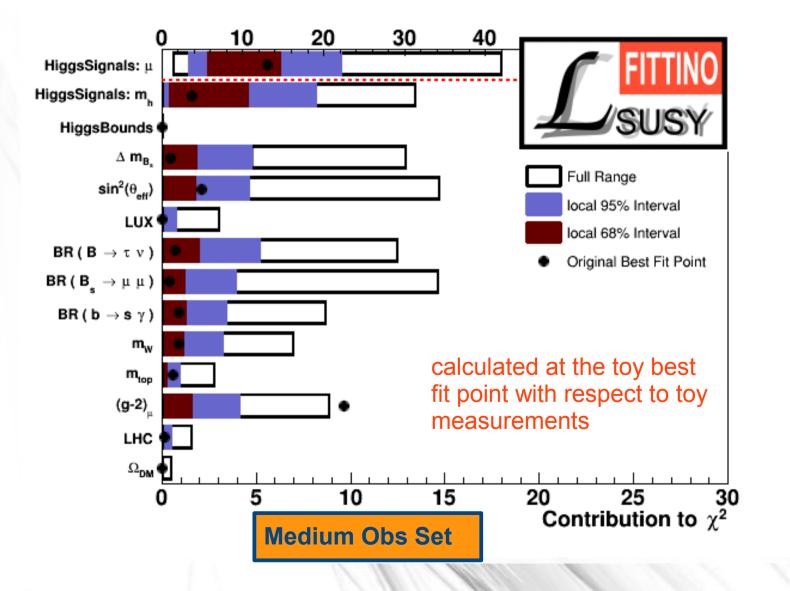
#### $\rightarrow$ combine measurements with same prediction

 $\rightarrow$  use combination in global fit

medium obs set comes closest to what we need

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ATLAS, $h \to WW \to \ell \nu \ell \nu$ [80]	$0.99\substack{+0.31\\-0.28}$	-
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	Observable Set	$\chi^2/$ n.d.f	naive p-value	toy p-value	stat. uncert.
	Combined	17.5/13	17.7%	8.3%	0.8%
	Small	27.1/16	4.0%	1.9%	0.4%
<	Medium	30.4/22	10.8%	4.9%	0.7%
	Large	101.1/92	24.3%	41.6%	4.4%
	Medium / g-2	18.1/21	64.1%	51%	3%

- $\rightarrow$  naive p-value: p-value according to gaussian  $\chi^2$ -distribution
- $\rightarrow$  toy p-value: p-value extracted from pseudo experiments
- $\rightarrow$  stat.uncertainty: estimated uncertainty on p-value

$$\Delta p = \sqrt{\frac{p \cdot (1-p)}{n_{\text{Toy}}}}$$

# Summary

★ global fit of CMSSM with updated observables

- $\rightarrow$  low energy measurements
- $\rightarrow$  measurements from cosmology/astrophysics
- $\rightarrow$  results of direct searches
- $\rightarrow$  Higgs observables
- LHC limits push the CMSSM to a region in which it can no longer accomodate (g-2)

\* accurate determination of the p-value requires pseudo experiments

★ p-value depends strongly on the choice of the observable set
 → combination of measurements with identical predictions crucial

\* we exclude the CMSSM at the 95% CL with the optimal observable set