

# *t*-channel predictions and modelling uncertainties

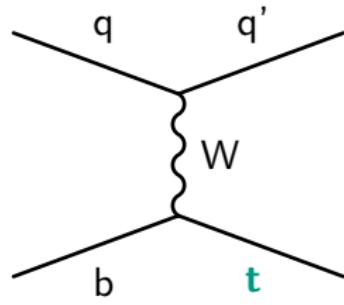
## TopLHCWG open meeting

January 12, 2015

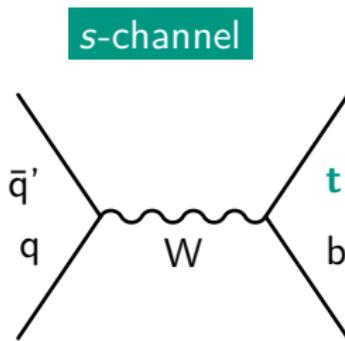
Benedikt Maier on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

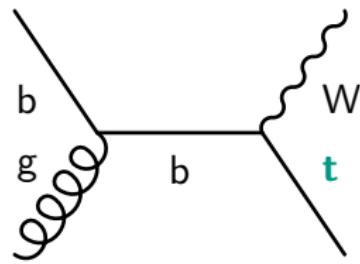
# Production mechanisms



**$t$ -channel**



**$s$ -channel**



**$tW$ -channel**

# Guideline

- 1  $t$ -channel predictions
- 2  $t$ -channel modelling uncertainties

# Motivation & intention

## Motivation

- ▶ Until recently, ATLAS and CMS have used different values for the  $t$ -channel cross sections (and necessarily then  $R_t$ ) and different approaches for evaluating the uncertainties assigned to it.\*

## Intention

- ▶ Harmonizing the predictions among the two collaborations, and for this using automated tools that make it easy to modify, adjust and calculate things according to our needs

\*e.g. central value for  $m_t$ , treatment of  $\alpha_S$ +PDF unc's, ...

## Past, present, future

- ▶ Using Kidonakis numbers until now
- ▶ Switching to automated NLO (QCD) tool Hathor 2.1
- ▶ Want to adopt NNLO calculation as soon as it is easily configurable & usable for the collaborations

# Setup for NLO computations

- ▶ 5-flavour-scheme calculation
- ▶  $m_t = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶  $m_b$  enters only in PDFs
- ▶  $\mu_R = \mu_F = m_t$
- ▶ Strong coupling:  $\alpha_S$  depends on chosen PDF
- ▶ Full CKM matrix (PDG 2012)
- ▶ Other:  $\alpha$ ,  $(\hbar c)^2$ ,  $\sin \theta_W$ , ... → use common electroweak scheme (cf. MCFM)
- ▶ PDFs:  
PDF4LHC (CT10nlo, MSTW2008nlo, NNPDF23nlo) → central value and PDF+ $\alpha_S$  unc's  
MSTW2008nlo used for all non PDF-uncertainties

# Uncertainty computations

## Scales:

- ▶ Vary  $\mu_R$ ,  $\mu_F$  independently by  $1/2, 1, 2$
- ▶ Skip the combinations  $1/2 \cdot 2, 2 \cdot 1/2$
- ▶ Take min/max x-section variations as up/down uncertainty

## PDF + $\alpha_S$ :

- ▶ Use PDF4LHC prescriptions
- ▶ Compute inter & intra PDF uncertainties for CT10nlo, MSTW2008nlo, NNPDF23nlo (including  $\alpha_S$  uncertainty for each)
- ▶ Take half width of the resulting envelope as (symmetric) PDF uncertainty
- ▶ Take envelope centre as central x-section value

# Uncertainty computations

## Scales:

- ▶ Vary  $\mu_R$ ,  $\mu_F$  independently by  $1/2, 1, 2$
- ▶ Skip the combinations  $1/2 \cdot 2, 2 \cdot 1/2$
- ▶ Take min/max x-section variation

