

# Parton Distributions at the FCC:

*Synergy of FCC-hh and FCC-he*

Fred Olness

SMU



25 March 2015

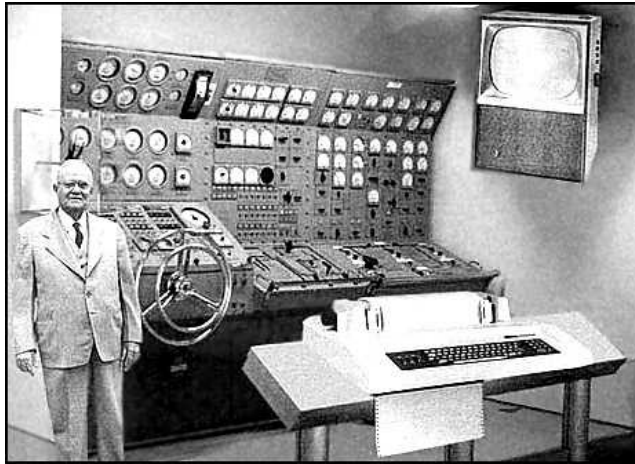
# Now & Then

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*Things can change a bit over the years*

**PAST**

**Tevatron**



**PRESENT**

**LHC**



**FUTURE**

**FCC**



Next generation  
computer



Next generation  
phone

*the same is true for PDFs  
FCC is not just a LHC re-do*

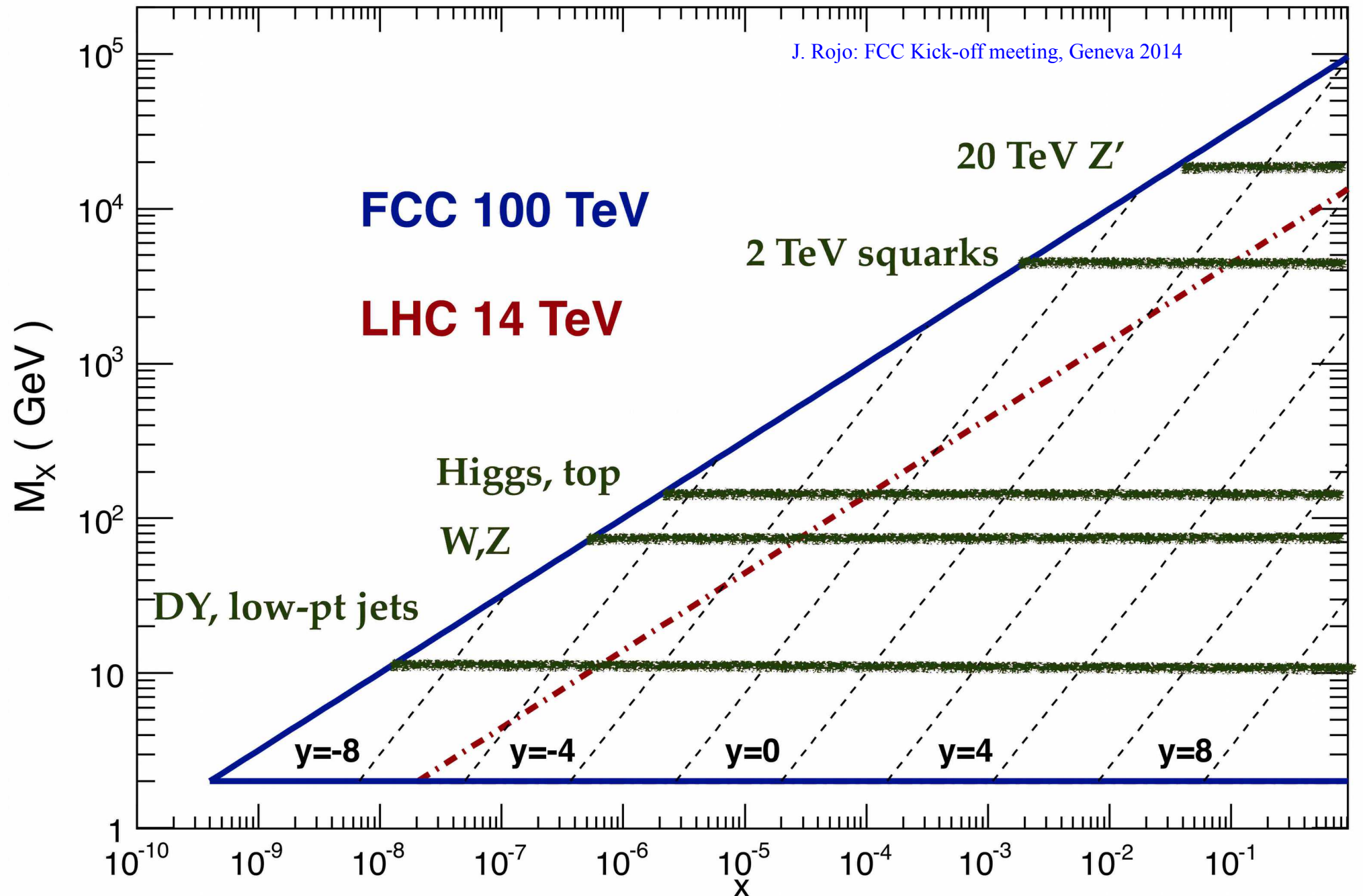
*... with a bit of exaggeration*

Tremendous expanse in  $\{x, Q^2\}$

New Opportunities

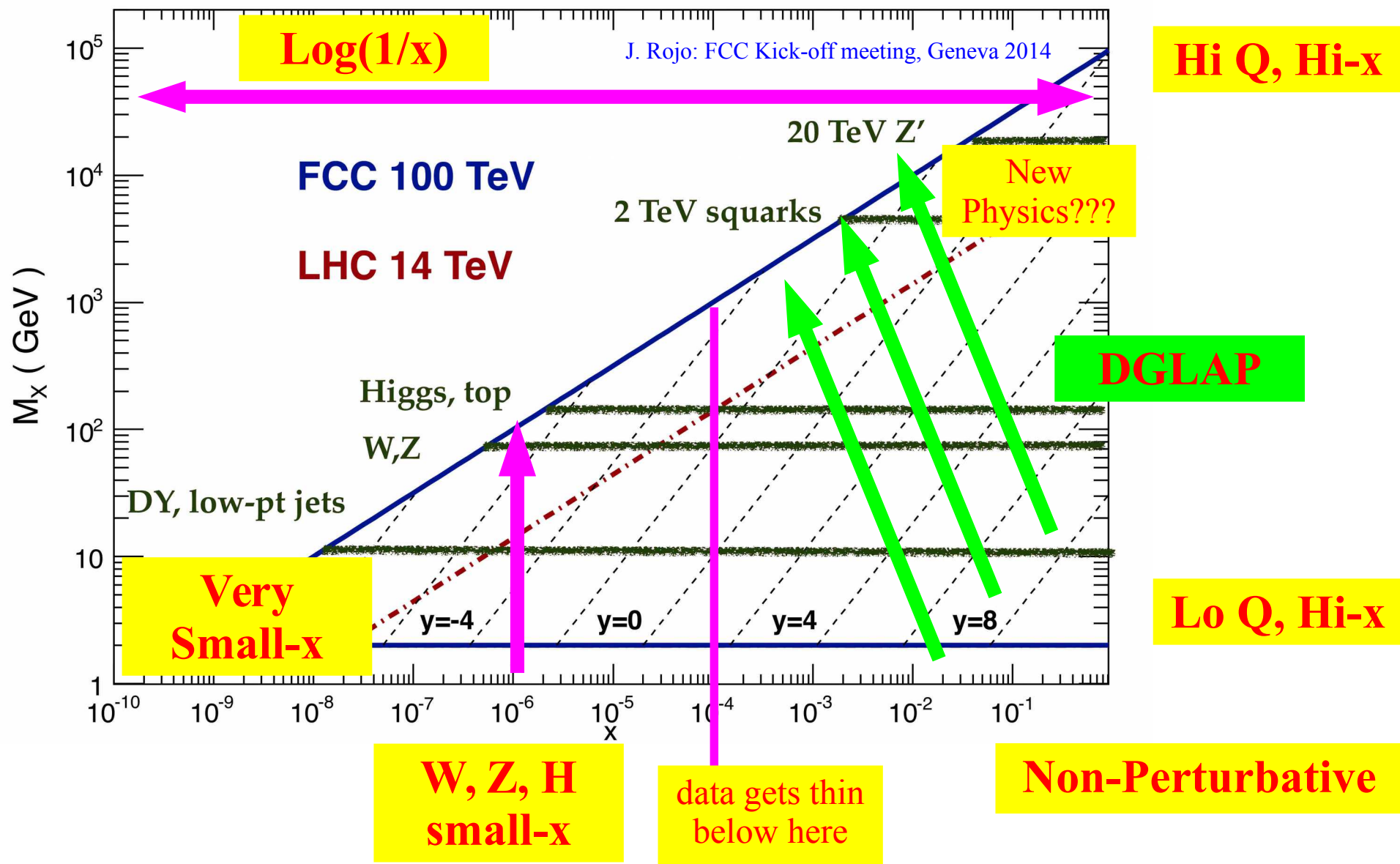
New Challenges

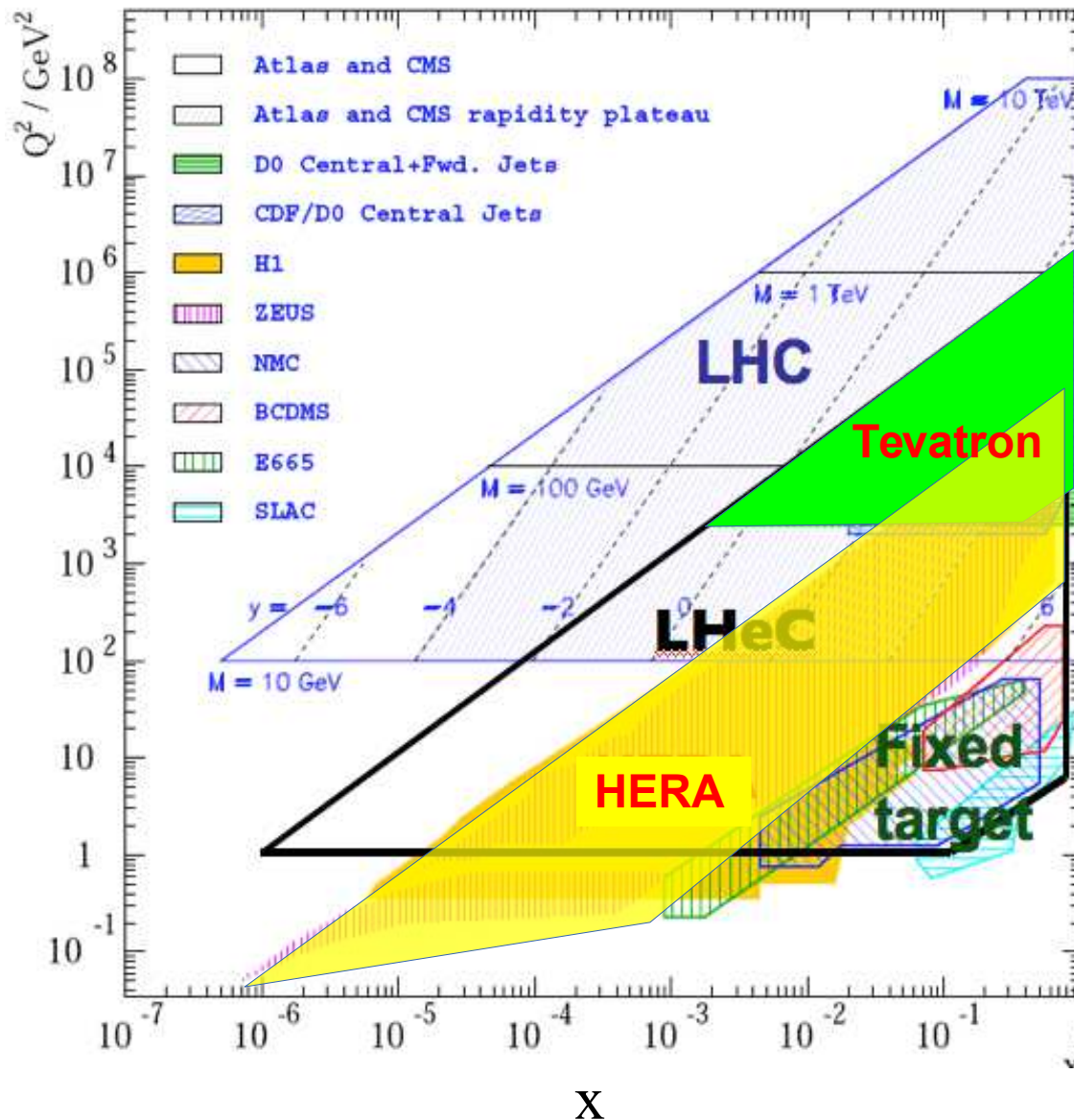
J. Rojo, Dec 2013



$$\sigma_{hh \rightarrow X} = f_{h \rightarrow a} \otimes \hat{\sigma}_{ab \rightarrow X} \otimes f_{h \rightarrow b}$$