## PDF + $\alpha_S$ :

- ▶ Use PDF4LHC recommendations
- ▶ Central value of envelope purely political choice  
PDF4LHC recommendations overly complicated!  
ATLAS + CMS collaborations should have interest in simplicity here  
Need dialogue with PDF-fitters community!
- ▶ Take envelope centre as central x-section value

# Cross-section numbers

7 TeV

| Mode           | Central value | Scale uncert. | PDF+alphaS uncert. | Total uncert. | Mass uncert. |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| top            | 41.80         | +1.24 -0.82   | +1.28 -1.28        | +1.78 -1.52   | +0.42 -0.42  |
| anti-top       | 22.02         | +0.67 -0.43   | +1.08 -1.08        | +1.27 -1.16   | +0.24 -0.23  |
| top + anti-top | 63.89         | +1.92 -1.25   | +2.19 -2.19        | +2.91 -2.52   | +0.65 -0.65  |

8 TeV

| Mode           | Central value | Scale uncert. | PDF+alphaS uncert. | Total uncert. | Mass uncert. |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| top            | 54.87         | +1.64 -1.09   | +1.60 -1.60        | +2.29 -1.94   | +0.52 -0.52  |
| anti-top       | 29.74         | +0.92 -0.59   | +1.39 -1.39        | +1.67 -1.51   | +0.30 -0.30  |
| top + anti-top | 84.69         | +2.56 -1.68   | +2.76 -2.76        | +3.76 -3.23   | +0.82 -0.82  |

13 TeV

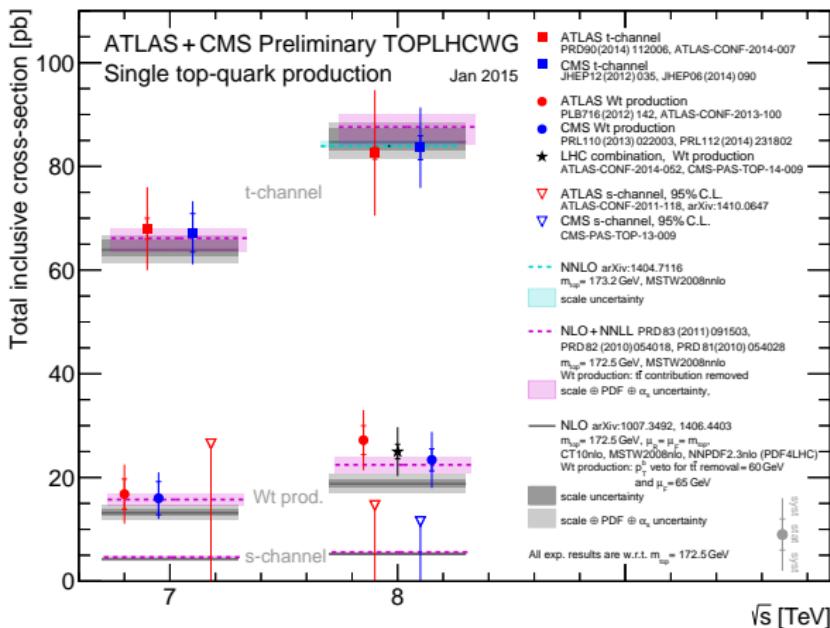
| Mode           | Central value | Scale uncert. | PDF+alphaS uncert. | Total uncert. | Mass uncert. |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| top            | 136.02        | +4.09 -2.92   | +3.52 -3.52        | +5.40 -4.57   | +1.11 -1.11  |
| anti-top       | 80.95         | +2.53 -1.71   | +3.18 -3.18        | +4.06 -3.61   | +0.71 -0.70  |
| top + anti-top | 216.99        | +6.62 -4.64   | +6.16 -6.16        | +9.04 -7.71   | +1.81 -1.81  |

14 TeV

| Mode           | Central value | Scale uncert. | PDF+alphaS uncert. | Total uncert. | Mass uncert. |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| top            | 154.76        | +4.66 -3.39   | +3.96 -3.96        | +6.12 -5.21   | +1.23 -1.24  |
| anti-top       | 93.28         | +2.92 -2.01   | +3.58 -3.58        | +4.62 -4.11   | +0.80 -0.79  |
| top + anti-top | 248.09        | +7.58 -5.40   | +6.98 -6.98        | +10.30 -8.82  | +2.03 -2.03  |

- ▶ Everything documented in the TWiki  
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/SingleTopRefXsec>
- ▶ Mass uncert. ( $\pm 1$  GeV) quoted for the record. Not part of total unc.

# Cross-section numbers



## *t*-channel predictions summary

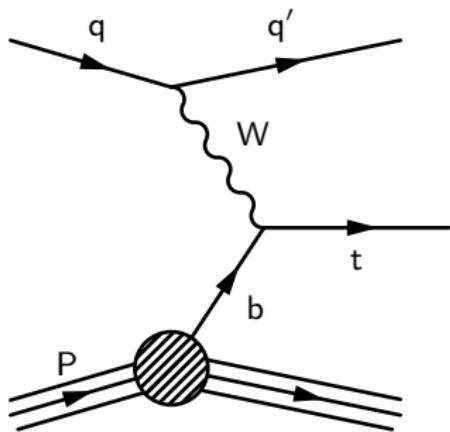
- ▶ Established plan to switch to automated tools (Hathor) for obtaining *t*-channel cross-sections
- ▶ Numbers in good agreement with other predictions, cross-checked against MCFM, aMCatNLO, POWHEG
- ▶ Working on uncertainty predictions for  $R_t$  values
- ▶ PDF topic needs to be discussed with the PDF community

# Guideline

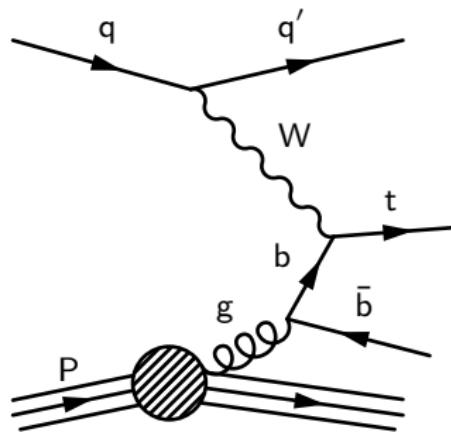
- 1  $t$ -channel predictions
- 2  $t$ -channel modelling uncertainties

# $t$ -channel description at LO

Five-flavor scheme ( $2 \rightarrow 2$ )



Four-flavor scheme ( $2 \rightarrow 3$ )

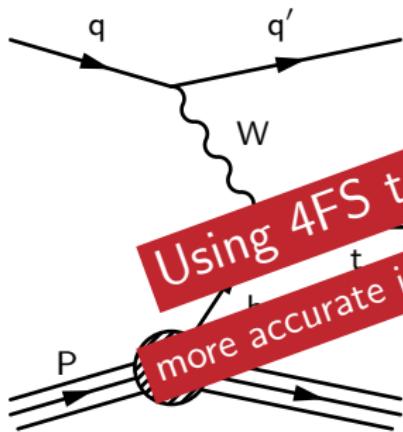


- ▶ b quark inside proton ( $m_b = 0$ ) with dedicated b PDF
- ▶ add. b jet comes from backwards-evolution in parton shower ( $\sim$  LO accuracy)

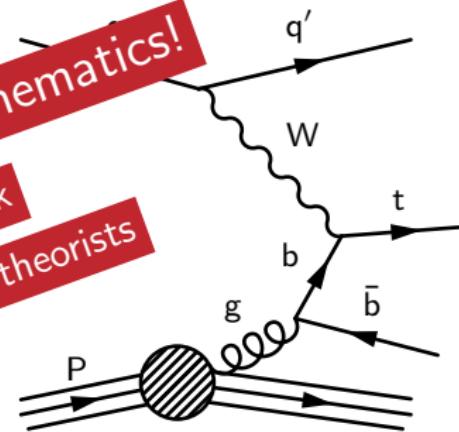
- ▶  $gbb\bar{b}$  vertex already present in matrix element
- ▶ gives NLO accuracy in description of add. b quark