Plot by J. Rojo, Dec 2013



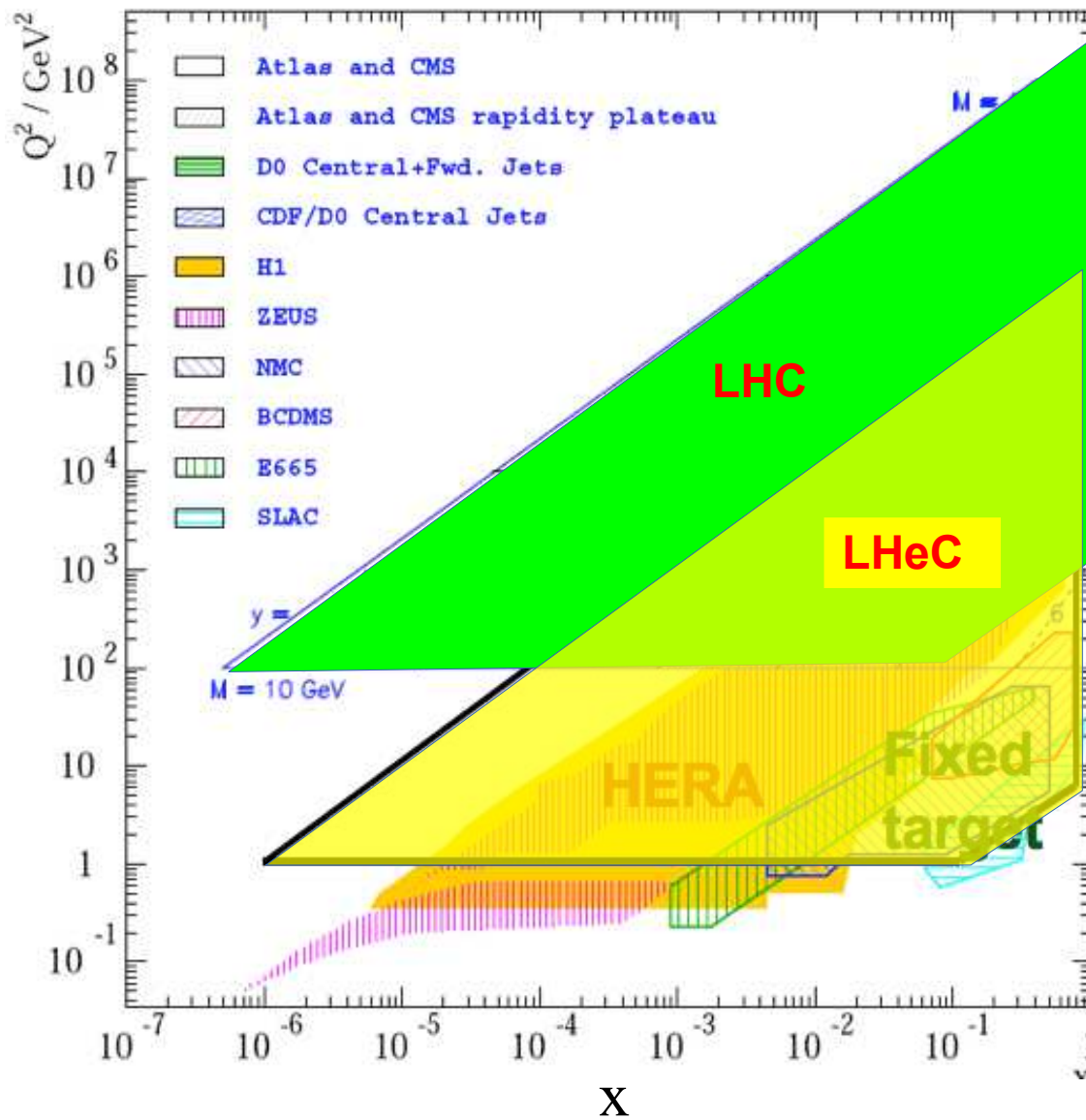


Combination of  
HERA data with  
Tevatron was  
essential to untangle  
flavor components

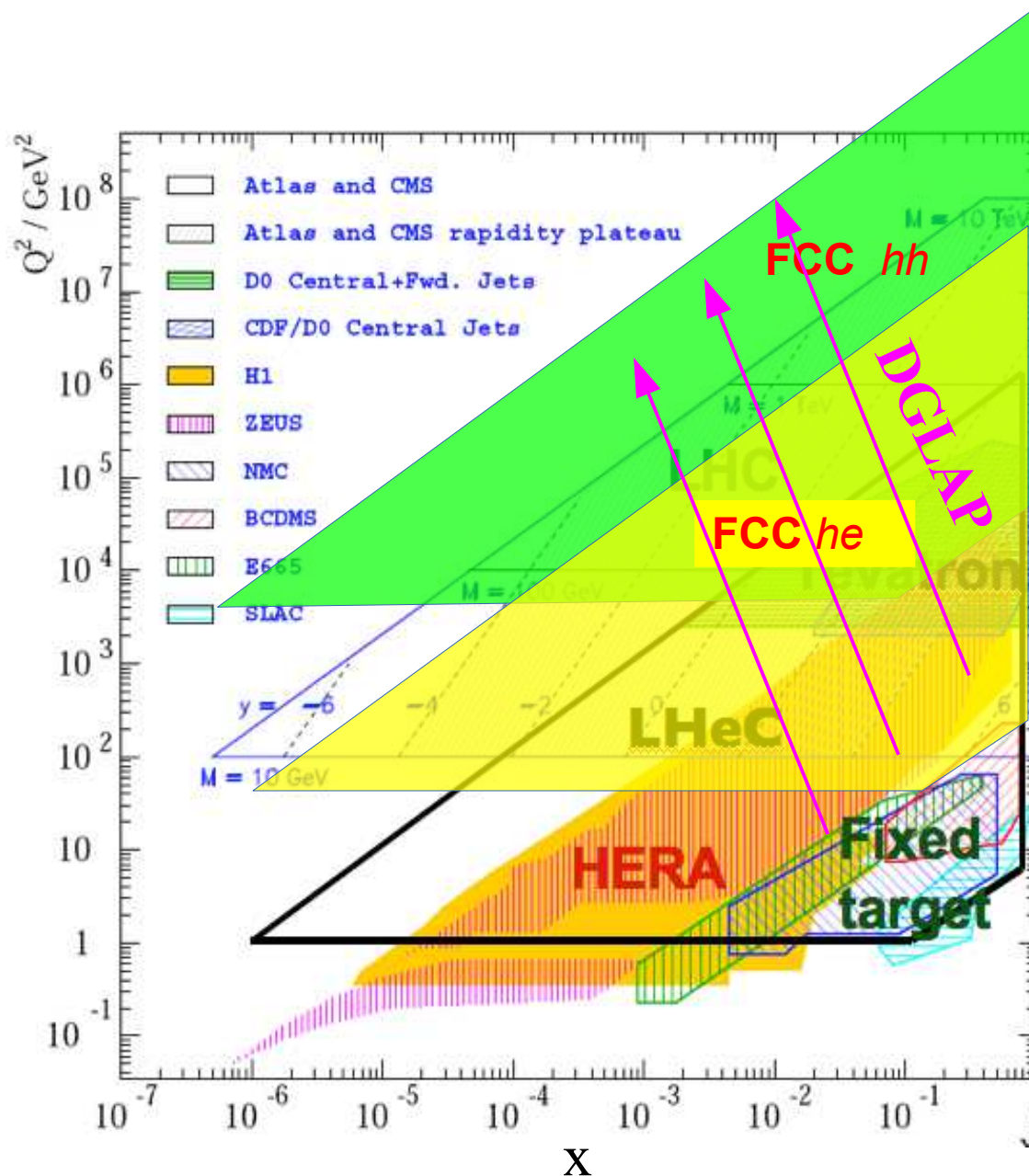
Not practical to extract  
PDFs using ONLY  
Tevatron data

HERA provides critical  
constraints, particularly in  
discovery regions





LHC & LHeC  
are complements



FCC-he  
can combine with  
FCC-hh  
to maximize  
discovery potential

FCC hh & he  
options provide  
complementary  
information

DGLAP evolution alone is  
not sufficient to constrain  
hi-x hi-Q region

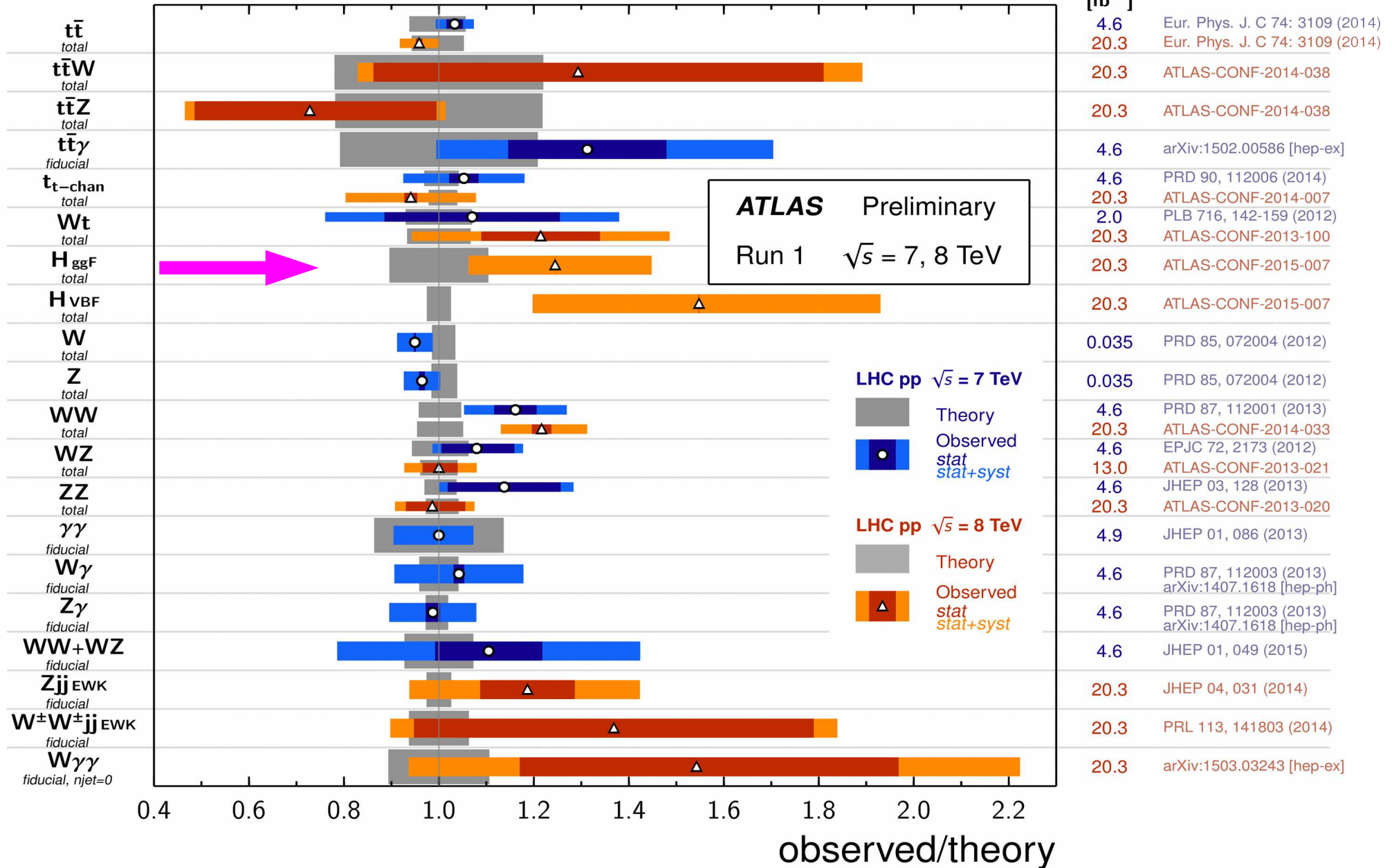
# Gluon



## Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: March 2015  $\int \mathcal{L} dt$   
[fb<sup>-1</sup>]

### Reference



Much of theory error from PDFs

# Higgs boson gluon-fusion production in N<sup>3</sup>LO QCD

Charalampos Anastasiou,<sup>1</sup> Claude Duhr,<sup>2,3,\*</sup> Falko Dulat,<sup>1</sup> Franz Herzog,<sup>4</sup> and Bernhard Mistlberger<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Institute for Theoretical Physics, ETH Zürich, 8093 Zürich, Switzerland*