# $t$ -channel description at LO

Five-flavor scheme ( $2 \rightarrow 2$ )



Four-flavor scheme ( $2 \rightarrow 3$ )



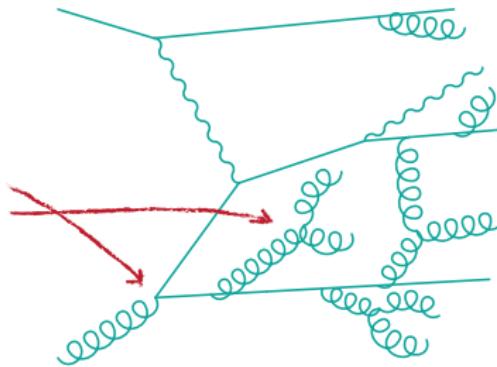
Using 4FS to model kinematics!  
more accurate in add.  $b$  quark  
advised by theorists

- ▶  $b$  quark inside proton ( $m_b = 0$ ) with dedicated  $b$  PDF
- ▶ add.  $b$  jet comes from backwards-evolution in parton shower ( $\sim$  LO accuracy)
- ▶  $gbb\bar{b}$  vertex already present in matrix element
- ▶ gives NLO accuracy in description of add.  $b$  quark

# Scale uncertainties

- ▶ The scale enters basically at two stages of the event evolution:

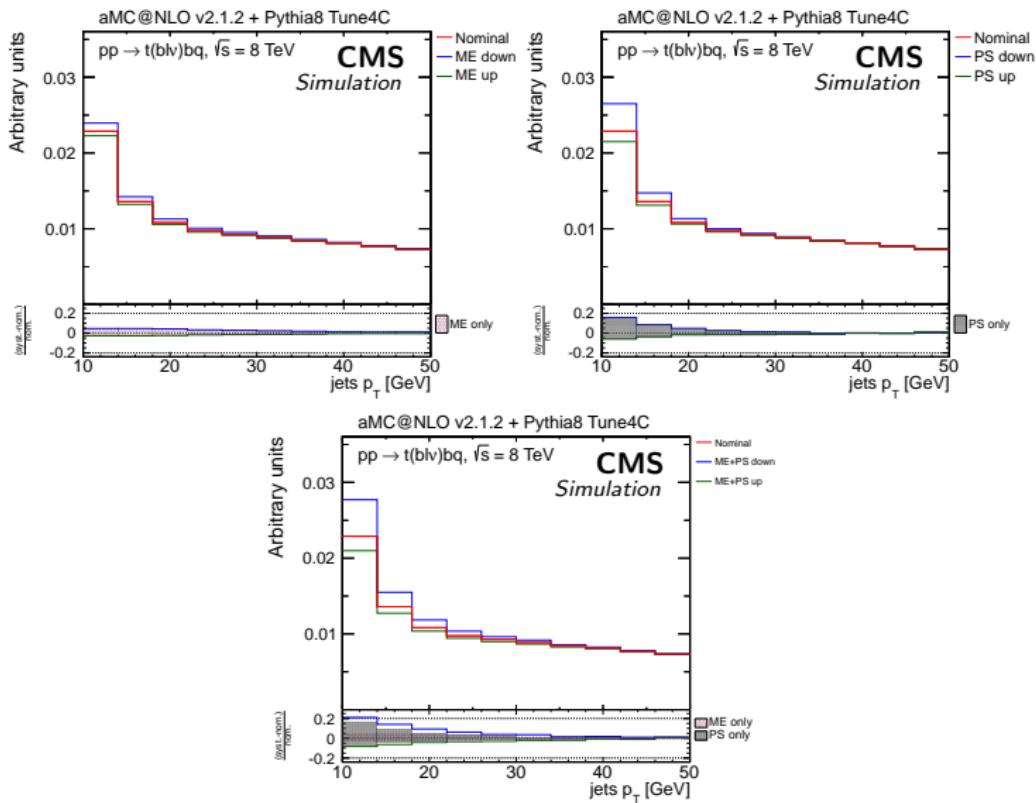
- ▶ at matrix-element level
- ▶ at parton-shower level