<sup>2</sup>*CERN Theory Division, 1211 Geneva 23, Switzerland*

<sup>3</sup>*Center for Cosmology, Particle Physics and Phenomenology (CP3),  
Université Catholique de Louvain, 1348 Louvain-La-Neuve, Belgium*

<sup>4</sup>*Nikhef, Science Park 105, 1098 XG Amsterdam, The Netherlands*

(Dated: March 23, 2015)

arXiv: 1503.06056v1

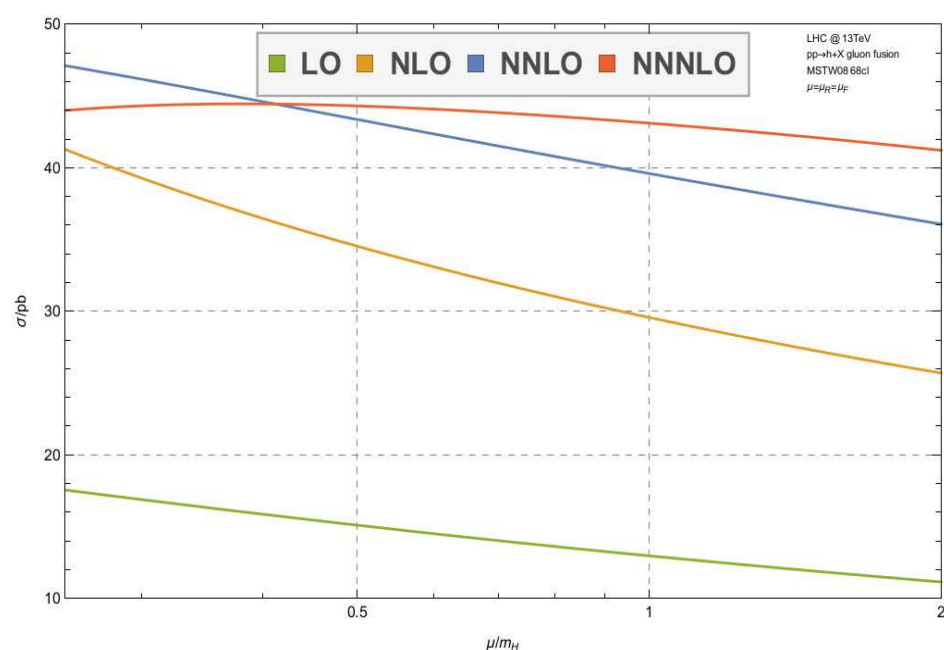
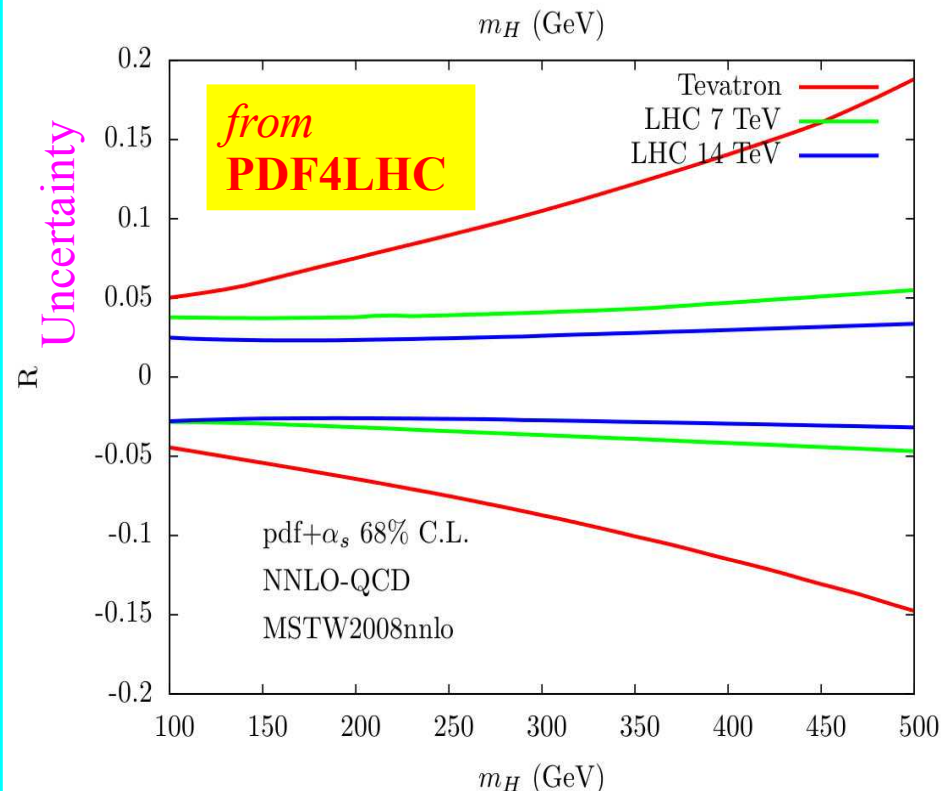
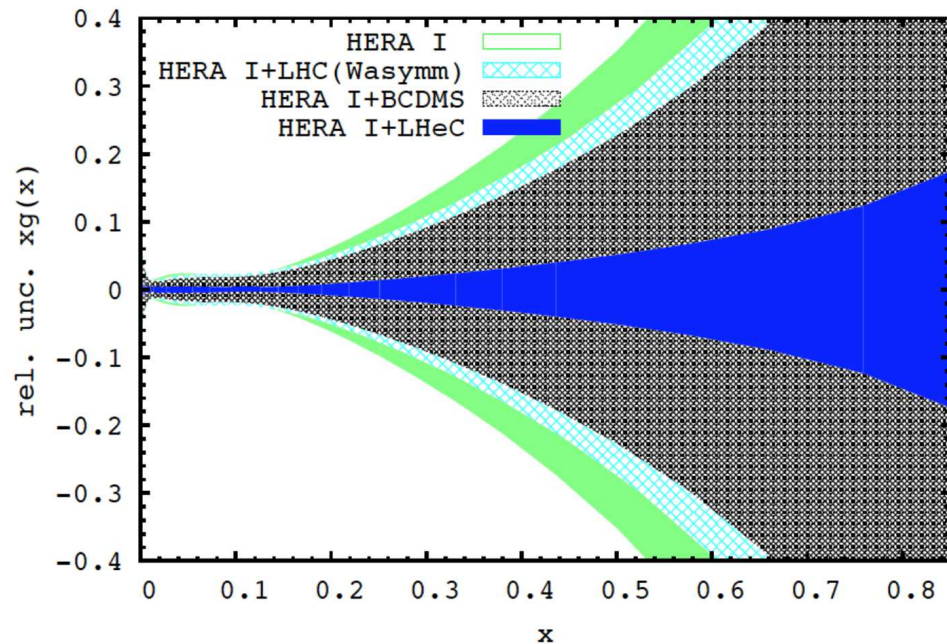
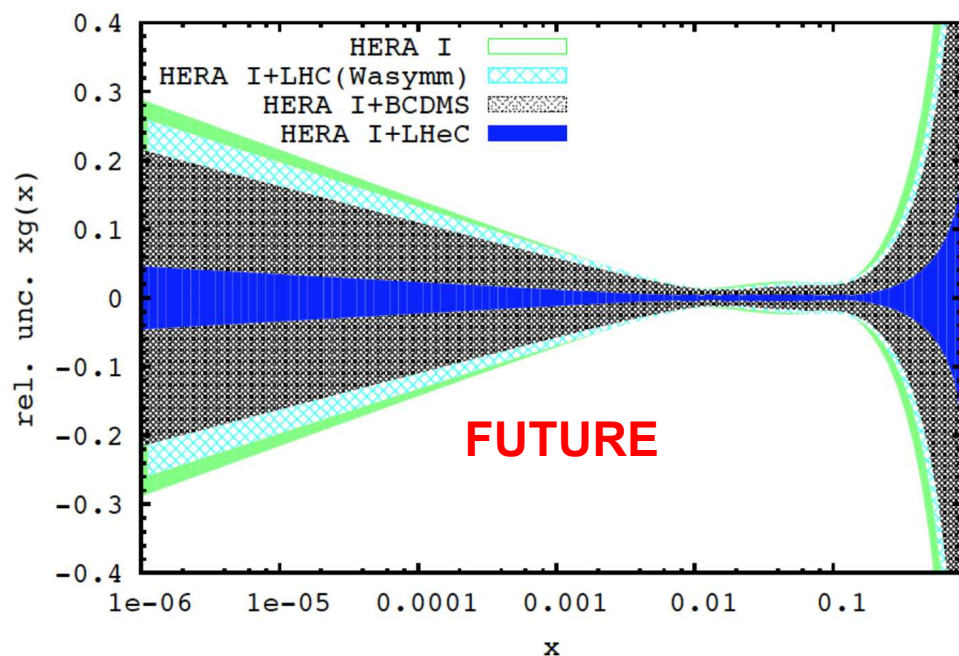
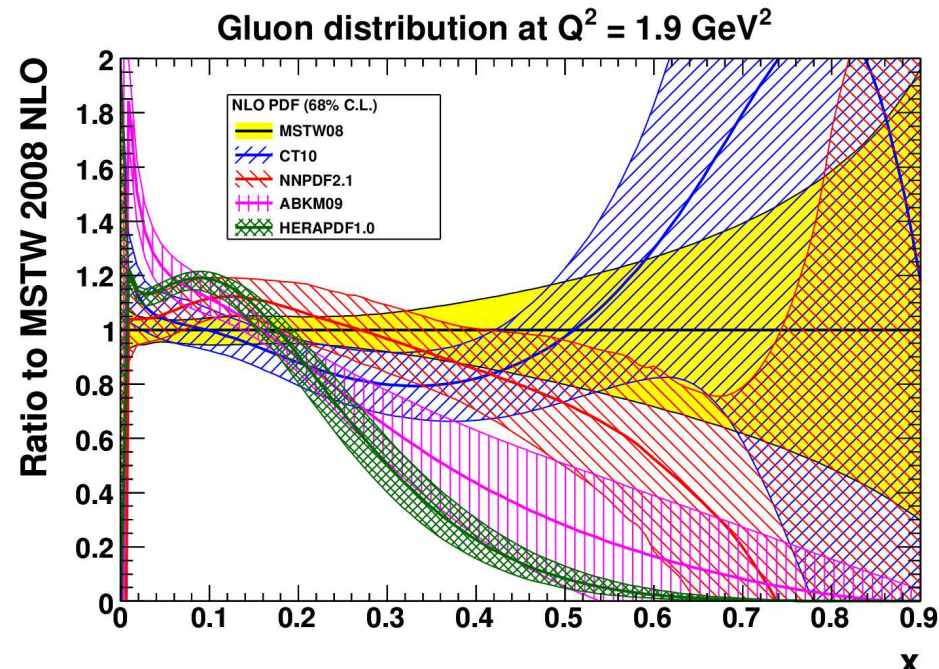
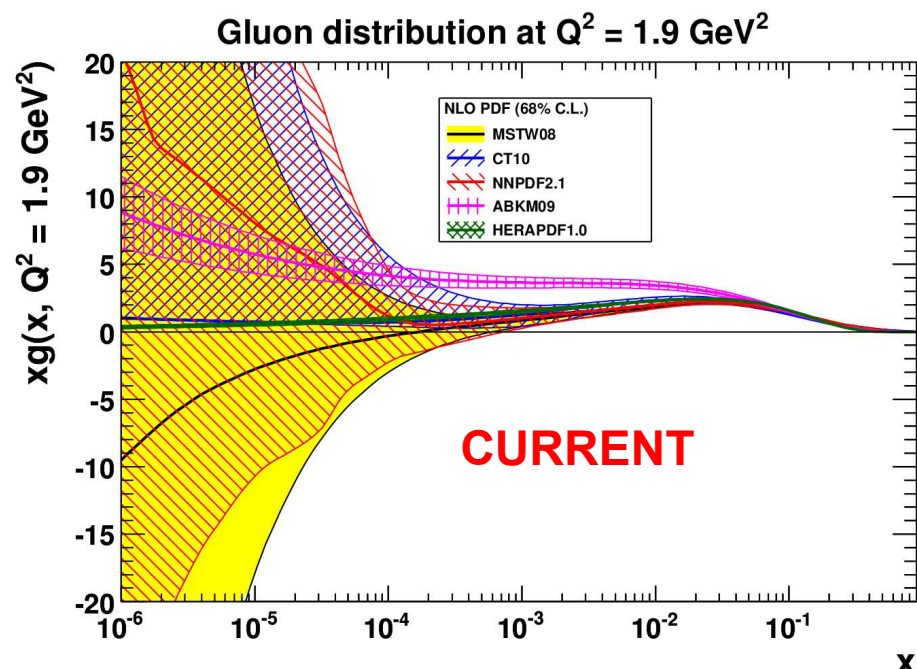


FIG. 2: Scale variation of the gluon fusion cross-section at all perturbative orders through N<sup>3</sup>LO.



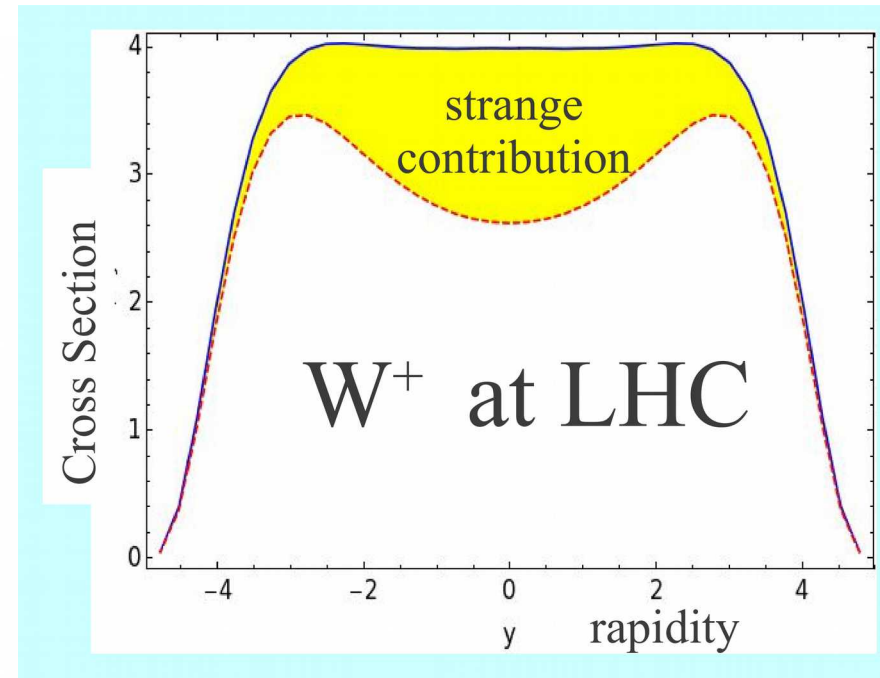
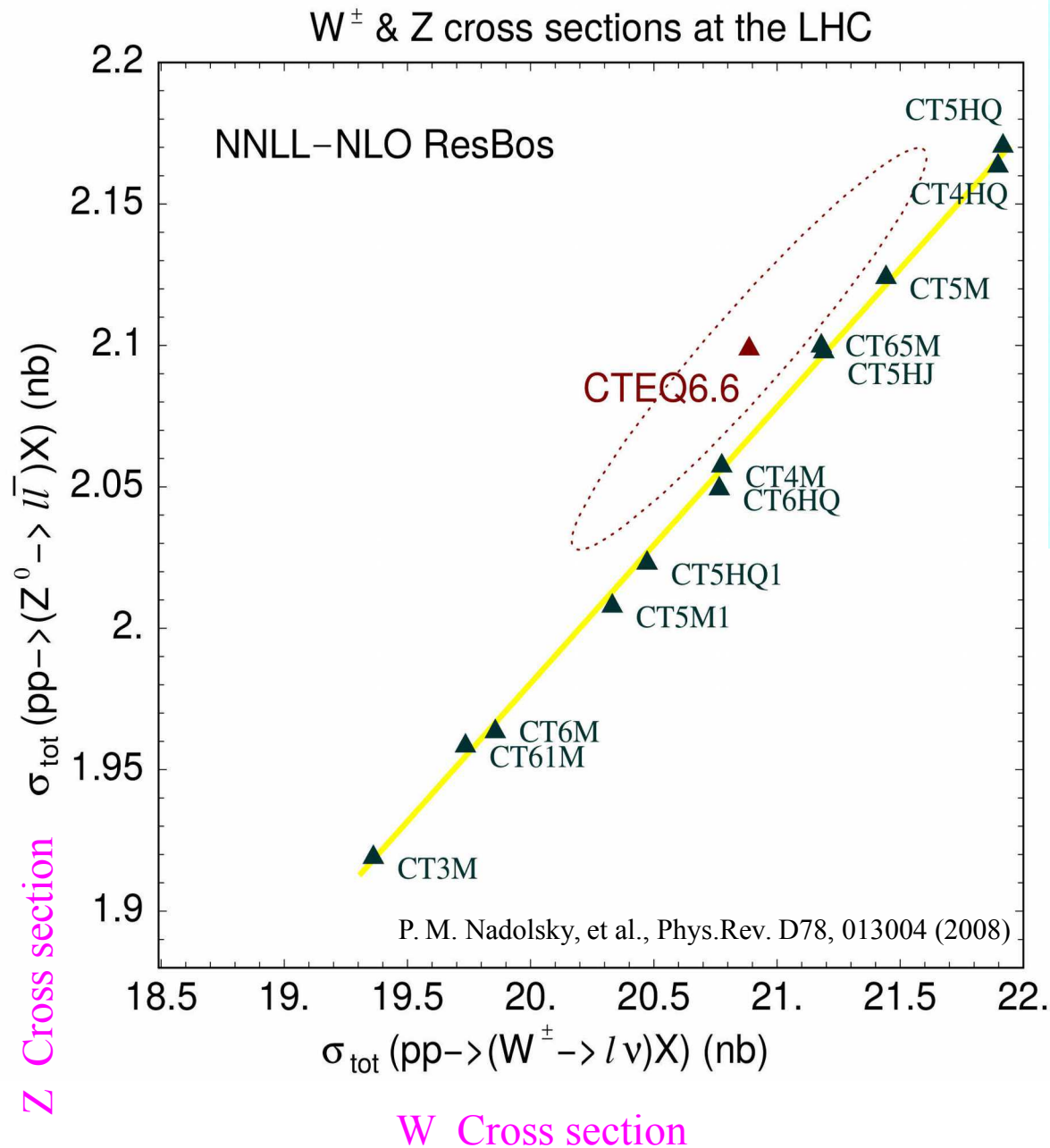
Greatly improved theory uncertainty ~2%; PDFs now dominant ~4%; At Hi-E, Higgs is medium x, but ...





*Useful for new physics processes*

# Strange



**At LHC, flavor composition is very different.**

**Spoils W/Z Correlations**

**Impacts M<sub>w</sub> extraction**

LHC is not just a re-do of the Tevatron

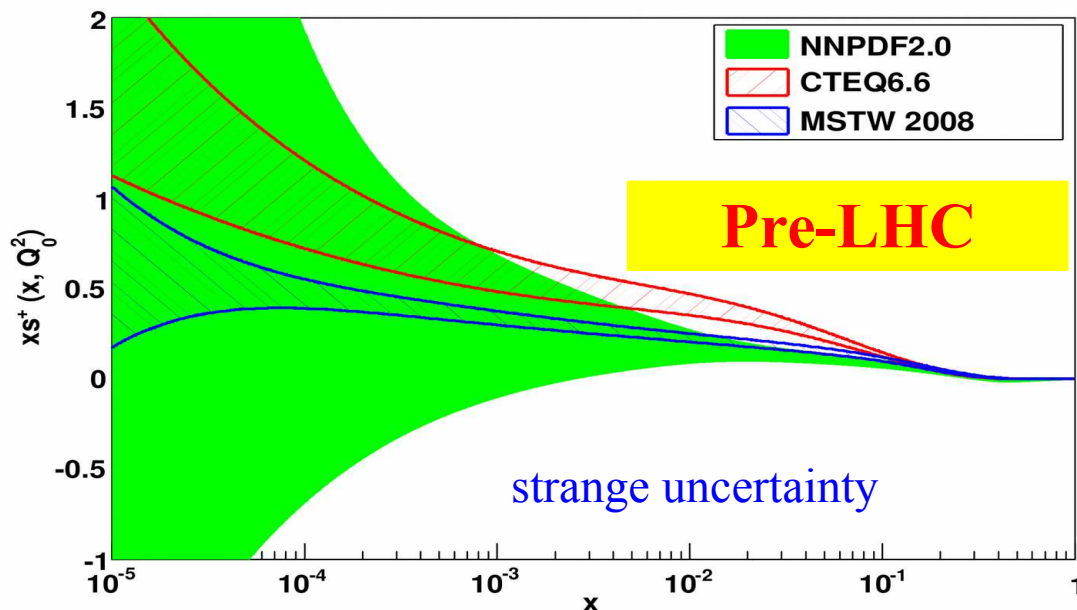
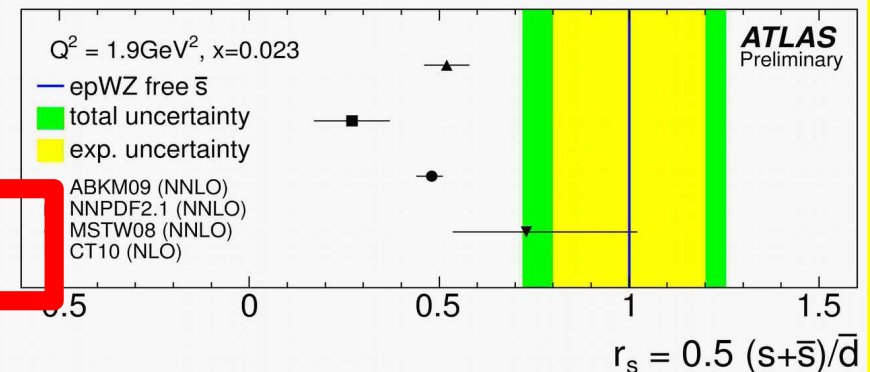
... same for FCC



## **$W, Z$ data sensitivity to strange sea**

- ATLAS performed NNLO QCD fit to  $Z, W^+, W^-$  + HERA  $ep$  DIS cross sections: significant tension for  $Z$  observed when suppressing strange by 50% at low scale  $1.9 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Fit with free strange sea gives no suppression

$$r_s = 1.00 \pm 0.20_{\text{exp}} \begin{matrix} +0.16 \\ -0.20 \text{ sys} \end{matrix}$$



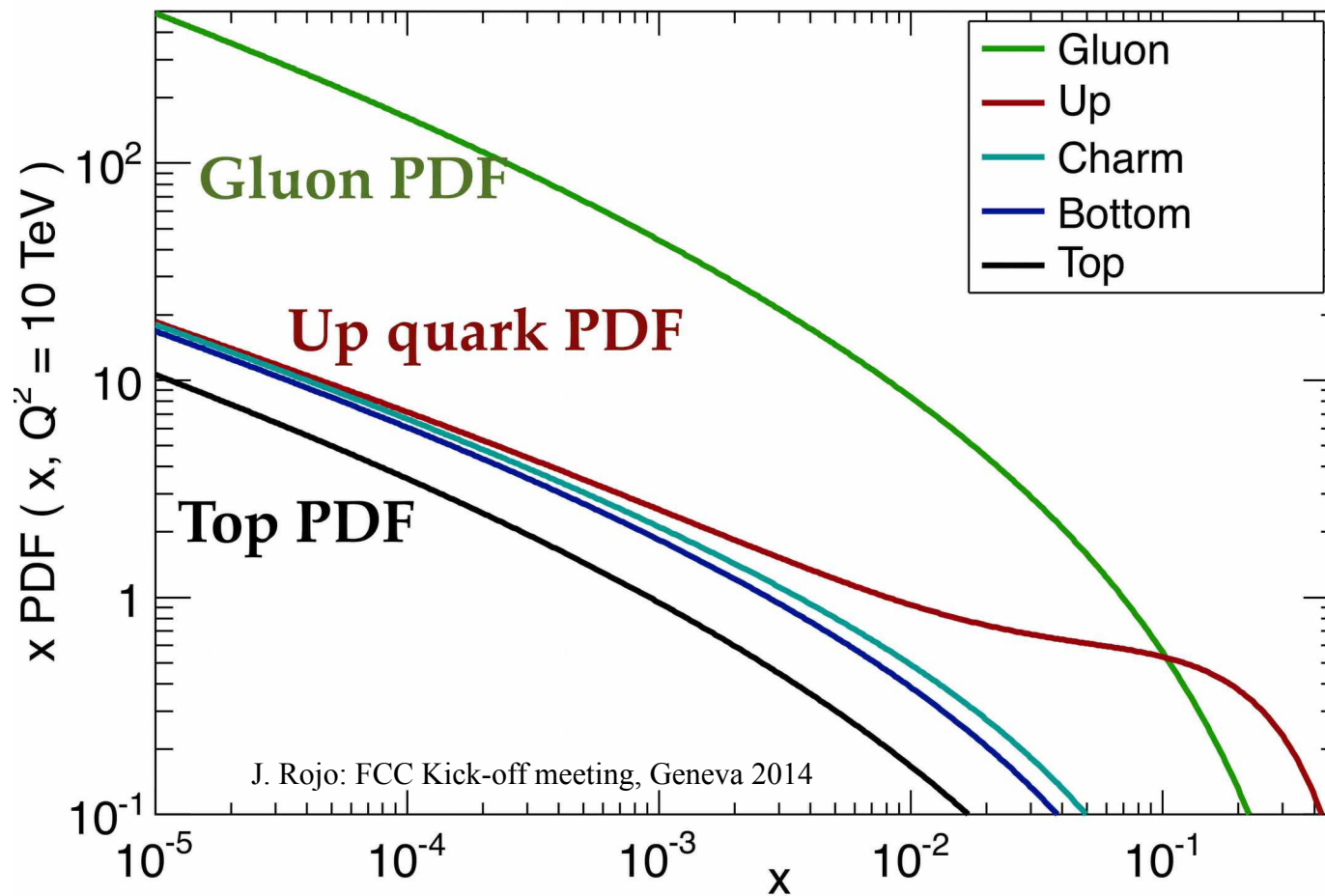
**Suggests SU(3) symmetry  
in contrast to low  $Q$   
measurements**