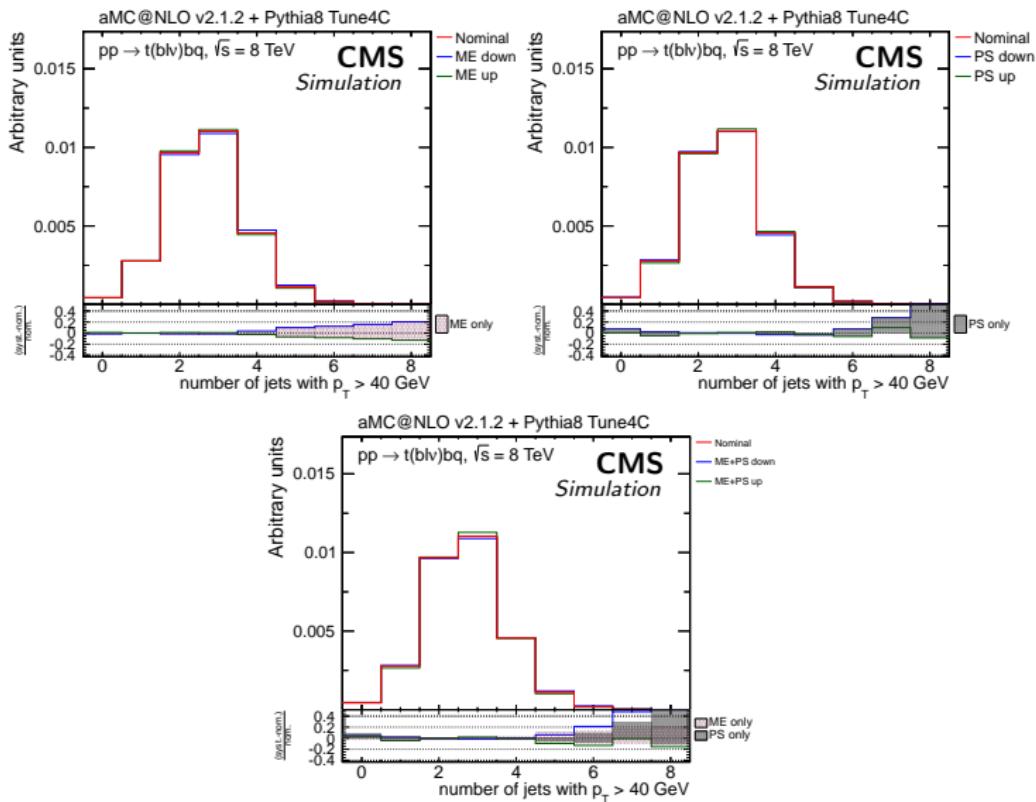
- ▶ Affecting cross section and shapes of observables ( $\rightarrow$  selection acceptance)
- ▶ Question: Are scales in ME and PS to be treated correlated or independently?

$$\text{Scale in ME: } \mu = 4\sqrt{m_b^2 + p_{T,b}^2}, \text{ scale in PS: } \mu = \Sigma p_T$$