*FCC-he can complement FCC-hh  
in large- $x$  large- $Q$  region*

*... speaking of flavor symmetry*

# Charm Bottom & Top

NNPDF2.3 NNLO  $N_F = 6$

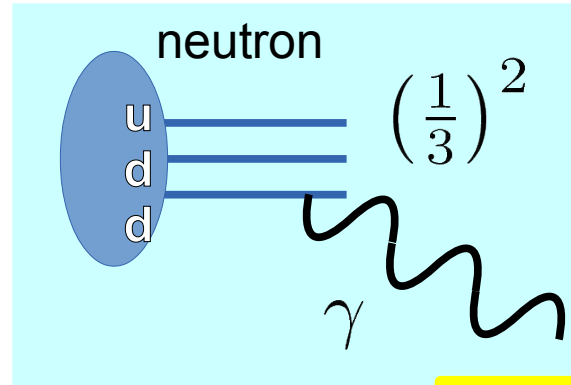
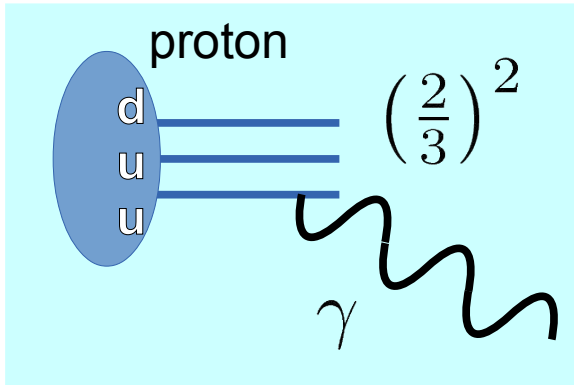


Need to include c, b,  
and top in PDF

Flavors contribute  
uniformly at large Q  
small-x

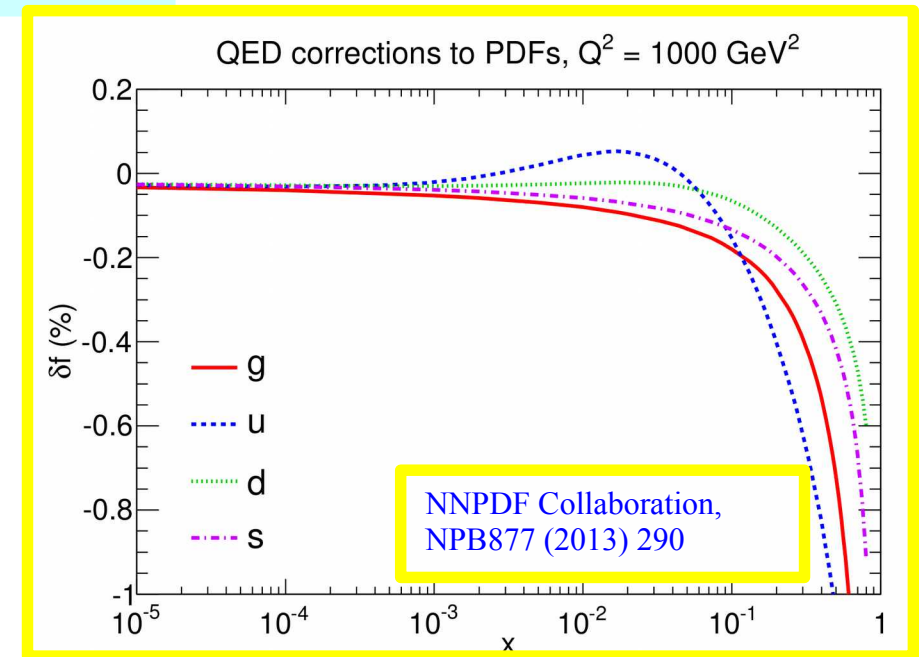
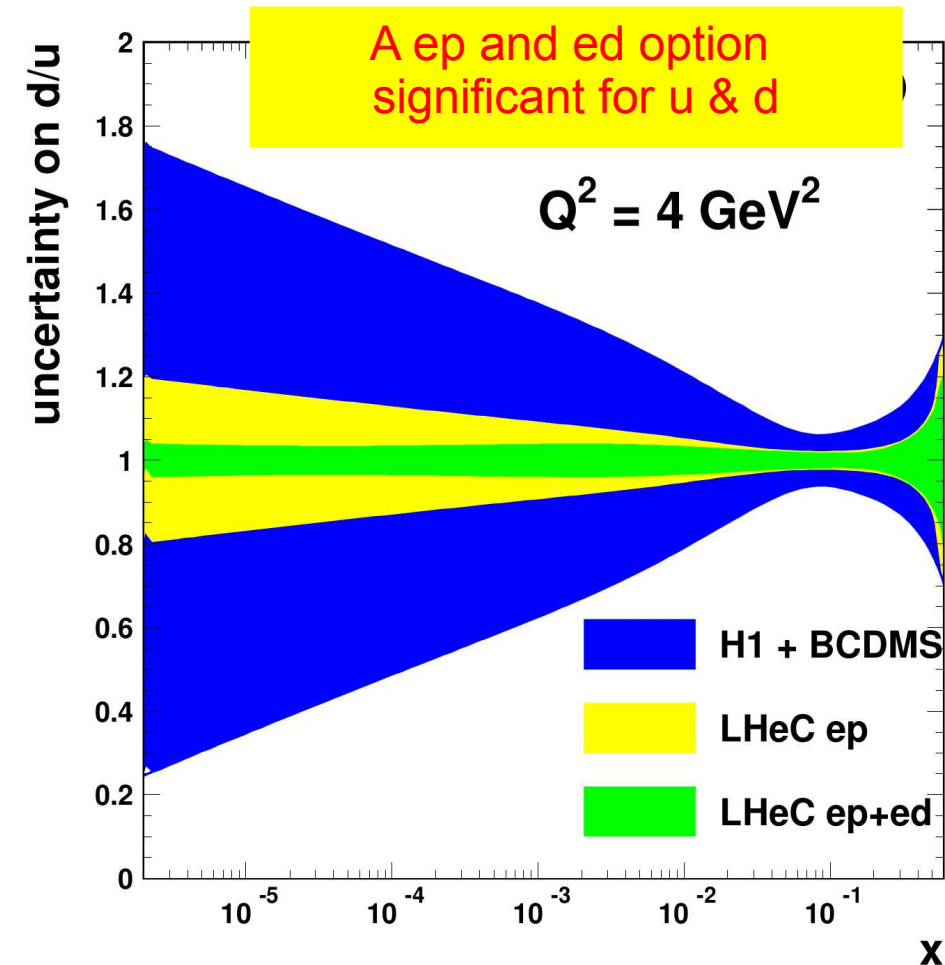
... beyond issues of  
FFS and VFS

multi-scale problem:  
 $m_H$   $Q$



QED Evolution yields  
Isospin violating terms.

Comparable to  
NNLO QCD



... and beyond:

Need to introduce PDFs for  
 $\gamma$  W and Z

# Final Thoughts



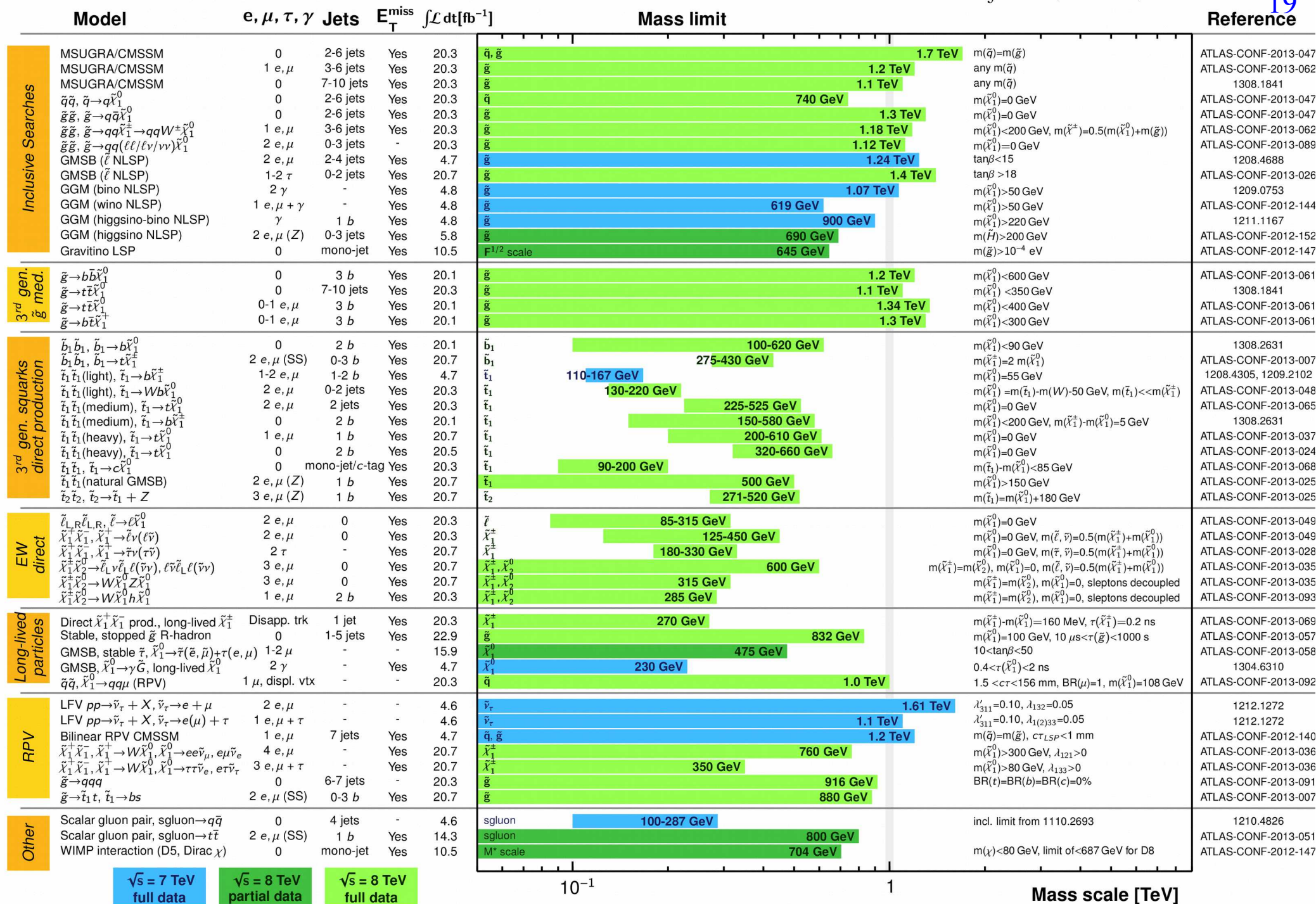
# ATLAS SUSY Searches\* - 95% CL Lower Limits

Status: SUSY 2013

ATLAS Preliminary

$\int \mathcal{L} dt = (4.6 - 22.9) \text{ fb}^{-1}$   $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8 \text{ TeV}$

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\*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus  $1\sigma$  theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.



## We need to calibrate new physics searches

# Parton Distributions and the FCC Project

Photo credit: <http://justinsomnia.org/>

## FCC Program:

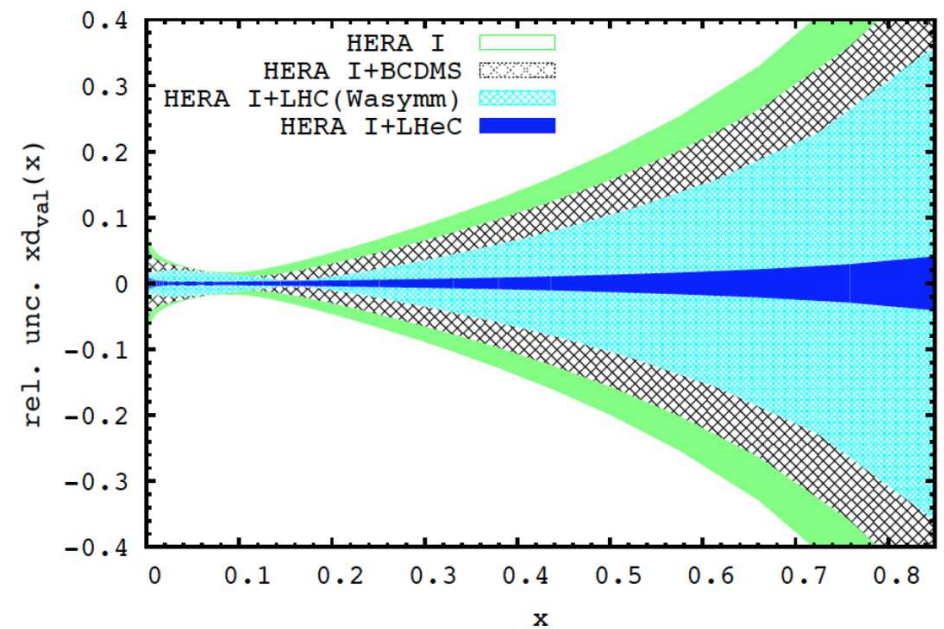
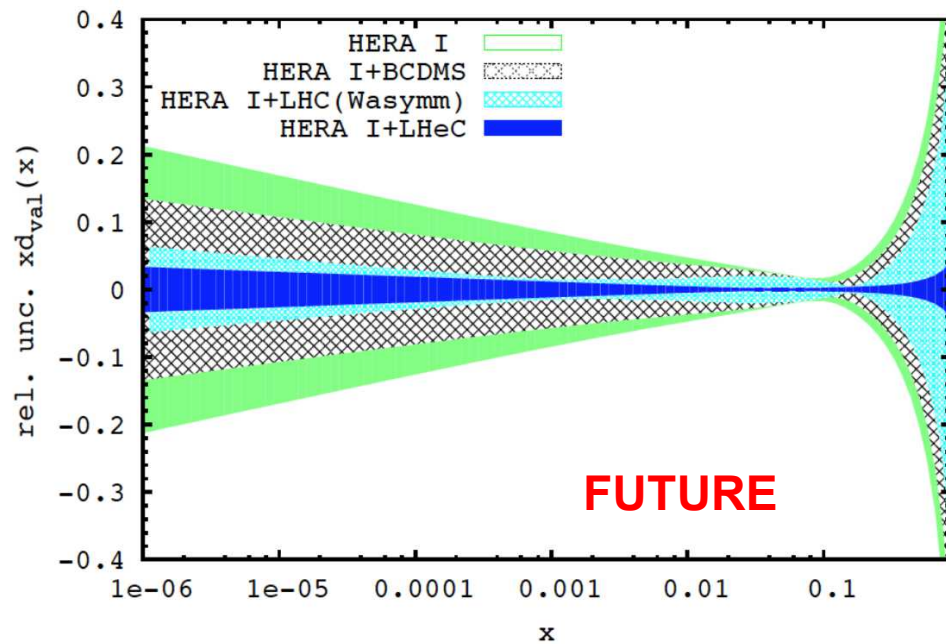
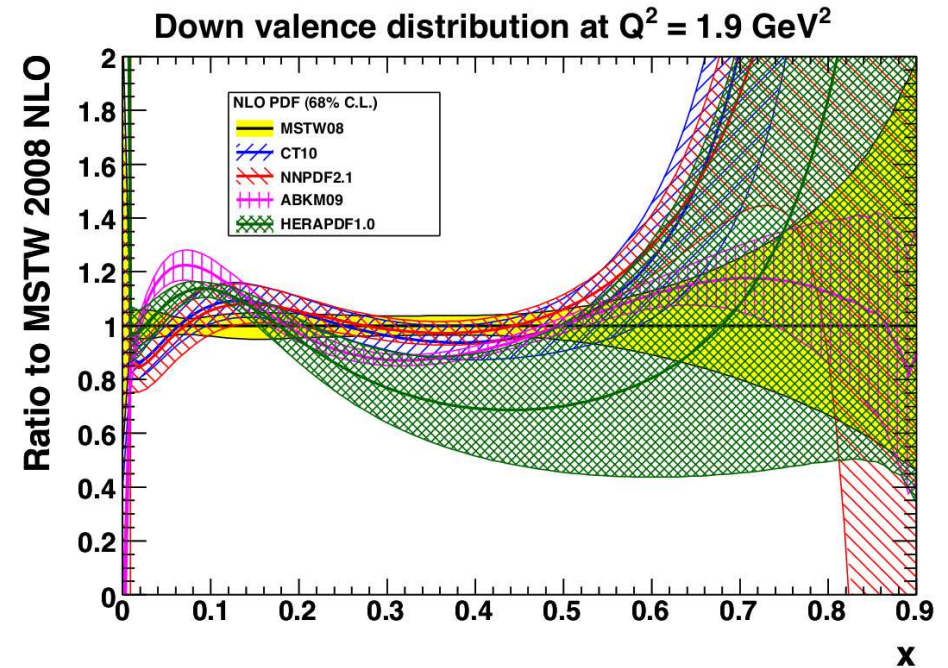
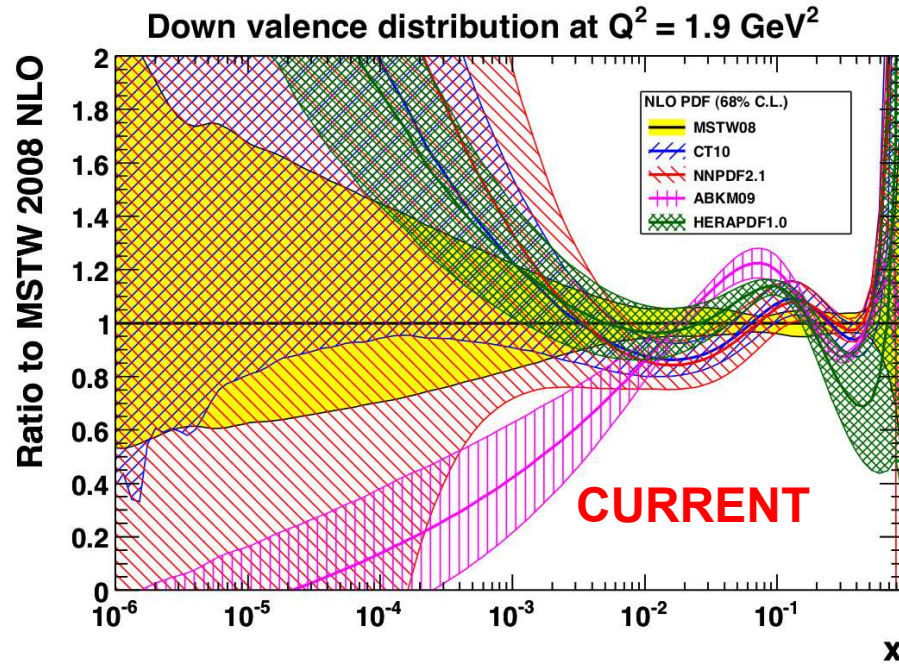
- ⇒ tremendous reach for New Physics Searches
- ⇒ new opportunities *and* challenges

## FCC-*he* Option: Complement FCC-*hh*

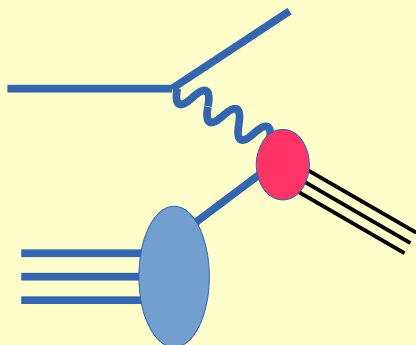
Maximize discovery potential at highest energy  
Study QCD extremes in  $\{x, Q^2\}$  plane



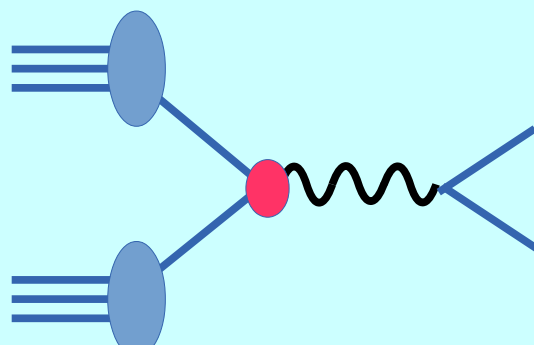




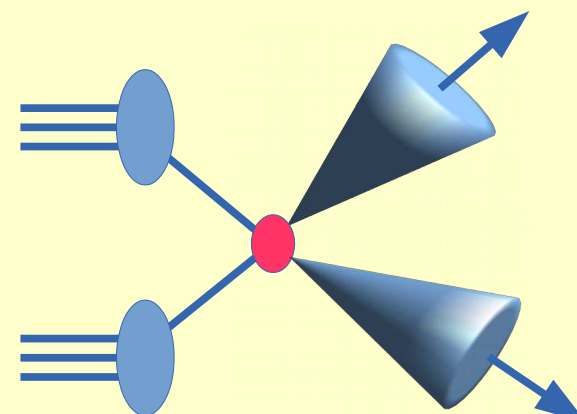




DIS Production



Drell-Yan



Jet Production

$$F_2^\nu \sim [d + s + \bar{u} + \bar{c}]$$

$$F_2^{\bar{\nu}} \sim [\bar{d} + \bar{s} + u + c]$$

$$F_3^\nu = 2 [d + s - \bar{u} - \bar{c}]$$

$$F_3^{\bar{\nu}} = 2 [u + c - \bar{d} - \bar{s}]$$

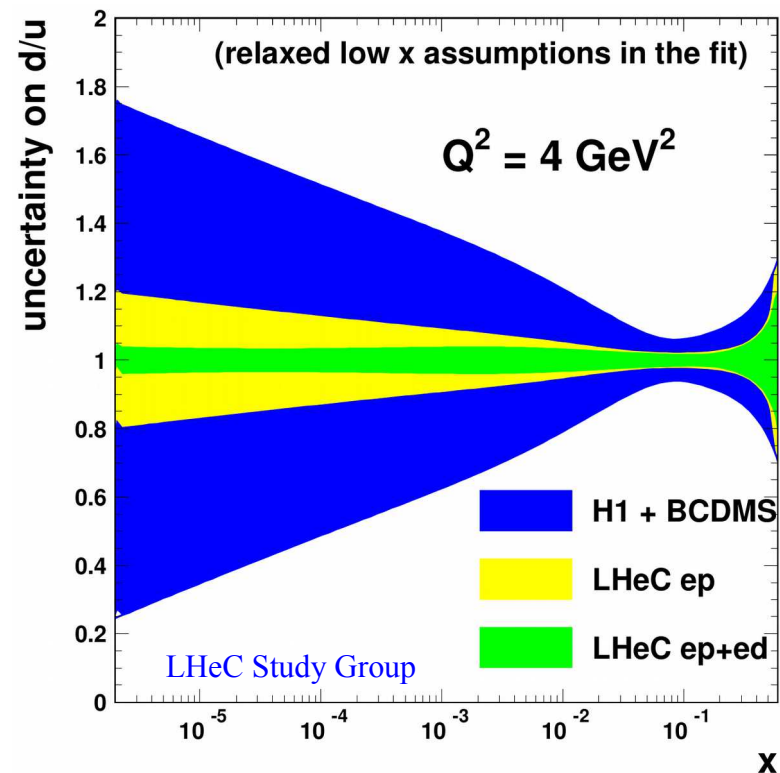
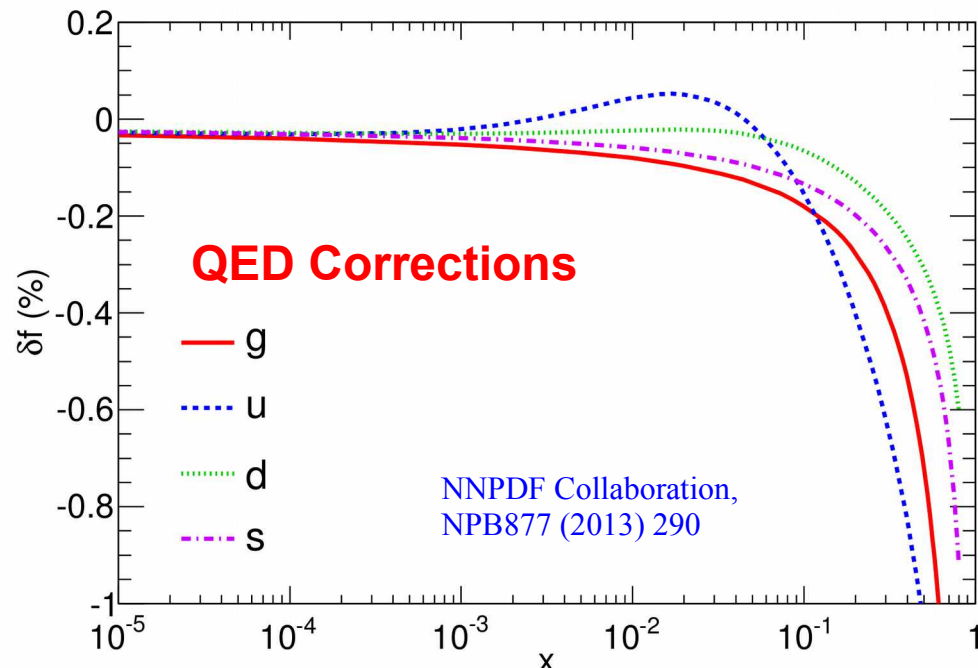
$$F_2^{\ell^\pm} \sim \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 [d + s] + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 [u + c]$$