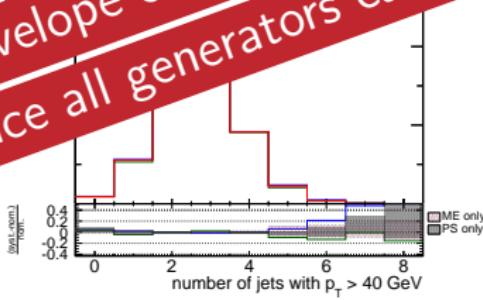
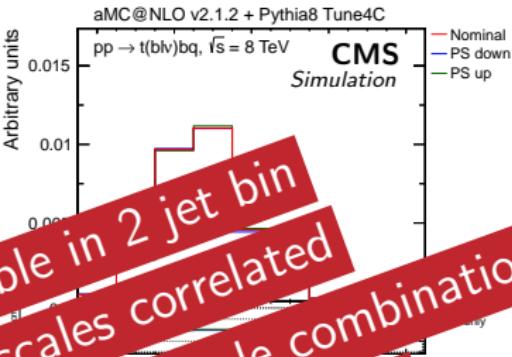
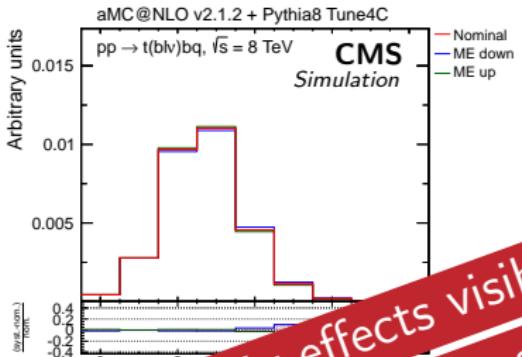
# Generated jet $p_T$



# Generated jet multiplicities ( $p_T > 40$ GeV)



## Generated jet multiplicities ( $p_T > 40$ GeV)



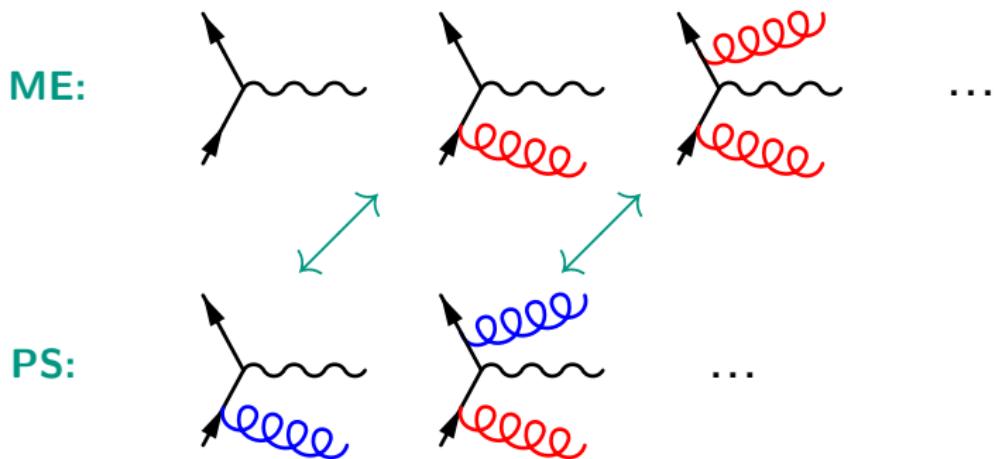
No big effects visible in 2 jet bin

For now: treating scales correlated

Use envelope of all ME/PS scale combinations,  
once all generators can do LHE\_v2

# Matching matrix element to parton shower

- ▶ Jet double counting between ME at higher orders and PS:



- ▶ For NLO generators, ISR/FSR increases jet multiplicity
- ▶ ME “needs to know” about gluon emission in PS
- ▶ → NLO generators require ME/PS matching

# NLO subtraction scheme

## Powheg

- ▶ modifies the event so that Powheg itself does the hardest emission
- ▶ therefore needs veto on hardest emission in PS
- ▶ otherwise is independent from PS used afterwards

## (a) MC@NLO

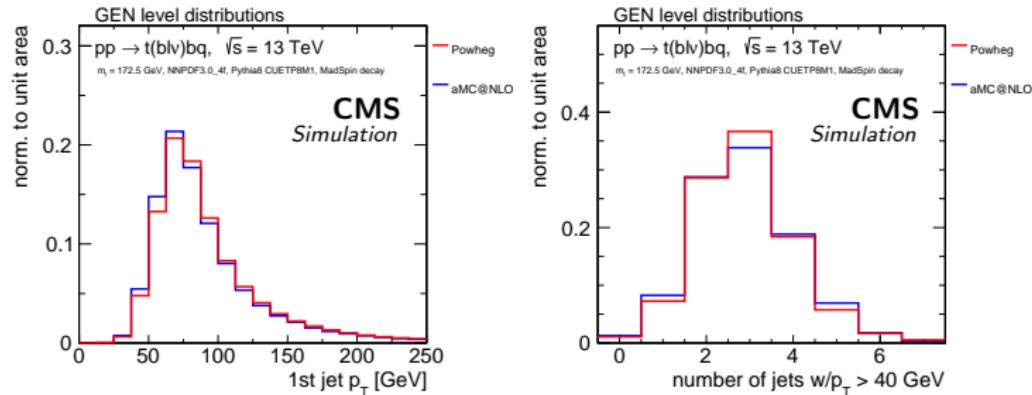
- ▶ uses subtraction terms to remove its contribution to  $n + 1$  jet multiplicity → events with negative weights
- ▶ needs to know which PS is going to be used

# NLO subtraction scheme

## Powheg

- ▶ modifies the event so that Powheg can handle multi-jet emission
  - ▶ therefore needs to know which PS to use
  - ▶ other MC generators do not have this feature
- (a) MC comparison
- ▶ Comparing those two is a way to quantify the ME/PS matching uncertainty
  - ▶ Investigating how to evaluate it within same generator
  - ▶ using the subtraction method to remove its contribution to  $n + 1$  jet multiplicity
  - ▶ events with negative weights
  - ▶ needs to know which PS is going to be used

# First look



- ▶ Comparing aMCatNLO with Powheg
- ▶ Subtle differences in jet  $p_T$
- ▶ To be studied on full analysis level

aMCatNLO: dedicated settings used in Py8 (e.g. `globalrecoil:on`)  
Powheg: power shower setting used. Role of `hdamp` not clear for single top

# $t$ -channel modelling summary

## Flavor scheme

- ▶ Using the 4FS for the  $t$ -channel. Keeping 5FS as cross-check, but not for an unc.

## Scale uncertainties

- ▶ Vary the scales coherently in ME and PS

## ME/PS matching uncertainty

- ▶ aMCatNLO vs. Powheg, using the same shower

## Parton shower uncertainty

- ▶ Pythia8 vs. Herwig(++) when validated by both experiments

Applies also to tW channel (+DR/DS).

Agreed amongst TopLHCWG.

## Backup

# Event weights

LHE\_v1 information

Events optionally carry an additional set of weights:

- ▶ corresponding to a 2.0/0.5 variation in factorisation and renormalisation scales.
- ▶ corresponding to PDF variations.
- ▶ or to other customized variation (no restrictions at LO)

```
{<event>
  5   66 - .24112377E+03 0.41954975E+02 0.75467716E-02 0.11115114E+00
      2 -1    0    0 502    0 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.11212409E+04 0.11212410E+04 0.33000000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
     21 -1    0    0 503 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00 -.30318644E+02 0.30318644E+02 0.00000000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
      6  1    1    2 501    0 -.14323418E+02 -.35620577E+02 0.71213875E+03 0.73373826E+03 0.17250000E+03 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
     -5  1    1    2 503 -.18845621E+02 0.97720106E+01 -.11964390E+02 0.24817056E+02 0.47000000E+01 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
      1  1    1    2 502    0 0.33169040E+02 0.25848566E+02 0.39074791E+03 0.39300429E+03 0.33000000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
  #AMCatNLO 1  6  2  2  4 0.54435660E+02 0.54096971E+02 9  0  0 0.99999959E+00 0.13415706E+01 0.76657668E+00 0.00000000E+00 0.00000000E+00
  <rwt>
    <wgt id='1001'> -.24112E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1002'> -.23157E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1003'> -.25085E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1004'> -.19249E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1005'> -.18484E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1006'> -.20029E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1007'> -.31098E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1008'> -.29868E+03 </wgt>
    <wgt id='1009'> -.32348E+03 </wgt>
  </rwt>
</event>}
```

weight sign

Weights for fact./renorm. scales  
variations (new with LHE\_v2)