*The DIS combinations have historically been particularly useful*

## Different linear combinations – key for flavor differentiation

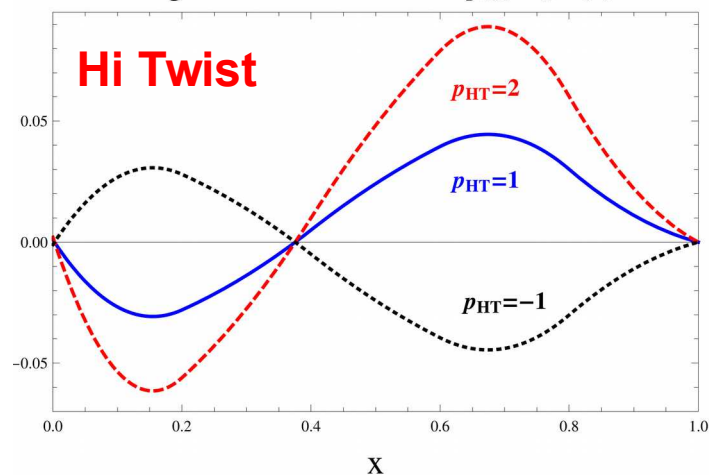
*The n-DIS data typically use heavy targets, and this requires the application of **nuclear corrections***

QED corrections to PDFs,  $Q^2 = 1000 \text{ GeV}^2$

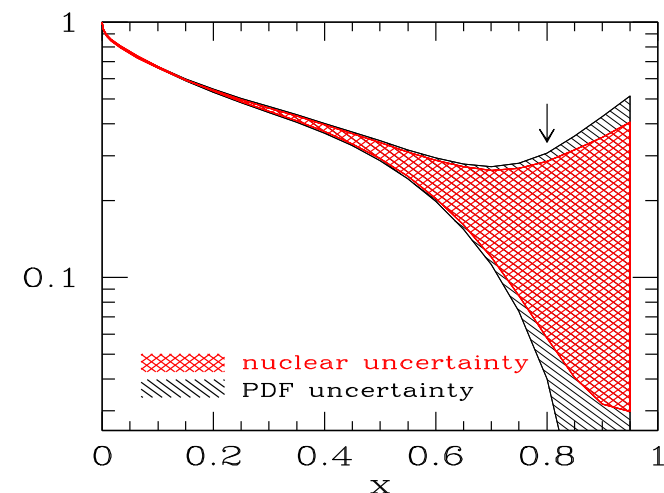
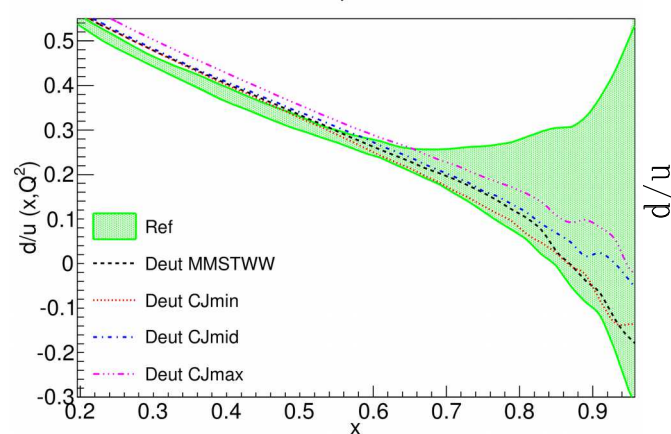


*Nuclear Corrections or Parameterization???*

Higher Twist Correction  $p_{\text{HT}} H_2^{(4)}(x)$



NNPDF2.3,  $Q^2 = 2 \text{ GeV}^2$

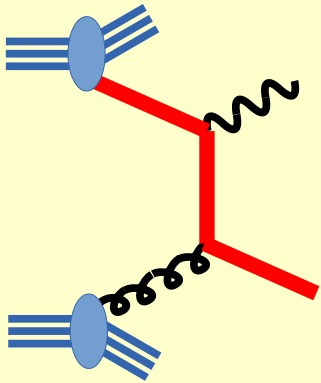


*... what about the*

# Heavy Quarks

*c & b*

*Extrinsic & Intrinsic*



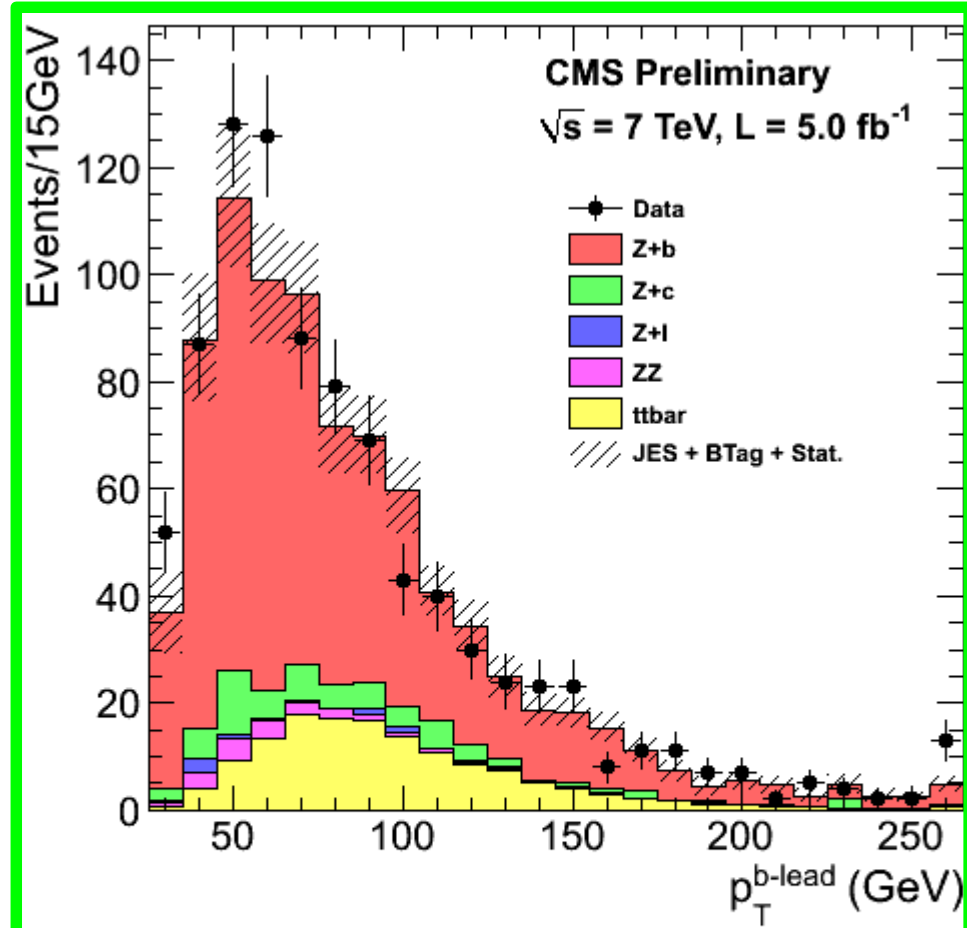
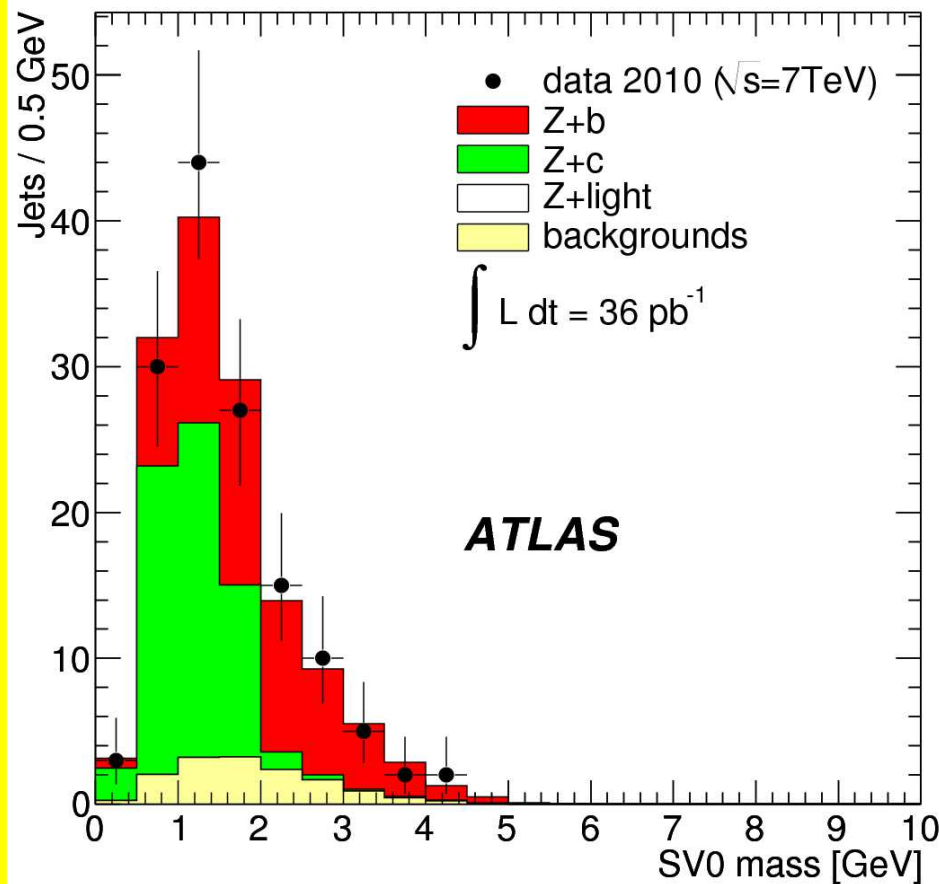
$$c g \rightarrow c \gamma, Z$$

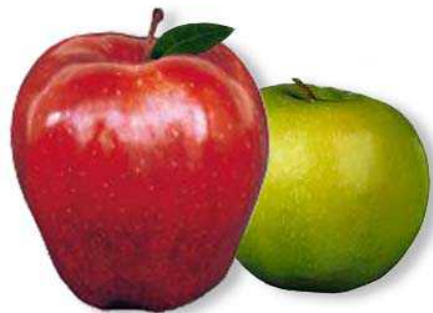
$$b g \rightarrow b \gamma, Z$$

$$s g \rightarrow c W$$

$$c g \rightarrow b W$$

Much higher scales  
Sensitive to  $\alpha \ln(m/Q)$  resummation





# Les Houches Comparative Studies



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Excellent progress in addressing how to compute heavy quarks

## ***The Cast:***

**ACOT & S-ACOT Codes**  
*Used in CTEQ4HQ, 5HQ, 6HQ*

Aivazis, Collins, Olness, Tung,  
Phys.Rev.D50:3102-3118,1994.

**S-ACOT**  
*CTEQ 6.5 & 6.6*

Tung, Lai, Belyaev, Pumplin, Stump, Yuan,  
JHEP 0702:053,2007.  
Nadolsky, Tung, Phys.Rev.D79:113014,2009.

**Thorne-Roberts (TR')**  
*MSTW Fits*

Thorne, Phys.Rev.D73:054019,2006.

**FONLL:**  
Used in NNPDF Fits

Forte, Laenen, Nason, Rojo,  
Nucl.Phys.B834:116-162,2010.

**ABKM:**

Blumlein, Klein, Moch  
Phys.Rev.D81:014032,2010

**Work is continuing**

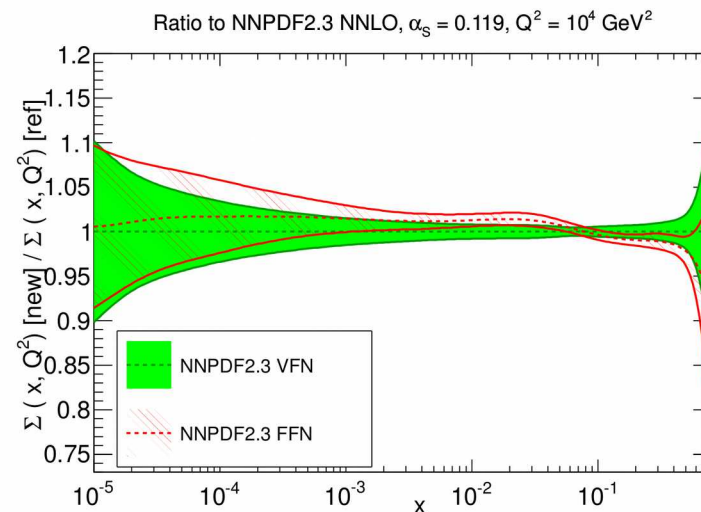
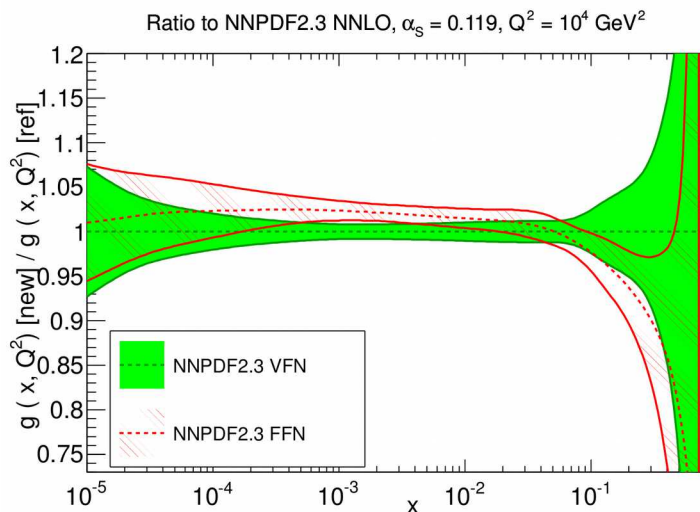
**Many of the above incorporated in  
HERA-Fitter**

**Les Houches Report.**  
*J. Rojo, et al., arXiv:1003.1241 [hep-ph]*



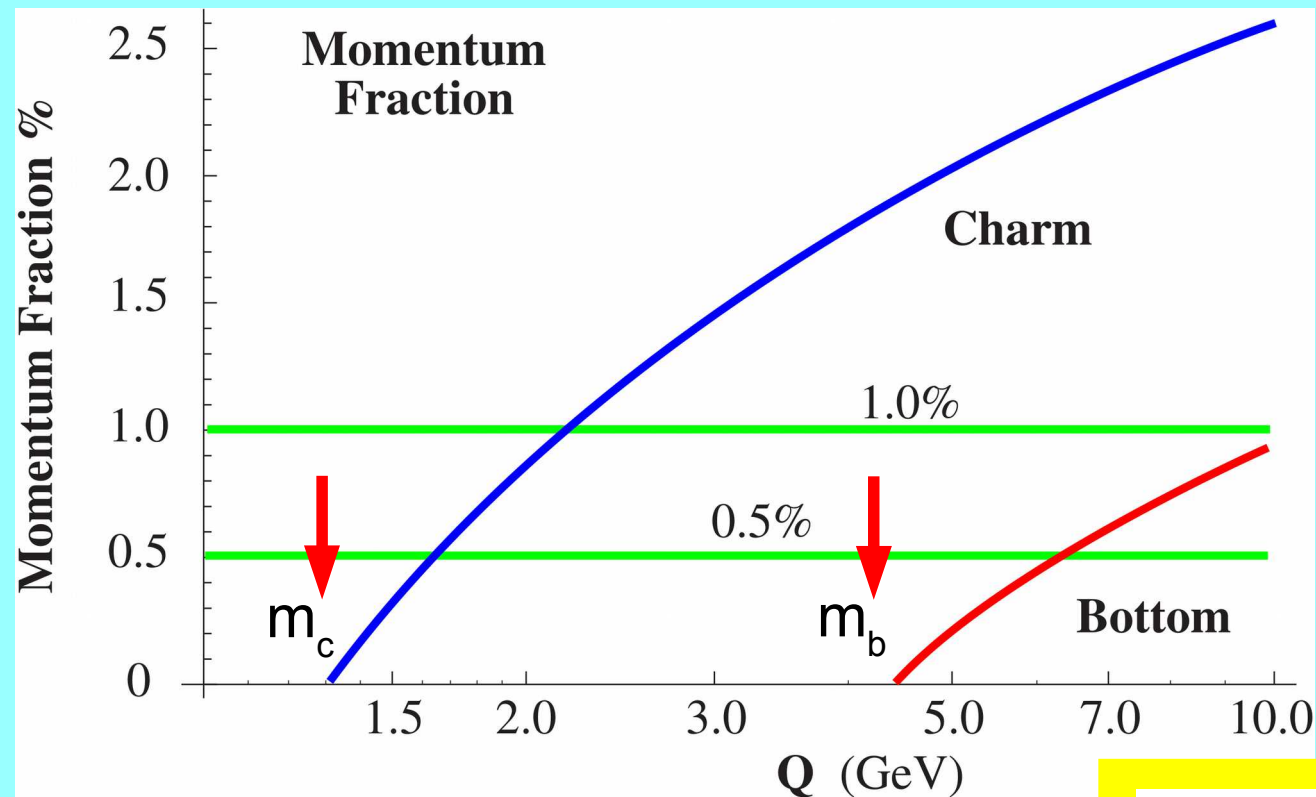
# Compare VFN & FFN Schemes

Resum:  $\alpha \ln(m/Q)$

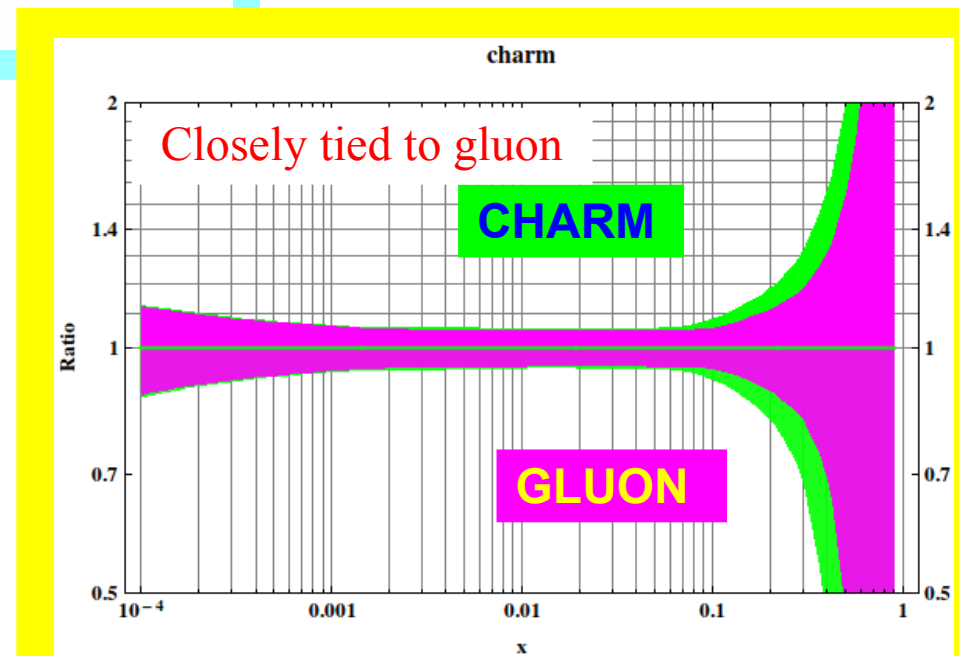
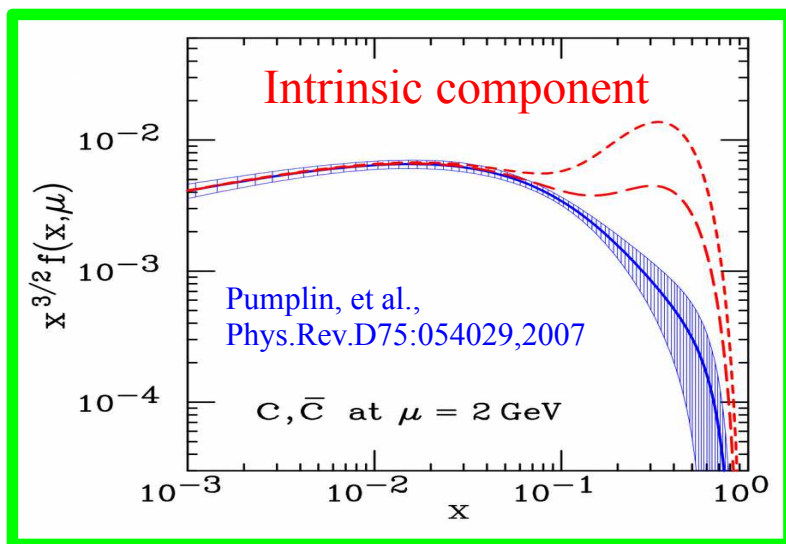


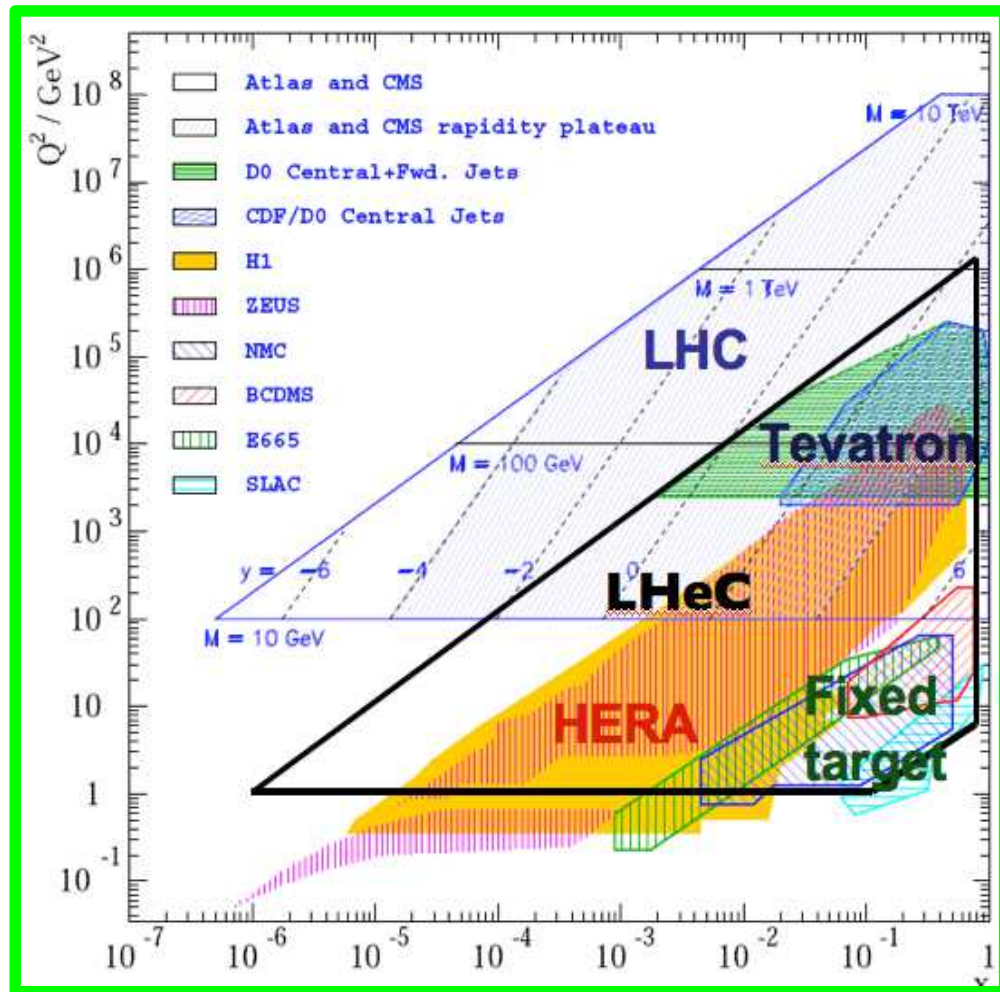
$$\Delta\chi^2 \equiv \chi_{FFN}^2 - \chi_{VFN}^2 > 0$$

$x_{\min}$	$x_{\max}$	$Q_{\min}^2 \text{ (GeV)}$	$Q_{\max}^2 \text{ (GeV)}$	$\Delta\chi^2 \text{ (DIS)}$	$N_{\text{dat}}^{\text{DIS}}$	$\Delta\chi^2 \text{ (HERA-I)}$	$N_{\text{dat}}^{\text{hera-I}}$
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	1	3	$10^6$	72.2	2936	77.1	592
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.1	3	$10^6$	87.1	1055	67.8	405
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.01	3	$10^6$	40.9	422	17.8	202
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	1	10	$10^6$	53.6	2109	76.4	537
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	1	100	$10^6$	91.4	620	97.7	412
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.1	10	$10^6$	84.9	583	67.4	350
$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.1	100	$10^6$	87.7	321	87.1	227



Controlled by  
 $m_Q$  and  
gluon PDF





**DGLAP:**  $\ln(Q^2)$

**HQ:**  $\ln(m^2/Q^2)$

**BFKL:**  $\ln(1/x)$

